



Fisheries Act 1994

Fisheries Regulation 2008

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Queensland

Fisheries Regulation 2008

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Fisheries Regulation 2008

Chapter 1 Preliminary

Part 1 Introduction

1 Short title

This regulation may be cited as the *Fisheries Regulation 2008*.

2 Commencement

This regulation commences on 1 April 2008.

Part 2 Interpretation

Division 1 Relationship with East Coast Trawl Plan

3 Regulation to be read with East Coast Trawl Plan

For taking particular fish in, or possessing or using particular fish taken in, the east coast trawl fishery area, this regulation must be read together with the East Coast Trawl Plan.

Note—

See the East Coast Trawl Plan, section 6(1) and (2).

Division 2 Definitions

4 Dictionary

The dictionary in schedule 11 defines particular words used in this regulation.

Division 3 Scientific names for fish

5 Definition for div 3

In this division—

species includes another taxonomic grouping.

6 Scientific names for species of fish

- (1) The scientific name for a species of fish mentioned in schedule 5, column 1 is the scientific name stated opposite the species of fish in schedule 5, column 2.
- (2) The scientific name for a species of fish mentioned in schedule 6, column 1 is the scientific name stated opposite the species of fish in schedule 6, column 2.
- (3) Without limiting subsection (1) or (2), the scientific name for a species of fish mentioned in this regulation or a management plan follows the scientific name for the species of the fish stated in a document mentioned in schedule 7 (a *prescribed reference document*).

7 Alternative scientific names in prescribed reference documents

- (1) Subsection (2) applies if, for a species of fish mentioned in this regulation or a management plan, there are alternative scientific names mentioned in more than 1 prescribed reference document under schedule 7.

- (2) The scientific name for the species follows the scientific name mentioned in the prescribed reference document with the lowest item number under schedule 7.
- (3) This section does not limit section 6.
- (4) In this section—
alternative, to a scientific name, includes a variation of the name.

8 Inconsistency between prescribed reference and scheduled names

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) in a document, other than a prescribed reference document, a species of fish is referred to by the scientific name for the species stated in a prescribed reference document (the *prescribed reference name*); and
 - (b) the prescribed reference name is not consistent with the scientific name for the species stated in schedule 5 or 6 (the *scheduled name*).
- (2) The reference to the prescribed reference name may, if the context permits, be taken to be a reference to the scheduled name.

Division 4 Matters relating to fisheries declarations

9 References to regulated waters by name or description

A reference to particular regulated waters by name or description is a reference to the regulated waters with that name or description under schedule 1.

10 Regulated period for prohibited or restricted activities in regulated waters

- (1) This section applies if a regulated waters declaration states a particular period (a *regulated period*) in which an activity is prohibited or restricted in particular regulated waters.
- (2) The activity is prohibited or restricted in the waters under the declaration only in the regulated period.

11 Activity prohibited or restricted at all times if no regulated period stated

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) an activity is prohibited or restricted in particular regulated waters under a regulated waters declaration; and
 - (b) neither this regulation nor a management plan provides for a particular regulated period in which the activity is prohibited or restricted in the waters.
- (2) To remove any doubt, it is declared that the activity is prohibited or restricted in the waters at all times.

12 References to taking a particular quantity of fish

For a fisheries declaration, a person takes a particular quantity of fish only if, at any given time, the person possesses that quantity of fish that the person has taken.

Division 5 Matters relating to authorities and commercial fisheries

13 References to an authority includes its conditions

A reference to an authority includes a reference to its conditions.

14 References to activities carried out under an authority

A person carries out an activity under an authority only if—

- (a) the authority, or a provision of this regulation or a management plan about that type of authority, authorises the person to carry out the activity; and
- (b) the person carries out the activity in accordance with that authorisation.

Note—

See also section 208 (Authorisations subject to regulation, management plans and authorities).

15 Who is a *commercial fisher*

- (1) Generally, a commercial fisher is anyone who holds a commercial fisher licence.
- (2) However, in a fishery provision about a commercial fishery in chapters 7 to 11, a reference to a commercial fisher is a reference to a commercial fisher acting under the commercial fishing boat licence on which is written a fishery symbol for the fishery.

15A What is a *commercial fishery*

- (1) Generally, a commercial fishery is a fishery provided for under chapters 7 to 11 or a management plan.
- (2) A reference to a commercial fishery includes a reference to the authorisations and conditions stated in a fishery provision about the fishery.
- (3) A reference to doing a thing in a commercial fishery includes a reference to doing the thing under the authorisations and conditions stated in a fishery provision about the fishery.

16 References to *the licence* in a fishery provision

In a fishery provision about a commercial fishery, a reference to the licence is a reference to a licence on which is written a fishery symbol for the fishery.

Division 6 Working out boundaries of areas

17 References to latitudes and longitudes

- (1) Subject to subsection (2), the latitudes and longitudes used to describe the boundary of an area are worked out using GDA 94.
- (2) The latitudes and longitudes used to describe the boundary of an area shown on a fish habitat area plan mentioned in schedule 3 are worked out using AGD 84.
- (3) In this section—

AGD 84 means the Australian Geodetic Datum 1984, commonly called ‘AGD 84’, defined in the technical report by Allman, JS and Veenstra, C titled ‘Geodetic Model of Australia 1982’, Technical Report 33, published in 1984 by the Commonwealth Department of Resources and Energy, Division of National Mapping.

Editor’s note—

The report may be inspected, during office hours on business days, at the southern regional office of the department in which the *Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003* is administered. On the notification day that office was at the Landcentre, corner of Vulture and Main Streets, Woolloongabba.

GDA 94 means the Geocentric Datum of Australia 1994, commonly called ‘GDA 94’, notified in the Commonwealth Government Gazette No. GN 35 on 6 September 1995, at page 3369.

18 References to boundaries, lines, shores and other points

Unless otherwise provided, the following apply—

- (a) a boundary or line along a shore follows high water mark;
- (b) a boundary or line along a shore intersected by a waterway crosses the waterway by the shortest line between its banks;
- (c) other boundaries and lines run from point to point in a straight line;
- (d) a reference to a shore is a reference to the shore at high water mark;
- (e) a reference to a point or to the tip of an island or other geographical feature, is a reference to the point or tip on the shore at high water mark.

19 References to waterways

Unless otherwise provided, a reference to a waterway is a reference to all of the following—

- (a) the waterway upstream of the shortest line between its banks at their junction, at low water, with the body of water into which the waterway finally flows;
- (b) the foreshores of the waterway.

20 References to banks of waterways

Unless otherwise provided, a reference to a bank of a waterway is a reference to the bank at its junction, at high water, with the body of water into which it finally flows.

Division 7 Other general provisions aiding interpretation

21 References to aids to navigation

A reference to a beacon, buoy, lead, light or marine mark is a reference to an aid to navigation under the *Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Act 1994*, section 104.

22 References to distances between nets

A reference to a distance between nets is a reference to—

- (a) for nets in a waterway—the distance between the nets measured along the centre line of the waterway; and
- (b) for nets on a foreshore—the distance between the nets measured along the shore.

23 References to drops and number of meshes

- (1) A reference to a net's drop is a reference to the distance between the top and the bottom of the net when its meshes are taut.
- (2) A reference to a number of meshes in a net's drop is a reference to the number of rows of mesh between the top and bottom of the net.

24 References to periods of days or months

- (1) This section applies if a provision of this regulation or a management plan states a period that—
 - (a) starts on a day or in a month (the *first mentioned day or month*); and
 - (b) ends on a day or in a month (the *second mentioned day or month*).

- (2) The period is taken to start at the beginning of the first mentioned day or month and end at the end of the second mentioned day or month.

Example—

A stated period from 1 November to 1 February starts immediately after midnight at the beginning of 1 November and ends immediately before midnight at the end of 1 February.

25 References to times

- (1) This section applies if a provision states a period that starts at a time (the *first mentioned time*) and ends at another time (the *second mentioned time*).
- (2) The period is taken to start at the first mentioned time and end at the second mentioned time whether the second mentioned time is on the same, or a different, day, week, month or year.

Examples—

- A stated period from midday on 1 November to midday on 1 February is a period of 3 months starting at midday on 1 November and ending at midday on 1 February.
- A stated period from 4p.m. to 4a.m. is a period of 12 hours starting at 4p.m. on a particular day and ending at 4a.m. on the next day.
- A stated period from 3p.m. to 5a.m. from 1 July to 31 October consists of each period of time within the stated days starting at 3p.m. on a particular day and ending at 5a.m. on the next day. The first period of time starts at 3p.m. on 1 July and the last period of time ends at 5a.m. on 31 October.

Chapter 2 Regulated waters declarations

Part 1 Preliminary

26 Operation of ch 2

- (1) This chapter provides for particular regulated waters declarations under sections 37(5) and 42 of the Act.

Note—

The East Coast Trawl Plan also provides for particular regulated waters declarations.

- (2) Particular waters are—
 - (a) declared to be regulated waters under part 2; and
 - (b) regulated in the way stated under parts 3 to 12.
- (3) Part 13 provides generally for exceptions to regulated waters declarations under this chapter or a management plan.

Part 2 Declaration of regulated waters

27 Particular waters declared as regulated waters

- (1) Each of the waters described in schedule 1, column 2—
 - (a) is declared to be regulated waters, subject to section 28; and
 - (b) has the name set out opposite it in column 1 of the schedule.
- (2) The waters described in schedule 1, part 1 are named by reference to particular fish, the taking or possession of which is regulated in the waters.
- (3) The waters described in schedule 1, part 2 are—
 - (a) named by reference to their location; and

-
- (b) listed in approximate order of their location going from south to north.

Notes—

- 1 To help users of this regulation, indicative plans of particular regulated waters are published on the department's website.
- 2 The indicative plans are not applied, adopted or incorporated by this regulation or any management plan.

28 Particular regulated waters shown on fisheries regulated waters plans

- (1) Subject to section 29, if a plan number for a fisheries regulated waters plan is stated in schedule 1, column 2, the waters shown on the plan as regulated waters are declared to be regulated waters.

Note—

Each fisheries regulated waters plan is identified by the prefix 'FRW' followed by the plan number. For example, 'FRW-303'.

- (2) Fisheries regulated waters plans are held by the chief executive and copies of the plans are—
- (a) available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours on business days at the department's head office; and
 - (b) published on the department's website.

29 Boundaries of regulated waters on fisheries regulated waters plans

- (1) If a fisheries regulated waters plan shows that particular waters (*excluded waters*) are excluded from the regulated waters shown on the plan, the excluded waters are not regulated waters.
- (2) Subject to subsection (3), a line in relation to a boundary of regulated waters on a fisheries regulated waters plan shows what forms the boundary of the regulated waters.

Note—

For each entry for regulated waters described in schedule 1, column 2, the regulating provisions under which activities in the regulated waters are prohibited or otherwise regulated, are stated opposite the entry in schedule 1, column 3.

Part 4 Declarations about taking any fish

Division 1 Regulated persons

32 Regulated persons for pt 4

Any person is a regulated person.

Division 2 Taking any fish in regulated waters

Subdivision 1 Waters to which any permit can apply

33 Regulated waters for sdiv 1

This subdivision applies to the following regulated waters—

- Mission Bay
- South Mitchell River
- Torres Strait near Hammond Island.

34 Prohibited activities

A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—

- (a) take any fish; or
- (b) possess a fish taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

Subdivision 2 Water to which only particular permits can apply

34A Regulated waters for sdiv 2

This subdivision applies to the following regulated waters—

- Coombabah Lake and Coombabah Creek
- Swan Bay
- Wolf Rock (grey nurse shark protection area)
- Tinana Creek Barrage
- Mary River Barrage
- Burnett River Barrage
- Kolan River Barrage
- Fitzroy River Barrage
- Keppel Bay (fishing)
- Hook Island (fishing)
- Yanks Jetty at Orpheus Island
- Centenary Lakes, Cairns
- Barron River (fishing)
- Bizant River, Princess Charlotte Bay.

34B Prohibited activities

- (1) A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—
 - (a) take any fish; or
 - (b) possess a fish taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

Note—

See also section 218A.

- (2) However, a person may take a juvenile eel in the following regulated waters if the person takes the eel under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'JE'—

- Mary River Barrage
- Burnett River Barrage
- Kolan River Barrage
- Fitzroy River Barrage.

Division 3 Taking any fish in particular shark protection areas

Subdivision 1 Regulated waters

35 Regulated waters for div 3

This division applies to the following regulated waters—

- Flat Rock (grey nurse shark protection area)
- Cherub's Cave (grey nurse shark protection area)
- Henderson Rock (grey nurse shark protection area).

Subdivision 2 Prohibited activities

36 Taking fish generally prohibited

A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—

- (a) take any fish; or
- (b) possess a fish taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

Subdivision 3 Exceptions for division 3

37 Application of sdiv 3

This subdivision applies despite section 36.

38 Taking fish by hand or scoop net

A person may take a fish in the regulated waters if the person takes the fish—

- (a) under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'A1' or 'A2'; and
- (b) by hand or using a scoop net or seine net; and
- (c) from 6a.m. to 6p.m. on a particular day.

39 Taking spanner crab

(1) A person may take a spanner crab in the regulated waters if the person takes the crab—

- (a) under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'C2'; and
- (b) from 6a.m. to 6p.m. on a particular day.

(2) A recreational fisher may take a spanner crab in the regulated waters if the fisher—

- (a) does not use fishing apparatus, other than a prescribed dilly, for taking the crab; and
- (b) uses no more than 4 prescribed dillies to take the crab.

(3) In this section—

prescribed dilly means a dilly that has—

- (a) an area within its frame of no more than 1m²; and
- (b) a net drop below its frame of no more than 10cm; and
- (c) a net made up of square or rectangular meshes with a mesh size of at least 25mm; and
- (d) the following attached to it—
 - (i) a tag on which is written the full name and address of the owner of the dilly;
 - (ii) a light coloured float that is at least 15cm in all its dimensions and on which the owner's name is also written.

Part 5 Declarations about taking or possessing particular fish

Division 1 Regulated persons

41 Regulated persons for pt 5

Any person is a regulated person.

Division 2 Australian bass

42 Prohibited activities and regulated period

- (1) A regulated person must not—
 - (a) take Australian bass in tidal waters during the regulated period; or
 - (b) possess Australian bass taken in contravention of paragraph (a).
- (2) For subsection (1)(a), the regulated period is from 1 June to 31 August.

Division 3 Barramundi

Subdivision 1 Waters other than Gulf of Carpentaria waters

43 Regulated waters for sdiv 1

This subdivision applies to the waters other than the Gulf of Carpentaria waters.

44 Prohibited activities and regulated period

- (1) A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—
 - (a) take barramundi in the regulated period; or
 - (b) possess barramundi taken in contravention of paragraph (a).
- (2) For subsection (1)(a), the regulated period is from midday on 1 November to midday on 1 February.

Subdivision 2 Gulf of Carpentaria waters

44A Regulated waters for sdiv 2

This subdivision applies to the Gulf of Carpentaria waters.

44B Prohibited activities and regulated periods

- (1) A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—
 - (a) take barramundi in the regulated taking period; or
 - (b) possess barramundi taken in contravention of paragraph (a).
- (2) For subsection (1)(a), the regulated taking period is from midday on 7 October to midday on 1 February.
- (3) Also, a regulated person must not in the regulated waters possess barramundi on a boat in the regulated possession period, whether or not the fish have been taken in the waters.
- (4) For subsection (3), the regulated possession period is from midday on 17 October to midday on 1 February.

Subdivision 3 Exception for div 3

45 Recreational fishing in prescribed barramundi waterway

- (1) This section applies despite sections 44 and 44B.

-
- (2) A recreational fisher may—
 - (a) take no more than 1 barramundi in a prescribed barramundi waterway within the regulated waters under subdivision 1 or 2; or
 - (b) possess a barramundi taken under paragraph (a).
 - (3) However, subsection (2) applies only if the fisher does not possess the barramundi while taking fish in the regulated waters, other than a prescribed barramundi waterway.

Division 4 Regulated coral reef fin fish

Subdivision 1 Regulated waters and prohibited activities etc.

46 Regulated waters for div 4

This division applies to the Coral reef fin fish regulated waters.

47 Prohibited activities and regulated periods

- (1) A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—
 - (a) take a regulated coral reef fin fish in a regulated period; or
 - (b) possess a regulated coral reef fin fish in a regulated period, whether or not the fish have been taken in the waters.
- (2) For subsection (1), each of the following periods is a regulated period—
 - (a) from 6 October 2018 to 10 October 2018;
 - (b) from 5 November 2018 to 9 November 2018;
 - (c) from 25 October 2019 to 29 October 2019;
 - (d) from 24 November 2019 to 28 November 2019;

- (e) from 14 October 2020 to 18 October 2020;
- (f) from 12 November 2020 to 16 November 2020;
- (g) from 3 October 2021 to 7 October 2021;
- (h) from 2 November 2021 to 6 November 2021;
- (i) from 22 October 2022 to 26 October 2022;
- (j) from 21 November 2022 to 25 November 2022;
- (k) from 12 October 2023 to 16 October 2023;
- (l) from 10 November 2023 to 14 November 2023.

Subdivision 2 Exceptions for division 4

48 Application of sdiv 2

This subdivision applies despite section 47.

49 Recreational fishing

A regulated person may, in the regulated waters, possess, on a boat, a regulated coral reef fin fish if—

- (a) the fish has not been taken in the waters in contravention of section 47(1)(a); and
- (b) either of the following apply—
 - (i) the person is in possession of the fish for the purpose of consumption on the boat and the boat is not a commercial fishing boat and does not have a fishing line, spear or spear gun on board;
 - (ii) the boat is being used for a charter fishing trip that has been conducted for an uninterrupted period of at least 24 hours.

50 Commercial fishing

- (1) A regulated person may, in the regulated waters, possess, on a boat, a regulated coral reef fin fish if—
- (a) the fish has not been taken in the waters in contravention of section 47(1)(a); and
 - (b) the fish—
 - (i) has been taken under chapter 10A, part 3; and
 - (ii) is on an authorised boat; and
 - (c) either—
 - (i) the boat is in an unloading area; or
 - (ii) the boat is not in an unloading area but only in a permitted period.

- (2) In this section—

authorised boat see section 591W.

permitted period means—

- (a) a period other than a regulated period mentioned in section 47(2); or
- (b) the period from midnight at the beginning of the first day of a regulated period mentioned in section 47(2) to 6a.m. on the day.

unloading area see section 591W.

Division 5 Freshwater fish generally

51 Regulated waters for div 5

This division applies to the following regulated waters—

- Dumaresq River at Bonshaw Weir
- Pike Creek at Glenlyon Dam
- Barwon River at Mungindi Weir

- Severn River at Queen Mine Waterhole
- Quart Pot Creek at Storm King Dam
- Balonne River at Beardmore Dam and Jack Taylor Weir
- Macintyre River at Goondiwindi Weir
- Macintyre Brook at Coolmunda Dam, Whetstone and Bendor weirs
- Sandy Creek at Leslie Dam
- Burnett Creek at Maroon Dam
- Reynolds Creek at Moogerah Dam
- Nerang River at Hinze Dam
- Albert River at Luscombe Weir
- Logan River at South Maclean and Cedar Grove weirs
- Brisbane River at Old Mt Crosby Weir
- Brisbane River at Mt Crosby Weir
- Brisbane River at Wivenhoe Dam
- Balonne River at Surat Weir
- Condamine River at Chinchilla, Loudon, Lemon Tree, Yarralong, Cecil Plains and Reilly's weirs
- Dogwood Creek at Gil Weir (formerly Miles Weir)
- Stuart River at Gordonbrook Dam
- Six Mile Creek at Lake MacDonald
- Boyne River (Auburn River Basin) at Boondooma Dam
- Dawson River at Glebe Weir
- Dawson River at Gylanda Weir
- Nogo River at Wuruma Dam
- Dawson River at Theodore Weir
- Burnett River at Paradise Dam, Claude Wharton, Ned Churchward and Kirar weirs

- Three Moon Creek at Cania Dam
- Dawson River at Moura Weir
- Dawson River at Orange Creek Weir
- Dawson River at Neville Hewitt Weir
- Boyne River (Boyne River Basin) at Awoonga Dam
- Fitzroy River at Eden Bann Weir
- Thomson River at Fairmount Weir
- Fitzroy River at Wattlebank Control Weir
- Nogoia River at Fairbairn Dam
- Pioneer River at the Marian, Mirani and Dumbleton weirs
- Burdekin River at Clare Weir
- North Pine River at North Pine Dam
- Sideling Creek at Kurwongbah Dam
- Teviot Brook at Wyaralong Dam
- Yabba Creek at Borumba Dam.

52 Prohibited activities

A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—

- (a) take a freshwater fish; or
- (b) possess a freshwater fish taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

Division 6 **Murray cod in particular waters of the Murray–Darling drainage division**

53 **Regulated waters for div 6**

This division applies to the regulated waters of the Murray–Darling drainage division, other than the following dams—

- Beardmore Dam
- Beehive Dam
- Connolly Dam
- Cooby Dam
- Coolmunda Dam
- Glenlyon Dam
- Leslie Dam
- Storm King Dam.

54 **Taking Murray cod generally prohibited**

- (1) A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—
 - (a) take a Murray cod during the regulated period; or
 - (b) possess a Murray cod taken in contravention of paragraph (a).
- (2) For subsection (1)(a), the regulated period is from 1 September to 30 November.

Division 8 **Spanner crabs**

57 **Prohibited activities and regulated period**

- (1) A regulated person must not in the Spanner crab regulated waters—

- (a) take a spanner crab in the regulated period; or
 - (b) possess a spanner crab taken in contravention of paragraph (a).
- (2) For subsection (1)(a), the regulated period is from 1 November to 15 December.

Division 9 Saucer scallops

58 Prohibited activities and regulated periods

- (1) A regulated person must not in the Saucer scallop regulated waters—
- (a) take a saucer scallop in the regulated taking period; or
 - (b) possess a saucer scallop taken in contravention of paragraph (a); or
 - (c) possess a saucer scallop in the regulated possession period.
- (2) For subsection (1)(a), the regulated taking period is from midday on 20 September to midday on 1 November.
- (3) For subsection (1)(c), the regulated possession period is from 6p.m. on 20 September to midday on 1 November.

58AA Prohibited activities and regulated periods for particular regulated waters

- (1) A regulated person must not in the Swain Reefs and Hydrographers Passage regulated waters—
- (a) take a saucer scallop in the regulated taking period; or
 - (b) possess a saucer scallop taken in contravention of paragraph (a); or
 - (c) possess a saucer scallop in the regulated possession period.

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- (2) For subsection (1)(a), the regulated taking period is from midday on 1 November to midday on 3 January.
- (3) For subsection (1)(c), the regulated possession period is from 6p.m. on 1 November to midday on 3 January.

Division 9A Tropical rocklobster

58A Prohibited activities and regulated period

- (1) A regulated person must not in the Northern rocklobster regulated waters—
 - (a) take tropical rocklobster in the regulated period; or
 - (b) possess a tropical rocklobster taken in contravention of paragraph (a).
- (2) For this section the regulated period is from midnight on 1 October to midnight on 31 December.

Division 9B Craterocephalus

58B Prohibited activities

A regulated person must not in the Thompson River Catchment regulated waters—

- (a) take a fish of the genus *Craterocephalus*; or
- (b) possess a fish of the genus *Craterocephalus* taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

Division 10 Other particular fish

59 Prohibited activities—black jewfish

A regulated person must not in the North Cape York regulated waters—

- (a) take a black jewfish; or
- (b) possess a black jewfish taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

61 Prohibited activities—fish other than fin fish

A regulated person must not in the Fitzroy Island–High Island regulated waters—

- (a) take any fish other than a fin fish; or
- (b) possess a fish taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

62 Prohibited activities—mud crab

A regulated person must not in the Eurimbula Creek regulated waters—

- (a) take a mud crab; or
- (b) possess a mud crab taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

63 Prohibited activities—pearl oysters

A regulated person must not in the Darnley Island regulated waters—

- (a) take a pearl oyster; or
- (b) possess a pearl oyster taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

64 Prohibited activities—worms of the class *Polychaeta*

A regulated person must not in the Wynnum (worm area) regulated waters—

- (a) take a worm belonging to the class *Polychaeta*; or
- (b) possess a worm taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

Part 6 **Declarations about possessing or using particular apparatus**

Division 1 **Regulated persons**

65 **Regulated persons for pt 6**

Any person is a regulated person.

Division 2 **Possessing or using fishing lines**

66 **Prohibited activities**

A regulated person must not in the Obi Obi Creek regulated waters—

- (a) possess a fishing line; or
- (b) use a fishing line to take a fish; or
- (c) possess a fish taken in contravention of paragraph (b).

Division 3 **Possessing or using nets**

67 **Regulated waters for div 3**

This division applies to the following regulated waters—

- Burnett River (netting)
- Water Park Creek.

68 **Prohibited activities**

A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—

- (a) possess a net; or
- (b) use a net to take a fish; or

- (c) possess a fish taken in contravention of paragraph (b).

Division 4 Using shell dredges

69 Regulated waters for div 4

This division applies to the following regulated waters—

- waterways, lakes and lagoons within the limits of the State
- Moreton Bay (whole)
- Hervey Bay and Great Sandy Strait (shell dredging)
- Hinchinbrook Channel (fishing apparatus area 1).

70 Prohibited activities

A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—

- (a) use a shell dredge to take a fish; or
- (b) possess a fish taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

Part 7 Declarations applying to recreational fishers

Division 1 Regulated persons

71 Regulated persons for pt 7

A recreational fisher is a regulated person.

Division 2 Taking or possessing particular fish

Subdivision 1 Great barracuda, pickhandle barracuda and spanish mackerel

72 Prohibited activities

A regulated person must not in the Platypus Bay regulated waters—

- (a) take a great barracuda, pickhandle barracuda or spanish mackerel; or
- (b) possess a fish taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

Subdivision 2 Fin fish

73 Prohibited activities and regulated period—Fraser Island (Indian Head–Waddy Point)

- (1) A regulated person must not in the Fraser Island (Indian Head–Waddy Point) regulated waters—
 - (a) take a fin fish in the regulated period; or
 - (b) possess a fin fish taken in contravention of paragraph (a).
- (2) For subsection (1)(a), the regulated period is from midday on 1 August to midday on 30 September.

74 Prohibited activities—Pine River (north of Weipa)

- (1) A regulated person must not in the Pine River (north of Weipa) regulated waters—
 - (a) take a fin fish; or
 - (b) possess a fin fish taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

- (2) However, subsection (1) does not apply to taking a fin fish in, or possessing a fin fish taken in, the regulated waters if the fish is not intentionally or recklessly injured or damaged and is immediately put back.

Subdivision 3 Tropical rocklobster

75 Prohibited activities and regulated period—Northern rocklobster regulated waters

- (1) Without limiting subsection (2), a regulated person must not in the Northern rocklobster regulated waters—
- (a) take more than 3 tropical rocklobsters outside the regulated period; or
 - (b) possess a tropical rocklobster taken in contravention of paragraph (a).
- (2) If, outside the regulated period, there is more than 1 regulated person on a boat in the waters, the person in control of the boat must ensure there are no more than 6 tropical rocklobsters on the boat.
- (3) For this section the regulated period is from midnight on 1 October to midnight on 31 December.

76 Prohibited activities—Southern rocklobster regulated waters

- (1) Without limiting subsection (2), a regulated person must not in the Southern rocklobster regulated waters—
- (a) take more than 5 tropical rocklobsters; or
 - (b) possess a tropical rocklobster taken in contravention of paragraph (a).
- (2) If there is more than 1 regulated person on a boat in the waters, each regulated person must ensure there are no more than 10 tropical rocklobsters on the boat.

Subdivision 4 Sea cucumber

76A Prohibited activities—Sea cucumber regulated waters

A regulated person must not in the Sea cucumber regulated waters—

- (a) take a sea cucumber; or
- (b) possess a sea cucumber taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

Division 3 Possessing or using particular fishing apparatus

Subdivision 1 Possessing or using any nets

77 Regulated waters for sdiv 1

This subdivision applies to the following regulated waters—

- Hervey Bay (recreational netting)
- Rodds Harbour (recreational netting).

78 Prohibited activities

A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—

- (a) possess a net; or
- (b) use a net to take a fish; or
- (c) possess a fish taken in contravention of paragraph (b).

Subdivision 2 Possessing or using particular nets

79 Prohibited activities

A regulated person must not in the Skyringville Creek regulated waters—

- (a) possess a net, other than a scoop net; or
- (b) use a net, other than a scoop net, to take a fish; or
- (c) possess a fish taken in contravention of paragraph (b).

Subdivision 3 Possessing or using spears or spear guns

80 Regulated waters for sdiv 3

This subdivision applies to the following regulated waters—

- Tallebudgera Creek (spearing)
- Southern Moreton Bay (including The Broadwater)
- Pumicestone Strait (spearing)
- Moreton Island (artificial reef area)
- Jetties in, or south of, the Noosa River
- Mooloolah River (spearing)
- Maroochy River (spearing)
- Noosa River (spearing)
- North Sandy Strait (artificial reef area)
- Hervey Bay (artificial reef area off Woodgate)
- Bargara Beach
- Great Keppel Island
- North Keppel Island
- Seaforth Island

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- Dunk Island
- Brampton Island–Pelican Island–Carlisle Island
- Lindeman Island
- Long Island
- Molle Island
- West Molle Island
- Hook Island (spearing)
- Hayman Island
- Main wharf at Port Denison, Bowen
- Cape Edgecumbe
- Jetties at Dungeness and Lucinda Point
- Richards Island
- Cooktown wharf and nearby pontoons.

81 Prohibited activities

A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—

- (a) possess a spear or spear gun; or
- (b) use a spear or spear gun to take fish; or
- (c) possess fish taken in contravention of paragraph (b).

Part 8 Declarations about taking or possessing fish for trade or commerce

Division 1 Regulated persons

82 Regulated persons for pt 8

Any person is a regulated person.

Division 2 Taking or possessing any fish for trade or commerce

83 Prohibited activities—Pumicestone Strait

A regulated person must not in the Pumicestone Strait (commercial fishing) regulated waters—

- (a) take any fish for trade or commerce; or
- (b) possess a fish taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

84 Prohibited activities and regulated period—Fraser Island (Indian Head–Waddy Point)

(1) A regulated person must not in the Fraser Island (Indian Head–Waddy Point) regulated waters—

- (a) take any fish for trade or commerce in the regulated period; or
- (b) possess a fish taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

(2) For subsection (1)(a), the regulated period is from midday 1 August to midday on 30 September.

Division 3 Taking or possessing particular fish for trade or commerce

85 Prohibited activities—Platypus Bay

A regulated person must not in the Platypus Bay regulated waters—

- (a) take any of the following fish for trade or commerce—
 - (i) catfish of the family Ariidae;
 - (ii) cobia;
 - (iii) giant queenfish;
 - (iv) great barracuda;

- (v) spanish mackerel;
 - (vi) pickhandle barracuda;
 - (vii) yellowtail kingfish; or
- (b) possess a fish taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

Part 9 Declarations about possessing or using any nets for taking fish for trade or commerce

Division 1 Regulated persons

86 Regulated persons for pt 9

Any person is a regulated person.

Division 2 Possessing or using nets—no regulated period

87 Regulated waters for div 2

This division applies to the following regulated waters—

- The Broadwater (southern part) and Nerang River
- Gold Coast Seaway
- The Broadwater (western part)
- Currumbin Creek
- Currumbin Beach
- Tallebudgera Creek (netting)
- Coombabah Creek, Oyster Lake and Saltwater Creek
- Coomera River
- Manly Boat Harbour

- Wynnum and Manly
- Brisbane River (netting)
- Brisbane Airport floodway channel to the Pine River
- Sandgate Pier
- South Pine River and North Pine River
- Currimundi Lake and Currimundi Creek near Caloundra
- Mooloolah River (netting)
- Maroochy River and ocean foreshores (netting)
- South Maroochy River and the North Maroochy River
- Weyba Creek
- Noosa River and Noosa's main beach
- Lake Como, Kin Kin Creek, the upper Noosa River and Lake Cootharaba
- Rainbow Beach
- Snapper Creek near Tin Can Bay
- Wide Bay Bar
- Theodolite Creek
- Hervey Bay (commercial netting)
- Coonarr Creek
- Round Hill Creek
- Eurimbula Creek
- Rodds Harbour (commercial netting)
- Calliope River (upstream from Farmers Island)
- Fitzroy River (town reach netting)
- Cawarral Creek
- Causeway Lake, Shoal Bay
- Rocky Dam Creek
- Louisa Creek

- Pioneer River (upstream)
- Constant Creek (upstream)
- Reliance Creek, west of Eimeo
- Seaforth Creek
- Victor Creek
- Proserpine River
- Pioneer Bay
- Bowen Harbour and Magazine Island
- Merinda Creek
- Groper Creek, Yellow Gin Creek and the Burdekin River
- Burdekin River Anabranch
- Plantation Creek and Seaforth Creek
- Barramundi Creek
- Haughton River and the Short Cut
- Townsville Harbour and Cleveland Bay
- Rollingstone Creek
- Herbert River
- Hinchinbrook Channel (fishing apparatus area 2)
- Meunga Creek
- Murray River
- Johnstone River
- Russell River, Mulgrave River and Mutchero Inlet
- Trinity Inlet
- Trinity Bay
- Daintree River
- Bloomfield River
- Annan River

- Endeavour River
- Bizant River, North Kennedy River and Normanby River
- Mission River, Embley River and Hey River
- Pine River (north of Weipa)
- Watson River
- Kirke River
- Chapman River
- Chapman River to Moonkan Creek
- Moonkan Creek
- Mitchell River
- Staaten River
- Gilbert River
- Bronco's Creek
- Norman River (downstream)
- Norman River (upstream)
- Bynoe River and Little Bynoe River
- Flinders River and Armstrong Creek
- Albert River
- Nicholson River
- Gin Arm Creek
- Elizabeth River (Mornington Island)
- Sandalwood Place River (Mornington Island).

88 Prohibited activities

A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—

- (a) possess a net for taking fish for trade or commerce; or
- (b) use a net for taking a fish for trade or commerce; or

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- (c) possess a fish taken in contravention of paragraph (b).

Division 3 Possessing or using nets— regulated periods

90 Regulated waters and regulated periods for div 3

In the table below—

- (a) column 1 states the regulated waters to which this division applies; and
- (b) the regulated period for the regulated waters stated in column 1 is stated in column 2 opposite the entry for the regulated waters.

Column 1	Column 2
Regulated waters	Regulated periods
lakes and lagoons south of the northern bank of the Endeavour River and east of longitude 142°31'49" east	from 6p.m. on Friday to 6p.m. on Sunday
waterways south of Double Island Point	from 6p.m. on Friday to 6p.m. on Sunday
The Broadwater (central part)	the following regulated periods— (a) from 1 August to 31 August; (b) from 1 September to 30 November, at the following times— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monday to Thursday—from 6a.m. to 6p.m.; • from 6a.m. on Friday to 6p.m. on Sunday; (c) from 1 December to the end of February
Tallebudgera Creek to Burleigh (netting)	from 1 September to 30 April
North Stradbroke Island (northern beaches)	from 20 September to 1 April
Dunwich	from 1 August to 30 April
Moreton Bay (including The Broadwater)	from 6p.m. on Friday to 6p.m. on Sunday

Column 1	Column 2
Regulated waters	Regulated periods
Caloundra (Kings Beach to Shelly Beach)	from 1 September to 31 March
Noosa River (ocean foreshore)	from 1 May to 31 August
Fraser Island (Toooloora Creek to Ngkala Rocks)	from midday 1 April to midday on 1 September
Fraser Island (Hook Point to northern tip)	from midday 1 September to midday on 1 April
Great Sandy Strait	from 1 February to 30 November—from 2p.m. Friday to 2p.m. Sunday; and from 1 December to 31 January—from 6p.m. Friday to 6p.m. Sunday
Point Vernon to Cape Manifold	from 6p.m. on Friday to 6p.m. on Sunday
Wild Cattle Creek	from 1 September to 30 April
Tannum Sands	from 1 September to 30 April
Boyne River and part of South Trees Inlet	from 1 September to 30 April
Port of Gladstone and The Narrows	from 6p.m. on Friday to 6p.m. on Sunday
Fitzroy River mouth	from 6p.m. on Friday to 6p.m. on Sunday
St. Lawrence Creek to Endeavour River	from 6p.m. on Friday to 6p.m. on Sunday
Hinchinbrook Channel (all nets)	from 6p.m. on Friday to 6p.m. on Sunday

91 Prohibited activities

A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—

- (a) possess a net for taking fish for trade or commerce in the relevant regulated period for the waters; or
- (b) use a net for taking a fish for trade or commerce in the relevant regulated period for the waters; or
- (c) possess a fish taken in contravention of paragraph (b).

Part 10 Declarations about possessing or using particular nets for taking fish for trade or commerce

Division 1 Regulated persons

92 Regulated persons for pt 10

Any person is a regulated person.

Division 2 Using any commercial fishing nets

93 Prohibited activities—spanish mackerel regulated waters

A regulated person must not in the Spanish mackerel regulated waters—

- (a) use commercial fishing nets to take spanish mackerel for trade or commerce; or
- (b) possess a spanish mackerel taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

94 Prohibited activities—Fraser Island (tailor) regulated waters

A regulated person must not in the Fraser Island (tailor) regulated waters—

- (a) use commercial fishing nets to take tailor for trade or commerce; or
- (b) possess tailor taken in contravention of paragraph (a).

Division 3 Possessing or using particular commercial fishing nets

95 Regulated waters for div 3

This division applies to the regulated waters stated in column 1 of the table below section 96.

96 Prohibited activities

A regulated person must not in the regulated waters stated in column 1 of the table below—

- (a) possess a commercial fishing net of a type stated opposite the regulated waters in column 2 of the table; or
- (b) use a net referred to in paragraph (a) to take a fish for trade or commerce; or
- (c) possess a fish taken in contravention of paragraph (b).

Column 1	Column 2
Regulated waters	Prohibited commercial fishing nets
South of North Stradbroke Island	a net that is neither fixed nor hauled of a type mentioned in section 480 or a set mesh net of a type mentioned in section 483
Moreton Bay (area 1)	a net that is neither fixed nor hauled of a type mentioned in section 480 or a set mesh net of a type mentioned in section 483
Moreton Island to Double Island Point	a net that is neither fixed nor hauled of a type mentioned in section 480 or a set mesh net of a type mentioned in section 483
Fraser Island (rivers and creeks)	a general purpose mesh net, of a type, and used in a way, mentioned in section 482(1) or a set mesh net of a type, and used in a way, mentioned in section 499
Hervey Bay (scallop ranching area)	a trawl net

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Column 1	Column 2
Regulated waters	Prohibited commercial fishing nets
Pioneer River (downstream)	a commercial fishing net other than— (a) a cast net; or (b) a mesh net used as a seine net
O’Connell River	a commercial fishing net other than— (a) a cast net; or (b) a mesh net used as a seine net
Queens Bay	a set mesh net of a type mentioned in section 485 or 516 or a net that is neither fixed nor hauled of a type mentioned in section 480 or 514

Division 4 Possessing or using particular set mesh nets to take any fish

97 Regulated waters for div 4

This division applies to the following regulated waters—

- Bundaberg–Gladstone–Rockhampton (regional waterways)
- Middle Head to Norton Point
- South Trees Inlet
- Calliope River (near mouth)
- Waters off Curtis Island
- Cattle Point to Cardigan Point
- Island Bluff to Charon Point
- Little Cape Creek to Shag Creek
- South Bluff to Coconut Point
- Mackay (regional waterways)
- Constant Creek (near mouth)

- Burdekin–Townsville–Ingham (regional waterways)
- Nobbies Inlet
- Burdekin River Anabranh mouth
- Sheep Station Creek to Barratta Creek
- Victoria Creek
- Gentle Annie Creek
- Hinchinbrook Channel (set mesh nets)
- Macushla Point to Forkey’s Creek (Hinchinbrook Island)
- Innisfail (regional waterways)
- Thompson Point to Flying Fish Point
- Cairns and Port Douglas (regional waterways)
- Barron River area (netting)
- Mossman River area.

98 Prohibited activities and regulated period

- (1) A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—
 - (a) possess a nearshore net or an offshore net in the regulated period; or
 - (b) use a nearshore net or an offshore net to take a fish for trade or commerce in the regulated period; or
 - (c) possess a fish taken in contravention of paragraph (b).
- (2) For subsection (1), the regulated period is from midday 1 November to midday 1 February.
- (3) In this section—

nearshore net means a set mesh net that may under this regulation or a management plan, be used in nearshore waters to take fish.

offshore net means a set mesh net that—

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- (a) may, under this regulation or a management plan, be used in offshore waters to take fish; and
- (b) has a monofilament diameter of more than 1.06mm.

Division 5 Possessing or using set mesh nets to take particular fish

99 Regulated waters for div 5

This division applies to the following regulated waters—

- Port Musgrave and Wenlock River
- Wellesley Islands Protected Wildlife Area.

100 Prohibited activities

A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—

- (a) possess a set mesh net for taking fin fish, other than regulated coral reef fin fish, for trade or commerce; or
- (b) use a set mesh net to take a fin fish, other than a regulated coral reef fin fish, for trade or commerce; or
- (c) possess a fish taken in contravention of paragraph (b).

101 Exceptions for Wellesley Islands Protected Wildlife Area regulated waters

- (1) This section applies despite section 100.
- (2) A person may use or possess a set mesh net to take a fin fish, other than a regulated coral reef fin fish, from the offshore waters in the Wellesley Islands Protected Wildlife Area regulated waters if—
 - (a) the net is made from a continuous filament or strand of synthetic fibre that is joined, knitted or woven into meshes; and

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- (b) the net is no longer than 400m and has a mesh size of at least 162.5mm but no more than 245mm; and
 - (c) the line thickness of the net is no more than 1.04mm; and
 - (d) the net's drop is no more than 50 meshes; and
 - (e) the water in which the net is being used is not shallower than the net's drop; and
 - (f) the person is within 100m of the net while the person is using it; and
 - (g) the total length of all nets on the boat being used to take the fish is no more than 400m.
- (3) A person may use or possess a set mesh net to take fin fish, other than regulated coral reef fin fish, in nearshore waters within the regulated waters if—
- (a) the net is no longer than 100m and has a mesh size of at least 162.5mm but no more than 245mm; and
 - (b) the net's drop is no more than 33 meshes; and
 - (c) the total length of all nets on the boat being used to take the fish is no more than 600m.

Part 11 Declarations about using particular nets in dugong protected regulated waters (zone A)

Division 1 Regulated persons

102 Regulated persons for pt 11

Any person is a regulated person.

Division 2 Hervey Bay–Tin Can Bay (greater dugong protection area) regulated waters

103 Prohibited activities—Hervey Bay–Tin Can Bay (greater dugong protection area) regulated waters

- (1) A regulated person must not—
 - (a) use a set mesh net in the Hervey Bay–Tin Can Bay (greater dugong protection area) regulated waters; or
 - (b) use a net that is neither fixed nor hauled in offshore waters in the regulated waters.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), the person may use a set mesh net or a net that is neither fixed nor hauled in offshore waters in the regulated waters if the net—
 - (a) is made of monofilament no more than 0.65mm in diameter; and
 - (b) is no more than 33 meshes deep; and
 - (c) is used by at least 2 persons, each of whom is on a boat floating on the water and within 100m of the net.
- (3) This section is subject to—
 - (a) sections 104, 105 and 106; and
 - (b) for a person taking fish in the regulated waters under a licence for a commercial net fishery—the authorisations and conditions of the licence stated in chapter 9.

104 Prohibited activities—Mary River–Burrum River (dugong protection area) waters

- (1) This section applies to the following waters (the *Mary River–Burrum River (dugong protection area) waters*)—
 - (a) waters within the following boundary—

- from latitude 25°10'24" south where it intersects the mainland shore near Burrum River to latitude 25°10'24" south, longitude 152°39'06" east
 - to latitude 25°13'24" south, longitude 152°40'12" east
 - along latitude 25°13'24" south to where it intersects the mainland shore
 - along the mainland shore to latitude 25°10'24" south;
- (b) waterways adjoining the waters mentioned in paragraph (a), other than waters of the Burrum River upstream of 152°35'50" east;
- (c) waters of the Mary River downstream of longitude 152°54'24" east.
- (2) A regulated person must not use a set mesh net in the Mary River–Burrum River (dugong protection area) waters.

105 Prohibited activities and regulated period—Hervey Bay (dugong protection area) waters

- (1) This section applies to waters and adjoining waterways south of latitude 25°04'30" south and west of longitude 152°40' east (the *Hervey Bay (dugong protection area) waters*).
- (2) A regulated person must not use a set mesh net or a net that is neither fixed nor hauled in the Hervey Bay (dugong protection area) waters in the regulated period.
- (3) For subsection (2), the regulated period is from 3p.m. to 5a.m. from 1 July to 31 October.

106 Prohibited activities—Hervey Bay–Great Sandy Strait waterways (dugong protection area) waters

- (1) This section applies to tidal waters of a river or creek between the north bank of Kauri Creek and latitude 25°01'01" south where it intersects the mainland shore, other than—

- (a) waters of the Burrum River downstream of 152°35'50" east; and
- (b) waters of the Mary River that are—
 - (i) downstream of longitude 152°54'24" east; or
 - (ii) upstream of longitude 152°47'30" east (the western tip of Brothers Islands).
- (2) The waters to which this section applies are the *Hervey Bay–Great Sandy Strait waterways (dugong protection area) waters*.
- (3) A regulated person must not use a set mesh net in the Hervey Bay–Great Sandy Strait waterways (dugong protection area) waters unless the net—
 - (i) is no longer than 50m; and
 - (ii) has a drop of no more than 50 meshes.
- (4) For a person taking fish in the regulated waters under a licence for a commercial net fishery, this section is subject to the authorisations and conditions of the licence stated in chapter 9.

Division 3 Port Clinton (greater dugong protection area) regulated waters

109 Prohibited activities

- (1) A regulated person must not in the Port Clinton (greater dugong protection area) regulated waters—
 - (a) use a mesh net with a mesh size of more than 115mm; or
 - (b) fix more than 1 part of a mesh net if all of the net is in nearshore waters; or
 - (c) fix any part of a mesh net if part of the net is in offshore waters; or
 - (d) use a set mesh net; or

- (e) use a net that is neither fixed nor hauled.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), a regulated person may use up to 3 set mesh nets in the Port Clinton (dugong protection area 1) waters only if—
 - (a) each net is no longer than 50m; and
 - (b) each net has a mesh size of at least 150mm but no more than 215mm; and
 - (c) each net has a drop of no more than 50 meshes; and
 - (d) the nets are no more than 800m apart; and
 - (e) any person using the nets is—
 - (i) between the first and the last net; and
 - (ii) no more than 800m from any of the nets.
- (3) In this section—

Port Clinton (dugong protection area 1) waters means the waters of that name shown on fisheries regulated waters plan FRW-901.

Note—

Section 28(2) provides for the availability of fisheries regulated waters plans.

Division 4 Shoalwater Bay (dugong protection area) regulated waters

110 Prohibited activities

A regulated person must not use or possess a net, other than a cast net, in the Shoalwater Bay (dugong protection area) regulated waters.

Division 5 Upstart Bay (greater dugong protection area) regulated waters and included areas

111 Prohibited activities—Upstart Bay (greater dugong protection area) regulated waters

- (1) A regulated person must not in the Upstart Bay (greater dugong protection area) regulated waters—
 - (a) use a mesh net with a mesh size of more than 115mm; or
 - (b) fix more than 1 part of a mesh net if all of the net is in nearshore waters; or
 - (c) fix any part of a mesh net if part of the net is in offshore waters; or
 - (d) use a set mesh net; or
 - (e) use a net that is neither fixed nor hauled.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), a regulated person may—
 - (a) use up to 3 set mesh nets in a river or creek in the regulated waters only if—
 - (i) the nets are not set downstream of a line between the banks of the river or creek; and
 - (ii) each net is no longer than 50m; and
 - (iii) each net has a mesh size of at least 150mm but no more than 215mm; and
 - (iv) each net has a drop of no more than 50 meshes; and
 - (v) the nets are no more than 800m apart; and
 - (vi) a person using the nets is—
 - (A) between the first and the last net; and
 - (B) no more than 800m from any of the nets; or
 - (b) use up to 3 set mesh nets in the nearshore waters in the Upstart Bay (dugong protection area 1) waters only if—

- (i) each net is no longer than 200m; and
 - (ii) each net being used is entirely within the nearshore waters; and
 - (iii) each net has a mesh size of at least 100mm but no more than 215mm; and
 - (iv) the distance between the first and last net is no more than 1km; and
 - (v) the nets are no more than 800m apart; and
 - (vi) a person using the nets is—
 - (A) between the first and the last net; and
 - (B) no more than 800m from any of the nets.
- (3) Subsection (4) applies to the waters within the following boundary—
- from latitude 19°43'37" south where it intersects the mainland shore
 - east along latitude 19°43'37" south to 200m seaward from high water mark
 - south parallel to the mainland shore 200m seaward from high water mark to where it intersects latitude 19°48' south
 - west along latitude 19°48' south to the mainland shore at high water mark
 - along the mainland shore to 19°43'37" south.
- (4) Despite subsection (1)(d), a regulated person may use a set mesh net in nearshore waters in the regulated waters if all of the net is in the nearshore waters.

Division 6 Hinchinbrook Island (dugong protection area) regulated waters

114 Prohibited activities

A regulated person must not in the Hinchinbrook Island (dugong protection area) regulated waters—

- (a) use a mesh net with a mesh size of more than 115mm; or
- (b) fix more than 1 part of a mesh net if all of the net is in nearshore waters; or
- (c) fix any part of a mesh net if part of the net is in offshore waters; or
- (d) use a set mesh net; or
- (e) use a net that is neither fixed nor hauled.

Division 7 Other particular regulated waters

115 Regulated waters for div 7

This division applies to the following regulated waters—

- Ince Bay (dugong protection area)
- Stewart Peninsula–Newry Islands–Ball Bay (dugong protection area)
- Cleveland Bay–Magnetic Island (dugong protection area).

116 Prohibited activities—using mesh nets generally

(1) A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—

- (a) use a mesh net with a mesh size of more than 115mm; or
- (b) fix more than 1 part of a mesh net if all of the net is in nearshore waters; or

-
- (c) fix any part of a mesh net if part of the net is in offshore waters; or
 - (d) use a set mesh net; or
 - (e) use a net that is neither fixed nor hauled.
- (2) This section is subject to section 116A.

116A Prohibited activities—using set mesh nets in rivers or creeks

A regulated person may use up to 3 set mesh nets in a river or creek in the regulated waters only if—

- (a) the nets are not set downstream of a line between the banks of the river or creek; and
- (b) each net is no longer than 50m; and
- (c) each net has a mesh size of at least 150mm but no more than 215mm; and
- (d) each net has a drop of no more than 50 meshes; and
- (e) any person using the nets is—
 - (i) between the first and the last net; and
 - (ii) no more than 800m from any of the nets.

Part 12 Declarations about using particular nets in dugong protected regulated waters (zone B)

Division 1 Regulated persons

117 Regulated persons for pt 12

Any person is a regulated person.

Division 2 Regulated waters

118 Regulated waters for pt 12

This part applies to the following regulated waters—

- Port of Gladstone–Rodds Bay (dugong protection area)
- Clairview Bluff–Carmilla Creek (dugong protection area)
- Llewellyn Bay (dugong protection area)
- Ball Bay–Sand Bay (dugong protection area)
- Repulse Bay (dugong protection area)
- Edgumbe Bay–Bowen (dugong protection area)
- Bowling Green Bay (dugong protection area)
- Lucinda to Allingham–Halifax Bay (dugong protection area).

Division 3 Prohibited activities

119 Prohibited activities—using mesh nets generally

A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—

- (a) use a mesh net, other than a set mesh net or a net that is neither fixed nor hauled, that has a mesh size of more than 115mm; or
- (b) fix more than 1 part of a mesh net unless the net is—
 - (i) of a type mentioned in sections 120, 120A, 121 and 122; and
 - (ii) used under the relevant section; or
- (c) use a net that is neither fixed nor hauled in nearshore waters; or

-
- (d) subject to section 120, use a set mesh net or a net that is neither fixed nor hauled in offshore waters within 2km of the high water mark.

120 Using mesh nets in offshore waters

A regulated person may in the regulated waters use a set mesh net or a net that is neither fixed nor hauled in offshore waters within 2km of the high water mark only if—

- (a) the net does not touch the seabed; and
- (b) the net has attached to it enough floats to ensure the floats remain on the surface of the water; and
- (c) the net is no longer than 600m; and
- (d) the net has a mesh size of at least 160mm but no more than 165mm; and
- (e) the commercial fisher using the net remains on a boat floating on the water and within 100m of the net while the net is being used.

120A Using set mesh nets in nearshore waters

A regulated person may in the regulated waters use a set mesh net in nearshore waters only if—

- (a) each net is no longer than 200m; and
- (b) each net has a mesh size of at least 100mm but no more than 215mm; and
- (c) the entire net is in nearshore waters while it is being used; and
- (d) the distance between the first and last net is no more than 1km; and
- (e) the nets are no more than 800m apart; and
- (f) any person using the nets is—
 - (i) between the first and the last net; and

- (ii) no more than 800m from any of the nets.

121 Using set mesh nets on a headland

A regulated person may use up to 3 set mesh nets on a headland in the regulated waters only if—

- (a) each net is no longer than 50m; and
- (b) each net has a mesh size of at least 100mm but no more than 215mm; and
- (c) the distance between the first and last net is no more than 1km; and
- (d) the nets are no more than 800m apart; and
- (e) any person using the nets is—
 - (i) between the first and the last net; and
 - (ii) no more than 800m from any of the nets; and
- (f) one end of each net is anchored above the low water mark.

122 Using set mesh nets in rivers or creeks

A regulated person may use up to 3 set mesh nets in a river or creek in the regulated waters only if—

- (a) each net is no longer than 120m; and
- (b) each net has a mesh size of at least 150mm but no more than 215mm; and
- (c) each net has a drop of no more than 50 meshes; and
- (d) the combined lengths of the nets is no more than 360m; and
- (e) the nets are no more than 800m apart; and
- (f) the distance between the first and last net is no more than 1n mile; and
- (g) any person using the nets is—

- (i) between the first and the last net; and
- (ii) no more than 800m from any of the nets.

Part 12A Declaration about commercial fishers possessing or using particular nets for taking fish for trade or commerce

Division 1 Regulated persons

123 Regulated persons for pt 12A

A commercial fisher is a regulated person.

Division 2 Possessing or using particular nets

123A Regulated waters for div 2

This division applies to the following regulated waters—

- (a) Yeppoon–Keppel Bay–Fitzroy River–Capricorn Coast waters;
- (b) St Helens Beach–Cape Hillsborough–North of Mackay waters;
- (c) Trinity Bay–Cairns waters.

123B Prohibited activities

- (1) A regulated person must not in the regulated waters—
 - (a) possess a relevant net for taking fish for trade or commerce, unless the net is stowed and secured on a boat; or
 - (b) use a relevant net for taking fish for trade or commerce.

Note—

See section 88 under which parts of the regulated waters are subject to prohibitions on possession or use of any nets.

(2) In this section—

relevant net means a cast net, mesh net, seine net or set pocket net.

Part 13 General exceptions

124 Application of pt 13

This part applies despite parts 3 to 12.

125 Person may carry out prohibited activity under permit

- (1) A person may carry out an activity in regulated waters that is prohibited under this chapter or a management plan if the person carries out the activity under a permit.
- (2) This section applies subject to part 12A.

