

Queensland Community Safety Bill 2024



Queensland

Queensland Community Safety Bill 2024

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Public Safety Preservation Act 1986 181

2024

A Bill

for

An Act to amend the *Childrens Court Act 1992*, the *Corrective Services Act 2006*, the Criminal Code, the *Disaster Management and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2024*, the *Domestic and Family Violence Protection Act 2012*, the *Explosives Act 1999*, the *Judicial Review Act 1991*, the *Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000*, the *Summary Offences Act 2005*, the *Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995*, the Weapons Act 1990, the Youth Justice Act 1992 and the legislation mentioned in schedule 1 for particular purposes

[s 1]

	The P	arlia	ment o	of Queensland enacts—	1
	Part	1		Preliminary	2
Clause	1	Sho	ort title	•	3
			This A Act 20	Act may be cited as the Queensland Community Safety 24.	4 5
Clause	2	Cor	nmenc	cement	6
		(1)		llowing provisions commence on a day to be fixed by mation—	7 8
			(a) p	part 2, division 1, subdivision 1;	9
			(b) p	part 2, division 4;	10
			(c) p	part 3, division 1;	11
			(d) p	part 3, division 2, subdivision 2;	12
			(e) p	part 3, division 3;	13
			< /	Schedule 1, amendment of the <i>Police Service</i> Administration Act 1990.	14 15
		(2)	Section	n 22 commences—	16
			. ,	on the commencement of the <i>State Emergency Service</i> Act 2024, schedule 1; or	17 18
			. ,	f the time mentioned in paragraph (a) is before the date of assent of this Act—on the date of assent of this Act.	19 20
		(3)	Section	n 23 commences—	21
				on the commencement of the <i>Emergency Services</i> Reform Amendment Act 2024, section 23; or	22 23
				f the time mentioned in paragraph (a) is before the date of assent of this Act—on the date of assent of this Act.	24 25

	commenc	division 2, subdivision 3 commences on the mement of the <i>Disaster Management and Other</i> on Amendment Act 2024, schedule 1.
	Part 2	Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons
	Division 1	Online criminal content
	Subdivision 1	Amendment of Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000
Clause	This su	d bdivision amends the <i>Police Powers and</i> bilities Act 2000.
Clause	4 Insertion of a After chap	
	Cha	pter 21A Removal of particular online content
	745A	Extraterritorial application of chapter
	(1)) This chapter applies both within and outside Queensland.
	(2)) This chapter applies outside Queensland to the full extent of the extraterritorial legislative power

[s 3]

	of the Parliament.	1
745B D	efinitions for chapter	2
	In this chapter—	3
	<i>authorised officer</i> means a police officer or staff member authorised under section 745C to give removal notices under this chapter.	4 5 6
	material see the Online Safety Act 2021 (Cwlth).	7
	<i>online service</i> means any of the following within the meanings given by the <i>Online Safety Act 2021</i> (Cwlth)—	8 9 10
	(a) a social media service;	11
	(b) a relevant electronic service;	12
	(c) a designated internet service.	13
	<i>provided</i> , on an online service, see the <i>Online</i> Safety Act 2021 (Cwlth).	14 15
	<i>provider</i> , of an online service, see the <i>Online Safety Act 2021</i> (Cwlth).	16 17
	removal notice see section 745D(2).	18
	<i>removed</i> , from an online service, see the <i>Online Safety Act 2021</i> (Cwlth).	19 20
745C A	uthorised officers	21
	The commissioner may authorise a police officer of at least the rank of senior sergeant, or a staff member, to give removal notices under this chapter.	22 23 24 25
745D R	emoval notice	26
(1)	This section applies if—	27

		[s 4]	
	(a)	material is provided on an online service; and	1 2
	(b)	an authorised officer is satisfied the material depicts conduct (the <i>unlawful conduct</i>) that constitutes any of the following offences against an Act of Queensland—	3 4 5 6
		(i) an offence involving driving or operating a vehicle;	7 8
		(ii) an offence involving violence or a threat of violence;	9 10
		 (iii) an offence involving taking, damaging, destroying, removing, using, interfering with or entering property; 	11 12 13
		(iv) an offence involving a weapon; and	14
	(c)	the authorised officer suspects a person posted the material on the online service for the purpose of—	15 16 17
		(i) glorifying the unlawful conduct; or	18
		 (ii) increasing the person's reputation, or another person's reputation, because of their involvement in the unlawful conduct; and 	19 20 21 22
	(d)	the material has been accessed by a person in Queensland; and	23 24
	(e)	the authorised officer suspects either—	25
		(i) the unlawful conduct happened in Queensland; or	26 27
		 (ii) the material was posted on the online service by a person who was in Queensland or ordinarily resident in Queensland. 	28 29 30 31
(2)		e authorised officer may give a notice (a noval notice) to the provider of the online	32 33

34

service requiring the provider to remove the

Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 4]

	material from the service.	1
(3)	The notice must—	2
	(a) describe the material in a way that enables the provider to identify and remove it; and	3 4
	(b) state the time, no earlier than 24 hours from the time the notice is given, by which the material must be removed; and	5 6 7
	 (c) warn the provider that, if the provider does not comply with the notice, the commissioner may apply for an order under section 745E. 	8 9 10 11
(4)	If the authorised officer considers it appropriate, the officer may give the provider a notice extending the time by which the material must be removed.	12 13 14 15
(5)	The provider must comply with the removal notice no later than the time stated in the notice or any later time allowed under subsection (4).	16 17 18
(6)	For a proceeding under section 745E, the provider is taken to have complied with the removal notice if the provider proves it took all reasonable steps to comply with the notice.	19 20 21 22
745E Ci	vil penalty order	23
(1)	The commissioner may apply to the Supreme Court for an order that the provider of an online service pay to the State a civil penalty for contravening section $745D(5)$.	24 25 26 27
(2)	The application must be made within 1 year after the day of the alleged contravention.	28 29
(3)	The court may make the order if the court is satisfied the provider contravened section $745D(5)$.	30 31 32
(4)	The order may require the provider to pay the	33

[s 4]

1 2 3	
1 0 /	
9	
13 14 15	
16 17	
18 19 20 21 22	

745G Service of documents

- The Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 39 24 applies to the service of documents on the provider of an online service or other entity whether the entity's address is within or outside 27 Queensland.
- (2) In this section— 29

address means-

(a) for an individual—the address of the place 31 of residence or business of the individual; or 32

23

30

Queensland Community Safety Bill 2024 Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

(b) for a body corporate—the head office, a 1 registered office or a principal office of the 2 body corporate. 3 Clause Amendment of sch 6 (Dictionary) - 5 4 Schedule 6, definition authorised officer-(1)5 omit. 6 (2) Schedule 6-7 insert-8 authorised officer— 9 (a) for chapter 12, see section 280; or 10 (b) for chapter 21A, see section 745B. 11 *material*, for chapter 21A, see section 745B. 12 online service, for chapter 21A, see section 745B. 13 *provided*, on an online service, for chapter 21A, 14 see section 745B. 15 *provider*, of an online service, for chapter 21A, 16 see section 745B. 17 removal notice, for chapter 21A, see section 18 745D(2). 19 *removed*, from an online service, for chapter 21A, 20 see section 745B. 21 Subdivision 2 **Amendment of Summary Offences** 22 Act 2005 23

This subdivision amends the *Summary Offences Act 2005*. 25

24

Act amended

Clause 6

[s 5]

					[s	7]
Clause	7	Insertion of ne	ew s	26B		1
		After sectio	on 26	А—		2
		insert—				3
			olish navio		naterial about particular offending	4 5
		(1)	pub	lish r	n must not, without reasonable excuse naterial on a social media platform or a social network if—	
			(a)		material depicts conduct that constitute escribed offence; and	es 9 10
			(b)		person publishes the material for the pose of—	le 11 12
				(i)	glorifying the conduct; or	13
				(ii)	increasing the person's reputation, of another person's reputation, because of their involvement in the conduct.	
			Ma	ximu	m penalty—2 years imprisonment.	17
		(2)	mat	erial	on (1) does not apply to publication of by a journalist in the course of the as a journalist.	
		(3)	con whe	victe	n may be proceeded against for, and d of, an offence against subsection (1 or not anyone has been proceeded against provicted of, the prescribed offence.) 22
		(4)	A p	erson	may not be convicted of both-	25
			(a)	the con	offence against subsection (1) relating t publication of material depictin duct that constitutes a relevant Code o pons offence; and	g 27
			(b)	circ pub	levant Code or weapons offence with umstance of aggravation relating to the lication of material on a social media form or an online social network.	e 31

Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 8]

(5)	In th	nis section—	1
	mat	erial includes an electronic document.	2
	-	<i>cribed offence</i> means any of the following nces against an Act of Queensland—	3 4
	(a)	an offence involving driving or operating a vehicle;	5 6
	(b)	an offence involving violence or a threat of violence;	7 8
	(c)	an offence involving taking, damaging, destroying, removing, using, interfering with or entering property;	9 10 11
	(d)	an offence involving a weapon.	12
	rele	vant Code or weapons offence means—	13
	(a)	an offence against any of the following provisions of the Criminal Code—	14 15
		(i) section 69(1);	16
		(ii) section 328A(1);	17
		(iii) section 335(1);	18
		(iv) section 339(1);	19
		(v) section 408A(1);	20
		(vi) section 419(1); or	21
	(b)	an offence against the <i>Weapons Act 1990</i> , section 51(1).	22 23
		a 2 (Dictionary)	24
Schedule 2-			25
insert—			26
	<i>jour</i> 14R	<i>nalist</i> see the <i>Evidence Act 1977</i> , section	27 28

Clause 8

				[s 9]	
	Divis	sion 2		nicle and advertising-related ending	1 2
	Subo	division 1	Am	endment of Criminal Code	3
Clause	9	Code amende			4
		This subdi	vision	amends the Criminal Code.	5
Clause	10	Amendment	of s 1	(Definitions)	6
		Section 1-			7
		insert—			8
			eme	ergency vehicle see section 6A.	9
			eme	ergency worker means—	10
			(a)	a member of the police service; or	11
			(b)	a member of the police service of the Commonwealth or another State; or	12 13
			(c)	a service officer under the Ambulance Service Act 1991; or	14 15
			(d)	a member of an ambulance service of another State; or	16 17
			(e)	a fire service officer or rural fire brigade member under the <i>Fire and Emergency</i> <i>Services Act 1990</i> ; or	18 19 20
			(f)	a member of a fire brigade or service of another State; or	21 22
			(g)	an SES member under the <i>Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990</i> .	23 24

Clause 11 Insertion of new s 6A

After section 6—

25

26

Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 11]

6A		aning of <i>emergency vehicle</i> and related tters
	(1)	In this Code—
		emergency vehicle means—
		(a) a motor vehicle being used by an emergency worker in the course of their duties; or
		(b) a motor vehicle ordinarily used by emergency workers in the course of their duties.
	(2)	For a proceeding against a person (the <i>first person</i>) for an offence involving an emergency vehicle, the first person is taken to know a motor vehicle is an emergency vehicle, unless the first person proves otherwise, if—
		 (a) the vehicle bears the insignia of an emergency services entity or is otherwise clearly marked as a type of emergency vehicle; or
		(b) the vehicle is displaying flashing blue and red lights or a flashing blue light; or
		(c) a person who is inside, or emerges from, the vehicle identifies themself to the first person as a type of emergency worker.
	(3)	Subsection (2) does not limit the circumstances in which a person may know, or a person ought reasonably to know, a vehicle is an emergency vehicle.
	(4)	In this section—
		<i>emergency services entity</i> means any of the following entities of Queensland, the Commonwealth or another State—
		(a) a police service;

		[s 12]	
		(b) an ambulance service;	1
		(c) a fire brigade, fire service or State emergency service.	2 3
Clause	12	Amendment of s 69 (Going armed so as to cause fear)	4
		(1) Section 69—	5
		insert—	6
		(2A) If the offender publishes material on a social media platform or an online social network to—	7 8
		(a) advertise the offender's involvement in the offence; or	9 10
		(b) advertise the act or omission constituting the offence;	11 12
		the offender is liable to imprisonment for 3 years.	13
		(2) Section 69—	14
		insert—	15
		(4) In this section—	16
		<i>advertise</i> means attract the notice and attention of the public or a limited section of the public.	17 18
		material includes an electronic document.	19
		(3) Section $69(2A)$ to (4)—	20
		<i>renumber</i> as section $69(3)$ to (5) .	21
Clause	13	Amendment of s 328A (Dangerous operation of a vehicle)	22
		(1) Section 328A—	23
		insert—	24
		(1A) If the offender publishes material on a social media platform or an online social network to—	25 26
		(a) advertise the offender's involvement in the offence; or	27 28

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[s 14]

			(b)	advertise the act or omission constituting the offence;	1 2
			the	offender commits a crime.	3
				ximum penalty—400 penalty units or 5 years prisonment.	4 5
	(2)	Section 328	3A(4))(a)—	6
		omit, insert	<u> </u>		7
			(a)	to imprisonment for 14 years, if none of paragraphs (b) to (d) applies; or	8 9
	(3)	Section 328	3A(4)	(b) and (c), '14 years'—	10
		omit, insert	<u> </u>		11
			20 y	years	12
	(4)	Section 328	3A(4))	13
		insert—			14
			(d)	to imprisonment for 20 years if, before or while committing the offence, the offender commits an offence against the Police <i>Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000</i> , section 754(2).	15 16 17 18 19
	(5)	Section 328	BA(6)		20
		insert—			21
				<i>ertise</i> means attract the notice and attention of public or a limited section of the public.	22 23
			mat	terial includes an electronic document.	24
4	Ins	ertion of ne	ew s	s 328C and 328D	25
		After section	on 32	8B—	26
		insert—			27

Clause 1

	[s 14]	
	ging emergency vehicle when ng motor vehicle	1 2
A p	erson commits a crime if—	3
(a)	the person operates a motor vehicle in a way that damages an emergency vehicle; and	4 5
(b)	the person knows, or ought reasonably to know, the damaged vehicle is an emergency vehicle; and	6 7 8
(c)	the person—	9
	(i) intends to damage the emergency vehicle or to injure or endanger the safety of an emergency worker; or	1(11 12
	(ii) knows, or ought reasonably to know, the person is operating a motor vehicle in a way that will damage an emergency vehicle.	13 14 13 10
Ma	ximum penalty—14 years imprisonment.	1
motor v	erson commits a crime if	1 1 2
(1) 11 p (a)	the person drives a motor vehicle towards or	2
	near a police officer; and	22
(b)	the person knows, or ought reasonably to know, the officer is a police officer; and	23 24
(c)	the officer is acting in the performance of their duties as a police officer; and	2: 20
(d)	the person—	2
	(i) intends to injure or endanger the safety of the police officer; or	28 29
	(ii) endangers the safety of the police officer and knows, or ought reasonably	3(3]

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Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 15]

			to know, the person is endangering the safety of the police officer.	1 2
			Maximum penalty—14 years imprisonment.	3
		(2)	In this section—	4
			<i>police officer</i> includes a police officer of the Commonwealth or another State.	5 6
Clause 15	Am	endment o	f s 335 (Common assault)	7
	(1)	Section 335	5—	8
		insert—		9
		(1A)	If the offender publishes material on a social media platform or an online social network to—	10 11
			(a) advertise the offender's involvement in the offence; or	12 13
			(b) advertise the act or omission constituting the offence;	14 15
			the offender is liable to imprisonment for 4 years.	16
	(2)	Section 335	5(2), after 'provisions'—	17
		insert—		18
			also	19
	(3)	Section 335	5—	20
		insert—		21
		(4)	In this section—	22
			<i>advertise</i> means attract the notice and attention of the public or a limited section of the public.	23 24
			material includes an electronic document.	25
	(4)	Section 335	5(1A) to (4)—	26
		renumber a	s section 335(2) to (5).	27

[s 16]

Clause	16	Am	endment o	f s 339 (Assaults occasioning bodily harm)	1
		(1)	Section 339)	2
			insert—		3
			(1A)	If the offender publishes material on a social media platform or an online social network to—	4 5
				(a) advertise the offender's involvement in the offence; or	6 7
				(b) advertise the act or omission constituting the offence;	8 9
				the offender is liable to imprisonment for 9 years.	10
		(2)	Section 339)	11
			insert—		12
			(6)	In this section—	13
				<i>advertise</i> means attract the notice and attention of the public or a limited section of the public.	14 15
				material includes an electronic document.	16
		(3)	Section 339	9(1A) to (6)—	17
			<i>renumber</i> a	s section 339(2) to (7).	18
Clause	17	17 Amendment of s 408A (Unlawful use or possession motor vehicles, aircraft or vessels)			
		(1)	Section 408	A—	21
			insert—		22
			(1CA)	If—	23
				(a) the motor vehicle, aircraft or vessel is an emergency vehicle; and	24 25
				(b) the offender knows, or ought reasonably to know, it is an emergency vehicle;	26 27
				the offender is liable to imprisonment for 14 years.	28 29

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[s 18]

		(2)	Section 408	A(1D), '(1C)'—	1	
			omit, insert—			
				(5)	3	
		(3)	Section 408	A(1E), '(1D)'—	4	
			omit, insert	mit, insert—		
				(6)	6	
		(4)	Section 408A(3), definition material—		7	
			omit, insert—		8	
				material includes an electronic document.	9	
		(5)	Section 408	A(1A) to (3)—	10	
			<i>renumber</i> a	s section 408A(2) to (9).	11	
Clause ⁻	18	Am	endment o	f s 419 (Burglary)	12	
		(1)	Section 419)	13	
			insert—		14	
			(3A)	If the offender publishes material on a social media platform or an online social network to—	15 16	
				(a) advertise the offender's involvement in the offence; or	17 18	
				(b) advertise the act or omission constituting the offence;	19 20	
				the offender is liable to imprisonment for 16 years.	21 22	
		(2)	Section 419)	23	
			insert—		24	
			(7)	In this section—	25	
				<i>advertise</i> means attract the notice and attention of the public or a limited section of the public.	26 27	
				material includes an electronic document.	28	

Queensland Community Safety Bill 2024 Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

			[s 19]	
		(3) Section 41	9(3A) to (7)—	1
		renumber	as section 419(4) to (8).	2
Clause			of s 427 (Unlawful entry of vehicle for idictable offence)	3 4
		Section 42	7—	5
		insert—		6
		(3)	If—	7
			(a) the vehicle is an emergency vehicle; and	8
			(b) the offender knows, or ought reasonably to know, the vehicle is an emergency vehicle;	9 10
			the offender is liable to imprisonment for 14 years.	11 12
Clause	20	Amendment of	of s 469 (Wilful damage)	13
		Section 46	9, punishment in special cases—	14
		insert—		15
		12 En	nergency vehicles	16
			If—	17
			(a) the property in question is an emergency vehicle; and	18 19
			(b) the offender knows, or ought reasonably to know, the property is an emergency vehicle;	20 21
			the offender commits a crime.	22
			Maximum penalty—7 years imprisonment.	23

Queensland Community Safety Bill 2024 Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 21]

	Subdivi	ision 2	Amendment of Criminal Code (other commencement)	1 2			
Clause	21 C	ode amende	ed	3			
		This subdiv	vision amends the Criminal Code.	4			
Clause	22 A	mendment o	nendment of s 1 (Definitions)				
			definition <i>emergency worker</i> , paragraph (g), 'Fire gency Services Act 1990'—	6 7			
		omit, inser	<i>t</i> —	8			
			State Emergency Service Act 2024	9			
Clause	23 A	mendment c	of s 1 (Definitions)	10			
		Section 1,	definition <i>emergency worker</i> , paragraph (g)—	11			
		omit.		12			
	Subdiv	ision 3	Amendment of Disaster	13			
			Management and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2024	14 15			
Clause	24 A	ct amended		16			
			vision amends the Disaster Management and Other a Amendment Act 2024.	17 18			
		Editor's note	2	19			
		The legisl	ation ultimately amended is the Criminal Code.	20			
Clause	25 A	mendment o	of sch 1 (Other amendments)	21			
		Schedule 1	. <u> </u>	22			
		insert—		23			

			[s 26]			
	Criminal Code					
		p	Section 1, definition <i>emergency worker</i> , paragraph (e), ' <i>Fire and Emergency Services</i> Act 1990'—	2 3 4		
			omit, insert—	5		
			Fire Services Act 1990	6		
	Division 3		Prevention of knife crime (Jack's law)	7 8		
	Subd	ivision 1	Amendment of Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000	9 10		
Clause	26	Act amende	ed .	11		
			ubdivision amends the <i>Police Powers and ibilities Act 2000.</i>	12 13		
Clause	27		t of s 30 (Prescribed circumstances for persons without warrant)	14 15		
		Section 3	30(1)(1), after '39F'—	16		
		insert—		17		
			, 39FA, 39FB	18		
Clause	28	held scanne	t of ch 2, pt 3A, hdg (Jack's Law—Use of hand ers without warrant in safe night precincts and sport stations)	19 20 21		
		-	2, part 3A, heading, 'safe night precincts and public t stations'—	22 23		
		omit, ins	ert—	24		

Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 29]

				par	ticular places	1
Clause 29	29	Am (1)	nendment o Section 394		9A (Definitions for part)	2 3
		(-)	insert—			4
				•	<i>cent public area</i> , to premises, a facility or ther place, means—	5 6
				(a)	a public carpark adjacent to the premises, facility or other place; or	7 8
				(b)	a public place adjacent to an entry or exit to the premises, facility or other place.	9 10
					Example—	11
					a public footpath on which persons are queuing to enter the premises	12 13
					<i>nsed premises</i> includes an adjacent public to the premises.	14 15
				<i>pub</i> plac	<i>lic carpark</i> means a carpark that is a public e.	16 17
				reta	il premises—	18
				(a)	means premises used wholly or predominantly for carrying on a business selling goods, or providing services, in person to the public; and	19 20 21 22
				(b)	includes an adjacent public area to premises mentioned in paragraph (a).	23 24
				shoj	pping centre—	25
				(a)	means a cluster of at least 5 premises to which the following apply—	26 27
					(i) at least 5 of the premises are retail premises;	28 29
					(ii) the retail premises are located in—	30
					(A) 1 building; or	31

		[s 29]	
		(B) 2 or more buildings that are adjoining or are separated only by a public place;	
		 (iii) the cluster of premises is promoted, or generally regarded, as constituting a shopping centre, shopping mall, shopping court or shopping arcade; and 	
	(b)	includes an adjacent public area to premises mentioned in paragraph (a).	
	spo	rting or entertainment venue—	
	(a)	means—	
		(i) a major sports facility under the <i>Major</i> Sports Facilities Act 2001; or	
		(ii) another place while it is being used for a sporting, recreation, conference or entertainment event; and	
		Examples—	
		• a community sporting facility being used for a football match	
		• a building being used for a conference event	
		• a park being used for a concert	
		• a road being used for a running or motor racing event	
	(b)	includes an adjacent public area to a facility or place mentioned in paragraph (a).	
(2)	Section 39A, '39C(4)'—	definition hand held scanner authority,	
	omit, insert—		
	390	C(6)	

[s 30]

