

Oaths Act 1867

Oaths Regulation 2022

Current as at 23 September 2022

© State of Queensland 2022



This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License.



Queensland

Oaths Regulation 2022

Contents

	Page)
Part 1	Preliminary	
1	Short title	3
2	Definitions for regulation	3
Part 2	Matters relevant to affidavits and declarations	
2A	Persons excluded from signing as substitute signatory in physical presence of signatory and witness [OA, s 31P]	1
2B	Requirements for witnessing signature of substitute signatory in physical presence of signatory and substitute signatory [OA, s 31R]	
3	Information witness must include on affidavit—Act, s 13E 5	5
4	Prescribed persons for witnessing affidavits—Act, s 16A 5	5
5	Witnessing prescribed types of affidavits—Act, s 16A 5	5
6	Persons prescribed as witness—Act, s 16C	;
7	Witnessing prescribed types of affidavits—Act, s 16C	;
Part 3	Matters relevant to use of audio visual links	
8	Persons prescribed as witness—Act, s 31S	;
9	Prescribed types of documents—Act, s 31S	3
10	Prescribed condition—Act, s 31S	5

Oaths Regulation 2022

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Short title

This regulation may be cited as the Oaths Regulation 2022.

2 Definitions for regulation

In this regulation—

officer-in-charge, of a police station, police establishment or watch-house, includes a police officer nominated by the officer-in-charge of the police station, police establishment or watch-house as the officer-in-charge of the police station, police establishment or watch-house during the officer-in-charge's absence.

relevant affidavit means each of the following types of affidavit—

- (a) an affidavit made by a police officer for use in a proceeding under the *Bail Act 1980*;
- (b) an affidavit made by a police officer for use in a proceeding under the *Youth Justice Act 1992* in which a court is deciding whether to release a child in custody in connection with a charge of an offence or keep the child in custody;
- (c) an affidavit made by a police officer about the giving of a document to a person where the document is required or permitted under an Act to be given to the person by a police officer;
- (d) an affidavit made by a police officer that forms part of a sworn application sent under the *Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000*, section 801(4)(a).

senior police officer means—

- (a) an officer-in-charge of a police station, police establishment or watch-house; or
- (b) a watch-house manager; or
- (c) a police officer of or above the rank of sergeant.

Part 2 Matters relevant to affidavits and declarations

2A Persons excluded from signing as substitute signatory in physical presence of signatory and witness [OA, s 31P]

- (1) This section applies in relation to a substitute signatory if—
 - (a) the substitute signatory is directed by a signatory in the signatory's physical presence to sign an affidavit or a declaration for the signatory; and
 - (b) the substitute signatory is to sign the affidavit or declaration in the physical presence of a witness.
- (2) Each of the following persons is excluded from signing the affidavit or declaration as a substitute signatory—
 - (a) a person witnessing the affidavit or declaration;
 - (b) if the affidavit or declaration is to be used in a proceeding by or for a party—a person who is another party to the proceeding or a relation of a person who is another party to the proceeding;
 - (c) a person who would otherwise be excluded under a law from signing the affidavit or declaration as a signatory.
- (3) In this section—

relation, of a person, see the *Powers of Attorney Act 1998*, schedule 3.

2B Requirements for witnessing signature of substitute signatory in physical presence of signatory and substitute signatory [OA, s 31R]

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) a substitute signatory is directed by a signatory in the signatory's physical presence to sign an affidavit or a declaration for the signatory; and
 - (b) the substitute signatory is to sign the affidavit or declaration in the physical presence of a witness.
- (2) The witness for the signing of the document must—
 - (a) observe the signatory direct the substitute signatory to sign the affidavit or declaration; and
 - (b) be satisfied that the substitute signatory is not excluded from signing the affidavit or declaration under section 2A; and
 - (c) be satisfied that the signatory is freely and voluntarily directing the substitute signatory to sign the affidavit or declaration.

3 Information witness must include on affidavit—Act, s 13E

For section 13E(d) of the Act, if the witness to the affidavit is a person prescribed under section 4, 6 or 8, the prescribed information is the witness's rank.

4 Prescribed persons for witnessing affidavits—Act, s 16A

For section 16A(1)(e) of the Act, a senior police officer is prescribed.

5 Witnessing prescribed types of affidavits—Act, s 16A

For section 16A(2)(a) of the Act, a relevant affidavit is prescribed as the only type of affidavit that may be witnessed by a person prescribed under section 4.

[s 6]

6 Persons prescribed as witness—Act, s 16C

For section 16C(2) of the Act, a senior police officer is prescribed as a person who may witness an affidavit under that section.

7 Witnessing prescribed types of affidavits—Act, s 16C

For section 16C(3)(a) of the Act, a relevant affidavit is prescribed as the only type of document that may be witnessed by a person prescribed under section 6.

Part 3 Matters relevant to use of audio visual links

8 Persons prescribed as witness—Act, s 31S

For section 31S(1) of the Act, a senior police officer is prescribed.

9 Prescribed types of documents—Act, s 31S

For section 31S(2)(a) of the Act, a relevant affidavit is prescribed as the only type of document that may be witnessed by a person prescribed under section 8.

10 Prescribed condition—Act, s 31S

- (1) This section prescribes, for section 31S(2)(a) of the Act, a condition for the witnessing, by a person prescribed under section 8, of an affidavit mentioned in section 2, definition *relevant affidavit*, paragraph (a) or (b).
- (2) The condition is that it is not reasonably practicable to witness the affidavit other than under section 31S of the Act.