126 Possessing stowed and secured fishing apparatus

- (1) This section applies if possessing fishing apparatus is prohibited in regulated waters under a provision of this chapter or a management plan, unless the provision provides otherwise.
- (2) A person may possess fishing apparatus, other than an otter trawl net, in the waters if the apparatus is stored inboard a boat.
- (3) A person may possess an otter trawl net in the waters if the net is stowed and secured on a boat.
- (4) For subsection (3), an otter trawl net is stowed and secured on a boat if—
 - (a) during the daytime—

-
- (i) the net and any other fishing apparatus normally used with it are drawn up to the boat and are visible from an aircraft or another boat; and
 - (ii) the net's cod ends are open; and
 - (iii) the net's lazy lines are on the blocks; and
- (b) at night—
- (i) the boat is at anchor in an area marked as an anchorage or boat harbour on a navigational chart; or
 - (ii) the net and other fishing apparatus are inboard the boat and are stored or suspended from a mast or boom.

Examples of other fishing apparatus—

otter boards or ground chains or ropes for an otter trawl net

127 Fishing apparatus testing

- (1) Subsection (2) applies if, under a provision of this chapter or a management plan, possessing or using a trawl net is prohibited in regulated waters.
- (2) A person may possess or use a trawl net on a boat in the waters if—
 - (a) the use or possession is only for testing the net or other fishing apparatus normally used with the net; and
 - (b) the person in control of the boat has given the nearest Queensland Boating and Fisheries Patrol oral or written notice of the testing; and
 - (c) the net's cod ends are open; and
 - (d) no fish are taken during the test.
- (3) The notice must—
 - (a) be given at least 24 hours before the testing starts; and
 - (b) state—

- (i) a square area, with boundaries no longer than 1n mile, where the testing is to happen; and
- (ii) when the testing is to start and end.

Chapter 3 Regulated fish declarations

Part 1 Preliminary

128 Operation of ch 3 and sch 2

- (1) This chapter and schedule 2 provide for regulated fish declarations under sections 37(2) and 42 of the Act.
- (2) Particular fish are declared to be regulated fish under part 2 and are regulated in the way stated under part 3 and schedule 2.
- (3) Particular fish are also declared to be regulated fish under part 4 and are regulated in the way stated under that part.
- (4) Part 5 regulates the number of fish that may be taken, and the form in which the fish may be possessed, by a recreational fisher on an extended licensed charter fishing trip.
- (5) Part 6 provides for ways of measuring the size, volume or weight of particular fish to decide if the fish are regulated fish.
- (6) Part 7 provides generally for exceptions to regulated fish declarations.

129 Relationship with regulated waters declarations

- (1) This section applies if an activity—
 - (a) is not prohibited under a regulated fish declaration; and
 - (b) would, if it were carried out in regulated waters, contravene a regulated waters declaration.

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- (2) To remove any doubt, it is declared that the carrying out of the activity is still a contravention of the regulated waters declaration.

Part 2 Regulated fish

130 Declaration of particular fish as regulated fish

- (1) Fish stated in schedule 2, part 2, column 1 and part 3, column 1 are declared to be regulated fish.
- (2) Subsection (1) is subject to sections 131 to 138 and parts 5 and 7.

131 Fish regulated by form

- (1) This section applies if, for an entry for fish identified in schedule 2, part 2, column 1—
- (a) the symbol ‘F’ is stated in schedule 2, part 2, column 2; and
- (b) a form (the *regulated form*) of the fish is stated opposite the symbol in schedule 2, part 2, column 3.

Examples of forms of a fish—

a fish that is cut, filleted or processed in a particular way

- (2) Only the identified fish in the regulated form are declared to be regulated fish.

132 Fish regulated by gender or reproductive capacity

- (1) This section applies if, for an entry for fish identified in schedule 2, part 2, column 1—
- (a) the symbol ‘G’ is stated in schedule 2, part 2, column 2; and
- (b) a gender (the *regulated gender*) or a description of the reproductive capacity of the fish (the *regulated*

reproductive capacity) is stated opposite the symbol in schedule 2, part 2, column 3.

Example of a description of the reproductive capacity of a fish—
an egg bearing slipper lobster

- (2) Only the identified fish of the regulated gender or regulated reproductive capacity are declared to be regulated fish.

133 Fish regulated by number separately

- (1) This section applies if, for an entry for fish identified in schedule 2, part 2, column 1—
 - (a) the symbol ‘N’ is stated in schedule 2, part 2, column 2; and
 - (b) a number (the *regulated number*) is stated opposite the symbol in schedule 2, part 2, column 3.
- (2) Only the identified fish in excess of the regulated number are declared to be regulated fish.

134 Fish regulated by number separately and in combination

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) an entry in schedule 2, part 3, column 1 identifies particular fish separately and in combination; and
 - (b) a number (also the *regulated number*) is stated for the entry in schedule 2, part 3, column 3.
- (2) The particular fish in excess of the regulated number are declared to be regulated fish.
- (3) Also, any fish of the combination in excess of the regulated number are declared to be regulated fish.

135 Fish regulated by size

- (1) This section applies if, for an entry for fish identified in schedule 2, part 2, column 1, the symbol ‘S’ is stated in schedule 2, part 2, column 2.

- (2) If a minimum size (the *regulated minimum size*) is stated opposite the symbol in schedule 2, part 2, column 3, only the identified fish that are smaller than the regulated minimum size are declared to be regulated fish.
- (3) If a maximum size (the *regulated maximum size*) is stated opposite the symbol in schedule 2, part 2, column 3, only the identified fish that are larger than the regulated maximum size are declared to be regulated fish.
- (4) For subsections (2) and (3), the size of a fish may be stated by reference to the size of a part of the fish, including, for example, if the fish is a crab, the size of its carapace.

136 Fish regulated by volume

- (1) This section applies if, for an entry for fish identified in schedule 2, part 2, column 1—
 - (a) the symbol ‘V’ is stated in schedule 2, part 2, column 2; and
 - (b) a volume (the *regulated volume*) is stated opposite the symbol in schedule 2, part 2, column 3.
- (2) Only the identified fish in excess of the regulated volume are declared to be regulated fish.

137 Fish regulated by weight

- (1) This section applies if, for an entry for fish identified in schedule 2, part 2, column 1—
 - (a) the symbol ‘W’ is stated in schedule 2, part 2, column 2; and
 - (b) a weight (the *regulated weight*) is stated opposite the symbol in schedule 2, part 2, column 3.
- (2) Only the identified fish in excess of the regulated weight are declared to be regulated fish.

138 Declaration subject to condition

Despite sections 131 to 137, if the declaration of fish as regulated fish is subject to a condition, however expressed, stated in schedule 2, part 2, column 3 or part 3, column 3, the fish is declared to be regulated fish only if the condition is satisfied.

Example—

Under schedule 2, part 2 a shark (other than a grey reef shark, whitetip reef shark, spartooth shark, white shark or sandtiger shark) is declared to be regulated fish on the condition, stated in column 3 of the schedule, that the shark's tail and all of its fins are not secured to its body.

139 Fish declared to be regulated fish in more than 1 way

Fish may be declared to be regulated fish in more than 1 way under this part.

Example—

Under schedule 2, part 2, Australian bass are regulated by number and size.

Part 3 Regulation of activities involving regulated fish

140 Meaning of *activity involving regulated fish*

An *activity involving regulated fish* means—

- (a) taking, buying, selling, possessing or using the regulated fish; or
- (b) taking, buying, selling, possessing or using the regulated fish in a particular way.

141 Particular activities involving regulated fish are prohibited activities

- (1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), for an entry for regulated fish identified in schedule 2, part 2, column 1 or part 3,

column 1, an activity involving the regulated fish stated opposite the entry in schedule 2, part 2, column 4 or part 3, column 4 is a prohibited activity.

- (2) If the activity is subject to a condition, however expressed, the activity is a prohibited activity involving regulated fish only if the condition is satisfied.

Examples—

- 1 Under schedule 2, part 2 a person is prohibited from taking jungle perch only if the relevant stated condition, namely that the person is in possession of a spotted flagtail, is satisfied.
 - 2 Under schedule 2, part 2 a recreational fisher is prohibited from possessing a fillet of particular regulated coral reef fin fish only if the relevant stated conditions, namely that the fillet is not at least 40cm long and not all of the skin of the fillet is attached to it, are satisfied.
- (3) If the activity is taking or possessing the fish, or taking or possessing the fish for trade or commerce, the activity is not a prohibited activity if the taking or possessing is carried out under a contract entered into by the chief executive for the establishment or management of the shark control program.
- (4) For subsection (2), a prohibited activity involving regulated fish may be stated to apply only in a particular area.

Example—

Under schedule 2, part 2, taking silver perch is stated to be a prohibited activity if the fish are taken from waters of the Paroo River Basin or Warrego River Basin, other than waters on privately owned land that are not part of a waterway.

142 Regulated person not to carry out prohibited activity involving regulated fish

- (1) Subject to section 143, for an entry for regulated fish identified in schedule 2, part 2, column 1 or part 3, column 1, a person (a *regulated person*) stated opposite the entry in schedule 2, part 2, column 4 or part 3, column 4 must not carry out a prohibited activity involving the fish stated opposite the entry in schedule 2, part 2, column 4 or part 3, column 4.

(2) In this section—

person includes a member of a class of persons.

143 Regulated fish declarations may apply differently

(1) For an entry for regulated fish identified in schedule 2, part 2, column 1 or part 3, column 1, regulated fish declarations may apply differently to a person or different persons by reference to different matters.

Example—

Under schedule 2, part 2, a person is prohibited from taking a grey mackerel less than 60cm. Also, a recreational fisher is prohibited from taking more than 5 of the fish.

(2) In this section—

person includes a member of a class of persons.

Part 4 Declaration and regulation of particular regulated fish

Division 1 Declaration and regulation of total number of regulated coral reef fin fish

144 Total number of regulated coral reef fin fish

(1) Any regulated coral reef fin fish in excess of 20 are declared to be regulated fish.

(2) A recreational fisher must not take more than 20 regulated coral reef fin fish.

Note—

There is an exception to this regulated fish declaration under section 150 (Extended number for regulated coral reef fin fish).

145 When other regulated fish declarations apply despite s 144

- (1) This section applies if a recreational fisher takes regulated coral reef fin fish of only 1 species regulated by number under a regulated fish declaration in schedule 2.
- (2) This section also applies if—
 - (a) a recreational fisher takes regulated coral reef fin fish of more than 1 species regulated by number under 1 or more regulated fish declarations in schedule 2; and
 - (b) the total of the regulated numbers of the species is no more than 20.
- (3) The regulated fish declarations mentioned in subsection (1) and (2) apply despite section 144.

Example—

A recreational fisher takes a combined total of 7 regulated coral trout of different species as allowed under a regulated fish declaration in schedule 2, part 3. Section 144 does not operate to allow the fisher to take more than 7 of the fish.

146 When s 144 applies despite other regulated fish declarations

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) a recreational fisher takes regulated coral reef fin fish of more than 1 species regulated by number under regulated fish declarations in schedule 2; and
 - (b) the total of the regulated numbers of the species would, apart from subsection (2), be more than 20.
- (2) Section 144 applies despite the regulated fish declarations mentioned in subsection (1).

Example—

A recreational fisher takes 10 hussar and a combined total of 7 regulated coral trout as allowed under regulated fish declarations in schedule 2. The fisher would otherwise be able to take an additional 8 redthroat emperor under schedule 2 but section 144 operates to prevent the fisher from taking more than 3 redthroat emperor.

147 Fillets counted as whole fish

For this division and section 150, a person possessing 2 whole or partial fillets of a regulated coral reef fin fish is taken to possess 1 whole regulated coral reef fin fish.

Note—

See also section 184(7) of the Act which provides that if it is relevant to establish a person took fish, evidence that the person possessed the fish at any time is evidence that the person took the fish.

Division 2 Other particular declarations

148 Particular fish taken from regulated waters

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) a regulated person under chapter 2, parts 4 to 12, takes or possesses fish in regulated waters; and
 - (b) the taking or possession of the fish in the regulated waters contravenes a regulated waters declaration under chapter 2, parts 4 to 12; and
 - (c) the fish are outside the regulated waters.
- (2) The fish are declared to be regulated fish.
- (3) A person must not possess the fish.
- (4) If there is an inconsistency between subsection (3) and another regulated fish declaration, subsection (3) prevails to the extent of the inconsistency.

Part 5 **Special provisions for extended licensed charter fishing trips**

Division 1 **Application**

149 **Application of pt 5**

This part applies despite part 4, division 1 and schedule 2.

Division 2 **Regulated coral reef fin fish**

150 **Extended number for regulated coral reef fin fish**

- (1) Subsections (3) to (5) prescribe the number (the *extended number*) of regulated coral reef fin fish that may be—
 - (a) taken, during an extended licensed charter fishing trip, by a recreational fisher who is on a boat and taking part in the trip; and
 - (b) possessed by the fisher.
- (2) However, subsections (3) to (5) apply only if the trip is conducted for a continuous period of at least 72 hours.
- (3) Subject to subsections (4) and (5), the extended number of regulated coral reef fin fish of a particular species or a group of species is twice the regulated number of the fish for the species or group.
- (4) If the trip is conducted for a continuous period of more than 72 hours and less than 168 hours, the extended number of regulated coral reef fin fish of all species or groups of species is a total of 40 fish.
- (5) If the trip is conducted for a continuous period of more than 168 hours, the extended number of regulated coral reef fin fish of all species or groups of species is a total of 60 fish.

Note—

See also section 147.

151 Form of regulated coral reef fin fish for extended licensed charter fishing trip

- (1) This section applies if a recreational fisher takes regulated coral reef fin fish under section 150.
- (2) The fisher may possess a fillet of the fish on the boat during the charter fishing trip but only if—
 - (a) all the skin on the fillet remains attached to the fillet; and
 - (b) the fillets of each species of fish taken are packaged separately; and
 - (c) each package is labelled with the common name of the species of fish in the package.

Division 3 Fin fish other than regulated coral reef fin fish

152 Extended number for other particular fin fish

- (1) This section applies to a recreational fisher who is, or has been, on a boat and taking part in an extended licensed charter fishing trip.
- (2) The fisher may—
 - (a) during the charter fishing trip, take up to twice the regulated number of a species of fish mentioned in schedule 6, part 4; and
 - (b) possess the fish taken under paragraph (a).

153 Form of other particular fin fish for extended licensed charter fishing trip

- (1) This section applies if a recreational fisher takes a fin fish, other than a regulated coral reef fin fish, on a boat, during an extended licensed charter fishing trip.
- (2) The fisher may possess the fish on the boat but only if the fisher ensures a square area of skin with sides of at least 3cm is left on the fish.

Part 6 Measurement of fish

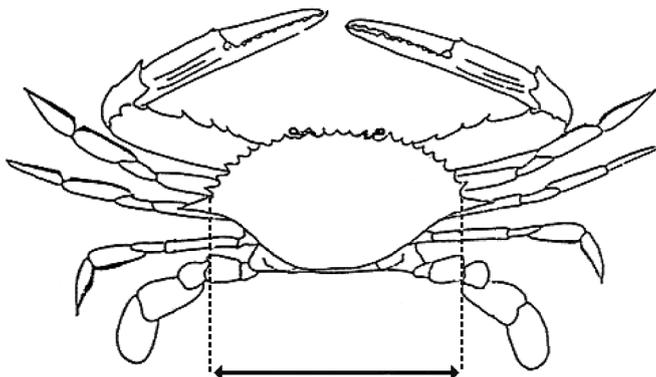
Division 1 Size

154 Balmain bug

The size of a Balmain bug must be decided by measuring the widest part of its carapace.

155 Blue swimmer crab

- (1) The size of a blue swimmer crab must be decided by measuring the distance between—
 - (a) the notch immediately forward of the base of the large lateral spine of the crab on one side of the crab; and
 - (b) the notch immediately forward of the base of the large lateral spine of the crab on the other side of the crab.
- (2) The following figure is an example of the operation of subsection (1) in diagrammatic form—



The distance between the 2 vertical dotted lines is the distance to be measured to decide the size of a blue swimmer crab.

156 Moreton Bay bug

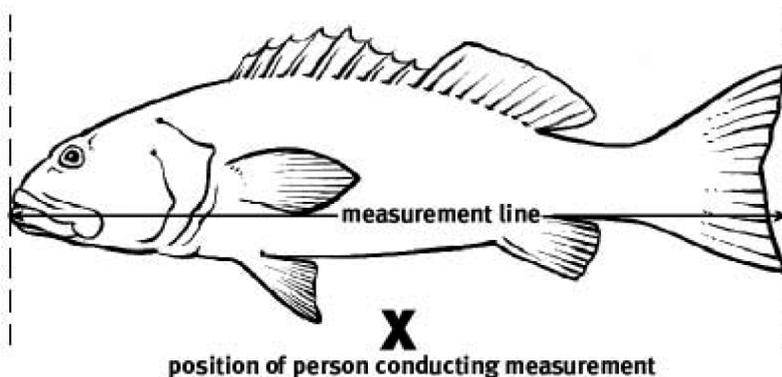
The size of a Moreton Bay bug must be decided by measuring the widest part of its carapace.

157 Fin fish (general provisions)

- (1) The size of a fin fish is decided by measuring, with the fish in the required position—
 - (a) for a flathead, shark or ray—the distance along a straight horizontal line along the centre of the fish's underside from the foremost point of the fish to the end of its tail; or
 - (b) for a fin fish, other than a fish mentioned in paragraph (a)—the distance along a straight horizontal line (the *measurement line*) along the fish's side from its mouth to—
 - (i) the point on the measurement line where the fish's tail ends; or
 - (ii) if part of the tail extends further than the point on the measurement line where the fish's tail ends—the point on the measurement line corresponding in

length with the end of the longest part of the fish's tail.

- (2) For subsection (1), the size of the fish must be measured without manipulating the fish, other than to the extent reasonably necessary to allow the fish to be measured as required under the subsection.
- (3) In this section—
required position means—
 - (a) for a fish mentioned in subsection (1)(a)—lying on its underside; or
 - (b) for a fish mentioned in subsection (1)(b)—lying on its side with the dorsal fin facing outward and its mouth closed.
- (4) The following figure is an example of the operation of subsections (1)(b) and (3), definition *required position*, in diagrammatic form—

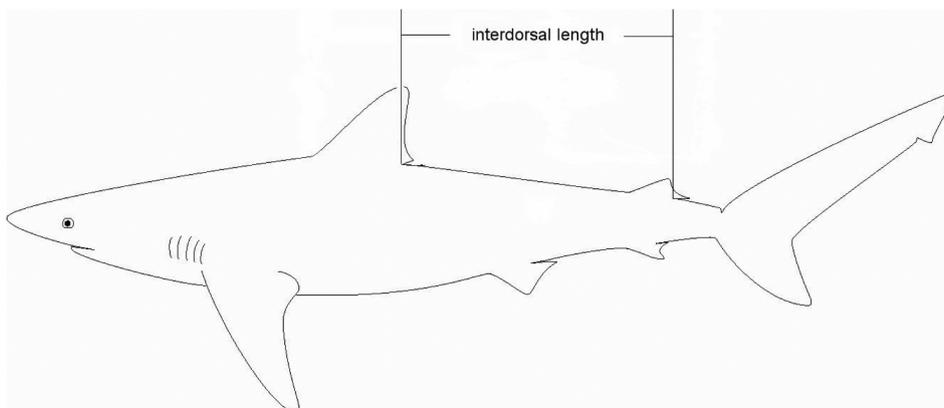


157A Fin fish (interdorsal length for shark or ray)

- (1) The interdorsal length for a shark or ray must be decided by measuring the distance along a straight line between—
 - (a) the point where the posterior edge of the first dorsal fin is, or was, attached to the body; and

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- (b) the point where the posterior edge of the second dorsal fin is, or was, attached to the body.
- (2) The following figure is an example of the operation of subsection (1) in diagrammatic form—



The distance between the 2 vertical dotted lines is the distance to be measured to decide the interdorsal length for a shark or ray.

158 Mud crab

The size of a mud crab must be decided by measuring the widest part of its carapace.

159 Painted crayfish

The size of a painted crayfish must be decided by measuring, in a straight line—

- (a) if its carapace is not damaged or missing—from the anterior mid-dorsal margin to the posterior mid-dorsal margin of the cephalothorax; or
- (b) if its carapace is damaged or separated from its body—along the dorsal surface from the anterior margin of the first abdominal somite to the posterior margin of the

sixth abdominal somite, when the tail is laid flat on a horizontal surface.

160 Pearl oyster

The size of a pearl oyster must be decided by measuring from the edge of its butt or hinge to the opposite edge of its shell, whether or not the shell is broken or chipped.

160A Red champagne lobster

The size of a red champagne lobster must be decided by measuring, in a straight line, from the anterior mid-dorsal margin to the posterior mid-dorsal margin of the cephalothorax.

161 Three-spotted crab

The size of a three-spotted crab must be decided by measuring the widest part of its carapace.

162 Saucer scallop

The size of a saucer scallop must be decided by measuring the widest part of its shell, whether or not the shell is broken or chipped.

163 Spanner crab

- (1) The size of a spanner crab must be decided by measuring the shortest distance between—
 - (a) the tip of the spike at the middle of the front edge of its carapace; and
 - (b) the mid point of the rear edge of its carapace.
- (2) If the carapace is damaged or separated from the crab's body the size of the crab must be decided by measuring its sternite

at the widest part of the front of its breastplate, located directly in front of the bases of the main claws.

164 Trochus

The size of a trochus must be decided by measuring the widest part of the base of its shell.

Division 2 Total volume

165 How total volume must be measured

- (1) This section provides for how a total volume of fish must be measured.
- (2) The volume of fish that are in a container (*contained fish*) must be measured by reference to the volume of the container when it is empty.

Editor's notes—

- 1 An empty container with internal dimensions of 571mm x 381mm x 305mm, commonly called a 'lug basket', has a capacity of approximately 66L.
 - 2 An empty container with internal dimensions of 605mm x 280mm x 90mm, commonly called a 'prawn carton', has a capacity of approximately 0.0153m³.
- (3) For subsection (2), a fish is not a contained fish if any part of it protrudes above the top of the container.
 - (4) The volume of any of the fish that are not contained fish (*uncontained fish*) must be measured by—
 - (a) placing them in a container or containers so that no part of any of the fish protrudes above the top of the container or containers; and
 - (b) measuring the volume of each container when it is empty; and
 - (c) referring to the volume of the container or containers.

-
- (5) The total volume of fish is worked out by adding together the volume of all of the contained and uncontained fish.

Division 3 Weight

166 Green snails

- (1) This section provides for how the weight of a green snail must be decided.
- (2) The weight of a green snail is its empty shell weight.

Division 4 Quantity

167 Threshold percentage of saucer scallops

- (1) This section provides for working out the threshold percentage of undersized scallops that are included in a quantity of saucer scallops that have been taken or possessed by a person.
- (2) The threshold percentage must be worked out by—
- (a) counting all of the undersized scallops and expressing the number of undersized scallops as a percentage of the total number of saucer scallops taken or possessed; or
 - (b) statistical sampling and testing as follows—
 - (i) collecting information (the *sample data*) about the total number of saucer scallops taken or possessed by taking a random sample of the scallops and counting the number of undersized saucer scallops;
 - (ii) using the sample data and a statistical method to estimate, based on a probability of 95%, the percentage of the total number of undersized scallops taken or possessed.
- (3) For subsection (2)(b), a saucer scallop that is not whole, including, for example, a saucer scallop that is cut,

dismembered, shelled or shucked, must not be counted or included in a sample.

(4) In this section—

undersized scallops means saucer scallops that are less than the regulated minimum size provided for saucer scallops under a regulated fish declaration.

Part 7 General exceptions

168 Application of pt 7

This part applies despite parts 2 and 3, part 4, division 1, part 5 and schedule 2.

169 Person may carry out prohibited activity under permit

A person may carry out an activity that is a prohibited activity involving regulated fish under part 3 and schedule 2 if the person carries out the activity under a permit.

170 Person possessing fish in regulated form for consumption on boat

A person may possess a fish in a regulated form if—

- (a) the person takes and possesses the fish on a boat for consumption on the boat; and
- (b) the fish remains on the boat at all times until it is consumed; and
- (c) the fish is consumed immediately after it is modified to its regulated form.

171 Recreational fisher possessing fin fish for bait

- (1) This section applies if a fin fish is regulated by form or number.

- (2) A recreational fisher may possess 1 fin fish that the fisher has processed or is processing to use as bait for recreational fishing.

172 Person possessing fish in regulated form on a transport boat

A person may possess fish in a regulated form on a boat if—

- (a) the boat is being used only for transporting people or vehicles; and
- (b) the person is a paying passenger on the boat.

173 Possession of regulated fish obtained from particular persons

A person may possess a regulated fish if—

- (a) the fish has been cultivated in a way that was authorised under the Planning Act; or
- (b) the fish has been sold by another person who was authorised to sell the fish.

174 Possession of fish for display in aquarium

A person may possess a regulated fish if the fish has been bred for display in an aquarium.

175 Person taking or possessing empty mollusc shells

A person may—

- (a) take an empty mollusc shell if the person does not take the shell for trade or commerce; or
- (b) possess a shell taken under paragraph (a).

Chapter 4 Other fisheries declarations

Part 1 Regulated fishing apparatus declarations

Division 1 Preliminary

176 Operation of pt 1

- (1) This part provides for particular regulated fishing apparatus declarations under sections 37(3) and 42 of the Act.
- (2) The fishing apparatus mentioned in divisions 2 to 4 is—
 - (a) declared to be regulated fishing apparatus; and
 - (b) regulated in the way stated for the apparatus in divisions 2 to 4.
- (3) For subsection (2)(b), a regulated fishing apparatus declaration applies to a person to whom it is stated to apply in the way it is stated to apply.
- (4) Division 5 provides generally for exceptions to regulated fishing apparatus declarations under this chapter or a management plan.

177 Relationship with regulated waters declarations

- (1) This section applies if an activity—
 - (a) is not prohibited under a regulated fishing apparatus declaration; and
 - (b) would, if it were carried out in regulated waters, contravene a regulated waters declaration.
- (2) To remove any doubt, it is declared that the carrying out of the activity is still a contravention of the regulated waters declaration.

Division 2 Declarations applying generally

178 Regulation of commercial fishing apparatus

- (1) A person must not buy, sell, possess or use commercial fishing apparatus unless—
 - (a) the person holds an authority that authorises the purchase, sale, possession or use of the apparatus; or
 - (b) under this regulation or a management plan, the person is authorised to buy, sell, possess or use the apparatus.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), an Aborigine or Torres Strait Islander may possess, but not use, a commercial fishing net without an authority if—
 - (a) the net has a mesh size of at least 50mm but no more than 215mm; and
 - (b) the net is no longer than 80m.
- (3) A person must not sell commercial fishing apparatus to a person who is not authorised to buy the apparatus under an authority, this regulation or a management plan.

179 Using nets—general

- (1) A person must not do any of the following things—
 - (a) join 2 or more nets;
 - (b) allow nets to overlap;
 - (c) set nets less than 1m apart;
 - (d) place a thing or do something else between 2 nets to stop fish escaping.
- (2) However, subsection (1) does not apply if doing the thing is otherwise authorised under this regulation or a management plan.

180 Prohibition of possession or use of purse seine nets

A person must not do the following in Queensland waters—

- (a) possess a purse seine net;
- (b) use a purse seine net to take fish.

Division 3 Declarations for trade or commerce

181 Using nets in a commercial fishery

- (1) A person using a net in a fishery area of a commercial fishery must not, without a reasonable excuse, do anything that effectively reduces the mesh size of the net below the minimum size stated for the net in this regulation or a management plan.

Examples of doing something that effectively reduces a net's mesh size—
covering a net or overlapping nets

- (2) However, subsection (1) does not apply if doing something that effectively reduces a net's mesh size is otherwise authorised under this regulation or a management plan.

Division 4 Declarations for recreational fishers

Subdivision 1 Regulation of particular fishing apparatus in non-tidal waters

182 Application of sdiv 1

This subdivision applies to a recreational fisher for taking fish in non-tidal waters.

183 Prohibition of use of particular nets

A recreational fisher must not use a cast net or seine net.

184 Scoop nets

A recreational fisher may use a scoop net only if the net—

- (a) is no more than 1m in all its dimensions; and
- (b) has a mesh size of no more than 25mm and a handle or shaft no longer than 2.5m.

185 Canister traps

A recreational fisher may use a canister trap only if—

- (a) the trap—
 - (i) is open at 1 end; and
 - (ii) has a diameter at its open end of no more than 50cm; and
 - (iii) is no longer than 60cm; and
- (b) the trap's diameter, width or height, measured anywhere along its length, is no more than the diameter, width or height of its open end; and
- (c) if the trap does not have a mesh made of rigid material, the size of its mesh is no more than 25mm.

185A Collapsible traps

A recreational fisher may use a collapsible trap.

185B Dillies

A recreational fisher may use a dilly only if the dilly has—

- (a) a diameter of no more than 125cm; and
- (b) a mesh size of no more than 25mm.

185C Funnel traps

A recreational fisher may use a funnel trap only if—

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- (a) the trap—
 - (i) has no more than 4 entrances; and
 - (ii) is no longer than 70cm, no wider than 50cm and no higher than 50cm; and
- (b) for a trap that does not have a mesh made of rigid material—the size of the mesh is no more than 25mm; and
- (c) the trap has an entrance made of rigid material; and
- (d) for a trap used in eastern non-tidal waters—the trap's entrance is no more than 5cm in all its dimensions; and
- (e) for a trap used in non-tidal waters other than eastern non-tidal waters—the trap's entrance is no more than 10cm in all its dimensions.

185CA Pyramid traps

A recreational fisher may use a pyramid trap only if—

- (a) the trap—
 - (i) is a pyramid shape; and
 - (ii) has no more than 1 entrance; and
 - (iii) has a base of no more than 60cm in length and width; and
 - (iv) is no less than 15cm in height; and
 - (v) has a mesh size of no more than 25mm; and
- (b) the trap's entrance—
 - (i) is no less than 15cm in all its dimensions; and
 - (ii) is made of rigid material; and
 - (iii) is at the narrow end of the trap; and
 - (iv) is parallel to the base of the trap.

185D Round traps

A recreational fisher may use a round trap only if—

- (a) the trap—
 - (i) has no more than 4 entrances; and
 - (ii) has a diameter of no more than 70cm; and
 - (iii) is no higher than 50cm; and
- (b) for a trap that does not have a mesh made of rigid material—the size of the mesh is no more than 25mm; and
- (c) the trap has an entrance made of rigid material; and
- (d) for a trap used in eastern non-tidal waters—the trap's entrance is no more than 5cm in all its dimensions; and
- (e) for a trap used in non-tidal waters other than eastern non-tidal waters—the trap's entrance is no more than 10cm in all its dimensions.

185E Freshwater traps

- (1) A recreational fisher may use a canister trap, collapsible trap, dilly, funnel trap, pyramid trap or round trap (each of which is a *freshwater trap*) only if the fisher uses the trap for taking freshwater fish in compliance with subsections (2) to (4).
- (2) The fisher must not use more than a total of 4 freshwater traps, including any combination of freshwater traps, to take freshwater fish.
- (3) Also, the fisher must ensure—
 - (a) a tag, on which is written the surname and address of the owner of the freshwater trap, is attached to the trap; and
 - (b) while the trap is being used, it is attached to—
 - (i) something that is stationary above the surface of the water; or
 - (ii) a float that complies with subsection (4).

- (4) The float must—
- (a) be solid, light coloured and clearly visible on the surface of the water; and
 - (b) be at least 15cm in all its dimensions; and
 - (c) have written on it the surname of the owner of the freshwater trap to which it is attached.

185F Fishing lines and hooks

- (1) This section does not apply to the use of a fishing line or set line in waters, other than waters of a waterway, on privately owned land.

Example of waters to which the section does not apply—

a pond or dam, that is not part of a waterway, on private land

- (2) A recreational fisher must not—
- (a) at any one time, use more than 6 fishing lines; or
 - (b) use a set line; or
 - (c) set a fishing line as a cross-line; or
 - (d) attach more than 1 hook or lure to a fishing line the fisher is using; or
 - (e) be more than 50 metres from any fishing line the fisher is using.

Subdivision 2 Regulation of particular fishing apparatus in tidal waters

186 Application of sdiv 2

This subdivision applies to a recreational fisher for taking fish in tidal waters or on tidal land.

187 Prohibition of use of particular traps

A recreational fisher must not use a canister trap, funnel trap or a round trap.

187A Cast nets

A recreational fisher may use or possess a cast net only if the net—

- (a) is no longer than 3.7m; and
- (b) has a mesh size of no more than 28mm.

187B Scoop nets

A recreational fisher may use a scoop net only if the net—

- (a) is no more than 2m in any dimension; and
- (b) has a mesh size of at least 25mm and a handle or shaft no longer than 2.5m.

187C Seine nets

A recreational fisher may use or possess a seine net only if—

- (a) the net—
 - (i) is no longer than 16m; and
 - (ii) has a mesh size of no more than 28mm; and
 - (iii) does not contain a pocket; and
 - (iv) is not fixed; and
- (b) the net's drop is no more than 3m.

188 Possessing or using crab apparatus

(1) A recreational fisher—

- (a) must not possess or use more than a total of 4 items of crab apparatus in any waters; and

- (b) may use crab apparatus only in compliance with subsections (2) and (3).
- (2) The recreational fisher must ensure that—
 - (a) a tag, on which is written the surname and address of the owner of the crab apparatus, is attached to the apparatus; and
 - (b) the crab apparatus is attached by a rope to either—
 - (i) a float complying with subsection (3); or
 - (ii) a fixed object above the high water mark, including for example, a jetty or tree; and
 - (c) if the crab apparatus is attached to a fixed object under paragraph (b)(ii)—a tag, on which is written the surname of the owner of the apparatus, is attached to the part of the rope above the high water mark.
- (3) For subsection (2)(b)(i), the float must—
 - (a) be light coloured and clearly visible on the surface of the water; and
 - (b) be at least 15cm in all its dimensions; and
 - (c) have written on it the surname of the owner of the crab apparatus to which it is attached.
- (4) In this section—

crab apparatus means any of the following items—

 - (a) a crab pot, collapsible trap or dilly;
 - (b) a device that is a combination of 2 or more things mentioned in paragraph (a).

189 Using fishing lines and hooks

- (1) A recreational fisher must not use more than 3 fishing lines at a time.
- (2) Also, the fisher must not attach more than a total of 6 hooks or lures to the fishing lines the fisher is using.

Example—

A recreational fisher might use—

- (a) 1 fishing line with 6 hooks attached; or
 - (b) 2 fishing lines each with 1 lure attached and another fishing line with 4 hooks attached.
- (3) A recreational fisher must not use a set line.

190 Using hand-held forks

A recreational fisher may use a hand-held fork only for taking worms.

191 Using hand pumps

A recreational fisher may use a hand pump only for taking yabbies.

194 Using spears or spear guns

A recreational fisher may use a spear or a spear gun.

Note—

See schedule 11, part 2, definition *recreational fishing apparatus*, paragraphs (o) and (p).

Division 5 General exception

195 Person may carry out prohibited activity under permit

- (1) This section applies despite divisions 2 to 4.
- (2) A person may carry out an activity that is prohibited under divisions 2 to 4 or a management plan if the person carries out the activity under a permit.

Part 2 Regulated fishing method declarations

Division 1 Preliminary

196 Operation of pt 2

- (1) This part provides for regulated fishing method declarations under sections 37(4) and 42 of the Act.
- (2) Each fishing method mentioned in division 2 or 3 is—
 - (a) declared to be a regulated fishing method; and
 - (b) regulated in the way stated in division 2 or 3.
- (3) For subsection (2)(b), a regulated fishing method declaration applies to a person to whom it is stated to apply in the way it is stated to apply.
- (4) Division 4 provides generally for exceptions to regulated fishing method declarations.

Division 2 Declarations applying generally

197 Taking fish using fishing apparatus

- (1) This section applies to a person using fishing apparatus for—
 - (a) taking fish unintentionally; or
 - (b) taking other fish the person does not intend to keep.
- (2) The person must immediately release the fish into water deep enough to allow the fish to escape.
- (3) The person must not allow a part of the apparatus containing a fish to be out of the water other than to immediately remove the fish from the apparatus.
- (4) Subsections (2) and (3) do not apply if the person has a reasonable excuse.

198 Particular fishing methods prohibited

- (1) A person must not take fish in any of the following ways—
 - (a) by jaggging or foul-hooking;
 - (b) using underwater breathing apparatus, other than a snorkel;
 - (c) using a crab hook;
 - (d) using fishing apparatus across a waterway or navigation channel in a way that makes more than half of its width impassable to a boat or fish.

- (2) In this section—

crab hook means a hook, other than a baited hook, used for impaling or extracting crabs.

jaggging or *foul-hooking* means using a device consisting of a hook or a collection of hooks that is used, other than with a lure or bait, for taking fish.

Division 3 Declarations applying to recreational fishers

198A Taking fish using particular bait

A recreational fisher may take fish from non-tidal waters using bait taken from tidal waters only if the bait has been cooked, frozen or preserved.

Examples of ways in which bait may be preserved—

dried, freeze dried, pickled, preserved in alcohol, salted

Division 4 General exception

200 Person may carry out prohibited activity under permit

- (1) This section applies despite divisions 2 and 3.

- (2) A person may carry out an activity that is prohibited under division 2 or 3 if the person—
 - (a) carries out the activity under a permit; or
 - (b) is otherwise authorised to carry out the activity under this regulation or a management plan.

Chapter 5 Authorities

Part 1 Preliminary

201 Simplified outline of ch 5

In outline, this chapter provides for authorities and related matters as follows—

- (a) part 2 describes particular types of authorities that may be issued and sets out provisions applying generally to authorities and to more than 1 type of authority;
- (b) parts 3 to 5 provide generally for particular types of authorities, other than authorities relating to commercial fishing;
- (c) part 6 provides generally for authorities relating to commercial fishing;
- (d) parts 7 to 9 provide for particular authorities relating to commercial fishing.

Part 2 General provisions about authorities

Division 1 Types of authorities

Subdivision 1 Prescribed authorities

202 Purpose of sdiv 1

This subdivision prescribes particular authorities that the chief executive may issue under the Act.

Notes—

- 1 Authority is defined in the schedule of the Act as follows—
'authority means—
 - (a) a licence, permit, resource allocation authority or other authority issued, and in force, under this Act; or
 - (b) a quota in force under this Act.'
- 2 Under section 49(1) of the Act authorities may also be prescribed under a management plan.

203 Types of authorities

The types of authorities the chief executive may issue, other than a quota, are the following—

- (a) resource allocation authorities;

Note—

Part 3 provides for matters relating to the issue of, and authorisation under, resource allocation authorities.

- (b) permits;
- (c) licences.

204 Types of permits

- (1) The types of permit the chief executive may issue are the following—
- (a) developmental fishing permits;
 - (b) indigenous fishing permits;
 - (c) stocked impoundment permits;
 - (d) a filleting permit to the holder of an RQ fishery licence;
 - (e) a permit for an activity mentioned in subsection (2) (a ***general fisheries permit***).

Note—

Part 4 provides for matters relating to the issue of, and authorisation under, particular permits.

- (2) Subject to part 4, division 1, the chief executive may issue a general fisheries permit for an activity that—
- (a) is not able to be carried out under another type of authority; and
 - (b) is carried out for any purpose, regardless of whether it is for a commercial purpose or a non-commercial purpose.

Example of activity carried out for a commercial purpose—

collection of fish for aquaculture

Example of activity carried out for a non-commercial purpose—

fisheries research and monitoring

- (3) For a general fisheries permit for an activity for which the sole or main purpose is a commercial purpose, the chief executive must state a term for the permit that ends on a day that is not more than 2 years after the day on which the permit was issued.

205 Types of licences

The types of licence the chief executive may issue are the following—

- (a) a carrier boat licence;

- (b) a charter fishing licence;
- (c) a commercial fisher licence;
- (d) a commercial fishing boat licence;
- (e) a commercial harvest fishery licence.

Note—

Part 5 provides for matters relating to licences mentioned in paragraphs (a) and (b) and parts 6 to 9 provide for matters relating to the licences mentioned in paragraphs (c) to (e).

Subdivision 2 Quota authorities

206 Types of quota authorities

- (1) The following types of quota authorities are provided for under this regulation—
 - (a) SM units under chapter 10, parts 2 to 6;
 - (b) CT line units, OS line units and RTE line units under chapter 10A, parts 2 to 6;
 - (c) ITQ units under chapter 11, part 1A, division 7;
 - (d) T4-ITQ units under chapter 11, part 3, division 5.
- (2) The following types of quota authorities are provided for under the East Coast Trawl Plan—
 - (a) T1 effort units;
 - (b) T2 effort units.

Division 1A Activities for which authorities can not be issued

207A Prohibition on issue of authority authorising the use of bottom set line in Gulf of Carpentaria waters

The chief executive can not issue an authority authorising the use of a bottom set line in the Gulf of Carpentaria waters.

Division 2 Authorisations under authorities

208 Authorisations subject to regulation, management plans and authorities

- (1) This section applies if an activity is authorised to be carried out under an authority under—
 - (a) a provision in—
 - (i) parts 3 to 9; or
 - (ii) chapter 6, part 5; or
 - (iii) chapters 7 to 11; or
 - (b) a management plan; or
 - (c) the authority itself.
- (2) The carrying out of the activity is subject to any relevant prohibitions or restrictions under this regulation, a management plan or the authority itself.

Examples of relevant restrictions—

- restrictions under fisheries declarations under chapter 2, 3 or 4
- conditions applying generally to licences with fishery symbols under chapter 6, part 6

209 Authority holder only requires 1 authority for an activity

- (1) This section applies to the holder of an authority if the authority authorises an activity for which another authority may be issued under this regulation or a management plan.
- (2) The holder of the authority does not require another authority for the activity.

Division 3 Register of authorities

210 Particulars to be contained in register—Act, s 73

For section 73(2) of the Act, the register must contain the following particulars about each authority issued by the chief executive—

- (a) the type, category and number of the authority;
- (b) the fishery symbols, if any, written on the authority;
- (c) the authority holder's full name;
- (d) the holder's postal address;
- (e) other relevant particulars about each boat identified in the authority;
- (f) third party interests in the authority, if any, notified to the chief executive;
- (g) for all quota authorities of the same type held by the same person—
 - (i) the person's name; and
 - (ii) the number of authorities held by the person; and
 - (iii) if conditions have been imposed on any of the authorities—the conditions; and
 - (iv) if any of the authorities are suspended—the number of the authorities and the period of the suspension;
- (h) for an 'M2' licence under the East Coast Trawl Plan—

- (i) the boat mark for the boat identified in the licence; and
- (ii) the boat's hull units, beam, depth and length worked out under that plan; and
- (iii) the boat's main engine power in maximum continuous brake kW.

211 Holder to notify chief executive of particular changes— Act, s 73

For section 73(3) of the Act, an authority holder must give the chief executive written particulars of any of the following changes in circumstances—

- (a) a change of the holder's name;
- (b) if the holder is an individual—a change of the holder's residential, business or postal address;
- (c) if the holder is a corporation—
 - (i) a change of the address of the holder's registered office; or
 - (ii) a change of the address of the holder's office, if any, in the State; or
 - (iii) a person becoming, or ceasing to be, an executive officer of the holder;
- (d) a change in a third party interest in the authority notified to the chief executive;
- (e) a change in details contained in the register about a boat identified in the authority.

Division 4 Other matters

212 Authorities that continue after holder's death—Act, s 70C

The following authorities are prescribed for section 70C(1) of the Act—

- (a) a charter fishing licence;
- (b) a commercial fishing boat licence;
- (c) a commercial harvest fishery licence;
- (d) an effort unit;
- (e) an ITQ unit;
- (f) a line unit;
- (g) a resource allocation authority;
- (h) an SM unit.

213 Authorities in which inspectors may have an interest

An inspector may hold or have an interest in an authority for—

- (a) conducting research or training about fisheries resources, fishing apparatus or commercial fishing boats; or
- (b) taking or possessing fish for stocking waters; or
- (c) releasing fish; or
- (d) taking fish from a stocked impoundment by using a fishing line; or
- (e) performing the inspector's functions.

Part 3 Resource allocation authorities

Division 1 Preliminary

214 Meaning of *prescribed development purpose* for declared fish habitat area

A *prescribed development purpose* for a declared fish habitat area, means any of the following in, or directly affecting, the area—

- (a) restoring the fish habitat or natural processes;

Examples—

- reinstating tidal profiles for allowing restoration of marine plant communities
- restoring tidal flows and inundation patterns

- (b) managing fisheries resources or fish habitat;

Example—

constructing a boardwalk for public access within a declared fish habitat area for preventing uncontrolled disturbance of the habitat

- (c) researching, including monitoring, or educating;

- (d) ensuring public health or safety;

- (e) providing public infrastructure to facilitate fishing;

Examples of public infrastructure—

a boat ramp or jetty for public use

- (f) providing subterranean public infrastructure if the chief executive is satisfied the surface of the area can be restored, after the completion of the relevant works or activity, to its condition before the performance of the works or activity;

- (g) constructing a temporary structure;

- (h) maintaining a structure that was constructed before the area was declared to be a fish habitat area under the Act;

- (i) maintaining a structure, other than a structure mentioned in paragraph (h), that has been lawfully constructed;

- (j) for a part of the area that is a management B area—

- (i) constructing a permanent structure on tidal land or within the area; or
- (ii) depositing material for beach replenishment in the area.

Division 2 Issue of and authorisation under resource allocation authorities

215 Restriction on issue of particular resource allocation authorities

- (1) The chief executive may issue a resource allocation authority for a prescribed declared fish habitat area development only if the chief executive is satisfied the development is for a prescribed development purpose for the declared fish habitat area to which the development relates.
- (2) Also, before deciding whether to issue the authority, the chief executive must have regard to the following for the declared fish habitat area to which the development relates—
 - (a) the effect of the development on the maintenance of the community use of the area, in particular, in relation to fishing activities;
 - (b) for a part of the area that is a management A area—the effect of the development on the maintenance of the natural condition of fish habitats and natural processes in the area;
 - (c) for a part of the area that is a management B area—the effect of the development on the maintenance of the current fish habitat values and functions of the area.

216 Authorisation under resource allocation authority

- (1) A resource allocation authority holder may do any of the following under the authority—
 - (a) for an authority relating to prescribed declared fish habitat area development or development mentioned in the *Planning Regulation 2017*, schedule 24, definition *non-referable building work*, paragraph (d)—interfere with the declared fish habitat area mentioned in the authority;

- (b) for an authority relating to prescribed aquaculture development—interfere with the fish habitat in the Queensland waters or on the unallocated tidal land mentioned in the authority;
 - (c) for an authority relating to development that is operational work impacting on marine plants that is dead marine wood on unallocated State land for trade or commerce—collect the wood for trade or commerce from the unallocated State land mentioned in the authority;
- (2) However, the holder may do an act mentioned in subsection (1) only if—
- (a) the holder does the act in relation to the development to which the authority relates; and
 - (b) the development is carried out in a way that is authorised under the Planning Act.

Part 4 Permits

Division 1 Restrictions on issue of particular permits

217 Prohibition on issue of permit for possessing or using purse seine net

The chief executive can not issue a permit allowing any of the following—

- (a) possessing a purse seine net;
- (b) using a purse seine net to take fish;
- (c) possessing fish taken in contravention of paragraph (b).

218 Restriction on issue of permit for taking or possessing maray or Australian sardine

- (1) The chief executive can not issue a permit allowing the taking or possession of maray or Australian sardines for trade or commerce.
- (2) However, subsection (1) does not apply if—
 - (a) the permit allows the taking or possession of maray or Australian sardines for only 1 of the following—
 - (i) to use as bait for fishing under a commercial fishing boat licence or commercial fisher licence held by the person applying for the permit;
 - (ii) to use as food for display fish;
 - (iii) for research; or
 - (b) the permit is a replacement permit issued under section 71 of the Act.

218A Restriction on issue of general fisheries permit for taking fish in particular regulated waters

The chief executive can not issue a general fisheries permit allowing the taking of fish in, or the possessing of fish taken in, the regulated waters mentioned in section 34A unless the permit is for an activity for which any of the following is the sole or main purpose—

- (a) research;
- (b) environmental protection;
- (c) public health;
- (d) public safety.

218B Prohibition on issue of developmental fishing permit for use of set mesh nets in Gulf of Carpentaria waters

The chief executive may issue a developmental fishing permit authorising the use of a set mesh net in the Gulf of Carpentaria waters only if the permit is a replacement of a developmental

fishing permit under which the use of a set mesh net in the Gulf of Carpentaria waters is authorised.

218C Prohibition on issue of permits for taking or possessing freshwater fish for trade or commerce

- (1) The chief executive can not issue a permit allowing the taking or possession of freshwater fish for trade or commerce.
- (2) However, subsection (1) does not apply if the permit is a general fisheries permit for the collection of freshwater fish to be used by the permit holder for broodstock for aquaculture.

Division 2 Authorisations under particular permits

219 Developmental fishing permit

A person who holds a developmental fishing permit and anyone else identified in the permit may do any of the following under the permit—

- (a) assess the commercial viability of a fishing activity, fishing apparatus or boat for a fishery, other than a commercial fishery, identified in the permit;
- (b) buy, use or possess fishing apparatus to carry out the assessment;
- (c) take, possess and process fish taken for carrying out the assessment;
- (d) sell the fish.

220 Indigenous fishing permit

An person who holds an indigenous fishing permit and anyone else identified in the permit may do any of the following under the permit—

- (a) assess the commercial viability of a fishing activity proposed to be carried out, or fishing apparatus or a boat proposed to be used, by an indigenous person or a community of indigenous persons in a commercial fishery identified in the permit;
- (b) buy, use or possess fishing apparatus to carry out the assessment;
- (c) take, possess and process fish taken for carrying out the assessment;
- (d) sell the fish.

220A Stocked impoundment permit

A person who holds a stocked impoundment permit may take freshwater fish using a fishing line from a prescribed stocked impoundment.

220AA Filleting permit

The holder of a filleting permit, or a commercial fisher acting under a filleting permit, may fillet regulated coral reef fin fish stated on the permit but only on board a primary boat identified in the RQ fishery licence held by the permit holder.

Division 3 Conditions under particular permits

220B General fisheries permit for release of non-indigenous fisheries resources into non-tidal waters

- (1) This section applies to a general fisheries permit authorising the release of non-indigenous fisheries resources into non-tidal waters.
- (2) It is a condition of the permit that a person acting under the permit must not release the fisheries resources into the waters of the river basins mentioned in schedule 10B.

Note—

See chapter 11, part 1A (Commercial spanner crab fishery (managed area A) ('C2')), section 600C (Fishery area).

222B Restriction on issue of licence for commercial spanner crab fishery (managed area B)

The chief executive must not issue a carrier boat licence to carry spanner crabs taken in the fishery area for the commercial spanner crab fishery (managed area B) for—

- (a) a primary boat identified in a commercial fishing boat licence on which the fishery symbol 'C3' is written; or
- (b) a tender boat for a primary boat mentioned in paragraph (a).

Note—

See chapter 11, part 1B (Commercial spanner crab fishery (managed area B) ('C3')), section 600Z (Fishery area).

223 Authorisation under carrier boat licence

A person who holds a carrier boat licence may under the licence—

- (a) use the boat identified in the licence to carry fish taken for trade or commerce by—
 - (i) a commercial fisher or assistant fisher; or
 - (ii) someone else who, under this regulation or a management plan, is authorised to take fish for trade or commerce under another authority; or
- (b) authorise someone else to use the boat in the way mentioned in paragraph (a).

223A Authorisation under carrier boat licence for regulated coral reef fin fish

It is a condition of a carrier boat licence allowing the carriage of regulated coral reef fin fish that a boat identified in the

licence must not be used to carry live regulated coral reef fin fish unless—

- (a) the boat is also identified in a commercial fishing boat licence; and
- (b) the fish were taken from any of the following—
 - (i) the boat;
 - (ii) if the boat is a tender boat—the boat’s primary boat;
 - (iii) if the boat is a primary boat—a tender boat of the primary boat.

Division 2 Charter fishing licence

224 Authorisation under charter fishing licence

A person who holds a charter fishing licence may under the licence—

- (a) conduct charter fishing trips in offshore waters; or
- (b) authorise someone else to conduct charter fishing trips in offshore waters.

225 Condition of charter fishing licence

It is a condition of a charter fishing licence that a person who conducts a charter fishing trip under the licence must not take, or allow someone else to take, maray or Australian sardines during the trip unless—

- (a) the maray or Australian sardines are taken to use as bait for fishing during the trip; and
- (b) the taking complies with chapter 4, part 1, division 4.

Part 6 **General provisions about authorities for commercial fishing**

Division 1 **Authorities for sale of fisheries resources**

226 **Conditions of authority**

- (1) This section prescribes conditions for an authority that authorises a person to sell fisheries resources.
- (2) If the authority states the way in which fisheries resources may be sold, a person may sell fisheries resources under the authority only in the stated way.
- (3) Subsection (4) applies if—
 - (a) a fishery symbol is written on the authority; and
 - (b) a fishery provision about a commercial fishery identified by the fishery symbol states the way in which fisheries resources may be sold.
- (4) A person may sell fisheries resources under the authority only in the way stated in the fishery provision.
- (5) This section does not limit another provision of this regulation or a management plan applying to the sale of fisheries resources by the authority holder or another person acting under the authority.

Division 2 **Conditions about boat marks**

227 **Application of div 2**

This division applies to an authority that authorises the use of a boat (an *authorised boat*) if—

- (a) the authority states a sequence of letters or numbers for the boat; or
- (b) the chief executive has given the authority holder a written notice (a *boat mark notice*) stating a sequence of letters or numbers for the boat.

228 Reference to a *boat mark* for an authorised boat

A reference to a *boat mark* for an authorised boat used under an authority is a reference to—

- (a) if the authorised boat is a primary boat or another boat identified in the authority—the sequence of letters or numbers for the boat stated in the authority or boat mark notice issued for the boat; or
- (b) if the authorised boat is a tender boat or another boat not identified in the authority—the sequence of letters or numbers for the boat stated in the authority or boat mark notice, followed by—
 - (i) a dash; and
 - (ii) a number, chosen by the authority holder, that is not the same as the number for any other authorised boat of a type mentioned in this paragraph that is used under the authority.

229 Requirements for attaching or placing boat mark on authorised boat

- (1) It is a condition of the authority that the authority holder must ensure the boat mark for the authorised boat is placed on the boat in a way that complies with subsections (2) to (7).
- (2) The boat mark must be written in black on a yellow background.
- (3) If the boat has a length of less than 10m—
 - (a) each letter or number in the boat mark must have a height of at least 20cm; and

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- (b) each stroke or serif of the letter or number must have a width of at least 2cm but no more than 2.5cm.
- (4) If the boat has a length of 10m or more but less than 25m—
 - (a) each letter or number in the boat mark must have a height of at least 30cm; and
 - (b) each stroke or serif of the letter or number must have a width of at least 3.5cm but no more than 4cm.
 - (5) If the boat has a length of 25m or more—
 - (a) each letter or number in the boat mark must have a height of at least 45cm; and
 - (b) each stroke or serif of the letter or number must have a width of at least 6cm but no more than 6.5cm.
 - (6) The boat mark must be—
 - (a) if the authorised boat is a primary boat or another boat identified in the authority—attached to each side of the primary boat’s hull; and
 - (b) if the authorised boat is a tender boat or another boat not identified in the authority—placed on each side of the tender boat’s hull; and
 - (c) placed on—
 - (i) if the boat has a deck or shelter at its front—the deck or shelter or an enclosed cabin or wheelhouse on the deck; or
 - (ii) otherwise—a flat surface on the boat.
 - (7) The boat mark must not—
 - (a) be attached or placed below the water line of the boat; or
 - (b) otherwise be obscured from view; or
 - (c) be removed from the boat’s hull, or replaced with another boat mark on the boat’s hull, during a fishing trip on the boat.