Clause	30	Amendment of s 39C (Use of hand held scanner authorised by senior police officer)					
		(1)	Section 390	C(1)-	-	3	
			omit, insert	. <u> </u>		4	
			(1)	hand	enior police officer may authorise the use of a d held scanner at, in or on any of the following es (each a <i>relevant place</i>)—	5 6 7	
				(a)	a stated safe night precinct;	8	
				(b)	a stated public transport station and public transport vehicles travelling to and from the station;	9 10 11	
				(c)	trains or light rail vehicles travelling on a stated rail line and public transport stations along the line;	12 13 14	
				(d)	stated licensed premises;	15	
				(e)	stated retail premises;	16	
				(f)	a stated shopping centre;	17	
				(g)	a stated sporting or entertainment venue.	18	
		(2)	Section 390	C(2)-	_	19	
			insert—			20	
				(d)	for licensed premises that are not in a safe night precinct, shopping centre or sporting or entertainment venue—the senior police officer has reasonable grounds to believe an offence mentioned in paragraph (a) may be committed again at the premises in the next 6 months; and	21 22 23 24 25 26 27	
				(e)	for retail premises that are not in a safe night precinct, shopping centre or sporting or entertainment venue—	28 29 30	
					(i) ordinarily, at least 2 days each week, the premises are open for business at a time between midnight and 5a.m.; or	31 32 33	

[s 31]

			(ii) in the previous 6 months, at least 2 offences were committed at the premises by a person armed with a knife or other weapon.	1 2 3 4
	(3)	Section 390	C(3), 'subsection (1)'—	5
		omit, insert	t—	6
			subsection (1)(b)	7
	(4)	Section 390	C—	8
		insert—		9
		(3A)	An authority may be issued under subsection $(1)(c)$ in relation to—	10 11
			(a) a whole rail line, from the railway station at one end of the line to the railway station at the other end of the line; or	12 13 14
			(b) a part of a rail line, from one railway station on the line to another railway station on the line.	15 16 17
		(3B)	For subsection (2), an offence is committed <i>at</i> a relevant place that is licensed premises or retail premises if the offence is committed at, or in the immediate vicinity of, the premises.	18 19 20 21
	(5)	Section 390	C(3A) to (4)—	22
		<i>renumber</i> a	as section $39C(4)$ to (6).	23
31		endment o anner autho	of s 39D (Form and effect of hand held ority)	24 25
		Section 39I	D(1)(b)—	26
		insert—		27
			(iii) for a hand held scanner authority issued for a rail line—the railway stations at each end of the rail line, or at each end of the part of the rail line, for which the authority is issued;	28 29 30 31 32

Clause

Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 32]

		(iv) for a hand held scanner authority issued for a place mentioned in section 39C(1)(d) to (g)—the address of the place.	1 2 3
Clause 32	Insertion of ne	ew ss 39FA to 39FC	4
	After section	n 39F—	5
	insert—		6
		uthorised use of hand held scanner without rrant on rail line	7 8
	(1)	This section applies if a hand held scanner authority is in effect for a rail line or part of a rail line.	9 10 11
	(2)	A police officer may, without a warrant, require a person to stop and submit to the use of a hand held scanner—	12 13 14
		(a) in a public place at a public transport station along the line or part of the line; or	15 16
		(b) on board a train or light rail vehicle while the vehicle is travelling on the rail line or part of the line.	17 18 19
	(3)	If a police officer starts to exercise a power in relation to a person under this section or section 39G while on board a train or light rail vehicle travelling on the rail line or part of the line, the police officer may continue to exercise the power in relation to the person, even if the vehicle travels onto another rail line or another part of the rail line.	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27
		uthorised use of hand held scanner without rant at other places	28 29
	(1)	This section applies if a hand held scanner	30

(1) This section applies if a hand held scanner 30 authority is in effect for any of the following (the 31 *relevant place*)— 32

[s 32]

	(a) licensed premises;
	(b) retail premises;
	(c) a shopping centre;
	(d) a sporting or entertainment venue.
(2)	A police officer may, without a warrant, require a person to stop and submit to the use of a hand held scanner—
	(a) in a public place at the relevant place; or
	(b) in a public place at a public transport station in or connected to the relevant place.
(3)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that the hand held scanner authority issued for the relevant place does not authorise the use of a hand held scanner on board a public transport vehicle that is at the relevant place.
39FC N	otice to manager or occupier of premises
(1)	Before a police officer starts making requirements of persons under section 39FB(2), the officer or another officer must, if practicable, notify a manager or occupier of the relevant place, orally or in writing, of the following—
	(a) that a hand held scanner authority is in effect for the place;
	(b) the time for which the authority has effect;
	(b) the time for which the authority has effect;(c) the power given to a police officer under section 39FB(2).
	(c) the power given to a police officer under
	(c) the power given to a police officer under section 39FB(2).
(2)	 (c) the power given to a police officer under section 39FB(2). <i>Example—</i> It may not be practicable to notify a manager or occupier of a large shopping centre if the centre

[s 33]

			ion 3 part.	9FB(2) or any other thing done under	1 2
Clause	33	Amendment of s 39 indicates metal)	9G (F	Requirements if hand held scanner	3 4
		Section 39G(2),	note	1, 'section 39F(3)'—	5
		omit, insert—			6
		sect	ions (39F(3) and 39FA(3)	7
Clause	34	Amendment of s 3 information notice		eaning of hand held scanner	8 9
		Section 39I(a)—	-		10
		omit, insert—			11
		(a)	the j	person is—	12
			(i)	in a public place in a safe night precinct; or	13 14
			(ii)	in a public place at a public transport station; or	15 16
			(iii)	on board a public transport vehicle within 1 scheduled stop of a particular public transport station; or	17 18 19
			(iv)	on board a train or light rail vehicle travelling on a particular rail line; or	20 21
			(v)	in a public place at licensed premises; or	22 23
			(vi)	in a public place at retail premises; or	24
			(vii)	in a public place at a shopping centre; or	25 26
			(viii)in a public place at a sporting or entertainment venue; and	27 28

					[s 35]		
Clause	35		endment o hority to be		9J (Notice of hand held scanner blished)	1 2	
		(1)	Section 39J(2)(a)—				
			omit, insert			4	
				(a)	the relevant details under section 39D(1)(b)(i) to (iv) of the place for which the authority is issued; and	5 6 7	
		(2)	Section 39J	(2)(c)—	8	
			insert—			9	
				(iii)	if the authority applied to licensed premises to which section $39C(2)(d)$ applies—the grounds on which the senior police officer held the belief mentioned in that paragraph; and	10 11 12 13 14	
				(iv)	if the authority applied to retail premises to which section $39C(2)(e)$ applies—the offences mentioned in section $39C(2)(e)(ii)$ that were known to the senior police officer.	15 16 17 18	
Clause	36	Am	endment o	fs3	9L (Expiry of particular provisions)	19	
		(1)	Section 39L	l, ' 30	April 2025'—	20	
			omit, insert-			21	
				30 0	October 2026	22	
		(2)	Section 39L	L(c)—	_	23	
			insert—			24	
				•	adjacent public area	25	
				•	licensed premises, paragraph (c)	26	
				•	public carpark	27	
				•	retail premises	28	
				•	shopping centre	29	
				•	sporting or entertainment venue	30	

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[s 37]

Clause	37	Amendment of s 808C (Annual report to include information about authorisation of hand held scanners)					
			Section 808	C(1)(b), 'and public transport stations'—	3		
			omit, insert-	_	4		
				, public transport stations and rail lines, and the addresses of the licensed premises, retail premises, shopping centres and sporting or entertainment venues,	5 6 7 8		
Clause	38	Ame	endment of	f sch 6 (Dictionary)	9		
		(1)	Schedule 6-	_	10		
			insert—		11		
				<i>adjacent public area</i> , for chapter 2, part 3A, see section 39A.	12 13		
				<i>public carpark</i> , for chapter 2, part 3A, see section 39A.	14 15		
				<i>retail premises</i> , for chapter 2, part 3A, see section 39A.	16 17		
				<i>shopping centre</i> , for chapter 2, part 3A, see section 39A.	18 19		
				<i>sporting or entertainment venue</i> , for chapter 2, part 3A, see section 39A.	20 21		
		(2)	Schedule '39C(4)'—	6, definition hand held scanner authority,	22 23		
			omit, insert-	_	24		
				39C(6)	25		
		(3)	Schedule 6,	definition licensed premises—	26		
			insert—		27		
				(c) for chapter 2, part 3A, see section 39A.	28		

	Sub	divis	sion 2	Am	endment of Weapons Act 1990
Clause	39	Act	t amended		
			This subdiv	visior	a mends the Weapons Act 1990.
Clause	40		nendment o ce or a sch		1 (Possession of a knife in a public
		(1)	Section 51	(1), p	enalty—
			omit, insert	ţ	
				Ma	ximum penalty—
				(a)	for a first offence—50 penalty units or 18 months imprisonment; or
				(b)	for a second or later offence—100 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment.
		(2)	Section 51-		
			insert—		
			(1A)		he offender publishes material on a social dia platform or an online social network to—
				(a)	advertise the offender's involvement in the offence; or
				(b)	advertise the act or omission constituting the offence;
				the	offender is liable to a maximum penalty of—
				(c)	for a first offence—100 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment; or
				(d)	for a second or later offence—150 penalty units or 30 months imprisonment.
		(3)	Section 51 (2)(a)'—	.(2),	example for subsection (2)(a), 'subsection
			omit, insert	ţ	

Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 41]

	paragraph (a)
(4)	
(4)	Section 51(2), example for subsection (2)(b), 'subsection $(2)(b)'$ —
	omit, insert—
	paragraph (b)
(5)	Section 51(2), example for subsection $(2)(c)$, 'subsection $(2)(c)$ '—
	omit, insert—
	paragraph (c)
(6)	Section 51(2), example for subsection (2)(d), 'subsection $(2)(d)'$ —
	omit, insert—
	paragraph (d)
(7)	Section 51(7)—
	insert—
	<i>advertise</i> means attract the notice and attention of the public or a limited section of the public.
	material includes an electronic document.
(8)	Section 51(1A) to (7)—
	<i>renumber</i> as section $51(2)$ to (8).
Division	4 Weapons safety
Subdivis	ion 1 Amendment of Explosives Act 1999
41 Act	amended
	(7)

Clause	42	Insertion of ne	ew s	43A	1
		After section	on 43-		2
		insert—			3
				ement to check licence or authority selling small arms ammunition	4 5
		(1)	exp	s section applies to a person who sells an losive that is small arms ammunition (a <i>seller</i>) nother person (a <i>buyer</i>) if the buyer holds—	6 7 8
			(a)	a license under the <i>Weapons Act 1990</i> that authorises the buyer to possess and use a firearm; or	9 10 11
			(b)	an interstate firearms authority that is taken, under the <i>Weapons Act 1990</i> , section 32(2), to authorise the buyer to possess and use a firearm; or	12 13 14 15
			(c)	an authority under this Act that authorises the buyer to sell, store or use small arms ammunition.	16 17 18
		(2)		seller must not sell the small arms nunition to the buyer unless—	19 20
			(a)	the seller has seen the buyer's licence or authority; and	21 22
			(b)	if a verification system is prescribed by regulation for the licence or authority and is available for use—the seller has verified the validity of the licence or authority using the verification system.	23 24 25 26 27
			Max	ximum penalty—140 penalty units.	28
		(3)		this section, a verification system is available use if the server for the system is operational.	29 30
		(4)	In t	his section—	31
			•	<i>arm</i> see the <i>Weapons Act 1990</i> , schedule 2, nition <i>firearm</i> , paragraphs 1 and 2.	32 33

[s 42]

Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 43]

			p	<i>aterstate firearms authority</i> means a licence, ermit or authority mentioned in the <i>Weapons Act</i> 990, section 32(1).	1 2 3
			fc	<i>erification system</i> means an electronic system or verifying the validity of a licence or authority mentioned in subsection (1).	4 5 6
	Subo	division 2		mendment of Judicial Review Act 991	7 8
Clause	43	Act amende	ed		9
		This sub	odivisi	on amends the Judicial Review Act 1991.	10
Clause	44	Amendmen not be give		ch 2 (Decisions for which reasons need	11 12
		Schedule	e 2, se	ection 5A—	13
		omit, ins	sert—		14
			Partic 1990	ular decisions under the Weapons Act	15 16
		(p	Decisions relating to whether a person is a fit and roper person for the purposes of the <i>Weapons</i> <i>ct 1990</i> if the decision is made on the basis of—	17 18 19
			(8	a) criminal intelligence; or	20
			(ł	b) other information mentioned in section 10B(1)(ca) or 10C(1) of that Act that is not publicly available.	21 22 23
		(1	re p	Decisions under the <i>Weapons Act 1990</i> , part 5A elating to the making or review of a firearm rohibition order, if the decision is made on the asis of criminal intelligence.	24 25 26 27
		(.	3) Ir	n this section—	28
			С	riminal intelligence see the Weapons Act 1990,	29

					[s 45]	
				sch	edule 2.	1
	Sub	divis	sion 3		nendment of Police Powers and sponsibilities Act 2000	2 3
Clause	45	Ac	t amended	ł		4
			This su <i>Responsil</i>	bdivisi <i>pilities</i>		5 6
Clause	46				715 (What is the appointed day for ons under s 714)	7 8
		(1)	Section 7	15(b),	before '3 months'—	9
			insert—			10
				the	day that is	11
		(2)	Section 7	15—		12
			insert—			13
				(ba)) for a weapon given to or seized by a police officer under the <i>Weapons Act 1990</i> , section 141W because a firearm prohibition order was made—the day that is 3 months after the day the order takes effect; or	14 15 16 17 18
		(3)	Section 7	15(ba)	and (c)—	19
			renumber	as sec	tion 715(c) and (d).	20
Clause	47	Am	nendment	of s 7	'40 (Public interest monitor)	21
			Section 74	40(1)-	_	22
			insert—			23
				(e)	the making of firearm prohibition orders under the <i>Weapons Act 1990</i> , part 5A.	24 25

Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 48]

Clause	48	Amendment o	f s 74	42 (Monitor's functions)	1		
		Section 742	2(4)—	_	2		
		insert—			3		
			(g)	to gather statistical information about the use and effectiveness of firearm prohibition orders made under the <i>Weapons Act 1990</i> , part 5A;	4 5 6 7		
			(h)	to monitor compliance by police officers with the <i>Weapons Act 1990</i> , part 5A, division 4;	8 9 10		
			(i)	whenever the public interest monitor considers it appropriate—to give to the commissioner a report on noncompliance by police officers with the <i>Weapons Act 1990</i> , part 5A, division 4.	11 12 13 14 15		
Clause	49	Amendment o	fs74	43 (Monitor's annual report)	16		
		Section 743		、 · · ,	17		
		insert—			18		
		(3BA)	Also, a report relating to a year must include the following matters relating to firearm prohibition orders made under the <i>Weapons Act 1990</i> , part 5A—				
			(a)	the number of firearm prohibition orders—	23		
				(i) made under section 141G of that Act during the year; or	24 25		
				(ii) made under section 141H of that Act during the year; or	26 27		
				(iii) revoked during the year under section 141G(5) or 141H(7) of that Act;	28 29		
			(b)	the number of appeals started under part 5A, division 6 of that Act during the year against	30 31		

				[s 50]	
				the making of a firearm prohibition order under section 141G of that Act;	1 2
		(1	c)	the number of appeals started under part 5A, division 6 of that Act during the year against the making of a firearm prohibition order under section 141H of that Act;	3 4 5 6
		(1	d)	the number of charges made during the year for the following offences if the charge arises from a search under part 5A, division 4 of that Act—	7 8 9 10
				(i) an offence under that Act;	11
				(ii) an offence under another law;	12
		(1	e)	the number of firearms and firearm related items seized under part 5A, division 4 of that Act in the year;	13 14 15
		(1	f)	the number of firearms and firearm related items given to or seized by a police officer under section 141W of that Act in the year;	16 17 18
		(,	g)	the extent of compliance by the police service with part 5A, division 4 of that Act;	19 20
		(h)	the use of firearm prohibition orders generally.	21 22
Clause	50	Amendment of s	s 80	09 (Regulation-making power)	23
		Section 809(2	2)(a))	24
		insert—			25
		(1	iv)	other persons involved in the administration of this Act; or	26 27
Clause	51	Amendment of s	sch	1 (Acts not affected by this Act)	28
		Schedule 1—			29
		insert—			30

Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 52]

				Weapons Act 1990, part 5A	1		
Clause	52	Am	endment o	f sch 6 (Dictionary)	2		
		(1)	Schedule 6 'warrant,'–	, definition <i>enforcement act</i> , paragraph (h), after	3 4		
			insert—		5		
				missing person warrant,	6		
		(2)	Schedule 6	, definition <i>enforcement act</i> , paragraph (w)—	7		
			omit, insert		8		
				 (w) the removal of an entrant to a state building, or the prevention of an entrant to a state building from entering the state building, under section 557; 	9 10 11 12		
		(3)	Schedule 6 7, part 3A,'	, definition <i>missing person warrant</i> , ', for chapter	13 14		
			omit.		15		
		(4)	Schedule 'prescribed	6, definition <i>responsibilities code</i> , from	16 17		
			omit, insert		18		
				and other persons involved in the administration of this Act prescribed by regulation.	19 20		
	Subc	livis	ion 4	Amendment of Weapons Act 1990	21		
Clause	53	Act	amended		22		
			This subdiv	vision amends the Weapons Act 1990.	23		
Clause	54	Ins	ertion of ne	ertion of new pt 1, div 1, hdg			
			Part 1, befo	re section 1—	25		
			insert—		26		

				[5	s 55]					
		Division 1		Introduction	1					
Clause	55	Insertion of new pt 1, div 2, hdg								
		Part 1, after secti	ion 4-	-	3					
		insert—			4					
		Division 2		Interpretation	5					
Clause	56	Insertion of new se	s 5A-	5D	6					
		After section 5—	_		7					
		insert—			8					
		5A Meaning	g of a	lass A serious offence	9					
		(1) A cl	lass A	serious offence is—	10					
		(a)		fence against any of the follow sions of the Criminal Code—	ving 11 12					
			(i)	section 302;	13					
			(ii)	section 303;	14					
			(iii)	section 320;	15					
			(iv)	section 323;	16					
			(v)	section 409, if—	17					
				(A) the offender is or pretends to armed with any dangerous offensive weapon or instrum or	or 19					
				B) at or immediately before immediately after the time of robbery, the offender wounds uses any other personal viole to any person; or	s or 24					
		(b)		offence under a law of anotic iction that, if it had been committed	<u> </u>					

[s 56]

		Queensland, would have constituted an offence mentioned in paragraph (a).	1 2
	(2)	An offence against a provision of the Criminal Code mentioned in subsection (1)(a) is a <i>class A</i> <i>serious offence</i> regardless of whether the provision has been amended from time to time or numbered differently.	3 4 5 6 7
5B	Mea	aning of <i>class B serious offence</i>	8
	(1)	A class B serious offence is—	9
		 (a) an offence against a provision of an Act mentioned in schedule 1AA subject to any circumstance, stated for the offence in the schedule, that applies to the offence; or 	10 11 12 13
		(b) an offence under a law of another jurisdiction that, if it had been committed in Queensland, would have constituted an offence mentioned in paragraph (a).	14 15 16 17
	(2)	An offence against a provision of an Act mentioned in schedule 1AA is a <i>class B serious offence</i> regardless of whether the provision has been amended from time to time or numbered differently.	18 19 20 21 22
5C	Меа	aning of <i>class C serious offence</i>	23
	(1)	A <i>class C serious offence</i> is an offence under a law of Queensland or another jurisdiction that—	24 25
		(a) relates to the misuse of drugs; or	26
		(b) involves the use or threatened use of violence; or	27 28
		(c) involves the carriage, discharge, possession or use of a weapon.	29 30
	(2)	However, an offence is not a <i>class C serious</i> offence if it is a class A serious offence or a class	31 32

	[s 57]	
	B serious offence.	1
5D Me	eaning of disqualified person	2
(1)	A disqualified person is a person who—	3
	(a) is a reportable offender under the <i>Child</i> <i>Protection</i> (<i>Offender Reporting and</i> <i>Offender Prohibition Order</i>) Act 2004; or	4 5 6
	(b) is or has been subject to a firearm prohibition order made under section 141H; or	7 8 9
	(c) is or has been subject to an order made under a law of another jurisdiction that corresponds to a firearm prohibition order; or	10 11 12 13
	(d) is or has been subject to a division 3 order under the <i>Dangerous Prisoners</i> (Sexual Offenders) Act 2003; or	14 15 16
	(e) has been convicted of a serious violent offence under the <i>Penalties and Sentences Act 1992</i> , section 161A.	17 18 19
(2)	However—	20
	 (a) a person who is or has been subject to an order mentioned in subsection (1)(b) or (c) is not a <i>disqualified person</i> if, when the order was made, the person was a child; and 	21 22 23 24
	 (b) a person who has been subject to an order mentioned in subsection (1)(b), (c) or (d) is not a <i>disqualified person</i> if the decision to make the order was revoked or set aside on review or appeal. 	25 26 27 28 29
Clause 57 Amendment c	of s 10 (Limitations on issue of licence)	30

2	1
3	T

Section 10(2)(e)—

Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 58]

Clause

inse	rt—			1
		Note	_	2
		S	ee also sections 10B and 10C.	3
58 Amendr	nent o	ofs1	0B (Fit and proper person—licensees)	4
Sect	tion 101	B(2) t	o (5)—	5
omit	t, insert	<u> </u>		6
	(2)		sections (3) to (5) apply in relation to the e, renewal or revocation of a licence.	7 8
	(3)	-	erson is not a fit and proper person to hold or tinue to hold the licence if the person—	9 10
		(a)	is a disqualified person; or	11
		(b)	is prevented by an order of a court, other than a temporary protection order, from holding or obtaining a licence or possessing a weapon.	12 13 14 15
	(4)	con	erson is not a fit and proper person to hold or tinue to hold the licence if, within 10 years ore the relevant day, the person—	16 17 18
		(a)	has been convicted of a class A serious offence or a class B serious offence; or	19 20
		(b)	has been released from lawful custody in relation to a conviction for a class A serious offence or a class B serious offence; or	21 22 23
		(c)	has been subject to a supervision order in relation to a conviction for a class A serious offence or a class B serious offence.	24 25 26
	(5)	con	erson is not a fit and proper person to hold or tinue to hold the licence if, within 5 years ore the relevant day—	27 28 29
		(a)	the person—	30
			(i) has been convicted of a class C serious offence; or	31 32

		[s 58]	
	(ii)	has been released from lawful custody in relation to a conviction for a class C serious offence; or	1 2 3
	(iii)	has been subject to a supervision order in relation to a conviction for a class C serious offence; or	4 5 6
	tem	omestic violence order, other than a porary protection order, has been made nst the person.	7 8 9
(6)	revocation is no lon continue of the pe	or the issue, renewal, suspension or on of a dealer's licence, a person is not, or or ger, a fit and proper person to hold or to hold the licence unless each associate erson is a fit and proper person to be an of a licensed dealer under section 10C.	10 11 12 13 14 15
(7)	whether	sections (4) and (5), it is irrelevant or not the conviction is a spent on, provided the conviction is recorded.	16 17 18
(8)	In this se	ction—	19
	<i>court</i> me	ans—	20
	(a) the Que	Magistrates Court or another ensland court; or	21 22
	(b) a co	urt of another jurisdiction.	23
	relevant	<i>day</i> means—	24
	licer	relation to the issue or renewal of a nce—the day the application for the e or renewal of the licence is made; or	25 26 27
	revo	relation to the revocation of a nee—the day the licensee is given a potention notice under section 29 for the potention.	28 29 30 31

Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 59]

Clause	59	Amendment of dealer's assoc			Fit and proper person—licensed	1 2		
		Section 100	C(2) a) and (3)—				
		omit, insert-				4		
		(2)		A person is not a fit and proper person to be an associate of a licensed dealer if—				
			(a)	the	person is a disqualified person; or	7		
			(b)		in 10 years before the relevant day, the on—	8 9		
				(i)	has been convicted of a class A serious offence or a class B serious offence; or	10 11		
				(ii)	has been released from lawful custody in relation to a conviction for a class A serious offence or a class B serious offence; or	12 13 14 15		
				(iii)	has been subject to a supervision order in relation to a conviction for a class A serious offence or a class B serious offence.	16 17 18 19		
		(3)	an a offic wea licer	issoci cer is pons nsed	erson is not a fit and proper person to be ate of a licensed dealer if an authorised satisfied that any relationship involving between the person and the applicant or dealer would be contrary to the public ecause—	20 21 22 23 24 25		
			(a)		in 5 years before the relevant day, the on—	26 27		
				(i)	has been convicted of a class C serious offence; or	28 29		
				(ii)	has been released from lawful custody in relation to a conviction for a class C serious offence; or	30 31 32		

			[s 60]	
			(iii) has been subject to a supervision order in relation to a conviction for a class C serious offence; or	1 2 3
		(b)	a domestic violence order, other than a temporary protection order, has been made against the person.	4 5 6
	(4)	whe	subsections (2) and (3)(a), it is irrelevant ether or not the conviction is a spent viction, provided the conviction is recorded.	7 8 9
	(5)	In t	his section—	10
		rele	<i>vant day</i> means—	11
		(a)	in relation to the issue or renewal of a dealer's licence—the day an application for the issue or renewal of the licence is made; or	12 13 14 15
		(b)	in relation to the suspension of a dealer's licence—the day the licensee is given a suspension notice under section 28 for the suspension; or	16 17 18 19
		(c)	in relation to the revocation of a dealer's licence—the day the licensee is given a revocation notice under section 29 for the revocation.	20 21 22 23
Clause 60	Amendment o application)	ofs1	5 (Authorised officer decides	24 25
	Section 15 10B(2)'—	5(6)(a), 'section 10B(2)—until the day section	26 27
	omit, insert	<u>. </u>		28
		sect sect	ion $10B(3)$, (4) or (5)—until the day the ion	29 30

Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 61]

Clause	61	Section 18(1A), omit, insert—	•		1 2 3 4
Clause	62		4 (Ch	ange in licensee's circumstances)	5
		omit, insert—			0 7
		(a)	any	of the following events—	8
			(i)	a change of address for the licensee or the licensee's representative;	9 10
			(ii)	a change in the mental or physical fitness of the licensee or the licensee's representative;	11 12 13
			(iii)	the licensee or the licensee's representative is charged with, or convicted of, a serious offence;	14 15 16
			(iv)	a domestic violence order is made against the licensee or the licensee's representative;	17 18 19
			(v)	the licensee or the licensee's representative becomes a disqualified person; or	20 21 22
Clause	63			Notice of intention to revoke ciate is not fit and proper)	23 24
		Section 27B(1)-	_		25
		insert—			26
		Note			27
		Se	ee also	sections 10B and 10C.	28

		[s 6	4]
Clause	64	Amendment of s 28 (Suspension of licence by giving suspension notice)	
		(1) Section $28(1)(a)(i)$ —	
		omit, insert—	
		(i) has been charged with a serious offence; or	r .
		(2) Section 28(1)(b), note—	
		omit, insert—	
		Note—	
		See also sections 10B and 10C.	
Clause	65	Amendment of s 29 (Revocation of licence by giving revocation notice)	
		Section 29(1)(d), note—	
		omit, insert—	
		Note—	
		See sections 10B and 10C.	
Clause	66	Amendment of s 29B (Arrangements for surrender of suspended or revoked licences and weapons)	
		(1) Section 29B(8), definition <i>approved receipt</i> —	
		omit.	
		(2) Section 29B(8), definition <i>otherwise surrender</i> , paragraph (b 'approved receipt'—),
		omit, insert—	
		transaction notification	
		 (3) Section 29B(8), definition <i>otherwise surrender</i>, paragraph (b) and (c), 'the receipt'— 	18
		omit, insert—	
		the transaction notification	

Queensland Community Safety Bill 2024 Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 67]

Clause	67		of s 32 (Temporary recognition of interstate articular purposes)	1 2
		Section 32	(2), 'licence'—	3
		omit, inser	<u>t</u>	4
			licence, permit or authority	5
Clause	68	Amendment o	of s 50 (Possession of weapons)	6
		Section 50	after subsection (1)—	7
		insert—		8
		(1AA)	However, subsection (1) does not apply if—	9
			(a) the weapon is a firearm within the meaning of part 5A; and	10 11
			(b) the person is subject to a firearm prohibition order.	12 13
			Note—	14
			See section 141Y for offences relating to the possession of a firearm by a person subject to a firearm prohibition order.	15 16 17
Clause	69		of s 53 (An unlicensed person may use a approved range)	18 19
		(1) Section 53	_	20
		insert—		21
		(6A)	For subsection (8), definition <i>excluded person</i> , paragraphs (b), (c) and (d), it is irrelevant whether or not the conviction is a spent conviction, provided the conviction is recorded.	22 23 24 25
		(2) Section 53 (b)—	(7), definition <i>excluded person</i> , paragraphs (a) and	26 27
		omit, inser	<u>t</u>	28
			(a) who is a disqualified person; or	29

	(b)		has a conviction for a class A serious nce; or	1 2
	(ba)	pers	, within 10 years before the day the on signs the approved form under this ion—	3 4 5
		(i)	has been convicted of a class B serious offence; or	6 7
		(ii)	has been released from lawful custody in relation to a conviction for a class B serious offence; or	8 9 10
		(iii)	has been subject to a supervision order in relation to a conviction for a class B serious offence; or	11 12 13
	(bb)	pers	, within 5 years before the day the on signs the approved form under this ion—	14 15 16
		(i)	has been convicted of a class C serious offence; or	17 18
		(ii)	has been released from lawful custody in relation to a conviction for a class C serious offence; or	19 20 21
		(iii)	has been subject to a supervision order in relation to a conviction for a class C serious offence; or	22 23 24
(3)			ion <i>excluded person</i> , paragraphs (c), (f) period immediately'—	25 26
	omit, insert—			27
	with	in 5 :	years	28
(4)	Section 53(7), de (h)—	efinit	ion excluded person, paragraphs (ba) to	29 30
	<i>renumber</i> as para	ıgrap	hs (c) to (j).	31
(5)	Section 53(6A) a	nd (7	7)—	32
	renumber as section	ion 5	3(7) and (8).	33

Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 70]

Clause	70	Am iter		67 (Possessing and acquiring restricted	1 2
		(1)	Section 67—		3
			insert—		4
			(1A) Ho	owever, subsection (1) does not apply if—	5
			(a)) the restricted item is a replica of a firearm; and	6 7
			(b)) the person is subject to a firearm prohibition order.	8 9
			No	te—	10
				See section 141Y for offences relating to the acquisition or possession of a firearm by a person subject to a firearm prohibition order.	11 12 13
		(2)	Section 67(6),	Subsections (3) to (5)'—	14
			omit, insert—		15
			Su	bsections (4) to (6)	16
		(3)	Section 67(7),	'subsection (8)'—	17
			omit, insert—		18
			su	bsection (9)	19
		(4)	Section 67(1A)	to (8)—	20
			<i>renumber</i> as se	ection 67(2) to (9).	21
Clause	71		endment of s n appropriate	93 (How to decide whether an individual person)	22 23
			Section 93—		24
			insert—		25
			(3) In	this section—	26
			cri Cr	<i>iminal history</i> , of a person, means the person's iminal history within the meaning of the <i>riminal Law (Rehabilitation of Offenders) Act</i> 886, other than a spent conviction.	27 28 29 30

			[s 72]	
Clause	72	Amendment of s guards)	124 (Training courses for security	1 2
		Section 124(2)) and (3)—	3
		omit, insert—		4
		ir co (s	a person who holds a security licence (guard) needs to renew the licence, the person must complete an approved safety training course security guard) within the period prescribed by egulation.	5 6 7 8 9
Clause	73	Insertion of new	pt 5A	10
		After part 5—		11
		insert—		12
		Part 5A	Firearm prohibition	13
			orders	14
		Division	1 Preliminary	15
		141C Purp	oose of part	16
			The purpose of this part is to provide for the naking of firearm prohibition orders in order to—	17 18
		(8	a) promote public safety and security; and	19
		(t	b) disrupt and deter firearm related crime, including reducing the risk of firearms being used in the commission of offences.	20 21 22
		141D Defi	nitions for part	23
		Ir	n this part—	24
		Co	ourt means—	25

[s 73]

(a)	in relation to a firearm prohibition order in relation to a child—the Childrens Court constituted by a Childrens Court magistrate; or	1 2 3 4
(b)	otherwise-the Magistrates Court.	5
conv or ne	<i>tinal history</i> , of a person, means the victions, including spent convictions, whether of recorded, against the person for offences in ensland or elsewhere.	6 7 8 9
•	<i>urm</i> includes an antique firearm and a replica firearm.	10 11
•	<i>urm prohibition order</i> means a firearm nibition order under section 141G or 141H.	12 13
fired	arm related item means—	14
(a)	ammunition; or	15
(b)	a magazine for a firearm; or	16
(c)	a silencer or another device or thing that is made or used, is capable of being used or is intended to be used for reducing the sound caused by discharging a firearm; or	17 18 19 20
(d)	another thing prescribed by regulation to be a firearm related item.	21 22
Division 2	Making firearm prohibition orders	23 24
Subdivisio	on 1 Considerations for making firearm prohibition orders	25 26
	s to consider for making firearm ion orders—adults	27 28
(1) This	s section applies if the commissioner or the	29

		[s 73]				
	court is considering whether it is in the public interest to make a firearm prohibition order in relation to an adult.					
(2)	The commissioner or the court may have regard to the following—					
	(a)	the individual's criminal history;				
	(b)	the individual's domestic violence history, including whether the individual—				
		(i) is or has been subject to a domestic violence order; or				
		 (ii) is or has been named as a respondent in an application for a domestic violence order; 				
	(c)	whether the individual is or has been a participant in—				
		(i) a criminal organisation; or				
		(ii) a terrorist organisation;				
	(d)	whether the individual is an associate of a recognised offender;				
	(e)	whether the individual has communicated in a public forum, or to another person, that the individual intends or wishes to commit a serious offence;				
		Examples of public forums—				
		social media sites, online forums				
	(f)	whether the individual is or has been subject to a relevant order made by a court and the circumstances surrounding the making of the order;				
		Examples of relevant court orders—				
		• a control order under the Criminal Code (Cwlth)				

Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 73]

		• an order made by a court under the Dangerous Prisoners (Sexual Offenders) Act 2003	1 2 3
	(g)	the individual's behaviour, particularly violent or aggressive behaviour or behaviour involving the use of a weapon;	4 5 6
	(h)	the risk the individual poses to public safety or security, and the extent to which making the firearm prohibition order will reduce the risk;	7 8 9 10
	(i)	any other matter or information that indicates possession of a firearm or firearm related item by the individual would be likely to pose a risk to public safety or security.	11 12 13 14 15
(3)	com	onsidering a matter under subsection (2), the missioner or the court may have regard to ninal intelligence.	16 17 18
(4)		this section, an individual is an associate of a gnised offender if the individual—	19 20
	(a)	has a romantic or familial relationship with the offender; or	21 22
	(b)	associates with the offender in a way that involves seeking out or accepting the offender's company, whether the association happens in person or in another way, including, for example, electronically.	23 24 25 26 27
(5)	In tł	nis section—	28
		<i>tences Act 1992</i> , section 1610.	29 30
		<i>ognised offender</i> see the Criminal Code, ion 77.	31 32
		<i>orist organisation</i> see the Criminal Code (11), section 102.1(1).	33 34

	[\$ 73]	
	atters to consider for making firearm hibition orders—children	1 2
(1)	This section applies if the commissioner or the court is considering whether it is in the public interest to make a firearm prohibition order in relation to a child.	3 4 5 6
(2)	The commissioner or the court must have regard to the following matters—	7 8
	 (a) the desirability of strengthening and preserving the relationship between the child and their parents and family; 	9 10 11
	 (b) the desirability of not interrupting or disturbing the child's living arrangements, education, training or employment; 	12 13 14
	 (c) the desirability of minimising adverse effects on the child's reputation that may arise from making the firearm prohibition order; 	15 16 17 18
	(d) the age and maturity of the child.	19
(3)	Also, the commissioner or the court may have regard to the following—	20 21
	(a) the child's criminal history;	22
	 (b) the child's behaviour, particularly violent or aggressive behaviour, behaviour that constitutes domestic and family violence or behaviour involving the use of a weapon; 	23 24 25 26
	 (c) the risk the child poses to public safety or security, and the extent to which making the firearm prohibition order will reduce the risk; 	27 28 29 30
	(d) any other matter or information that indicates possession of a firearm or firearm related item by the child would be likely to pose a risk to public safety or security.	31 32 33 34

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(4)	In considering a matter under subsection (3), the commissioner or the court may have regard to criminal intelligence.	1 2 3
Subdiv	vision 2 Making of firearm prohibition orders	4 5
	ommissioner may make firearm prohibition lers	6 7
(1)	The commissioner may make a firearm prohibition order prohibiting an individual from acquiring, possessing or using, or attempting to acquire, possess or use, a firearm or firearm related item.	8 9 10 11 12
(2)	However, the commissioner may make the firearm prohibition order only if satisfied it is in the public interest to do so.	13 14 15
(3)	Also, the commissioner may make the firearm prohibition order only if the individual is 14 years or older.	16 17 18
(4)	The firearm prohibition order has effect for the period, of not more than 60 days, stated in the order. <i>Note—</i> For when a firearm prohibition order takes effect, see	19 20 21 22 23
(5)	section 141J.	24
(5)	The commissioner may revoke a firearm prohibition order made by the commissioner at any time.	25 26 27
141H C	ourt may make firearm prohibition orders	28
(1)	The court may make a firearm prohibition order	29

The court may make a firearm prohibition order 29 prohibiting an individual from acquiring, 30 possessing or using, or attempting to acquire, 31

	possess or use, a firearm or firearm related item.	1
(2)	The court may make the firearm prohibition order—	2 3
	(a) on the court's own initiative; or	4
	Example for paragraph (a) —	5
	on the court's own initiative on the conviction of the individual for an offence	6 7
	(b) on application by the commissioner under section 141M.	8 9
(3)	However, the court may make the firearm prohibition order only if satisfied it is in the public interest to do so.	10 11 12
(4)	Also, the court may make the firearm prohibition order only if the individual is 14 years or older.	13 14
(5)	The firearm prohibition order has effect for the period of—	15 16
	(a) if the individual is an adult—10 years; or	17
	(b) if the individual is a child—5 years.	18
	Note—	19
	For when a firearm prohibition order takes effect, see section 141J.	20 21
(6)	However, the firearm prohibition order may state that the order has effect for a shorter period if the court is satisfied the shorter period is appropriate in the circumstances, having regard to the risk the individual poses to public safety or security.	22 23 24 25 26
(7)	The court may revoke a firearm prohibition order made by the court only if—	27 28
	(a) the commissioner applies for the revocation; or	29 30
	(b) the order is in relation to a child and has been reviewed under division 5.	31 32

[s 73]

Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 73]

141I Co	ntent of firearm prohibition orders
	A firearm prohibition order must state the following—
	(a) information identifying the individual the subject of the order;
	(b) the day the order is made;
	(c) the period the order has effect;
	(d) the effect of division 3, including that a person may commit an offence and be subject to a penalty under that division;
	(e) that police may conduct searches under division 4;
	(f) that the individual may appeal against the decision to make the order;
	(g) how, and the period within which, the individual may appeal.
141J W	hen firearm prohibition orders take effect
	A firearm prohibition order in relation to an individual takes effect—
	(a) if the order is made by the court and the individual is present in court when the order is made—when the order is made; or
	(b) otherwise—when a police officer serves the order or a copy of the order on the individual under section 141P.
141K Pa not	arent and particular chief executives to be ified of orders in relation to children
(1)	This section applies if a firearm prohibition order takes effect in relation to a child.
(2)	A police officer must, as soon as reasonably practicable, notify the following persons of the

	[s 73]	
	order—	1
	 (a) a parent of the child, unless no parent of the child can be contacted after making all reasonable inquiries; 	2 3 4
	(b) the chief executive (communities) or a person, nominated by that chief executive for the purpose, who holds an office within the department for which the chief executive has responsibility;	5 6 7 8 9
	(c) if the chief executive (child safety) has custody or guardianship of the child under the <i>Child Protection Act 1999</i> , that chief executive or a person, nominated by that chief executive for the purpose, who holds an office in the department for which the chief executive has responsibility.	10 11 12 13 14 15 16
(3)	If no parent of the child can be contacted after making all reasonable inquiries, a police officer must make a record of the inquiries made.	17 18 19
(4)	In this section—	20
	<i>chief executive (child safety)</i> means the chief executive of the department in which the <i>Child Protection Act 1999</i> is administered.	21 22 23
	<i>chief executive (communities)</i> means the chief executive of the department in which the <i>Youth Justice Act 1992</i> is administered.	24 25 26
	parent—	27
	(a) means a parent within the meaning of the <i>Youth Justice Act 1992</i> , schedule 4; and	28 29
	(b) includes a person who is apparently a parent of a child.	30 31

[s 73]

141L Further firearm prohibition orders may be made

(1) The expiry of a firearm prohibition order in relation to an individual does not prevent the commissioner or the court from making a further firearm prohibition order in relation to the individual.

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- (2) Subsection (3) applies if an individual has been 8
 subject to a firearm prohibition order made by the 9
 commissioner within the previous 12 months. 10
- (3) Despite subsection (1), the commissioner may not 11 make a further firearm prohibition order in 12 relation to the individual unless the commissioner 13 reasonably believes an application to the court for 14 a firearm prohibition order in relation to the 15 individual under section 141M may not be 16 decided sufficiently quickly by the court to ensure 17 public safety or security. 18

Subdivision 3Applications to court for
firearm prohibition orders24
25

141M A	pplications to court by commissioner	26
(1)	The commissioner may apply to the court for a firearm prohibition order to be made in relation to an individual.	27 28 29
(2)	The application must state the following—(a) information identifying the individual;	30 31

	(b) (c)	it is firea and that	reasons why the commissioner considers s in the public interest to make the arm prohibition order, including the facts circumstances in support of the reasons; the individual may respond to the	1 2 3 4 5
	(d)		lication under section 141N; commissioner's address for service of	6 7
	(u)		response to the application;	8
	(e)	hear prol	if the individual does not appear at the ring of the application, a firearm nibition order may be made in the vidual's absence;	9 10 11 12
	(f)	proł com	he individual is subject to a firearm nibition order made by the missioner—that, unless the court orders erwise, the order remains in effect 1—	13 14 15 16 17
		(i)	a firearm prohibition order made by the court takes effect; or	18 19
		(ii)	if no firearm prohibition order is made by the court—the application is finally determined by the court or is withdrawn.	20 21 22 23
(3)	affic	lavit	lication must be accompanied by any the commissioner intends to rely on at ng of the application.	24 25 26
(4)	copy affic	y of davit	missioner must give the individual a the application and any accompanying as soon as reasonably practicable after cation is made.	27 28 29 30
141N Re	espo	nses	s to applications	31
(1)	T 1.			