230 Authorised boat must not be used without boat mark

It is also a condition of the authority that a person in control of an authorised boat must not use the boat, or allow it to be used, to take fish for trade or commerce, unless a boat mark for the boat has been attached to or placed, and remains, on the boat in compliance with section 229.

231 Requirement to remove boat mark

- (1) It is a condition of the authority that the holder must remove the boat mark from an authorised boat if—
 - (a) the boat is replaced; or
 - (b) the authority expires; or
 - (c) the authority is surrendered or cancelled.
- (2) This section applies whether or not the boat mark has been attached to or placed on the boat, or allowed to remain on the boat, in a way that complies with section 229.
- (3) In this section—

holder, of an authority that has expired, or has been surrendered or cancelled, means the person who held the authority immediately before the expiry, surrender or cancellation.

Part 7 Commercial fisher licence

Division 1 Authorisation—general

232 Authorisation—commercial fisher

A person who holds a commercial fisher licence may do any of the following under the licence—

- (a) buy commercial fishing apparatus;
- (b) possess commercial fishing apparatus;

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- (c) use commercial fishing apparatus, but only while using a commercial fishing boat under a commercial fishing boat licence on which is written a fishery symbol authorising the use of the apparatus;
 - (d) take fish for trade or commerce, but only while using a commercial fishing boat under a commercial fishing boat licence;
 - (e) possess the fish;
 - (f) sell the fish;
 - (g) process the fish.

233 Authorisation—assistant fisher

- (1) Subject to subsections (2) to (4), a person who holds a commercial fisher licence may authorise someone else (an *assistant fisher*) to do a thing under the licence that the commercial fisher may do under section 232.

Note—

For the fishery under the East Coast Trawl Plan there are restrictions on what an assistant fisher may do. See section 33 (Assistant fishers) of that plan.

- (2) An assistant fisher may do a thing mentioned in section 232(b) to (d) under a commercial fisher licence only if the assistant fisher is acting under direction of the commercial fisher.
- (3) An assistant fisher may do a thing mentioned in section 232(e) to (g) under a commercial fisher licence on a boat only if the assistant fisher is acting under direction of the commercial fisher.
- (4) An assistant fisher may do a thing mentioned in section 232(a), (b), (e), (f) or (g) under a commercial fisher licence, other than on a boat, only if the assistant fisher complies with the commercial fisher's instructions.

Division 2 Authorisation—fishing priority

Subdivision 1 Preliminary

234 Definitions for div 2

In this division—

ocean beach fishery flag, for an ocean beach net area, means a flag that—

- (a) is orange; and
- (b) has an area of at least 1m²; and
- (c) has the following written on it—
 - (i) the boat mark for the boat being used to take fish in the ocean beach net area; and
 - (ii) the words ‘fishing priority’.

ocean beach net area means an area of an ocean beach fishery that is—

- (a) identified by 2 ocean beach fishery flags placed—
 - (i) no more than 1km apart; and
 - (ii) along, and as near as possible to, the water’s edge; and
- (b) within the boundary formed by the following lines—
 - (i) a straight line, at right angles to a straight line between the ocean beach fishery flags, extending from the point that is 500m seaward of 1 of the flags (the *first flag*) to the point that is 500m landward of the first flag;
 - (ii) another straight line, at right angles to the straight line between the flags, extending from the point that is 500m seaward of the other flag (the *second flag*) to the point that is 500m landward of the second flag;

- (iii) a straight line joining the landward ends of the lines mentioned in subparagraphs (i) and (ii);
- (iv) a straight line joining the seaward ends of the lines mentioned in subparagraphs (i) and (ii).

235 Meaning of *ready to fish*

A commercial fisher is *ready to fish* with a net in a fishery area of a commercial fishery if—

- (a) the fisher has, in the area—
 - (i) a commercial fishing boat that can be used to take fish in the area under a commercial fishing boat licence; and
 - (ii) at least the minimum number of assistant fishers required to take fish in the area; and
- (b) there is, on the boat, a net authorised to be used to take fish in the area of the fishery.

Subdivision 2 Fishing priorities

236 Fishing priority—ocean beach fisheries

- (1) This section applies—
 - (a) to each commercial fisher acting under a commercial fishing boat licence with the fishery symbols ‘K1’, ‘K2’, ‘K3’, ‘K4’, ‘K5’, ‘K6’, ‘K7’ or ‘K8’ written on it; and
 - (b) for using a net in an ocean beach net area for which the licence is issued.
- (2) Each of the fishers is authorised under the commercial fishing boat licence to use a net in the ocean beach net area in the order in which the fishers are ready to fish with the nets in the area.

237 Fishing priority—other commercial fisheries

- (1) This section applies—
 - (a) to each commercial fisher acting under a commercial fishing boat licence; and
 - (b) for using a net in a commercial fishery, other than an ocean beach fishery, for which the licence is issued.
- (2) Each of the fishers is authorised under the commercial fishing boat licence to use a net in the commercial fishery—
 - (a) in an area around the fisher’s boat within a radius equal to the length of a net the fisher is authorised to use in the fishery; and
 - (b) in the order in which the fishers are ready to fish with the nets in the area.

238 Duration of fishing priority

An authorisation for a commercial fisher to use nets in an area of a commercial fishery under section 236 or 237 continues—

- (a) for no more than 6 hours from when the fisher is ready to fish with a net in the area; and
- (b) only while the fisher is ready to fish with a net in the area.

239 Joint fishers taken to be 1 fisher

If 2 or more commercial fishers mentioned in section 236 or 237 jointly use nets, they are taken to be 1 commercial fisher.

Subdivision 3 Offences relating to fishing priorities

240 Interfering with ocean beach fishery flag

- (1) This section applies if a commercial fisher or an assistant fisher acting under a commercial fishing boat licence has placed an ocean beach fishery flag for identifying an ocean beach net area under section 234, definition *ocean beach net area*, paragraph (a).
- (2) A person, other than the commercial fisher or assistant fisher, must not remove, or otherwise interfere with, the ocean beach fishery flag.

Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.

241 Obstructing exercise of a fishing priority

A person must not obstruct a commercial fisher in exercising a fishing priority under this division, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.

Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.

Division 3 Conditions

242 General conditions of a commercial fisher licence

- (1) This section prescribes general conditions to which a commercial fisher licence is subject.

Note—

Chapter 10, part 3 (Conditions for SM units) also prescribes conditions for a commercial fisher licence if the holder is acting under SM units held by another person.

- (2) Subsection (3) applies to a commercial fisher using a commercial fishing boat under a commercial fishing boat licence on which the fishery symbol ‘M1’, ‘M2’, ‘T1’, ‘T2’, ‘T4’, ‘T5’, ‘T6’, ‘T7’, ‘T8’ or ‘T9’ is written.

- (3) The commercial fisher must not act, or direct an assistant fisher to act, in the same commercial fishery under more than 1 commercial fishing boat licence at the same time.
- (4) Subsection (5) applies to a commercial fisher operating under a commercial fishing boat licence in a commercial fishery, other than a commercial fisher to which subsections (2) and (3) apply.
- (5) The commercial fisher must not act in the commercial fishery under—
 - (a) if the commercial fisher is directing an assistant fisher acting under a commercial fishing boat licence in the commercial fishery at the same time as the commercial fisher—more than 2 commercial fishing boat licences at the same time; or
 - (b) otherwise—more than 1 commercial fishing boat licence at the same time.
- (6) Subsection (7) applies to a commercial fisher using a commercial fishing boat under a commercial fishing boat licence if the holder of the commercial fishing boat licence is required under this regulation or a management plan to comply with VMS equipment requirements for VMS equipment on the boat.
- (7) The commercial fisher must comply with the VMS equipment requirements.
- (8) Subsection (9) applies to a commercial fisher using a commercial fishing boat under a commercial fishing boat licence if, under this regulation, the holder of the commercial fishing boat licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.
- (9) The commercial fisher must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the commercial fishing boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

Division 4 Other matters

243 Commercial fisher licence not transferable

A commercial fisher licence is not transferable.

Part 8 Commercial fishing boat licence

Division 1 Issue

244 Restriction on issue of commercial fishing boat licences

The chief executive may issue a commercial fishing boat licence that identifies a primary boat only if the boat is not already identified in a commercial fishing boat licence.

245 Requirement to decide number of tender boats for commercial fishing boat licences

- (1) This section applies if the chief executive decides to issue a commercial fishing boat licence.
- (2) Before issuing the licence, the chief executive must decide the number (the *authorised number*) of tender boats that are, for section 246, authorised for use under each fishery symbol to be written on the licence.
- (3) Without limiting subsection (2), the chief executive may decide that—
 - (a) no tender boats are authorised; or
 - (b) an unlimited number of tender boats are authorised.
- (4) Despite subsections (2) and (3), if the fishery symbol ‘L2’ or ‘L3’ is to be written on a commercial fishing boat licence, the authorised number of tender boats can not be more than the following—

- (a) under the fishery symbol 'L2'—4;
 - (b) under the fishery symbol 'L3'—1.
- (5) If the chief executive decides that no tender boats or a particular number of tender boats are to be authorised for use under a fishery symbol to be written on a licence, the licence must state the authorised number of tender boats, in brackets, immediately after the fishery symbol.
- (6) If the chief executive decides that an unlimited number of tender boats are to be authorised for use under a fishery symbol to be written on a licence, the licence can not have any brackets or numbers in brackets written immediately after the fishery symbol.

Division 2 Authorisation

246 Authorisation under a commercial fishing boat licence

- (1) A person who holds a commercial fishing boat licence may do any of the following under the licence—
- (a) allow the primary commercial fishing boat identified in the licence to be used to take fish for trade or commerce in a commercial fishery identified in the licence;
 - (b) for any single commercial fishery identified in the licence, allow to be used, at the same time, to take fish for trade or commerce, no more than the authorised number of tender boats under the fishery symbol for the fishery;
 - (c) allow a tender boat mentioned in paragraph (b) to be used as if it were the primary boat if—
 - (i) the primary boat is not also being used to take fish for trade or commerce; and
 - (ii) the licence is kept on the tender boat while it is being used as the primary boat;

- (d) allow a boat mentioned in this subsection to be used to carry fish taken under this subsection if the fish have been lawfully taken in a commercial fishery;
 - (e) sell fish taken under this subsection;
 - (f) process fish taken under this subsection;
 - (g) buy, sell or possess commercial fishing apparatus;
 - (h) authorise someone else to do any thing the licence holder may do under paragraphs (a) to (g).
- (2) For subsection (1)(a) and (b), a commercial fishery is identified in the licence only if the fishery symbol for the fishery is written on the licence.
- (3) For subsection (1)(c), the primary boat is not being used to take fish for trade or commerce only because there is fishing apparatus or fish on the boat.
- (4) While a tender boat is being used under subsection (1)(c), the provisions of this regulation and any relevant management plan apply to the boat as if it were a primary boat.
- (5) Despite subsection (4), the licence holder need not comply with a VMS equipment requirement for a tender boat being used as the primary boat under subsection (1)(c) if—
- (a) the VMS equipment requirement for the primary boat is complied with; and
 - (b) during the whole period the tender boat is being used as the primary boat—
 - (i) no trawl net is on, or attached to, the tender boat; and
 - (ii) no fish taken using a trawl net are on the tender boat.

Division 3 Conditions

247 General conditions of a commercial fishing boat licence

- (1) This section prescribes general conditions to which a commercial fishing boat licence is subject.

Note—

If a fishery symbol for a commercial fishery is written on a commercial fishing boat licence, the licence is also subject to the applicable conditions stated in chapters 7 to 11 for licences on which the symbol is written.

- (2) Only a commercial fisher or an assistant fisher under direction of the commercial fisher may use the primary boat identified in the licence or a tender boat authorised for use under the licence.
- (3) The primary boat may be used in a commercial fishery, other than the ‘N11’ fishery, only if the fishery symbol for the fishery is written on the licence.
- (4) The primary boat and any of its tender boats may be used in the ‘N11’ fishery to take ‘N11’ fish without the ‘N11’ fishery symbol being written on the licence if the boat and the taking of the fish complies with chapter 9, part 5.
- (5) However, if the primary boat or any of its tender boats is used under subsection (4), the ‘N11’ fish may be sold only if the ‘N11’ fishery symbol is written on the licence.
- (6) A tender boat may be used in a commercial fishery only if—
- (a) its length is no more than 7m; and
 - (b) its primary boat—
 - (i) may be used in the fishery; and
 - (ii) is not being used in another commercial fishery, other than the crab fishery.
- (7) In this section—

‘N11’ fish means fish that may, under section 529, be taken in the ‘N11’ fishery.

'NII' fishery means the fishery described in chapter 9, part 5.

Part 9 **Commercial harvest fishery licence**

248 Authorisation under a commercial harvest fishery licence

- (1) A person who holds a commercial harvest fishery licence may do any of the following under the licence—
 - (a) buy or possess commercial fishing apparatus;
 - (b) use commercial fishing apparatus for fishing only in the commercial fisheries identified in the licence;
 - (c) take fish for trade or commerce in the commercial fisheries identified in the licence;
 - (d) use a boat to take the fish and to carry the fish;
 - (e) possess the fish;
 - (f) sell the fish;
 - (g) process the fish;
 - (h) authorise the following persons to do any thing the licence holder may do under paragraphs (a) to (f)—
 - (i) a nominated person;
 - (ii) another person authorised to do the thing under a fishery provision.
- (2) For subsection (1)(b) and (c), a commercial fishery is identified in the licence only if the fishery symbol for the fishery is written on the licence.
- (3) In this section—

nominated person means—

 - (a) generally—a person who, under chapter 7, has been nominated by the licence holder; or

- (b) if the licence is an eel licence, the licence holder's approved nominee under section 310F.

Chapter 6 General provisions about fishery symbols

Part 1 Preliminary

249 Simplified outline of ch 6

In outline, this chapter provides for particular fishery symbols written on licences and related matters as follows—

- (a) part 2 identifies particular fishery symbols provided for under the East Coast Trawl Plan;
- (b) part 3 provides for writing fishery symbols on licences and related matters;
- (c) part 4 provides for moving fishery symbols between licences;
- (d) part 5 provides for authorisations applying generally to licences on which fishery symbols are written;
- (e) part 6 provides for conditions applying generally to licences on which fishery symbols are written.

Part 2 Fishery symbols for East Coast Trawl Plan

250 Particular fishery symbols included in East Coast Trawl Plan

The East Coast Trawl Plan provides for the fishery symbols 'M1', 'M2', 'T1', 'T2', 'T5', 'T6', 'T7', 'T8' and 'T9'.

Part 3 Writing fishery symbols

Division 1 General provisions

251 Writing fishery symbols on commercial fishing boat or harvest fishery licence

- (1) The chief executive can not write a fishery symbol on an authority other than a commercial fishing boat licence or commercial harvest fishery licence.
- (2) Subject to the other provisions of this part or any relevant management plan, the chief executive may—
 - (a) write any fishery symbol for a commercial fishery on a commercial fishing boat licence; or
 - (b) write on a commercial harvest fishery licence any fishery symbol for a commercial fishery under chapter 7.

252 Restriction on writing multiple fishery symbols

The chief executive can not write the same fishery symbol, other than the fishery symbol 'C1', 'C3', 'N3' or 'T4', more than once on a licence.

Division 2 Particular fishery symbols

252A Restriction on writing fishery symbol 'E'

The chief executive may write the fishery symbol 'E' on a commercial harvest fishery licence only if the licence is a replacement of a commercial harvest fishery licence on which the symbol was written.

253 Restrictions on writing fishery symbol ‘SM’

The chief executive may write the fishery symbol ‘SM’ on a commercial fishing boat licence only if—

- (a) the chief executive has approved a fishery symbol movement application and, under the application, the symbol is to be written on the licence; or
- (b) the licence is a replacement of a commercial fishing boat licence on which the symbol was written.

253A Restrictions on writing fishery symbol ‘C2’

The chief executive may write the fishery symbol ‘C2’ on a commercial fishing boat licence only if—

- (a) the chief executive—
 - (i) has approved an application to transfer ITQ units to the licence holder; and
 - (ii) transfers the ITQ units to the licence holder when the chief executive writes the symbol on the licence; or
- (b) the chief executive has approved a fishery symbol movement application and under the application the symbol is to be written on the licence; or
- (c) the licence is a replacement of a ‘C2’ fishery licence.

253B Restrictions on writing fishery symbol ‘C3’

The chief executive may write the fishery symbol ‘C3’ on a commercial fishing boat licence only if—

- (a) the chief executive has approved a fishery symbol movement application and under the application the symbol is to be written on the licence; or
- (b) the licence is a replacement of a commercial fishing boat licence on which the symbol was written.

253BA Restrictions on writing fishery symbol ‘N3’

- (1) The chief executive may write the fishery symbol ‘N3’ on a commercial fishing boat licence only if—
 - (a) the chief executive has approved a fishery symbol movement application and, under the application, the symbol is to be written on the licence; or
 - (b) the licence is a replacement of a commercial fishing boat licence on which the symbol was written.
- (2) However, the chief executive can not write the fishery symbol on a licence on which is written the fishery symbol ‘N12’ or ‘N13’.

253BC Restrictions on writing fishery symbol ‘N12’

- (1) The chief executive can not write the fishery symbol ‘N12’ on a commercial fishing boat licence other than under this section.
- (2) The chief executive may write the fishery symbol ‘N12’ on a commercial fishing boat licence if—
 - (a) the chief executive has approved a fishery symbol movement application and, under the application, the fishery symbol is to be written on the licence; or
 - (b) the licence is a replacement of a commercial fishing boat licence on which the fishery symbol was written.
- (3) Despite subsection (2), the chief executive can not write the fishery symbol ‘N12’ on—
 - (a) a licence on which is written the fishery symbol ‘N3’ or ‘N13’; or
 - (b) more than 3 commercial fishing boat licences.

253BD Restrictions on writing fishery symbol ‘N13’

- (1) The chief executive can not write the fishery symbol ‘N13’ on a commercial fishing boat licence other than under this section.

[s 253BD]

- (2) The chief executive may write the fishery symbol on a commercial fishing boat licence if, before the fishery symbol is written—
 - (a) the holder of the licence also held a developmental fishing permit (the *relevant permit*) that included a Gulf set mesh net authorisation; and
 - (b) the chief executive has—
 - (i) at the request of the holder of the relevant permit, amended the relevant permit by removing the Gulf set mesh net authorisation; and
 - (ii) at the request of the holder of each other developmental fishing permit that included a Gulf set mesh net authorisation, amended each permit by removing the Gulf set mesh net authorisation; and
 - (c) the fishery symbol ‘N12’ has been written on 3 commercial fishing boat licences.
- (3) The chief executive may also write the fishery symbol ‘N13’ on a commercial fishing boat licence if—
 - (a) the chief executive has approved a fishery symbol movement application and, under the application, the symbol is to be written on the licence; or
 - (b) the licence is a replacement of a commercial fishing boat licence on which the symbol was written.
- (4) Despite subsections (2) and (3), the chief executive can not write the fishery symbol ‘N13’ on—
 - (a) a licence on which is written the fishery symbol ‘N3’ or ‘N12’; or
 - (b) more than 2 commercial fishing boat licences.
- (5) In this section—

Gulf set mesh net authorisation, for a developmental fishing permit, means an authorisation under the permit for the use of a set mesh net in the Gulf of Carpentaria waters.

253BE Restrictions on writing fishery symbol ‘RQ’

The chief executive may write the fishery symbol ‘RQ’ on a commercial fishing boat licence only if—

- (a) the chief executive has approved a fishery symbol movement application and, under the application, the symbol is to be written on the licence; or
- (b) the licence is a replacement of a commercial fishing boat licence on which the symbol was written.

Division 3 Fishery symbols on licences for use of boats of particular lengths

253C Definition for div 3

In this division—

relevant fishery provision see section 254(1).

254 Restriction on writing fishery symbols on licences allowing the use of boats of particular lengths in commercial fisheries

- (1) The chief executive may write a fishery symbol on a licence allowing the use of a boat in a commercial fishery only if the boat is no longer than the length permitted under a fishery provision (the *relevant fishery provision*) about the fishery.

Note—

See however section 720.

- (2) This section is subject to section 254B.

254B Exception for particular fishery symbol movement applications

- (1) The chief executive may write a fishery symbol on a licence (the *second licence*) allowing the use in a commercial fishery of a boat that is longer than the length permitted under the relevant fishery provision if—

[s 255]

- (a) a person has applied, under section 256, to move the fishery symbol from another licence (the *first licence*) to the second licence; and
 - (b) the boat to be used under the second licence is no longer than the lesser of the following—
 - (i) 20m;
 - (ii) the length of a boat that is allowed to be used under the first licence.
- (2) This section does not apply to writing the fishery symbols ‘M1’, ‘M2’, ‘T1’, ‘T2’, ‘T5’, ‘T6’, ‘T7’, ‘T8’ or ‘T9’ on a licence.

Part 4 Moving fishery symbols

255 Definitions for pt 4

In this part—

administrative conditions, of the first licence or second licence, means the conditions of the licence imposed by the chief executive under section 61 of the Act.

first licence see section 256(1)(a).

second licence see section 256(1)(b).

256 Application to move fishery symbol to another licence

- (1) This section applies if—
- (a) a fishery symbol is written on a commercial fishing boat licence or commercial harvest fishery licence (either of which is the *first licence*); and
 - (b) the fishery symbol may, under this chapter or a management plan, be written on another licence (the *second licence*).
- (2) The holder of the first licence and the holder of the second licence may apply to the chief executive to move the fishery

symbol and the authorised number of tender boats for use under the symbol from the first licence to the second licence.

- (3) The application must—
 - (a) be in the approved form; and
 - (b) be accompanied by—
 - (i) the fee prescribed under schedule 9; and
 - (ii) the written approval of each person, other than the holder of the first licence, who has a registered interest in the first licence.
- (4) The application may be made even if the same person holds the first licence and second licence.
- (5) However, the application can not be made by a person who holds the licence because of a temporary transfer.

257 Deciding application

The chief executive may—

- (a) approve the application, with or without conditions; or
- (b) refuse the application.

258 Amendments required if application approved

- (1) This section applies if the chief executive—
 - (a) approves the application without conditions; or
 - (b) approves the application with conditions and the applicants agree in writing to the conditions within 28 days after the approval.
- (2) The chief executive must amend the first licence and second licence by—
 - (a) removing from the first licence—
 - (i) the fishery symbol; and

- (ii) the authorised tender boat number for the fishery symbol and the brackets containing the authorised tender boat number; and
 - (b) writing on the second licence—
 - (i) the fishery symbol; and
 - (ii) the authorised tender boat number for the fishery symbol, in the way required under section 245; and
 - (c) if the first licence or second licence contains administrative conditions—amending the conditions in a way the chief executive considers is consistent with the amendments under paragraphs (a) and (b).
- (3) In this section—

authorised tender boat number for a fishery symbol means the number of tender boats, other than an unlimited number, that is authorised for use under the fishery symbol under section 245.

259 Information notice about refusal of conditions

- (1) This section applies if the chief executive decides to—
- (a) refuse the application; or
 - (b) approve the application with conditions and the applicants have not agreed in writing to the conditions within 28 days after the approval; or
 - (c) amend the administrative conditions of the first licence or second licence and the applicants have not agreed in writing to the amendment within 28 days after the amendment.
- (2) The chief executive must give the applicants an information notice about the decision.

Part 5

General provisions about authorisations under licences with fishery symbols

260 Authorisation under licences on which fishery symbols are written

A person acting under a licence on which is written a fishery symbol may do a thing under the licence that is permitted to be done under the licence under—

- (a) this part or part 6; or
- (b) chapters 7 to 11; or
- (c) a management plan.

261 Fishery symbol does not authorise taking fish in particular Joint Authority fisheries

- (1) This section applies to a person who is—
 - (a) in a Joint Authority fishery managed under Queensland law; and
 - (b) acting under a licence.
- (2) Neither this chapter nor chapters 7 to 11 authorises the person to take fish to which the Joint Authority fishery applies under the licence unless—
 - (a) the Joint Authority endorses the licence to extend its operation to activities over which the Joint Authority has powers under the Act; and
 - (b) taking the fish is an activity over which the Joint Authority has powers under the Act.

261A Restriction on amending a licence to reflect boat modification or replacement

- (1) This section does not apply to amending or replacing a ‘M1’, ‘M2’, ‘T1’, ‘T2’, ‘T5’, ‘T6’, ‘T7’, ‘T8’ or ‘T9’ licence under chapter 3, part 8 of the East Coast Trawl Plan.
- (2) The chief executive may amend a licence on which is written a fishery symbol for a commercial fishery to include the details for a new or modified boat (the *replacement boat*) longer than the length permitted under a fishery provision about the fishery if—
 - (a) for a licence on which the fishery symbol ‘T4’, ‘N12’ or ‘N13’ is written—the replacement boat is no longer than 25m; or
 - (b) for a licence on which another fishery symbol is written—
 - (i) the replacement boat is no longer than the lesser of the following—
 - (A) the length of the boat currently mentioned in the licence;
 - (B) 20m; or
 - (ii) the application to write the fishery symbol on the licence is accompanied by—
 - (A) the surrender of another authority held by the licence holder; or
 - (B) a request to amend another authority held by the licence holder that the chief executive is satisfied is consistent with the purposes of the Act.

Part 6 **Conditions applying generally to licences with fishery symbols**

262 Application of pt 6

This part applies to a person (the *authorised person*) acting under a licence on which a fishery symbol is written.

263 Taking fish in a fishery area of a commercial fishery

- (1) It is a condition of the licence that the authorised person may take fish only in a fishery area of the commercial fishery (the *relevant fishery*) identified by the fishery symbol.
- (2) Subsection (1) is subject to—
 - (a) sections 264 to 270; and
 - (b) the fishery provisions about the relevant fishery.

264 Taking fish in an area stated on a licence

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) a fishery provision about the relevant fishery states that fish may only be taken in an area stated on the licence; and
 - (b) an area for taking fish is stated on the licence.
- (2) The authorised person may take fish only in the stated area.

265 Taking particular fish

If a fishery provision about the relevant fishery states that only particular fish may be taken in the fishery the authorised person must not take fish other than the stated fish in the fishery.

266 Using fishing apparatus

- (1) If a fishery provision about the relevant fishery states that only particular fishing apparatus may be used for taking fish in the fishery, the authorised person must not take fish in the fishery unless the person uses the stated fishing apparatus.
- (2) If a fishery provision about the relevant fishery states the way in which fishing apparatus must be used for taking fish in the fishery, the authorised person must not take fish in the fishery unless the person uses the apparatus in the stated way.
- (3) If a fishery provision about the relevant fishery states the number of items of fishing apparatus of a particular type that may be used for taking fish in the fishery, the authorised person must not use more than the stated number of items of fishing apparatus of that type for taking fish in the fishery.
- (4) If no fishery provision about the relevant fishery states the number of items of a particular type of fishing apparatus that may be used for taking fish in the fishery, no more than 1 item of the type of fishing apparatus may be used at the same time for taking fish in the fishery.
- (5) Subsection (4) applies even if more than 1 person is acting under the licence.

Example for subsection (4)—

In the net fishery (east coast no.1), a net that is neither fixed nor hauled may be used in offshore waters and a general purpose mesh net may be used in nearshore waters. The number of the nets is not stated, so (if all other relevant licence conditions are satisfied), a person acting under the licence is authorised, at any one time, to use either, 1 net that is neither fixed nor hauled in the offshore waters, or 1 general purpose mesh net in the nearshore waters. The person, however, can not use both of the nets at the same time or more than 1 of each of the nets.

267 Taking fish in a particular way

If a fishery provision about the relevant fishery states that fish may only be taken in the fishery in a particular way, the authorised person may take fish in the fishery only in the stated way.

268 Taking fish during a fishery period

- (1) This section applies if a fishery provision about the relevant fishery states a period (a *fishery period*) during which particular fish may be taken or particular fishing apparatus may be used in the fishery.
- (2) The authorised person may take the fish or use the apparatus in the fishery only if the person takes the fish or uses the apparatus in the fishery period.

269 Activities prohibited or restricted in particular areas within fishery areas

If a fishery provision about the relevant fishery prohibits or restricts an activity in a particular area within a fishery area the activity is prohibited or restricted in the particular area in the way stated in the fishery provision.

270 Conditions of licence may apply in more than 1 way

A condition under this part, chapters 7 to 11, or a management plan may apply to a licence in more than 1 way.

Example—

A fishery provision about a commercial fishery identified by a fishery symbol may provide for taking fish in a particular area within a fishery area using only a particular type of fishing apparatus or only in a particular way.

271 Conditions of licences on which more than 1 fishery symbol is written

- (1) If a commercial fishing boat licence or commercial harvest fishery licence has more than 1 fishery symbol written on it, a person acting under the licence must not take fish in more than 1 commercial fishery at the same time.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), if 1 of the fishery symbols is ‘C1’, ‘C2’ or ‘C3’, the person may take crabs in the fishery identified by the fishery symbol and fish in 1 other commercial fishery at the same time.

[s 271A]

- (3) Also, despite subsection (1), the person may take the following fish at the same time—
 - (a) spanish mackerel under the fishery symbol ‘SM’;
 - (b) regulated coral reef fin fish under the fishery symbol ‘RQ’;
 - (c) fin fish other than spanish mackerel or regulated coral reef fin fish, under the fishery symbol ‘L1’, ‘L2’, ‘L3’ or ‘L8’;
 - (d) shark under the fishery symbol ‘S’.
- (4) Also, despite subsection (1), the person may take the following fish at the same time—
 - (a) fin fish, other than regulated coral reef fin fish and spanish mackerel, under the fishery symbol ‘N1’, ‘N2’, ‘N4’, ‘N10’, ‘K1’, ‘K2’, ‘K3’, ‘K4’, ‘K5’, ‘K6’, ‘K7’, ‘K8’ or ‘K9’;
 - (b) shark under the fishery symbol ‘S’.

271A Condition of licence if fishery symbol identifies more than 1 fishery

- (1) This section applies to a commercial fishing boat licence if more than 1 commercial fishery is identified by a fishery symbol on the licence.
- (2) A person acting under the licence must not take fish or use fishing apparatus in more than 1 of the fisheries at the same time.

Example—

The fishery symbol ‘N4’ is written on a licence authorising use of a net in offshore waters in the net fishery (east coast no. 3) and use of a net in nearshore waters in the net fishery (east coast no. 1). A person acting under the licence must not use the nets in the fisheries at the same time.

Chapter 7 Commercial harvest fisheries

Part 1 Aquarium fish fishery ('A1', 'A2')

Division 1 Definition

272 What is the *aquarium fish fishery*

The *aquarium fish fishery* is the following activities by way of fishing carried out under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part—

- (a) taking the fish mentioned in section 275 in the fishery area mentioned in section 274;
- (b) selling the fish.

Division 2 Fishery symbols and area

273 Fishery symbols

The fishery symbols for the fishery are 'A1' and 'A2'.

274 Fishery area

- (1) The fishery area consists of the area of the following waters—
 - (a) tidal waters within the Moreton Bay Marine Park;
 - (b) tidal waters north of Cape Moreton and south of latitude 26°18' south, other than waters within the Moreton Bay Marine Park;
 - (c) tidal waters west of longitude 151°08' east and between latitude 23°15' south and latitude 23° south;

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- (d) tidal waters within the area described as area 1 in the Whitsundays Plan of Management, schedule 1;
 - (e) tidal waters within the following boundary—
 - from the intersection of latitude 17°08' south with the mainland shore to latitude 17°08' south, longitude 146°12' east
 - to latitude 16°51' south, longitude 146°28' east
 - to latitude 15°55' south, longitude 145°51' east
 - along latitude 15°55' south to the mainland shore
 - along the mainland shore to latitude 17°08' south;
 - (f) tidal waters south of latitude 10°41' south and east of longitude 142°31'49" east, other than the waters mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (e).
- (2) In this section—

Moreton Bay Marine Park means the marine park mentioned and described in the *Marine Parks (Declaration) Regulation 2006*, schedule 1.

Whitsundays Plan of Management means the *Whitsundays Plan of Management 1998* prepared under the *Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Act 1975* (Cwlth), section 39ZD.

Editor's note—

On the notification day the *Whitsundays Plan of Management 1998* could be accessed on the internet at www.gbrmpa.gov.au .

Division 3 Conditions about taking fish in fishery—general

275 What fish may be taken

- (1) Fish other than the following fish may be taken under the licence—
 - (a) barramundi;
 - (b) sea cucumber;

-
- (c) shell grit;
 - (d) star sand;
 - (e) any species of coral, oyster, pearl oyster or trochus.
- (2) In this section—
- sea cucumber*** does not include fish of the following species—
- (a) *Bohadschia graeffei*;
 - (b) *Calachrius crassus*;
 - (c) *Cucmaria miniata*;
 - (d) *Euapta godeffroyi*;
 - (e) *Holothuria edulis*;
 - (f) *Holothuria hilla*;
 - (g) *Opheodesoma* spp.;
 - (h) *Pentacta anceps*;
 - (i) *Pentacta lutea*;
 - (j) *Pseudocolchirus violaceus*;
 - (k) *Stichopus noctivagus*;
 - (l) *Synapta maculata*.

276 Where fish may be taken

Fish may be taken from—

- (a) the waters mentioned in section 274(1)(f); and
- (b) the waters mentioned in section 274(1)(a) to (e), if the waters are stated on the licence.

277 Other conditions about taking fish

- (1) No more than 3 persons may take fish at the same time.
- (2) Only the boat identified in a licence and 1 other boat may be used to take fish in the same location.

[s 278]

- (3) Fish must not be taken for human consumption.
- (4) Fish may only be taken—
 - (a) by hand; or
 - (b) using underwater breathing apparatus or a herding device, including, for example, a rod; or
 - (c) using fishing lines or cast, scoop or mesh nets under this division.

278 Use of fishing lines

A fishing line may be used for taking fish under the licence only if it has a single barbless hook.

279 Use of cast nets

A cast net may be used for taking fish under the licence only if the net—

- (a) is no longer than 3.7m; and
- (b) has a mesh size of no more than 28mm.

280 Use of scoop nets

A scoop net may be used for taking fish under the licence only if the net—

- (a) is no more than 2m in any dimension; and
- (b) has—
 - (i) a mesh size of no more than 25mm; and
 - (ii) a handle or shaft no longer than 2.5m.

281 Use of mesh nets

- (1) A mesh net may be used for taking fish under the licence only if the net—
 - (a) is no longer than 16m; and

-
- (b) has—
 - (i) a mesh size of no more than 28mm; and
 - (ii) a drop of no more than 3m.
 - (2) A person using the net under the licence must be within 100m of it.

282 Selling fish

Fish may be sold under the licence only if the fish are to be used for—

- (a) display as aquarium fish; or
- (b) broodstock; or
- (c) a purpose related to a purpose mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b).

Division 4 Additional authorisations and conditions for licences with fishery symbol 'A1'

283 Application of div 4

This division applies to a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'A1'.

284 Nominees for taking or selling fish

- (1) The licence holder may nominate a total of no more than 3 persons (*nominees*) to do either or both of the following—
 - (a) take fish under the licence;
 - (b) sell fish under the licence.
- (2) The licence holder must give written notice to the chief executive of the nomination of each nominee under subsection (1).

285 Who may take fish

Subject to section 277(1), fish may be taken only by—

- (a) the licence holder; or
- (b) a nominee of the licence holder under section 284(1)(a);
or
- (c) another person in the presence of the licence holder or nominee.

286 Selling fish

Fish taken under the licence may be sold under the licence by—

- (a) the licence holder; or
- (b) a nominee of the licence holder under section 284(1)(b).

Division 5 Additional authorisations and conditions for licences with fishery symbol 'A2'

287 Application of div 5

This division applies to a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'A2'.

288 Who may take fish

- (1) Subject to section 277(1), fish may be taken only by—
 - (a) the licence holder; or
 - (b) another person in the presence of the licence holder.
- (2) A person taking fish must not take or possess—
 - (a) more than 10 fish; or
 - (b) more than 2 fish of the same species.

Part 2 Sea cucumber fishery (east coast) ('B1')

290 What is the *sea cucumber fishery*

The *sea cucumber fishery* is the following activities by way of fishing carried out under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part—

- (a) taking sea cucumber in the fishery area mentioned in section 292;
- (b) selling sea cucumber.

291 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'B1'.

292 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of all tidal waters east of longitude 142°31'49" east between latitude 10°41' south and latitude 26° south.

293 What fish may be taken

Only sea cucumber may be taken under the licence.

294 Nominees for taking or selling sea cucumber

- (1) The licence holder may nominate a total of no more than 3 persons (*nominees*) to do either or both of the following—
 - (a) take sea cucumber under the licence;
 - (b) sell sea cucumber taken under the licence.
- (2) The licence holder must give written notice to the chief executive of the nomination of each nominee.

295 Who may take sea cucumber

Subject to section 297(1), sea cucumber may be taken only by—

- (a) the licence holder; or
- (b) a nominee of the licence holder under section 294(1)(a); or
- (c) another person in the presence of the licence holder or nominee.

296 Permitted ways of taking sea cucumber

- (1) Sea cucumber may only be taken by hand.
- (2) However, underwater breathing apparatus may also be used when taking sea cucumber.

297 General conditions of taking sea cucumber

- (1) No more than 10 persons may take sea cucumber at the same time.
- (2) Only the boat identified in the licence and 4 other boats may be used to take sea cucumber in the same location.
- (3) A boat, other than the boat identified in the licence, must not be longer than 7m.

298 Annual quota

The annual quota of sea cucumber that may be taken under the licence is the quota stated on the licence.

299 Selling sea cucumber

Sea cucumber taken under the licence may be sold only by the licence holder or a nominee of the licence holder under section 294(1)(b).

300 VMS equipment and other requirements apply

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed, maintained and used on the boat in compliance with the VMS equipment requirements.

Part 3 Coral fishery ('D')

301 What is the *coral fishery*

The *coral fishery* is the following activities by way of fishing carried out under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part—

- (a) taking the fish mentioned in section 304 in the fishery area mentioned in section 303;
- (b) selling the fish.

302 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'D'.

303 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of all tidal waters and foreshores south of latitude 10°41' south and east of longitude 142°31'49" east.

304 What fish may be taken

Only the following fish may be taken under the licence—

- (a) coral of the class Anthozoa or Hydrozoa, including its uncompact skeletons;
- (b) any marine organism living in or on coral mentioned in paragraph (a), other than a marine organism that is a regulated fish;

- (c) coral sand consisting of fine remnants of coral.

305 Nominees for taking or selling coral

- (1) The licence holder may nominate a total of no more than 3 persons (*nominees*) to do either or both of the following—
 - (a) take coral under the licence;
 - (b) sell coral taken under the licence.
- (2) The licence holder must give written notice to the chief executive of the nomination of each nominee.

306 Who may take coral

- (1) Coral may be taken only by—
 - (a) the licence holder; or
 - (b) a nominee of the licence holder under section 305(1)(a);
or
 - (c) another person in the presence of the licence holder or nominee.
- (2) However, no more than 3 persons mentioned in subsection (1) may take coral under the licence at the same time.

307 Where coral may be taken

Coral may be taken only from the area, within the fishery area, stated in the licence.

308 Permitted ways of taking coral

- (1) Coral may only be taken by—
 - (a) hand; or
 - (b) using hand-held implements, other than mechanical implements.

-
- (2) Underwater breathing apparatus may also be used when taking coral.

309 Annual quota

The annual quota of coral that may be taken under the licence is the quota stated on the licence.

310 Selling coral

Coral taken under the licence may be sold by—

- (a) the licence holder; or
- (b) a nominee of the licence holder under section 305(1)(b).

Part 3A Eel Fishery ('E')

Division 1 Definition

310A What is the *eel fishery*

The *eel fishery* is the following activities by way of fishing carried out under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part—

- (a) taking the eels mentioned in section 310D in the fishery area mentioned in section 310C;
- (b) processing the eels;
- (c) selling the eels.

Division 2 Fishery symbol and area

310B Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'E'.

310C Fishery area

The fishery area consists of either or both of the following—

- (a) waters in an impoundment formed by a dam stated on the licence;
- (b) waters in a privately owned artificially created impoundment within a catchment stated on the licence.

Division 3 General conditions

310D What fish may be taken

Only longfin eels and Southern shortfin eels may be taken under the licence.

310E Who may take eels

- (1) Eels may be taken only by—
 - (a) the licence holder; or
 - (b) an approved nominee of the licence holder under section 310F.
- (2) However, only 1 person may take eels under the licence at a time.

310F Obtaining nominee approval

- (1) The licence holder may apply in writing to the chief executive for someone else to be the holder's approved nominee.
- (2) The chief executive may grant the approval only if the chief executive is satisfied the holder has become temporarily incapacitated or is otherwise temporarily unable to act under the licence.
- (3) The approval may be granted only for the period during which the chief executive considers the holder will be incapacitated or otherwise temporarily unable to act under the licence.

-
- (4) If the chief executive decides to refuse the application, the chief executive must give the applicant an information notice about the decision.

310G Permitted ways of taking eels

- (1) A person may take eels under the licence only by using an eel trap or a round eel trap.
- (2) A person may use an eel trap or round eel trap under the licence only if—
- (a) the trap complies with division 4; and
 - (b) the use of the trap complies with division 5.

310H Processing or selling eels taken under licence

- (1) The licence holder or an approved nominee of the holder may process or sell eels taken under the licence.
- (2) The sale may be to anyone, whether or not the buyer holds an authority that allows the sale.

310I Licence is not transferable

The licence is not transferable.

Division 4 Requirements for eel traps and round eel traps

310J Application of div 4

This division applies to an eel trap or a round eel trap.

310K Trap entrance and trap pocket entrance

- (1) The trap must have only—
- (a) 1 entrance into the trap itself (the *trap entrance*); and

[s 310L]

- (b) 1 entrance from the trap into its pocket (the *trap pocket entrance*).
- (2) The trap entrance must not be extended by attaching wings.
- (3) The aperture of the trap pocket entrance must be at least 20cm in all its dimensions.

310L Trap mesh size

- (1) The trap, other than its pocket, must have a mesh size of at least 25mm.
- (2) However, any meshes on the trap that are made of rigid material must be at least 22mm in each of their dimensions.

310M Trap frame

The trap when set must have a frame made of rigid material.

310N Dimensions

The trap when set must have the following dimensions—

- (a) for an eel trap, a frame that is—
 - (i) no longer than 2m; and
 - (ii) no wider than 0.6m; and
 - (iii) no deeper than 0.6m;
- (b) for a round eel trap—
 - (i) a diameter no more than 1m; and
 - (ii) a height of no more than 0.6m.

310O Trap pocket

- (1) The pocket of the trap must—
 - (a) be long enough and attached to a float in a way so that an air-breathing animal trapped in the trap or the pocket can access the surface of the water to breathe; and

-
- (b) have rings that are—
 - (i) made of rigid material; and
 - (ii) no more than 1m apart; and
 - (iii) at least 20cm in all their dimensions.
 - (2) The ring nearest the trap pocket entrance must be no more than 1m from the trap pocket entrance.
 - (3) The ring nearest the closed end of the pocket must be no more than 0.5m from the closed end.

310P Trap float

The trap must have attached to it a float that is—

- (a) light coloured and clearly visible on the surface of the water; and
- (b) at least 15cm in all its dimensions; and
- (c) marked with—
 - (i) the number of the licence under which the trap is being used; and
 - (ii) the licence holder's first name and surname.

Division 5 Requirements for using eel traps and round eel traps

310Q Restriction on trapping times

- (1) This section applies to an eel trap or round eel trap in waters in the fishery area, other than waters—
 - (a) in a privately owned impoundment; or
 - (b) to which the public does not have access.

Example for paragraph (b)—

waters in a balancing storage, including, for example, the Bullyard Balancing storage

[s 310R]

- (2) The trap must not be used on—
 - (a) an ordinary weekend from 9a.m. on Saturday to 4p.m. on Sunday; or
 - (b) a long weekend from 9a.m. on the first day of the long weekend to 4p.m. on the last day of the long weekend.
- (3) However, the trap may remain in the water if it is not baited and its pocket is open.
- (4) In this section—

long weekend means any period of 3 or 4 days, including, for example, Easter, made up of a weekend and 1 or 2 public holidays immediately before or immediately after the weekend.

ordinary weekend means a weekend other than a long weekend.

310R Number of traps that can be used

No more than the number of eel traps or round eel traps stated on the licence can be used at a time at any 1 place stated on the licence.

310S Checking traps

An eel trap or a round eel trap that is in use must be checked within 24 hours after being set.

Part 4 Shell fishery ('F')

311 What is the *shell fishery*

The *shell fishery* is the following activities by way of fishing carried out under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part—

- (a) taking the molluscs to which section 314 applies in the fishery area mentioned in section 313;

- (b) selling the molluscs.

312 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is ‘F’.

313 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of all tidal waters and foreshores.

314 What fish may be taken

Molluscs, other than green snails, oysters, pearl oysters, trochus or scallops, may be taken under the licence.

315 Who may take molluscs

Molluscs may be taken only by—

- (a) the licence holder; or
- (b) another person in the presence of the licence holder.

316 Permitted ways of taking molluscs

- (1) Broken remnants of molluscs may only be taken—
 - (a) by hand; or
 - (b) using hand-held implements that are not mechanical implements; or
 - (c) if stated on the licence, using mechanical equipment.
- (2) Molluscs, other than broken remnants, may only be taken—
 - (a) by hand, without using digging or sieving implements; or
 - (b) if stated on the licence, using shell dredges.

317 Use of primary boats

A primary boat must not be longer than 20m.

318 Use of shell dredges

A shell dredge used for taking molluscs must not have a mouth wider than 1.2m or teeth or prongs longer than 75mm.

Part 5 Shell grit fishery ('G')

320 What is the *shell grit fishery*

The *shell grit fishery* is the following activities by way of fishing carried out under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part—

- (a) taking shell grit in the fishery area mentioned in section 322;
- (b) selling shell grit.

321 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'G'.

322 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of all tidal waters and foreshores south of latitude 10°41' south, and east of longitude 142°31'49" east.

323 What fish may be taken

Only shell grit may be taken under the licence.

324 Who may take shell grit

Shell grit may be taken only by the licence holder.

325 Where shell grit may be taken

Shell grit may be taken only in an area, within the fishery area, stated in the licence.

326 Permitted way of taking shell grit

A person may take shell grit only if the person replaces the total volume of shell grit taken with an equal volume of sand that has been lawfully obtained.

Part 6 Star sand fishery ('H')

328 What is the *star sand fishery*

The *star sand fishery* is the following activities by way of fishing carried out under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part—

- (a) taking star sand in the fishery area mentioned in section 330;
- (b) selling star sand.

329 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'H'.

330 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of all tidal waters and foreshores south of latitude 10°41' south, and east of longitude 142°31'49" east.

331 What fish may be taken

Only star sand composed of the calcareous skeletons of unicellular animals known as Foraminifera may be taken under the licence.

332 Who may take star sand

Star sand may be taken only by the licence holder.

333 Where star sand may be taken

Star sand may be taken only in an area, within the fishery area, stated in the licence.

334 Permitted ways of taking star sand

Star sand may be taken only by—

- (a) hand; or
- (b) using hand-held implements that are not mechanical implements.

**Part 7 Trochus fishery (east coast)
(‘J1’)**

336 What is the *trochus fishery*

The *trochus fishery* is the following activities by way of fishing carried out under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part—

- (a) taking trochus in the fishery area mentioned in section 338;
- (b) selling trochus.

337 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is ‘J1’.

338 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of all tidal waters south of latitude 10°41' south, and east of longitude 142°31'49" east.

339 What fish may be taken

Only trochus may be taken under the licence.

340 Nominees for taking trochus

- (1) The licence holder may nominate persons (*nominees*) to take trochus under the licence.
- (2) The licence holder must give written notice to the chief executive of the nomination of each nominee.

341 Who may take trochus

Subject to section 343(3), trochus may be taken in the fishery area only by—

- (a) the licence holder; or
- (b) a nominee of the licence holder under section 340; or
- (c) another person in the presence of the licence holder or nominee.

342 Permitted ways of taking trochus

- (1) Trochus may be taken only by—
 - (a) hand; or
 - (b) using hand-held implements that are not mechanical implements.
- (2) A person may use underwater breathing apparatus when taking trochus.

343 General conditions of taking trochus

- (1) The boat identified in the licence and 4 other boats may be used to take trochus under the licence in the same location.
- (2) A boat, other than the boat identified in the licence, must not be longer than 7m.

- (3) No more than the number of persons stated in the licence may, at the same time, dive for or gather trochus under the licence.

344 Quantity of trochus that may be taken

The licence holder must not in a year take, or allow to be taken, more trochus than the quantity stated for the year on the licence.

Part 8 Juvenile eel fishery ('JE')

346 What is the *juvenile eel fishery*

The *juvenile eel fishery* is the following activities by way of fishing carried out under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part—

- (a) taking the juvenile eels mentioned in section 349 in the fishery area mentioned in section 348;
- (b) selling the juvenile eels.

347 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'JE'.

348 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of Queensland waters.

349 What fish may be taken

Only a juvenile eel of the genus *Anguilla* may be taken under the licence.

350 Who may take juvenile eels

- (1) Subject to section 353, juvenile eels may only be taken only by—
 - (a) the licence holder; or
 - (b) a person nominated by the licence holder (a *nominee*); or
 - (c) another person in the presence of the licence holder or nominee.
- (2) The licence holder must give the chief executive written notice of the nomination of each nominee.

351 Where juvenile eels may be taken

Juvenile eels may be taken only in the area, within the fishery area, stated on the licence.

352 Permitted ways of taking juvenile eels

Juvenile eels may only be taken in the way stated on the licence.

353 General conditions for taking juvenile eels

If the licence states the number of persons that may take juvenile eels, no more than the stated number of persons may take juvenile eels under the licence at the same time.

Part 9 Oyster fishery ('O')

355 What is the *oyster fishery*

The *oyster fishery* is the following activities by way of fishing carried out under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part—

[s 356]

- (a) taking oysters in the fishery area mentioned in section 357;
- (b) selling oysters.

356 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is ‘O’.

357 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of all foreshores between low water and high water.

358 What fish may be taken

Only the following oysters may be taken under the licence—

- (a) blacklip oysters;
- (b) milky oysters.

359 Who may take oysters

- (1) Subject to section 362, oysters may be taken only by—
 - (a) the licence holder; or
 - (b) a person nominated by the licence holder (a *nominee*); or
 - (c) another person in the presence of the licence holder or nominee.
- (2) The licence holder must give the chief executive written notice of the nomination of each nominee.

360 Where oysters may be taken

Oysters may only be taken only in the area, within the fishery area, stated on the licence.

361 Permitted ways of taking oysters

Oysters may only be taken in the way stated on the licence.

362 General conditions for taking oysters

If the licence states the number of persons that may take oysters, no more than the stated number of persons may take oysters under the licence at the same time.

Part 10 Pearl fishery ('P')

364 What is the *pearl fishery*

The *pearl fishery* is the following activities by way of fishing carried out under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part—

- (a) taking live pearl oysters in the fishery area mentioned in section 366;
- (b) selling live pearl oysters.

365 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'P'.

366 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of tidal waters south of latitude 10°41' south and east of longitude 142°31'49" east.

367 What fish may be taken

Only live pearl oysters may be taken under the licence.

368 Permitted ways of taking live pearl oysters

- (1) Live pearl oysters may be taken only by—

- (a) hand; or
 - (b) using hand-held implements.
- (2) Underwater breathing apparatus may also be used when taking live pearl oysters.

369 Selling live pearl oysters

The licence holder may sell live pearl oysters taken under the licence only to a person acting under a development approval for prescribed aquaculture development.

Part 11 Beachworm fishery ('W1')

370 What is the *beachworm fishery*

The *beachworm fishery* is the following activities by way of fishing carried out under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part—

- (a) taking beachworms in the fishery area mentioned in section 372;
- (b) selling beachworms.

371 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'W1'.

372 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of all foreshores south of latitude 10°41' south, and east of longitude 142°31'49" east.

373 What fish may be taken

Only beachworms may be taken under the licence.

373A Nominees for taking or selling beachworms

- (1) The licence holder may nominate a total of no more than 3 persons (*nominees*) to do either or both of the following—
 - (a) take beachworm under the licence;
 - (b) sell beachworm taken under the licence.
- (2) The licence holder must give written notice to the chief executive of the nomination of each nominee.

374 Who may take beachworms

- (1) Beachworms may be taken only by—
 - (a) the licence holder; or
 - (b) a nominee of the licence holder under section 373A(1)(a).
- (2) For subsection (1), only 1 person may take beachworms under the licence at a time.

375 Where beachworms may be taken

Beachworms may be taken only in the area, within the fishery area, stated on the licence.

376 Permitted ways of taking beachworms

Beachworms may only be taken by hand.

Part 12 Bloodworm fishery ('W2')

378 What is the *bloodworm fishery*

The *bloodworm fishery* is the following activities by way of fishing carried out under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part—

[s 379]

- (a) taking bloodworms in the fishery area mentioned in section 380;
- (b) selling bloodworms.

379 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'W2'.

380 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of all foreshores south of latitude 10°41' south, and east of longitude 142°31'49" east.

381 What fish may be taken

Only bloodworms may be taken under the licence.

381A Nominees for taking or selling bloodworms

- (1) The licence holder may nominate a total of no more than 3 persons (*nominees*) to do either or both of the following—
 - (a) take bloodworms under the licence;
 - (b) sell bloodworms taken under the licence.
- (2) The licence holder must give written notice to the chief executive of the nomination of each nominee.

382 Who may take bloodworms

- (1) Bloodworms may be taken only by—
 - (a) the licence holder; or
 - (b) a nominee of the licence holder under section 381A(1)(a).
- (2) For subsection (1), only 1 person may take bloodworms under the licence at a time.

383 Permitted ways of taking bloodworms

- (1) Bloodworms may only be taken by hand or by using hand held forks.
- (2) If a person digs up an area while taking bloodworms under the licence, the person must put any seagrass disturbed or removed by the digging in an upright position immediately after the worms are taken.

Part 13 Marine yabby fishery ('Y')

385 What is the *marine yabby fishery*

The *marine yabby fishery* is the following activities by way of fishing carried out under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part—

- (a) taking marine yabbies in the fishery area mentioned in section 387;
- (b) selling marine yabbies.

386 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'Y'.

387 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of all foreshores south of latitude 10°41' south, and east of longitude 142°31'49" east.

388 What fish may be taken

Only marine yabbies may be taken under the licence.

388A Nominees for taking or selling marine yabbies

- (1) The licence holder may nominate a total of no more than 3 persons (*nominees*) to do either or both of the following—

- (a) take marine yabbies under the licence;
 - (b) sell marine yabbies taken under the licence.
- (2) The licence holder must give written notice to the chief executive of the nomination of each nominee.

389 Who may take marine yabbies

- (1) Marine yabbies may be taken only by—
- (a) the licence holder; or
 - (b) a nominee of the licence holder under section 388A(1)(a).
- (2) For subsection (1), only 1 person may take marine yabbies under the licence at a time.

390 Where marine yabbies may be taken

Marine yabbies may be taken only in the area, within the fishery area, stated on the licence.

391 Permitted ways of taking marine yabbies

Marine yabbies may only be taken by using—

- (a) hand pumps; or,
- (b) if stated on the licence, mechanical pumps.

Chapter 8 Commercial line fisheries

Part 1 Line fishery (other than Great Barrier Reef region) ('L1')

393 What is the *line fishery (other than Great Barrier Reef region)*

The *line fishery (other than Great Barrier Reef region)* is activities by way of fishing—

- (a) in the fishery area mentioned in section 395; and
- (b) under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part.

394 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'L1'.

Note—

See also section 591D(a).

395 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of tidal waters south of latitude 24°30' south.

396 What fish may be taken

Fin fish, other than spanish mackerel or regulated coral reef fin fish, may be taken under the licence.

397 Permitted ways of taking fin fish

- (1) Fin fish may only be taken by using fishing lines.
- (2) A person must not use more than 3 fishing lines at a time.