 The individual may respond to the application by filing a response with the court.
 33

(2)	The response must—	1
	(a) state the nature of the response; and	2
	(b) state the facts and circumstances relied on by the individual in responding to the application; and	3 4 5
	(c) be accompanied by any affidavit the individual intends to rely on at the hearing of the application.	6 7 8
(3)	The individual must, as soon as practicable after the response is filed, give the commissioner a copy of the response and any accompanying affidavit by leaving the documents at, or sending them to, the address for service stated in the application.	9 10 11 12 13 14
	ontinuation of firearm prohibition orders if plication made to court	15 16
(1)	This section applies if, when the application is made, the individual is subject to a firearm prohibition order made by the commissioner.	17 18 19
(2)	Unless the court orders otherwise, the firearm prohibition order made by the commissioner continues in effect until—	20 21 22
	(a) a firearm prohibition order made by the court takes effect; or	23 24
	(b) if no firearm prohibition order is made by the court—the application is finally determined by the court or is withdrawn.	25 26 27
(3)	Subsection (2) applies despite section 141G(4).	28
Subdiv	vision 4 Service of firearm	29
	prohibition orders and	30
	directions relating to	31
	service	32

s	73	81
0	10	1

141P Pe	ersonal service of firearm prohibition orders	1
(1)	This section applies if a firearm prohibition order is made in relation to an individual—	2 3
	(a) by the commissioner; or	4
	(b) by the court and the individual is not present in court when the order is made.	5 6
(2)	A police officer must—	7
	(a) serve the firearm prohibition order, or a copy of the order, personally on the individual the subject of the order; and	8 9 10
	(b) tell the individual on whom the order or copy is served that the order is a firearm prohibition order.	11 12 13
(3)	However, if the individual does not accept the firearm prohibition order, the police officer may serve the order on the individual by—	14 15 16
	(a) putting the order, or a copy of the order, down in the individual's presence; and	17 18
	(b) telling the individual that the order is a firearm prohibition order.	19 20
(4)	If practicable, service under this section must be electronically recorded by a police officer.	21 22
(5)	In this section—	23
	<i>electronically recorded</i> see the <i>Police Powers</i> and <i>Responsibilities Act 2000</i> , schedule 6.	24 25
141Q Po ser	ower to give directions to facilitate personal vice of firearm prohibition orders	26 27
(1)	This section applies if—	28
	 (a) a firearm prohibition order is made by the court in relation to an individual and the individual is not present in court when the order is made; and 	29 30 31 32

	(b)	a police officer reasonably suspects an individual is the individual the subject of the order.	1 2 3
(2)	a po ordo	olice officer may, for the purpose of enabling plice officer to serve the firearm prohibition er under section 141P, do any of the owing—	4 5 6 7
	(a)	if it is necessary to confirm the identity of the individual—direct the individual—	8 9
		(i) to state the individual's name and address; and	10 11
		 (ii) to give evidence of the stated name and address if, in the circumstances, it would be reasonable to expect the individual to be in possession of the evidence; 	12 13 14 15 16
	(b)	direct the individual to remain at a stated appropriate place at or near the individual's current location for a stated period;	17 18 19
	(c)	direct the individual to attend a stated police station immediately or within a stated period;	20 21 22
	(d)	direct the individual to accompany a police officer to the nearest police station or another stated place.	23 24 25
(3)	-	iving the direction, the police officer must tell individual the following matters—	26 27
	(a)	why the individual is being given the direction;	28 29
	(b)	if the direction is to accompany a police officer to a place—	30 31
		(i) where the place is; and	32
		(ii) how the individual is to move to the place, including whether a police	33 34

	[s 73]	
	officer will remain in the presence of the individual; and	
	(iii) that the individual may be searched before being transported to the place by a police officer; and	
	(iv) that the individual may be directed to leave, at the individual's current location, anything found in the search that may be used to cause harm to the individual or another person; and	
	(v) that anything found in the search may be seized if a police officer reasonably suspects the thing is evidence of the commission of an offence;	
	(c) that the individual is not under arrest or in custody while complying with the direction.	
141R L	imits on directions	
(1)	For a direction given under section $141Q(2)(b)$, the period an individual may be directed to remain at a place is—	
	(a) 1 hour; or	
	(b) a longer period, of not more than 2 hours, if the longer period is reasonably necessary in the circumstances for enabling service of a firearm prohibition order on the individual personally.	
(2)	For a direction given under section $141Q(2)(c)$ or (d), the stated place must be within a reasonable distance of the individual's current location, having regard to the particular circumstances.	
141S P	owers relating to particular directions	
(1)	This section applies if—	

	 (a) a police officer directs an individual under section 141Q(2)(d) to accompany a police officer to a place; and 	1 2 3
	(b) the individual is to be transported by a police officer to the place.	4 5
(2)	Before the individual is transported to the place, a police officer may—	6 7
	 (a) search the individual for anything in the individual's possession that may be used to cause harm to the individual or another person; and 	8 9 10 11
	Note—	12
	See the <i>Police Powers and Responsibilities Act</i> 2000, chapter 20, part 3 for safeguards that apply to a search under this paragraph.	13 14 15
	(b) direct the individual to leave at the individual's current location a thing found in the search that may be used to cause harm to the individual or another person; and	16 17 18 19
	(c) seize a thing found in the search that the police officer reasonably suspects is evidence of the commission of an offence.	20 21 22
(3)	A thing seized under subsection (2)(c) is, for the <i>Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000</i> , section 622, taken to have been seized under that Act.	23 24 25 26
141T Of	fence warning	27
(1)	A police officer giving a direction to an individual under section $141Q(2)$ or $141S(2)(b)$ must warn the individual—	28 29 30
	(a) it is an offence not to comply with the direction unless the individual has a reasonable excuse; and	31 32 33

	(h) the ir	ndividual may	be arrested	for the	1
	offenc			ior une	2
(2)			give the indi to comply v		3 4 5
(3)		dual fails to co icer must, if p	omply with the c racticable—	lirection,	6 7
	(a) repeat (1); ar	0	nentioned in su	Ibsection	8 9
			a further re ly with the dire		10 11
141U Ot	fence to c	ontravene di	rection		12
(1)	to the inc	lividual unde	ly with a directi r section 141 ividual has a re	Q(2) or	13 14 15 16
	Maximum	penalty—40 p	enalty units.		17
(2)		an individual	does not con n (1) unless—	mmit an	18 19
	the findirecti	earm prohibit on relates and	individual the s ion order to w the order has lual under section	hich the not been	20 21 22 23 24
		section 1417	been given a T(1) in relation		25 26 27
Divisio	on 3	Effect of f	irearm		28
		prohibitio	n orders an	nd	29
		offences			30

aute	censes, permits and approvals omatically revoked if firearm prohibition er made	1 2 3
(1)	This section applies if a firearm prohibition order is made in relation to an individual.	4 5
(2)	A licence, permit or approval held by the individual is automatically revoked.	6 7
(3)	A licence, permit or approval held by a body, whether incorporated or unincorporated, is automatically revoked if the individual is the body's representative.	8 9 10 11
(4)	The revocation takes effect—	12
	(a) if the firearm prohibition order is made by the court and the individual is present in court when the order is made—on the making of the order; or	13 14 15 16
	(b) otherwise—when a police officer serves the order or a copy of the order on the individual under section 141P.	17 18 19
(5)	In this section—	20
	<i>approval</i> means an approval granted by an authorised officer under this Act and in force at the material time.	21 22 23
	<i>permit</i> means a permit issued under this Act and in force at the material time.	24 25
	urrender of authorities, firearms and arm related items	26 27
(1)	This section applies to an individual the subject of a firearm prohibition order.	28 29
(2)	When the firearm prohibition order takes effect, the individual must immediately give to a police officer a relevant authority held by the individual that is in the individual's physical possession.	30 31 32 33

	[\$ 73]	
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units or 12 months imprisonment.	1 2
(3)	When the firearm prohibition order takes effect, the individual must also immediately give to a police officer any firearm or firearm related item the individual physically possesses.	3 4 5 6
	Notes—	7
	1 See section 141Y(1) and (2) for offences relating to the possession of a firearm or firearm related item by an individual subject to a firearm prohibition order.	8 9 10 11
	2 See also section $141Y(3)$ and (4).	12
(4)	If the individual can not immediately give a police officer a relevant authority held by the individual or a firearm or firearm related item in the individual's possession, a police officer may direct the individual—	13 14 15 16 17
	 (a) to give the authority, firearm or firearm related item to a police officer in a stated way and within a stated reasonable period of not more than 24 hours after the direction is given; or 	18 19 20 21 22
	 (b) to give information about the location of the authority, firearm or firearm related item and any other information necessary to enable a police officer to locate and seize it; or 	23 24 25 26 27
	(c) to accompany a police officer to the location of the authority, firearm or firearm related item so it can be given to or seized by the police officer.	28 29 30 31
	Example of when a firearm can not be immediately given—	32
	A police officer serves a firearm prohibition order on an individual at a place that is not the individual's home and a firearm the individual possesses is stored at the individual's home.	33 34 35 36
(5)	The individual must comply with a direction	37

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	given to the individual under subsection (4).	1
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units or 12 months imprisonment.	2 3
(6)	In this section, a reference to a relevant authority held by the individual includes—	4 5
	 (a) a reference to a relevant authority held by a body, whether incorporated or unincorporated, if the individual is the body's representative; and 	6 7 8 9
	 (b) a reference to a relevant authority, including a relevant authority to which paragraph (a) applies, that has been automatically revoked under section 141V. 	10 11 12 13
(7)	In this section—	14
	<i>approval</i> means an approval granted by an authorised officer under this Act and in force at the material time.	15 16 17
	<i>permit</i> means a permit issued under this Act and in force at the material time.	18 19
	relevant authority means—	20
	(a) a licence, permit or approval; or	21
	(b) an authority under the <i>Explosives Act 1999</i> which authorises a person to purchase small arms ammunition under that Act.	22 23 24
	ollection of firearms in particular cumstances	25 26
(1)	This section applies if an individual—	27
	(a) gives a firearm to a police officer under section 141W(3) or (4)(a); or	28 29
	(b) complies with a direction under section 141W(4)(b) or (c) in relation to a firearm.	30 31
(2)	The individual may, within 3 months after the day	32

[s 73]
the firearm is given to or seized by a police officer, make arrangements with a police officer for a licensed dealer or licensed armourer to collect the firearm if the individual—	r
(a) has consigned the firearm to the licensed dealer or licensed armourer for sale; and	l
(b) has given the police officer a copy of the transaction notification for the consignment	
141Y Acquiring, possessing and using firearms and firearm related items	
(1) An individual who is subject to a firearm prohibition order must not—	1
(a) acquire, possess or use a firearm; or	
(b) attempt to acquire, possess or use a firearm.	
Maximum penalty—500 penalty units or 13 years imprisonment.	3
(2) An individual who is subject to a firearm prohibition order must not—	1
(a) acquire, possess or use a firearm related item; or	l
(b) attempt to acquire, possess or use a firearm related item.	1
Maximum penalty—200 penalty units or 5 years imprisonment.	3
 (3) However, an individual does not contravened subsection (1)(a) or (2)(a) in relation to a firearm or firearm related item if— 	
 (a) the firearm or firearm related item is in the individual's possession when the firearm prohibition order takes effect; and 	
(b) either—	

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(i)	the individual gives the firearm or	1
	firearm related item to a police officer	2
	under section $141W(3)$ or $(4)(a)$; or	3

- (ii) the individual complies with a direction under section 141W(4)(b) or
 (c), enabling a police officer to seize or otherwise take the firearm or firearm related item.
- (4) For this section, an individual is taken to possess 9
 a firearm or firearm related item if there is proof 10
 that, at the material time, the firearm or firearm 11
 related item was in or on a place at which the 12
 individual resided or of which the individual was 13
 the owner or the occupier or concerned in the 14
 management or control. 15
- (6) In this section— 22

resided, in relation to a place, includes slept at the place on a regular or frequent basis. 24

141Z Supply of firearms and firearm related items 25

A person must not supply a firearm or firearm26related item to an individual subject to a firearm27prohibition order if the person knows the28individual is subject to the order.29

Maximum penalty— 30

- (a) for a firearm—500 penalty units or 13 years 31 imprisonment; or 32
- (b) for a firearm related item—200 penalty 33 units or 5 years imprisonment. 34

Attending particular premises and events
An individual who is subject to a firearm prohibition order must not attend—
 (a) a place endorsed on a dealer's licence or an armourer's licence under section 16(1)(b)(iii); or
(b) an arms fair approved under section 79(2); or
(c) an event or meeting held by an approved historical society; or
(d) an approved range; or
(e) a shooting gallery approved under section 111; or
(f) a shooting range; or
(g) an event or meeting held by a shooting club; or
(h) premises or an event prescribed by regulation.
Maximum penalty—50 penalty units or 12 months imprisonment.
For subsection (1)(h), a regulation may prescribe premises or an event only if the commissioner is satisfied a firearm or firearm related item is likely to be stored or present on the premises, or on the premises at which the event is held.
Notifying commissioner of change of dress
An individual subject to a firearm prohibition order must give the commissioner written notice of a change to the individual's residential address within 24 hours of the change occurring.
Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.

Divisio	on 4	Powers relating to firearm prohibition orders	1 2
141ZC [Defin	ition for division	3
In this division—			
	veh	<i>icle</i> means—	5
	(a)	a vehicle under the <i>Transport Operations</i> (<i>Road Use Management</i>) Act 1995; or	6 7
	(b)	an aircraft; or	8
	(c)	a train; or	9
	(d)	a tram; or	10
	(e)	a vessel.	11
141ZD V	Vhei	n powers may be exercised	12
(1)	cont the dete firea	police officer may, without a warrant or sent, exercise a power under this division if exercise of the power is reasonably required to ermine whether an individual subject to a arm prohibition order is committing an ence under section $141Y(1)$ or (2).	13 14 15 16 17 18
(2)		police officer may exercise the power with assistance of another police officer.	19 20
141ZE F	owe	er to search individuals	21
	to a	olice officer may do the following in relation in individual subject to a firearm prohibition er—	22 23 24
	(a)	stop and detain the individual;	25
	(b)	search the individual and anything in the individual's possession for a firearm or firearm related item.	26 27 28

	[s 73]	
	Note— See the Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000, chapter 20, part 3 for safeguards that apply to a search	1 2 3 4
4 4 4 7 5 1	under this section.	
	Power to search vehicles	5
(1)	This section applies in relation to a vehicle if an individual who is subject to a firearm prohibition order—	6 7 8
	(a) is the registered operator of the vehicle; or	ç
	(b) is driving or riding the vehicle, or is in charge or control of the vehicle; or	1
	(c) is a passenger in or on the vehicle; or	1
	(d) ordinarily has access to, or use of, the vehicle.	
(2)	A police officer may do the following in relation to the vehicle—	
	(a) stop the vehicle;	
	(b) detain the vehicle and anyone in or on the vehicle;	
	(c) search the vehicle and anything in or on the vehicle for a firearm or firearm related item.	,
(3)	In this section—	
	registered operator, of a vehicle, see the	/
	<i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management)</i> <i>Act 1995</i> , schedule 4.	
141ZG	Power to search premises	
(1)	A police officer may enter and search relevant premises for a firearm or firearm related item.	, , ,
(2)	In this section—	
	relevant premises means—	

	(a)	premises owned or occupied by, or in the care or under the control or management of, an individual subject to a firearm prohibition order; or	1 2 3 4
	(b)	premises at which an individual subject to a firearm prohibition order resides; or	5 6
	(c)	a vehicle on premises mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b).	7 8
		<i>des</i> , in relation to premises, includes sleeps at premises on a regular or frequent basis.	9 10
141ZH F	Powe	er to seize items	11
(1)	rela	olice officer may seize a firearm or firearm ted item found during a search under this sion.	12 13 14
(2)	Pow	ning seized under this section is, for the <i>Police</i> <i>vers and Responsibilities Act 2000</i> , section , taken to have been seized under that Act.	15 16 17
Divisio	on 5		18
		prohibition orders in relation to children	19 20
141ZI A	oilaa	cation of division	21
		s division applies if—	22
	(a)	a child is subject to a firearm prohibition order made under section 141H; and	23 24
	(b)	either—	25
		(i) the order has been in effect for more than 1 year; or	26 27

	[s 73]	
	(ii) the order has been in effect for more than 1 year since it was last reviewed under this division.	
141ZJ /	Applications for review by commissioner	
(1)	The commissioner must apply to the court for a review of the firearm prohibition order.	
(2)	The application must be made not later than—	
	 (a) if section 141ZI(b)(i) applies—the day that is 7 days after the first anniversary of the day the firearm prohibition order took effect; or 	
	(b) if section 141ZI(b)(ii) applies—the day that is 1 year after the day the last review was finalised.	
(3)	The commissioner must give the child a copy of the application as soon as reasonably practicable after it is made.	
141ZK (Content of applications	
	The application must—	
	 (a) include any information about the child the commissioner considers is relevant to the review; and 	
	(b) include an assessment of whether the firearm prohibition order should remain in effect, or whether it would be more appropriate to revoke the order; and	
	(c) state that the child may respond to the application under section 141ZL; and	
	(d) state the commissioner's address for service of any response to the application.	

141ZL F	Responses to applications	1
(1)	The child may respond to the application by filing a response with the court within 14 days after the day a copy of the application is given to the child under section 141ZJ(3).	2 3 4 5
(2)	The child must, within the period stated in subsection (1), give the commissioner a copy of the response by leaving the document at, or sending it to, the address for service stated in the application.	6 7 8 9 10
(3)	The child's response may—	11
	(a) respond to the assessment mentioned in section 141ZK(b); and	12 13
	(b) include any information relied on by the child for the response.	14 15
	Example of information—	16
	evidence that the child has completed a rehabilitation program since the firearm prohibition order was made	17 18 19
141ZM (Conduct of reviews	20
(1)	In conducting the review of the firearm prohibition order, the court must decide whether it remains in the public interest for the order to remain in effect or whether it is more appropriate to revoke the order, having regard to the risk the child poses to public safety or security.	21 22 23 24 25 26
(2)	The court may decide it is more appropriate to revoke the order only if the child's circumstances have changed since the firearm prohibition order was made.	27 28 29 30
(3)	The court may conduct the review on the papers unless satisfied it is in the interests of justice to conduct a hearing.	31 32 33

		[s 73]
Divisio	n 6	Appeals
141ZN D	efinitio	on for division
	In this c	livision—
	divisior	<i>te court</i> , in relation to an appeal under this n, means the court to which the appeal is nder section 141ZO.
141ZO W	/ho ma	y appeal
		ividual subject to a firearm prohibition ay appeal against the decision to make the
	an Co	the order was made under section 141G d the individual is a child—the Childrens ourt constituted by a Childrens Court agistrate; or
	an	the order was made under section 141G d the individual is an adult—the agistrates Court; or
	an Co	the order was made under section 141H d the individual is a child—the Childrens ourt constituted by a Childrens Court dge; or
	an	the order was made under section 141H d the individual is an adult—the District purt.
(2)	Subsect	tion (3) applies if—
	sec	e commissioner applies to the court under ction 141M for a firearm prohibition order be made in relation to an individual; and
	(b) the	e court decides not to make the order.
		ommissioner may appeal against the n not to make the firearm prohibition order

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	to—	1
	 (a) if the individual is a child—the Childrens Court constituted by a Childrens Court judge; or 	2 3 4
	(b) if the individual is an adult—the District Court.	5 6
141ZP H	How to start appeals	7
(1)	The appeal is started by filing written notice of the appeal with the registrar of the appellate court.	8 9
(2)	The notice of appeal must be filed within 28 days after—	10 11
	 (a) for an appeal under section 141ZO(1)—the day the firearm prohibition order took effect; or 	12 13 14
	(b) for an appeal under section 141ZO(3)—the day the decision being appealed against was made.	15 16 17
(3)	The appellant must—	18
	 (a) for an appeal under section 141ZO(1)— serve a copy of the notice of appeal on the commissioner; or 	19 20 21
	(b) for an appeal under section 141ZO(3)—	22
	(i) serve a copy of the notice of appeal on the individual to whom the decision being appealed against relates; and	23 24 25
	(ii) file a copy of the notice of appeal in the court that made the decision.	26 27
(4)	The appellate court may, at any time, extend the period for filing the notice of appeal.	28 29
(5)	The notice of appeal must state fully the grounds of the appeal and the facts relied on.	30 31

	[s 73]
	Effect of firearm prohibition orders not yed by appeal
(1)	The start of an appeal does not—
	(a) affect the operation of a firearm prohibition order; or
	(b) prevent the taking of action in relation to a firearm prohibition order.
(2)	However, the appellate court may order the suspension of the operation of the firearm prohibition order or stay any proceeding under the order if satisfied it would be appropriate to do so having regard to—
	(a) the likely impact of the suspension or stay on the protection of public safety or security; and
	(b) any other matter the appellate court considers relevant.
41ZR	Hearing procedures
(1)	An appeal under section 141ZO(1) against the making of a firearm prohibition order must be decided—
	 (a) for a firearm prohibition order made under section 141G—on the evidence before the commissioner when making the order; or
	(b) for a firearm prohibition order made under section 141H—on the evidence and proceedings before the court that made the order.
(2)	An appeal under section 141ZO(3) against a decision not to make a firearm prohibition order must be decided on the evidence and proceedings before the court that made the decision.
(3)	However, the appellate court may order that the

	appeal be heard afresh, in whole or part.	1
141ZS I	Powers of appellate court	2
(1)	In deciding an appeal against a decision, the appellate court may—	3 4
	(a) confirm the decision; or	5
	(b) vary the decision; or	e
	(c) set aside the decision and substitute another decision; or	- {
	(d) if the decision was made by a court—set aside the decision and remit the matter to the court that made the decision.	9 1 1
(2)	The decision of the appellate court upon an appeal is final and conclusive.	-
		1
141ZT (Confidentiality of criminal intelligence	1
		1 1 1 1
141ZT (Confidentiality of criminal intelligence This section applies in relation to the following	-
141ZT (Confidentiality of criminal intelligence This section applies in relation to the following proceedings before a court— (a) an application for a firearm prohibition	-
141ZT (Confidentiality of criminal intelligence This section applies in relation to the following proceedings before a court— (a) an application for a firearm prohibition order under division 2, subdivision 3; (b) a review of a firearm prohibition order under 	
	 Confidentiality of criminal intelligence This section applies in relation to the following proceedings before a court— (a) an application for a firearm prohibition order under division 2, subdivision 3; (b) a review of a firearm prohibition order under division 5; 	

[s 73] confidentiality of information classified by the 1 commissioner as criminal intelligence, including 2 steps to receive evidence and hear argument about 3 the information in the absence of-4 5 (a) the parties to the proceedings and their representatives; and 6 (b) the public. 7 (3)Also, the court may, as it considers appropriate to 8 protect the confidentiality of criminal 9 intelligence, receive evidence consisting of or 10 to information classified relating by the 11 commissioner as criminal intelligence by way of 12 affidavit of a police officer of or above the rank of 13 superintendent. 14 If the court considers information has been (4) 15 incorrectly classified by the commissioner as 16 criminal intelligence, the commissioner may 17 withdraw the information from consideration by 18 the court. 19 (5)Information that is withdrawn the by 20commissioner under subsection (4) must not be-21 disclosed to any person; or 22 (a) (b) taken into consideration by the court. 23 If a decision is made by the court on the basis of 24 (6)information that is classified by the commissioner 25 as criminal intelligence, the only reason required 26 to be given is that the decision was made in the 27 public interest. 28 The Public Records Act 2023 does not apply to (7)29 activities of, or records made or kept by, the court 30 to the extent that Act would otherwise enable 31 criminal intelligence to be disclosed. 32 In this section— (8) 33 *criminal intelligence* means criminal intelligence 34 that could, if disclosed, reasonably be expected— 35

	(a)	to prejudice a criminal investigation; or	1
	(b)	to enable the existence or identity of a confidential source of information to be ascertained; or	2 3 4
	(c)	to endanger a person's life or physical safety; or	5 6
	(d)	to prejudice the effectiveness of a lawful method or procedure for preventing, detecting, investigating or dealing with a contravention or possible contravention of an Act; or	7 8 9 10 11
	(e)	to prejudice the maintenance or enforcement of a lawful method or procedure for protecting public safety or security.	12 13 14
141ZU F	Reco	rds to be kept	15
(1)		commissioner must keep a register about arm prohibition orders made under this part.	16 17
(2)		register must state the following matters for a calendar year—	18 19
	(a)	the number of firearm prohibition orders made by the commissioner in the year;	20 21
	(b)	the number of firearm prohibition orders made by the court in the year;	22 23
	(c)	the number of firearm prohibition orders made in relation to children in the year;	24 25
	(d)	the number of firearm prohibition orders revoked in the year.	26 27
(3)	part	register must also include the following iculars for each firearm prohibition order le in a calendar year—	28 29 30
	(a)	the day the order was made;	31
	(b)	details of the individual subject to the order;	32

	(c) the period the order is in effect;
	(d) whether the decision to make the order was appealed against and, if so, the outcome of the appeal;
	 (e) details of any items given to or seized by a police officer under section 141W;
	(f) details of any actions taken by a police officer in relation to the order under division 4, including any noncompliance with the division by a police officer in taking the action;
	 (g) details of any firearms or firearm related items seized by a police officer in exercising powers in relation to the order under division 4;
	(h) details of any charges made against the individual under this Act;
	 details of any charges made against the individual under another Act arising from a search under division 4.
(4)	The commissioner must ensure the public interest monitor has access to the register for the purpose of performing the monitor's functions under the <i>Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000</i> , chapter 21, part 5.
(5)	In this section—
	<i>public interest monitor</i> means the public interest monitor appointed under the <i>Police Powers and</i> <i>Responsibilities Act 2000</i> , section 740.

Despite the *Police Service Administration Act 1990*, section 4.10(1), the commissioner may
 delegate the commissioner's powers under
 33

[s 74]

		section 141G to a police officer of at least the rank of superintendent only.
		Note—
		Under the <i>Police Service Administration Act 1990</i> , section 4.10, the commissioner has the power to delegate the commissioner's powers.
		(2) Despite the Police Service Administration Activity 1990, section 4.10(3), a delegation of the commissioner's powers under section 141G may not permit the subdelegation of the power to another person.
Clause	74	Amendment of s 142 (Right to apply for review of decisions)
		Section 142(2)—
		insert—
		Note—
		For appeal rights in relation to firearm prohibition orders, see part 5A, division 6.
Clause	75	Amendment of s 164 (Service of notice, orders etc.)
		Section 164(1), after 'this Act'—
		insert—
		, other than a firearm prohibition order,
Clause	76	Insertion of new s 168E
		After section 168D—
		insert—
		168E Review of pt 5A
		 (1) The Minister must arrange an independent interim review of the operation and effectiveness of part 5A as soon as practicable after the day that is 2

[s 77]

(2)	Also, the Minister must arrange a further independent review of the operation and effectiveness of part 5A as soon as practicable after the day that is 5 years after the day the part commences.	1 2 3 4 5
(3)	The terms of reference for each review must include reviewing—	6 7
	 (a) the effectiveness of part 5A in achieving the purpose of the part and in preventing the acquisition, possession and use of firearms and firearm related items by persons subject to firearm prohibition orders; and 	8 9 10 11 12
	 (b) the effectiveness and appropriateness of part 5A compared to firearm prohibition order schemes in other jurisdictions; and 	13 14 15
	(c) the effectiveness and appropriateness of the exercise of powers under part 5A, division 4.	16 17 18
(4)	As soon as practicable after each review is finished, the Minister must table in the Legislative Assembly a copy of the review.	19 20 21
77 Insertion of ne	ew pt 8, div 9	22
Part 8—		23
insert—		24
Divisio	on 9 Transitional provisions for	25
	Queensland Community	26
	Safety Act 2024	27
196 Def	inition for division	28
	In this division—	29
	<i>new</i> , for a provision of this Act, means the provision as in force from the commencement.	30 31

Clause

[s 77]

197 Exi	sting applications relating to licences	1
(1)	This section applies to an application made, but not decided, under former part 2 before the commencement.	2 3 4
(2)	The application is taken to be an application under new part 2.	5 6
(3)	Anything done in relation to the application under the Act before the commencement is taken to have been done in relation to the application under the Act as in force from the commencement.	7 8 9 10 11
(4)	In this section—	12
	<i>former part 2</i> means part 2 as in force from time to time before the commencement.	13 14
198 Exi	sting reviews of decisions	15
(1)	This section applies if—	16
	 (a) before the commencement, a person applied for a review of a decision in relation to a licence under section 142(1)(a), (aa) or (e); and 	17 18 19 20
	(b) immediately before the commencement, the review had not been decided.	21 22
(2)	In hearing or deciding the review, or any proceeding relating to the review, this Act as in force from the commencement applies.	23 24 25
	vising of particular events happening ore commencement	26 27
(1)	This section applies in relation to a licence in effect immediately before the commencement if—	28 29 30

		[s 77]	
	(a)		1 2 3
	(b)	commences, the licensee or the licensee's	4 5 6
			7 8
		in relation to a conviction for a class A serious offence or a class B serious	9 10 11 12
		in relation to a conviction for a class A serious offence or a class B serious	13 14 15 16
	(c)	the licensee's representative was charged with a serious offence and the charge has not	17 18 19 20
(2)	Nev as if	11	21 22
	(a)	being a disqualified person, or the happening of an event mentioned in subsection (1)(b) or (c), were a change	23 24 25 26 27
	(b)	days of the happening of an event mentioned in section 24(2) were a reference to within 90 days after the day this section	28 29 30 31 32
	Note	<u>-</u>	33
		•	34 35

Queensland Community Safety Bill 2024 Part 2 Amendments relating to online criminal content, vehicles and weapons

[s 78]

Clause 78

(3)	For subsection (1), it is irrelevant whether or not the conviction is a spent conviction, provided the conviction is recorded.	1 2 3
Insertion of ne	ew sch 1AA	4
Before sche	edule 1—	5
insert—		6
Schee	dule 1AA Class B serious offences	7 8
	section 5B	9

This Act

Section	Section heading	Circumstance	
50(1)	Possession of weapons	if paragraph (a), (b) or (c)(i) or (ii) of the penalty applies to the offence	
50B(1)	Unlawful supply of weapons		
61	Shortening firearms		
63	Altering identification marks of weapons	of	
65(1)	Unlawful trafficking in weapons		
Corrective Services Act 2006			
Section	Section heading	Circumstance	

122(2) Unlawful assembly, riot and mutiny

Criminal Code				
Section	Section heading	Circumstance		
61	Riot			
69	Going armed so as to cause fear			
75	Threatening violence			
76	Recruiting person to become participant in criminal organisation			
77B	Habitually consorting with recognised offenders			
80	Crime of piracy			
119B	Retaliation against or intimidation of judicial officer, juror, witness etc.			
142	Escape by persons in lawful custody			
210	Indecent treatment of children under 16			
213	Owner etc. permitting abuse of children on premises			
215	Engaging in penile intercourse with child under 16	if the person who committed the offence was an adult when the offence was committed		
216	Abuse of persons with an impairment of the mind			
217	Procuring young person etc. for penile intercourse			
218	Procuring sexual acts by coercion etc.			
218A	Using internet etc. to procure children under 16			

Section	Section heading	Circumstance
218B	Grooming child under 16 years or parent or carer of child under 16 years	
219	Taking child for immoral purposes	
221	Conspiracy to defile	
222	Incest	
228A	Involving child in making child exploitation material	
228B	Making child exploitation material	
228C	Distributing child exploitation material	
228D	Possessing child exploitation material	
228DA	Administering child exploitation material website	
228DB	Encouraging use of child exploitation material website	
228DC	Distributing information about avoiding detection	
228I	Producing or supplying child abuse object	
228J	Possessing child abuse object	
229B	Repeated sexual conduct with a child	l
306	Attempt to murder	
307	Accessory after the fact to murder	
308	Threats to murder in document	
309	Conspiring to murder	

Section	Section heading	Circumstance
313	Killing unborn child	
314A	Unlawful striking causing death	
315	Disabling in order to commit indictable offence	
315A	Choking, suffocation or strangulation in a domestic setting	
316	Stupefying in order to commit indictable offence	
317	Acts intended to cause grievous bodily harm and other malicious acts	
317A(1)	Carrying or sending dangerous goods in a vehicle	
318	Obstructing rescue or escape from unsafe premises	
319	Endangering the safety of a person in a vehicle with intent	
320A	Torture	
321	Attempting to injure by explosive or noxious substances	
321A	Bomb hoaxes	
322	Administering poison with intent to harm	
324	Failure to supply necessaries	
326	Endangering life of children by exposure	

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Section	Section heading	Circumstance
328A	Dangerous operation of a vehicle	if the Criminal Code, section 328A(2), (3) or (4) applies to the offence
339	Assaults occasioning bodily harm	if the Criminal Code, section 339(3) applies to the offence or the offence is a domestic violence offence under the Criminal Code, section 1
340	Serious assaults	
349	Rape	
350	Attempt to commit rape	
351	Assault with intent to commit rape	
352	Sexual assaults	
354	Kidnapping	
354A	Kidnapping for ransom	
359E	Punishment of unlawful stalking, intimidation, harassment or abuse	
363	Child-stealing	
363A	Abduction of child under 16	
364	Cruelty to children under 16	
398	Punishment of stealing	if the Criminal Code, section 398, punishment in special cases, item 14 or 15 applies to the offence

[s 78]

Section	Section heading	Circumstance			
411	Punishment of robbery	if the offence is not a class A serious offence			
412	Attempted robbery				
413	Assault with intent to steal				
414	Demanding property with menaces with intent to steal				
415	Extortion				
417A	Taking control of aircraft				
419	Burglary	if the Criminal Code, section 419(3) or (5) applies to the offence			
433	Receiving tainted property	if the Criminal Code, section 433(1), penalty, paragraph (b) applies to the offence			
461	Arson				
469A	Sabotage and threatening sabotage				
470	Attempts to destroy property by explosives				
470A	Unlawful dealing with explosive or noxious substances				
Domestic and Family Violence Protection Act 2012					
Section	Section heading	Circumstance			
177(2)	Contravention of domestic violence order	if paragraph (a) of the penalty applies to the offence			

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Drugs Misuse Act 1986

Section	Section heading	Circumstance
5(1)	Trafficking in dangerous drugs	
6(1)	Supplying dangerous drugs	
7(1) or (2)	Receiving or possessing property obtained from trafficking or supplying	
8(1)	Producing dangerous drugs	
8A	Publishing or possessing instructions for producing dangerous drugs	
9(1)	Possessing dangerous drugs	if paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of the penalty applies to the offence
10B(1)	Possession of a prohibited combination of items	
11(1)	Permitting use of place	

Summary Offences Act 2005

Section	Section heading	Circumstance
10C(1) or (2)	Wearing or carrying prohibited item in a public place	

Clause 79 Amendment of sch 2 (Dictionary)

- (1) Schedule 2, definitions *court*, *criminal history*, *firearm*, 2
 prohibited person and *vehicle*—
 omit.
- (2) Schedule 2—

insert-

appellate court, for part 5A, division 6, see 7

1

5

6

	[s 79]	
section 1	41ZN.	1
class A s	erious offence see section 5A.	2
class B s	erious offence see section 5B.	3
class C s	erious offence see section 5C.	4
	<i>d</i> means found guilty, or having a plea of cepted, by a court.	5 6
court—		7
(a) for	part 5A—see section 141D; or	8
(b) othe	erwise—means the Magistrates Court.	9
<i>criminal</i> section 1	<i>history</i> , of a person, for part 5A, see 41D.	10 11
disqualif	fied person see section 5D.	12
firearm–	_	13
1 Gen	nerally, <i>firearm</i> means—	14
(a)	a gun or other thing ordinarily described as a firearm; or	15 16
(b)	a thing ordinarily described as a weapon that, if used in the way for which it was designed or adapted, is capable of being aimed at a target and causing death or injury by discharging—	17 18 19 20 21 22
	(i) a projectile; or	23
	(ii) noxious, corrosive or irritant liquid, powder, gas, chemical or other substance; or	24 25 26
(c)	a thing that would be a firearm mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) if it were not temporarily inoperable or incomplete; or	27 28 29 30
(d)	a major component part of a firearm.	31

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[s 79]

2	Hov	vever, the term does not include—	1
	(a)	an antique firearm, explosive tool, captive bolt humane killer, spear gun, longbow or crossbow; or	2 3 4
	(b)	a replica of a spear gun, longbow or crossbow; or	5 6
	(c)	a slingshot, shanghai or sword; or	7
	(d)	a public monument.	8
3	For	part 5A, see also section 141D.	9
fire	arm p	prohibition order see section 141D.	10
fire	arm 1	related item see section 141D.	11
		bly suspects means suspects on grounds easonable in the circumstances.	12 13
		<i>offence</i> means a class A serious offence, erious offence or class C serious offence.	14 15
sup	ervisi	ion order—	16
(a)	of Aus	another jurisdiction, or made by an another jurisdiction, or made by an atralian court, that subjects a person to ervision, including, for example—	17 18 19 20
	(i)	a community based order under the <i>Penalties and Sentences Act 1992</i> ; or	21 22
	(ii)	a community based order or supervised release order under the <i>Youth Justice</i> <i>Act 1992</i> ; or	23 24 25
	(iii)	a parole order under the <i>Corrective</i> Services Act 2006; but	26 27
(b)		s not include a division 3 order under the agerous Prisoners (Sexual Offenders) Act 3.	28 29 30
		<i>ion notification</i> means a notification der section 71(3).	31 32

Queensland Community Safety Bill 2024 Part 3 Amendments relating to enhanced police responses

				[s 80]	
			veh	icle—	1
			(a)	for part 5A, division 4—see section 141ZC; or	2 3
			(b)	otherwise-includes any aircraft or vessel.	4
	(3)	Schedule 2	, defi	nition representative, after 'and 140'—	5
		insert—			6
			and	part 5A	7
	(4)	Schedule 2	, defi	nition restricted item, 'section 67(8)'—	8
		omit, insert	t—		9
			sect	ion 67(9)	10
	Part 3			nendments relating to hanced police responses	11 12
	Division	1		vice of documents and related tters	13 14
	Subdivis	sion 1		endment of Corrective Services	15 16
Clause	80 Ac	t amended			17
		This subdiv	vision	amends the Corrective Services Act 2006.	18
Clause	81 Ins	ertion of n	ew s	s 348A and 348B	19
		After section	on 34	8—	20
		insert—			21
		348A A	ppro	ved corrective services facilities	22
		(1)		chief executive may approve a corrective vices facility for service of documents under	23 24

[s 82]

	section 348B.	1
(2)	The chief executive must publish an approval under subsection (1) on the department's website.	2 3
	ersonal service of documents in particular cumstances	4 5
(1)	This section applies if—	6
	 (a) a police officer is required or permitted under the <i>Domestic and Family Violence</i> <i>Protection Act 2012</i> to personally serve a document on a person; and 	7 8 9 10
	(b) the person is a prisoner detained in a corrective services facility approved under section 348A(1); and	11 12 13
	(c) the chief executive agrees, under an arrangement between the chief executive and the police commissioner, to receive the document.	14 15 16 17
(2)	The chief executive must personally serve the document on the person.	18 19
(3)	Unless the contrary is proved, for the <i>Domestic</i> and Family Violence Protection Act 2012, the document is taken to be personally served on the person on the day the document is served by the chief executive.	20 21 22 23 24
(4)	This section does not prevent a police officer from personally serving the document on the person under the <i>Domestic and Family Violence Protection Act 2012.</i>	25 26 27 28
Amendment o	f s 351 (Evidentiary aids)	29
Section 351	1(3)—	30
insert—		31

Clause 82

					[s 83]	
				(j)	the chief executive, on a stated day or during a stated period, personally served a document on a person under section 348B.	1 2 3
	Sub	divis	sion 2		endment of Police Powers and sponsibilities Act 2000	4 5
Clause	83	Ac	t amended			6
			This sub <i>Responsibi</i>	divisi <i>lities</i>		7 8
			Note—			9
			See also the	ne ame	endments in schedule 1.	10
Clause	84		nendment o rning for co		3BAC (Police powers for giving official rting)	11 12
		(1)	Section 53	BAC	(6)—	13
			omit, inser	t—		14
			(6)	give per form	ess the contrary is proved, an approved form en by post is taken to have been received by the son to whom the form was addressed when the m would have been delivered in the ordinary rse of post.	15 16 17 18 19
		(2)	Section 53	BAC	(9), definition <i>prescribed way</i> —	20
			omit, insert	t—		21
				-	scribed way, for giving an approved form to a son, means—	22 23
				(a)	personally serving the form on the person; or	24 25
				(b)	sending the form by post or certified mail to the person at the last known or usual place of residence or business of the person or the last known or usual postal address of the person.	26 27 28 29 30

Queensland Community Safety Bill 2024 Part 3 Amendments relating to enhanced police responses

[s 85]

Clause	85	Insertion of new ch 23, pts 1AA and 1AB After section 789B—					
		insert— Part 1/	AA	Electronic service of documents	3 4 5		
		789C Ap	plication	of part	6		
			responsibil or another officer to p on a persor <i>Note</i> —	applies in relation to any power or ity a police officer has under this Act Act that permits or requires the police ersonally serve a prescribed document h.	7 8 9 10 11 12 13		
		789D Det	finitions f	or part	14		
			In this part		15		
			L	<i>document</i> means a document in schedule 5A.	16 17		
				<i>cument</i> means a document to which a ven under this part applies under DI.	18 19 20		
			ving doci municatio	uments by electronic	21 22		
			on a person a unique el (a) the p	ficer may serve a prescribed document n by electronic communication sent to ectronic address of the person if— police officer reasonably believes,	23 24 25 26		
			having	g regard to the circumstances—	27		

	(i)	the electronic communication will be received by the person within a reasonable time; and	1 2 3
	(ii)	the electronic communication would be readily accessible by the person so as to make the document useable by subsequent reference; and	4 5 6 7
	(iii)	it is appropriate to do so in the circumstances given the purpose and effect of the document; and	8 9 10
(b)	effo	police officer has made a reasonable rt to ensure the person understands the pose and effect of the document; and	11 12 13
(c)	for	person has given consent under this part service of the document by electronic imunication; and	14 15 16
(d)		person's consent has not ceased to have ct under section 789J; and	17 18
(e)	unic	person has nominated the person's que electronic address for service by tronic communication.	19 20 21
docu com unic	umen mun jue el	e police officer may serve a related t on the person by electronic ication sent to the person's nominated lectronic address if the person's consent eased to have effect under section 789J.	22 23 24 25 26
pres pers	cribe on u	t, the police officer must not serve the ad document or related document on a under this section if the police officer ly suspects the person is—	27 28 29 30
(a)	a ch	ild under 16 years; or	31
(b)	a pe	rson with impaired capacity.	32
This fron		tion does not prevent a police officer	33 34

(2)

(3)

(4)

	(a) personally serving the prescribed document or related document on the person; or	1 2
	(b) serving the prescribed document or related document on a lawyer acting for the person in a proceeding.	3 4 5
	hen service by electronic communication is ected	6 7
(1)	This section applies if a police officer serves a prescribed document or related document on a person under section 789E.	8 9 10
(2)	Unless the contrary is proved, for this Act and any other Act, the prescribed document or related document is taken to be personally served on the person on the day and at the time the document was sent by electronic communication to the person's nominated unique electronic address.	11 12 13 14 15 16
	onsent for service by electronic nmunication	17 18
(1)	Before asking a person to give consent for service of a prescribed document by electronic communication, a police officer must ensure the person is given the explanation required under section 789H.	19 20 21 22 23
(2)	A person may give consent only in the presence of a police officer in accordance with this part.	24 25
	atters relating to consent for service by ctronic communication	26 27
(1)	For section 789G, a police officer must explain each of the following matters to the person—	28 29
	(a) the purpose and effect of the prescribed document;	30 31

[s 85]

	(b)	circu	reasonably imstances, wh ided in the cor	at related			the are	1 2 3
	(c)	the r	nature of the co	onsent;				4
	(d)	that	the person mag	y refuse to	give	conse	nt;	5
	(e)	may	if the person withdraw the en notice give	ne person	's co	onsent	by	6 7 8
	(f)	pers	if the person on's consent, t on the earlie	he consen				9 10 11
		(i)	6 months after given; or	er the day	the o	conser	nt is	12 13
		(ii)	if the person is services fac centre—the d or	cility or	a	deten	tion	14 15 16 17
		(iii)	if the perso authorised m public sector under the <i>Mer</i> day the person	nental hea health health	alth s servic <i>h Act 2</i>	ervice e fac	ility	18 19 20 21 22
(2)		-	e officer may g ally or in the a	-	-	tion to	o the	23 24
(3)	pers lang	son or guage	ice officer giv ally, the expla or in a wa od by the perso	nation mu ay likely	st be	given	in a	25 26 27 28
l Co	nser	nt app	olies to relate	ed docur	nents	6		29
(1)	serv	vice o	on applies if a frescribed cation under the second se	documer				30 31 32
(2)	If a	proce	eding under a	n Act is st	arted	in rela	tion	33

789I

[s 85]

to the prescribed document, or for another matter 1 arising from the circumstances stated in the 2 3 document, the consent given by the person applies to any document permitted or required to be 4 served for the proceeding. 5

6

7

8

9

10

Also, if an Act permits or requires a document to (3)be served in relation to a matter stated in the prescribed document, the consent applies to the document.

789J Withdrawal of consent etc.

- A person may by written notice given to the (1)11 commissioner withdraw the person's consent for 12 service of a prescribed document and any related 13 document by electronic communication under 14 this part. 15 (2)The person's consent ceases to have effect for this 16 part in relation to the prescribed document and 17 any related document when the commissioner 18 receives the notice. 19 (3)Also, if the person's consent is not withdrawn 20under subsection (1), the consent ceases to have 21 effect for this part on the earliest of— 22 6 months after the day the consent is given; (a) 23 or 24 (b) if the person is detained in a corrective 25 services facility or a detention centre-the 26 day the person is detained; or 27 (c) if the person is detained in an authorised 28 mental health service or public sector health 29
 - service facility under the Mental Health Act 30 2016—the day the person is detained. 31
- Subsection (5) applies if— (4) 32
 - (a) the person's consent ceases to have effect 33 for this part; and 34

	[s 85]	
	(b) before the consent ceases to have effect, a document is served on a person under section 789E.	1 2 3
(5)	The service of the document on the person under section 789E is not invalid merely because the person's consent ceased to have effect after service was effected.	4 5 6 7
	ecord of explanation, consent and unique ctronic address	8 9
(1)	This section applies if a person gives consent for service of a prescribed document by electronic communication under this part in the presence of a police officer.	10 11 12 13
(2)	The police officer must ensure all of the following matters are recorded—	14 15
	(a) the explanation given to the person under section 789H;	16 17
	(b) the person's consent;	18
	(c) the person's nominated unique electronic address and an acknowledgement by the person of that address.	19 20 21
(3)	One or more of the matters mentioned in subsection (2) may be given orally and recorded electronically.	22 23 24
(4)	If the person's consent is only in writing, the police officer must ensure that the person's consent is signed by the person.	25 26 27
789L Ev	videntiary provision	28
	For a proceeding under an Act, a certificate signed by the commissioner stating any of the following matters is evidence of what it states, unless the	29 30 31

32

contrary is proved-

[s 85]

(b) the police officer complied with sections 789E, 789G and 789K. 5 7 Part 1AB Electronically signing documents 8 789M Approved method for electronically signing documents 10 (1) The commissioner may approve a method for electronically signing a document under section 789N. 10 (2) The commissioner must be satisfied, having regard to all the circumstances, that the method approved under this section is a reliable method for identifying a signatory of a document. 11 (3) Also, the commissioner must not approve a method prescribed under the Oaths Act 1867, section 13A as a method that is not an accepted method. 23 789N Police officers may electronically sign documents 23 (1) This section applies if, in the performance of a police officer's duty, the officer is required or permitted under this Act or another Act to sign a document. 23 Note— 29 See also sections 11 and 12 30		 (a) a prescribed or related document is, or was, on a stated day sent by the police officer to a person's nominated unique electronic address; 	1 2 3 4
documents 9 789M Approved method for electronically signing 10 (1) The commissioner may approve a method for electronically signing a document under section 789N. 11 (2) The commissioner must be satisfied, having regard to all the circumstances, that the method approved under this section is a reliable method for identifying a signatory of a document. 16 (3) Also, the commissioner must not approve a method prescribed under the <i>Oaths Act 1867</i> , 20 section 13A as a method that is not an accepted method. 23 789N Police officers may electronically sign documents 23 (1) This section applies if, in the performance of a police officer's duty, the officer is required or permitted under this Act or another Act to sign a document. 23 Note— 29			6
documents11(1) The commissioner may approve a method for electronically signing a document under section 789N.12(2) The commissioner must be satisfied, having regard to all the circumstances, that the method approved under this section is a reliable method for identifying a signatory of a document.15(3) Also, the commissioner must not approve a method prescribed under the Oaths Act 1867, section 13A as a method that is not an accepted method.19 789N Police officers may electronically sign documents23(1) This section applies if, in the performance of a police officer's duty, the officer is required or permitted under this Act or another Act to sign a document.23Note—29	Part 1		-
 electronically signing a document under section 13 789N. (2) The commissioner must be satisfied, having regard to all the circumstances, that the method 16 approved under this section is a reliable method 17 for identifying a signatory of a document. (3) Also, the commissioner must not approve a 19 method prescribed under the <i>Oaths Act 1867</i>, 20 section 13A as a method that is not an accepted 21 method. 789N Police officers may electronically sign documents (1) This section applies if, in the performance of a police officer's duty, the officer is required or permitted under this Act or another Act to sign a document. Note— 			
 regard to all the circumstances, that the method approved under this section is a reliable method for identifying a signatory of a document. (3) Also, the commissioner must not approve a method prescribed under the <i>Oaths Act 1867</i>, 20 section 13A as a method that is not an accepted method. 789N Police officers may electronically sign documents (1) This section applies if, in the performance of a police officer's duty, the officer is required or permitted under this Act or another Act to sign a document. Note— 	(1)	electronically signing a document under section	13
method prescribed under the Oaths Act 1867, section 13A as a method that is not an accepted method.20789N Police officers may electronically sign documents23(1) This section applies if, in the performance of a police officer's duty, the officer is required or permitted under this Act or another Act to sign a document.23Note—29	(2)	regard to all the circumstances, that the method approved under this section is a reliable method	16 17
documents24(1) This section applies if, in the performance of a police officer's duty, the officer is required or permitted under this Act or another Act to sign a document.25 	(3)	method prescribed under the <i>Oaths Act 1867</i> , section 13A as a method that is not an accepted	20 21
police officer's duty, the officer is required or permitted under this Act or another Act to sign a document.26 27 			
	(1)	police officer's duty, the officer is required or permitted under this Act or another Act to sign a document.	26 27 28
		Note— See also sections 11 and 12.	29 30