[s 398]

- (3) The total number of hooks or lures attached to the lines must not be more than 6.

Example—

A person might use—

- (a) 1 fishing line with 6 hooks attached to it; or
- (b) 3 fishing lines with 1 lure attached to 2 of the lines and 4 hooks attached to the other line.

398 Use of primary boats

A primary boat must not be longer than 20m.

399 Use of tender boats

A tender boat must not be used more than 5n miles from its primary boat.

400 Permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction

If a commercial fisher and an assistant fisher are on separate commercial fishing boats, the permitted distance for the assistant fisher to be under direction of the commercial fisher is 5n miles.

400A Compliance with vessel tracking standard

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in or being used under the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

Part 2 Line fishery (reef) ('L2', 'L3')

401 What is the *line fishery (reef)*

The *line fishery (reef)* is activities by way of fishing—

- (a) in the fishery area mentioned in section 403; and
- (b) under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part.

402 Fishery symbols

The fishery symbols for the fishery are 'L2' or 'L3'.

Note—

See also section 591D(b).

403 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of all tidal waters within the following boundary—

- from the northern tip of Cape York along latitude 10°41' south, to longitude 145° east
- to latitude 13° south, longitude 145° east
- to latitude 15° south, longitude 146° east
- to latitude 17°30' south, longitude 147° east
- to latitude 21° south, longitude 152°55' east
- to latitude 24°30' south, longitude 154° east
- along latitude 24°30' south to the mainland shore
- along the shore to the northern tip of Cape York at latitude 10°41' south.

404 What fish may be taken

Fin fish, other than barramundi, spanish mackerel or regulated coral reef fin fish, may be taken under the licence.

405 Permitted ways of taking fin fish

- (1) Fin fish may only be taken by using fishing lines.
- (2) A person must not use more than 3 fishing lines at a time.

- (3) The total number of hooks or lures attached to the lines must not be more than 6.

Example—

A person might use—

- (a) 1 fishing line with 6 hooks attached to it; or
- (b) 3 fishing lines with 1 lure attached to 2 of the lines and 4 hooks attached to the other line.

406 Use of primary boats

A primary boat must not be longer than 20m.

407 Use of tender boats

- (1) A tender boat must not be used further than 5n miles from its primary boat.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply if the tender boat and its primary boat are located on the same reef.

408 Permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction

- (1) If a commercial fisher and an assistant fisher are on separate commercial fishing boats, the permitted distance for the assistant fisher to be under direction of the commercial fisher is 5n miles.
- (2) However, any distance is permitted if the boats are located on the same reef.

408A Compliance with vessel tracking standard

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in or being used under the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

413 Permitted ways of taking fin fish

- (1) Fish may only be taken by using fishing lines.
- (2) A person must not use more than 3 fishing lines at a time.
- (3) The total number of hooks or lures attached to the lines must not be more than 6.

Example—

A person might use—

- (a) 1 fishing line with 6 hooks attached to it; or
- (b) 3 fishing lines with 1 lure attached to 2 of the lines and 4 hooks attached to the other line.

414 Use of primary boats

A primary boat must not be longer than 20m.

415 Use of tender boats

A tender boat must not be used more than 10n miles from its primary boat.

416 Permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction

If a commercial fisher and an assistant fisher are on separate commercial fishing boats, the permitted distance for the assistant fisher to be under direction of the commercial fisher is 10n miles.

417 Compliance with vessel tracking standard

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in or being used under the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

Part 5 **Line fishery (multiple hook—east coast) ('L8')**

425 What is the *line fishery (multiple hook—east coast)*

The *line fishery (multiple hook—east coast)* is activities by way of fishing—

- (a) in the fishery area mentioned in section 427; and
- (b) under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part.

426 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'L8'.

Note—

See also section 591D(c).

427 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of all tidal waters deeper than 200m that are east of longitude 142°31'49" east and the 200m bathometric line.

428 What fish may be taken

Fin fish, other than barramundi, snapper, spanish mackerel or regulated coral reef fin fish, may be taken under the licence.

429 Permitted ways of taking fin fish

- (1) Fin fish may only be taken by using—
 - (a) a line that is weighted so the line is vertical while it is being used in water (a *drop line*); or
 - (b) a bottom set line.

- (2) A person must be within 100m of a line or group of lines while they are in use.
- (3) A bottom set line and a drop line must not be used at the same time.

430 Use of drop lines

- (1) A drop line must not have more than 50 hooks attached to it.
- (2) No more than 6 drop lines may be used at a time.
- (3) Each drop line must have attached to it a light coloured float that is at least 30cm in all its dimensions.

431 Use of bottom set lines

- (1) A bottom set line must not have more than 300 hooks attached to it.
- (2) No more than 3 bottom set lines may be used at a time.
- (3) However, if more than 1 bottom set line is used, the combined number of hooks on the lines must not be more than 300.
- (4) Each end of a bottom set line must have attached to it a light coloured float that is at least 30cm in all its dimensions.

432 Use of primary boats

A primary boat must not be longer than 20m.

433 Use of tender boats

A tender boat must not be used more than 800m from its primary boat.

434 Permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction

If a commercial fisher and an assistant fisher are on separate commercial fishing boats, the permitted distance for the

assistant fisher to be under direction of the commercial fisher is 800m.

434A Compliance with vessel tracking standard

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in or being used under the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

Chapter 9 Commercial net fisheries

Part 1 General netting and ocean beach fisheries ('K1' to 'K8')

Division 1 Net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 1) ('K1')

435 What is the *net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 1)*

The *net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 1)* is activities by way of fishing in only 1 of the following at any one time—

- (a) the fishery area mentioned in section 437 under the authorisations and conditions stated in division 9;
- (b) the fishery area mentioned in section 470 under the authorisations and conditions stated in part 2.

436 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'K1'.

437 Fishery area

The fishery area under section 435(a) consists of the area of all tidal waters within 400m of a line—

- from a point on the shore at the State's border with New South Wales along the shore to the seaward tip of the southern breakwater wall of the Gold Coast Seaway
- to the seaward tip of the northern breakwater wall of the Gold Coast Seaway
- along South Stradbroke Island's eastern shore to 1km north of the northern breakwater wall of the Gold Coast Seaway on South Stradbroke Island.

Division 2 Net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 2) ('K2')

438 What is the *net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 2)*

The *net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 2)* is activities by way of fishing in only 1 of the following at any one time—

- (a) the fishery area mentioned in section 440 under the authorisations and conditions stated in division 9;
- (b) the fishery area mentioned in section 470 under the authorisations and conditions stated in part 2.

439 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'K2'.

440 Fishery area

The fishery area under section 438(a) consists of the area of all tidal waters within 400m of a line—

- from a point on the shore 1km south of the southern breakwater wall of the Gold Coast Seaway along the shore to the seaward tip of the breakwater wall
- to the seaward tip of the northern breakwater wall of the Gold Coast Seaway
- along South Stradbroke Island's eastern shore to the island's north eastern tip.

Division 3 Net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 3) ('K3')

441 What is the *net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 3)*

The *net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 3)* is activities by way of fishing in only 1 of the following at any one time—

- (a) the fishery area mentioned in section 443 under the authorisations and conditions stated in division 9;
- (b) the fishery area mentioned in section 470 under the authorisations and conditions stated in part 2.

442 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'K3'.

443 Fishery area

The fishery area under section 441(a) consists of the area of all tidal waters within 400m of a line—

- from North Stradbroke Island's south-eastern tip
- along North Stradbroke Island's eastern and northern shores to the island's north-western tip.

Division 4 Net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 4) ('K4')

444 What is the *net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 4)*

The *net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 4)* is activities by way of fishing in only 1 of the following at any one time—

- (a) the fishery area mentioned in section 446 under the authorisations and conditions stated in division 9;
- (b) the fishery area mentioned in section 470 under the authorisations and conditions stated in part 2.

445 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'K4'.

446 Fishery area

The fishery area under section 444(a) consists of the area of all tidal waters within 400m of a line from the southern tip of Moreton Island along the island's eastern and northern shores to Comboyuro Point.

Division 5 Net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 5) ('K5')

447 What is the *net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 5)*

The *net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 5)* is activities by way of fishing in only 1 of the following at any one time—

- (a) the fishery area mentioned in section 449 under the authorisations and conditions stated in division 9;

- (b) the fishery area mentioned in section 470 under the authorisations and conditions stated in part 2.

448 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is ‘K5’.

449 Fishery area

The fishery area under section 447(a) consists of the area of all tidal waters within 400m of a line—

- from the F↑B sign at the southern end of South Esplanade, Bongaree, Bribie Island
- along Bribie Island’s western, southern and eastern shores to latitude 26°49.5' south where it intersects the eastern shore of Bribie Island.

Division 6 Net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 6) (‘K6’)

450 What is the *net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 6)*

The *net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 6)* is activities by way of fishing in only 1 of the following at any one time—

- (a) the fishery area mentioned in section 452 under the authorisations and conditions stated in division 9;
- (b) the fishery area mentioned in section 470 under the authorisations and conditions stated in part 2.

451 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is ‘K6’.

452 Fishery area

The fishery area under section 450(a) consists of the area of all tidal waters within 400m of a line—

- from latitude 26°48.38' south, longitude 153°08.36' east (the groyne at the southern end of Kings Beach)
- along the shore to the eastern tip of Point Cartwright.

Division 7 Net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 7) ('K7')

453 What is the *net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 7)*

The *net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 7)* is activities by way of fishing in only 1 of the following at any one time—

- (a) the fishery area mentioned in section 455 under the authorisations and conditions stated in division 9;
- (b) the fishery area mentioned in section 470 under the authorisations and conditions stated in part 2.

454 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'K7'.

455 Fishery area

The fishery area under section 453(a) consists of the area of all tidal waters within 400m of a line from the eastern tip of Point Cartwright along the shore to the eastern tip of Noosa Heads.

Division 8 **Net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 8) ('K8')**

456 **What is the *net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 8)***

The *net fishery (general netting and ocean beach—area 8)* is activities by way of fishing in only 1 of the following at any one time—

- (a) the fishery area mentioned in section 458 under the authorisations and conditions stated in division 9;
- (b) the fishery area mentioned in section 470 under the authorisations and conditions stated in part 2.

457 **Fishery symbol**

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'K8'.

458 **Fishery area**

The fishery area under section 456(a) consists of the area of all tidal waters within 400m of—

- (a) a line—
 - (i) from the eastern tip of Noosa Heads along the shore to the eastern tip of Inskip Point; and
 - (ii) then to the southern tip of Fraser Island; and
 - (iii) then along Fraser Island's eastern shore to the island's northern tip; and
- (b) the shore of Breaksea Spit.

Division 9 Authorisations and conditions of licences for ocean beach fisheries

459 Application of div 9

- (1) This division applies to a licence under which fish may be taken in a commercial fishery under part 1.
- (2) However, if fish are taken under part 2, the authorisations and conditions under part 2 apply to the licence instead of this division.

460 What fish may be taken

Any fish, other than barramundi or regulated coral reef fin fish, may be taken under the licence.

Note—

See, however, section 208 (Authorisations subject to regulation, management plans and authorities).

461 Who may take fish

- (1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), fish may be taken only by—
 - (a) a commercial fisher; and
 - (b) at least 2, but no more than 4, assistant fishers.
- (2) Subsection (3) applies, if—
 - (a) fish are taken by 2 or more commercial fishers jointly using 1 or more primary boats and seine nets; and
 - (b) each of the primary boats may be used in the fishery under a commercial fishing boat licence.
- (3) The maximum number of assistant fishers is 4 for each commercial fisher.

462 Permitted ways of taking fish

Fish may only be taken by using seine nets.

463 Fishery period

Fish may only be taken from 1 April to 31 August.

464 Use of seine nets in original fishery area

A seine net may be used in an original ocean beach fishery area only if the net—

- (a) is no longer than 500m; and
- (b) has—
 - (i) a mesh size of at least 12mm but no more than 70mm; and
 - (ii) a drop of at least 150 meshes for at least half of its length.

465 Use of primary boats

A primary boat must not be longer than 14m.

466 Use of tender boats

A tender boat must not be used more than 800m from its primary boat.

467 Permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction

The permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction of a commercial fisher is 800m.

467A Compliance with vessel tracking standard

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in or being used under the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

Part 2 Net fishery (east coast no. 1) (‘K1’–‘K8’, ‘N1’, ‘N2’, ‘N4’, ‘N10’)

Division 1 Definition

468 What is the *net fishery (east coast no. 1)*

The *net fishery (east coast no. 1)* is activities by way of fishing—

- (a) in the fishery area mentioned in section 470; and
- (b) under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part.

Note—

The fishery area and authorisations and conditions are also applied under the following commercial fisheries—

- the general netting and ocean beach fisheries under sections 435, 438, 441, 444, 447, 450, 453 and 456
- the net fishery east coast (no. 2) under section 493
- the net fishery east coast (no. 3) under section 508
- the net fishery east coast (no. 4) under section 522.

Division 2 Fishery symbols and area

469 Fishery symbols

The fishery symbols for the fishery are ‘K1’, ‘K2’, ‘K3’, ‘K4’, ‘K5’, ‘K6’, ‘K7’, ‘K8’, ‘N1’, ‘N2’, ‘N4’ or ‘N10’.

470 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of all tidal waters east of longitude 142°31'49" east, other than tidal waters of waterways that flow to the sea west of longitude 142°31'49" east.

Division 3 Taking fish

471 What fish may be taken

Any fish, other than barramundi or regulated coral reef fin fish, may be taken under the licence.

Note—

See, however, section 208 (Authorisations subject to regulation, management plans and authorities).

472 Permitted ways of taking fish

- (1) Fish may be taken only by using—
 - (a) mesh nets in the way stated in divisions 4, 5 and 7; or
 - (b) set pocket nets in the way stated in division 6.
- (2) Unless otherwise stated in this part, a net that is neither fixed nor hauled must not be used, and a set mesh net must not be set—
 - (a) in a marked navigation channel; or
 - (b) within—
 - (i) 400m of a jetty or wharf; or
 - (ii) 100m of another net that is being used.
- (3) Only 1 net may be used at a time to take fish.
- (4) Despite subsection (3), a single net may be split into 2 or more pieces after the fish are taken, to remove the fish from the net.
- (5) Only 1 part of a general purpose mesh net may be fixed while it is being used in offshore waters.

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- (6) One end of a mesh net may be fixed temporarily while shooting or hauling the net.
- (7) Unless otherwise stated in this part, a person using a mesh net must remain on a boat floating on the water within 100m of the net unless the person is setting or retrieving the net.

Division 4 Use of mesh or seine nets in particular areas within the fishery area

473 Use of seine nets to take prawns in Lake Weyba

- (1) A seine net may be used in Lake Weyba only if it is no longer than 25m and has a mesh size of at least 25mm.
- (2) However, a seine net may only be used to take prawns in the lake.

474 Use of mesh nets in Lakes Cootharaba, Cooroibah and Weyba

A mesh net may be used in Lake Cootharaba, Cooroibah or Weyba only if it is no longer than 1,500m and has a mesh size of at least 50mm but no more than 175mm.

475 Use of seine nets to take prawns north of the Mary River

- (1) A seine net may be used in waters north of the northern bank of the Mary River only if the net—
 - (a) is no longer than 100m; and
 - (b) has a pocket extending over no more than one-quarter of the length of the net; and
 - (c) has a mesh size of at least 31mm in the pocket and at least 45mm in the rest of the net.
- (2) However, a seine net may only be used to take prawns in the waters.

476 Use of general purpose mesh nets south of Baffle Creek

- (1) This section applies for using a general purpose mesh net in waters, other than waters in a river or creek, south of the northern bank of Baffle Creek.
- (2) A general purpose mesh net may be used in the waters only if the net—
 - (a) is no longer than 800m; and
 - (b) has a mesh size of at least 50mm (other than in a back net), but no more than 165mm.
- (3) A back net may be used with a general purpose mesh net if it has a mesh size of no less than 25mm and no more than 50mm.
- (4) Despite subsection (2), a general purpose mesh net must not be used in an original ocean beach fishery area from 1 April to 31 August.

476A Use of mesh and seine nets south of Baffle Creek

- (1) A mesh net or seine net may be used in a river or creek south of the northern bank of Baffle Creek only if—
 - (a) for a mesh net, the net—
 - (i) is no longer than 400m; and
 - (ii) has a mesh size of at least 50mm (other than in a back net), but no more than 165mm; or
 - (b) for a seine net, the net—
 - (i) is no longer than 200m; and
 - (ii) has a mesh size of at least 50mm (other than in a back net), but no more than 165mm.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), a mesh net or seine net must not be used in a river or creek in an original ocean beach fishery area from 1 April to 31 August.

477 Use of general purpose mesh nets north of Baffle Creek

- (1) This section applies for using a general purpose mesh net in waters north of the northern bank of Baffle Creek.
- (2) A general purpose mesh net may be used in the waters only if the net—
 - (a) is no longer than 400m; and
 - (b) has a mesh size of at least 50mm but no more than 165mm.
- (3) From midday on 1 November to midday on 1 February a general purpose mesh net may be used in a waterway or in nearshore waters only if it has a mesh size of at least 50mm but no more than 115mm.

479 Use of nets that are neither fixed nor hauled in offshore waters of Keppel Bay

- (1) This section applies for using a net that is neither fixed nor hauled in offshore waters in Keppel Bay west of a line from Cape Capricorn to Water Park Point.
- (2) If all of the net is used within the waters, the net must—
 - (a) be no longer than 200m; and
 - (b) have a mesh size of at least 160mm but no more than 165mm.

480 Use of nets that are neither fixed nor hauled in offshore waters—generally

- (1) This section applies for using a net that is neither fixed nor hauled in offshore waters, other than the waters mentioned in section 479.
- (2) If all of the net is used within the waters, the net must—
 - (a) be no longer than 600m; and
 - (b) have a mesh size of at least 160mm but no more than 165mm.

-
- (3) The net must not be used in—
- (a) the waters north of Cape Flattery from midday 1 November to midday 1 February; or
 - (b) an original ocean beach fishery area from 1 April to 31 August.

481 Use of general purpose mesh nets in nearshore waters

Both ends of a general purpose mesh net may be fixed for no more than 2 hours if—

- (a) the net has a mesh size of at least 50mm but no more than 115mm; and
- (b) each end of the net remains in nearshore waters or on a foreshore while the net is being used; and
- (c) the commercial fisher using the net remains on a boat floating on the water and within 100m of the net while the net is being used.

482 Use of set mesh nets in rivers and creeks between Kauri and Baffle Creeks

- (1) A set mesh net may be used in a river or creek between the northern bank of Baffle Creek and the southern bank of Kauri Creek, upstream of the shortest line between its banks, only if the net—
 - (a) is no longer than 120m; and
 - (b) has a mesh size of at least 100mm but no more than 165mm; and
 - (c) has a drop of no more than 50 meshes.
- (2) No more than 3 set mesh nets may be used in the river or creek.
- (3) The set mesh nets may be used in the river or creek only if—
 - (a) the combined length of the nets is no more than 360m; and

- (b) the distance between the first and last net is no more than 1n mile.

Division 5 Use of set mesh nets in particular areas within the fishery area

483 Use of set mesh nets in offshore waters south of Baffle Creek

- (1) A set mesh net may be used in offshore waters south of the northern bank of Baffle Creek only if the net—
 - (a) is no longer than 600m; and
 - (b) has a mesh size of at least 100mm but no more than 165mm; and
 - (c) the commercial fisher using the net remains on a boat floating on the water and within 200m of the net while the net is being used.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), the net must not be used in an original ocean beach fishery area from 1 April to 31 August.

484 Use of set mesh nets in offshore waters of Keppel Bay

A set mesh net may be used in offshore waters of Keppel Bay west of a line from Water Park Point to Cape Capricorn only—

- (a) if the net—
 - (i) is no longer than 200m; and
 - (ii) has a mesh size of at least 160mm but no more than 165mm; and
- (b) the commercial fisher using the net remains on a boat floating on the water and within 200m of the net while the net is being used.

485 Use of set mesh nets in offshore waters north of Baffle Creek

- (1) This section applies for using a set mesh net in offshore waters north of Baffle Creek, other than the waters mentioned in section 484.
- (2) A set mesh net may be used in the waters only if—
 - (a) the net—
 - (i) is no longer than 600m; and
 - (ii) has a mesh size of at least 160mm but no more than 165mm; and
 - (b) the commercial fisher using the net remains on a boat floating on the water and within 200m of the net while the net is being used.
- (3) Despite subsection (2), a set mesh net must not be used in waters north of Cape Flattery from midday 1 November to midday 1 February.

Division 6 Use of set pocket nets in particular areas within the fishery area

487 Use of set pocket nets in rivers

- (1) A set pocket net may be used in the following waters only if it is no longer than 10m and has a mesh size of at least 25mm—
 - (a) the Fitzroy, Kolan, Burnett, Albert and Logan rivers;
 - (b) the following waters of the Mary River—
 - (i) the waters between longitude 152°46.22' east and the Old Bruce Highway Bridge;
 - (ii) the waters between the lines between the following places marked by F↑B signs—
 - longitude 152°46.67' east on the northern bank and longitude 152°46.83' east on the southern bank

- longitude 152°51.74' east on the northern bank (near 'Tandora') and longitude 152°51.71' east on the shore of Crab Island (Meteor Point)
 - longitude 152°51.62' east on the shore of Crab Island and longitude 152°51.95' east on the southern bank.
- (2) However, a set pocket net may only be used to take prawns in the waters.
 - (3) A set pocket net must not be set within 20m of a jetty or wharf or 100m of another net that is in use.
 - (4) More than 1 set pocket net may be attached to a head rope if the combined length of the nets is no more than 10m.
 - (5) The closed end of the pocket of a set pocket net must be marked on the surface of the water by a yellow float that is at least 8cm in all its dimensions.
 - (6) A person using a set pocket net is not required to be within 100m of it.
 - (7) Anything used to set a set pocket net must be removed from the water after the net is taken from the water.
 - (8) However, subsection (7) does not apply for using a set pocket net in the waters mentioned in subsection (1)(b).
 - (9) In this section—
head rope means that part of a set pocket net from which the meshes of the net are suspended.

Division 7 Other conditions

489 Use of primary boats

- (1) A primary boat must not be longer than 14m.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), section 517 applies if the fishery symbol 'N4' is written on the licence.

490 Use of tender boats

A tender boat must not be used more than 800m from its primary boat.

491 Permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction

The permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction of a commercial fisher is 800m.

492 Marking nets

- (1) A mesh net must be marked by—
 - (a) light coloured floats no more than 20m apart along its length; and
 - (b) a white float—
 - (i) at least 15cm in all its dimensions; and
 - (ii) with either the commercial fisher's name or the primary boat mark written on it at one end of the net.
- (2) A set mesh net or a net that is neither fixed nor hauled used in offshore waters must also be marked by—
 - (a) a pole, with an orange flag on it at least 2m above the water, attached to one end of the net; and
 - (b) light coloured floats, each not less than 15cm in all its dimensions, no more than 100m apart along the length of the net.
- (3) Despite subsections (1)(a) and (2)(b), floats are not required along the length of a set mesh net used in offshore waters deeper than its drop if no part of the net is on the surface at any time.
- (4) Also, if a set mesh net or a net that is neither fixed nor hauled is used at night, the net must be marked by—

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- (a) if the combined length of the net and equipment used to set it is no more than 50m—
 - (i) a white light, visible at least 400m in all directions from the light, at one end of the net; and
 - (ii) a reflectorised float, at least 15cm in all its dimensions, at the other end of the net;
- (b) if the combined length of the net and equipment used to set it is more than 50m—a white light, visible at least 400m in any direction from the light, at both ends of the net.

492A Compliance with vessel tracking standard

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in or being used under the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

Part 3 Net fishery (east coast no. 2) ('N2')

493 What is the *net fishery (east coast no. 2)*

The *net fishery (east coast no. 2)* is activities by way of fishing in only 1 of the following at any one time—

- (a) the fishery area mentioned in section 495 under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part;
- (b) the fishery area mentioned in section 470 under the authorisations and conditions stated in part 2.

494 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'N2'.

495 Fishery area

The fishery area under section 493(a) consists of the area of all tidal waters east of longitude 142°31'49" east and north of the southern bank of Kauri Creek, other than tidal waters of waterways that flow to the sea west of longitude 142°31'49" east.

496 What fish may be taken

Any fish, other than regulated coral reef fin fish, may be taken under the licence.

Note—

See, however, section 208 (Authorisations subject to regulation, management plans and authorities).

497 Permitted ways of taking fish

- (1) Fish may only be taken using set mesh nets.
- (2) Unless otherwise stated in this part, a set mesh net must not be set within 100m of another net that is being used.
- (3) Despite subsection (2), a person using more than 1 set mesh net, other than in a river or creek, may set the nets within 100m of each other.
- (4) Unless otherwise stated in this part, a person using the net must not be more than 800m from the net or, if more than one net is set, within 800m of the first or last net or between the nets.

497A Use of set mesh nets in nearshore waters between Burnett River and Baffle Creek

- (1) A set mesh net may be used in nearshore waters between the northern bank of the Burnett River and the northern bank of Baffle Creek only if the net—
 - (a) is no longer than 120m; and
 - (b) has—

- (i) a mesh size of at least 100mm but no more than 215mm; and
 - (ii) a drop of no more than 50 meshes.
- (2) A set mesh net must not be used within 400m of a jetty or wharf.
- (3) A set mesh net must not be used from midday on 1 September to midday on 1 February.

498 Use of set mesh nets in nearshore waters between Baffle Creek and Cape Flattery

- (1) A set mesh net may be used in nearshore waters between the northern bank of Baffle Creek and Cape Flattery.
- (2) No part of a set mesh net used in nearshore waters around Girt Island may be more than 1km from the shore of Girt Island at low water.
- (3) A set mesh net used in any nearshore waters in the fishery area must have 1 part of the net in nearshore waters or on a foreshore while the net is being used.
- (4) A set mesh net must be no longer than 600m and must have a mesh size of at least 100mm but no more than 215mm.
- (5) However, if a set mesh net is used from midday 1 November to midday 1 February in nearshore waters north of the northern bank of St. Lawrence Creek, the mesh size of the net must not be more than 115mm.
- (6) A person may set up to 3 set mesh nets if their combined length is no more than 600m and the distance between the first and last net is no more than 1n mile.
- (7) A set mesh net must not be set within 400m of a jetty, wharf or another net that is being used.

499 Use of set mesh nets in rivers and creeks between Kauri Creek and Cape Flattery

- (1) A set mesh net may be used in rivers and creeks between the southern bank of Kauri Creek and Cape Flattery only if the net—
 - (a) is no longer than 120m; and
 - (b) has—
 - (i) a mesh size of at least 150mm but no more than 215mm; and
 - (ii) a drop of no more than 50 meshes.
- (2) A set mesh net must not be used within 400m of a jetty or wharf.
- (3) No more than 3 set mesh nets may be set if their combined length is no more than 360m and the distance between the first and last net is no more than 1n mile.
- (4) A set mesh net must not be used from midday 1 November to midday 1 February in rivers and creeks north of the northern bank of Baffle Creek.
- (5) Despite subsection (1)(b)(i), from midday 1 May to midday 31 August, 1 (but no more than 1) of the set mesh nets used under this section may have a mesh size of at least 125mm but no more than 215mm.

502 Use of set mesh nets in rivers and creeks north of Cape Flattery

- (1) A set mesh net may be used in rivers and creeks north of Cape Flattery only if the net—
 - (a) is no longer than 120m; and
 - (b) has a mesh size of at least 150mm but no more than 215mm and a drop of no more than 50 meshes.
- (2) No more than 6 set mesh nets may be set if their combined length is no more than 360m and the distance between the first and last net is no more than 1n mile.

- (3) A set mesh net must not be used within 400m of a jetty or wharf.
- (4) A set mesh net must not be used from midday on 1 November to midday on 1 February.

503 Use of set mesh nets in nearshore waters north of Cape Flattery

- (1) A set mesh net may be used in nearshore waters north of Cape Flattery only if it is no longer than 600m and has a mesh size of at least 150mm but no more than 215mm.
- (2) A part of the set mesh net must be in nearshore waters or on a foreshore while the net is being used.
- (3) No more than 6 mesh nets may be set if their combined length is no more than 600m and the distance between the first and last net is no more than 1n mile.
- (4) A set mesh net must not be used within 400m of a jetty or wharf.
- (5) A set mesh net must not be used from midday on 1 November to midday on 1 February.

504 Use of primary boats

- (1) A primary boat must not be longer than 14m.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), section 517 applies if the fishery symbol 'N4' is written on the licence.

505 Use of tender boats

- (1) A tender boat must not be used more than 800m from its primary boat.
- (2) However, if more than 1 net is used, a tender boat may be used within 800m of the first or last net or between the nets.
- (3) Subsection (2) only applies if the primary boat is also within 800m of the first or last net or between the nets.

506 Permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction

- (1) The permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction of a commercial fisher is 800m.
- (2) However, if more than 1 net is used, the assistant fisher is taken to be within the permitted distance if the fisher is within 800m of the first or last net or between the nets.
- (3) Subsection (2) only applies if the commercial fisher is also within 800m of the first or last net or between the nets.

507 Marking nets

- (1) A set mesh net used during the day must be marked by—
 - (a) light coloured floats no more than 20m apart along its length; and
 - (b) a white float—
 - (i) at least 15cm in all its dimensions; and
 - (ii) with either the commercial fisher's name or the primary boat mark written on it at the end of the net farthest from the shore.
- (2) A set mesh net used at night must also be marked by—
 - (a) if the combined length of the net and equipment used in setting it is no more than 50m—
 - (i) a white light, visible at least 400m in all directions from the light, at its end farthest from the shore; and
 - (ii) a reflectorised float, at least 15cm in all its dimensions, at the end of the net nearest the shore; and
 - (b) if the combined length of the net and equipment used to set it is more than 50m—a white light, visible at least 400m in any direction from the light, at both ends of the net.

507AA Compliance with vessel tracking standard

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in or being used under the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

Part 3A Net fishery (Gulf of Carpentaria no. 1) ('N3')

Division 1 Definition

507A What is the *net fishery (Gulf of Carpentaria no. 1)*

The *net fishery (Gulf of Carpentaria no. 1)* is activities by way of fishing—

- (a) in the fishery area mentioned in section 507C; and
- (b) under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part.

Division 2 Fishery symbol and area

507B Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'N3'.

507C Fishery area

The fishery area under section 507A(a) consists of the area of the tidal waters—

- (a) in the Gulf of Carpentaria west of longitude 142°31'49" east that are within 7n miles of—
 - (i) the mainland shore; or
 - (ii) the shore of an island; and

-
- (b) of waterways that join the waters mentioned in paragraph (a).

Division 3 Taking fish

507D What fish may be taken

Only the following fish may be taken under the licence—

- (a) barramundi;
- (b) barred javelin;
- (c) black jewfish;
- (d) blue threadfin;
- (e) king threadfin;
- (f) queenfish;
- (g) scaly jewfish;
- (h) other fin fish, excluding regulated coral reef fin fish, if the fish are taken while taking fish mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (g).

Note—

See, however, section 208 (Authorisations subject to regulation, management plans and authorities).

507E Permitted ways of taking fish—set mesh nets

- (1) Fish may be taken only by using a set mesh net.
- (2) A power assisted device may be used with a set mesh net.

Division 4 Use of mesh nets

507F General restrictions on use of set mesh nets

- (1) A set mesh net must not be used—

[s 507G]

- (a) in a marked navigation channel; or
 - (b) within 400m of a jetty or wharf; or
 - (c) across a waterway or navigation channel so that—
 - (i) its ropes make the waterway or navigation channel impassable to a boat; or
 - (ii) the net extends to more than one-half of the width of the waterway or navigation channel where the net is used.
- (2) A reference in subsection (1) to using a set mesh net across a waterway or navigation channel includes using more than 1 set mesh net in a line across the waterway or navigation channel, regardless of the distance between the nets.
- (3) A set mesh net must not be used within 100m of any other net that is in use.
- (4) Despite subsection (3), a person using more than 1 set mesh net other than in a river or creek may set the nets within 100m of each other.
- (5) If a set mesh net is used in a river or creek, no other net may be used at the same time other than in a river or creek.

507G Fishery period

A set mesh net may not be used in a barramundi (Gulf) regulated period.

507H Use in a river or creek

- (1) A set mesh net may be used in a river or creek only if the set mesh net—
- (a) is no longer than 120m; and
 - (b) has a mesh size of at least 160mm but no more than 215mm; and
 - (c) has a drop of no more than 50 meshes.

-
- (2) No more than 6 nets may be set in the river or creek, regardless of the number of fishery symbols 'N3' written on the licence.
 - (3) The nets may be set if—
 - (a) their combined length is no longer than 360m; and
 - (b) the distance between the first and last net is no longer than 5n miles.
 - (4) A person using a net must be no more than 5n miles from any net the person is using.
 - (5) If a power assisted device is on a boat, no more than 360m of the net may be attached to the device.
 - (6) If a power assisted device is used, all nets on the boat, other than the net on the device, must be stowed and secured.

507I Use in nearshore waters

- (1) This section applies to the use of a set mesh net in nearshore waters.
- (2) A set mesh net may be used only if—
 - (a) it is no longer than 600m; and
 - (b) has a mesh size of at least 160mm but no more than 215mm.
- (3) No more than 6 nets may be set in nearshore waters, regardless of the number of fishery symbols 'N3' written on the licence.
- (4) The nets may be set if—
 - (a) their combined length is no longer than 600m; and
 - (b) the distance between the first and last net is no longer than 6n miles.
- (5) A person using a net must be no more than 6n miles from any net the person is using.
- (6) If a power assisted device is on a boat, no more than 600m of the net may be attached to the device.

- (7) If a power assisted device is used, all nets on the boat, other than the net on the device, must be stowed and secured.

507J Use in offshore waters if ‘N3’ written on licence only once

- (1) This section applies if the licence has the fishery symbol ‘N3’ written on it only once.
- (2) A set mesh net may be used in offshore waters only if—
- (a) the net is no longer than 300m, whether or not a power assisted device is used; and
 - (b) the net has a mesh size of at least 160mm but no more than 165mm; and
 - (c) the net’s drop is not more than 50 meshes; and
 - (d) there are no other nets on the boat; and
 - (e) the person using the net remains on a boat floating on the water and within 100m of the net while the net is being used; and
 - (f) the net is not used as a bottom set net.

507K Use in offshore waters if ‘N3’ written on licence more than once

- (1) This section applies if the licence has the fishery symbol ‘N3’ written on it more than once.
- (2) A set mesh net may be used in offshore waters only if—
- (a) the net is no longer than 600m, whether or not a power assisted device is used; and
 - (b) the net has a mesh size of at least 160mm but no more than 165mm; and
 - (c) the net’s drop is not more than 50 meshes; and
 - (d) all other nets on the boat are stowed and secured; and

- (e) the person using the net remains on a boat floating on the water and within 100m of the net while the net is being used; and
- (f) the net is not used as a bottom set net.

507L Marking nets

- (1) A set mesh net being used during the day must be marked by—
 - (a) light coloured floats no more than 20m apart along its length; and
 - (b) a white float—
 - (i) at least 15cm in each of its dimensions; and
 - (ii) with the primary boat mark written on it at the end of the net that is the farthest from the primary boat; and
 - (iii) with a radar reflector attached to it.
- (2) A set mesh net being used at night must also be marked by—
 - (a) if the combined length of the net and equipment used to set it is no more than 50m—
 - (i) a white light, visible at least 400m in all directions, at its end farthest from the shore; and
 - (ii) a reflectorised float, at least 15cm in each of its dimensions, at its end nearest the shore; or
 - (b) if the combined length of the net and equipment used to set it is more than 50m—a white light, visible at least 400m in any direction, at both ends of the net.
- (3) Also, if the net is being used in offshore waters, it must be marked by—
 - (a) 6 floats along its length, each not less than 15cm in each of their dimensions; and
 - (b) a pole with an orange flag on it at least 2m above the water attached to its end farthest from the shore.

Division 5 Other conditions

507M Use of primary boats

A primary boat longer than 14m must not be used.

507N Permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction

The permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction of a commercial fisher is 5n miles.

507O Prohibition on use of bottom set nets in offshore waters

A bottom set net must not be used in offshore waters.

507P Compliance with vessel tracking standard

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in or being used under the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

Part 4 Net fishery (east coast no. 3) ('N4')

Division 1 Definition

508 What is the *net fishery (east coast no. 3)*

The *net fishery (east coast no. 3)* is activities by way of fishing in only 1 of the following at any one time—

- (a) the fishery area mentioned in section 510 under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part;

- (b) the fishery area mentioned in section 470 under the authorisations and conditions stated in part 2, other than sections 473, 474, 475 and 487.

Division 2 Fishery symbol and area

509 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'N4'.

510 Fishery area

The fishery area under section 508(a) consists of all offshore waters deeper than 20m deep east of longitude 142°31'49" east and north of latitude 26° south.

Division 3 Taking fish

511 What fish may be taken

Any fish, other than barramundi or regulated coral reef fin fish, may be taken under the licence.

Note—

See, however, section 208 (Authorisations subject to regulation, management plans and authorities).

512 Permitted ways of taking fish

- (1) Fish may only be taken using set mesh nets or nets that are neither fixed nor hauled.
- (2) A net mentioned in subsection (1) must have a mesh size of at least 160mm but no more than 165mm.
- (3) Unless otherwise stated in this part, a net that is neither fixed nor hauled must not be used and a set mesh net must not be set—

- (a) in a marked navigation channel; or
- (b) within—
 - (i) 400m of a jetty or wharf; or
 - (ii) 100m of another net that is being used.

Division 4 Use of mesh nets

513 Use of nets that are neither fixed nor hauled in Keppel Bay

A net that is neither fixed nor hauled may be used in Keppel Bay west of a line from Cape Capricorn to Water Park Point only if—

- (a) the net is no longer than 200m; and
- (b) the commercial fisher using the net remains on a boat floating on the water and within 100m of the net while the net is being used.

514 Use of nets that are neither fixed nor hauled

- (1) This section applies for using a net that is neither fixed nor hauled in the fishery area mentioned in section 510, other than the waters mentioned in section 513.
- (2) A net that is neither fixed nor hauled may be used in the waters only if—
 - (a) the net is no longer than 1,200m; and
 - (b) the commercial fisher using the net remains on a boat floating on the water and within 100m of the net while the net is being used.
- (3) Despite subsection (2), a net that is neither fixed nor hauled must not be used in the waters north of Cape Flattery from midday 1 November to midday 1 February.

515 Use of set mesh nets in Keppel Bay

A set mesh net may be used in offshore waters of Keppel Bay west of a line from Water Park Point to Cape Capricorn only if—

- (a) the net is no longer than 200m; and
- (b) the commercial fisher using the net remains on a boat floating on the water and within 200m of the net while the net is being used.

516 Use of set mesh nets in offshore waters

- (1) This section applies for using a set mesh net in the fishery area mentioned in section 510, other than the waters mentioned in section 515.
- (2) A set mesh net may be used in the waters only if—
 - (a) the net is no longer than 1,200m; and
 - (b) the commercial fisher using the net remains on a boat floating on the water and within 200m of the net while the net is being used.
- (3) Despite subsection (2), a set mesh net must not be used in the waters north of Cape Flattery from midday 1 November to midday 1 February.

Division 5 Other conditions

517 Use of primary boats

A primary boat must not be longer than 16m.

518 Use of tender boats

A tender boat must not be used more than 800m from its primary boat.

519 Permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction

The permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction of a commercial fisher is 800m.

520 Marking nets

- (1) A net must be marked—
 - (a) at one end, by a white float—
 - (i) at least 15cm in all its dimensions; and
 - (ii) with either the commercial fisher's name or the primary boat mark written on it; and
 - (b) by a pole, with an orange flag on it at least 2m above the water, attached to one end of the net; and
 - (c) by light coloured floats no more than 20m apart along its length; and
 - (d) by surface floats no more than 100m apart along its length each of which is at least 15cm in all its dimensions.
- (2) Despite subsection (1)(c) and (d), surface floats are not required along the length of a set mesh net that is used in offshore waters deeper than its drop if no part of the net is on the surface at any time.
- (3) Also if a net is used at night it must be marked by—
 - (a) if the combined length of the net and equipment used to set it is no more than 50m—
 - (i) a white light, visible at least 400m in all directions from the light, at one end of the net; and
 - (ii) a reflectorised float, at least 15cm in all its dimensions, at the other end of the net; or
 - (b) if the combined length of the net and equipment used to set it is more than 50m—a white light, visible at least 400m in any direction from the light, at both ends of the net.

521 Compliance with vessel tracking standard

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in or being used under the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

**Part 4A Net fishery (east coast no. 4)
(‘N10’)**

522 What is the *net fishery (east coast no. 4)*

The *net fishery (east coast no. 4)* is activities by way of fishing in only 1 of the following at any one time—

- (a) the fishery area mentioned in section 524, under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part;
- (b) the fishery area mentioned in section 470, under the authorisations and conditions stated in part 2.

523 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is ‘N10’.

524 Fishery area

The fishery area under section 522(a) consists of the area of foreshore waters, other than foreshore waters of a river or creek, in the area of the following—

- (a) foreshores of Moreton Bay on the mainland between F↑
B signs at each of the following places—
 - Little Rocky Point and about 800m south of Point Talburpin
 - about 800m either side of Moogurrapum Creek, Redland Bay

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- Point Halloran and about 700m south of Oyster Point
 - about 800m south of the southern bank of Hilliards Creek and about 1km south of Wellington Point
 - the eastern shore of Fisherman Island and about 800m north of Wynnum Creek (including the Boat Passage foreshore but not the Brisbane River foreshore)
 - the western end of Sunnyside Road, Scarborough and about 100m south of the seaward end of Seaview Parade, Deception Bay
 - the boat ramp at the department's Fisheries Research Laboratory at Deception Bay and the southern bank of the Caboolture River;
- (b) within the boundary—
- from latitude 27°22'37" south, longitude 153°9'35" east
 - along the mainland shore to latitude 27°21'38" south, longitude 153°8'35" east
 - to latitude 27°21'32" south, longitude 153°8'38" east
 - to latitude 27°21'26" south, longitude 153°8'59" east
 - to latitude 27°21'13" south, longitude 153°9'10" east
 - to latitude 27°21'37" south, longitude 153°10'15" east
 - to latitude 27°22'37" south, longitude 153°9'35" east;
- (c) foreshores of Moreton Bay islands, other than the western foreshore of Cassim Island and the southern foreshore of King Island, north of the following lines—
- from Little Rocky Point

-
- to the southern tip of Russell Island
 - to the nearest point on the western shore of North Stradbroke Island;
- (d) Tin Can Inlet, Pelican Bay and Tin Can Bay between the following lines—
- a line from the northern bank of Snapper Creek to the southern bank of Carlo Creek
 - a line from the southern bank of Kauri Creek to Inskip Point;
- (e) Great Sandy Strait and Wide Bay Harbour between the following lines—
- a line from the northern bank of Kauri Creek to Hook Point
 - a line from the northern bank of Pulgul Creek (also known as Arangarandin Creek) to the southern tip of Big Woody Island, and then to McKenzie's Jetty, Fraser Island.

525 What fish may be taken

Any fish, other than barramundi or regulated coral reef fin fish, may be taken under the licence.

Note—

See, however, section 208 (Authorisations subject to regulation, management plans and authorities).

525A Permitted ways of taking fish

- (1) Fish may only be taken by using a tunnel net.
- (2) A commercial fisher and at least 1 other fisher must be within 100m of the net while it is in use.

525B Use of tunnel nets

- (1) A tunnel net must not be longer than 1,700m, excluding its tunnel length.
- (2) A tunnel net must have—
 - (a) a tunnel length of no more than 200m; and
 - (b) a tunnel entrance width of between 1.5m and 4m; and
 - (c) a mesh size of—
 - (i) for the tunnel—no more than 50mm; and
 - (ii) for the part of the net within 400m adjacent to each side of the tunnel—at least 25mm; and
 - (iii) for the rest of the net—at least 44mm.
- (3) The tunnel of a tunnel net must—
 - (a) extend out to sea beyond low water for at least 30m in water at least 30cm deep; and
 - (b) be in place before the rest of the net is deployed.

525C Use of primary boats

A primary boat must not be longer than 14m.

525D Use of tender boats

A tender boat must not be used more than 1,700m from its primary boat.

525E Permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction

The permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction of a commercial fisher is 1,700m.

525F Marking nets

A tunnel net set at night must be marked by a white light—

- (a) at both ends of the net and at the end of the tunnel farthest from the shore; and
- (b) visible at least 400m in all directions from the light.

525G Compliance with vessel tracking standard

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in or being used under the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

Part 5 Net fishery (no. 11) ('N11')

526 What is the *net fishery (no. 11)*

The *net fishery (no. 11)* is activities by way of fishing—

- (a) in the fishery area mentioned in section 528; and
- (b) under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part.

527 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'N11'.

528 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of—

- (a) tidal waters east of longitude 142°31'49" east (the *eastern 'N11' area*); and
- (b) tidal waters (the *Gulf 'N11' area*)—
 - (i) in the Gulf of Carpentaria west of longitude 142°31'49" east between—
 - (A) the 25n mile line; and

- (B) the mainland shore or the shore of an island;
and
- (ii) of waterways that join the waters mentioned in subparagraph (i).

529 What fish may be taken

- (1) Any fin fish, other than barramundi or regulated coral reef fin fish, may be taken in the eastern 'N11' area.
- (2) Only the following fish may be taken in the Gulf 'N11' area—
 - (a) garfish;
 - (b) mullet;
 - (c) other fin fish, excluding barramundi and regulated coral reef fin fish, but only if the fish are taken while taking garfish or mullet.

Note—

See, however, section 208 (Authorisations subject to regulation, management plans and authorities).

530 Permitted ways of taking fish

- (1) Fish may only be taken—
 - (a) in the eastern 'N11' area—by using cast or mesh nets;
or
 - (b) in the Gulf 'N11' area—by using cast, mesh, scoop or seine nets.
- (2) However, for taking fish in the Gulf 'N11' area, a power assisted device must not be used with a net.
- (3) A person using a net must be within 100m of it.
- (4) Only 1 end of a net may be fixed while the net is in use.
- (5) However, for taking fish in the eastern 'N11' area, both ends of a net may be fixed for no more than 2 hours if each end is in nearshore waters.

531 Use of primary boats

A primary boat must not be longer than 20m.

532 Use of cast nets

A cast net may be used in the fishery area only if the net—

- (a) is no longer than 3.7m; and
- (b) has a mesh size of no more than 28mm.

532A Use of scoop nets

A scoop net may be used in the fishery area only if the net—

- (a) is no more than 2m in each of its dimensions; and
- (b) has a mesh size of at least 25mm and a handle or shaft no longer than 2.5m.

533 Use of mesh nets in particular offshore and nearshore waters in the eastern 'N11' area

(1) A mesh net may be used in the following offshore and nearshore waters in the eastern 'N11' area only if the net is no longer than 400m and has a mesh size of at least 12mm but no more than 45mm—

- (a) waters east of longitude 142°31'49" east and north of the northern bank of Baffle Creek;
- (b) Moreton Bay (whole) waters;
- (c) the waters of Hervey Bay, Great Sandy Strait, Wide Bay Harbour, Pelican Bay, Tin Can Bay and Tin Can Inlet between the following lines—
 - a line from the southern bank of Theodolite Creek to Arch Cliff, Fraser Island
 - a line from the eastern tip of Inskip Point to Hook Point, Fraser Island.

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- (2) A back net may be used with a mesh net in nearshore waters south of the northern bank of Baffle Creek.

533A Use of mesh nets in other offshore and nearshore waters in the eastern 'N11' area

- (1) This section applies for using a mesh net in offshore and nearshore waters in the eastern 'N11' area south of the northern bank of Baffle Creek, other than the waters mentioned in sections 533(1)(b) or (c).
- (2) The net may be used in the waters only if the net is—
 - (a) no longer than 600m; and
 - (b) has a mesh size of at least 12mm but no more than 45mm.
- (3) A mesh net may be used in an original ocean beach fishery area from 1 April to 31 August only if the net is—
 - (a) no longer than 200m; and
 - (b) has a mesh size of at least 12mm but no more than 25mm.
- (4) A back net may be used with a mesh net in nearshore waters.

533AA Use of mesh nets in offshore and nearshore waters in the Gulf 'N11' area

- (1) This section applies to using a mesh net in the Gulf 'N11' area.
- (2) A mesh net may be used—
 - (a) in offshore waters, only if it—
 - (i) is no longer than 400m; and
 - (ii) has a mesh size of at least 25mm but no more than 45mm; and
 - (b) in nearshore waters, only if it—
 - (i) is no longer than 200m; and

- (ii) has a mesh size of at least 25mm but no more than 45mm.

533B Use of mesh nets in rivers and creeks

A mesh net may be used in a river or creek only if the net is—

- (a) no longer than 200m; and
- (b) has a mesh size of at least 25mm but no more than 45mm.

534 Use of tender boats

A tender boat must not be used—

- (a) in the eastern 'N11' area—more than 800m from its primary boat; or
- (b) in the Gulf 'N11' area—more than 6n miles from its primary boat.

535 Permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction

The permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction of a commercial fisher is—

- (a) 800m in the eastern 'N11' area; and
- (b) 6n miles in the Gulf 'N11' area.

535A Marking nets

(1) A mesh net must be marked by—

- (a) light coloured floats no more than 20m apart along its length; and
- (b) a white float—
 - (i) at least 15cm in all its dimensions, at one end of the net or if the net is used in nearshore waters, the end of the float farthest from the shore; and

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- (ii) with either the commercial fisher's name or the primary boat mark written on it.
- (2) Also, a mesh net used at night must be marked by—
- (a) if the combined length of the net and equipment used to set it is no more than 50m—
 - (i) a white light, visible at least 400m in all directions from the light, at one end of the net or if the net is used in nearshore waters, the end of the net farthest from the shore; and
 - (ii) a reflectorised float, at least 15cm in all its dimensions, at one end of the net or if the net is used in nearshore waters, the end of the net farthest from the shore; or
 - (b) if the combined length of the net and equipment used to set it is more than 50m, a white light, visible at least 400m in any direction from the light, at both ends of the net.

535B Compliance with vessel tracking standard

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in or being used under the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

Part 6 Net fishery (Gulf of Carpentaria no. 3) ('N12')

Division 1 Definition

536 What is the *net fishery (Gulf of Carpentaria no. 3)*

The *net fishery (Gulf of Carpentaria no. 3)* is activities by way of fishing—

- (a) in the fishery area mentioned in section 538; and
- (b) under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part.

Division 2 Fishery symbol and area

537 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'N12'.

538 Fishery area

- (1) The fishery area under section 536(a) consists of the area of all tidal waters in the Gulf of Carpentaria west of longitude 142°31'49" east that are beyond the 7n mile line and within the following boundary—
 - from latitude 16°23.6' south, longitude 138°4.56' east to latitude 16°12.17' south, longitude 138°16.03' east
 - to latitude 16°12.18' south, longitude 138°16.04' east
 - to latitude 16°8.09' south, longitude 138°19.36' east
 - to latitude 16°7.45' south, longitude 138°19.89' east
 - to latitude 15°54.91' south, longitude 138°30.07' east
 - to latitude 15°52.26' south, longitude 138°30.07' east
 - to latitude 14°29.91' south, longitude 138°30.07' east
 - to latitude 14°29.91' south, longitude 139°15.07' east
 - to latitude 13°34.33' south, longitude 139°15.07' east
 - to latitude 10°59.91' south, longitude 139°15.07' east
 - to latitude 10°50.91' south, longitude 139°12.57' east
 - to latitude 10°49.91' south, longitude 139°12.07' east
 - to latitude 11°8.91' south, longitude 139°23.07' east
 - to latitude 10°58.91' south, longitude 140°0.07' east

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- to latitude 10°58.41' south, longitude 140°0.89' east
 - to latitude 10°10.24' south, longitude 141°20.07' east
 - to latitude 10°27.91' south, longitude 141°20.07' east
 - to latitude 10°27.91' south, longitude 141°51' east
- (2) However, the fishery area does not include the area of tidal waters within the area mentioned in subsection (1) that are within 7n miles of an island.

Division 3 Taking fish

539 What fish may be taken

Only the following fish may be taken under the licence—

- (a) barred javelin;
- (b) black jewfish;
- (c) blue threadfin;
- (d) grey mackerel;
- (e) king threadfin;
- (f) queenfish;
- (g) scaly jewfish;
- (h) shark, other than white shark, sandtiger shark or speartooth shark;

Note—

The grey nurse shark (*Carcharias taurus*) is prescribed as endangered wildlife under the *Nature Conservation Act 1992*. See section 88 (Restrictions on taking protected animal and keeping or use of unlawfully taken protected animal) of that Act.

- (i) other fin fish, excluding barramundi and regulated coral reef fin fish, if the fish are taken while taking fish mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (h).

Note—

See, however, section 208 (Authorisations subject to regulation, management plans and authorities).

540 Permitted ways of taking fish

- (1) Fish may be taken only by using a set mesh net.
- (2) A power assisted device may be used with a set mesh net only if—
 - (a) the net is no longer than 1,800m; and
 - (b) all other nets on board the boat from which the net is being used are stowed and secured.

541 Fishery period

A net must not be used in a barramundi (Gulf) regulated period.

Division 4 Use and marking of nets

542 Use of nets

- (1) A net may be used only if—
 - (a) it is no longer than 1,800m; and
 - (b) has a mesh size of at least 160mm but no more than 165mm; and
 - (c) the net's drop is no more than 85 meshes; and
 - (d) one end of the net is anchored or fixed to a place; and
 - (e) the other end of the net is fixed to a boat; and
 - (f) the net is not used as a bottom set net.
- (2) The line thickness of a net must be at least 0.9mm.
- (3) A person using a net must be within 100m of it.

543 Marking nets

- (1) A net that is being used must be marked by—
 - (a) light coloured floats no more than 20m apart along its length; and
 - (b) a white float with the primary boat mark written on it at the end of the net that is the farthest from the primary boat.
- (2) The white float must—
 - (a) be at least 15cm in each of its dimensions; and
 - (b) have a radar reflector attached to it.

Division 5 Other conditions

544 Compliance with vessel tracking standard

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in or being used under the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

545A Use of primary boats

A primary boat longer than 25m must not be used.

545B Use of tender boats

A tender boat must not be used more than 6n miles from its primary boat.

545C Permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction

The permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction of a commercial fisher is 6n miles.

Part 7 Net fishery (Gulf of Carpentaria no. 4) ('N13')

Division 1 Definition

545D What is the *net fishery (Gulf of Carpentaria no. 4)*

The *net fishery (Gulf of Carpentaria no. 4)* is activities by way of fishing—

- (a) in the fishery area mentioned in section 545F; and
- (b) under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part.

Division 2 Fishery symbol and area

545E Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'N13'.

545F Fishery area

- (1) The fishery area under section 545D(a) consists of the area of the tidal waters in the Gulf of Carpentaria west of longitude 142°31'49" east that are beyond the 25n mile line and within the following boundary—

- from latitude 16°12.18' south, longitude 138°16.04' east to latitude 16°8.09' south, longitude 138°19.36' east
- to latitude 16°7.45' south, longitude 138°19.89' east
- to latitude 15°54.91' south, longitude 138°30.07' east
- to latitude 15°52.26' south, longitude 138°30.07' east
- to latitude 14°29.91' south, longitude 138°30.07' east
- to latitude 14°29.91' south, longitude 139°15.07' east

[s 545G]

- to latitude 13°34.33' south, longitude 139°15.07' east
 - to latitude 10°59.91' south, longitude 139°15.07' east
 - to latitude 10°50.91' south, longitude 139°12.57' east
 - to latitude 10°49.91' south, longitude 139°12.07' east
 - to latitude 11°8.91' south, longitude 139°23.07' east
 - to latitude 10°58.91' south, longitude 140°0.07' east
 - to latitude 10°58.41' south, longitude 140°0.89' east
 - to latitude 10°10.24' south, longitude 141°20.07' east
 - to latitude 10°27.91' south, longitude 141°20.07' east
 - to latitude 10°27.91' south, longitude 141°30.85' east
- (2) However, the fishery area does not include the area of tidal waters within the area mentioned in subsection (1) that are within 25n miles of an island.