			[\$ 86]	
		(2)	The police officer may electronically sign the document using a method approved under section 789M.	1 2 3
		(3)	Unless the contrary is proved, for this Act and any other Act, a document electronically signed by a police officer under this section is taken to be a document signed by the police officer.	4 5 6 7
Clause 8	36 A	Amendment o	f s 804 (Compensation)	8
		Section 804	I	9
		insert—		10
		(8)	The Minister may delegate the Minister's powers under this section to the commissioner.	11 12
Clause 8	37 F	Renumbering	of ch 23, pts 1A–2	13
		Chapter 23	, parts 1A to 2—	14
		renumber a	s chapter 23, parts 1 to 5.	13
Clause 8	38 I	nsertion of ne	ew sch 5A	16
		After sched	lule 5—	17
		insert—		18
		Schee	dule 5A Prescribed documents	19
			for service by	20
			electronic	21
			communication	

section 789D, definition *prescribed document* 23

1 an official warning for consorting

2	a notice to appear
3	an initial police banning notice
4	an application, or a copy of the application, under the <i>Domestic and Family Violence Protection Act 2012</i> , section 32(1), 86(1), 118(1), 129(1), or 129(2)
5	a police protection notice
6	a statement of matters relating to a police protection notice under the <i>Domestic and Family Violence</i> <i>Protection Act 2012</i> , section 111
7	a copy of release conditions under the <i>Domestic and</i> <i>Family Violence Protection Act 2012</i> , section 125
8	a temporary protection order, or a copy of the order, under the <i>Domestic and Family Violence Protection</i> <i>Act 2012</i>
9	a domestic violence order, or a copy of the order, under the <i>Domestic and Family Violence Protection</i> <i>Act 2012</i>
10	a varied order, or a copy of the order, under the Domestic and Family Violence Protection Act 2012
11	an intervention order, or a copy of the order, under the <i>Domestic and Family Violence Protection Act 2012</i>
12	a notice of proceedings under the <i>Domestic and</i> <i>Family Violence Protection Act 2012</i>
Amendr	nent of sch 6 (Dictionary)
Sche	edule 6—
inser	rt—
	<i>prescribed document</i> , for chapter 23, part 2, see section 789D.

related document, for chapter 23, part 2, see 6

Clause 89

				[s 90]	
			sect	ion 789D.	1
	Divis	sion 2		oning and low-range nk-driving	2 3
	Subo	division 1		endment of Summary Offences	4 5
Clause	90	Act amended			6
		This subdiv	visior	amends the Summary Offences Act 2005.	7
Clause	91			19C (Unlawful conduct associated with ing, burn out or other hooning offence)	8 9
		Section 19	С—		10
		omit, inser	t—		11
				Il conduct associated with commission g, burn out or other hooning offence	12 13
		(1)	A p	erson must not—	14
			(a)	participate in a hooning group activity; or	15
			(b)	without reasonable excuse, spectate a hooning group activity; or	16 17
			(c)	organise, promote or encourage the doing of a thing mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) by someone else; or	18 19 20
			(d)	for a purpose mentioned in paragraph (c), photograph or film, or publish a photograph or film of, a motor vehicle being used to commit a racing, burn out or other hooning offence.	21 22 23 24 25
				ximum penalty—40 penalty units or 1 year's risonment.	26 27

[s 91]

(2)	A driver of a motor vehicle who commits a racing, burn out or other hooning offence may not be convicted of both—						
	(a)	an offence against subsection (1)(a) for participating in a hooning group activity by committing the racing, burn out or other hooning offence; and	4 5 6 7				
	(b)	the racing, burn out or other hooning offence.	8 9				
(3)	excu reas	hout limiting what may be a reasonable use for subsection (1)(b), a person has a onable excuse for spectating a hooning group vity if—	10 11 12 13				
	(a)	the person is a journalist gathering information for the purpose of journalism; or	14 15 16				
	(b)	the person is gathering information for the purpose of reporting the information to the police.	17 18 19				
(4)	In th	nis section—	20				
	gath	nering includes recording.	21				
	invo	<i>ning group activity</i> means a group activity olving a motor vehicle being used to commit a ng, burn out or other hooning offence.	22 23 24				
	spec	ctate a hooning group activity—	25				
	(a)	means remain at the place where the activity is being carried on and watch the activity; and	26 27 28				
	(b)	does not include, for a person moving through or past the place where the activity is being carried on, stop momentarily to watch the activity before moving on.	29 30 31 32				

					[s 92]	
	Subo	divis	aion 2	Ор	nendment of Transport erations (Road Use Management) t 1995	1 2 3
Clause	92	Ac	t amended	l		4
			This subdi Managem		n amends the Transport Operations (Road Use ct 1995.	5 6
Clause	93		endment over licence		78 (Driving of motor vehicle without a hibited)	7 8
		(1)	Section 78	8(1), p	enalty, paragraph (a), after 'disqualified,'—	9
			insert—			10
				und	ler section 79I or	11
		(2)	Section 78	8(3), a	fter paragraph (a)—	12
			insert—			13
				(aa)) if the person committed the offence while the person was disqualified, under section 79I, from holding or obtaining a Queensland driver licence—a period, of at least 2 years but not more than 5 years, decided by the court;	14 15 16 17 18 19
		(3)	Section 78	B(3)(a)	, (i) and (j), 'for a period'—	20
			omit, inser	rt—		21
				a pe	eriod	22
		(4)	Section 78	B(3A)-	_	23
			omit, inser	rt—		24
			(3A)	For	subsection (3)—	25
				(a)	if the circumstances mentioned in paragraph (a) and another paragraph of the subsection exist—the court must apply paragraph (a); and	26 27 28 29

[s 94]

		(b) if the circumstances mentioned in paragraph(aa) and another paragraph, other than paragraph (a), of the subsection exist—the court must apply paragraph (aa).	1 2 3 4
	(5)	Section 78(6), definition disqualified driver-	5
		insert—	6
		(ba) who is disqualified from holding or obtaining a Queensland driver licence under section 79I; or	7 8 9
Clause 94		nendment of s 79 (Vehicle offences involving liquor or ner drugs)	10 11
	(1)	Section 79(1), 'penalty not exceeding 28 penalty units or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 9 months'—	12 13
		omit, insert—	14
		maximum penalty of 40 penalty units or 9 months imprisonment	15 16
	(2)	Section 79(1A), (1B), (1E) and (2I), '60 penalty units'	17
		omit, insert—	18
		72 penalty units	19
	(3)	Section 79(1D), 'penalty not exceeding 30 penalty units or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 1 year'—	20 21
		omit, insert—	22
		maximum penalty of 42 penalty units or 1 year's imprisonment	23 24
	(4)	Section 79(1F), 'penalty not exceeding 20 penalty units or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months'—	25 26
		omit, insert—	27
		maximum penalty of 28 penalty units or 6 months imprisonment	28 29

		[s 94]	
A), (2B) and (2D), 'to imprisonment for		-	1 2 3
			4
timum penalty of 20 risonment	penalty unit	s or 3 months	5 6
), 'penalty not excee for a term not excee		•	7 8
			9
timum penalty of 14 risonment	penalty unit	s or 3 months	1 1
'penalty not exceedi r a term not exceedi		•	1 1
			1
timum penalty of 28 risonment	penalty unit	s or 6 months	1 1
'penalty not exceedi r a term not exceedin		•	1 1
			1
timum penalty of 36 risonment	penalty unit	s or 9 months	2 2
'penalty not exceedi r a term not exceedin	• •	•	2 2
			2
timum penalty of 42 risonment	penalty uni	ts or 1 year's	2 2
penalty, '20 penalty u	units'—		2
			2
benalty units			2
and (2L), penalty, '14	4 penalty un	its'—	3
			3

[s 95]

				20 p	benalty units	1
Clause	95		endment c qualificatio		9B (Immediate suspension or	2 3
		(1)	Section 79	B(1)-	-	4
			insert—			5
				(e)	charged with a drink driving offence after being served with an infringement notice under section 79H for another offence but before the administrative disqualification of the person starts.	6 7 8 9 10
		(2)	Section 79	B(7)-	_	11
			insert—			12
				drin	<i>k driving offence</i> see section 79H(4).	13
Clause	96	Ins	ertion of n	ew s	s 79H to 79J	14
			After section	on 79	G—	15
			insert—			16
			gei	neral	ment notices for driving while over alcohol limit but not over middle limit	17 18 19
			(1)	for	infringement notice may be served on a person a contravention of section 79(2)(a) or (b) to the ent it involves a motor vehicle only if—	20 21 22
				(a)	the person has not, within 5 years before the contravention, committed a drink driving offence; and	23 24 25
				(b)	the person holds a Queensland driver licence authorising the person to drive the vehicle on the road.	26 27 28
			(2)	serv	vever, an infringement notice can not be red on a person for a contravention of section 2)(a) or (b) if any of following circumstances	29 30 31

[s 96]

	apply-		1
	()	he motor vehicle is a motor vehicle nentioned in section 79(2C);	2 3
	(b) tl	he person is an interlock driver;	4
	(c) tl	he person's Queensland driver licence is—	5
	(1	i) a learner, probationary, provisional or restricted licence; or	6 7
	(i	ii) a driver licence receipt for a learner, probationary, provisional or restricted licence.	8 9 10
(3)	notice	authorised person who serves the gement notice must, when the infringement is served, also give the person a written that states the following matters—	11 12 13 14
	(a) tl	he name of the person;	15
		he details of the infringement notice served on the person;	16 17
	s C n n t	hat the person will be disqualified under ection 79I from holding or obtaining a Queensland driver licence for a period of 2 nonths unless the person elects to have the natter decided in a Magistrates Court under he <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i> , ection 22(1)(b);	18 19 20 21 22 23 24
	7 s	f the person is disqualified under section 9I—that the period of disqualification will tart on the day that is 28 clear days after the late of the infringement notice;	25 26 27 28
	(e) a	ny other matter prescribed by regulation.	29
(4)	In this	s section—	30
		<i>rised person</i> see the <i>State Penalties cement Act 1999</i> , schedule 2.	31 32
	drink	driving offence means any of the	33

[s 9	96]
------	-----

	follo	owing—	1
	(a)	an offence against section 79(1), involving a motor vehicle, while under the influence of liquor;	2 3 4
	(b)	an offence against section 79(1F) or (2) involving a motor vehicle;	5 6
	(c)	an offence against section 79(2A), (2B), (2J), (2K) or (2L);	7 8
	(d)	an offence under section 80(11), involving a motor vehicle, in relation to failing to provide—	9 10 11
		(i) a specimen of breath for analysis; or	12
		 (ii) a specimen of blood for a laboratory test if the requisition to which the failure relates was made for the purpose of determining the concentration of alcohol (if any) in the person's blood; 	13 14 15 16 17 18
	(e)	an offence against the Criminal Code, section 328A(1) or (4), involving a motor vehicle, when accompanied by the circumstance of aggravation that at the time of committing the offence the offender was adversely affected by alcohol.	19 20 21 22 23 24
whi	ile ov	strative disqualification for driving ver general alcohol limit but not over alcohol limit	25 26 27
(1)	infri	section applies if, under section 79H, an ngement notice is served on a person for a ravention of section $79(2)(a)$ or (b).	28 29 30
(2)	obta	person is disqualified from holding or ining a Queensland driver licence for a period months (the <i>administrative disqualification</i> <i>od</i>).	31 32 33 34

79I

[s 96]

(3)	The administrative disqualification period for the person starts on the day that is 28 clear days after the date of the infringement notice.	1 2 3
(1)	However, the memory is not discussified under	4

- (4) However, the person is not disqualified under 4 subsection (2) if either of the following 5 circumstances apply before the start of the 6 administrative disqualification period for the 7 person—
 - (a) the person elects to have the matter of the 9 offence decided in a Magistrates Court 10 under the *State Penalties Enforcement Act* 11 1999, section 22(1)(b); 12
 - (b) the infringement notice is cancelled or 13 withdrawn under the State Penalties 14 Enforcement Act 1999.
- (5) Also, if the person is disqualified under 16 subsection (2) and either of the following 17 circumstances apply, the administrative 18 disgualification period for the person 19 immediately ends-20
 - (a) the person elects under the *State Penalties* 21 *Enforcement Act 1999*, section 41(1)(c), 22
 51(1)(a) or 56(1)(d) to have the matter of the offence decided in a Magistrates Court; 24
 - (b) the infringement notice is cancelled or 25 withdrawn under the State Penalties 26 Enforcement Act 1999.
- (6) The chief executive must, as soon as practicable
 28 and before the administrative disqualification
 29 period for the person starts, give the person a
 30 written notice that states the following matters—
 31
 - (a) the name of the person; 32
 - (b) that the person will be disqualified under 33
 this section from holding or obtaining a 34
 Queensland driver licence for a period of 2 35
 months unless the person elects to have the 36

[s 96]

matter decided in a Magistrates Court under the <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i> , section 22(1)(b);	1 2 3
(c) a description of when the period of disqualification will start;	4 5
(d) that the person may be taken to be convicted of an offence under section 79(2)(a) or (b) under section 79J;	6 7 8
(e) any other matter prescribed by regulation.	9
Failure to comply with subsection (6) does not affect the validity of the disqualification of the person under this section nor anything done or not done in relation to the disqualification.	10 11 12 13
ect of administrative disqualification	14
This section applies in relation to an administrative disqualification of a person.	15 16
On the day the administrative disqualification period for the person starts, the person is taken to have been convicted of an offence against section $79(2)(a)$ or (b) for the purposes of—	17 18 19 20
(a) section 79, 86 or 87; and	21
(b) part 3A; and	22
(c) part 3B; and	23
 (d) section 127 as if the conviction of an offence against section 79(2)(a) or (b) under this section resulted in the person being disqualified. 	24 25 26 27
However, if the administrative disqualification of the person immediately ends under section 79I(5)—	28 29 30
(a) the person is taken not to have been convicted of the offence despite subsection (2); and	31 32 33
	 the <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>, section 22(1)(b); (c) a description of when the period of disqualification will start; (d) that the person may be taken to be convicted of an offence under section 79(2)(a) or (b) under section 79J; (e) any other matter prescribed by regulation. Failure to comply with subsection (6) does not affect the validity of the disqualification of the person under this section nor anything done or not done in relation to the disqualification. Ect of administrative disqualification This section applies in relation to an administrative disqualification of a person. On the day the administrative disqualification period for the person starts, the person is taken to have been convicted of an offence against section 79(2)(a) or (b) for the purposes of— (a) section 127 as if the conviction of an offence against section 79(2)(a) or (b) under this section 79(2)(a) or (b) under this section 79(2)(a) or (b) under this section resulted in the person being disqualified. However, if the administrative disqualification of the person immediately ends under section 79I(5)— (a) the person is taken not to have been convicted of the offence despite subsection

		[s 97]	
		(b) the person's Queensland driver licence is taken not to have been cancelled despite subsection (2) and section 127; and	1 2 3
		 (c) the person is entitled, if the person complied with section 130, to have the person's Queensland driver licence returned within a reasonable period. 	4 5 6 7
Clause	97	Omission of s 81 (Notices to offenders for certain first offences)	8 9
		Section 81—	10
		omit.	11
Clause	98	Amendment of s 86 (Disqualification of drivers of motor vehicles for certain offences)	12 13
		(1) Section 86(2)—	14
		insert—	15
		 (eb) if the person is convicted of an offence in relation to a motor vehicle against section 79(2)—for a period of not less than 2 months and not more than 9 months from the date of the conviction from holding or obtaining a Queensland driver licence; or 	16 17 18 19 20 21
		(2) Section 86(7), from 'under section 79B'—	22
		omit, insert—	23
		under section 79B or 79I, the court may take into account the period of suspension or disqualification that has already been served by the person under section 79B or 79I.	24 25 26 27
Clause	99	Amendment of s 90A (Definitions for ss 90B–90D)	28
		Section 90A, definition <i>relevant disqualifying provision</i> , paragraph (b), 'section 81'—	29 30

[s 100]

		omit, insert—	1
		section 79I	2
Clause	100	Amendment of s 90C (Cumulative periods of disqualification for acts done and offences committed at same time)	3 4 5
		(1) Section $90C(1)(b)(i)$, '81 or'—	6
		omit.	7
		(2) Section 90C(1)(c), 'section 78(3)(a) to'—	8
		omit, insert—	9
		section 78(3)(a), (b) to	10
Clause	101	Amendment of s 91D (Application of division)	11
		Section 91D(4), definition prescribed provision, '81(4)(b),'	12
		omit.	13
Clause	102	Amendment of s 91I (Definitions for pt 3B)	14
		Section 91I, heading 'pt 3B'—	15
		omit, insert—	16
		part	17
Clause	103	Amendment of s 91J (Persons to whom div 2 applies)	18
		(1) Section 91J, heading—	19
		omit, insert—	20
		91J Application of division	21
		(2) Section 91J(5), definition <i>prescribed provision</i> , '81(4)(b),'—	22
		omit.	23

		[s 104]	
Clause	104	Amendment of sch 4 (Dictionary)	1
		Schedule 4—	2
		insert—	3
		<i>administrative disqualification</i> , of a person from holding or obtaining a Queensland driver licence, means a disqualification of the person under section 79I.	5
		<i>administrative disqualification period</i> see section 79I(2).	8 9
	Divis	sion 3 Amendment of Domestic and Family Violence Protection Act 2012	10 11
Clause	105	Act amended	12
		This division amends the <i>Domestic and Family Violence</i> <i>Protection Act 2012.</i>	13 14
Clause	106	Amendment of s 19 (Meaning of <i>family relationship</i> and <i>relative</i>)	15 16
		Section 19(2), examples of an individual's relatives, 'child (including a child 18 years or more), stepchild'—	17 18
		omit, insert—	19
		son, daughter, step-son, step-daughter	20
Clause	107	Amendment of s 100 (Police officer must investigate domestic violence)	21 22
		(1) Section 100—	23
		insert—	24
		 (7) To remove any doubt, it is declared that if a police officer believes that domestic violence has been committed but is unable to take action under subsection (3) as result of section 22(2) or (4), this 	26 27

[s 108]

			resp take Crin	ion does not limit the police officer's onsibilities to investigate the matter, or to action, under another Act, including the ninal Code, the <i>Child Protection Act 1999</i> or <i>Youth Justice Act 1992</i> .	1 2 3 4 5
Clause	108	Amendment o	of s 10	05 (Form of police protection notice)	6
		Section 105	5(2)—	-	7
		omit, insert	·		8
		(2)	For	subsection (1)(j), the date must be—	9
			(a)	within 14 business days after the notice is issued; or	10 11
			(b)	if the local Magistrates Court for the respondent does not sit during the time mentioned in paragraph (a)—the court's next sitting date.	12 13 14 15
Clause	109	Amendment o	f s 10	69 (Powers of the appellate court)	16
		Section 169)		17
		insert—			18
		(3)	the a cour	appellate court may, on its own initiative or on application of a party to the proceeding, if the rt considers it necessary or desirable, make a porary protection order when the court —	19 20 21 22
			(a)	adjourns an appeal; or	23
			(b)	sets aside a decision and remits the matter under subsection (1)(d).	24 25
Clause	110	Amendment o		n (Dictionary)	26
		Schedule—			27
		Schedule—	-		21

[s 111]

				star	ıdard	conditions—	1
				(a)		elation to a domestic violence order, see ion 56; or	2 3
				(b)		elation to a police protection notice, see ion 106.	4 5
	Part	t 4		-	nen stice	dments relating to youth	6 7
	Divis	sion	1	Am 199		Iment of Childrens Court Act	8 9
Clause	111	Ac	t amended				10
			This divisi	on an	nends	the Childrens Court Act 1992.	11
Clause	112		nendment o oceeding)	ofs2	0 (W	ho may be present at a	12 13
		(1)	Section 20	(1)(c)			14
			omit, inser	t—			15
				(c)	if th	e proceeding is a criminal proceeding—	16
					(i)	a victim, or a relative of a deceased victim, of the offence alleged to have been committed by the child; or	17 18 19
					(ii)	a person who is a representative of a victim, or of a relative of a deceased victim, of the offence alleged to have been committed by the child; or	20 21 22 23
						Examples for subparagraph (ii)—	24
						 a person who provides support or assistance to a victim or a relative of a deceased victim 	25 26 27

[s 112]

		 a member of an organisation that is providing support or assistance to a victim, or a relative of a deceased victim, of an offence in relation to a proceeding for the offence (iii) a person who, in the court's opinion, has a proper interest in the proceeding; or 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
		(iv) an accredited media entity; or	9
(2)	Section 20(1)(g)—	10
	omit, insert	<u> </u>	11
		(g) a representative of the chief executive (child safety) or the chief executive (youth justice); or	12 13 14
(3)	Section 20((1)(da) to (i)—	15
	renumber a	s section 20(1)(e) to (l).	16
(4)	Section 20(2)—	17
	omit, insert	<u> </u>	18
	(2)	However, the court may, on application by a party to the proceeding or on its own initiative, make an order (an <i>exclusion order</i>) excluding from the room a person mentioned in subsection $(1)(c)(ii)$, (iii) or (iv) if the court is satisfied that the order is necessary—	19 20 21 22 23 24
		(a) to prevent prejudice to the proper administration of justice; or	25 26
		(b) for the safety of any person, including the child.	27 28
	(2A)	In considering whether to make the exclusion order, the court must consider the following matters—	29 30 31
		(a) the primacy of the principle of open justice;	32
		(b) the public interest;	33

		(c)	the youth justice principles under the Youth Justice Act 1992;	1 2
		(d)	the age of the child;	3
		(e)	any special vulnerabilities of the child;	4
		(f)	whether the child is unable to meaningfully participate in the proceeding because of the presence of the person proposed to be excluded by the exclusion order;	5 6 7 8
		(g)	the seriousness of the offence alleged to have been committed by the child;	9 10
		(h)	any cultural considerations relating to the child;	11 12
		(i)	whether the presence of the person proposed to be excluded by the exclusion order may prejudice any future court proceedings;	13 14 15
		(j)	any submissions made under subsection (4);	16
		(k)	any other matter the court considers relevant.	17 18
	(2B)		following persons may make submissions to court in relation to the making of the exclusion er—	19 20 21
		(a)	a party to the proceeding;	22
		(b)	a person proposed to be excluded by the exclusion order;	23 24
		(c)	another person mentioned in subsection (1), with the leave of the court.	25 26
(5)	Section 20(3)(a)	(ii)—	27
	omit, insert			28
		(ii)	research approved by the chief executive (child safety) or the chief executive (youth justice); or	29 30 31
(6)	Section 20(3)(c)-		32

[s 112]

	omit.		1
(7)	Section 20-	_	2
	insert—		3
	(3A)	Despite subsections (1) and (2), if the court is hearing a matter under the <i>Mental Health Act</i> 2016, section 172 or 173, the court must exclude from the room a person mentioned in subsection (1)(c) unless the court is satisfied it is in the interests of justice to permit the person to be present.	4 5 6 7 8 9 10
(8)	Section 20(6)—	11
	insert—		12
		<i>accredited media entity</i> means an entity listed as an accredited media entity in the Supreme Court's media accreditation policy.	13 14 15
		<i>chief executive (youth justice)</i> means the chief executive of the department in which the <i>Youth Justice Act 1992</i> is administered.	16 17 18
		<i>relative</i> , of a deceased victim of an offence alleged to have been committed by a child, means—	19 20 21
		 (a) a spouse, child, stepchild, parent, step-parent, sibling, step-sibling, aunt, uncle, grandparent or grandchild of the deceased victim; or 	22 23 24 25
		(b) a child, other than a child mentioned in paragraph (a), for whom the deceased victim had parental responsibility; or	26 27 28
		(c) a person who, under Aboriginal tradition or Island custom, is regarded as a person mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b).	29 30 31
		<i>Supreme Court's media accreditation policy</i> means the media accreditation policy in effect and made under or appended to a practice direction of	32 33 34

			[s 113]	
			the Supreme Court.	1
		(9) Se	ection 20(2A) to (6)—	2
		re	<i>enumber</i> as section $20(3)$ to (9) .	3
	Divis	sion 2	Amendment of Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000	4 5
Clause	113	Act a	mended	6
			his division amends the <i>Police Powers and Responsibilities ct</i> 2000.	7 8
Clause	114	Amen	dment of s 365 (Arrest without warrant)	9
		Se	ection 365(3), note—	10
		01	nit, insert—	11
			Note—	12
			See also principle 18 of the youth justice principles in the <i>Youth Justice Act 1992</i> , schedule 1.	13 14
	Divis	sion 3	Amendment of Youth Justice Act 1992	15 16
Clause	115	Act a	mended	17
		T	his division amends the Youth Justice Act 1992.	18
Clause	116		dment of s 13 (Police officer's power of arrest rved in particular general circumstances)	19 20
		-	ection 13(1)(a), note—	21
		01	nit, insert—	22

	[s 117]	
		Note—1
		See also principle 18 of the youth justice principles. 2
Clause	117	Omission of s 40 (Admissibility of particular evidence)
		Section 40— 4
		omit. 5
Clause	118	Amendment of s 52A (Other conditions of release on bail) ϵ
		(1) Section 52A(1), from 'decides'—
		omit, insert—
		is authorised or required under this Act or another Act to release a child in custody in connection with a charge of an offence.
		(2) Section 52A(2), 'another condition on the grant of bail, other 1 than a condition'—
		omit, insert— 1
		a condition on the grant of bail to the child, other than a condition under section 52(3) or a condition
Clause	119	Amendment of s 52AA (Court may impose monitoring
		(1) Section $52AA(1)(c)$ 2
		omit, insert— 2
		(c) the child— 2
		(i) has previously been found guilty of at least 1 indictable offence; or
		 (ii) has, in the previous 12 months, been charged with a prescribed indictable offence and the charge—

		(A)	has not been dealt with by a court, withdrawn or otherwise discontinued; and	1 2 3
		(B)	does not arise out of the same, or the same set of, circumstances as the charge for the prescribed indictable offence mentioned in paragraph (b); and	4 5 6 7 8
(2)	Section 52AA(1 paragraph (c)—	1), defini	tion prescribed indictable offence,	9 10
	omit, insert—			11
	(c)		nce against any of the following ns of the Criminal Code—	12 13
		(i) sect	ion 69;	14
		(ii) sect	ion 75;	15
		(iii) sect	ion 315A;	16
		(iv) sect	ion 323;	17
		(v) sect	ion 328A;	18
		(vi) sect	ion 339;	19
			tion 340, to the extent the offence is of a type mentioned in paragraph	20 21 22
		(viii) sec	tion 359;	23
		(ix) sect	ion 359E;	24
		a m with	tion 408A(1), if the offence involves notor vehicle and the child charged in the offence was allegedly the ever of the motor vehicle;	25 26 27 28
		· · ·	tion 408A(1) to which section (1A) applies;	29 30

[s 120]

		(xii) section 412, to the extent the offence is not of a type mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b);	1 2 3
		(xiii) section 413;	4
		(xiv) section 414.	5
Clause 120	Insertion of ne	ew s 56A	6
	After section	on 56—	7
	insert—		8
	56A Ter	nporary transfer of child on remand	9
	(1)	This section applies if—	10
		 (a) the commissioner of the police service has taken immediate custody of a child under section 56(2)(a); and 	11 12 13
		(b) the child has not been delivered into the custody of the chief executive under section 56(2)(b); and	14 15 16
		(c) the child is in custody in a watch-house.	17
	(2)	The chief executive may take the child into the temporary custody of the chief executive for the purpose of enabling the child to participate in activities, programs or services at a specified detention centre for a period on a specified day (the <i>temporary transfer period</i>).	18 19 20 21 22 23
	(3)	However, the chief executive may take the child into the chief executive's temporary custody under subsection (2) only if—	24 25 26
		(a) the child agrees; and	27
		(b) the commissioner of the police service has agreed in writing.	28 29
	(4)	In deciding whether to take the child into the chief executive's temporary custody under subsection (2), the chief executive must have regard to—	30 31 32

[s 120]

1

- (a) the matters mentioned in section 56(4); and
- (b) the practicality of transporting the child 2
 between the watch-house where the child is 3
 held in custody and the specified detention 4
 centre, including, for example, the distance 5
 between the watch-house and the detention 6
 centre and the availability of suitable 7
 transportation. 8
- (5) If the chief executive takes the child into the chief
 executive's temporary custody under subsection
 (2), the chief executive may ask the chief
 executive of another department prescribed by
 regulation to assist with the transportation of the
 child between the watch-house and the specified
 14
 detention centre.
- (6) The chief executive must return the child to the custody of the commissioner of the police service 17 before the end of the temporary transfer period 18 unless—
 19
 - (a) both of the following apply— 20
 - notifies (i) the chief executive the 21 commissioner of the police service 22 under section 56(3)(a) of the date from 23 which delivery of the child into the 24 chief executive's custody will be 25 accepted (the *formal transfer date*): 26
 - (ii) the formal transfer date is during the period the child is in the chief 28 executive's temporary custody under 29 this section; or 30
 - (b) unforeseen circumstances reasonably 31
 prevent the return of the child to the custody 32
 of the commissioner. 33

Examples of unforeseen	n circumstances—
------------------------	------------------

• a natural disaster prevents travel between the detention centre and the watch-house 36

34

[s 120]

	• the child requires urgent medical treatment and must stay in hospital	1 2
(7)	If the child is not returned to the custody of the commissioner of the police service under subsection $(6)(b)$, the chief executive must—	3 4 5
	 (a) inform the child and the commissioner as soon as reasonably practicable of the unforeseen circumstances and when the chief executive expects to return the child to the custody of the commissioner of the police service; and 	6 7 8 9 10 11
	(b) return the child to the custody of the commissioner as soon as reasonably practicable unless—	12 13 14
	 (i) the chief executive notifies the commissioner under section 56(3)(a) of the date from which delivery of the child into the chief executive's custody will be accepted (also the <i>formal transfer date</i>); and 	15 16 17 18 19 20
	(ii) the formal transfer date is before the child could be returned to the custody of the commissioner because of the unforeseen circumstances.	21 22 23 24
(8)	While the child is in the chief executive's temporary custody under this section, the child is taken to be detained in custody in the specified detention centre.	25 26 27 28
(9)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that the temporary transfer of custody of a child by the commissioner of the police service to the chief executive under this section does not constitute delivery of the child into the chief executive's custody under section 56(3).	29 30 31 32 33 34

[s 121]

Clause	121	about admissi	bility	6, div 12, heading (Some provisions / of childhood offences)	1 2
				2, heading—	3
		omit, insert			4
		Divisio	on 12		5
				evidence	6
Clause	122	Insertion of ne	ew s	148A	7
		After sectio	on 148	3—	8
		insert—			9
				sibility of evidence obtained while ating in particular programs	10 11
		(1)	agai	following are not admissible in evidence nst a child in any civil, criminal or inistrative proceeding—	12 13 14
			(a)	an admission made by the child in the course of, for the purpose of, or as a condition of, participating in a youth justice program;	15 16 17 18
			(b)	evidence directly or indirectly derived from an admission mentioned in paragraph (a).	19 20
		(2)	an o the	section (1) does not apply to a proceeding for offence committed or allegedly committed by child while participating in a youth justice gram.	21 22 23 24
		(3)		reference in subsection (1)(a) to an admission by the child includes—	25 26
			(a)	any written material made by the child; and	27
				Example—	28
				a written apology given as a requirement of a conference agreement	29 30

[s 123]

			(b)	anything said or done by the child that makes it evident the child committed an offence.	1 2 3
		(4)	inac	wever, evidence that would otherwise be dmissible in a proceeding because of section (1)—	4 5 6
			(a)	is admissible if the child agrees to its admission; or	7 8
			(b)	for evidence from participation in a conference or alternative diversion program—is admissible in a proceeding under part 7, division 2.	9 10 11 12
		(5)	In t	his section—	13
			you	th justice program means—	14
			(a)	a conference; or	15
			(b)	an alternative diversion program; or	16
			(c)	a program or service established by the chief executive under section 302.	17 18
Clause	123	Amendment o	fs1	50 (Sentencing principles)	19
		Section 150	(2)(e	e), from 'only' to 'period'—	20
		omit, insert-			21
				ing regard to principle 18 of the youth justice aciples	22 23
Clause	124	Insertion of ne	ew s	210A	24
		After sectio	n 21	0—	25
		insert—			26
				orary transfer of child sentenced to of detention	27 28
		(1)	Thi	s section applies if—	29

	(a)	the commissioner of the police service has taken immediate custody of a child under section $210(2)(a)$; and	1 2 3
	(b)	the child has not been delivered into the custody of the chief executive under section $210(2)(b)$; and	4 5 6
	(c)	the child is in custody in a watch-house.	7
(2)	tem purj acti dete	e chief executive may take the child into the porary custody of the chief executive for the pose of enabling the child to participate in the vities, programs or services at a specified ention centre for a period on a specified day <i>temporary transfer period</i>).	8 9 10 11 12 13
(3)	into	wever, the chief executive may take the child the chief executive's temporary custody er subsection (2) only if—	14 15 16
	(a)	the child agrees; and	17
	(b)	the commissioner of the police service has agreed in writing.	18 19
(4)	exe	eciding whether to take the child into the chief cutive's temporary custody under subsection the chief executive must have regard to—	20 21 22
	(a)	the matters mentioned in section 210(4); and	23
	(b)	the practicality of transporting the child between the watch-house where the child is held in custody and the specified detention centre, including, for example, the distance between the watch-house and the detention centre and the availability of suitable transportation.	24 25 26 27 28 29 30
(5)	exe (2), exe	he chief executive takes the child into the chief cutive's temporary custody under subsection the chief executive may ask the chief cutive of another department prescribed by alation to assist with the transportation of the	31 32 33 34 35

[s 124]

			ween the watch-house and the specified a centre.	1 2
(6)	cust befo	tody o	f executive must return the child to the of the commissioner of the police service he end of the temporary transfer period	3 4 5 6
	(a)	botł	n of the following apply—	7
		(i)	the chief executive notifies the commissioner under section 210(3)(a) of the date from which delivery of the child into the chief executive's custody will be accepted (the <i>formal transfer date</i>);	8 9 10 11 12 13
		(ii)	the formal transfer date is during the period the child is in the chief executive's temporary custody under this section; or	14 15 16 17
	(b)	prev	breseen circumstances reasonably yent the return of the child to the custody the commissioner.	18 19 20
		Exan	nples of unforeseen circumstances—	21
		•	a natural disaster prevents travel between the detention centre and the watch-house	22 23
		•	the child requires urgent medical treatment and must stay in hospital	24 25
(7)	com	nmiss	ild is not returned to the custody of the ioner of the police service under on $(6)(b)$, the chief executive must—	26 27 28
	(a)	soon unfo chie	rm the child and the commissioner as n as reasonably practicable of the preseen circumstances and when the of executive expects to return the child to custody of the commissioner; and	29 30 31 32 33
	(b)	com	rn the child to the custody of the missioner as soon as reasonably cticable unless—	34 35 36

[s 125]

			(i)	the chief executive notifies the commissioner under section 210(3)(a) of the date from which delivery of the child into the chief executive's custody will be accepted (also the <i>formal transfer date</i>); and	1 2 3 4 5 6
			(ii)	the formal transfer date is before the child could be returned to the custody of the commissioner because of the unforeseen circumstances.	7 8 9 10
		(8)	tempora	the child is in the chief executive's ry custody under this section, the child is be detained in the specified detention	11 12 13 14
		(9)	tempora commis executiv delivery	ove any doubt, it is declared that the ry transfer of custody of a child by the sioner of the police service to the chief we under this section does not constitute of the child into the chief executive's under section $210(3)$.	15 16 17 18 19 20
Clause 125		nendment o d use of bo		(Recordings in detention centres cameras)	21 22
	(1)	Section 263	3A(3)(g),	second occurrence—	23
		renumber a	s section	263A(3)(h).	24
	(2)	Section 263	3A(3)—		25
		insert—			26
				Human Rights Commissioner under the <i>ti-Discrimination Act 1991</i> .	27 28
	(3)	Section 263	3A(4), aft	er 'else'—	29
		insert—			30
			unless-	-	31

Clause

	(a)	for a	ecording of the conversation is made purpose, and in accordance with the rements, prescribed by regulation; and	1 2 3
	(b)	detaiı	conversation is not between a child ned in the detention centre and a person ioned in subsection (3).	4 5 6
126	Replacement of p	-	v 2A (Age related transfers to ities)	7 8
	Part 8, division	2A—		9
	omit, insert—			10
	Division	2A	Transfer of detainees to	11
			corrective services	12
			facilities	13
	Subdivis	ion 1	Preliminary	14
	276A Defin	itions	for division	15
	In	this div	ision—	16
			ncludes a person liable to serve a period on under this Act.	17 18
	pr	ison tra	nsfer notice see section 276F(2).	19
		view ap 6J(2).	<i>olication</i> , for subdivision 4, see section	20 21
	ter les		delay means a delay of 6 months or	22 23
			etainees liable to be transferred services facility	24 25
			ving persons are liable to be transferred tention centre to a corrective services	26 27

	[\$ 120]						
	facility under this division—	1					
	(a) a person in detention who turns 18 years while serving a period of detention;						
	(b) a person beginning detention who is 18 years or older when beginning detention;						
	 (c) a person who is remanded in custody in detention in relation to a charge of an offence and who turns 18 years during the period of remand; 						
	(d) a person who is 18 years or older when remanded in custody in detention in relation to a charge of a child offence.	10 11 12					
(2)	In this section—	13					
<i>beginning detention</i> includes returning to detention to continue or complete a period of detention because of a contravention of a conditional release order or supervised release order.							
	<i>child offence</i> means an offence committed by a child.	19 20					
Subdiv	vision 2 Decision about giving prison transfer notice	21 22					
	P						
	ecision by chief executive about giving son transfer notice	23 24					
(1)	1) This section applies if the chief executive becomes aware that a detainee—						
	(a) is liable to be transferred to a corrective services facility under section 276B; or	27 28					
	(b) is at least 17 years and 10 months and will be liable to be transferred to a corrective services facility under section 276B.	29 30 31					

(2)	the	e chief executive must decide, on the basis of information available to the chief executive, ether—	1 2 3
	(a)	to give the detainee a prison transfer notice as soon as practicable; or	4 5
	(b)	to temporarily delay giving the detainee a prison transfer notice; or	6 7
	(c)	to not give the detainee a prison transfer notice.	8 9
(3)	dela or to	e chief executive may decide to temporarily ay giving the detainee a prison transfer notice, to not give the detainee a prison transfer notice, by if the chief executive is satisfied—	10 11 12 13
	(a)	there are special circumstances; and	14
	(b)	the decision would not cause the detainee to be detained at a detention centre after the detainee turns 18 years and 6 months.	15 16 17
(4)	may rega	hout limiting the matters the chief executive have regard to, the chief executive must have ard to the following matters in making a ision mentioned in subsection (3)—	18 19 20 21
	(a)	any vulnerability of the detainee;	22
	(b)	any interventionist, rehabilitation or similar activities being undertaken by the detainee and the availability of those activities if the detainee is transferred;	23 24 25 26
	(c)	whether a decision to delay the transfer of the detainee, or not to transfer the detainee, would prejudice the security or good order of the detention centre at which the detainee is, or is to be, detained;	27 28 29 30 31
	(d)	whether a decision to delay the transfer of the detainee, or not to transfer the detainee, would prejudice the safety or wellbeing of	32 33 34

the det (5) This section order unde subdivision 276D Notice of dec give, prison tra (1) This section decision m temporarily	er section 136(2) or 139(2), or 5, in relation to the detainee. ision to delay giving, or not to ansfer notice
order unde subdivision 276D Notice of dec give, prison tra (1) This section decision n temporarily	5, in relation to the detainee. ision to delay giving, or not to
give, prison tra (1) This section decision n temporarily	ansfer notice
decision n temporarily	applies if the chief executive makes a
transfer noti transfer noti	hentioned in section 276C(3) to delay giving the detainee a prison ce, or not to give the detainee a prison
the decision detainee wr	reasonably practicable after making a, the chief executive must give the itten notice of the decision including the decision.
notice will prison trans	otice must state that a prison transfer not be given to the detainee, or that a sfer notice will not be given to the fore a specified date, unless—
	cumstance relevant to the chief ive's decision no longer exists; or
wellbe	tainee poses a risk to the safety or ing of any detainee at the detention at which the detainee is, or is to be, ed; or
	tainee requests to be given a prison r notice.

276E Ap	oplic	ation of subdivision	1
	Thi: who	s subdivision applies in relation to a detainee	2 3
	(a)	is liable to be transferred to a corrective services facility under section 276B; or	4 5
	(b)	is at least 17 years and 10 months and will be liable to be transferred to a corrective services facility under section 276B.	6 7 8
276F Gi	ving	prison transfer notice	9
(1)	The	chief executive—	10
	(a)	must give the detainee a prison transfer notice if the chief executive has decided under section $276C(2)(a)$ to give the detainee a prison transfer notice as soon as practicable; or	11 12 13 14 15
	(b)	must give the detainee a prison transfer notice if the detainee has requested that the chief executive give the detainee a prison transfer notice; or	16 17 18 19
	(c)	if a court has made an order under section 136(2) or 139(2), or subdivision 5 in relation to the detainee—may give the detainee a prison transfer notice only if the chief executive is satisfied there has been a significant change in the circumstances of the detainee since the court made the order; and	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27
	(d)	if the chief executive has made a decision mentioned in $276C(3)$ in relation to the detainee—may give the detainee a prison transfer notice if the chief executive considers section $276D(3)(a)$ or (b) applies.	28 29 30 31 32
(2)		<i>rison transfer notice</i> is a written notice stating following matters—	33 34

(a)	the day the detainee will be transferred to a corrective services facility (the <i>transfer day</i>);	1 2 3
(b)	the interventionist, rehabilitation or similar activities that will be available for the detainee at the corrective services facility;	4 5 6
(c)	any information of which the chief executive is aware that is relevant to the matters mentioned in section $276C(4)(c)$ and (d);	7 8 9 10
(d)	if the detainee is serving a period of detention—	11 12
	(i) the period of detention the detainee remains liable to serve; and	13 14
	(ii) the day on which the detainee is required to be released from detention under section 227;	15 16 17
(e)	that the detainee may make submissions to the chief executive about the transfer, and may apply to the chief executive under subdivision 4 for a review of the chief executive's decision, within 5 business days of—	18 19 20 21 22 23
	(i) if the detainee has consulted a lawyer in accordance with section 276G—the day of the consultation; or	24 25 26
	(ii) if the detainee has refused to consult a lawyer in accordance with section 276G—the day of the refusal;	27 28 29
(f)	if the notice is given under subsection (1)(c)—a description of the significant change in circumstances;	30 31 32
(g)	if the notice is given under subsection $(1)(d)$ —a description of the matters mentioned in section 276D(3)(a) or (b)	33 34 35

	which formed the basis of the chief executive's decision.	1 2
(3)	The transfer day must be a day at least 1 month after—	3 4
	(a) the day the detainee turns 18 years; or	5
	(b) if the detainee is 18 years or over at the time the prison transfer notice is given to the detainee—the day the notice is given to the detainee.	6 7 8 9
(4)	If the prison transfer notice is given under subsection $(1)(b)$, the chief executive must give the prison transfer notice to the detainee within 5 business days of the day of the detainee's request.	10 11 12 13
276G CI Iaw	nief executive to facilitate consultation with yer	14 15
(1)	As soon as reasonably practicable after a prison transfer notice is given to the detainee under section 276F, the chief executive must facilitate a consultation between the detainee and a lawyer.	16 17 18 19
(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if the detainee refuses the consultation.	20 21
	opy of prison transfer notice to be given to ef executive (corrective services)	22 23
	The chief executive must give the chief executive (corrective services) a copy of the prison transfer notice as soon as reasonably practicable after the notice is given to the detainee.	24 25 26 27
276I Wh	en detainee may be transferred	28
(1)	The chief executive must not transfer the detainee to a corrective services facility in accordance with	29 30

days after the day the detainee consulted a lawyer,

or refused to consult a lawyer, in accordance with

[s 126]

	section 276G.	3
(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if the detainee is transferred to the corrective services facility earlier with the detainee's agreement.	4 5 6
(3)	This section applies subject to sections 276M and 276W.	7 8
Subdiv	vision 4 Review by chief executive	9
276J Ap	plication to chief executive for review	10
(1)	A detainee given a prison transfer notice may apply to the chief executive for a review of the chief executive's decision to give the detainee the prison transfer notice.	11 12 13 14
(2)	An application made under subsection (1) is a <i>review application</i> .	15 16
(3)	The review application must be made within 5 business days of—	17 18
	(a) if the detainee consulted a lawyer in accordance with section 276G—the day of the consultation; or	19 20 21
	(b) if the detainee refused to consult a lawyer in accordance with section 276G—the day of the refusal.	22 23 24
(4)	On receipt by the chief executive of the review application, the detainee's transfer is stayed until the application is decided, withdrawn or otherwise ends.	25 26 27 28
276K Cł	nief executive to decide application	29