Division 3 Taking fish

545G What fish may be taken

Only the following fish may be taken under the licence—

- (a) barred javelin;
- (b) black jewfish;
- (c) blue threadfin;
- (d) grey mackerel;
- (e) king threadfin;
- (f) queenfish;
- (g) scaly jewfish;
- (h) shark, other than white shark, sandtiger shark or speartooth shark;

Note—

The grey nurse shark (*Carcharias taurus*) is prescribed as endangered wildlife under the *Nature Conservation Act 1992*. See section 88 (Restrictions on taking protected animal and keeping or use of unlawfully taken protected animal) of that Act.

- (i) other fin fish, excluding barramundi and regulated coral reef fin fish, if the fish are taken while taking fish mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (h).

Note—

See, however, section 208 (Authorisations subject to regulation, management plans and authorities).

545H Permitted ways of taking fish

- (1) Fish may be taken only by using a set mesh net.
- (2) A power assisted device may be used with the net only if—
 - (a) the net is no longer than 1,800m; and
 - (b) all other nets on board the boat from which the net is being used are stowed and secured.

545I Fishery period

A net must not be used in a barramundi (Gulf) regulated period.

Division 4 Use and marking of nets

545J Use of nets

- (1) A net may be used only if—
 - (a) it is no longer than 1,800m; and
 - (b) has a mesh size of at least 160mm but no more than 165mm; and
 - (c) its drop is no more than 85 meshes; and

[s 545K]

- (d) one end of the net is anchored or fixed to a place;
 - (e) the other end of the net is fixed to a boat; and
 - (f) it is not used as a bottom set net.
- (2) The line thickness of a net must be at least 0.9mm.
- (3) A person using a net must be within 100m of it.

545K Marking nets

- (1) A net being used must be marked by—
- (a) light coloured floats no more than 20m apart along its length; and
 - (b) a white float with the primary boat mark written on it at the end of the net that is the farthest from the primary boat.
- (2) The white float must—
- (a) be at least 15cm in each of its dimensions; and
 - (b) have a radar reflector attached to it.

Division 5 Other conditions

545L Compliance with vessel tracking standard

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in or being used under the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

545N Use of primary boats

A primary boat longer than 25m must not be used.

545O Use of tender boats

A tender boat must not be used more than 6n miles from its primary boat.

545P Permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction

The permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction of a commercial fisher is 6n miles.

Chapter 10 Provisions for spanish mackerel

Part 1 Spanish mackerel commercial fishery ('SM')

Division 1 Preliminary

546 Definitions for pt 1

In this part—

line fishery area, in relation to a line fishery symbol, means—

- (a) for the fishery symbol 'L1'—the area mentioned in section 395; and
- (b) for the fishery symbol 'L2' or 'L3'—the area mentioned in section 403; and
- (c) for the fishery symbol 'L8'—the area mentioned in, section 427.

line fishery symbol means the fishery symbol 'L1', 'L2', 'L3' or 'L8'.

547 What is the *spanish mackerel commercial fishery*

The *spanish mackerel commercial fishery* is activities by way of fishing—

- (a) relating to spanish mackerel in the fishery areas mentioned in section 549; and
- (b) under the authorisations and conditions stated in division 3.

Division 2 Fishery symbol and area

548 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is ‘SM’.

549 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of—

- (a) if the fishery symbol is written on a licence on which the fishery symbol ‘L1’ is also written—the area mentioned in section 395; and
- (b) if the fishery symbol is written on a licence on which the fishery symbol ‘L2’ or ‘L3’ is also written—the area mentioned in section 403; and
- (c) if the fishery symbol is written on a licence on which the fishery symbol ‘L8’ is also written—the area mentioned in section 427.

Division 3 Authorisations and conditions

550 What fish may be taken

Only spanish mackerel may be taken under an SM fishery licence.

551 Permitted ways of taking spanish mackerel

Spanish mackerel may be taken only in the way that fish may be taken under the line fishery symbol for the line fishery area in which the spanish mackerel is being taken.

552 Use of primary boat

The conditions for using a primary boat under the licence are the conditions for using a primary boat under the line fishery symbol for the line fishery area in which the boat is being used.

553 Use of tender boats

A tender boat must not be used further than—

- (a) if its primary boat is taking spanish mackerel on a reef—2n miles from the reef; or
- (b) otherwise—5n miles from its primary boat.

554 Permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction

- (1) This section applies if a commercial fisher and an assistant fisher are on separate commercial fishing boats.
- (2) The permitted distance for the assistant fisher to be under direction of the commercial fisher is—
 - (a) if the commercial fisher is taking spanish mackerel on a reef—2n miles from the reef; or
 - (b) otherwise—5n miles.

555 Compliance with vessel tracking standard

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in or being used under the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

Part 2 Provisions about SM units

Division 1 General provisions

556 Nature of an SM unit

Each SM unit is—

- (a) an authority, the entitlement for which is provided for under divisions 2 and 3; and
- (b) a quota for the spanish mackerel commercial fishery under part 1.

556A Restriction on issue of SM units

The chief executive must not issue SM units.

Division 2 Entitlement

557 Entitlement under SM unit

- (1) The holder of an SM unit, or a person acting under an SM unit, may take, in an SM year, only the following quantity of spanish mackerel for the SM unit—
 - (a) 1kg (whole weight);
 - (b) if section 557A applies—the weight in kilograms that is the adjusted weight equivalent worked out under that section for the SM year.
- (2) The authorisation for an SM year under subsection (1) is the holder's *entitlement* under the SM unit for the SM year.
- (3) However, the entitlement applies only while the holder holds an SM fishery licence that is in force.
- (4) The entitlement is also subject to any relevant prohibitions or restrictions under this regulation, a management plan, the SM unit or the licence.

Examples of relevant restrictions—

- restrictions under fisheries declarations under chapter 2, 3 or 4
- conditions applying generally to licences with fishery symbols under chapter 6, part 6

557A Adjusted weight equivalent for SM units

- (1) This section applies if, on 1 occasion, the total amount of spanish mackerel taken under all SM units (the *total catch*) in an SM year is more than 554,022kg.
- (2) If this section applies, the chief executive must work out the adjusted weight equivalent for an SM unit under this section for—
 - (a) the next SM year; and
 - (b) each subsequent SM year.
- (3) The adjusted weight equivalent for an SM unit for an SM year is—
 - (a) if the total catch in the preceding SM year was no more than 554,022kg—the entitlement under the unit for the preceding SM year; or
 - (b) if the total catch in the preceding SM year was more than 554,022kg and less than 565,102.44kg—the entitlement under the unit for the preceding SM year reduced by 0.01kg; or
 - (c) if the total catch in the preceding SM year was 565,102.44kg or more—the entitlement under the unit for the preceding SM year reduced by 0.02kg.

Example—

In the preceding SM year the total catch was 565,200kg and the entitlement for an SM unit was the adjusted weight equivalent of 0.99kg. The entitlement for an SM unit for the current SM year is the adjusted weight equivalent of 0.97kg.

- (4) Despite subsection (3), the adjusted weight equivalent for an SM unit for an SM year can not be less than 0.9576kg.

Example—

In the preceding SM year the total catch was 565,200kg and the entitlement for an SM unit was the adjusted weight equivalent of 0.96kg. The entitlement for an SM unit for the current SM year is the minimum adjusted weight equivalent of 0.9576kg.

- (5) As soon as practicable after the adjusted weight equivalent is worked out for an SM year, the chief executive must give each holder of the SM units a written notice stating the following—
- (a) the adjusted weight equivalent of the SM units for the SM year;
 - (b) the SM year for which the adjusted weight equivalent applies.

Division 3 Use of SM unit entitlement

558 When SM unit entitlement is *used* for an SM year

- (1) The entitlement of an SM unit held by a person is *used* for an SM year—
- (a) when the holder, or a person acting under the SM unit, has taken, in the SM year under any SM fishery licence held by the SM unit holder, an amount of (whole weight) spanish mackerel for the SM unit equalling the holder's entitlement under the SM unit; or
 - (b) if section 559 applies.
- (2) The *unused entitlement* of a holder's SM unit for an SM year is the amount of (whole weight) spanish mackerel for the SM unit that has not been taken, for the SM year, under any SM fishery licence held by the SM unit holder.

559 No carrying forward of unused entitlement

- (1) This section applies if, in an SM year, an SM unit holder takes an amount of spanish mackerel for the SM units that is less than the total entitlements under the holder's SM units.

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- (2) The holder is taken, at the end of the SM year, to have used all the entitlements under the SM units held by the holder for the SM year.

Division 4 SM unit certificates

560 Content of SM unit certificates

An SM unit certificate must state each of the following—

- (a) the certificate number;
- (b) the name of the person who holds the SM units mentioned in the certificate;
- (c) the number of SM units held by the person;
- (d) if the chief executive has imposed conditions on the SM units—the conditions;
- (e) if the chief executive has suspended any of the SM units—
 - (i) the number of SM units suspended; and
 - (ii) the period of the suspension.

561 Evidentiary provision for SM unit certificate

An SM unit certificate is evidence of—

- (a) the number of SM units held when the certificate was—
 - (i) issued; or
 - (ii) changed or replaced under section 585; and
- (b) the conditions, if any, imposed on the SM units.

Division 5 Evidentiary aids for use of entitlement

562 Unloaded fish notice is evidence of use of entitlement

- (1) This section applies if the holder of SM units, or a person acting for the holder, gives the chief executive an unloaded fish notice for spanish mackerel for the SM units.
- (2) The notice is evidence that the holder has taken, under the SM units, the whole weight equivalent of the amount of spanish mackerel stated in the notice.
- (3) For subsection (2), the whole weight equivalent of the amount of spanish mackerel stated in the notice is—
 - (a) for an amount stated for whole spanish mackerel—the amount stated; or
 - (b) for an amount stated for spanish mackerel that is not whole—the amount worked out in the way stated in schedule 11, part 1, section 11(2).

563 Particular notice is evidence of unused entitlement

- (1) This section applies if the holder of SM units has obtained a written notice from the chief executive stating the amount of the unused entitlement under the SM units for a stated SM year on a stated date.
- (2) The notice is evidence of the amount of the unused entitlement under the SM units for the stated SM year on the stated date.

Part 3 Conditions for SM units

Division 1 Purpose

564 Purpose of pt 3

This part prescribes conditions for—

- (a) SM units; and
- (b) if a commercial fisher is acting under SM units held by another person—the fisher’s commercial fisher licence.

Division 2 Interpretation

565 Definitions for pt 3

In this part—

authorised boat, for an SM unit holder, means—

- (a) the primary boat under any of the SM fishery licences held by the SM unit holder; or
- (b) any of the primary boat’s tender boats.

landing period see section 569(e)(i).

landing place—

- (a) for a prior notice—see section 569(c); or
- (b) for a transshipment notice—see section 576(3)(d)(i); or
- (c) for an unnotifiable landing notice—see section 578(3)(c)(i).

prescribed numerical code, for a place, means the sequence of numbers that—

- (a) may be used to identify the latitude and longitude coordinates for the place; and

- (b) is nominated by the chief executive and published on the department's website.

prescribed person means each of the following—

- (a) the holder of SM units;
- (b) a commercial fisher or an assistant fisher acting under SM units held by another person.

prescribed reason, for not giving a prior notice or transhipment notice, see section 577(2)(a).

prior notice means—

- (a) a notice given under section 568(3); or
- (b) if a replacement prior notice is given under section 570(2), the replacement prior notice.

prior notice area means—

- (a) a defined port area; or
- (b) another area that is within 0.5n miles of a part of the State where landing of a boat is practicable.

prior notice deadline, for a prior notice, means the earlier of the following times—

- (a) the time the first of the authorised boats, for the SM unit holder by or for whom the notice is given, enters the prior notice area;
- (b) if the landing place mentioned in the notice is at, or north of, latitude 15°50.30' south and the landing period mentioned in the notice ends between 3p.m. and 10p.m. on a day—6 hours before the first of the authorised boats, for the SM unit holder by or for whom the notice is given, that will be landed at the place, will land at the place;
- (c) if the landing place mentioned in the notice is at or north of latitude 15°50.30' south and the landing period mentioned in the notice ends during the period starting at 10p.m. on a day (the ***first day***) and ending at 3p.m. on the following day—4p.m. on the first day;

- (d) if the landing place mentioned in the notice is south of latitude 15°50.30' south—1 hour before the first of the authorised boats, for the SM unit holder by or for whom the notice is given, that will be landed at the place will land at the place.

prior notice particulars see section 569.

transhipment notice see section 576(2).

transport vessel see section 576(1)(b).

unloaded fish notice see section 581(2).

unloading area, for a landing place, means—

- (a) if the landing place is within a defined port area—the defined port area; or
- (b) if the landing place is not within a defined port area—an area within 0.5n miles of the landing place.

unloading particular see section 569(d).

unnotifiable landing notice see section 578(2).

566 Notices to chief executive

- (1) This section applies to a notice given to the chief executive under section 568, 570, 571, 573, 576, 577(2)(b) or 581.
- (2) The notice must be given to the chief executive—
- (a) by using the AIVR system; or

Note—

See chapter 14, part 6 for provisions about the AIVR system, including the requirements and procedures applying to the operation and use of the system.

- (b) in another way approved by the chief executive.

Division 3 Requirements for taking or possessing spanish mackerel

567 Spanish mackerel to be taken or possessed only with unused SM unit entitlements

A prescribed person may take spanish mackerel from, or possess spanish mackerel on, an authorised boat for an SM unit holder in an SM year only if the holder holds SM units with unused entitlements for the SM year.

Division 4 Requirements for giving prior notice of spanish mackerel

568 Requirement to give prior notice

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) spanish mackerel are on an authorised boat for an SM unit holder; and
 - (b) an authorised boat for the holder enters a prior notice area; and
 - (c) if the prior notice area is not a defined port area—it is proposed to land 1 or more authorised boats for the holder within the area.
- (2) This section does not apply if—
 - (a) the authorised boats that are proposed to be landed are proposed to be landed at a place—
 - (i) north of latitude 15°16.57' south; or
 - (ii) on an island other than Bribie Island, Fraser Island, Magnetic Island, Moreton Island, North Stradbroke Island or South Stradbroke Island; and
 - (b) it is not proposed to unload spanish mackerel at the place.

- (3) The holder, or a person authorised by the holder, must give a prior notice to the chief executive before the prior notice deadline for the notice has ended.

569 Particulars to be stated in prior notice

A prior notice must state each of the following (the *prior notice particulars*)—

- (a) the current fisher PIN for the SM units to which the notice relates;
- (b) the numerical part of the licence number of the SM fishery licence to which the spanish mackerel the subject of the notice relate;
- (c) the prescribed numerical code or the latitude and longitude coordinates for the place (the *landing place*) at which any or all of the authorised boats, for the SM unit holder by or for whom the notice is given, will be landed;
- (d) whether or not it is proposed to unload spanish mackerel from, or using, 1 or more of the authorised boats before the boats leave the unloading area for the landing place (the *unloading particular*);
- (e) the following information, if the person giving the prior notice is prompted by the AIVR system to enter it—
 - (i) the estimated number of hours (the *landing period*), rounded to the nearest whole hour, between when the notice is given and when the authorised boats will land at the landing place;
 - (ii) the total number of each of the following on all the authorised boats when the notice is given—
 - (A) spanish mackerel that are whole, gilled and gutted, or trunked;
 - (B) containers containing filleted spanish mackerel.

570 Requirement to give replacement prior notice if unloading particular changes

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) a prior notice has been given by or for an SM unit holder under section 568 and 569; and
 - (b) the notice stated that spanish mackerel were not to be unloaded from, or using, 1 or more authorised boats for the holder before the boats leave the unloading area for the landing place mentioned in the notice; and
 - (c) the holder, or another person acting for the holder, proposes to unload spanish mackerel before the boats leave the unloading area.
- (2) The holder, or a person authorised by the holder, must give another prior notice (a *replacement prior notice*) to the chief executive before the prior notice deadline for the other notice has ended.
- (3) The replacement prior notice must state—
 - (a) the prior notice particulars; and
 - (b) that spanish mackerel will be unloaded before the boats leave the unloading area.
- (4) A replacement prior notice given under subsection (2) replaces the prior notice given under section 568.

571 Amendment or withdrawal of prior notice

- (1) This section applies if a prior notice has been given by or for an SM unit holder.
- (2) If a prior notice particular, other than an unloading particular, for the notice changes, the holder, or a person authorised by the holder, may give the chief executive a notice (an *amending notice*) stating the changes.
- (3) An amending notice must be given before the amending notice deadline for the notice has ended.

(4) Also, the holder, or a person authorised by the holder, may, by notice to the chief executive, withdraw the prior notice at any time before spanish mackerel are taken from any authorised boat for the holder.

(5) A prior notice may be amended or withdrawn only under this section.

(6) In this section—

amending notice deadline, for an amending notice, means—

(a) if the amending notice changes the landing period or landing place mentioned in the prior notice—the earlier of the following times—

(i) when the first of the authorised boats for the SM unit holder enters the area within 0.5n miles of the landing place mentioned in the prior notice;

(ii) if the landing place mentioned in the prior notice is at or north of latitude 15°50.30' south—3 hours before the landing period mentioned in the prior notice ends;

Editor's note—

Latitude 15°50.30' south runs approximately through Rattlesnake Point.

(iii) if the landing place mentioned in the prior notice is south of latitude 15°50.30' south—1 hour before the landing period mentioned in the prior notice ends; or

(b) if the amending notice relates to adding 5 fish or less to the number of fish on all of the authorised boats—when the first of the authorised boats for the SM unit holder enters the area within 0.5n miles of the landing place mentioned in the prior notice; or

(c) for another amending notice—the earlier of the following times—

(i) when the first of the authorised boats for the SM unit holder enters the area within 0.5n miles of the landing place mentioned in the prior notice;

- (ii) 1 hour before the landing period mentioned in the prior notice ends.

Division 5 Requirements after prior notice of spanish mackerel

572 General requirements after prior notice given

- (1) This section applies to the person in control of an authorised boat for the SM unit holder (a *relevant authorised boat*) that is proposed to be landed at the landing place mentioned in a prior notice.
- (2) The person in control of the relevant authorised boat must ensure that—
 - (a) the boat lands at the landing place mentioned in the prior notice no more than 1 hour before or after the landing period mentioned in the notice ends; and
 - (b) when the boat lands, the total number of each of the following on all the authorised boats for the holder is the same as the number stated in the prior notice or, having regard to the circumstances, is close to that number—
 - (i) spanish mackerel that are whole, gilled and gutted, or trunked;
 - (ii) containers containing filleted spanish mackerel.
- (3) Also, if the relevant authorised boat lands at the landing place mentioned in the prior notice before the landing period mentioned in the notice ends, the person in control of the boat must ensure the boat stays at the landing place until after the landing period has ended.
- (4) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply if the relevant authorised boat does not land at the place, or does not land within the period, mentioned in that subsection because of a reason beyond the control of the person in control of the boat.
- (5) In deciding whether a number is close under subsection (2)(b), regard must be had to the degree of

difficulty in counting the number of spanish mackerel or containers stated in the prior notice.

- (6) Subsection (3) does not require the person in control of the relevant authorised boat to be on the boat after the boat has landed.

573 Requirement to give retained fish notice

- (1) The SM unit holder, or a person authorised by the holder, must not allow an authorised boat for the holder to leave the unloading area for the landing place mentioned in a prior notice with spanish mackerel on the boat unless the holder or person has given the chief executive a notice (a *retained fish notice*) under this section.
- (2) The SM unit holder or authorised person must give the retained fish notice within 1 of the following periods before the authorised boat leaves or is proposed to leave the unloading area for the landing place—
 - (a) if the landing place is at or north of latitude 15°50.30' south—6 hours;
 - (b) if the landing place is south of latitude 15°50.30' south—1 hour.
- (3) The retained fish notice must state each of the following—
 - (a) the current fisher PIN for the SM units to which the notice relates;
 - (b) the numerical part of the licence number of the SM fishery licence to which the spanish mackerel the subject of the notice relate;
 - (c) if the person giving the retained fish notice is prompted by the AIVR system to enter the transaction number for the prior notice in relation to which the retained fish notice is given—the transaction number;
 - (d) the total number of each of the following that will be on all the authorised boats, for the SM unit holder

immediately after the boats leave the unloading area for the landing place mentioned in the prior notice—

- (i) spanish mackerel that are whole, gilled and gutted, or trunked;
- (ii) containers containing filleted spanish mackerel.

575 Additional requirements if prior notice stated spanish mackerel will be unloaded

- (1) This section applies if a prior notice given by, or for, an SM unit holder, stated that spanish mackerel were to be unloaded from, or using, 1 or more authorised boats for the holder, before the boats leave the unloading area for the landing place mentioned in the notice.
- (2) A prescribed person must not take spanish mackerel from an authorised boat for the holder after the prescribed time unless—
 - (a) all the spanish mackerel on all the authorised boats for the holder have been unloaded; and
 - (b) an unloaded fish notice has been given, as required under section 581 for the spanish mackerel that have been unloaded.
- (3) However, subsection (2)(a) does not apply if the prescribed person has complied with section 573.
- (4) If asked by an inspector after an authorised boat for the holder lands at the landing place, a prescribed person must tell the inspector—
 - (a) the place (the *unloading place*) where the spanish mackerel on the authorised boats for the holder are to be unloaded; and
 - (b) the estimated time (the *unloading time*) at which the spanish mackerel are to be unloaded.
- (5) If a prescribed person has informed an inspector of the unloading place and unloading time under subsection (4), the prescribed person must not unload, or allow to be unloaded,

the spanish mackerel on the authorised boats other than at the unloading place and at the unloading time.

(6) In this section—

prescribed time, in relation to a prior notice, means when the first of the authorised boats for the SM unit holder enters the area within 0.5n miles of the landing place mentioned in the notice.

576 Requirement to give transshipment notice

(1) This section applies if spanish mackerel are—

- (a) taken from an authorised boat for an SM unit holder; and
- (b) transferred, before they are unloaded, to any of the following vessels (each a ***transport vessel***)—
 - (i) a boat identified in a carrier boat licence;
 - (ii) a domestic commercial vessel with a certificate of operation issued, or taken to be issued, under the domestic commercial vessel national law stating it is a class 1, 2 or 4 vessel;
 - (iii) an other Queensland regulated ship registered under the *Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Regulation 2016*; and
- (c) proposed to be unloaded from, or using, the transport vessel to which they have been transferred.

(2) The SM unit holder, or a person authorised by the holder, must give a notice (a ***transshipment notice***) to the chief executive as soon as practicable after the spanish mackerel are transferred to the transport vessel.

(3) The transshipment notice must state each of the following—

- (a) the current fisher PIN for the SM units to which the notice relates;

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- (b) the numerical part of the licence number for the SM fishery licence to which the spanish mackerel the subject of the notice relate;
 - (c) the identification code for the transport vessel to which the notice relates;
 - (d) the prescribed numerical code or the latitude and longitude coordinates for—
 - (i) the place at which the transport vessel will be landed (the *landing place*); and
 - (ii) the place at which the spanish mackerel will be unloaded from the transport vessel;
 - (e) the date on which the spanish mackerel will be unloaded from the transport vessel;
 - (f) the total number of each of the following that were transferred from the authorised boats to the vessel—
 - (i) spanish mackerel that are whole, gilled and gutted, or trunked;
 - (ii) containers containing filleted spanish mackerel.
- (4) In this section—
- identification code*, for a vessel, means the sequence of numbers used to identify the vessel that is—
- (a) nominated by the chief executive; and
 - (b) published on the department’s website.

Division 6 Requirements for unloading spanish mackerel

577 General requirement for unloading spanish mackerel

- (1) A prescribed person must not unload, or allow to be unloaded, spanish mackerel taken from an authorised boat for an SM unit holder unless—

-
- (a) a prior notice given by or for the holder stated the spanish mackerel were to be unloaded from, or using, 1 or more authorised boats for the holder before the boats leave the unloading area for the landing place mentioned in the notice; or
 - (b) a transshipment notice has been given by or for the holder for the spanish mackerel.
- (2) However, subsection (1) does not apply if—
- (a) the prior notice or transshipment notice was not given by or for the SM unit holder for either of the following reasons (each a *prescribed reason*)—
 - (i) all the relevant equipment on the authorised boats for the SM unit holder—
 - (A) was destroyed or made unusable during the notifying period by an unforeseeable and uncontrollable event; and
 - (B) was not, and could not reasonably have been, replaced or made usable during the notifying period;
 - (ii) the authorised boats for the SM unit holder landed because of an unforeseeable and uncontrollable event and the notice could not be given because of the event; and

Examples of an unforeseeable and uncontrollable event—
extreme weather conditions, fire or medical emergency
 - (b) the holder or a person authorised by the holder has given the chief executive an unnotifiable landing notice; and
 - (c) the prescribed person did not, before the authorised unloading time—
 - (i) move, or allow to be moved, the authorised boats or transport vessel to a place more than 200m from, or not visible to a person at, the landing place mentioned in the unnotifiable landing notice; or

(ii) move, or allow to be moved, the spanish mackerel from the boats or vessel.

(3) In this section—

authorised unloading time, for unloading spanish mackerel for which a prior notice or transhipment notice has not been given, means—

(a) if the person unloading the spanish mackerel has been given permission, by an inspector, to unload the spanish mackerel on or after a stated time—the stated time; or

(b) otherwise—

(i) if the authorised boat or transport vessel containing the spanish mackerel is landed at or north of latitude 15°50.30' south and an unnotifiable landing notice for the landing was given before 9a.m. on the day the boat or vessel landed—3p.m. on the day the boat or vessel landed; or

(ii) if the authorised boat or transport vessel containing the spanish mackerel is landed at or north of latitude 15°50.30' south and an unnotifiable landing notice for the landing was given between 9a.m. and 4p.m. on the day the boat or vessel landed—6 hours after the boat or vessel landed; or

(iii) if the authorised boat or transport vessel containing the spanish mackerel is landed at or north of latitude 15°50.30' south and an unnotifiable landing notice for the landing was given after 4p.m. on the day the boat or vessel landed—3p.m. on the day after the boat or vessel landed; or

(iv) if the authorised boat or transport vessel containing the spanish mackerel is landed south of latitude 15°50.30' south—1 hour after the boat or vessel landed.

notifying period, in relation to a prior notice or transhipment notice, means the period—

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- (a) starting when the first of the authorised boats for the SM unit holder who is required to give the prior notice or transhipment notice, leaves for a fishing trip; and
 - (b) ending—
 - (i) for a prior notice—when the prior notice deadline for the notice has ended; or
 - (ii) for a transhipment notice—immediately before the transport vessel, containing the spanish mackerel transferred from the authorised boats for the holder, lands.

relevant equipment means equipment that can be used to—

- (a) use the AIVR system; or
- (b) contact a person who is on land or on a boat.

578 Requirement to give unnotifiable landing notice

- (1) This section applies if an SM unit holder or a person authorised by the holder—
 - (a) proposes to unload, or allow to be unloaded, spanish mackerel taken from an authorised boat for the SM unit holder; and
 - (b) has not given a prior notice or transhipment notice for a prescribed reason.
- (2) The SM unit holder or authorised person must give a notice (an *unnotifiable landing notice*) to the chief executive at the following time—
 - (a) if the spanish mackerel is on any of the authorised boats of the holder—immediately after the first of the boats lands;
 - (b) if the spanish mackerel has been transferred from any of the authorised boats of the holder to a transport vessel—immediately after the transport vessel lands.
- (3) The unnotifiable landing notice must state each of the following—

- (a) the current fisher PIN for the SM units to which the notice relates;
- (b) the numerical part of the licence number for the SM fishery licence to which the spanish mackerel the subject of the notice relate;
- (c) the prescribed numerical code or the latitude and longitude coordinates for—
 - (i) the place at which the authorised boats or transport vessel to which the notice relates have been landed (the *landing place*); and
 - (ii) the place at which the spanish mackerel on the boats or vessel will be unloaded;
- (d) the total number of each of the following that are on the boats or vessel when the notice is given—
 - (i) spanish mackerel that are whole, gilled and gutted, or trunked;
 - (ii) containers containing filleted spanish mackerel.

579 Additional requirements for unloading spanish mackerel if prior notice given

- (1) This section applies if a prior notice given by or for an SM unit holder stated that spanish mackerel were to be unloaded from, or using, 1 or more authorised boats for the holder before the boats leave the unloading area for the landing place mentioned in the notice.
- (2) A prescribed person must not unload, or allow to be unloaded, the spanish mackerel unless section 572 has been complied with.
- (3) Also, a prescribed person may unload the spanish mackerel, or allow the spanish mackerel to be unloaded, only if—
 - (a) the spanish mackerel is unloaded after the landing period mentioned in the prior notice has ended; and

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- (b) for spanish mackerel being unloaded from, or using, a tender boat—the tender boat is attached to, or is within, 200m of its primary boat; and
 - (c) the spanish mackerel is unloaded at 1 of the following places that is open for entry, under the Act, by an inspector—
 - (i) the landing place mentioned in the notice;
 - (ii) if the landing place is within a defined port area—another place within the defined port area;
 - (iii) if the landing place is not within a defined port area—another place within 0.5n miles of the landing place.
- (4) However, subsection (3)(a) does not apply if—
- (a) an inspector supervises the person unloading the spanish mackerel; or
 - (b) both of the following apply—
 - (i) the spanish mackerel are unloaded by moving the boat carrying the spanish mackerel to a place on land;
 - (ii) until the landing period has ended—
 - (A) the spanish mackerel are kept on the boat; and
 - (B) the boat is kept at a place that is within 200m of, and visible to a person at, the landing place.

580 Requirements for weighing unloaded spanish mackerel

- (1) This section applies if spanish mackerel taken by or for an SM unit holder have been unloaded from, or using, an authorised boat for the holder or a transport vessel.
- (2) The holder must weigh the spanish mackerel, or allow the spanish mackerel to be weighed—

[s 581]

- (a) as soon as practicable after the spanish mackerel have been unloaded; and
 - (b) at a place that is open for entry, under the Act, by an inspector.
- (3) The weight of the spanish mackerel must be worked out using a scale that is verified under the *National Measurements Act 1960* (Cwlth).

581 Requirement to give unloaded fish notice

- (1) This section applies if spanish mackerel are—
- (a) taken from an authorised boat for an SM unit holder; and
 - (b) unloaded from, or using, the authorised boat or a transport vessel.
- (2) The SM unit holder, or a person authorised by the holder, must give a notice (an ***unloaded fish notice***) to the chief executive—
- (a) as soon as practicable after the first time the spanish mackerel on the boat or vessel are unloaded from, or using, the boat or vessel; and
 - (b) if the spanish mackerel are first unloaded by moving the boat or vessel carrying the spanish mackerel to a place on land—as soon as practicable after the spanish mackerel are first moved from the boat or vessel.
- (3) Also, the SM unit holder, or a commercial fisher acting for the holder, must retain possession of the spanish mackerel until the unloaded fish notice is given.
- (4) The unloaded fish notice must state each of the following—
- (a) the current fisher PIN for the SM units to which the notice relates;
 - (b) the numerical part of the licence number for the SM fishery licence to which the spanish mackerel the subject of the notice relate;

- (c) if the person giving the unloaded fish notice is prompted by the AIVR system to enter the transaction number for a prior notice, transshipment notice or unnotifiable landing notice given in relation to the spanish mackerel mentioned in the unloaded fish notice—the transaction number;
- (d) the weight of each of the following that were unloaded by or for the holder—
 - (i) whole spanish mackerel;
 - (ii) gilled and gutted spanish mackerel;
 - (iii) trunked spanish mackerel;
 - (iv) filleted spanish mackerel.

Part 4 Transfer of SM units

Division 1 When SM units may or may not be transferred

582 Purpose of div 1

This division states, for section 65(1) of the Act, the circumstances in which SM units may or may not be transferred.

583 Only whole SM units may be transferred

A part of an SM unit can not be transferred.

584 Eligibility of transferee

An SM unit may be transferred only by the holder of the SM unit to a person, other than the transferor, who holds an SM fishery licence.

Division 2 Other provisions about SM unit transfers

585 SM unit certificate changes required

- (1) This section applies if, under section 65B of the Act, the chief registers the transfer of SM units.
- (2) The chief executive must give effect to the transfer by doing any of the following—
 - (a) changing, cancelling or replacing the transferor's and transferee's current SM unit certificates;
 - (b) issuing the transferee a new SM unit certificate.

586 Entitlement of transferee

- (1) The entitlement of the transferee under SM units transferred in an SM year is as follows—
 - (a) for that part of the SM year after registration of the transfer—the entitlement of the transferor under the units immediately before the registration;
 - (b) for a later SM year—the entitlement the transferor would have had under the units at the beginning of the SM year, as if the units had not been transferred.
- (2) For subsection (1)(a), if part of the entitlement of the transferor under a particular transferred SM unit has been used, the whole entitlement of the transferee under that unit is taken to have been used.

587 Issue of fisher PIN for particular transferees

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) the chief executive registers the transfer of SM units; and
 - (b) the transferee did not hold any of the units immediately before the transfer.

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- (2) The chief executive must, immediately after the transfer is registered, issue the transferee a 4-digit identity number (the *fisher PIN*) for the units.

Note—

See also schedule 11, part 2, definition *fisher pin*.

Part 5 Change of PINs

588 Change of unit PIN

- (1) The holder of SM units may, by written notice, ask the chief executive to change the unit PIN for the units.
- (2) On receiving the notice, the chief executive must—
- (a) change the unit PIN for the units to another 4-digit identity number (the *new unit PIN*) decided by the chief executive; and
 - (b) give the holder a written notice stating the new unit PIN.
- (3) The change of unit PIN takes effect when the notice mentioned in subsection (2) is given to the holder.

589 Change of fisher PIN

- (1) The holder of SM units may change the fisher PIN for the units by using the AIVR system.
- (2) The change of the fisher PIN for the units takes effect when the holder is given a transaction number by the AIVR system for the change.

amount of spanish mackerel unlawfully taken or possessed by the holder.

Chapter 10A Provisions for reef line commercial fishery

Part 1 Reef line commercial fishery ('RQ')

Division 1 Preliminary

591A Definitions for pt 1

In this part—

line fishery area see section 591D.

line fishery symbol, for a line fishery area, means the fishery symbol 'L1', 'L2', 'L3' or 'L8' for the commercial fishery to which the line fishery area relates.

591B What is the *reef line commercial fishery*

The *reef line commercial fishery* is activities by way of fishing—

- (a) relating to regulated coral reef fin fish in the fishery area mentioned in section 591D; and
- (b) under the authorisations and conditions stated in division 3.

Note—

Regulated coral reef fin fish may also be taken in the aquarium fish fishery under chapter 7, part 1 and the line fishery (Gulf of

Carpentaria—spanish mackerel and other fin fish) under chapter 8, part 3.

Division 2 Fishery symbol and area

591C Fishery symbol for fishery

The fishery symbol for the fishery is ‘RQ’.

591D Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the following areas (each a *line fishery area*)—

- (a) if the fishery symbol is written on a licence on which the fishery symbol ‘L1’ is also written—the area mentioned in section 395;
- (b) if the fishery symbol is written on a licence on which the fishery symbol ‘L2’ or ‘L3’ is also written—the area mentioned in section 403;
- (c) if the fishery symbol is written on a licence on which the fishery symbol ‘L8’ is also written—the area mentioned in section 427.

Division 3 Authorisations and conditions

591E What fish may be taken

- (1) The following fish may be taken—
 - (a) under a licence on which the fishery symbol ‘L8’ is written—any regulated coral reef fin fish other than regulated coral trout and red emperor; and
 - (b) under another licence—any regulated coral reef fin fish.
- (2) This section is subject to part 3.

591F Permitted ways of taking regulated coral reef fin fish

Regulated coral reef fin fish may be taken only in the way that fish may be taken under the line fishery symbol for the line fishery area in which the regulated coral reef fin fish is being taken.

Note—

See sections 397, 405 and 429.

591G Identification requirement to allow identification or counting of regulated coral reef fin fish

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) regulated coral reef fin fish are on board a commercial fishing boat; and
 - (b) any fish on board the boat are stored in a sealed container.
- (2) The person in control of the boat must ensure the container has attached to it a label stating clearly and legibly—
 - (a) if the container contains regulated coral trout—the words ‘coral trout’ and the number of regulated coral trout inside the container; or
 - (b) if the container contains redthroat emperor—the words ‘redthroat emperor’ and the number of redthroat emperor inside the container; or
 - (c) if the container contains other regulated coral reef fin fish—the words ‘other coral reef fin fish’ and the number of other regulated coral reef fin fish inside the container; or
 - (d) if the container contains fish other than regulated coral reef fin fish—the words ‘other species of fish’ and the number of fish inside the container.

591H Use of primary boat

The conditions for using a primary boat under the licence are the conditions for using a primary boat under the line fishery symbol for the line fishery area in which the boat is being used.

Note—

See sections 398, 406 and 432.

591I Use of tender boat

The conditions for using a tender boat under the licence are the conditions for using a tender boat under the fishery symbol for the line fishery area in which the tender boat is being used.

Note—

See sections 399, 407 and 433.

591J Permitted distance for assistant fisher to be under direction

The permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction of a commercial fisher is the distance permitted under the fishery symbol for the line fishery area where the assistant fisher is under direction.

Note—

See sections 400, 408 and 434.

591K Transshipping

- (1) Regulated coral reef fin fish taken from a primary boat may be transhipped only to a tender boat of the primary boat.
- (2) Regulated coral reef fin fish taken from a tender boat may be transhipped only to—
 - (a) the tender boat's primary boat; or
 - (b) another tender boat of the primary boat.

591KA Compliance with vessel tracking standard

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in or being used under the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

Part 2 Provisions about line units

Division 1 General provisions

591L Types of line units

The following are the types of line units—

- (a) CT line units for regulated coral trout;
- (b) OS line units for other regulated coral reef fin fish;
- (c) RTE line units for redthroat emperor.

591M Nature of a line unit

Each line unit is—

- (a) an authority, the entitlement for which is provided for under division 2; and
- (b) a quota for the reef line commercial fishery.

591N Restriction on issue of line units

The chief executive must not issue line units.

Division 2 Entitlement

591O Entitlement under a line unit

- (1) The holder of, or a person acting under, a CT line unit may take, in a line year, the weight of regulated coral trout worked out by dividing the annual quota for regulated coral trout for the line year by the total number of CT line units that have been issued.
- (2) The holder of, or a person acting under, a RTE line unit may take, in a line year, the weight of redthroat emperor worked out by dividing the annual quota for redthroat emperor for the line year by the total number of RTE line units that have been issued.
- (3) The holder of, or a person acting under, an OS line unit may take, in a line year, the weight of other regulated coral reef fin fish worked out by dividing the annual quota for other regulated coral reef fin fish for the line year by the total number of OS line units that have been issued.
- (4) The authorisation for a line year under subsection (1), (2) or (3) is the holder's *entitlement* under the line unit for the line year.
- (5) However, the entitlement—
 - (a) applies only while the holder holds an RQ fishery licence that is in force; and
 - (b) is subject to any relevant prohibitions or restrictions under this regulation, the line unit or the licence.

Examples of relevant restrictions—

- restrictions under fisheries declarations under chapter 2, 3 or 4
- conditions applying generally to licences with fishery symbols under chapter 6, part 6

591P When line unit entitlement is *used* for a line year

- (1) The entitlement of a line unit held by a person is *used* for a line year—
 - (a) when the holder, or a person acting under the line unit, has taken in the line year, under any RQ fishery licence held by the holder, an amount (in whole weight) of the prescribed coral reef fin fish for the line unit equalling the holder's entitlement under the line unit; or
 - (b) if section 591Q applies.
- (2) The *unused entitlement* of a holder's line unit for a line year is the amount (in whole weight) of the prescribed coral reef fin fish for the line unit that has not been taken, for the line year, under any RQ fishery licence held by the line unit holder.

591Q No carrying forward of unused entitlement

- (1) This section applies if, in a line year, a line unit holder, or a person acting under the line unit, takes an amount of prescribed coral reef fin fish for the line unit that is less than the total entitlements under the holder's line units.
- (2) The holder is taken, at the end of the line year, to have used all the entitlements under the line units held by the holder for the line year.

Division 3 Line unit certificates

591R Content of line unit certificates

- (1) A line unit certificate must state each of the following—
 - (a) the certificate number;
 - (b) the name of the person who holds the line units mentioned in the certificate;
 - (c) the number of each of the following line units held by the person—

[s 591S]

- (i) CT line units;
- (ii) OS line units;
- (iii) RTE line units;
- (d) if the chief executive has imposed conditions on the line units—the conditions;
- (e) if the chief executive has suspended any of the line units—
 - (i) the number and type of line units suspended; and
 - (ii) the period of the suspension.
- (2) Only 1 line unit certificate may be issued to the line unit holder for all line units held by the holder.

591S Evidentiary provision for line unit certificate

A line unit certificate is evidence of—

- (a) the number of line units held when the certificate was—
 - (i) issued; or
 - (ii) changed or replaced under section 591ZP; and
- (b) the conditions, if any, imposed on the line units.

Division 4 Evidentiary aids for use of entitlement

591T Unloaded fish notice is evidence of use of entitlement

- (1) This section applies if the holder of a line unit, or a person acting for the holder, gives the chief executive an unloaded fish notice for prescribed coral reef fin fish for the line unit.
- (2) The notice is evidence that the holder has taken, under the line unit, the whole weight equivalent of the amount of regulated coral reef fin fish stated in the notice.

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- (3) For subsection (2), the whole weight equivalent of the amount of regulated coral reef fin fish stated in the notice is—
- (a) for an amount stated for whole regulated coral reef fin fish—the amount stated; or
 - (b) for an amount stated for regulated coral reef fin fish that is not whole—the amount calculated in the way stated in schedule 11, part 1, section 12(1) to (4) that applies to the fish.

591U Particular notice is evidence of unused entitlement

- (1) This section applies if a holder of line units has obtained a written notice from the chief executive stating the amount of the unused entitlement under the line units for a stated line year on a stated date.
- (2) The notice is evidence of the amount of the unused entitlement under the line units for the stated line year on the stated date.

Part 3 Conditions for line units

Division 1 Purpose

591V Purpose of pt 3

This part prescribes conditions for—

- (a) line units; and
- (b) if a commercial fisher is acting under line units held by another person—the fisher's commercial fisher licence.

Division 2 Interpretation

591W Definitions for pt 3

In this part—

authorised boat, for a line unit holder, means—

- (a) the primary boat under any of the RQ fishery licences held by the line unit holder; or
- (b) any of the primary boat's tender boats.

landing period see section 591ZA(e)(i).

landing place, for a prior notice, see section 591ZA(c).

prescribed numerical code, for a place, means the sequence of numbers—

- (a) that may be used to identify the latitude and longitude coordinates for the place; and
- (b) that is nominated by the chief executive; and
- (c) published on the department's website.

prescribed person means each of the following—

- (a) the holder of line units;
- (b) a commercial fisher or an assistant fisher acting under line units held by another person.

prior notice means—

- (a) a notice given under section 591Z(3); or
- (b) if a replacement prior notice is given under section 591ZB(2), the replacement prior notice.

prior notice area means—

- (a) a defined port area; or
- (b) another area that is within 0.5n miles of a part of the State where landing of a boat is practicable.

prior notice deadline, for a prior notice, means the earlier of the following times—

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- (a) the time the first authorised boat, for the line unit holder by or for whom the notice is given, enters the prior notice area;
 - (b) if the landing place mentioned in the notice is at, or north of, latitude 15°50.30' south and the landing period mentioned in the notice ends between 3p.m. and 10p.m. on a day—6 hours before the first of the authorised boats, for the line unit holder by or for whom the notice is given, will land at the place;
 - (c) if the landing place mentioned in the notice is at, or north of, latitude 15°50.30' south and the landing period mentioned in the notice ends during the period starting at 10p.m. on a day (the *first day*) and ending at 3p.m. on the following day—4p.m. on the first day;
 - (d) if the landing place mentioned in the notice is south of latitude 15°50.30' south—1 hour before the first of the authorised boats, for the line unit holder by or for whom the notice is given, will land at the place.

prior notice particulars see section 591ZA.

transshipment notice see section 591ZG(2).

transport vessel see section 591ZG(1)(b).

unloaded fish notice see section 591ZL(2).

unloading area means—

- (a) if the landing place is within a defined port area—the defined port area; or
- (b) if the landing place is not within a defined port area—an area within 0.5n miles of the landing place.

unloading particular see section 591ZA(d).

unnotifiable landing notice see section 591ZI(2).

591X Notices to chief executive

The following notices must be given to the chief executive using the AIVR system or in another way approved by the chief executive—

- (a) a prior notice;
- (b) a replacement prior notice under section 591ZB(2);
- (c) an amending notice under section 591ZC(2);
- (d) a retained fish notice under section 591ZE(1);
- (e) a transhipment notice;
- (f) an unnotifiable landing notice;
- (g) an unloaded fish notice.

Division 3 Requirements for taking or possessing regulated coral reef fin fish

591Y Regulated coral reef fin fish to be taken or possessed only with unused entitlements

A prescribed person may take the following regulated coral reef fin fish from, or possess the fish on, an authorised boat for a line unit holder in a line year only if the holder holds for the fish the following line units with unused entitlements for the line year—

- (a) for regulated coral trout—CT line units;
- (b) for redthroat emperor—RTE line units;
- (c) for other regulated coral reef fin fish—OS line units.

Division 4 Requirements for giving prior notice of regulated coral reef fin fish

591Z Requirement to give prior notice

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) regulated coral reef fin fish are on an authorised boat for a line unit holder; and
 - (b) an authorised boat for the holder enters a prior notice area; and
 - (c) if the prior notice area is not a defined port area—it is proposed to land 1 or more authorised boats for the holder within the area.
- (2) This section does not apply if—
 - (a) the authorised boats that are proposed to be landed are proposed to be landed at a place—
 - (i) north of latitude 15°16.57' south; or
 - (ii) on an island other than Bribie Island, Fraser Island, Magnetic Island, Moreton Island, North Stradbroke Island or South Stradbroke Island; and
 - (b) it is not proposed to unload regulated coral reef fin fish at the place.
- (3) The holder, or a person authorised by the holder, must give a prior notice to the chief executive before the prior notice deadline for the notice has passed.

591ZA Particulars to be stated in prior notice

A prior notice must state each of the following (the *prior notice particulars*)—

- (a) the current fisher PIN for the line units to which the notice relates;

- (b) the numerical part of the licence number of the licence to which the regulated coral reef fin fish the subject of the notice relates;
- (c) the prescribed numerical code or the latitude and longitude coordinates for the place (the **landing place**) at which any or all of the authorised boats, for the line unit holder by or for whom the notice is given, will be landed;
- (d) whether or not it is proposed to unload regulated coral reef fin fish from, or using, 1 or more of the authorised boats before the boats leave the unloading area for the landing place (the **unloading particular**);
- (e) the following information, if the person giving the prior notice is prompted by the AIVR system to enter it—
 - (i) the estimated number of hours (the **landing period**), rounded to the nearest whole hour, between when the notice is given and when the authorised boats will land at the landing place;
 - (ii) the total number of containers containing each of the following in filleted form that are on board all the authorised boats when the notice is given—
 - (A) regulated coral trout;
 - (B) redthroat emperor;
 - (C) other regulated coral reef fin fish;
 - (iii) the total number of each of the following on board all the authorised boats when the notice is given—
 - (A) regulated coral trout that are whole or gilled and gutted;
 - (B) redthroat emperor that are whole or gilled and gutted;
 - (C) other regulated coral reef fin fish that are whole or gilled and gutted;
 - (D) containers of other regulated coral reef fin fish that are whole or gilled and gutted.

591ZB Requirement to give replacement prior notice if unloading particular changes

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) a prior notice has been given by or for a line unit holder under section 591Z; and
 - (b) the notice stated that regulated coral reef fin fish were not to be unloaded from, or using, 1 or more authorised boats for the holder before the boats leave the unloading area for the landing place mentioned in the notice; and
 - (c) the holder, or another person acting for the holder, proposes to unload regulated coral reef fin fish before the boats leave the unloading area.
- (2) The holder, or a person authorised by the holder, must give another prior notice (a *replacement prior notice*) to the chief executive before the prior notice deadline for the other notice has ended.
- (3) The replacement prior notice must state—
 - (a) the prior notice particulars; and
 - (b) that the regulated coral reef fin fish will be unloaded before the boats leave the unloading area.
- (4) A replacement prior notice given under subsection (2) replaces the prior notice given under section 591Z.

591ZC Amendment or withdrawal of prior notice

- (1) This section applies if a prior notice has been given by or for a line unit holder.
- (2) If a prior notice particular, other than an unloading particular for the notice changes, the holder, or a person authorised by the holder, may give the chief executive a notice (an *amending notice*) stating the changes.
- (3) An amending notice must be given before the amending notice deadline for the notice has ended.

[s 591ZC]

(4) Also, the holder, or a person acting for the holder, may, by notice to the chief executive, withdraw the prior notice at any time before regulated coral reef fin fish are taken from any authorised boat for the holder.

(5) A prior notice may be amended or withdrawn only under this section.

(6) In this section—

amending notice deadline, for an amending notice, means—

(a) if the amending notice changes the landing period or landing place mentioned in the prior notice—the earlier of the following times—

(i) when the first authorised boat for the line unit holder enters the area within 0.5n miles of the landing place;

(ii) if the landing place is at or north of latitude 15°50.30' south—3 hours before the landing period mentioned in the prior notice ends;

Editor's note—

Latitude 15°50.30' south approximately runs through Rattlesnake Point.

(iii) if the landing place is south of latitude 15°50.30' south—1 hour before the landing period mentioned in the prior notice ends; or

(b) for another amending notice—the earlier of the following—

(i) when the first authorised boat for the line unit holder enters the area within 0.5n miles of the landing place;

(ii) 1 hour before the landing period ends.

Division 5 Requirements after prior notice of regulated coral reef fin fish

591ZD General requirements after prior notice given

- (1) This section applies to a person in control of an authorised boat for the line unit holder (a *relevant authorised boat*) that is proposed to be landed at a landing place mentioned in a prior notice.
- (2) The person must ensure that—
 - (a) the relevant authorised boat lands at the landing place no more than 1 hour before or after the landing period mentioned in the notice ends; and
 - (b) when the relevant authorised boat lands, the total number of each of the following on all authorised boats for the holder is the same as the number stated in the prior notice or, having regard to the circumstances, is close to that number—
 - (i) the following regulated coral reef fin fish that are whole or gilled and gutted—
 - (A) regulated coral trout;
 - (B) redthroat emperor;
 - (C) other regulated coral reef fin fish;
 - (ii) containers containing each of the following in filleted form—
 - (A) regulated coral trout;
 - (B) redthroat emperor;
 - (C) other regulated coral reef fin fish.
- (3) Also, if the relevant authorised boat lands at the landing place before the landing period mentioned in the notice ends, the person must ensure the boat stays at the landing place until after the landing period has ended.

[s 591ZE]

- (4) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply if the relevant authorised boat does not land at the landing place, or does not land within the landing period, mentioned in that subsection because of a reason beyond the control of the person.
- (5) In deciding whether a number is close under subsection (2)(b), regard must be had to the degree of difficulty in counting the number stated in the prior notice.
- (6) Subsection (3) does not require the person to be on board the relevant authorised boat after the boat has landed.

591ZE Requirement to give retained fish notice

- (1) A line unit holder, or a person authorised by the holder, must not allow an authorised boat for the holder to leave the unloading area for the landing place mentioned in a prior notice with regulated coral reef fin fish on the boat unless the holder or person has given the chief executive a notice (a *retained fish notice*) under this section.
- (2) The line unit holder or authorised person must give the retained fish notice within 1 of the following periods before the authorised boat leaves or is proposed to leave the unloading area for the landing place—
 - (a) if the landing place is at or north of latitude 15°50.30' south—6 hours;
 - (b) if the landing place is south of latitude 15°50.30' south—1 hour.
- (3) The retained fish notice must state each of the following—
 - (a) the current fisher PIN for the line units to which the notice relates;
 - (b) the numerical part of the licence number of the licence to which the regulated coral reef fin fish the subject of the notice relates;
 - (c) if the person giving the retained fish notice is prompted by the AIVR system to enter the transaction number for

-
- the prior notice in relation to which the retained fish notice is given—the transaction number;
- (d) the following information, if the person giving the retained fish notice is prompted by the AIVR system to enter it—
- (i) the total number of containers containing each of the following in filleted form that are on board all the authorised boats when the retained notice is given—
 - (A) regulated coral trout;
 - (B) redthroat emperor;
 - (C) other regulated coral reef fin fish;
 - (ii) the total number of each of the following that are whole or gilled and gutted on board all the authorised boats when the retained notice is given—
 - (A) regulated coral trout;
 - (B) redthroat emperor;
 - (C) other regulated coral reef fin fish;
 - (D) containers of other regulated coral reef fin fish.

591ZF Additional requirements if prior notice stated fish will be unloaded

- (1) This section applies if a prior notice given by, or for, a line unit holder stated that regulated coral reef fin fish were to be unloaded from, or using, 1 or more authorised boats for the holder before the boats leave the unloading area for the landing place mentioned in the notice.
- (2) A prescribed person must not take regulated coral reef fin fish from an authorised boat for the holder after the prescribed time unless—

[s 591ZG]

- (a) all the regulated coral reef fin fish on board all the authorised boats for the holder have been unloaded; and
 - (b) an unloaded fish notice has been given, as required under section 591ZL, for the regulated coral reef fin fish that have been unloaded.
- (3) However, subsection (2)(a) does not apply if the prescribed person has complied with section 591ZE.
- (4) If asked by an inspector after an authorised boat for the holder lands at the landing place, a prescribed person must tell the inspector—
- (a) the place (the *unloading place*) where the fish on board the authorised boats for the holder are to be unloaded; and
 - (b) the estimated time (the *unloading time*) at which the fish are to be unloaded.
- (5) If a prescribed person has informed an inspector of the unloading place and unloading time under subsection (4), the prescribed person must not unload, or allow to be unloaded, the fish on the authorised boats other than at the unloading place and at the unloading time.
- (6) In this section—
- prescribed time*, in relation to a prior notice, means the earlier of the following—
- (a) when the first of the authorised boats for the line unit holder enters the area within 0.5n miles of the landing place mentioned in the prior notice;
 - (b) 1 hour before the landing period mentioned in the prior notice ends.

591ZG Requirement to give transshipment notice

- (1) This section applies if regulated coral reef fin fish are—
- (a) taken from an authorised boat for a line unit holder; and

-
- (b) transferred, before the fish are transhipped, to any of the following vessels (each a *transport vessel*)—
- (i) a boat identified on a carrier boat licence;
 - (ii) a domestic commercial vessel with a certificate of operation issued, or taken to be issued, under the domestic commercial vessel national law stating it is a class 1, 2 or 4 vessel;
 - (iii) an other Queensland regulated ship registered under the *Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Regulation 2016*; and
- (c) proposed to be unloaded from, or using, the transport vessel to which they have been transferred.
- (2) The line unit holder, or a person authorised by the holder, must give a notice (a *transhipment notice*) to the chief executive as soon as practicable after the fish are transferred to the transport vessel.
- (3) The transhipment notice must state each of the following—
- (a) the current fisher PIN for the line units to which the notice relates;
 - (b) the numerical part of the licence number for the licence to which the fish the subject of the notice relates;
 - (c) the identification code for the transport vessel to which the notice relates;
 - (d) the prescribed numerical code or the latitude and longitude coordinates for—
 - (i) the place at which the transport vessel will be landed; and
 - (ii) the place at which the fish will be unloaded from the transport vessel;
 - (e) the date on which the fish that were transferred from the authorised boats to the vessel will be unloaded;

[s 591ZH]

- (f) if the person giving the transshipment notice is prompted by the AIVR system to enter it, the following information—
 - (i) the total number of containers containing each of the following in filleted form that were transferred from the authorised boats to the transport vessel—
 - (A) regulated coral trout;
 - (B) redthroat emperor;
 - (C) other regulated coral reef fin fish;
 - (ii) the total number of each of the following that are whole, gilled and gutted and were transferred from the authorised boats to the transport vessel—
 - (A) regulated coral trout;
 - (B) redthroat emperor;
 - (C) other regulated coral reef fin fish.
- (4) In this section—

identification code, for a transport vessel, means the sequence of numbers used to identify the vessel that is—

 - (a) nominated by the chief executive; and
 - (b) published on the department’s website.

Division 6 Requirements for unloading regulated coral reef fin fish

591ZH General requirement for unloading fish

- (1) A prescribed person must not unload, or allow to be unloaded, regulated coral reef fin fish taken from an authorised boat for a line unit holder unless—
 - (a) a prior notice has been given by or for the holder and the notice stated the fish were to be unloaded from, or using, 1 or more authorised boats for the holder before the

boats leave the unloading area for the landing place mentioned in the notice; or

(b) a transhipment notice has been given by or for the holder for the fish.

(2) However, subsection (1) does not apply if—

(a) the prior notice or transhipment notice was not given by or for the line unit holder because of a prescribed reason; and

(b) the line unit holder or a person authorised by the holder gave the chief executive an unnotifiable landing notice for the landing of—

(i) the authorised boats for the line unit holder; or

(ii) the transport vessel, to which the regulated coral reef fin fish taken from the boats were transferred, immediately after the first of the boats, or the vessel, landed; and

(c) the prescribed person did not, before the authorised unloading time—

(i) move, or allow to be moved, the authorised boats or transport vessel to a place more than 200m from, or not visible to a person at, the place mentioned in section 591ZI(3)(c)(i); or

(ii) move, or allow to be moved, the fish from the boats or vessel.

(3) In this section—

authorised unloading time, for unloading regulated coral reef fin fish for which a prior notice or transhipment notice has not been given, means—

(a) if the person unloading the fish has been given permission by an inspector to unload the fish on or after a stated time—the stated time; or

(b) otherwise—

[s 591ZH]

- (i) if the authorised boat or transport vessel containing the fish are landed at or north of latitude 15°50.30' south and an unnotifiable landing notice for the landing was given before 9a.m. on the day the boat or vessel landed—3p.m. on the day the boat or vessel landed; or
- (ii) if the authorised boat or transport vessel containing the fish landed at or north of latitude 15°50.30' south and an unnotifiable landing notice for the landing was given between 9a.m. and 4p.m. on the day the boat or vessel landed—6 hours after the boat or vessel landed; or
- (iii) if the authorised boat or transport vessel containing the fish landed at or north of latitude 15°50.30' south and an unnotifiable landing notice for the landing was given after 4p.m. on the day the boat or vessel landed—3p.m. on the day after the boat or vessel landed; or
- (iv) if the authorised boat or transport vessel containing the fish landed south of latitude 15°50.30' south—1 hour after the boat or vessel landed.

notifying period, in relation to a prior notice or transshipment notice, means the period—

- (a) starting when the first of the authorised boats for the line unit holder who is required to give the prior notice or transshipment notice leaves for a fishing trip; and
- (b) ending—
 - (i) for a prior notice—when the prior notice deadline for the notice has ended; or
 - (ii) for a transshipment notice—immediately before the transport vessel, containing the regulated coral reef fin fish transferred from the authorised boats for the holder, lands.

prescribed reason, for not giving a prior notice or transshipment notice by or for a line unit holder, means either of the following—

-
- (a) all the relevant equipment on the authorised boats for the line holder—
 - (i) was destroyed or made unusable during the notifying period by an unforeseeable and uncontrollable event; and
 - (ii) was not, and could not reasonably have been, replaced or made usable during the notifying period;
 - (b) the authorised boats for the line unit holder landed because of an unforeseeable and uncontrollable event and the notice could not be given because of the event.

relevant equipment means equipment that can be used to—

- (a) use the AIVR system; or
- (b) contact a person on land or on board a boat.

591ZI Requirement to give unnotifiable landing notice

- (1) This section applies if a line unit holder or a person authorised by the holder—
 - (a) proposes to unload, or allows to be unloaded, regulated coral reef fin fish taken from an authorised boat for the line unit holder; and
 - (b) has not given a prior notice or transshipment notice for a prescribed reason as mentioned in section 591ZH(3).
- (2) The line unit holder or authorised person must give a notice (an *unnotifiable landing notice*) to the chief executive at the following time—
 - (a) if the fish is on any of the authorised boats for the holder—immediately after the first of the boats lands;
 - (b) if the fish has been transferred from any of the authorised boats of the holder to a transport vessel—immediately after the transport vessel lands.
- (3) The unnotifiable landing notice must state each of the following—

[s 591ZJ]

- (a) the current fisher PIN for the line units to which the notice relates;
- (b) the numerical part of the licence number for the licence to which the fish the subject of the notice relates;
- (c) the prescribed numerical code or the latitude and longitude coordinates for—
 - (i) the place where the authorised boats or transport vessel to which the notice relates have been landed; and
 - (ii) the place where the fish on the boats or vessel will be unloaded;
- (d) if the person giving the notice is prompted by the AIVR system to enter the following information, the following information—
 - (i) the total number of containers containing each of the following in filleted form that are on board the authorised boats or transport vessel when the notice is given—
 - (A) regulated coral trout;
 - (B) redthroat emperor;
 - (C) other regulated coral reef fin fish;
 - (ii) the total number of each of the following that are whole or gilled and gutted and are on board the authorised boats or transport vessels when the notice is given—
 - (A) regulated coral trout;
 - (B) redthroat emperor;
 - (C) other regulated coral reef fin fish.

591ZJ Additional requirements for unloading fish if prior notice given

- (1) This section applies if a prior notice given by or for a line unit holder stated that regulated coral reef fin fish were to be

unloaded from, or using, 1 or more authorised boats for the holder before the boats leave the unloading area for the landing place mentioned in the notice.

- (2) A prescribed person must not unload the fish, or allow the fish to be unloaded, unless section 591ZD has been complied with.
- (3) Also, a prescribed person may unload the fish, or allow the fish to be unloaded, only if—
 - (a) the fish is unloaded after the landing period mentioned in the prior notice has ended; and
 - (b) for fish being unloaded from, or using, a tender boat—the tender boat is attached to, or is within 200m of, its primary boat; and
 - (c) the fish is unloaded at 1 of the following places that is open for entry, under the Act, by an inspector—
 - (i) the landing place;
 - (ii) if the landing place is within a defined port area—another place within the defined port area;
 - (iii) if the landing place is not within a defined port area—another place within 0.5n miles of the landing place.
- (4) However, subsection (3)(a) does not apply if—
 - (a) an inspector supervises the person unloading the fish; or
 - (b) both of the following apply—
 - (i) the fish are unloaded by moving the boat carrying the fish to a place on land;
 - (ii) until the landing period has ended—
 - (A) the fish are kept on the boat; and
 - (B) the boat is kept at a place that is within 200m of, and visible to a person at, the landing place.

591ZK Requirements for weighing unloaded fish

- (1) This section applies if regulated coral reef fin fish taken by or for a line unit holder have been unloaded from, or using, an authorised boat for the holder or a transport vessel.
- (2) The holder must weigh the fish, or allow the fish to be weighed—
 - (a) as soon as practicable after the fish have been unloaded; and
 - (b) at a place that is open for entry, under the Act, by an inspector.
- (3) The weight of the fish must be worked out using a scale that is verified or certified under the *National Measurement Act 1960* (Cwlth).

591ZL Requirement to give unloaded fish notice

- (1) This section applies if regulated coral reef fin fish are—
 - (a) taken from an authorised boat for a line unit holder; and
 - (b) unloaded from, or using, the authorised boat or a transport vessel.
- (2) The line unit holder, or a person authorised by the holder, must give a notice (an *unloaded fish notice*) to the chief executive—
 - (a) as soon as practicable after the first time the fish on the boat or vessel are unloaded from, or using, the boat or vessel; and
 - (b) if the fish are first unloaded by moving the boat or vessel carrying the fish to a place on land—as soon as practicable after the fish are first moved from the boat or vessel.
- (3) Also, the line unit holder, or the person authorised by the holder, must—
 - (a) retain possession of the fish until the unloaded fish notice is given; or

- (b) for a live fish that is sold or given to another person—
remain within 200m of the fish until the unloaded fish
notice is given.
- (4) The unloaded fish notice must state each of the following—
 - (a) the current fisher PIN for the line units to which the
notice relates;
 - (b) the numerical part of the licence number of the licence
to which the fish the subject of the notice relates;
 - (c) if the person giving the notice is prompted by the AIVR
system to enter the transaction number for a prior notice,
transshipment notice or unnotifiable landing notice given
in relation to the fish mentioned in the unloaded fish
notice—the transaction number;
 - (d) the weight of each of the following in whole form and
gilled and gutted form unloaded by or for the holder—
 - (i) regulated coral trout;
 - (ii) redthroat emperor;
 - (iii) other regulated coral reef fin fish;
 - (e) the weight of each of the following in filleted form
unloaded by or for the holder—
 - (i) regulated coral trout;
 - (ii) redthroat emperor;
 - (iii) regulated emperor, other than redthroat emperor;
 - (iv) regulated cod or grouper, rosy snapper and
lavender snapper;
 - (v) goldband snapper;
 - (vi) regulated tropical snapper or seaperch, other than
fish mentioned in subparagraphs (iii) or (iv);
 - (vii) other regulated coral reef fin fish and fish of an
unidentified species.

Part 4 Transfer of line units

Division 1 When line units may or may not be transferred

591ZM Purpose of div 1

This division states, for section 65(1) of the Act, the circumstances in which line units may or may not be transferred.

591ZN Only whole line units may be transferred

A part of a line unit can not be transferred.

591ZO Eligibility of transferee

A line unit may be transferred only by the holder of the line unit to a person, other than the transferor, who holds an RQ fishery licence.

Division 2 Other provisions about line unit transfers

591ZP Line unit certificate changes required

- (1) This section applies if, under section 65B of the Act, the chief executive registers the transfer of line units.
- (2) The chief executive must give effect to the transfer by doing any of the following—
 - (a) changing, cancelling or replacing the transferor's and transferee's current line unit certificates;
 - (b) issuing the transferee a new line unit certificate.

591ZQ Entitlement of transferee

- (1) The entitlement of the transferee under line units transferred in a line year is as follows—
 - (a) for that part of the line year after registration of the transfer—the entitlement of the transferor under the line units immediately before the registration;
 - (b) for a later line year—the entitlement the transferor would have had under the line units at the beginning of the line year, as if the line units had not been transferred.
- (2) For subsection (1)(a), if part of the entitlement of the transferor under a transferred line unit has been used, the whole entitlement of the transferee under the transferred line unit is taken to have been used.

591ZR Issue of fisher PIN for particular transferees

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) the chief executive registers the transfer of line units; and
 - (b) the transferee did not hold any line units immediately before the transfer.
- (2) The chief executive must, immediately after the transfer is registered, issue the transferee a 4-digit identity number (a *fisher PIN*) for the line units.

Note—

See also schedule 11, part 2, definition *fisher pin*.

Part 5 Change of PINs

591ZS Change of unit PIN

- (1) The holder of line units may, by written notice, ask the chief executive to change the unit PIN for the line units.
- (2) On receiving the notice, the chief executive must—

[s 591ZT]

- (a) change the unit PIN for the line units to another 4-digit identity number (the *new unit PIN*) decided by the chief executive; and
 - (b) give the holder a written notice stating the new unit PIN.
- (3) The change of unit PIN takes effect when the notice mentioned in subsection (2) is given to the holder.

591ZT Change of fisher PIN

- (1) The holder of line units may change the fisher PIN for the line units by using the AIVR system.
- (2) The change of the fisher PIN for the line units takes effect when the holder is given a transaction number by the AIVR system for the change.

Part 6 Prescribed criteria for suspending and cancelling line units

591ZU Criteria for suspending line units

- (1) This section prescribes criteria under section 68B(4)(b)(i) of the Act for a court suspending line units under section 68B(2) of the Act.
- (2) The prescribed criteria apply if, in a line year—
 - (a) the line unit holder takes an amount of prescribed coral reef fin fish for the line units that exceeds the holder's total entitlements under the line units; or
 - (b) an RQ fishery licence held by the line unit holder is suspended.
- (3) The prescribed criteria are—
 - (a) for subsection (2)(a)—suspension for the following line year of the number of line units with entitlements equal

to the amount by which the entitlements were exceeded;
or

- (b) for subsection (2)(b)—suspension for the line year of all the holder’s line units with unused entitlements.

591ZV Criteria for cancelling line units

- (1) This section prescribes criteria under section 68B(4)(b)(i) of the Act for a court cancelling line units under section 68B(2) of the Act.
- (2) The prescribed criteria apply if, in a line year, a line unit holder is convicted of a serious fisheries offence involving taking or possessing an amount of regulated coral reef fin fish that exceeds the holder’s unused line unit entitlements for the line year by at least 500kg (whole weight).
- (3) The prescribed criteria is cancellation of the number of the holder’s line units with an entitlement equivalent to the amount of regulated coral reef fin fish unlawfully taken or possessed by the holder.

Chapter 11 Other commercial fisheries

Part 1 Commercial crab fishery (‘C1’)

592 What is the *commercial crab fishery*

The *commercial crab fishery* is activities by way of fishing—

- (a) relating to crabs to which section 595 applies in the fishery area mentioned in section 594; and
- (b) under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part.

593 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'C1'.

594 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of all tidal waters in the following areas—

- east of longitude 142°31'49" east
- north of latitude 10°48' south and between longitude 141°20' east and longitude 142°31'49" east
- in the Gulf of Carpentaria between the 25n mile line and the shore, south of latitude 10°48' south.

595 What fish may be taken

Only crabs, other than spanner crabs, may be taken under the licence.

Note—

For spanner crabs, see parts 1A and 1B.

596 Permitted ways of taking crabs

- (1) Crabs may only be taken by using a crab pot, collapsible trap or dilly (each of which is an item of *crab apparatus*).
- (2) No more than a total of 50 items of crab apparatus, including any combination of items of crab apparatus, may be used at a time.
- (3) Also, no more than 10 items of crab apparatus may be fixed to a single line or attached to each other in sequence.
- (4) Despite subsection (2), if a commercial fisher is acting under a licence that has the fishery symbol 'C1' written on it more than once, the fisher may use, at any one time, no more than a total of 100 items of crab apparatus, including any combination of items of crab apparatus.

596A Use of particular crab apparatus

Two or more items of crab apparatus that are fixed to a single line, or attached to each other in sequence, must not be used in the following waters—

- (a) the waters of Moreton Bay (whole) south of latitude 27°18.430' south;
- (b) the waters of Great Sandy Strait south of a line between Point Vernon on the mainland and Moon Point on Fraser Island.

596B Possession of crab apparatus

- (1) A commercial fisher must not possess on a boat in the fishery area more than a total of 50 items of crab apparatus, including any combination of items of crab apparatus.
- (2) However, if a commercial fisher is acting under a licence that has the fishery symbol 'C1' written on it more than once, the fisher may possess on a boat in the fishery area no more than a total of 100 items of crab apparatus, including any combination of items of crab apparatus.

597 Use of primary boats

A primary boat must not be longer than 14m.

598 Use of tender boats

A tender boat must not be used more than 800m from its primary boat.

599 Permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction

The permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction of a commercial fisher is 800m.

600 Marking of fishing apparatus

- (1) An item of crab apparatus used to take crabs must—
 - (a) have attached to it a tag on which is written the name of the owner of the apparatus; or
 - (b) be marked with the boat mark for the owner's primary boat.
- (2) Also, the crab apparatus must be attached by a rope to either—
 - (a) a compliant float that is at least 15cm in all its dimensions; or
 - (b) a fixed object above the high water mark, including, for example, a jetty or tree.
- (3) If crab apparatus is attached to a fixed object under subsection (2)(b), a tag, on which is written the boat mark for the primary boat of the owner of the apparatus, must be attached to the part of the rope above the high water mark.
- (4) If 2 items of crab apparatus are fixed to a line, one end of the line must have attached to it 2 compliant floats that are at least 15cm in all their dimensions.
- (5) If 3 or more items of crab apparatus are fixed to a line—
 - (a) one end of the line must have attached to it a compliant float that is at least 25cm in all its dimensions; and
 - (b) the other end of the line must have attached to it a flag that is at least 2m above the water; and
 - (c) a tag must be attached to the line near the float or flag stating the number of items of crab apparatus that are attached to the line.
- (6) In this section—

compliant float, for using crab apparatus, means a float that—

 - (a) is light coloured and clearly visible on the surface of the water; and

- (b) is marked with the boat mark for the primary boat of the owner of the apparatus.

600AA Compliance with vessel tracking standard

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in or being used under the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

Part 1A Commercial spanner crab fishery (managed area A) ('C2')

Division 1 Definition

600A What is the *commercial spanner crab fishery (managed area A)*

The *commercial spanner crab fishery (managed area A)* is activities by way of fishing—

- (a) relating to spanner crabs in the fishery area mentioned in section 600C; and
- (b) under the relevant authorisations and conditions stated in this part.

Division 2 Fishery symbol and area

600B Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'C2'.

Note—

For licences on which both the fishery symbols 'C2' and 'C3' are written, see section 271 (Conditions of licences on which more than 1 fishery symbol is written).

600C Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of tidal waters south of latitude 23° south and east of longitude 151°45' east.

Division 3 Taking spanner crab under the licence

600D What fish may be taken

Only spanner crabs may be taken under the licence.

600E Taking spanner crabs in more than 1 spanner crab fishery

- (1) This section applies if a person is authorised to take spanner crabs under a licence on which the fishery symbols 'C2' and 'C3' are written.
- (2) If the person has taken a spanner crab (the *first crab*) under part 1B, the person must not take a crab under this part until the first crab has been brought ashore on the mainland.

600F Permitted apparatus—dillies

- (1) A spanner crab may be taken only by using a dilly.
- (2) A commercial fisher must not possess more than a total of 50 dillies on a boat in the fishery area.
- (3) A person may use a dilly under the licence only if the dilly complies with division 4.
- (4) A person acting under the licence must not—
 - (a) use more than 45 dillies at a time; or
 - (b) set more than 15 dillies on a single line.

Division 4 General requirements for dillies

Note—

Under section 600ZC(4), the conditions for use of dillies under this division also apply to a licence in the commercial spanner crab fishery (managed area B) under part 1B.

600G Frame area

A dilly must have—

- (a) an area within its frame of no more than 1m²; and
- (b) a net drop below its frame of no more than 10cm.

600H Net

- (1) A dilly's net must have only 1 layer of mesh and each mesh in the layer must be square or rectangular.
- (2) The mesh size of the net must be at least 25mm.

600I Marking of dillies

- (1) A dilly used to take spanner crabs must—
 - (a) have a compliant float attached to it; and
 - (b) either—
 - (i) have attached to it a tag on which is written the name of the owner of the dilly; or
 - (ii) be marked with the boat mark for the owner's primary boat.
- (2) Also, if 2 or more dillies are fixed to a line—
 - (a) one end of the line must be attached to a compliant float; and
 - (b) the float must be attached to a flag that is at least 2m above the water.

(3) In this section—

compliant float, for using a dilly, means a float that is—

- (a) light coloured and clearly visible on the surface of the water; and
- (b) at least 15cm in all its dimensions; and
- (c) marked with the boat mark for the primary boat of the owner of the dilly.

Division 6 Other conditions

600K Use of primary boats

A primary boat must not be longer than 20m.

600L Use of tender boats

A tender boat must not be longer than 7m nor used more than 800m from its primary boat.

600M Permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction

The permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction is 800m.

600MA Compliance with vessel tracking standard

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in or being used under the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

Division 7 Provisions about ITQ units

Subdivision 1 General provisions

600N Nature of an ITQ unit

Each ITQ unit is—

- (a) an authority, the entitlement for which is provided for under subdivisions 2 and 3; and
- (b) a quota for the fishery.

600NA Restriction on issue of ITQ units

The chief executive must not issue ITQ units.

Subdivision 2 Entitlement

600O Entitlement under ITQ unit

- (1) The holder of an ITQ unit or a person acting under the ITQ unit may take in an ITQ year the weight of spanner crabs worked out by dividing the annual quota for the year by the total number of ITQ units that have been issued.
- (2) The authorisation for each ITQ year is the holder's *entitlement* under the ITQ unit for the year.
- (3) However, the entitlement applies only while the holder holds a licence on which the fishery symbol 'C2' is written.
- (4) The entitlement is also subject to any relevant prohibitions or restrictions under this regulation, a management plan, the ITQ unit or the licence.

Examples of relevant restrictions—

- restrictions under fisheries declarations under chapter 2, 3 or 4
- conditions applying generally to licences with fishery symbols under chapter 6, part 6

600P When ITQ unit entitlement is *used* for an ITQ year

- (1) The entitlement under an ITQ unit is *used* for an ITQ year—
 - (a) when the unit holder or a person acting for the holder under the unit has taken in the year under any C2 fishery licence held by the holder an amount of spanner crab equalling the holder's entitlement under the ITQ unit; or
 - (b) if section 600Q applies.
- (2) The *unused entitlement* of a holder's ITQ unit for an ITQ year is the amount of (whole weight) spanner crab for the ITQ unit that has not been taken for the ITQ year under any C2 fishery licence held by the ITQ unit holder.
- (3) In this section—

(whole weight) spanner crab means the weight of an entire intact spanner crab.

600Q No carrying forward of unused entitlement

- (1) This section applies if in an ITQ year an ITQ unit holder or a person acting for the holder takes an amount of spanner crab for the holder's ITQ units that is less than the total entitlements under the ITQ units.
- (2) The holder is taken at the end of the ITQ year to have used all the entitlements under the ITQ units held by the holder for the ITQ year.

600R Particular notice is evidence of unused entitlement

- (1) This section applies if an ITQ unit holder has obtained a written notice from the chief executive stating the amount of unused entitlement under the holder's ITQ units for a stated ITQ year on a stated date.
- (2) The notice is evidence of the amount of unused entitlement under the ITQ units for the stated ITQ year on the stated date.

Subdivision 3 ITQ unit certificates

600S Content of ITQ unit certificates

An ITQ unit certificate must state each of the following—

- (a) the certificate number;
- (b) the name of the person who holds the ITQ units mentioned in the certificate;
- (c) that the certificate is issued for the taking of spanner crabs in the fishery area under the licence;
- (d) the number of ITQ units held by the person;
- (e) if the chief executive has imposed conditions on the ITQ units—the conditions;
- (f) if the chief executive has suspended any of the ITQ units—
 - (i) the number of ITQ units suspended; and
 - (ii) the period of the suspension.

600T Evidentiary provision for ITQ unit certificate

An ITQ unit certificate is evidence of—

- (a) the number of ITQ units held when the certificate was—
 - (i) issued; or
 - (ii) changed or replaced under section 600V; and
- (b) the conditions, if any, imposed on the ITQ units.

Subdivision 4 Transfer of ITQ units

600U Only whole ITQ units may be transferred

A part of an ITQ unit can not be transferred.

600V ITQ unit certificate changes required

- (1) This section applies if under section 65B of the Act the chief registers the transfer of ITQ units.
- (2) The chief executive must give effect to the transfer by doing any of the following—
 - (a) changing, cancelling or replacing the transferor's and transferee's current ITQ unit certificates;
 - (b) issuing the transferee a new ITQ unit certificate.

600W Entitlement of transferee

- (1) The entitlement of the transferee under ITQ units transferred in an ITQ year is as follows—
 - (a) for that part of the ITQ year after registration of the transfer—the entitlement of the transferor under the units immediately before the registration;
 - (b) for a later ITQ year—the entitlement the transferor would have had under the units at the beginning of the ITQ year, as if the units had not been transferred.
- (2) For subsection (1)(a), if part of the entitlement of the transferor under a particular transferred ITQ unit has been used, the whole entitlement of the transferee under that unit is taken to have been used.

Part 1B Commercial spanner crab fishery (managed area B) ('C3')

Division 1 Definition

600X What is the *commercial spanner crab fishery (managed area B)*

The *commercial spanner crab fishery (managed area B)* is activities by way of fishing—

-
- (a) relating to spanner crabs in the fishery area mentioned in section 600Z; and
 - (b) under the relevant authorisations and conditions stated in this part.

Division 2 Fishery symbol and area

600Y Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'C3'.

Note—

For licences on which both the fishery symbols 'C2' and 'C3' are written, see section 271 (Conditions of licences on which more than 1 fishery symbol is written).

600Z Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of the following tidal waters—

- waters north of the commercial spanner crab fishery (managed area A) and east of longitude 142°31'49" east
- waters north of latitude 10°48' south and between longitude 141°20' east and longitude 142°31'49" east
- waters in the Gulf of Carpentaria between the 25n mile line and the shore of the mainland, south of latitude 10°48' south.

Division 3 Taking spanner crab under the licence

600ZA What fish may be taken

Only spanner crabs may be taken under the licence.

600ZB Taking spanner crabs in more than 1 spanner crab fishery

- (1) This section applies if a person is authorised to take spanner crabs under a licence on which the fishery symbols ‘C2’ and ‘C3’ are written.
- (2) If the person has taken a spanner crab (the *first crab*) under part 1A, the person must not take a crab under this part until the first crab has been brought ashore on the mainland.

600ZC Permitted apparatus—dillies

- (1) A spanner crab may be taken only by using a dilly.
- (2) A commercial fisher must not possess more than a total of 35 dillies on a boat in the fishery area.
- (3) A person acting under the licence must not—
 - (a) use more than 30 dillies at a time; or
 - (b) set more than 10 dillies on a single line.
- (4) The conditions for dillies under the commercial spanner crab fishery (managed area A), under part 1A, division 4 apply to a dilly used under the licence.

Division 4 Daily quota

600ZD Daily quota under licence

- (1) The quota of spanner crabs that may be taken or possessed each day under the licence is 16 containers of spanner crabs.
- (2) For subsection (1)—
 - (a) a container must be counted as 2 containers if—
 - (i) it has a whole spanner crab protruding above its top; or

- (ii) it can not have another container stacked on top of it so that the other container's bottom touches the top of the container on all sides; and
- (b) if the spanner crabs are not held in a container—the number of containers is worked out by dividing the number of crabs taken or possessed by 30.

(3) In this section—

container, of spanner crabs, means a container with a capacity of no more than 66L.

Note—

An empty container that has internal dimensions of 571mm x 381mm x 305mm has a capacity of approximately 66L. Containers used to hold spanner crabs are commonly called 'baskets'.

Division 5 Other conditions

600ZE Where spanner crabs may be brought ashore

A spanner crab taken under the licence may be brought ashore only on the mainland west of longitude 151°45' east.

600ZF Use of primary boats

A primary boat must not be longer than 20m.

600ZG Use of tender boats

A tender boat must not be longer than 7m nor used more than 800m from its primary boat.

600ZH Permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction

The permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction is 800m.

600ZI Compliance with vessel tracking standard

The licence holder or person in control of a boat identified in or being used under the licence must ensure VMS equipment is installed and maintained on the boat in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

Part 2 Commercial crayfish and rocklobster fishery ('R')

601 What is the *commercial crayfish and rocklobster fishery*

The *commercial crayfish and rocklobster fishery* is activities by way of fishing—

- (a) relating to the fish mentioned in section 604 in the fishery area mentioned in section 603; and
- (b) under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part.

602 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'R'.

603 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of the following tidal waters—

- waters east of longitude 142°31'49" east, and north of latitude 14° south
- the Gulf of Carpentaria and adjoining waterways, between the 25n mile line and the shore, south of latitude 10°48' south.

604 What fish may be taken

Only red champagne lobster and tropical rocklobster may be taken under the licence.

605 Permitted ways of taking crayfish and rocklobster

- (1) Fish may only be taken by—
 - (a) hand; or
 - (b) using hand-held non-mechanical implements; or
 - (c) using spears or spear guns.
- (2) Underwater breathing apparatus may also be used when taking fish.
- (3) Only primary boats or tender boats may be used to take fish.
- (4) No more than 1 person may take fish from a primary boat or tender boat at the same time.

605A Annual quota

- (1) The annual quota of fish that may be taken under the licence is the quota stated on the licence.
- (2) The total annual quota for all licences must not be more than 195,000 units.
- (3) In this section—
unit means 1kg of (whole weight) fish.

606 Use of primary boats

A primary boat must not be longer than 25m.

607 Use of tender boats

A tender boat must not be used further than 5n miles from the following—

- (a) generally—its primary boat;

- (b) if its primary boat is located at a reef—the reef.

608 Permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction

The permitted distance for an assistant fisher to be under direction of a commercial fisher is—

- (a) 5n miles; or
- (b) if the commercial fisher is fishing on a reef, 5n miles from the reef.

Part 2A Commercial shark and ray fishery ('S')

608A What is the *commercial shark and ray fishery*

The *commercial shark and ray fishery* is activities by way of fishing—

- (a) relating to the fish to which section 608C applies; and
- (b) in the fishery area and under the authorisations and conditions mentioned in section 608D.

608B Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'S'.

608C What fish may be taken

Only the following fish may be taken under the licence—

- (a) shark, other than white shark, sandtiger shark or spartooth shark;

Note—

The grey nurse shark (*Carcharias taurus*) is prescribed as endangered wildlife under the *Nature Conservation Act 1992*.

See section 88 (Restrictions on taking protected animal and keeping or use of unlawfully taken protected animal) of that Act.

- (b) rays.

608D Relevant authorisations and conditions for taking fish

- (1) The fish to which section 608C applies may be taken only in the fishery area and under the relevant authorisations and conditions stated in a fishery provision for a commercial fishery (an *applied fishery*) under—
 - (a) chapter 8, part 1, 2, 4 or 5; or
 - (b) chapter 9.
- (2) However, the fish may be taken under the licence—
 - (a) in only 1 applied fishery at any one time; and
 - (b) only if the licence has written on it a fishery symbol for the applied fishery in which the fish are taken.

Part 3 Commercial trawl fishery (fin fish) ('T4')

Division 1 Definitions

609 What is the *commercial trawl fishery (fin fish)*

The *commercial trawl fishery (fin fish)* is activities by way of fishing—

- (a) relating to the fish mentioned in section 612 in the fishery area mentioned in section 611; and
- (b) under the authorisations and conditions stated in this part.

609A Meaning of *prescribed whiting* and relevant reference

- (1) Generally, *prescribed whiting* means red spot whiting or stout whiting.
- (2) A reference to a quantity of prescribed whiting (however expressed) is a reference to a quantity of fish consisting of either or both of the following—
 - (a) red spot whiting;
 - (b) stout whiting.

Division 2 Fishery symbol and area

610 Fishery symbol

The fishery symbol for the fishery is 'T4'.

611 Fishery area

The fishery area consists of the area of all tidal waters within the following boundary—

- from latitude 28°09.24' south, longitude 153°34.2' east, in a north easterly direction to latitude 28°03.96' south, longitude 153°46.32' east
- then along the 50 fathom depth contour to east of Sandy Cape, Fraser Island
- then west to the 20 fathom depth contour
- then along the 20 fathom depth contour to latitude 28°09.24' south, longitude 153°34.2' east.

Division 3 Taking fish and other conditions

612 What fish may be taken

Only the following fish (each the *permitted fish*) may be taken under the licence—

- (a) prescribed whiting;
- (b) any of the following fish, if the fish are taken while taking prescribed whiting—
 - (i) Balmain bug;
 - (ii) cuttlefish;
 - (iii) goatfish;
 - (iv) Moreton Bay bug;
 - (v) octopus;
 - (vi) squid;
 - (vii) threadfin bream;
 - (viii) yellowtail scad.

613 Permitted ways of taking fish

- (1) Permitted fish may only be taken by using an otter trawl net or Danish seine net that complies with this section.
- (2) The net must not be longer than 88m and must have a mesh size of at least 38mm.
- (3) For subsection (2), the length of the net must be worked out from the combined length of the following ropes when taut—
 - (a) the head and bottom ropes;
 - (b) the rope fixing the net's opening size;
 - (c) the ropes to which the net's mesh is attached;
 - (d) the part of another rope, other than a lazy line or log rope, to which a wing net is attached.

- (4) For an otter trawl net—
 - (a) each of its sweeps must not be longer than 128m; and
 - (b) the net must not be used from a boat longer than 20m; and
 - (c) the net must be used with a turtle excluder device that complies with the East Coast Trawl Plan, chapter 3, part 4, division 3.
- (5) For subsection (4)(a), an otter trawl net's sweeps includes a chain, rope, shackle, wire or other fitting used to attach otter boards or sleds to the net.
- (6) However, if 2 or more fittings mentioned in subsection (5) are joined to make a single fitting, the single fitting is 1 sweep.
- (7) For a Danish seine net—
 - (a) each of the 2 haul ropes attached to the net must not be longer than 2,500m; and
 - (b) the end of the haul rope that is first deployed when the net is deployed must be marked with a floating buoy that is clearly visible on the surface of the water; and
 - (c) the net must not be used from a boat longer than 25m.

614 VMS equipment requirements apply

The holder of a T4 fishery licence or person in control of the primary boat identified in the licence must ensure that VMS equipment is installed, maintained and used on the boat in compliance with the VMS equipment requirements.

Note—

See chapter 14, part 7.

Division 4 Annual quotas

614A Total annual quota of prescribed whiting

The total annual quota of prescribed whiting that may be taken in the commercial trawl fishery (fin fish) under all licences for a T4-ITQ year is the total annual quota of prescribed whiting declared by the chief executive under the Act, section 44 for the fishery for the year.

Note—

For the total annual quota for the T4-ITQ year for 2015, see sections 751 and 752.

614B Annual quotas of goatfish and yellowtail scad

- (1) This section applies to the following fish—
 - (a) goatfish;
 - (b) yellowtail scad.
- (2) The total annual quota of each of the fish that may be taken in the commercial trawl fishery (fin fish) under all licences for a T4-ITQ year is the total annual quota of the fish declared by the chief executive under the Act, section 44 for the fishery for the year.
- (3) The annual quota of each of the fish that may be taken under the licence in a T4-ITQ year is the amount worked out using the following formula—

$$AQ = DAQ/L \times N$$

where—

AQ is the annual quota of the fish, in kilograms, that may be taken under the licence in the year.

DAQ is the total annual quota of the fish, in kilograms, under the quota declaration (the *relevant declaration*) mentioned in subsection (2) for the year.

L is the total number of T4 fishery licences that are in force when the relevant declaration is made.

[s 614C]

N is the number of fishery symbols ‘T4’ written on the licence.

Note—

For the annual quota for the T4-ITQ year for 2015, see sections 751 and 753.

Division 5 Provisions about T4-ITQ units

Subdivision 1 Nature and issue of T4-ITQ units

614C Nature of a T4-ITQ unit

Each T4-ITQ unit is—

- (a) an authority, the entitlement for which is provided for under subdivisions 2 and 3; and
- (b) a quota for the fishery.

614D General condition for issue of T4-ITQ units

A T4-ITQ unit may be issued only under this division.

614E Chief executive must issue T4-ITQ units and ITQ unit certificate

- (1) The chief executive must, on 28 February 2015 (the *issue day*), issue to the holder of each eligible licence 270,000 T4-ITQ units for each fishery symbol ‘T4’ written on the licence.
- (2) The chief executive must issue the T4-ITQ units by giving the holder a T4-ITQ unit certificate for the units.
- (3) Subsections (1) and (2) do not prevent the chief executive giving the holder the T4-ITQ unit certificate before the issue day.

Note—

Under sections 614H and 614Y, prescribed whiting may be taken under a T4-ITQ unit only in a T4-ITQ year.

(4) In this section—

eligible licence means a T4 fishery licence as in force immediately before the issue day.

614F Issue of unit PIN and fisher PIN

After issuing T4-ITQ units under section 614E(1), the chief executive must issue to the holder of the units—

- (a) a 4-digit identity number (a *unit PIN*) for the units; and
- (b) a 4-digit identity number (a *fisher PIN*) for the units, unless the holder already holds another quota authority.

614G Restriction on issue of T4-ITQ units

The chief executive must not issue T4-ITQ units after 28 February 2015.

Subdivision 2 Entitlement

614H Entitlement under T4-ITQ unit

- (1) The holder of, or a person acting under, a T4-ITQ unit may take in a T4-ITQ year the weight of prescribed whiting worked out using the following formula—

$$W = TAQ/TN \times N$$

where—

W is the weight, in kilograms, of prescribed whiting that may be taken in the year.

TAQ is the total annual quota for prescribed whiting for the year.

TN is the total number of T4-ITQ units issued for the commercial trawl fishery (fin fish).

N is the number of T4-ITQ units held by the holder.

- (2) The authorisation for a T4-ITQ year is the holder's **entitlement** under the T4-ITQ unit for the T4-ITQ year.
- (3) However, the entitlement—
 - (a) applies only while the holder holds a licence on which the fishery symbol 'T4' is written; and
 - (b) is subject to any relevant prohibitions or restrictions under this regulation, a management plan, the T4-ITQ unit or the licence.

Examples of relevant restrictions—

- restrictions under fisheries declarations under chapter 2, 3 or 4
- conditions applying generally to licences with fishery symbols under chapter 6, part 6

614I When T4-ITQ unit entitlement is *used* for a T4-ITQ year

- (1) The entitlement under a T4-ITQ unit is ***used*** for a T4-ITQ year—
 - (a) when the unit holder or a person acting under the unit has taken in the year under any T4 fishery licence held by the holder an amount of prescribed whiting equalling the holder's entitlement under the unit; or
 - (b) if section 614J applies.
- (2) The ***unused entitlement*** of a holder's T4-ITQ unit for a T4-ITQ year is the amount of (whole weight) whiting for the T4-ITQ unit that has not been taken for the ITQ year under any T4 fishery licence held by the T4-ITQ unit holder.
- (3) In this section—

(whole weight) whiting means the weight of prescribed whiting in kilograms.

614J No carrying forward of unused entitlement

- (1) This section applies if in a T4-ITQ year a T4-ITQ unit holder or a person acting for the holder takes an amount of prescribed whiting for the T4-ITQ unit that is less than the total entitlements under the holder's T4-ITQ units.
- (2) The holder is taken at the end of the T4-ITQ year to have used all the entitlements under the T4-ITQ units held by the holder for the T4-ITQ year.

614K Particular notice is evidence of unused entitlement

- (1) This section applies if a T4-ITQ unit holder has obtained a written notice from the chief executive stating the amount of unused entitlement under the holder's T4-ITQ units for a stated T4-ITQ year on a stated date.
- (2) The notice is evidence of the amount of unused entitlement under the T4-ITQ units for the stated T4-ITQ year on the stated date.

Subdivision 3 T4-ITQ unit certificates

614L T4-ITQ unit certificates

A T4-ITQ unit certificate must state each of the following—

- (a) the certificate number;
- (b) the name of the person who holds the T4-ITQ units mentioned in the certificate;
- (c) that the certificate is issued for the taking of prescribed whiting in the fishery area under the licence;
- (d) the number of T4-ITQ units held by the person;
- (e) if the certificate is issued before 28 February 2015—that the T4-ITQ units are to be issued on that day;
- (f) if the chief executive has imposed conditions on the T4-ITQ units—the conditions;

[s 614M]

- (g) if the chief executive has suspended any of the T4-ITQ units—
 - (i) the number of T4-ITQ units suspended; and
 - (ii) the period of the suspension.

614M Evidentiary provision for T4-ITQ unit certificate

A T4-ITQ unit certificate is evidence of—

- (a) the number of T4-ITQ units held—
 - (i) if the certificate is issued before 28 February 2015—on that day; or
 - (ii) if the certificate is changed or replaced under section 614O—when the certificate is changed or replaced; or
 - (iii) otherwise—when the certificate is issued; and
- (b) the conditions, if any, imposed on the T4-ITQ units.

Subdivision 4 Transfer of T4-ITQ units

614N Only whole T4-ITQ units may be transferred

A part of a T4-ITQ unit can not be transferred.

614O T4-ITQ unit certificate changes required

- (1) This section applies if under section 65B of the Act the chief executive registers the transfer of T4-ITQ units.
- (2) The chief executive must give effect to the transfer by doing any of the following—
 - (a) changing, cancelling or replacing the transferor's and transferee's current T4-ITQ unit certificates;
 - (b) issuing the transferee a new T4-ITQ unit certificate.

614P Entitlement of transferee

- (1) The entitlement of the transferee under T4-ITQ units transferred in a T4-ITQ year is as follows—
 - (a) for that part of the T4-ITQ year after registration of the transfer—the entitlement of the transferor under the units immediately before the registration;
 - (b) for a later T4-ITQ year—the entitlement the transferor would have had under the units at the beginning of the T4-ITQ year, as if the units had not been transferred.
- (2) For subsection (1)(a), if part of the entitlement of the transferor under a transferred T4-ITQ unit has been used, the whole entitlement of the transferee under that unit is taken to have been used.

614Q Issue of fisher PIN for particular transferees

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) the chief executive registers the transfer of T4-ITQ units; and
 - (b) immediately before the transfer, the transferee did not hold—
 - (i) T4-ITQ units; or
 - (ii) another quota authority.
- (2) The chief executive must, immediately after the transfer is registered, issue the transferee a 4-digit identity number (also the ***fisher PIN***) for the units.

Note—

See also schedule 11, part 2, definition *fisher PIN*.

Subdivision 5 Change of PINs

614R Change of unit PIN

- (1) The holder of T4-ITQ units may, by written notice, ask the chief executive to change the unit PIN for the units.
- (2) If the holder of T4-ITQ units gives the chief executive a notice under subsection (1), the chief executive must—
 - (a) change the unit PIN for the units to another 4-digit identity number (the *new unit PIN*) decided by the chief executive; and
 - (b) give the holder a written notice stating the new unit PIN.
- (3) The change of unit PIN takes effect when the notice mentioned in subsection (2)(b) is given to the holder.

614S Change of fisher PIN

- (1) The holder of T4-ITQ units may change the fisher PIN for the units by using the AIVR system.
- (2) The change of the fisher PIN for the units takes effect when the holder is given a transaction number by the AIVR system for the change.

Subdivision 6 Prescribed criteria for suspending and cancelling T4-ITQ units

614T Criteria for suspending T4-ITQ units

- (1) This section prescribes criteria under section 68B(4)(b)(i) of the Act for a court suspending T4-ITQ units under section 68B(2) of the Act.
- (2) The prescribed criteria apply if, in a T4-ITQ year—
 - (a) the T4-ITQ unit holder takes an amount of prescribed whiting for the T4-ITQ units that exceeds the holder's total entitlements under the T4-ITQ units; or

-
- (b) any T4 fishery licence held by the T4-ITQ unit holder is suspended.
 - (3) The prescribed criteria are—
 - (a) for subsection (2)(a)—suspension for the following T4-ITQ year of the number of T4-ITQ units with entitlements equal to the amount by which the entitlements were exceeded; or
 - (b) for subsection (2)(b)—suspension for the T4-ITQ year of all the holder's T4-ITQ units with unused entitlements.

614U Criteria for cancelling T4-ITQ units

- (1) This section prescribes criteria under section 68B(4)(b)(i) of the Act for a court cancelling T4-ITQ units under section 68B(2) of the Act.
- (2) The prescribed criteria apply if, in a T4-ITQ year, a T4-ITQ unit holder is convicted of a serious fisheries offence involving taking or possessing an amount of prescribed whiting that exceeds the holder's unused T4-ITQ unit entitlements for the T4-ITQ year by at least 500kg (whole weight).
- (3) The prescribed criteria is cancellation of the number of the holder's T4-ITQ units with an entitlement equivalent to the amount of prescribed whiting unlawfully taken or possessed by the holder.

Division 6 Conditions for T4-ITQ units

Subdivision 1 Purpose

614V Purpose of div 6

This division prescribes conditions for—

- (a) T4-ITQ units; and

- (b) if a commercial fisher is acting under T4-ITQ units held by another person—the fisher’s commercial fisher licence.

Subdivision 2 Interpretation

614W Definitions for div 6

In this division—

authorised boat, for a T4-ITQ unit holder, means the primary boat under any of the T4 fishery licences held by the unit holder.

landing period see section 614ZA(e)(i).

landing place, for a prior notice, see section 614ZA(c).

prescribed numerical code, for a place, means the sequence of numbers that—

- (a) may be used to identify the latitude and longitude coordinates for the place; and
- (b) is nominated by the chief executive and published on the department’s website.

prescribed person means each of the following—

- (a) the holder of T4-ITQ units;
- (b) a commercial fisher or an assistant fisher acting under T4-ITQ units held by another person.

prior notice means—

- (a) a notice given under section 614Z(2); or
- (b) if a replacement prior notice is given under section 614ZB(2), the replacement prior notice.

prior notice area means—

- (a) a defined port area; or
- (b) another area that is within 0.5n miles of a part of the State where landing of a boat is practicable.

prior notice deadline, for a prior notice, means the time the first of the authorised boats, for the holder of T4-ITQ units by or for whom the notice is given, enters the prior notice area.

prior notice particulars see section 614ZA.

unloaded fish notice see section 614ZK(2).

unloading area, for a landing place mentioned in a prior notice, means—

- (a) if the landing place is within a defined port area—the defined port area; or
- (b) if the landing place is not within a defined port area—an area within 0.5n miles of the landing place.

unloading particular see section 614ZA(d).

unnotifiable landing notice see section 614ZH(2).

614X Notices to chief executive

The following notices must be given to the chief executive using the AIVR system or in another way approved by the chief executive—

- (a) a prior notice;
- (b) a replacement prior notice under section 614ZB(2);
- (c) an amending notice under section 614ZC(2);
- (d) a retained fish notice under section 614ZE(1);
- (e) an unnotifiable landing notice;
- (f) an unloaded fish notice.

Subdivision 3 Requirements for taking or possessing prescribed whiting

614Y Prescribed whiting to be taken or possessed only with unused T4-ITQ unit entitlements

A prescribed person may take prescribed whiting from, or possess prescribed whiting on, an authorised boat for a T4-ITQ unit holder in a T4-ITQ year only if the holder holds T4-ITQ units with unused entitlements for the T4-ITQ year.

Subdivision 4 Requirements for giving prior notice for permitted fish

614Z Requirement to give prior notice

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) permitted fish are on an authorised boat for a T4-ITQ unit holder; and
 - (b) an authorised boat for the holder enters a prior notice area; and
 - (c) if the prior notice area is not a defined port area—it is proposed to land 1 or more authorised boats for the holder within the area.
- (2) The holder, or a person authorised by the holder, must give a prior notice to the chief executive before the prior notice deadline for the notice has ended.

614ZA Particulars to be stated in prior notice

A prior notice must state each of the following (the *prior notice particulars*)—

- (a) the current fisher PIN for the T4-ITQ units to which the notice relates;

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- (b) the numerical part of the licence number of the T4 fishery licence to which the permitted fish the subject of the notice relate;
 - (c) the prescribed numerical code or the latitude and longitude coordinates for the place (the *landing place*) at which any or all of the authorised boats, for the T4-ITQ unit holder by or for whom the notice is given, will be landed;
 - (d) whether or not it is proposed to unload permitted fish from, or using, 1 or more of the authorised boats before the boats leave the unloading area for the landing place (the *unloading particular*);
 - (e) the following information, if the person giving the prior notice is prompted by the AIVR system to enter it—
 - (i) the estimated number of hours (the *landing period*), rounded to the nearest whole hour, between when the notice is given and when the authorised boats will land at the landing place;
 - (ii) the total number of containers containing each of the following on all the authorised boats when the notice is given—
 - (A) prescribed whiting;
 - (B) yellowtail scad;
 - (C) goatfish.

614ZB Requirement to give replacement prior notice if unloading particular changes

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) a prior notice has been given by or for a T4-ITQ unit holder under sections 614Z and 614ZA; and
 - (b) the notice stated that permitted fish were not to be unloaded from, or using, 1 or more authorised boats for the holder before the boats leave the unloading area for the landing place mentioned in the notice; and

[s 614ZC]

- (c) the holder, or another person acting for the holder, proposes to unload permitted fish before the boats leave the unloading area.
- (2) The holder, or a person authorised by the holder, must give another prior notice (a **replacement prior notice**) to the chief executive before the prior notice deadline for the other notice has ended.
- (3) The replacement prior notice must state—
 - (a) the prior notice particulars; and
 - (b) that permitted fish will be unloaded before the boats leave the unloading area.
- (4) A replacement prior notice given under subsection (2) replaces the prior notice given under section 614Z.

614ZC Amendment or withdrawal of prior notice

- (1) This section applies if a prior notice has been given by or for a T4-ITQ unit holder.
- (2) If a prior notice particular, other than an unloading particular, for the notice changes, the holder, or a person authorised by the holder, may give the chief executive a notice (an **amending notice**) stating the changes.
- (3) An amending notice must be given before the amending notice deadline for the notice has ended.
- (4) Also, the holder, or a person authorised by the holder, may, by notice to the chief executive, withdraw the prior notice at any time before permitted fish are taken from any authorised boat for the holder.
- (5) A prior notice may be amended or withdrawn only under this section.
- (6) In this section—
amending notice deadline, for an amending notice, means—

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- (a) if the amending notice changes the landing period or landing place mentioned in the prior notice—the earlier of the following times—
 - (i) when the first of the authorised boats for the T4-ITQ unit holder enters the area within 0.5n miles of the landing place mentioned in the prior notice;
 - (ii) if the landing place mentioned in the prior notice is south of latitude 15°50.30' south—1 hour before the landing period mentioned in the prior notice ends; or
 - (b) if the amending notice relates to the number of containers on all of the authorised boats—when the first of the authorised boats for the T4-ITQ unit holder enters the area within 0.5n miles of the landing place mentioned in the prior notice; or
 - (c) for another amending notice—the earlier of the following times—
 - (i) when the first of the authorised boats for the T4-ITQ unit holder enters the area within 0.5n miles of the landing place mentioned in the prior notice;
 - (ii) 1 hour before the landing period mentioned in the prior notice ends.

Subdivision 5 Requirements after prior notice of permitted fish

614ZD General requirements after prior notice given

- (1) This section applies to the person in control of an authorised boat for the T4-ITQ unit holder (a *relevant boat*) that is proposed to be landed at the landing place mentioned in a prior notice.
- (2) The person must ensure that—

- (a) the relevant boat lands at the landing place no more than 1 hour before or after the landing period mentioned in the notice ends; and
 - (b) when the authorised boat lands, the total number of each of the following on all the authorised boats for the holder is the same as the number stated in the prior notice or, having regard to the circumstances, is close to that number—
 - (i) containers containing prescribed whiting;
 - (ii) containers containing goatfish;
 - (iii) containers containing yellowtail scad.
- (3) Also, if the relevant boat lands at the landing place before the landing period ends, the person must ensure the boat stays at the landing place until after the landing period has ended.
- (4) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply if the relevant boat does not land at the landing place, or does not land within the landing period, mentioned in that subsection because of a reason beyond the control of the person.
- (5) In deciding whether a number is close under subsection (2)(b), regard must be had to the degree of difficulty in counting the number of containers stated in the prior notice.
- (6) Subsection (3) does not require the person in control of the relevant boat to be on the boat after it has landed.

614ZE Requirement to give retained fish notice

- (1) The T4-ITQ unit holder, or a person authorised by the holder, must not allow an authorised boat for the holder to leave the unloading area for the landing place mentioned in a prior notice with permitted fish on the boat unless the holder or person has given the chief executive a notice (a *retained fish notice*) under this section.
- (2) The T4-ITQ unit holder or authorised person must give the retained fish notice within 1 hour before the authorised boat

leaves or is proposed to leave the unloading area for the landing place.

- (3) The retained fish notice must state each of the following—
- (a) the current fisher PIN for the T4-ITQ units to which the notice relates;
 - (b) the numerical part of the licence number of the T4 fishery licence to which the permitted fish the subject of the notice relate;
 - (c) if the person giving the retained fish notice is prompted by the AIVR system to enter the transaction number for the prior notice in relation to which the retained fish notice is given—the transaction number;
 - (d) the total number of containers containing each of the following that will be on all the authorised boats for the T4-ITQ unit holder immediately after the boats leave the unloading area for the landing place mentioned in the prior notice—
 - (i) prescribed whiting;
 - (ii) goatfish;
 - (iii) yellowtail scad.

614ZF Additional requirements if prior notice stated permitted fish will be unloaded

- (1) This section applies if a prior notice given by, or for, a T4-ITQ unit holder stated that permitted fish were to be unloaded from, or using, 1 or more authorised boats for the holder before the boats leave the unloading area for the landing place mentioned in the notice.
- (2) A prescribed person must not take permitted fish from an authorised boat for the holder after the prescribed time unless—
- (a) all the permitted fish on all the authorised boats for the holder have been unloaded; and

[s 614ZG]

- (b) an unloaded fish notice has been given, as required under section 614ZK, for the permitted fish that have been unloaded.
- (3) However, subsection (2)(a) does not apply if the prescribed person has complied with section 614ZE.
- (4) If asked by an inspector after an authorised boat for the holder lands at the landing place, a prescribed person must tell the inspector—
 - (a) the place (the *unloading place*) where the permitted fish on the authorised boats for the holder are to be unloaded; and
 - (b) the estimated time (the *unloading time*) at which the permitted fish are to be unloaded.
- (5) If a prescribed person has informed an inspector of the unloading place and unloading time under subsection (4), the prescribed person must not unload, or allow to be unloaded, the permitted fish on the authorised boats other than at the unloading place and at the unloading time.
- (6) In this section—

prescribed time, in relation to a prior notice, means when the first of the authorised boats for the T4-ITQ unit holder enters the area within 0.5n miles of the landing place mentioned in the notice.

Subdivision 6 Requirements for unloading permitted fish

614ZG General requirement for unloading permitted fish

- (1) A prescribed person must not unload, or allow to be unloaded, permitted fish taken from an authorised boat for a T4-ITQ unit holder unless a prior notice given by or for the holder stated the permitted fish were to be unloaded from, or using, 1 or more authorised boats for the holder before the boats leave the unloading area for the landing place mentioned in the notice.

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- (2) However, subsection (1) does not apply if—
- (a) the prior notice was not given by or for the T4-ITQ unit holder for either of the following reasons—
 - (i) all the relevant equipment on the authorised boats for the T4-ITQ unit holder—
 - (A) was destroyed or made unusable during the notifying period by an unforeseeable and uncontrollable event; and
 - (B) was not, and could not reasonably have been, replaced or made usable during the notifying period;
 - (ii) the authorised boats for the T4-ITQ unit holder landed because of an unforeseeable and uncontrollable event and the notice could not be given because of the event; and
Examples of an unforeseeable and uncontrollable event—
extreme weather conditions, fire or medical emergency
 - (b) the holder or a person authorised by the holder has given the chief executive an unnotifiable landing notice; and
 - (c) the prescribed person did not, before the authorised unloading time—
 - (i) move, or allow to be moved, the authorised boats to a place more than 200m from, or not visible to a person at, the landing place mentioned in the unnotifiable landing notice; or
 - (ii) move, or allow to be moved, the permitted fish from the boats.
- (3) In this section—
- authorised unloading time***, for unloading permitted fish for which a prior notice has not been given, means—
- (a) if the person unloading the permitted fish has been given permission, by an inspector, to unload the permitted fish on or after a stated time—the stated time; or

[s 614ZH]

- (b) otherwise—if the authorised boat containing the permitted fish is landed south of latitude 15°50.30' south—1 hour after the boat landed.

notifying period, in relation to a prior notice, means the period—

- (a) starting when the first of the authorised boats for the T4-ITQ unit holder who is required to give the prior notice leaves for a fishing trip; and
- (b) ending when the prior notice deadline for the notice has ended.

relevant equipment means equipment that can be used to—

- (a) use the AIVR system; or
- (b) contact a person who is on land or on a boat.