(1) The chief executive may decide to temporarily 30

		y the transfer of the detainee, or not to transfer detainee, to a corrective services facility under	1 2
	the	notice only if the chief executive is satisfied—	3
	(a)	there are special circumstances; and	4
	(b)	the decision would not cause the detainee to be detained in a detention centre after the detainee turns 18 years and 6 months.	5 6 7
(2)	may rega	hout limiting the matters the chief executive have regard to, the chief executive must have and to the following matters in making a sion under subsection (1)—	8 9 10 11
	(a)	any submissions made by the detainee within the period stated in the prison transfer notice under section 276F(2)(e);	12 13 14
	(b)	any vulnerability of the detainee;	15
	(c)	any interventionist, rehabilitation or similar activities being undertaken by the detainee and the availability of those activities if transferred;	16 17 18 19
	(d)	whether a decision to delay the transfer of, or not to transfer, the detainee would prejudice the security or good order of the detention centre at which the detainee is, or is to be, detained;	20 21 22 23 24
	(e)	whether a decision to delay the transfer of, or not to transfer, the detainee would prejudice the safety or wellbeing of any detainee at the detention centre at which the detainee is, or is to be, detained.	25 26 27 28 29
		to be taken by chief executive after g application	30 31
(1)	If the state of th	ne chief executive makes a decision under	32

(1) If the chief executive makes a decision under 32 section 276K(1), the chief executive must— 33

	(a)	if the decision is to temporarily delay the transfer—decide a new day for the transfer of the detainee to a corrective services facility (the <i>new transfer day</i>); and	1 2 3 4
	(b)	inform the chief executive (corrective services) of—	5 6
		(i) if the decision is to temporarily delay the transfer—the new transfer day; or	7 8
		(ii) if the decision is not to transfer the detainee—the decision.	9 10
(2)	The	e new transfer day must be a day—	11
	(a)	after the transfer day stated in the prison transfer notice; and	12 13
	(b)	no earlier than when the detainee becomes liable to be transferred to a corrective services facility under section 276B; and	14 15 16
	(c)	no later than 6 months after the detainee turns 18 years.	17 18
(3)		soon as reasonably practicable after deciding review application, the chief executive must—	19 20
	(a)	give the detainee notice of the decision, including, if the decision is to temporarily delay the transfer, notice of the new transfer day; and	21 22 23 24
	(b)	give the detainee reasons in writing for the decision; and	25 26
	(c)	facilitate a consultation between the detainee and a lawyer unless the detainee refuses the consultation; and	27 28 29
	(d)	if the decision is not to change the decision the subject of the review application—inform the detainee of the right of review under subdivision 6.	30 31 32 33

276M W	/hen detainee may be transferred	1
(1)	After the review application has been decided, the chief executive must not transfer the detainee to a corrective services facility in accordance with the prison transfer notice that is the subject of the application before—	2 3 4 5 6
	 (a) if the chief executive decides to temporarily delay the transfer—the new transfer day decided under section 276L(1)(a); or 	7 8 9
	(b) if the chief executive decides not to change the decision the subject of the review application—the day that is 10 business days after the day the detainee consulted a lawyer, or refused to consult a lawyer, in accordance with section 276L(3)(c).	10 11 12 13 14 15
(2)	However, if the chief executive decides not to transfer the detainee to a corrective services facility, the chief executive must not transfer the detainee to a corrective services facility.	16 17 18 19
(3)	Subsection (1) does not apply if the detainee is transferred to the corrective services facility earlier with the detainee's agreement.	20 21 22
trai	hief executive's power to give new prison nsfer notice—significant change in cumstances	23 24 25
(1)	After deciding the review application, the chief executive may give the detainee a further prison transfer notice (a <i>new prison transfer notice</i>) only if the chief executive is satisfied there has been a significant change in circumstances of the detainee since the chief executive made the decision.	26 27 28 29 30 31 32
(2)	If the chief executive is satisfied there has been a significant change in circumstances of the detainee since the making of the decision, the new	33 34 35

	prison transfer notice must state the significant change in circumstances.	1 2		
(3)	(3) If the new prison transfer notice is given to the detainee—			
	 (a) subdivisions 2 and 3 apply, for the giving of the notice, as if the notice were given under section 276F(1)(a) except that the transfer day stated in the notice must be at least 1 month after the new prison transfer notice is given; and 	5 6 7 8 9 10		
	(b) the prison transfer notice that was the subject of the review application ceases to have effect.	11 12 13		
Subdi	vision 5 Temporary delay of	14		
Subur	vision 5 Temporary delay of transfer—application to	14 15		
	sentencing court	15		
		10		
2760 P	ersons to whom subdivision applies	17		
	This subdivision applies if, when a court makes a	18		
	detention order against a person for an offence,	19		
	the person becomes liable to be transferred to a corrective services facility under section 276B.	20 21		
	concentre services facility under section 270B.	21		
276P A	oplication to sentencing court for	22		
	porary delay of transfer	22		
	The person may immediately apply to the court	24		
	for an order to delay the person's transfer to a	25		
	corrective services facility for a period of 6 months or less.	26		
	monuis of 1655.	27		
276Q C	ourt to decide application	28		
(1)	The court may grant the application only if	29		
(-)	satisfied—	30		
	Page 163			

	(a) there are special circumstances; and	1
	detained in a detention centre after the	2 3 4
(2)	regard to, the court must have regard to the	5 6 7
	(a) any vulnerability of the person;	8
	activities being undertaken by the person and the availability of those activities if	9 10 11 12
	the person would prejudice the security or good order of the detention centre at which	13 14 15 16
	the person would prejudice the safety or wellbeing of any detainee at the detention centre at which the person is, or is to be,	17 18 19 20 21
(3)	If the court grants the application—	22
	of the person to a corrective services facility	23 24 25
	executive (corrective services) of the new	26 27 28
(4)	If the chief executive agrees to the application—	29
	(a) subsections (1) and (2) do not apply; and	30
		31 32
(5)		33 34

	(a)	the court's proper officer must decide a day for the transfer of the person to a corrective services facility (also the <i>new transfer day</i>); and	1 2 3 4
	(b)	the chief executive must inform the chief executive (corrective services) of the new transfer day.	5 6 7
(6)	For day	this section, the new transfer day must be a	8 9
	(a)	no earlier than the day that is 1 month after the person becomes liable to be transferred to a corrective services facility under section 276B; and	10 11 12 13
	(b)	no more than 6 months after the detainee turns 18 years.	14 15
		detainee may be transferred if tion granted	16 17
	exec serv on	he court grants the application, the chief cutive may transfer the person to a corrective vices facility as soon as reasonably practicable or after the new transfer day decided under ion $276Q(3)(a)$ or $(5)(a)$.	18 19 20 21 22

Subdivision 6 Review by Childrens Court 23 of chief executive's 24 decision 25

276S Application of subdivision

This subdivision applies if the chief executive27decides, on a review application made by a28detainee under subdivision 4, not to change the29decision of the chief executive to give the30detainee the prison transfer notice the subject of31

26

	the review application.	1
276T A _l	oplication for review by Childrens Court	2
(1)	The detainee may apply to the Childrens Court for a review of the chief executive's decision.	3 4
(2)	The application for review must be made within 5 business days of—	5 6
	 (a) if the detainee consulted a lawyer in accordance with section 276L(3)(c)—the day of the consultation; or 	7 8 9
	(b) if the detainee refused to consult a lawyer in accordance with section 276L(3)(c)—the day of the refusal.	10 11 12
(3)	On receipt by the Childrens Court of the application, the detainee's transfer is stayed until the application is decided, withdrawn or otherwise ends.	13 14 15 16
	hildrens Court to hear and decide plication	17 18
(1)	The Childrens Court must hear and decide a review of the chief executive's decision by way of a fresh hearing on the merits.	19 20 21
(2)	The Childrens Court may—	22
	(a) decide that the detainee not be transferred to a corrective services facility; or	23 24
	(b) affirm the transfer day stated in the prison transfer notice given to the detainee; or	25 26
	(c) decide a new day for the transfer of the detainee to a corrective services facility for the purposes of the prison transfer notice (the <i>new transfer day</i>).	27 28 29 30
(3)	The new transfer day must be a day—	31

	(a) no earlier than the day the detainee becomes liable to be transferred to a corrective services facility under section 276B; and	1 2 3
	(b) no more than 6 months after the detainee turns 18 years.	4 5
(4)	The proceeding on the application must be heard by the Childrens Court constituted by a Childrens Court judge.	6 7 8
276V No exe	otice of decision to be given to chief cutive (corrective services)	9 1(
	As soon as reasonably practicable after the Childrens Court decides a new transfer day for the detainee under section $276U(2)(c)$, the chief executive must inform the chief executive (corrective services) of the new transfer day.	11 12 13 14 15
276W C	hief executive's power to transfer detainee	16
(1)	The chief executive may transfer the detainee to a corrective service facility in accordance with the prison transfer notice the subject of the application as soon as reasonably practicable on or after—	17 18 19 20 21
	(a) if the Childrens Court affirmed the transfer day stated in the prison transfer notice—the stated transfer day; or	22 23 24
	(b) if the Childrens Court decided a new transfer day under section 276U(2)(c)—the new transfer day.	25 26 27

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if the chief
 28 executive decides that the detainee not be
 29 transferred to a corrective services facility.
 30

276X When chief executive may give new prison transfer notice—significant change in circumstances

- If the Childrens Court decided that the detainee (1)4 should not be transferred to a corrective services 5 facility under section 276U(2)(a) or decided a 6 new transfer day for the detainee under section 7 276U(2)(c), the chief executive may not give the 8 detainee a further prison transfer notice (a new 9 prison transfer notice) unless the chief executive 10 is satisfied there has been a significant change in 11 circumstances since the court's decision. 12
- (2)If the chief executive is satisfied there has been a 13 significant change in circumstances since the 14 court's decision, the new prison transfer notice 15 significant must state the change in 16 circumstances. 17
- (3) If the new prison transfer notice is given to the 18 detainee— 19
 - (a) subdivisions 2 and 3 apply, for the giving of the notice, as if the notice were given under section 276F(1)(a) except that the transfer day stated in the notice must be at least 1 month after the new prison transfer notice is given; and 25
 - (b) the prison transfer notice that was the subject of the review application ceases to have effect.
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 27
 28

Subdivision 7 Other provisions

29

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276Y Persons over 18 years and 6 months should30not be detained at a detention centre31

 This Act is subject to the overriding principle that it is in the best interests of the welfare of all detainees at a detention centre that persons who
 34

	are 18 years and 6 months or older are not detained at the centre.	1 2				
(2)	To give effect to the principle—	3				
	(a) a person who is 18 years and 6 months or older must not—					
	(i) enter a detention centre to begin serving a period of detention; or	6 7				
	 (ii) return to a detention centre to continue or complete a period of detention, including, for example, returning because of a contravention of a conditional release order or supervised release order; and 	8 9 10 11 12 13				
	(b) an application for a temporary delay of a transfer and a review application is of no effect if the applicant is 18 years and 6 months or older; and	14 15 16 17				
	(c) an application for a temporary delay of a transfer and a review application lapses when the applicant turns 18 years and 6 months.	18 19 20 21				
(3)	If the application of subsection (2)(a) prevents a person from being detained at a detention centre, the person must instead be held at a corrective services facility.	22 23 24 25				
(4)	This section applies despite anything else in this Act.	26 27				
(5)	In this section—	28				
	<i>application for a temporary delay of a transfer</i> means an application made under subdivision 5.	29 30				
	<i>review application</i> means an application made under subdivision 4 or 6.	31 32				

276Z Ap	oplication of Corrective Services Act 2006	1				
(1)	This section applies in relation to a person—	2				
	(a) who is transferred to a corrective services facility under subdivision 3, 4, 5 or 6; or	3 4				
	(b) who is being held at a corrective services facility under section 276Y.	5 6				
(2)	For holding the person at a corrective services facility—	7 8				
	(a) the person is taken to be a prisoner subject to the <i>Corrective Services Act 2006</i> ; and	9 10				
	(b) any rights, liberties or immunities of the person as a detainee are not preserved, transferred or otherwise applicable for the person as a prisoner; and	11 12 13 14				
	(c) if the person is serving a period of detention, or liable to serve a period of detention—	15 16				
	(i) the person is liable to serve a term of imprisonment equal to the period of detention the person remains liable to serve on the transfer; and	17 18 19 20				
	 (ii) the day the person would otherwise have been released under section 227, for the period of detention, is the day the person is to be released on parole under the <i>Corrective Services Act</i> 2006. 	21 22 23 24 25 26				
(3)	2006. However, the release of the person is subject to the <i>Corrective Services Act 2006</i> as if granted under a court ordered parole order (the <i>statutory</i> <i>parole order</i>) and the provisions of that Act applying to parole orders also apply to the statutory parole order.					

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ုခ	121

Clause	127	Insertion of ne	ew s	9B		1
		After sectio	n 27			2
		insert—				3
				aphing detainees centre	and parts of a	4 5
		(1)	-	son must not phot graph—	tograph or attempt to	6 7
			(a)	detainee inside a de	tention centre; or	8
			(b)	part of a detention c	centre.	9
				num penalty (subj v units or 2 years im	ect to part 7)—100 prisonment.	10 11
		(2)		son does not comm tion (1) if the person	nit an offence against n is—	12 13
			(a)	or subsection (1 wyer; or	(a)—the detainee's	14 15
			(b)	child advocacy offic	cer; or	16
			(c)	community visitor ((child); or	17
			(d)	n officer of a law en	forcement agency; or	18
			(e)	person who is—		19
) a member of the	UN subcommittee; or	20
				as a UN exper	the UN subcommittee t, interpreter or other the subcommittee; or	21 22 23
			(f)	e Human Rights Contribution A	ommissioner under the Act 1991; or	24 25
			(g)	e inspector of deten	tion services; or	26
			(h)	e ombudsman; or		27
			(i)	e public guardian; c	or	28
			(j)	1	the chief executive's carry out the activity ion (1); or	29 30 31

[s 128]

		(k)	the chief executive, or a detention centre employee authorised by the chief executive, who is carrying out the activity under section 263A.	1 2 3 4
	(3)	und	chief executive may give approval to a person er subsection (2)(j) subject to any conditions chief executive considers appropriate.	5 6 7
	(4)	may rega whe	hout limiting the matters the chief executive where regard to, the chief executive must have and to the following matters in deciding ether to give a person approval under section $(2)(j)$ —	8 9 10 11 12
		(a)	the public interest;	13
		(b)	any vulnerability of the detainee or any other person who may be affected by the activity;	14 15 16
		(c)	the potential for the activity to prejudice current or future legal proceedings;	17 18
		(d)	the potential for the activity to prejudice the security or good order of a detention centre;	19 20
		(e)	the potential for the activity to prejudice the safety or wellbeing of the detainee or another person.	21 22 23
	(5)	In t	his section—	24
			<i>tograph</i> includes record or create a visual ge other than by photography.	25 26
info			85 (When does someone gain gh involvement in the administration of	27 28 29
(1)	Section 285	5(1)-	_	30
	insert—			31

Clause 128

		[s 129]
		 (k) a WHS entry permit holder performing a 1 function under the Work Health and Safety 2 Act 2011 in relation to a detention centre.
		(2) Section 285(3)— 4
		insert— 5
		WHS entry permit holder see the Work Health6and Safety Act 2011, schedule 5.7
Clause	129	Amendment of s 287 (Application) 8
		Section 287— 9
		insert— 1
		 (2) This division also applies to a person who has 1 gained, gains, or has access to, confidential 1 information relating to a child for the purpose of, 1 or in the course of, providing counselling or 1 support to a victim of an offence.
Clause	130	Amendment of s 289 (Recording, use or disclosure for 1 authorised purpose)
		(1) Section 289— 1
		insert— 1
		 (ca) if the person is a person mentioned in 2 section 287(2) and the information was obtained from a victim of an offence, for the purpose of providing counselling or support to the victim; or 2
		(2) Section 289(ca) to (i)— 2
		<i>renumber</i> as section 289(d) to (j). 2
Clause	131	Insertion of new pt 11, div 24 2
		Part 11— 2
		insert— 2

[s 131]

Division 2	4 Transitional provisions for Queensland Community Safety Act 2024	1 2 3
421 Definition	ons for division	4
In th	nis division—	5
	ended, for a provision in this Act, means the vision as amended by the amending Act.	6 7
	ending Act means the Queensland Community ety Act 2024.	8 9
prov	<i>ner</i> , for a provision of this Act, means the vision as in force immediately before the mencement.	1 1 1
422 Applica	tion of amended bail provisions	1
rela an com in t	ended sections 52A and 52AA apply in tion to a child in connection with a charge of offence whether the offence was allegedly mitted, or the child was charged, or any step he proceeding was taken, before or after the mencement.	14 11 11 11 11 11
	tion of s 56A to child remanded in before commencement	20 2
Sec	tion 56A applies to a child who—	2
(a)	before the commencement, was remanded in custody; and	2 2
(b)	on the commencement, is held in custody in a watch-house by the commissioner of the police service under section $56(2)$.	2 2 2

[s 131]

det		tion of s 210A to child sentenced to on before commencement	
	Sect	tion 210A applies to a child who—	
	(a)	before the commencement, was sentenced to serve a period of detention in a detention centre; and	
	(b)	on the commencement, is held in a watch-house by the commissioner of the police service under section 210(2).	
425 App	olica	tion of amended pt 8, div 2A	
		ject to sections 426 to 428, amended part 8, sion 2A applies in relation to a detainee—	
	(a)	whether the detainee started to be detained before or after the commencement; or	
	(b)	whether the detainee started to be remanded in custody before or after the commencement.	
400.0	atinu		
		ed application of former pt 8, div sting directions and notices	
	—exi		
2 A -	—exi	sting directions and notices	
2 A -	–exi This	sting directions and notices section applies if— before the commencement, the chief	
2 A -	–exi This	 sting directions and notices s section applies if— before the commencement, the chief executive— (i) gave a prison transfer direction to a person under section 276C as in force 	
2 A -	–exi This	 sting directions and notices s section applies if— before the commencement, the chief executive— (i) gave a prison transfer direction to a person under section 276C as in force before the commencement; or (ii) gave a person a prison transfer notice under section 276H as in force before 	

[s 132]

	relation to the person, as if the amending Act had not been enacted.	1 2
	ontinued application of former pt 8, div A—existing court orders	3 4
(1)	This section applies if—	5
	 (a) before the commencement, a court decided an application in relation to a person under section 276D as in force before the commencement; and 	6 7 8 9
	(b) immediately before the commencement, the person is detained in a detention centre.	10 11
(2)	Former part 8, division 2A continues to apply in relation to the person as if the amending Act had not been enacted.	12 13 14
	ontinued application of former pt 8, div A—existing court applications	15 16
(1)	This section applies if, before the commencement—	17 18
	 (a) an application to a court for a temporary delay under section 276D, as in force before the commencement, had been started but not decided; or 	19 20 21 22
	 (b) an application to the Childrens Court for a review under section 276DB or section 276J, as in force before the commencement, had been started but not decided. 	23 24 25 26
(2)	The court may continue to hear, and decide, the application under former part 8, division 2A as if the amending Act had not been enacted.	27 28 29
Amendment	of sch 1 (Charter of youth justice principles)	30
(1) Schedule	1, item 18—	31

Clause 132

Queensland Community Safety Bill 2024 Part 4 Amendments relating to youth justice

[s 133]

					[]	
			omit, insert—			1
			18	A cl	hild should be detained in custody—	2
				(a)	where necessary, including to ensure community safety, and where other non-custodial measures of prevention and intervention would not be sufficient; and	3 4 5 6 7
				(b)	for no longer than necessary to meet the purpose of detention.	8 9
		(2)	Schedule 1, item	n 21(f), 'and therapeutic'—	10
			omit, insert—			11
			, the	erape	utic and disability	12
		_		_		
Clause	133		endment of sch	•		13
		(1)	Schedule 4, c	lefini	tions detainee and prison transfer	14 15
			omit.			16
		(2)	Schedule 4—			17
			insert—			18
			deta	inee		19
			(a)	gen	erally, means a person—	20
				(i)	being held on remand, in the chief executive's custody, in connection with a charge of an offence; or	21 22 23
				(ii)	serving a period of detention, in a detention centre, for an offence; or	24 25
				(iii)	otherwise being held in custody in a detention centre; and	26 27
			(b)	for	part 8, division 2A, see section 276A.	28
			-		<i>ansfer notice</i> , for part 8, division 2A, see 76F(2).	29 30

[s 134]

Clause

		<i>review application</i> , for part 8, division 2A, subdivision 4, see section 276J(2).	1 2
	(3)	Schedule 4, definition temporary delay, 'subdivision 1,'	3
		omit.	4
Part	5	Other amendments	5
134	Leç	jislation amended	6
		Schedule 1 amends the legislation it mentions.	7

Schedule 1

Schedule 1 Other amendments		1	
		section 13	4 2
section 134 2 Criminal Code 3 1 Section 552BB, table, entry for section 408A, column 3, 'section 408A(1A)' 6 omit, insert 6 section 552BB, table, entry for section 408A, column 3, '408A(1C)(b)(i) or (ii)' 7 omit, insert 1 408A(4)(b)(i) or (ii) 1 3 Section 552BB, table, entry for section 408A, column 3, '408A(1C)(b)(iv)' 1 omit, insert 1 408A(4)(b)(iv) 1 4 Section 552BB, table, entry for section 408A, column 3, '408A(1C)(b)(iv)' 1 omit, insert 1 and 3, '419(4)' 1 omit, insert 1 419(5) 1			
1			
	omit, ins	sert—	6
		section 408A(2)	7
2			
	omit, ins	sert—	1
		408A(4)(b)(i) or (ii)	1
3			
	omit, ins	sert—	1
		408A(4)(b)(iv)	1
4			
	omit, ins	sert—	1
		419(5)	1
5	Section 758(1), 'section 408A(1B)'—		
	omit, ins	sert—	2
		section 408A(3)	2
		Page 17	79

Schedule 1

6	Section 759, 'section 408A(1B)'—	1
	omit, insert—	2
	section 408A(3)	3
7	Section 759, 'section 408A(1D) and (1E)'—	4
	omit, insert—	5
	section 408A(6) and (7)	6
Pol	ice Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000	7
1	Sections 314(1), 808A(1) and 808B(1), after 'each financial year,'—	8 9
	insert—	10
	but no later than 30 September,	11
2	Section 358(4), from 'and within' to 'the financial year'—	12
	omit, insert—	13
	but no later than 30 September	14
3	Schedule 6, definitions <i>commencement, post-amended Act</i> and <i>pre-amended Act</i> —	15 16
	omit.	17
Pol	ice Service Administration Act 1990	18
1	Section 4.10—	19
	insert—	20

	Schedule 1	
Note—		
	See the <i>Weapons Act 1990</i> , section 141ZV for limitations on the delegation of powers under section 141G of that Act.	2 3 4
Pub	lic Safety Preservation Act 1986	5
1	Section 43I(1), from 'Within' to 'each financial year'—	
	omit, insert—	
	As soon as practicable after the end of each financial year, but no later than 30 September	8 9

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