614ZH Requirement to give unnotifiable landing notice

- (1) This section applies if a T4-ITQ unit holder or a person authorised by the holder—
 - (a) proposes to unload, or allow to be unloaded, permitted fish taken from an authorised boat for the T4-ITQ unit holder; and
 - (b) has not given a prior notice for a prescribed reason.
- (2) The T4-ITQ unit holder or authorised person must give a notice (an *unnotifiable landing notice*) to the chief executive immediately after the first of the boats lands.
- (3) The unnotifiable landing notice must state each of the following—
 - (a) the current fisher PIN for the T4-ITQ units to which the notice relates;
 - (b) the numerical part of the licence number for the T4 fishery licence to which the permitted fish the subject of the notice relate;
 - (c) the prescribed numerical code or the latitude and longitude coordinates for—

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- (i) the place at which the authorised boats to which the notice relates have been landed; and
 - (ii) the place at which the permitted fish on the boats will be unloaded;
- (d) the total number of containers containing each of the following that are on the boats when the notice is given—
- (i) prescribed whiting;
 - (ii) goatfish;
 - (iii) yellowtail scad.

614ZI Additional requirements for unloading permitted fish if prior notice given

- (1) This section applies if a prior notice given by or for a T4-ITQ unit holder stated that permitted fish were to be unloaded from, or using, 1 or more authorised boats for the holder before the boats leave the unloading area for the landing place mentioned in the notice.
- (2) A prescribed person must not unload, or allow to be unloaded, the permitted fish unless section 614ZD has been complied with.
- (3) Also, a prescribed person may unload the permitted fish, or allow the permitted fish to be unloaded, only if—
 - (a) the permitted fish is unloaded after the landing period mentioned in the prior notice has ended; and
 - (b) the permitted fish is unloaded at 1 of the following places that is open for entry, under the Act, by an inspector—
 - (i) the landing place mentioned in the prior notice;
 - (ii) if the landing place is within a defined port area—another place within the defined port area;

- (iii) if the landing place is not within a defined port area—another place within 0.5n miles of the landing place.
- (4) However, subsection (3)(a) does not apply if an inspector supervises the person unloading the permitted fish.

614ZJ Requirements for weighing unloaded permitted fish

- (1) This section applies if permitted fish taken by or for a T4-ITQ unit holder have been unloaded from, or using, an authorised boat for the holder.
- (2) The holder must weigh the permitted fish, or allow the fish to be weighed—
 - (a) as soon as practicable after the fish have been unloaded; and
 - (b) at a place that is open for entry, under the Act, by an inspector.
- (3) The weight of the permitted fish must be worked out using a scale that is verified or certified under the *National Measurement Act 1960* (Cwlth).

614ZK Requirement to give unloaded fish notice

- (1) This section applies if permitted fish are—
 - (a) taken from an authorised boat for a T4-ITQ unit holder; and
 - (b) unloaded from, or using, the authorised boat.
- (2) The T4-ITQ unit holder, or a person authorised by the holder, must give a notice (an *unloaded fish notice*) to the chief executive—
 - (a) as soon as practicable after the first time the permitted fish on the boat are unloaded from, or using, the boat; and
 - (b) if the permitted fish are first unloaded by moving the boat carrying the fish to a place on land—as soon as

practicable after the permitted fish are first moved from the boat or vessel.

- (3) Also, the T4-ITQ unit holder, or a commercial fisher acting for the holder, must retain possession of the permitted fish until the unloaded fish notice is given.
- (4) The unloaded fish notice must state each of the following—
 - (a) the current fisher PIN for the T4-ITQ units to which the notice relates;
 - (b) the numerical part of the licence number for the T4 fishery licence to which the permitted fish the subject of the notice relate;
 - (c) if the person giving the unloaded fish notice is prompted by the AIVR system to enter the transaction number for a prior notice or unnotifiable landing notice given in relation to the permitted fish mentioned in the unloaded fish notice—the transaction number;
 - (d) the weight of each of the following that were unloaded by or for the holder—
 - (i) prescribed whiting;
 - (ii) goatfish;
 - (iii) yellowtail scad.

Chapter 12 Protection of fish habitats and fisheries resources

Part 1 Declared fish habitat areas

Division 1 Declaration of fish habitat areas

615 Areas declared to be fish habitat areas

- (1) Subject to sections 616 to 619, each area shown on a plan (a *fish habitat area plan*) mentioned in schedule 3, column 1 is declared to be a fish habitat area.
- (2) Copies of fish habitat area plans are—
 - (a) available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours on business days at the department's head office; and
 - (b) published on the department's website.

616 Areas included in declared fish habitat area

- (1) If, for an entry for a declared fish habitat area in schedule 3, column 1, an area is stated opposite the entry in schedule 3, column 2, as included in the declared fish habitat area, the declared fish habitat area includes the stated area.
- (2) Subsection (1) is subject to sections 617(1)(a) and 618.
- (3) Each declared fish habitat area shown on a fish habitat area plan mentioned in schedule 3, column 1 includes the unallocated State land or national park land that is within the outer boundary shown on the plan for the area.
- (4) Subsection (3) is subject to sections 617(1)(a) to (c) and 618.

617 Areas excluded from declared fish habitat area

- (1) A declared fish habitat area excludes the following areas—
- (a) the area of a channel marked by aids to navigation;
 - (b) if, for the entry for the declared fish habitat area in schedule 3, column 1, an area is stated opposite the entry in schedule 3, column 2, as excluded from the declared fish habitat area—the stated area;
 - (c) if the fish habitat area plan for the declared fish habitat area states or shows an area is excluded from the declared fish habitat area—the stated or shown area;
 - (d) if the declared fish habitat area is shown on a fish habitat area plan mentioned in schedule 3, column 1—land that is not unallocated State land or national park land within the outer boundary shown on the plan.
- (2) Subsection (1)(d) is subject to section 616(1).

618 Particular cables and air space excluded from declared fish habitat area

- (1) A declared fish habitat area excludes a cable that—
- (a) is in a fixed position in air space within the boundary shown on the fish habitat area plan for the area; and
 - (b) is not in contact with land, water or a part of a plant in the area.

Examples of a cable—

an overhead electric line or telecommunication cable

- (2) Subsection (3) applies if—
- (a) a person proposes, under a law of the State or Commonwealth, to install a cable in air space within the boundary shown on the fish habitat area plan for a declared fish habitat area; and
 - (b) under the proposal, the cable, when installed, will not be in contact with land, water or a part of a plant in the area.

[s 619]

- (3) The declared fish habitat area excludes the air space that is to be occupied by the cable under the proposal.
- (4) In this section—
proposal includes an application.

619 Interpretation of fish habitat area plans

- (1) Anything stated in schedule 3, column 2, or shown or written on a fish habitat area plan, about the boundary of a declared fish habitat area has effect for deciding the location of the boundary.
- (2) A line in relation to a boundary of a declared fish habitat area on a fish habitat area plan—
 - (a) shows what forms the boundary; and
 - (b) is only indicative of the current position of the boundary.
- (3) If a boundary shown on a fish habitat area plan has a gap in it, the boundary continues in a straight line across the gap to the nearest point of the boundary on the other side of the gap.

Division 2 Prohibited activities in or affecting declared fish habitat areas

620 Person not to take bait using digging implement

- (1) A person must not in a declared fish habitat area take fish for bait by using a digging implement.
Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a person using a hand pump only for taking yabbies.

621 Person not to remove weeds etc.

- (1) A person must not do any of the following things in a declared fish habitat area—

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- (a) remove weeds;
 - (b) use a pesticide;
 - (c) carry out biological control of a pest.

Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.

- (2) Also, a person must not do a thing mentioned in subsection (1) outside a declared fish habitat area if doing the thing is likely to affect a fish habitat in the declared fish habitat area.

Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.

- (3) However, subsection (1) or (2) does not apply to a person doing a thing mentioned in subsection (1) if the person does the thing in compliance with the fish habitat area code of practice.
- (4) In this section—

biological control, of a pest, means controlling the presence or spread of the pest by introducing a natural enemy of the pest, including, for example, a natural predator of the pest or a bacteria or virus that may be harmful to the pest.

fish habitat area code of practice means the code of practice under section 119 of the Act called ‘Fish Habitat Area code of practice—The lawful use of physical, pesticide and biological controls in a declared Fish Habitat Area’, published on the department’s website.

Note—

The code is also available for inspection during office hours on business days at the department’s head office.

pest means a pest or disease declared under a law of the State, the Commonwealth or another State.

Chapter 13 Fisheries offences and related matters

Part 1 Serious fisheries offences

625 Fisheries offences prescribed as serious fisheries offences—Act, schedule

- (1) This section prescribes serious fisheries offences for the Act, schedule, definition *serious fisheries offence*.

Note—

See also the East Coast Trawl Plan, section 188.

- (2) The offences under each of the following provisions of the Act are prescribed as serious fisheries offences—
- section 77(1) and (2)
 - section 78(1) and (2)
 - section 79
 - section 79A
 - section 81(1)
 - section 82
 - section 90(1)
 - section 118(4)
 - section 176(1)
 - section 182(1).
- (3) Also, an offence under section 219(2) of the Act is prescribed as a serious fisheries offence if, for that provision, an offence committed by a person acting under an authority is prescribed as a serious fisheries offence under subsection (2) or a management plan.

[s 625A]

- (4) Also, an offence constituted by any of the following in relation to the reef line commercial fishery is prescribed as a serious fisheries offence—
- (a) contravening the *Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Act 1975* (Cwlth), section 38BA;
 - (b) using a tender boat in a way that contravenes the *Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Regulations 1983* (Cwlth), regulation 49(2) or 51;
 - (c) entering or using a marine park in contravention of the *Marine Parks Act 2004*, section 43 or the *Marine Parks Regulation 2017*, section 135 or the expired *Marine Parks Regulation 2006*, section 109.

Part 1A Prescribed criteria for suspension of licences

625A Criteria for suspension of licences—Act, s 68B

- (1) This section prescribes criteria under section 68B(4)(b)(i) of the Act for a court suspending a commercial harvest fishery licence on which is written the fishery symbol ‘A1’ or ‘A2’, commercial fisher licence or a commercial fishing boat licence under section 68(2) of the Act, unless—
- (a) the conviction is a spent conviction; or
 - (b) the prescribed criteria in any of the following provisions apply—
 - (i) section 590 or 591ZU;
 - (ii) *Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management Plan 2010*, section 190.
- (2) The criteria prescribed for a court suspending the licence are, for the licence holder’s—
- (a) first conviction—3 to 9 months suspension; or
 - (b) second conviction—9 months to 5 years suspension; or

628 Conducting charter fishing trips in offshore waters

- (1) A person may conduct a charter fishing trip in offshore waters only if the person holds a charter fishing licence.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), a person acting under a charter fishing licence, other than the licence holder, does not unlawfully conduct a charter fishing trip in offshore waters only because the person is not the holder of the licence.

629 Taking fish for trade or commerce

- (1) A person may take fish for trade or commerce only if—
 - (a) the person is acting under an authority that authorises the person to take the fish for trade or commerce; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i) is a commercial fisher; or
 - (ii) is an assistant fisher acting under the direction of a commercial fisher.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), a person, other than a person mentioned in subsection (1), who is acting under an authority authorising fish to be taken for trade or commerce, does not unlawfully take the fish only because the person is not a person mentioned in subsection (1).

630 Carrying fish taken for trade or commerce

- (1) A person may use a boat, or allow a boat to be used, to carry fish taken for trade or commerce, only if the person holds a carrier boat licence or another authority allowing the use of the boat for carrying fish taken for trade or commerce.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), a person is not required to hold a carrier boat licence or other authority mentioned in subsection (1), for using a boat, or allowing a boat to be used for carrying—
 - (a) dead fish, in Queensland waters north of latitude 17° 52' south (the *relevant tropical waters*), on—

- (i) a domestic commercial vessel with a certificate of operation issued, or taken to be issued, under the domestic commercial vessel national law stating it is a class 1, 2 or 4 vessel; or
- (ii) an other Queensland regulated ship registered under the *Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Regulation 2016*; or
- (b) dead fish, other than regulated coral reef fin fish, on a commercial fishing boat in the relevant tropical waters; or
- (c) tropical rocklobster on a commercial fishing boat identified in a licence with the fishery symbol 'R' written on it; or
- (d) live mud crabs on a commercial fishing boat in Gulf of Carpentaria waters or relevant tropical waters.

632 Selling Queensland fisheries resources before second point of sale

- (1) A person (a *seller*) may sell fisheries resources taken from Queensland waters only if the seller—
 - (a) holds an authority that authorises the sale; and
 - (b) gives the person buying the fisheries resources the number of the authority.
- (2) However, subsection (1) does not apply if—
 - (a) the sale is authorised under chapter 7 or a management plan; or
 - (b) the seller cultivated the fisheries resources in a way that was authorised under the Planning Act; or
 - (c) the seller sells the fisheries resources after the resources have been sold by another person under subsection (1); or
 - (d) the seller sells the fisheries resources after the resources have been bought from another person who cultivated

the fisheries resources in a way that was authorised under the Planning Act.

634 Releasing aquaculture fisheries resources

- (1) A person may release aquaculture fisheries resources into Queensland waters only if the person holds a general fisheries permit authorising the person to release the resources into the waters.
- (2) However, subsection (1) does not apply if—
 - (a) the person releases the fisheries resources under a management plan; or
 - (b) the person releases the fisheries resources for carrying out fisheries development relating to aquaculture and the development is carried out in a way that is authorised under the Planning Act; or
 - (c) the person releases the fisheries resources into private non-tidal waters and the fisheries resources belong to a population of a species that is indigenous to the area where they are released; or
 - (d) the fisheries resources are mentioned in schedule 10C, part 2, column 2 and the person releases them into private non-tidal waters in the river basin mentioned opposite the resources in schedule 10C, part 2, column 1.
- (3) In this section—

private non-tidal waters means non-tidal waters, other than waters of a waterway, on privately owned land.

635 Placement of fisheries resources cultivated other than for sale

- (1) This section applies to fisheries resources—
 - (a) cultivated other than for sale; and
 - (b) taken from an area, whether in or out of the State.

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- (2) A person may place the fisheries resources in an area in the State only if the person holds an authority authorising the placement of the resources in the area.

636 Carrying out particular development in declared fish habitat area

- (1) This section applies for carrying out, in a declared fish habitat area, development mentioned the *Planning Regulation 2017*, schedule 24, definition *non-referable building work*, paragraph (d).
- (2) A person may carry out the development in the declared fish habitat area only if the person holds a resource allocation authority authorising the person to interfere with the declared fish habitat area.

637 Collecting dead marine wood from unallocated State land

A person may remove, destroy or damage a marine plant if the marine plant is dead marine wood on unallocated State land and the removal, destruction or damage is for trade or commerce only if the person holds a resource allocation authority authorising the person to collect dead marine wood for trade or commerce from the land.

638 Non-indigenous fisheries resources

- (1) A person may do any of the following acts involving non-indigenous fisheries resources (each of which is a *prescribed act*) only if the person holds an authority authorising the act—
- (a) bring the fisheries resources or cause them to be brought into the State;
 - (b) buy, possess or rear the fisheries resources;
 - (c) release the fisheries resources, or cause them to be released, into Queensland waters;
 - (d) sell the fisheries resources.

- (2) However, subsection (1) does not apply if the act involving the fisheries resources is authorised under a management plan or the Planning Act.
- (3) Also, subsection (1)(a) to (c) does not apply if—
 - (a) the fisheries resources are fish mentioned in schedule 6, part 1; and
 - (b) the fish are—
 - (i) released into waters other than waters on unallocated State land; and
 - (ii) kept in a way preventing their escape into other waters.

640 Entering, or taking particular oysters from, particular areas

- (1) A person may enter a marked licensed area or take a blacklip oyster or milky oyster from a marked licensed area only if the person—
 - (a) holds a licence on which the area is stated; or
 - (b) is nominated by the holder of a licence mentioned in paragraph (a).
- (2) In this section—

marked licensed area means an area—

 - (a) stated on a licence with the fishery symbol ‘O’ written on it; and
 - (b) that the licence holder, or the holder’s nominee, has identified, by using markers and signs, as the area to which the licence relates.

640A Taking freshwater fish from prescribed stocked impoundment using fishing line

An adult may take a freshwater fish from a prescribed stocked impoundment using a fishing line only if the person holds a stocked impoundment permit.

Part 3 Miscellaneous offences

641 Obstructing persons fishing under an authority

- (1) A person must not obstruct a commercial fisher, an assistant fisher or someone else acting under an authority, who is using a net to take fish, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.

Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.

- (2) A person must not disturb fish to prevent a commercial fisher, assistant fisher or someone else acting under an authority from taking them.

Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.

642 Particulars to be legible, visible and in English

- (1) This section applies if a person is required under a management plan or this regulation, other than chapter 14, parts 1 to 5, to write or mark particulars in or on a document or other thing.

Examples—

- markings on floats attached to fishing apparatus
- markings on boats

- (2) The person must write or mark the particulars in or on the document or thing, legibly, visibly and in English.

Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.

- (3) Subsection (2) does not prevent a person writing or marking the particulars in another language in addition to English.

Part 4 Other matters

642A Prescribed fishing apparatus—Act, s 14

- (1) For section 14(3) of the Act, definition *prescribed fishing apparatus*, paragraph (b), a fish trap is a prescribed fishing apparatus.
- (2) In this section—
fish trap means a structure made predominantly from stone or organic material that creates a holding area designed to capture a small quantity of fish.

642B Prescribed waters—Act, s 14

For section 14(3) of the Act, definition *prescribed waters*, paragraph (b), the following regulated waters are prescribed—

- Coombabah Lake and Coombabah Creek
- Swan Bay
- Wolf Rock (grey nurse shark protection area)
- Tinana Creek Barrage
- Mary River Barrage
- Burnett River Barrage
- Kolan River Barrage
- Keppel Bay (fishing)
- Fitzroy River Barrage
- Hook Island (fishing)
- Yanks Jetty at Orpheus Island
- Centenary Lakes, Cairns
- Barron River (fishing)
- Bizant River, Princess Charlotte Bay.

Chapter 14 Reporting

Part 1 Preliminary

643 Simplified outline of ch 14

In outline, this chapter provides for requirements about obtaining, keeping and giving information and documents as follows—

- (a) parts 2 to 5 provide for particular information requirements for section 118 of the Act and additional requirements for keeping and giving particular documents and information;
- (b) part 6 provides for keeping and using the AIVR system;
- (c) part 7 provides for particular requirements for installing, maintaining and using VMS equipment;
- (d) part 8 provides for making guidelines for giving information or notices.

Part 2 Requirements for persons acting under particular authorities

Division 1 Definitions

644 Definitions for pt 2

In this part—

authorised boat means—

- (a) for a holder of a commercial fishing boat licence—the primary boat identified in the licence; or
- (b) for a holder of another relevant authority—

- (i) a boat identified in the authority; or
- (ii) if a type of boat is identified in the authority—a boat of the type.

relevant authority means—

- (a) a commercial fishing boat licence or another authority that allows the holder of the authority to take or possess fish for trade or commerce; or
- (b) a charter fishing licence.

Division 2 Person other than relevant authority holder using authorised boat under relevant authority

645 Application of div 2

This division applies if—

- (a) the chief executive has, by written notice, required the holder of a relevant authority to keep and give to the chief executive, in the approved form, information about the daily use of an authorised boat for the holder; and
- (b) the authority holder is not the person in control of the boat on a day or a number of days (the *relevant period*) for which the boat is being used; and
- (c) another person is in control of the boat during the relevant period.

646 Information requirement for authority holder

The holder of the relevant authority must, before the relevant period starts, give the approved form to the person who is to be in control of the authorised boat by—

- (a) giving the form personally to the person; or
- (b) ensuring the form is left on the boat for the person and telling the person where the form has been left.

647 Information requirements for person in control of authorised boat

The person in control of the authorised boat during the relevant period must—

- (a) keep the approved form for the relevant period; and
- (b) at the end of the relevant period, give the approved form to the authority holder by—
 - (i) giving the form personally to the holder; or
 - (ii) ensuring the form is left on the boat for the authority holder and telling the authority holder where the form has been left.

648 Additional requirements for person in control of authorised boat

- (1) The person in control of the authorised boat must also ensure the approved form is kept on the boat and is available for immediate inspection during the relevant period.
- (2) However, subsection (1) does not apply if—
 - (a) the authorised boat is used in a commercial fishery to which a quota does not apply; and
 - (b) the relevant period 24 hours or less.

Division 3 Person other than relevant authority holder fishing under authority

649 Application of div 3

This division applies if—

- (a) the chief executive has, by written notice, required the holder of a relevant authority to keep and give the chief executive, in the approved form, information about the daily fishing activities under the authority; and

- (b) the authority holder is not fishing under the authority on a day or a number of days (the *relevant period*); and
- (c) another person (the *relevant person*) is fishing under the authority during the relevant period.

650 Information requirement for relevant authority holder

The holder of the relevant authority must give the approved form to the relevant person before the relevant period starts.

651 Information requirements for relevant person

The relevant person must—

- (a) keep the approved form for the relevant period; and
- (b) give the form to the authority holder as soon as practicable after the end of the relevant period.

652 Additional requirements for relevant person

The relevant person must also ensure the approved form is—

- (a) kept at the place where the person is fishing under the relevant authority; and
- (b) available for immediate inspection during the relevant period.

Part 3 Wholesale selling

Division 1 Preliminary

653 Application of pt 3

This part applies if—

- (a) fisheries resources are sold by a person (the *seller*) to another person (the *buyer*); and

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- (b) the buyer—
 - (i) is a person engaged in the business of selling fisheries resources by wholesale or retail; and
 - (ii) intends to resell any of the fisheries resources for trade or commerce.

654 Meaning of *relevant quantity particulars*

- (1) The *relevant quantity particulars* are—
 - (a) for abalone—the weight of the abalone; or
 - (b) for regulated coral reef fin fish that are dead, the weight of the fish in any of the following forms—
 - (i) whole;
 - (ii) gilled and gutted;
 - (iii) filleted;
 - (iv) another form; or
 - (c) for regulated coral reef fin fish that are alive, the number of the fish; or
 - (d) for spanish mackerel, the weight of the spanish mackerel in any of the following forms—
 - (i) whole;
 - (ii) gilled and gutted;
 - (iii) filleted;
 - (iv) trunked;
 - (v) another form; or
 - (e) for fish of another species—the estimated quantity, by weight or number, of the fish.
- (2) For subsection (1)(b) or (c), the weight or number of regulated coral reef fin fish, other than coral trout or redthroat emperor, must be recorded—
 - (a) as a total weight or number for all species of the fish; or

- (b) as a weight or number for—
 - (i) each individual species of the fish; or
 - (ii) the fish in each group of species of fish mentioned in a part under schedule 5; or
 - (iii) a combination of individual species and groups of species of the fish under subparagraphs (i) and (ii).

Division 2 General requirements

655 **Information requirements for wholesale sale of fisheries resources**

- (1) The seller must give to the buyer, and the buyer must obtain from the seller, a docket for the sale (a *sale docket*) signed by the seller that contains each of the following particulars—
 - (a) the name of the buyer;
 - (b) the buyer's accreditation number under the seafood food safety scheme or, if the buyer is not accredited under the scheme, the address of the buyer;
 - (c) the name of the seller;
 - (d) if the seller is acting under an authority—the number of the authority;
 - (e) if the seller cultivated the fisheries resources, or is acting for a person who cultivated the fisheries resources, under a development approval—the number of the approval;
 - (f) if paragraphs (d) and (e) do not apply—the address of the seller;
 - (g) if the seller is an entity that is incorporated under the *Associations Incorporation Act 1981* and engages in stocking fish—the number of the entity's certificate of incorporation;
 - (h) the date of the sale to which the docket relates;

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- (i) the relevant quantity particulars for each species of fish sold;
 - (j) the estimated total quantity, by weight or number, of all fish sold;
 - (k) the form in which the fish are sold.

Examples for paragraph (k)—

live, whole, or in fillets

- (2) The seller and buyer comply with subsection (1) if—
 - (a) the buyer prepares a sale docket; and
 - (b) the seller—
 - (i) checks the sale docket; and
 - (ii) if the seller is satisfied the sale docket is accurate and contains all of the particulars mentioned in subsection (1)—signs the sale docket.
- (3) In this section—

seafood food safety scheme means the seafood scheme under the *Food Production (Safety) Act 2000*.

656 Additional requirements for wholesale seller of fisheries resources

- (1) The seller must keep a copy of the sale docket for the sale of the fish for 5 years after the day the seller stops possessing the fish.
- (2) If the seller consigns fish to the buyer, the seller must ensure the consignment is accompanied by a copy of the sale docket for the sale of the fish.

657 Additional requirements for wholesale buyer of fisheries resources

- (1) The buyer must keep the sale docket for the sale of the fish available for immediate inspection while the buyer possesses

the fisheries resources, or part of the fisheries resources, to which the docket relates.

- (2) The buyer must keep a copy of the sale docket for the sale of the fish for 5 years after the day the buyer stops possessing the fish.

Part 4 Abalone

658 Information requirements for processing abalone

- (1) This section applies to a person carrying on the business of processing abalone.
- (2) The person must keep a record in the approved form containing the following particulars for the abalone the person processes—
 - (a) the person’s full name and usual address;
 - (b) if the person is not the owner of the abalone—the full name and usual address of the owner;
 - (c) the species of abalone processed;
 - (d) the date of processing;
 - (e) the weight of each species of abalone before processing;
 - (f) the weight of each species of abalone after processing;
 - (g) the way the abalone are processed.
- (3) The person must keep the record for 5 years after the day the abalone are processed.
- (4) In this section—

processing, abalone, includes doing any of the following to the abalone—

 - (a) shelling;
 - (b) filleting;
 - (c) cooking;

- (d) preserving;
- (e) packing.

Part 5 Other particular fish

Division 1 Preliminary

659 Application of pt 5

This part applies to the following fish (*relevant fish*)—

- (a) spanish mackerel;
- (b) regulated coral reef fin fish.

Division 2 Importation

660 Information requirements—relevant fish bought outside the State

- (1) This section applies if a person buys relevant fish outside the State and brings the fish into the State for trade or commerce.
- (2) The person must keep, in the approved form, a record of the particulars for the fish required for a sale docket under section 655.
- (3) The person must keep the record from the day the person brings the fish into the State until 5 years after the day the person stops possessing the fish.

661 Information requirement—relevant fish taken outside relevant fishery area

- (1) This section applies if a person—

- (a) takes, for trade or commerce, relevant fish from Queensland waters other than waters within a relevant fishery area; and
 - (b) unloads the fish in the State.
- (2) The person must keep, in the approved form, a record of the following information—
 - (a) the date the person took the fish;
 - (b) the number of the fish taken by the person.
- (3) The person must keep the record from immediately before the person unloads the fish in the State until 5 years after the day the person stops possessing the fish.
- (4) For subsection (1), a person conducting a charter fishing trip does not take relevant fish for trade or commerce only because the person takes the fish during the charter fishing trip.
- (5) In this section—

relevant fishery area means a fishery area mentioned in section 395, 403, 427 or 549.

Division 3 Commercial carriage and storage

662 Information requirements for commercial carriage of relevant fish

- (1) This section applies if a person in control of a boat or vehicle (a *commercial carrier*) is transporting, on the boat or in the vehicle, relevant fish for another person (the *consignor*) for trade or commerce.
- (2) However, this section does not apply if a sale docket accompanies the consignment of the relevant fish under section 656(2).
- (3) The commercial carrier must keep a record of the following information in the approved form—
 - (a) the name of the consignor;

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- (b) the address of the place where the commercial carrier collected the fish;
 - (c) the address of the place where the commercial carrier is to deliver the fish.
- (4) The commercial carrier must ensure that, while the fish are on board the boat or in the vehicle, the record is—
- (a) kept on board the boat or in the vehicle; and
 - (b) available for immediate inspection.

663 Records to be kept about commercial storage of relevant fish

- (1) This section applies if a person (the *warehouse keeper*) stores relevant fish at a place for another person (the *consignor*) for trade or commerce.
- (2) The warehouse keeper must—
 - (a) keep a written record stating the name of the consignor; and
 - (b) ensure that while the fish is stored at the place, the record is—
 - (i) kept at the place; and
 - (ii) available for inspection.

Part 6 Automated interactive voice response system

Division 1 Preliminary

668 Purpose of pt 6

This part—

- (a) provides for the chief executive to establish and operate an automated interactive voice response system; and
- (b) states the requirements and procedures applying to the operation and use of the system.

Division 2 The AIVR system

669 Chief executive must establish and operate AIVR system

The chief executive must establish and operate an automated interactive voice response system (the *AIVR system*) for the following transactions—

- (a) a person giving information required to be given, under the Act, to the chief executive by using the AIVR system;
- (b) a person obtaining information required or authorised to be obtained, under the Act, from the chief executive by using the AIVR system;
- (c) a person changing a fisher PIN.

670 Requirements for AIVR system

- (1) The AIVR system must provide for—
 - (a) keeping a record of each transaction carried out by a person using the system; and
 - (b) giving a person using the system to carry out a transaction a number (a *transaction number*) to identify the transaction.
- (2) For subsection (1)(a), a record of a transaction carried out by a person must include—
 - (a) any information entered into the system by the person; and
 - (b) any information given by the system to the person.

671 Record kept by AIVR system is evidence of particular information

A record of a transaction kept by the AIVR system is evidence of the information that was entered into, or given by, the system for the transaction.

672 Transaction number given by AIVR system is evidence of transaction

A transaction number given by the AIVR system for a transaction is evidence of the transaction.

Division 3 Using the AIVR system

673 Requirement to keep record of transaction number

A person using the AIVR system to carry out a transaction must keep a record of the transaction number for the transaction for 6 months after the transaction.

674 Procedure if AIVR system not working properly

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) a person (the *user*) is required or permitted under the Act to change a fisher PIN, or give or obtain other information, by using the AIVR system; and
 - (b) the system is not working properly or at all.
- (2) The chief executive must ensure the system transfers the user's telephone call to either of the following (each a *nominated person*)—
 - (a) an officer or employee of the department;
 - (b) a telecommunications service provider for the chief executive appointed by gazette notice.
- (3) If the user is transferred to a nominated person—

- (a) the nominated person must give the user a transaction number for the transaction; and
- (b) the chief executive must, within 14 days after the transaction, give the user a written notice stating the following—
 - (i) any information given by the user to the nominated person;
 - (ii) any information given by the nominated person to the user.
- (4) A transaction number given under subsection (3)(a) is taken to have been given by the AIVR system.
- (5) A written notice given under subsection (3)(b) including information mentioned in subsection (3)(b)(i) or (ii) is evidence of that information.
- (6) If the user is transferred to a nominated person and gives information to, or obtains information from, the nominated person, the user is taken to have complied with the requirement under the Act to give or obtain the information by using the AIVR system.

Part 7 VMS equipment requirements

Division 1 Preliminary

675 Purpose and application of pt 7

- (1) This part provides for the requirements for installation, maintenance and use of VMS equipment (the *VMS equipment requirements*).
- (2) This part applies if VMS equipment is required under this regulation or a management plan to be installed, maintained or used on a boat (the *relevant boat*) identified in a licence in compliance with the VMS equipment requirements.

- (3) To remove any doubt, it is declared that the VMS equipment requirements do not apply to a person who must, under a condition of a licence, install and maintain VMS equipment in compliance with the vessel tracking standard.

676 Definitions for pt 7

In this part—

licence holder, in relation to a relevant boat, means the person who holds a licence in which the boat is identified.

prescribed way, for giving a notice to the chief executive, means giving the notice in any of the following ways—

- (a) telephoning a telecommunications service provider for the chief executive appointed by gazette notice; or
- (b) using an internet system established by the chief executive for the purpose; or
- (c) using VMS equipment in a way that ensures—
 - (i) the notice is given to, and received by, the chief executive instantaneously; and
 - (ii) the chief executive can readily access the information in the notice.

Division 2 Requirements about installation, maintenance and use

677 Installation of VMS equipment

A licence holder must ensure, for installing VMS equipment on the relevant boat, that—

- (a) the VMS equipment has been approved by the chief executive; and
- (b) the person installing the VMS equipment is approved by the chief executive; and

- (c) the VMS equipment is installed on the relevant boat in accordance with the document called ‘VMS Installation and Maintenance Standards’, published on the department’s website.

Note—

The document is also available for inspection during office hours on business days at the department’s head office.

678 Nominating an alternative way of communication

- (1) The licence holder must, no later than after the VMS equipment is installed on the relevant boat, give a written notice (a *boat communication notice*) to the chief executive.
- (2) The boat communication notice must state an alternative way (an *alternative way of communication*) in which the chief executive or an inspector may communicate with the person in control of the boat whenever that person is on the boat.
- (3) The alternative way of communication—
 - (a) must not involve the use of VMS equipment; and
 - (b) must allow a communication to be received on the boat instantaneously after it is sent by the chief executive or inspector.

Examples of alternative ways of communication—

a facsimile, mobile phone, radiophone or satellite phone

- (4) More than 1 alternative way of communication may be stated in a boat communication notice.
- (5) The licence holder may change an alternative way of communication stated in a boat communication notice by giving the chief executive a written notice stating another way (a *changed way*) of communication.
- (6) However, if the licence holder gives a notice under subsection (5), the changed way of communication must not be used until the chief executive has advised the holder that the chief executive has received the notice.

679 Using and maintaining VMS equipment

- (1) This section applies to each of the following—
 - (a) the licence holder;
 - (b) a person in control of the relevant boat.
- (2) The licence holder or the person in control must ensure the VMS equipment installed on the boat is used in a way that allows the boat to be detected by VMS at all times and wherever the boat is located.
- (3) For subsection (2), a boat is *detected by VMS* at a place if a signal has come from the VMS equipment on the boat at the place.
- (4) The licence holder or the person in control must also ensure the VMS equipment installed on the boat is maintained in a condition that allows it to perform the functions of VMS equipment.

680 Modifying or replacing VMS equipment

- (1) The chief executive may, by written notice, require the licence holder to modify or replace the VMS equipment installed on the relevant boat.
- (2) The notice must—
 - (a) identify the licence holder, the licence and the boat; and
 - (b) state the required modification or replacement; and
 - (c) state a reasonable period of at least 3 months for the licence holder to comply with the notice; and
 - (d) be accompanied by, or include, an information notice about the decision to make the requirement.
- (3) The licence holder must, within the stated period, make the required modification or replacement.

Division 3 Requirements if VMS equipment malfunctions

681 Application of div 3

This division applies if the VMS equipment installed on the relevant boat malfunctions.

682 Requirement to give notice of malfunction

- (1) The person in control of the relevant boat must, immediately after the person becomes aware of the malfunction, give the chief executive a notice about the malfunction, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.
- (2) The notice must be given to the chief executive in a prescribed way.
- (3) A person is taken to be aware of the malfunction if the person receives a notice from the chief executive or an inspector that the equipment is malfunctioning.
- (4) A notice under subsection (3) may be given—
 - (a) orally in person; or
 - (b) by an alternative way of communication stated in the boat communication notice given by the licence holder for the relevant boat.

683 Manual reporting requirement

- (1) The person in control of the boat must give a notice about the boat's position and operation to the chief executive by telephone, facsimile, email or another form of instantaneous electronic communication at intervals that, in all the circumstances, reasonably substitutes for the use of VMS equipment.
- (2) The requirement under subsection (1) continues to apply until the requirements for the boat under section 679 are complied with.

683A Further obligations for VMS malfunction

- (1) This section does not apply to a boat that is being used under a licence for the east coast trawl fishery.
- (2) The person in control of the relevant boat must cause the boat to travel to a defined port area within—
 - (a) 5 days; or
 - (b) if the chief executive allows a longer period—the longer period.
- (3) The chief executive may tell the person the longer period—
 - (a) orally in person; or
 - (b) by an alternative way of communication stated in the boat communication notice given by the licence holder for the relevant boat.
- (4) If the VMS equipment stops malfunctioning, the requirement under subsection (2)—
 - (a) stops applying; but
 - (b) resumes if the chief executive or an inspector gives the person in control of the relevant boat a notice that the requirements must be complied with.
- (5) The notice may be given—
 - (a) orally in person; or
 - (b) by an alternative way of communication stated in the boat communication notice given by the licence holder for the relevant boat.
- (6) When the relevant boat reaches the defined port area, the person in control of the boat must ensure the boat does not return to sea unless a person approved by the chief executive under section 677(b) gives the chief executive or an inspector notice that the VMS equipment installed on the boat is in a condition that allows it to perform the functions of VMS equipment.

Division 4 Limited exemption from maintenance and use requirements

Subdivision 1 VMS exemption notice

684 Application of sdiv 1

This subdivision applies if a relevant boat will not be used for fishing in a period for any of the following reasons (each a *prescribed reason*)—

- (a) the VMS equipment on the boat will be disconnected from its power source because of maintenance;
- (b) the VMS equipment on the boat will be disconnected from its power source and the boat will not be moving;
- (c) the boat will be in dry dock or on a slip during the period;
- (d) the boat will be in waters outside Queensland waters;
- (e) if the boat is identified in a licence allowing its use under the East Coast Trawl Plan—there will be no trawl nets on the boat;
- (f) if the boat is not identified in a licence allowing its use under the East Coast Trawl Plan—the boat will be incapable of being used for fishing, other than because of a matter mentioned in paragraphs (a), (c) and (d).

685 VMS Exemption notice

- (1) The licence holder or the person in control of the boat may give the chief executive a notice (a *VMS exemption notice*) stating—
 - (a) the period (the *VMS exemption period*) for which the boat will not be used for fishing; and
 - (b) the prescribed reason for which the boat will not be used during the period; and

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- (c) if the notice is given for the reason mentioned in section 684(a)—the maintenance required.
 - (2) The VMS exemption notice must be given—
 - (a) in a prescribed way; and
 - (b) before the VMS exemption period under the notice starts.
 - (3) If a VMS exemption notice is given for the reason mentioned in section 684(a), the VMS exemption period under the notice must not be more than 6 hours, regardless of the period stated in the notice.
 - (3A) If a VMS exemption notice is given for the reason mentioned in section 684(b), the notice must state the location of the boat during the exemption period and the VMS exemption period under the licence must not be more than 4 weeks, regardless of the period stated in the notice.
 - (4) If a VMS exemption notice is given under this section, section 679 does not apply during the VMS exemption period but only if the relevant boat is not used for fishing for the prescribed reason stated in the notice at any time during the period.

686 Withdrawal notice

- (1) If a licence holder or person in control of a relevant boat has given a VMS exemption notice, the licence holder or the person may, during the VMS exemption period, give a notice (a *withdrawal notice*) to the chief executive to withdraw the exemption notice.
- (2) A withdrawal notice must be given in a prescribed way.
- (3) If a withdrawal notice is given under this section, the licence holder or person in control of the relevant boat—
 - (a) may use the boat for fishing; and
 - (b) must comply with section 679.

Subdivision 2 Application for limited VMS exemption

686A Application of sdiv 2

This subdivision applies if a relevant boat is—

- (a) identified in a licence, with the fishery symbol ‘M1’, ‘T1’ or ‘T2’ written on it, allowing its use under the East Coast Trawl Plan; and
- (b) incapable of trawling.

686B Making VMS exemption application

- (1) The licence holder may apply to the chief executive to exempt the licence holder from the requirements relating to VMS equipment under section 679 and division 3 (a *VMS exemption application*).
- (2) The VMS exemption application—

- (a) must state the reason why the relevant boat is incapable of trawling; and

Examples of reasons why a relevant boat is incapable of trawling—

there are no otter boards, trawl nets or winches used for trawling on the boat

- (b) may be made orally or in writing.

Examples of ways in which a VMS exemption application may be made—

by telephone, fax, email

686C Deciding application

- (1) The chief executive must consider each VMS exemption application within a reasonable period after receiving the application and decide to grant, or refuse to grant, the application.

- (2) The chief executive may grant the VMS exemption application only if satisfied that the relevant boat is incapable of trawling.
- (3) If the chief executive approves the VMS exemption application, the chief executive must write the exemption on the licence.

686D Information notice about refusal of VMS exemption application

If the chief executive decides to refuse the VMS exemption application, the chief executive must give the licence holder an information notice about the decision.

686E Effect of approval of VMS exemption application

- (1) If the chief executive approves a VMS exemption application, a requirement relating to VMS equipment that, under section 679 or division 3, would otherwise apply to the relevant boat, does not apply for the period—
 - (a) starting on the day the exemption is written on the licence; and
 - (b) ending on the earlier of the following days—
 - (i) the day the chief executive revokes the exemption under subsection (2);
 - (ii) the day the relevant boat is no longer incapable of trawling;
 - (iii) the day the licence holder requests that the exemption be removed from the licence;
 - (iv) the day the relevant boat for the licence changes.
- (2) The chief executive may revoke an exemption if the chief executive knows or reasonably suspects the relevant boat is no longer incapable of trawling.

Part 8 **Guidelines for giving information or notices**

687 Chief executive may make guidelines

The chief executive may make guidelines about giving information or a notice to the chief executive that is authorised or required under this regulation or a management plan.

688 Effect of guidelines

- (1) If the chief executive makes guidelines about giving information or a notice authorised or required under this regulation or a management plan, a person may give the information or notice as authorised or required under the regulation or management plan by complying with the guidelines.
- (2) However, subsection (1) does not limit the person giving the information or notice by complying with another provision of this regulation or the management plan.

689 Notification

- (1) As soon as practicable after making guidelines under section 687, the chief executive must notify the guidelines in the gazette.
- (2) The Minister must, within 14 sitting days after the gazettal, table the guidelines in the Legislative Assembly as if they were subordinate legislation.
- (3) The *Statutory Instruments Act 1992*, part 6, must be complied with in relation to the guidelines as if the guidelines were subordinate legislation.

690 Inspection

The chief executive must ensure a copy of guidelines made and notified under this part is available for inspection, free of

charge, by members of the public at the department's head office during office hours on business days.

691 Admissibility of guidelines in proceedings

- (1) Guidelines made and notified under this part are admissible in a proceeding relating to contravention of a requirement under the Act to give information to, or obtain information from, the chief executive.
- (2) However, the guidelines are not admissible in evidence against a person unless the guidelines were gazetted and tabled in the Legislative Assembly before the act or omission that is alleged to form the contravention.

Chapter 15 Other matters relating to fisheries management

Part 1 Enforcement

Division 1 Inspectors

692 Persons who may be appointed inspectors

For section 140(1)(d) of the Act, the following persons may be appointed inspectors under the Act—

- (a) an employee of a local government;
- (b) a person with relevant knowledge of fisheries resources or fish habitat in a particular area;

Example for paragraph (b)—

a member of an entity engaged in stocking fish

- (c) a person appointed to enforce fisheries legislation, other than the Act.

Division 2 Matters prescribed for seizure of fisheries resources

693 Declared fisheries resources for seizure in a heap—Act, s 154

Fish of a species of regulated fish are declared to be fisheries resources to which section 154 of the Act applies.

694 Threshold percentage for declared fisheries resources—Act, s 154

The threshold percentage prescribed for declared fisheries resources under section 154 of the Act is—

- (a) generally—5%; or
- (b) if schedule 2 prescribes a threshold percentage for a particular species of fish—that threshold percentage.

695 Forfeiture offences—Act, s 154

The offences under sections 77 and 78 of the Act are declared to be forfeiture offences to which section 154 of the Act applies.

Division 3 Evidentiary matters

696 Prescribed matters and equipment for certificates—Act, s 184

- (1) For section 184(4)(g) of the Act, the following matters are prescribed—

-
- (a) stated information, or a stated summary of information, from a document given to the chief executive under chapter 14, parts 2 to 5;
 - (b) stated information, or a stated summary of information from a document given to the former Authority.
- (2) For section 184(5) of the Act, the following equipment is prescribed as equipment for retrieving data sent from the VMS equipment for a stated boat—
- (a) equipment that locates a signal coming from the VMS equipment for the stated boat;
 - (b) equipment that records and stores data received from the VMS equipment in a computer (a *retrieval computer*), including the retrieval computer;
 - (c) equipment that enables the data from the VMS equipment stored in the retrieval computer to be retrieved from the computer for subsequent reference;
 - (d) other equipment that is used in connection with equipment mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (c) or otherwise as part of a system for monitoring the position and operation of the stated boat.

Part 2 **Chief executive’s functions and powers**

Division 1 **Agreements or arrangements about fisheries resources**

697 **Prescribed entity for entering into agreements or arrangements—Act, s 20A**

The Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority established under the *Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Act 1975* (Cwlth), section 6, is prescribed for section 20A(1)(g) of the Act.

Division 2 Delegation of functions of chief executive

698 Delegation of functions or powers to a prescribed entity

- (1) This section applies if a function or power is delegated under section 21(1)(a) of the Act to a prescribed entity mentioned in this division.
- (2) The delegate must have the qualifications, experience or standing appropriate to perform the function or exercise the power.
- (3) If the delegation permits subdelegation of the function or power and the delegate subdelegates the function or power, the subdelegate must have the qualifications, experience or standing appropriate to exercise the function or power.

699 Prescribed entity for delegating power under s 20A(1)(h) of the Act—Act, s 21

- (1) For section 21(1)(a) of the Act, the chief executive may delegate the chief executive's power under section 20A(1)(h) of the Act to the QRAA established under the *Rural and Regional Adjustment Act 1994*.

Note—

Section 20A(1)(h) of the Act provides for a power to formulate and operate arrangements (including funding) for adjusting the use of fisheries resources, including, for example, by adjusting the number of authorities for a fishery.

- (2) QRAA may subdelegate the power to an employee, member or officer of QRAA.

700 Prescribed entities for delegating power to issue stocked impoundment permits—Act, s 21

- (1) Subsection (2) prescribes, for section 21(1)(a) of the Act, entities to whom the chief executive may delegate the chief executive's power, under section 204(1)(c), to issue a permit

to take freshwater fish from a stocked impoundment by using a fishing line.

- (2) Each of the following are prescribed entities—
- (a) a government entity under the *Public Service Act 2008*;
 - (b) Australia Post;
 - (c) an entity that operates an Australia Post retail service under an agreement or arrangement with Australia Post.

Examples of an agreement or arrangement for paragraph (c)—

- a licence
 - a franchise agreement
 - an arrangement for an entity to supply services that are ancillary to its other services
- (3) A prescribed entity to whom the power mentioned in subsection (1) is delegated may subdelegate the power to an employee, member or officer of the entity.

Part 3 Accepted development requirements

701 Purpose of pt 3

This part states, under section 23 of the Act, the documents that state the accepted development requirements for fisheries development that is accepted development.

Note—

See the *Planning Regulation 2017*, schedule 7, part 3 for how works done in accordance with the accepted development requirements affect the classification of the works.

702 Requirements for material change of use of premises for aquaculture

The document called ‘Accepted development requirements for material change of use that is aquaculture’, prepared and held by the chief executive, states the accepted development

requirements for a material change of use of premises for aquaculture.

703 Requirements for operational work for waterway barrier works

The document called ‘Accepted development requirements for operational work that is constructing or raising waterway barrier works’, prepared and held by the chief executive, states the accepted development requirements for operational work for constructing or raising waterway barrier works.

704 Accepted development requirements for operational work within a declared fish habitat area

The document called ‘Accepted development requirements for operational work that is completely or partly within a declared fish habitat area’, prepared and held by the chief executive, states the accepted development requirements for operational work within a declared fish habitat area.

705 Accepted development requirements for operational work impacting on marine plants

The document called ‘Accepted development requirements for operational work that is the removal, destruction or damage of marine plants’, prepared and held by the chief executive, states the accepted development requirements for the removal, destruction or damage of marine plants.

706 Accepted development requirements available for inspection

- (1) A document mentioned in this part is—
 - (a) available for inspection by the public during office hours on business days at the department’s head office; and
 - (b) published on the department’s website.

- (2) Also, a person may obtain a copy of the document, free of charge, from the department's head office.

Note—

At the commencement, the department's head office was at 41 George Street, Brisbane.

Part 4 Fees and allowances

Division 1 Fees for resource allocation authority and fish movement exemption notice

708 Assessment fees for resource allocation authority or fish movement exemption notice

- (1) Schedule 8, parts 1 and 2 states the fees payable for a resource allocation authority and a fish movement exemption notice.
- (2) For schedule 8, parts 1 and 2, an application for a fish movement exemption notice or resource allocation authority requires a level 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 assessment if the chief executive considers the application will reasonably require the relevant level of assessment having regard to each of the following—
- (a) the number of hours, and number of persons, that will be involved in assessing the application;
 - (b) the complexity of assessing the development or activity the subject of the application against the Act;
 - (c) the number of site inspections that will be required for assessing the application;
 - (d) whether an environmental impact statement has been, or is required under an Act to be, prepared for the development or activity the subject of the application.

Division 2 Other fees

711 Other fees payable under the Act

- (1) The fees payable under the Act, other than the fees payable under division 1 are stated in schedule 9.
- (2) Each of the fees stated in schedule 9, tables 1 to 3—
 - (a) is the annual fee for—
 - (i) an authority or quota authority stated in the table for the financial year in which the authority or quota authority is held; or
 - (ii) a fishery symbol stated in the table for the financial year in which the fishery symbol is written on a licence; and
 - (b) is payable in arrears at the end of each half of the financial year.
- (3) If schedule 9, tables 1 to 3 state a fee for an authority, the fee is payable by the holder of the authority.
- (4) If schedule 9, table 1 or 2 states a fee for a fishery symbol—
 - (a) the fee is for each fishery symbol of that type written on a licence; and
 - (b) the amount of the fee is—
 - (i) if the schedule states a unit or an area for the fishery symbol—the amount stated for each of the units or areas; or
 - (ii) otherwise—the amount stated for the symbol; and
 - (c) the fee is payable by the holder of the licence; and
 - (d) the fee is payable in addition to any registration fee for the licence stated in the table.
- (5) If schedule 9, table 1 or 2 states a fee for a quota authority, the fee is for each unit of the quota authority held by the holder of the authority.

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- (6) If a fee stated in schedule 9, table 1 to 3 is not paid as required under subsection (4), the amount of the fee becomes a debt payable to the State.
- (7) If, under schedule 9, a fee for a matter is stated to be at reasonable cost, but no more than actual cost—
- (a) the chief executive must decide the amount the chief executive considers is the likely reasonable cost for the matter; and
 - (b) if the actual cost of deciding the matter or doing the thing to which the fee relates is less than the fee paid, the chief executive must refund to the person who pays the fee the difference between the fee paid and the actual cost.
- (8) In this section—
- holder*, of a licence or other authority, does not include a person who holds the licence or other authority because of a temporary transfer.

712 Chief executive may waive or refund a fee

- (1) This section applies for waiving or refunding fees stated in schedule 8, part 1 or schedule 9.
- (2) The chief executive may—
- (a) waive the payment of a fee for a person; or
 - (b) refund the whole, or a part of, a fee paid by a person.

Examples—

- 1 The chief executive may refund part of a fee for assessing an application for an authority if the application is withdrawn before the chief executive decides the application.
- 2 The chief executive may refund part of a fee for an authority if the authority is surrendered before its expiry.

Chapter 16 Repeal and transitional provisions

Part 1 Repeal provision

714 Repeal

The Fisheries Regulation 1995, SL No. 325 is repealed.

Part 2 Transitional provisions

Division 1 Transitional provisions for original regulation

Subdivision 1 Definitions

715 Definitions for div 1

In this division—

commencement means 1 April 2008.

former schedule 5B means the repealed regulation, schedule 5B, as in force immediately before the schedule expired.

repealed regulation means the repealed *Fisheries Regulation 1995*.

Subdivision 2 General transitional provisions

716 References to repealed regulation

In a document, a reference to a particular provision (the *old provision*) of the repealed regulation is, if the context permits, taken to be a reference to any provision of this regulation that corresponds, or substantially corresponds, to the old provision.

717 References to former scientific names for species of fish

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) the scientific name for a species of fish stated in schedule 5 (the *current scientific name*) is different from the scientific name for the species of fish under schedule 16A of the repealed regulation (the *former scientific name*); or
 - (b) the scientific name for a species of fish stated in schedule 6 (also the *current scientific name*) is different from the scientific name for the species of fish under schedule 16 of the repealed regulation (also the *former scientific name*).
- (2) A reference in a document to the former scientific name for the species of fish may, if the context permits, be taken to be a reference to the current scientific name for the species of fish.
- (3) In this section—

species includes another taxonomic grouping.

Subdivision 3 Authorities

718 Authorities continue

- (1) This section applies to an authority prescribed under the repealed regulation and in force immediately before the commencement.

- (2) The authority is taken to be an authority of the same type under this regulation.

719 Nominees under particular authorities continue

- (1) This section applies if a person—
- (a) was nominated under a provision of schedule 15 of the repealed regulation as a nominee for acting under an authority in a commercial fishery mentioned in that schedule; and
 - (b) the person was a nominee for acting under the authority in the fishery immediately before the commencement.
- (2) On the commencement, the person is taken to have been nominated for acting under the authority in the commercial fishery under the relevant fishery provision relating to the authority.

720 Licences for boats longer than permitted length

- (1) Despite section 254, the chief executive may issue a licence with a fishery symbol on it allowing the use in a commercial fishery of a boat that is longer than the length permitted under a fishery provision about the fishery if—
- (a) the boat is a replacement for a boat identified in another licence; and
 - (b) the other licence—
 - (i) was in force immediately before 1 December 1995; and
 - (ii) has the fishery symbol on it.

Editor's note—

section 254 (Restriction on writing fishery symbols on licences allowing the use of boats of particular lengths in commercial fisheries)

- (2) This section stops applying on 1 July 2010.

Subdivision 4 Particular fees

721 Fees payable for fishery symbols and authorities for 2007–2008 financial year

- (1) This section applies to the fees stated in the repealed regulation, schedule 10, table 1, under the column headed ‘2007–2008 financial year’.
- (2) Despite the repeal of the repealed regulation, the following provisions of that regulation continue to apply for the payment of the fees as if the repealed regulation had not been repealed—
 - (a) section 112;
 - (b) schedule 10, table 1, column headed ‘2007–2008 financial year’.

Subdivision 5 SM units

722 Saving of operation of pt 13, div 3 of repealed regulation

The repealed regulation, part 13, division 3—

- (a) is a law to which the *Acts Interpretation Act 1954*, section 20A applies; and
- (b) continues to apply to the things mentioned in it as if it had not been repealed.

Editor’s note—

part 13 (Transitional and savings provisions), division 3 (Savings provisions for former schedule 5B) of the repealed regulation

723 SM units continue

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) before the commencement, an SM unit was issued under former schedule 5B, part 3 or the part as applied under part 13, division 3, of the repealed regulation; and

[s 724]

- (b) the SM unit was in force immediately before the commencement.
- (2) This section also applies if, on or after the commencement, an SM unit is issued under former schedule 5B, part 3, as applied under part 13, division 3, of the repealed regulation.
- (3) The SM unit is continued as an SM unit under this regulation.

724 SM unit certificates continue

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) before the commencement, an SM unit certificate was—
 - (i) issued under former schedule 5B, section 49(8), or the provision as applied under section 124(2) of the repealed regulation; or
 - (ii) issued under section 25I of the repealed regulation; or
 - (iii) issued under a provision mentioned in subparagraph (i) or (ii) and replaced under section 71 of the Act or changed or replaced under section 25O of the repealed regulation; and
 - (b) the certificate was in force immediately before the commencement.
- (2) This section also applies if, on or after the commencement, an SM unit certificate is issued under former schedule 5B, section 49(8) as applied under section 124(2) of the repealed regulation.
- (3) The SM unit certificate is an SM unit certificate under this regulation.

725 Fisher PINs for SM units continue

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) before the commencement, a fisher PIN was—

-
- (i) issued for SM units under section 25QA(2) of the repealed regulation or former schedule 5B, section 49A(2) or that provision as applied under part 13, division 3 of the repealed regulation; or
 - (ii) changed under section 25V of the repealed regulation; and
 - (b) the fisher PIN as issued or changed was the fisher PIN for the SM units immediately before the commencement.
- (2) This section also applies if, on or after the commencement, a fisher PIN is issued for SM units under former schedule 5B, section 49(8)(a)(ii) as applied under part 13, division 3 of the repealed regulation.
- (3) The fisher PIN is the fisher PIN for the SM units under this regulation.

726 Unit PINs for SM units continue

- (1) This section applies if—
- (a) before the commencement, a unit PIN was—
 - (i) issued for SM units under former schedule 5B, section 49(8)(a)(ii) or that provision as applied under part 13, division 3 of the repealed regulation; or
 - (ii) changed under section 25U of the repealed regulation; and
 - (b) the unit PIN as issued or changed was the unit PIN for the SM units immediately before the commencement.
- (2) This section also applies if, on or after the commencement, a unit PIN is issued for SM units under former schedule 5B, section 49(8)(a)(ii) as applied under part 13, division 3 of the repealed regulation.
- (3) The unit PIN is the unit PIN for the SM units under this regulation.

727 Declaration of SM unit entitlement for 2009–2010 SM year

- (1) To remove any doubt, it is declared that the entitlement under an SM unit was 1kg (whole weight) spanish mackerel for the SM year from 1 July 2009 to 30 June 2010 (the **2009–2010 SM year**).
- (2) Also, to remove any doubt, it is declared that, despite former section 727—
 - (a) the entitlement of an SM unit for the 2009–2010 SM year is taken never to have been required to be worked out otherwise than under subsection (1); and
 - (b) the chief executive is taken never to have been required to give an SM unit holder a written notice about the entitlement of an SM unit for the 2009–2010 SM year worked out otherwise than under subsection (1).
- (3) In this section—

former section 727 means section 727 as it was in force before 1 July 2010.

Editor's note—

former section 727 (Reduction in entitlement of SM units)

Division 2 Transitional provisions for the Fisheries Amendment Regulation (No. 5) 2008

Subdivision 1 Movement of fishery symbols from affected licences

728 Definitions for sdiv 1

In this subdivision—

affected licence means a licence on which is written—

- (a) the fishery symbol 'N1'; and
- (b) a relevant fishery symbol.

licence means a commercial fishing boat licence.

relevant fishery symbol means the fishery symbol ‘K1’, ‘K2’, ‘K3’, ‘K4’, ‘K5’, ‘K6’, ‘K7’, ‘K8’ or ‘N2’.

remaining fishery symbol means a fishery symbol that is neither the fishery symbol ‘N1’ nor a relevant fishery symbol.

729 Temporary restriction on moving ‘N1’ fishery symbol from affected licence

- (1) The fishery symbol ‘N1’ can not be moved from an affected licence to a licence on which is written a remaining fishery symbol.
- (2) However, subsection (1) does not prevent the movement of the fishery symbol ‘N1’ to a licence on which a remaining fishery symbol is written if a relevant fishery symbol is also written on the licence.
- (3) This section stops applying on 2 July 2009.

730 Temporary restriction on moving relevant fishery symbol from affected licence

- (1) A relevant fishery symbol can not be moved from an affected licence to a licence on which is written—
 - (a) a relevant fishery symbol; or
 - (b) a remaining fishery symbol.
- (2) However, subsection (1)(b) does not prevent the movement of a relevant fishery symbol to a licence on which a remaining symbol is written if the fishery symbol ‘N1’ is also written on the licence.
- (3) This section stops applying on 2 July 2009.

731 Combined movement of ‘N1’ with relevant fishery symbol not prevented

- (1) Sections 729 and 730 do not prevent the movement of the ‘N1’ fishery symbol with a relevant fishery symbol from an affected licence to a licence on which—
 - (a) a remaining fishery symbol is written; and
 - (b) a relevant fishery symbol is not written.
- (2) This section applies despite sections 729 and 730.

732 Undecided relevant movement application

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) a relevant movement application was made before the commencement of this section; and
 - (b) the application has not been decided.
- (2) Sections 729 and 730 do not apply for deciding the application.
- (3) In this section—

relevant movement application means a fishery symbol movement application to which, other than for this section, section 729 or 730 would apply.

733 Removal of ‘N1’ fishery symbol from affected licence

- (1) The fishery symbol ‘N1’ is taken to have been removed from each affected licence.
- (2) This section stops applying on 2 July 2009.

Subdivision 2 Fees for fishery symbols ‘N5’ and ‘N7’

734 Fees continue to be payable for ‘N5’ and ‘N7’ fishery symbols for 2008–2009 financial year

- (1) This section applies to a licence on which the fishery symbol ‘N5’ or ‘N7’ was written immediately before the commencement of this section.
- (2) The relevant former fee provisions of the pre-amended regulation continue to apply for paying the fee for the fishery symbol on the licence for the 2008–2009 financial year as if the pre-amended regulation had not been amended.
- (3) In this section—

pre-amended regulation means this regulation as it was in force immediately before the commencement of this section.

relevant former fee provisions means schedule 9, table 1, under the heading ‘Commercial line fisheries’, entries for items 11 or 13, under the column headed ‘2008–2009 financial year’.

Division 3 Transitional provisions for Primary Industries and Fisheries Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2009

735 Applications for buyer licence

- (1) Despite section 205(a), the chief executive may not issue a buyer licence after the commencement of this section.
- (2) Subsections (3) and (4) apply to an application for the issue of a buyer licence if—
 - (a) the application was made before the commencement of this section; and
 - (b) the application has not been decided on the commencement.

- (3) The application is taken to have lapsed.
- (4) The chief executive must refund the fee accompanying the application.

736 Buyer licence fees for accreditation holders under seafood food safety scheme

- (1) This section applies to the holder of a buyer licence if the holder is granted an accreditation under the seafood food safety scheme before 1 January 2010.
- (2) If the accreditation is granted between the commencement of this section and 30 September 2009, the fee under schedule 9, table 3, is not payable for the buyer licence by the holder for the period from the commencement to 31 December 2009.
- (3) If the accreditation is granted between 1 October 2009 and 31 December 2009, the fee under schedule 9, table 3, is not payable for the buyer licence by the holder for the period from 1 October 2009 to 31 December 2009.
- (4) From the day the accreditation is granted, the buyer licence is taken to be no longer in force.
- (5) In this section—

accreditation means an accreditation granted under the *Food Production (Safety) Act 2000*, part 5.

seafood food safety scheme means the seafood food safety scheme under the *Food Production (Safety) Act 2000*.

Division 4 Transitional provisions for Fisheries and Other Legislation Amendment and Repeal Regulation (No. 1) 2010

Subdivision 1 Preliminary

737 Definitions for div 4

In this division—

commencement means the commencement of this section.

repealed freshwater plan means the repealed *Fisheries (Freshwater) Management Plan 1999*.

repealed spanner crab plan means the repealed *Fisheries (Spanner Crab) Management Plan 1999*.

Subdivision 2 Stocked impoundment permits

738 Stocked impoundment permits continue

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) before the commencement, a stocked impoundment permit was issued under section 44 of the repealed freshwater plan; and
 - (b) the permit was in force immediately before the commencement.
- (2) The permit is continued as a stocked impoundment permit under this regulation until the end of the term stated in it, unless it is sooner cancelled or suspended.
- (3) A reference in this regulation to a stocked impoundment permit is taken to include a reference to a stocked impoundment permit continued under this section.

739 Undecided applications for stocked impoundment permits

- (1) This section applies if, before the commencement—
 - (a) a person applied for the issue of a stocked impoundment permit under the repealed freshwater plan; and
 - (b) the application was not decided.
- (2) The application is taken to be an application for the issue of a stocked impoundment permit under this regulation.

740 References to repealed provision in particular documents

A reference to section 44 of the repealed freshwater plan in a stocked impoundment permit or stocked impoundment permit book is taken, if the context permits, to be a reference to section 204(c) of this regulation.

Subdivision 3 Licences for eel fishery

741 Licences continue

- (1) This section applies to a commercial harvest fishery licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'E' that was in force immediately before the commencement.
- (2) The licence is taken to be a licence of the same type under this regulation.

742 Approved nominees under eel licences continue

- (1) This section applies if immediately before the commencement the person was an approved nominee of the holder of an eel licence for a period under section 47A of the repealed freshwater plan.
- (2) On the commencement, the approval is continued under section 310F until the end of the period for which it was granted, unless it is sooner cancelled.

743 Undecided applications for approval of nominee

- (1) This section applies if, before the commencement—
 - (a) an eel licence holder applied under section 47A of the repealed freshwater plan for someone else to be the holder's approved nominee under the repealed freshwater plan; and
 - (b) the application was not decided.
- (2) The application is taken to be an application for the approval of the nominee under section 310F.

744 Refused applications for approval of nominee

- (1) This section applies if, before the commencement—
 - (a) an eel licence holder applied under section 47A of the repealed freshwater plan for someone else to be the holder's approved nominee under the plan; and
 - (b) the chief executive decided to refuse the application under section 47A(4) of the plan; and
 - (c) either—
 - (i) the period in which the licence holder may appeal against the decision has not expired; or
 - (ii) the licence holder started an appeal and the appeal has not been decided.
- (2) The decision to refuse the application is taken to be a decision under section 310F(4).

Subdivision 4 Licences for commercial spanner crab fisheries

745 Licences continue

- (1) This section applies to a commercial fishing boat licence—

- (a) that was in force immediately before the commencement; and
 - (b) on which the fishery symbol 'C2' or 'C3' is written.
- (2) The licence is taken to be a licence of the same type under this regulation.

Subdivision 5 ITQ units

746 ITQ units continue

- (1) This section applies if—
- (a) before the commencement, an ITQ unit was issued under part 10, division 1 of the repealed spanner crab plan; and
 - (b) the unit was in force immediately before the commencement.
- (2) The ITQ unit is continued as an ITQ unit under this regulation.

747 ITQ unit certificates continue

- (1) This section applies if—
- (a) before the commencement, an ITQ unit certificate was—
 - (i) issued under section 30 of the repealed spanner crab plan; or
 - (ii) issued under section 30 of the plan and either—
 - (A) changed or replaced under section 31 of the plan; or
 - (B) replaced under section 71 of the Act; and
 - (b) the certificate was in force immediately before the commencement.

-
- (2) The ITQ unit certificate is an ITQ unit certificate under this regulation.

Division 5 **Transitional provisions for Fisheries Legislation Amendment and Repeal Regulation (No. 1) 2011**

748 **Definitions for div 5**

In this division—

commencement means the commencement of this section.

repealed Gulf plan means the repealed *Fisheries (Gulf of Carpentaria Inshore Fin Fish) Management Plan 1999*.

749 **Licences continue**

- (1) This section applies to a commercial fishing boat licence—
- (a) that was in force immediately before the commencement; and
 - (b) on which is written the fishery symbol ‘N3’, ‘N9’ or ‘N11’.
- (2) The licence is taken to be a licence of the same type under this regulation.

750 **References to repealed Gulf plan**

In a document, a reference to a particular provision (the *old provision*) of the repealed Gulf plan may, if the context permits, be taken to be a reference to any provision of this regulation that corresponds, or substantially corresponds, to the old provision.

Division 6 **Transitional provisions for Fisheries Amendment Regulation (No. 2) 2014**

751 **Period of T4-ITQ year for 2015**

- (1) The T4-ITQ year for 2015 starts on 1 April and ends on 31 December.
- (2) Subsection (1) applies despite schedule 11, part 2, definition *T4-ITQ year*.

752 **Total annual quota of prescribed whiting for 2015 T4-ITQ year**

For the T4-ITQ year for 2015—

- (a) the total annual quota of prescribed whiting that may be taken in the commercial trawl fishery (fin fish) under all T4 fishery licences is 1,150,000kg; and
- (b) section 614A does not apply.

753 **Annual quota of goatfish and yellowtail scad for 2015 T4-ITQ year**

- (1) This section applies to the following fish—
 - (a) goatfish;
 - (b) yellowtail scad.
- (2) For the T4-ITQ year for 2015—
 - (a) the annual quota of each of the fish that may be taken under a T4 fishery licence is 20,000kg for each fishery symbol ‘T4’ written on the licence; and
 - (b) section 614B does not apply.

Division 7 **Transitional provisions for Fisheries
Legislation Amendment Regulation
(No. 1) 2015**

754 **Definition for div 6**

In this division—

repealed plan means the repealed *Fisheries (Coral Reef Fin Fish) Management Plan 2003*.

755 **Licences continue**

- (1) This section applies to a commercial fishing boat licence—
 - (a) that was in force immediately before the commencement; and
 - (b) on which the fishery symbol ‘RQ’ is written.
- (2) The licence is taken to be a licence of the same type under this regulation.

756 **CT, OS and RTE line units continue**

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) before 1 July 2010, a CT line unit, OS line unit or RTE line unit was issued under chapter 3, part 2 of the repealed plan as in force before 1 July 2010; and
 - (b) the CT line unit, OS line unit or RTE line unit was in force immediately before the commencement.
- (2) The CT line unit is continued as a CT line unit under this regulation.
- (3) The OS line unit is continued as an OS line unit under this regulation.
- (4) The RTE line unit is continued as a RTE line unit under this regulation.

757 Line unit certificates continue

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) before the commencement, a line unit certificate was—
 - (i) issued under section 72 of the repealed plan; or
 - (ii) issued under section 72 of the repealed plan and—
 - (A) changed or replaced under section 78 of the repealed plan; or
 - (B) replaced under section 71 of the Act; and
 - (b) the line unit certificate was in force immediately before the commencement.
- (2) The line unit certificate is a line unit certificate under this regulation.

758 Fisher PINs for line units continue

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) before the commencement, a fisher PIN was—
 - (i) issued for line units under section 61A(2) of the repealed plan as in force before 1 July 2010; or
 - (ii) changed under section 85 of the repealed plan; and
 - (b) the fisher PIN as issued or changed was the fisher PIN for the line units immediately before the commencement.
- (2) The fisher PIN is the fisher PIN for the line units under this regulation.

759 Unit PINs for line units continue

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) before the commencement, a unit PIN was—
 - (i) issued for line units under section 61(8)(a)(ii) of the repealed plan as in force before 1 July 2010; or

- (ii) changed under section 84 of the repealed plan; and
 - (b) the unit PIN as issued or changed was the unit PIN for the line units immediately before the commencement.
- (2) The unit PIN is the unit PIN for the line units under this regulation.

760 Filleting permits continue

- (1) This section applies if—
- (a) before the commencement, a filleting permit was issued under section 129 of the repealed plan; and
 - (b) the filleting permit was in force immediately before the commencement.
- (2) The filleting permit is taken to be a filleting permit under this regulation.

761 Continuation of reef line fishery as reef line commercial fishery for annual quota for 2014–15 line year

- (1) For applying an annual quota for the reef line commercial fishery for the 2014–15 line year—
- (a) the reef line fishery under section 2 of the repealed plan continues as the reef line commercial fishery under this regulation; and
 - (b) a reference in a document to the reef line fishery is taken to be a reference to the reef line fishery under section 2 of the repealed plan continued under paragraph (a) as the reef line commercial fishery.

- (2) In this section—

2014–15 line year means the line year starting on 1 July 2014 and ending on 30 June 2015.

762 References to repealed plan

In a document, a reference to a particular provision (the *old provision*) of the repealed plan may, if the context permits, be taken to be a reference to any provision of this regulation that corresponds, or substantially corresponds, to the old provision.

Division 8 Transitional provisions for Fisheries Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2016

763 Particular existing permits for taking or possessing freshwater fish for trade or commerce

- (1) This section applies if, immediately before the commencement, a person held a permit allowing the taking or possession of freshwater fish for trade or commerce, other than a general fisheries permit for the collection of freshwater fish to be used by the person for broodstock for aquaculture.
- (2) Section 218C does not apply in relation to the permit.

764 Undecided applications for particular permits for taking or possessing freshwater fish for trade or commerce

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) before the commencement, a person applied for a permit allowing the taking or possession of freshwater fish for trade or commerce, other than a general fisheries permit for the collection of freshwater fish to be used by the person for broodstock for aquaculture; and
 - (b) immediately before the commencement, the application had not been decided.
- (2) The application ends and the chief executive must refund to the applicant any fee paid for the application.

Division 9 **Transitional provision for Fisheries
(Sustainability of Molluscs and
Black Jewfish) Amendment
Regulation 2019**

765 **Prescribed commercial catch for black jewfish for 2019**

- (1) For 2019, the prescribed commercial catch for black jewfish is the total weight of fish of the species taken by all commercial fishers that is—
- (a) calculated periodically by the chief executive from the commencement to the day the calculation is made; and
 - (b) published by the chief executive in a form that is likely to be accessible for commercial fishers.

Examples of a form of publication for paragraph (b)—

a recorded message on the AIVR system or a notice published on the department's website

- (2) Subsection (1) applies despite schedule 11, part 2, definition *prescribed commercial catch*, paragraph (b).

Schedule 1 Regulated waters

section 27

Part 1 Waters named by reference to particular fish

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Coral reef fin fish waters	tidal waters within the following boundary— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from the northern tip of Cape York along latitude 10°41' south • to longitude 145° east • to latitude 13° south, longitude 145° east • to latitude 15° south, longitude 146° east • to latitude 17°30' south, longitude 147° east • to latitude 21° south, longitude 152°55' east • to latitude 24°30' south, longitude 154° east • to latitude 24°50' south, longitude 154° east • along latitude 24°50' south to the mainland shore • along the shore to the northern tip of Cape York at latitude 10°41' south 	part 5, division 4
Northern rocklobster waters	(a) waters north of latitude 14° south and east of longitude 142°31'49" east; and (b) Gulf of Carpentaria waters within the 25n mile line south of latitude 10°48' south	part 5, division 9A and section 75
Saucer scallop waters	waters south of a line from latitude 17°45.84' south, longitude 155°02.38' east to latitude 20°19.58' south, longitude 148°26.92' east	section 58
Sea cucumber waters	waters south of latitude 20° south (near Bowen) and west of longitude 142°31'49" east	section 76A

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Southern rocklobster waters	waters south of latitude 14° south, other than waters that are part of the Gulf of Carpentaria waters	section 76
Spanish mackerel waters	waters east of longitude 142°09' east	section 93
Spanner crab waters	<p>the following waters—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • tidal waters south of latitude 23° south, and east of longitude 151°45' east • tidal waters north of the waters mentioned in paragraph (a) and east of longitude 142°31'49" east • tidal waters north of latitude 10°48' south and between longitude 141°20' east and longitude 142°31'49" east • tidal waters in the Gulf of Carpentaria between the 25n mile line and the shore of the mainland at high water mark, south of latitude 10°48' south 	section 57

Part 2 Waters named by reference to location

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
waterways, lakes and lagoons within the limits of the State	waterways, lakes and lagoons within the limits of the State	part 6, division 4

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
lakes and lagoons south of the northern bank of the Endeavour River and east of longitude 142°31'49" east	FRW-014	part 9, division 3
waters other than the Gulf of Carpentaria waters	Queensland waters other than the Gulf of Carpentaria waters	part 5, division 3, subdivision 1
waterways south of Double Island Point	waterways south of Double Island Point and waterways joining them	part 9, division 3
jetties in, or south of, Noosa River	waters under, or within 100m of, any public jetty in, or south of, Noosa River	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Murray–Darling drainage division	waters of the Murray–Darling drainage division	part 5, division 6
Dumaresq River at Bonshaw Weir	Dumaresq River from Bonshaw Weir to 100m downstream of Bonshaw Weir	part 5, division 5
Pike Creek at Glenlyon Dam	Pike Creek from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of the Glenlyon Dam wall	part 5, division 5
Barwon River at Mungindi Weir	Barwon River from Mungindi Weir to 100m downstream of Mungindi Weir	part 5, division 5
Severn River at Queen Mine Waterhole	the part of the Severn River commonly known as Queen Mine Waterhole, about 6km west of Ballandean	part 5, division 5

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Quart Pot Creek at Storm King Dam	Quart Pot Creek from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of the Storm King Dam wall	part 5, division 5
Balonne River at Beardmore Dam and Jack Taylor Weir	Balonne River from— (a) 100m upstream to 200m downstream of the Beardmore Dam wall; and (b) 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Jack Taylor Weir	part 5, division 5
The Broadwater (southern part) and Nerang River	(a) Nerang River and waterways joining it; and (b) the part of The Broadwater upstream of a line between a point on the shore of The Broadwater in line with the northern edge of Stevens Street, Southport and an F↑B sign on the shore of The Spit near the floating helipad near Seaworld	part 9, division 2
Gold Coast Seaway	the Gold Coast Seaway within the following boundary— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from an F↑B sign west of the Seaway Tower on the northern shore of The Spit to an F↑B sign on South Stradbroke Island west of the island's southern tip • along the island's southern shore to the seaward end of the Seaway's northern breakwater wall • to the seaward end of the Seaway's southern breakwater wall at Nerang Head on The Spit • along The Spit's northern shore to the F↑B sign west of the Seaway Tower on The Spit's northern shore 	part 9, division 2

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
The Broadwater (central part)	<p>The Broadwater within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from an F↑B sign on the opposite side of The Broadwater’s western navigation channel from a point on the shore in line with the northern edge of Stevens Street, Southport, along the eastern edge of the channel to the flashing green beacon nearest to the northern tip of Carters Bank • to the southern tip of Crab Island • to an F↑B sign on South Stradbroke Island westerly of the island’s southern tip • to an F↑B sign westerly of the Seaway Tower on The Spit’s northern shore • along The Spit’s shore by the shortest route to an F↑B sign near the floating helipad near Seaworld • to the F↑B sign on the opposite side of The Broadwater’s western navigation channel from a point on the shore in line with the northern edge of Stevens Street, Southport 	part 9, division 3

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
The Broadwater (western part)	<p>The Broadwater within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from a point on the shore in line with the northern edge of Stevens Street, Southport, along the shore to an F↑B sign near the southern bank of the southern branch of the Coomera River • towards the north-western tip of the northernmost island of the Sovereign Islands for 140m • along a line parallel to, and 140m from, Sovereign Island's western shore, to a line from an F↑B sign at the corner of the Esplanade and Nankeen Avenue, Paradise Point to the northern tip of Ephraim Island • to the southern tip of Ephraim Island • to the northern tip of Crab Island • to the southern tip of Crab Island • to the flashing green beacon marking the eastern edge of the western navigation channel, nearest to Carters Bank • along the channel's eastern edge to an F↑B sign in line with the northern edge of Stevens Street, Southport • to the point on the shore in line with the northern edge of Stevens Street, Southport 	part 9, division 2
Macintyre River at Goondiwindi Weir	Macintyre River from 150m upstream to 150m downstream of Goondiwindi Weir	part 5, division 5
Macintyre Brook at Coolmunda Dam, Whetstone and Bendor weirs	<p>Macintyre Brook from—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) 100m upstream to 200m downstream of the Coolmunda Dam spillway wall; and (b) 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Whetstone Weir; and (c) 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Bendor Weir 	part 5, division 5

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Sandy Creek at Leslie Dam	Sandy Creek from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of the Leslie Dam wall	part 5, division 5
Burnett Creek at Maroon Dam	Burnett Creek from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of the Maroon Dam wall	part 5, division 5
Currumbin Creek	FRW-017	part 9, division 2
Currumbin Beach	FRW-016	part 9, division 2
Tallebudgera Creek (netting)	FRW-018	part 9, division 2
Tallebudgera Creek to Burleigh (netting)	foreshore waters and waters within 400m out to sea from the shore at low water, between the southern bank of Tallebudgera Creek and a point on the shore in line with the northern edge of First Avenue, Burleigh Heads	part 9, division 3
Tallebudgera Creek (spearing)	Tallebudgera Creek upstream of a line between SF [↑] B signs at the eastern tip of Burleigh Head and the seaward end of the rock groyne near its southern bank	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Reynolds Creek at Moogerah Dam	Reynolds Creek from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of the Moogerah Dam wall	part 5, division 5
Nerang River at Hinze Dam	Nerang River from 100m upstream to 600m downstream of the Hinze Dam wall	part 5, division 5
Teviot Brook at Wyaralong Dam	Teviot Brook from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of the Wyaralong Dam wall	part 5, division 5
Coombabah Creek, Oyster Lake and Saltwater Creek	Saltwater Creek and Coombabah Creek (including Oyster Lake), downstream from Coombabah Lake	part 9, division 2

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Coomabah Lake and Coombabah Creek	FRW-024	part 4, division 2, subdivision 2
Coomera River	waters of the southern branch of the Coomera River downstream of F \uparrow B signs on opposite sides of the southern branch at its junction with the river's northern branch	part 9, division 2
Moreton Bay (whole)	<p>waters within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from an F\uparrowB sign at the south-eastern tip of Toorbul Point to an F\uparrowB sign at the southern end of South Esplanade, Bongaree, Bribie Island • along Bribie Island's western and southern shores to Skirmish Point • to Comboyuro Point, Moreton Island • along Moreton Island's western shore to Reeders Point • to Amity Point, North Stradbroke Island • along North Stradbroke Island's western and southern shores to its south-eastern tip • to the north-eastern tip of South Stradbroke Island • along South Stradbroke Island's northern, western and southern shores to the seaward tip of the northern breakwater wall of the Gold Coast Seaway • to the seaward tip of the southern breakwater wall of the Gold Coast Seaway at Nerang Head on The Spit • along the shore of The Spit to the Gold Coast Highway bridge over the Nerang River near Waterways Drive, Main Beach • along the eastern side of the Gold Coast Highway bridge to the mainland shore 	part 6, division 4

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • along the shore to the F↑B sign at the south-eastern tip of Toorbul Point 	
Southern Moreton Bay (including The Broadwater)	<p>Moreton Bay south of latitude 27°42' south, other than waters between the following lines—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a line from an SF↑B sign at The Bedroom, South Stradbroke Island, to an SF↑B sign on the north-eastern shore of Woogoompah Island • a line from an SF↑B sign at Currigee, South Stradbroke Island, to an SF↑B sign on the shore at Hollywell 	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Swan Bay	FRW-027	part 4, division 2, subdivision 2
Albert River at Luscombe Weir	Albert River from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Luscombe Weir	part 5, division 5
South of North Stradbroke Island	waters south of the southern tip of North Stradbroke Island	part 10, division 3
Moreton Bay (area 1)	waters of Moreton Bay north of the southern tip of North Stradbroke Island and south of a line from Victoria Point to Pott's Point, Macleay Island to Blakesleys Camp, North Stradbroke Island	part 10, division 3
Logan River at South Maclean and Cedar Grove weirs	<p>waters of the Logan River from—</p> <p>(a) 100m upstream to 200m downstream of South Maclean Weir; and</p> <p>(b) 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Cedar Grove Weir</p>	part 5, division 5
North Stradbroke Island (northern beaches)	waters within 200m from the shore at low water between North Gorge (at the southern end of Frenchman's Beach) and Adder Rock	part 9, division 3
Dunwich	FRW-030	part 9, division 3

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Manly Boat Harbour	Manly Boat Harbour and its foreshores, up to a line between the seaward ends of the harbour's breakwaters	part 9, division 2
Wynnum and Manly	foreshore waters between the northern breakwater of Manly Boat Harbour and the southern bank of Wynnum Creek	part 9, division 2
Wynnum (worm area)	<p>the following foreshore waters of Wynnum—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • waters adjacent to the Esplanade between its intersection with the southern side of Cedar Street and its intersection with the northern side of Charlotte Street • waters within 100m of high water mark between the northern bank of Lota Creek and the rock groyne extending seawards near the northern end of Wynnum North Esplanade 	section 64
Brisbane River at Old Mt Crosby Weir	Brisbane River from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Old Mt Crosby Weir	part 5, division 5
Brisbane River at Mt Crosby Weir	Brisbane River from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Mt Crosby Weir	part 5, division 5
Brisbane River at Wivenhoe Dam	Brisbane River from 100m upstream to 600m downstream of the Wivenhoe Dam wall	part 5, division 5

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Brisbane River (netting)	<p>1 Brisbane River, upstream of the following line—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from the northern tip of the northernmost wharf on Fisherman Islands • to the starboard beacon at the junction of the Koopa Channel and Brisbane River Channel • to the rear (seaward) lead of the Lytton Rocks Reach about 900m downstream from Luggage Point • to Luggage Point <p>2 waterways joining the waters described in paragraph (a) (other than the part of the Boat Passage east of the bridge between Whyte Island and Fisherman Islands)</p>	part 9, division 2
Brisbane Airport floodway channel to the Pine River	<p>1 waterways flowing into Moreton Bay between the southern bank of the Brisbane Airport floodway channel and the southern tip of the Houghton Highway</p> <p>2 waterways joining the waterways described in item 1</p> <p>3 Moreton Bay foreshore waters between the southern bank of the Brisbane Airport floodway channel and the southern tip of the Houghton Highway</p> <p>4 Jacksons Creek (which joins the floodway channel near the channel's banks)</p>	part 9, division 2
Flat Rock (grey nurse shark protection area)	FRW-302	part 4, division 3
Cherub's Cave (grey nurse shark protection area)	FRW-304	part 4, division 3

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Henderson Rock (grey nurse shark protection area)	FRW-303	part 4, division 3
Sandgate Pier	FRW-038	part 9, division 2
North Pine River at North Pine Dam	North Pine River from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of the North Pine Dam wall	part 5, division 5
Sideling Creek at Kurwongbah Dam	Sideling Creek from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of the Kurwongbah Dam wall	part 5, division 5
South Pine River and North Pine River	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="372 897 951 1024">1 South Pine River upstream of F↑B signs on opposite sides of the river, about 1.5km upstream from its junction with the North Pine River, at a place known as Stones Corner <li data-bbox="372 1033 951 1161">2 North Pine River upstream of F↑B signs on opposite sides of the river about 2.5km upstream from the northbound bridge across the river near the start of the Bruce Highway 	part 9, division 2
Moreton Bay (including The Broadwater)	FRW-029	part 9, division 3
Balonne River at Surat Weir	Balonne River from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Surat Weir	part 5, division 5

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Moreton Island (artificial reef area)	waters within the following boundary— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from an SF↑B sign on the western shore of Moreton Island about 200m north of the Bulwer Wrecks to the lit buoy NE1 about 700m off Bulwer • to the NE1 buoy west of Bulwer • to the M7 beacon west of Cowan Cowan point • to the E1 beacon west of Tangalooma Jetty • to the SF↑B sign on the western shore of Moreton Island at Tangalooma Point • along the shore to the SF↑B sign about 200m north of the Bulwer Wrecks 	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Moreton Island to Double Island Point	waters within the following boundary— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from Double Island Point to North Point, Moreton Island • to Skirmish Point, Bribie Island • along the island's eastern shore to the F↑B sign at its northern tip • to the F↑B sign at the southern tip of the sand spit between Kings Beach and Bulcock Beach, Caloundra • along the shore to Double Island Point 	part 10, division 3

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Pumicestone Strait (spearing) <i>Editor's note—</i> Pumicestone Strait is also known as Pumicestone Passage	1 waters between the following lines— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a line from an SF↑B sign at the southern bank of Elimbah Creek to an SF↑B sign at Gallagher Point, Bribie Island • a line from an SF↑B sign at the northern bank of Ningi Creek to an SF↑B sign at the northern bank of Dux Creek, Bribie Island 2 waters north of a line from an SF↑B sign near the southern bank of Bells Creek to an SF↑B sign at the northern tip of the northernmost island of a group of islands in the strait (easterly of Bells Creek), then easterly to an SF↑B sign on Bribie Island's western shore	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Pumicestone Strait (commercial fishing) <i>Editor's note—</i> Pumicestone Strait is also known as Pumicestone Passage	waters and adjoining waterways between the following lines— <p>(a) a line—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from the F↑B sign at the southern end of South Esplanade, Bongaree, Bribie Island • to the F↑B sign at the south-eastern tip of Toorbul Point <p>(b) a line—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 26°48.38' south, longitude 153°08.36' east (the groyne at the southern end of Kings Beach) • to where latitude 26°49.5' south intersects the eastern shore of Bribie Island 	section 83

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Condamine River at Chinchilla, Loudon, Lemon Tree, Yarramalong, Cecil Plains and Reilly's weirs	Condamine River as follows— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Chinchilla Weir • from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Loudon Weir • from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Lemon Tree Weir • from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Yarramalong Weir • from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Cecil Plains Weir • from 27°02.24' south, 149°57.12' east (approximately 14km upstream from the weir) to 200m downstream of Reilly's Weir 	part 5, division 5
Caloundra (Kings Beach to Shelly Beach)	foreshore waters and waters within 400m out to sea from the shore at low water, between the following lines— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a line running from latitude 26°48.38' south, longitude 153°08.36' east (the groyne at the southern end of Kings Beach) towards where latitude 26°49.5' south intersects the eastern shore of Bribie Island • a line running east-north-east out to sea from an F↑B sign at the southern end of Shelly Beach, Caloundra 	part 9, division 3
Currimundi Lake and Currimundi Creek near Caloundra	FRW-045	part 9, division 2
Mooloolah River (spearing)	waters of Mooloolah River from a line between SF↑B signs near its banks, to the bridge joining Nicklin Way and Brisbane Road	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Mooloolah River (netting)	FRW-047	part 9, division 2

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Dogwood Creek at Gil Weir (formerly Miles Weir)	Dogwood Creek from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Gil Weir (formerly Miles Weir)	part 5, division 5
Maroochy River and ocean foreshores (netting)	<p>1 waters of Maroochy River, and waterways joining the river, within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from the intersection of latitude 26°38.38' south with the mainland shore • to the intersection of latitude 26°38.87' south with the mainland shore upstream to latitude 26°38.53' south (near the 'cod hole') <p>2 waters within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from the intersection of longitude 153°06.23' east with the mainland shore • to latitude 26°38.57' south, longitude 153°06.10' east • to latitude 26°38.57' south, longitude 153°06.34' east • to latitude 26°39.34' south, longitude 153°06.47' east • to the intersection of longitude 153°06.23' east with the mainland shore 	part 9, division 2
Maroochy River (spearing)	waters of Maroochy River and waterways joining it, downstream of a line from an SF↑B sign on the southern side of the river near the Cod Hole to an SF↑B sign on the northern side of the river near the Cod Hole	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Obi Obi Creek	Obi Obi Creek between the Baroon Pocket Dam wall and the downstream side of Obi Obi Creek crossing 4 (Manuel Hornibrook Bridge)	section 66
South Maroochy River and the North Maroochy River	FRW-048	part 9, division 2

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Yabba Creek at Borumba Dam	Yabba Creek from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of the Borumba Dam wall	part 5, division 5
Weyba Creek	Weyba Creek and waterways joining it, downstream of Lake Weyba	part 9, division 2
Stuart River at Gordonbrook Dam	Stuart River from 750m upstream to 200m downstream of the Gordonbrook Dam wall	part 5, division 5
Six Mile Creek at Lake MacDonald	Six Mile Creek from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of the Lake MacDonald dam wall	part 5, division 5
Noosa River and Noosa's main beach	<p>1 waters of Noosa River downstream of a line between an F↑B sign on the river's southern side near Thomas Street, Noosaville and an F↑B sign on the opposite side of the river</p> <p>2 foreshore waters of Noosa's main beach between First Point and the southern bank of Noosa River</p>	part 9, division 2
Noosa River (ocean foreshore)	foreshore waters for 400m (measured along the shore) north of the northern bank of Noosa River and waters within 400m out to sea from that part of the shore at low water	part 9, division 3
Noosa River (spearing)	Lake Weyba, Noosa River and waterways joining the lake and river, downstream of a line from an SF↑B sign on Parkyn's Jetty near the entrance to Doonella Lake to an SF↑B sign on the shore at the western tip of Goat Island	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Lake Como, Kin Kin Creek, upper Noosa River and Lake Cootharaba	Lake Como, Kin Kin Creek, Noosa River and the part of Lake Cootharaba north of a line joining the following points— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from an F↑B sign on Lake Cootharaba's north-western shore to an F↑B sign on the southern tip of the peninsula on the eastern side of Shark Bay (which is part of the lake) • to an F↑B sign at the southern tip of Kinaba Island • to an F↑B sign on Lake Cootharaba's eastern shore 	part 9, division 2
Boyne River (Auburn River Basin) at Boondooma Dam	Boyne River in the Auburn River Basin from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of the Boondooma Dam wall	part 5, division 5
Wolf Rock (grey nurse shark protection area)	FRW-305	part 4, division 2, subdivision 2
Rainbow Beach	waters within the following boundary— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from an F↑B sign at latitude 25°55.45' south, longitude 153°06.60' east (about 3km south of Eight Mile Rocks at Rainbow Beach), along the shore to an F↑B sign at latitude 25°53.64' south, longitude 153°05.28' east (about 1km north of Eight Mile Rocks at Rainbow Beach) • to latitude 25°53.41' south, longitude 153°05.62' east (approximately 400m offshore at low water) • to latitude 25°55.17' south, longitude 153°06.96' east (approximately 400m offshore at low water) • to an F↑B sign at latitude 25°55.45' south, longitude 153°06.60' east 	part 9, division 2
Snapper Creek near Tin Can Bay	Snapper Creek and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks	part 9, division 2

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Wide Bay Bar	waters within the following boundary— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from Inskip Point (latitude 25°48.62' south, longitude 153°03.89' east) west for about 1.3km to latitude 25°48.55' south, longitude 153°03.29' east • to latitude 25°47.77' south, longitude 153°03.05' east • to Hook Point (where longitude 153°04' east intersects the southern shore of Fraser Island) • to Inskip Point (latitude 25°48.62' south, longitude 153°03.89' east) 	part 9, division 2
Tinana Creek Barrage	Tinana Creek from 400m upstream of the barrage to 400m downstream of the barrage	part 4, division 2, subdivision 2
Dawson River at Glebe Weir	Dawson River from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Glebe Weir	part 5, division 5
Mary River Barrage	Mary River from 400m upstream of the barrage to 400m downstream of the barrage	part 4, division 2, subdivision 2
Dawson River at Gyranda Weir	Dawson River from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Gyranda Weir	part 5, division 5
Fraser Island (tailor)	1 eastern foreshore waters and waters within 200m from the shore at low water, between Hook Point (where longitude 153°04' east intersects the southern shore of Fraser Island) and Sandy Cape 2 western foreshore waters and waters within 200m from the shore at low water, between Sandy Cape and Sandy Point	section 94
Fraser Island (Tooloora Creek to Ngkala Rocks)	Fraser Island's eastern foreshore waters and waters within 200m from the shore at low water, between Tooloora Creek and the northern end of North Ngkala Rocks	part 9, division 3
Fraser Island (Indian Head–Waddy Point)	FRW-061	sections 73 and 84

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Fraser Island (rivers and creeks)	rivers and creeks on Fraser Island that flow into Great Sandy Strait	part 10, division 3
Fraser Island (Hook Point to northern tip)	Fraser Island's eastern foreshore waters and waters within 200m out to sea from the shore at low water, between Hook Point (where longitude 153°04' east intersects the southern shore of Fraser Island) and the northern tip of Fraser Island	part 9, division 3
Great Sandy Strait	Great Sandy Strait, Tin Can Inlet and waterways joining the strait and inlet, between the following lines— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a line from the eastern tip of Point Vernon to Sandy Point, Fraser Island • a line between Inskip Point and Hook Point (where longitude 153°04' east intersects the southern shore of Fraser Island) 	part 9, division 3
Point Vernon to Cape Manifold	<p>1 waterways flowing into the ocean between Point Vernon and Cape Manifold, other than the following waters—</p> <p>(a) Fitzroy River and Casuarina Creek between—</p> <p>(i) a line from Cattle Point on the mainland to Cardigan Point, Balaclava Island; and</p> <p>(ii) a line from the intersection between longitude 150°40.20' east and the northern bank of the river to the intersection between longitude 150°40.40' east and the southern bank of the river;</p> <p>(b) waterways joining the waters described in paragraph (a), other than Connor Creek, Kamiesh Passage, Inkerman Creek and Raglan Creek</p> <p>2 waterways joining the waterways to which item 1 applies</p>	part 9, division 3

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
North Sandy Strait (artificial reef area)	waters within the following boundary— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from South Point on Woody Island to the flashing green beacon S11 on Middle Bank (the southernmost beacon on the bank) to the flashing green beacon S9 on the bank • to the flashing green beacon S7 on the bank • to the flashing green beacon S5 on the bank • to the flashing red beacon S8 on the southern tip of Moon Point Bank • to Datum Point on Woody Island • along the Woody Island’s eastern shore to South Point 	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Nogo River at Wuruma Dam	Nogo River from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of the Wuruma Dam wall	part 5, division 5
Hervey Bay (artificial reef area off Woodgate)	waters within the following boundary— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from an SF↑B sign near the public boat ramp on the Esplanade at Woodgate seaward to a navigation buoy marked SF↑B sign No. 1 • south to a navigation buoy marked SF↑B sign No. 2 • to an SF↑B sign near Sixth Avenue, Woodgate • along the mainland shore to an SF↑B sign near the public boat ramp on the Esplanade, Woodgate 	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Theodolite Creek	Theodolite Creek and waterways joining it upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks	part 9, division 2

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Hervey Bay–Tin Can Bay (greater dugong protection area)	<p>1 waters within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 25°01'01" south where it intersects the mainland shore to latitude 25°01'01" south, longitude 153° east • to latitude 25°12'29" south where it intersects the shore of Fraser Island • westerly and southerly along the shore of Fraser Island to longitude 153°04' east where it intersects the shore • to longitude 153°04' east where it intersects the mainland shore at Inskip Point • westerly and southerly along the shore to the north bank of Myers Creek • to the south bank of Teebar Creek • along the mainland shore to latitude 25°01'01" south where it intersects the mainland shore <p>2 waterways adjoining the waters described in item 1, other than the waters of Mary River upstream of longitude 152°47'30" east (the western tip of Brothers Islands)</p>	part 11, division 2
Hervey Bay (recreational netting)	FRW-069	part 7, division 3, subdivision 1
Hervey Bay (commercial netting)	<p>1 FRW-069</p> <p>2 foreshore waters of Hervey Bay between Sixth Avenue, Woodgate and Second Avenue, Woodgate</p>	part 9, division 2
Hervey Bay (scallop ranching area)	FRW-276	part 10, division 3

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Hervey Bay and Great Sandy Strait (shell dredging)	waters between the following lines— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a line from the southern bank of Theodolite Creek to Arch Cliff, Fraser Island • a line from Inskip Point (latitude 25°48.62" south, longitude 153°03.89" east) to Hook Point (where longitude 153°04" east intersects the southern shore of Fraser Island) 	part 6, division 4
Coonarr Creek	Coonarr Creek and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks	part 9, division 2
Dawson River at Theodore Weir	Dawson River from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Theodore Weir	part 5, division 5
Platypus Bay	FRW-161	sections 72 and 85
Bargara Beach	waters within 100m out to sea from the shore between SF↑B signs at Bargara Beach (north of Bundaberg)	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Burnett River Barrage	waters of the Burnett River from 400m upstream to 400m downstream of the Burnett Barrage	part 4, division 2, subdivision 2
Burnett River at Paradise Dam, Claude Wharton, Ned Churchward and Kirar weirs	the following waters of Burnett River— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of the Paradise Dam wall • from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Claude Wharton Weir • from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Ned Churchward Weir • from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Kirar Weir 	part 5, division 5

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Burnett River (netting)	waters of Burnett River— (a) upstream of a line between F↑B signs on opposite sides of the river near its junction with Bundaberg Creek; and (b) downstream of a line between F↑B signs on opposite sides of the river near the western tip of Harriett Island	part 6, division 3
Skyringville Creek	the creek known as Skyringville Creek and waterways joining it, downstream of a line between F↑B signs on opposite sides of the creek about 800m from its banks	section 79
Kolan River Barrage	Kolan River from 400m upstream of the barrage to 400m downstream of the barrage	part 4, division 2, subdivision 2
Three Moon Creek at Cania Dam	Three Moon Creek from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Cania Dam wall	part 5, division 5
Dawson River at Moura Weir	Dawson River from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Moura Weir	part 5, division 5

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Bundaberg–Gladstone–Rockhampton (regional waterways)	the following waterways— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deepwater Creek • Jenny Lind Creek • Boyne River • Auckland Creek • Middle Creek (The Narrows) • Boat Creek (The Narrows) • Montecristo Creek • Munduran Creek • Badger Creek • Mosquito Creek • Barker Creek • Maria Creek • Seahill (Pacific) Creek • Causeway Creek • West Water Creek • Island Head Creek • East Creek • Head Creek • Mistake Creek • Georges Creek • Shoalwater Creek • Styx River 	part 10, division 4
Dawson River at Orange Creek Weir	Dawson River from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Orange Creek Weir	part 5, division 5
Dawson River at Neville Hewitt Weir	Dawson River from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Neville Hewitt Weir	part 5, division 5

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Round Hill Creek	Round Hill Creek and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs at the creek's northern bank and the northern tip of the 1770 camping grounds, Captain Cook Drive at the Town of Seventeen Seventy	part 9, division 2
Eurimbula Creek	FRW-162	section 62 part 9, division 2
Rodds Harbour (commercial netting)	FRW-079	part 9, division 2
Rodds Harbour (recreational netting)	FRW-314	part 7, division 3, subdivision 1
Middle Head to Norton Point	waters within 1km out to sea from the mainland shore between F↑B signs east of Middle Head and west of Norton Point	part 10, division 4

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Port of Gladstone–Rodds Bay (dugong protection area)	<p>1 waters within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from the eastern tip of Friend Point of The Narrows to the western tip of Laird Point Curtis Island • along the western and southern shores of Curtis Island to the eastern tip of Southend on Curtis Island • to the northern tip of North Point on Facing Island • along the western, southern and south-eastern shore of Facing Island to the eastern tip of East Point • to latitude 23°58.697' south, longitude 151°36.814' east (the northern tip of Flora Point, Rodds Peninsula) • along the mainland shore to the eastern tip of Friend Point of The Narrows <p>2 waterways adjoining the waters mentioned in item 1</p>	part 12
Wild Cattle Creek	<p>Wild Cattle Creek (also known as Red Cliff Creek) between the following lines—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a line from an F↑B sign at the creek’s northern bank to an F↑B sign at the northern tip of Wild Cattle Island • a line from an F↑B sign about 1,600m (measured along the bank) upstream from an F↑B sign at the northern tip of Wild Cattle Island to an F↑B sign on the opposite bank of Wild Cattle Creek 	part 9, division 3
Tannum Sands	foreshore waters between F↑B signs near the southern bank of Boyne River and the northern bank of Wild Cattle Creek (also known as Red Cliff Creek)	part 9, division 3

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Boyne River and part of South Trees Inlet	1 Boyne River and waterways joining it, upstream from a line between F↑B signs near its banks 2 South Trees Inlet between the northern edge of the bridge over the inlet on Boyne Island Road and the inlet's junction with Boyne River	part 9, division 3
South Trees Inlet	waters within 1km out to sea from the mainland shore between F↑B signs east and west of South Trees Inlet	part 10, division 4
Boyne River (Boyne River Basin) at Awoonga Dam	Boyne River in the Boyne River Basin from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of the Awoonga Dam wall	part 5, division 5
Calliope River (near mouth)	waters within 1km out to sea from the mainland shore between F↑B signs east and west of the Calliope River	part 10, division 4
Calliope River (upstream from Farmers Island)	waters of Calliope River and waterways joining it, upstream of a line passing through F↑B signs on opposite sides of the river near the south-western tip of Farmers Island	part 9, division 2
Waters off Curtis Island	waters near Curtis Island within 1km of the shore and between F↑B signs at the following places— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • north and south of Graham Creek • east and west of the creek known as First Lagoon Creek • east and west of the creek known as Second Lagoon Creek 	part 10, division 4
Port of Gladstone and The Narrows	waters between a line from an F↑B sign near the southern bank of Boyne River to Gatcombe Head, Facing Island and a line from Sea Hill Point, Curtis Island, to Cardigan Point, Balaclava Island <i>Note—</i> the eastern boundary of the waters between Facing Island and Curtis Island is a line from North Point, Facing Island to South End, Curtis Island	part 9, division 3

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Fitzroy River Barrage	Fitzroy River from 400m upstream of the Fitzroy River Barrage to 400m downstream of the barrage	part 4, division 2, subdivision 2
Fitzroy River at Eden Bann Weir	Fitzroy River from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Eden Bann Weir	part 5, division 5
Fitzroy River mouth	waters near the banks of Fitzroy River within the following boundary— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from Cardigan Point, Balaclava Island • to Cattle Point • to Sea Hill Point, Curtis Island • to Cardigan Point, Balaclava Island 	part 9, division 3
Fitzroy River (town reach netting)	Fitzroy River and waterways joining it between Fitzroy River Barrage and the shortest line across the river at the southern bank of Gavial Creek	part 9, division 2

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Yeppoon–Keppel Bay–Fitzroy River–Capricorn Coast waters	<p>1 waters within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 22°56.676' south, longitude 150°47.614' east • south easterly to latitude 23°3.194' south, longitude 151°0.000' east • then south to latitude 23°24.000' south, longitude 151°0.000' east • then south easterly to latitude 23°27.145' south, longitude 151°1.065' east • then to latitude 23°33.378' south, longitude 151°0.936' east • then to latitude 23°34.414 south, longitude 151°0.654' east • then generally north westerly along the mainland shore to latitude 22°56.676' south, longitude 150°47.614' east <p>2 waterways flowing into the waters mentioned in item 1, other than waterways flowing into the waters between latitude 23°33.378' south, longitude 151°0.936' east and latitude 23°34.414 south, longitude 151°0.654' east</p>	part 12A
Cattle Point to Cardigan Point	FRW-200	part 10, division 4
Keppel Bay (fishing)	FRW-087	part 4, division 2, subdivision 2
Cawarral Creek	Cawarral Creek and waterways joining it, upstream of the line between F↑B signs near its banks	part 9, division 2
Thomson River at Fairmount Weir	Thomson River from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Fairmount Weir	part 5, division 5

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Great Keppel Island	Great Keppel Island's western foreshore waters and waters within 400m out to sea from the island's shore at low water, between Little Peninsula on the island's north-western foreshore and Monkey Point at the island's south-western tip	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Causeway Lake, Shoal Bay	Causeway Lake and waterways joining it, upstream of Shoal Bay Causeway on Yeppoon–Emu Park Road	part 9, division 2
Fitzroy River at Wattlebank Control Weir	Fitzroy River from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Wattlebank Control Weir	part 5, division 5
Thompson River Catchment	waters of the Thompson River Catchment	part 5, division 9B
North Keppel Island	North Keppel Island's western and southern foreshore waters and waters within 400m out to sea from the island's shore at low water, between SF↑B signs at the island's northern and south-eastern tips	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Water Park Creek	Water Park Creek (which flows into Corio Bay) and waterways joining it, upstream of the shortest line across the creek at the place known as Kelly's Landing (about 2.6km from the creek's banks)	part 6, division 3

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Port Clinton (greater dugong protection area)	waters within the following boundary and adjoining waterways— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from Reef Point to the eastern tip of Townshend Island • to latitude 22°19'41" south, longitude 150°39'32" east • to latitude 22°21'36" south, longitude 150°41'10" east • to latitude 22°22'26" south, longitude 150°41'28" east • to latitude 22°24'58" south, longitude 150°43'12" east • to latitude 22°27' south, longitude 150°45'22" east • to latitude 22°31'59" south, longitude 150°47'17" east • to the eastern tip of Cape Clinton • along the mainland shore to Reef Point 	section 109
Nogoa River at Fairbairn Dam	Nogoa River from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of the Fairbairn Dam wall	part 5, division 5
Shoalwater Bay (dugong protection area)	waters within the following boundary and adjoining waterways— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from MacDonald Point to Cape Townshend, Townshend Island • along the western and southern shores of Townshend Island to the island's eastern tip • to Reef Point • along the mainland shore to MacDonald Point 	section 110
St. Lawrence Creek to Endeavour River	waterways between the northern bank of St Lawrence Creek and the northern bank of the Endeavour River	part 9, division 3

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Island Bluff to Charon Point	FRW-202	part 10, division 4
Little Cape Creek to Shag Creek	waters within a boundary from the northern bank of Little Cape Creek, along the shore to the northern bank of Shag Creek, then in a straight line to the northern bank of Little Cape Creek	part 10, division 4
Clairview Bluff– Carmilla Creek (dugong protection area)	<p>1 waters within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 21°54'25" south where it intersects the mainland shore near Carmilla Creek • to latitude 21°57'54" south, longitude 149°35'45" east • to latitude 22°01'45" south, longitude 149°35'45" east • to latitude 22°10'34" south, longitude 149°36'43" east • to the eastern tip of Clairview Bluff • along the mainland shore to latitude 21°54'25" south where it intersects the mainland shore near Carmilla Creek <p>2 waterways adjoining the waters mentioned in item 1</p>	part 12
South Bluff to Coconut Point	waters within a boundary from South Bluff, along the shore to Coconut Point, then in a straight line to South Bluff	part 10, division 4
Rocky Dam Creek	FRW-097	part 9, division 2

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Ince Bay (dugong protection area)	<p>waters within the following boundary and adjoining waterways—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from the north-eastern tip of Allom Point • to latitude 21°29'13" south, longitude 149°24' east • to latitude 21°30'40" south, longitude 149°28'55" east • to the northern tip of Cape Palmerston • along the mainland shore to the north-eastern tip of Allom Point 	part 11, division 7
Llewellyn Bay (dugong protection area)	<p>1 waters within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from the northern tip of Freshwater Point • to latitude 21°27'07" south, longitude 149°27'42" east • to latitude 21°30'40" south, longitude 149°28'55" east • to latitude 21°29'13" south, longitude 149°24' east • to the north-eastern tip of Allom Point • along the mainland shore to the northern tip of Freshwater Point <p>2 waterways adjoining the waters mentioned in item 1</p>	part 12

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Mackay (regional waterways)	the following waterways— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carmilla Creek • Louisa Creek • Pioneer River • Seaforth Creek • Victor Creek • Blackrock Creek • Hervey Creek • Dempster Creek • O’Connell River • Repulse Creek • Dingo Creek • Inlet Creek 	part 10, division 4
Louisa Creek	Louisa Creek (which flows into Dalrymple Bay) and adjoining waterways, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks	part 9, division 2
Pioneer River at the Marian, Mirani and Dumbleton weirs	Pioneer River from— <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Marian Weir; and (b) 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Mirani Weir; and (c) 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Dumbleton Weir 	part 5, division 5
Pioneer River (upstream)	Pioneer River and waterways joining it, upstream of Pioneer Bridge at Mackay	part 9, division 2
Pioneer River (downstream)	Pioneer River and waterways joining it, between F↑B signs near its banks and the western edge of Pioneer Bridge at Mackay	part 10, division 3
Constant Creek (near mouth)	waters within 1km out to sea from the mainland shore between F↑B signs on the shore near the banks of Constant Creek	part 10, division 4

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Constant Creek (upstream)	Constant Creek and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks	part 9, division 2
Reliance Creek, west of Eimeo	Reliance Creek and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks	part 9, division 2
St Helens Beach–Cape Hillsborough–North of Mackay waters	<p>1 waters within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 20°46.746' south, longitude 148°49.893' east • to latitude 20°46.746' south, longitude 148°53.131' east • to latitude 20°54.813' south, longitude 149°4.047' east • to latitude 20°56.205' south, longitude 149°4.047' east • to latitude 20°56.381' south, longitude 149°2.669' east • to latitude 20°55.571' south, longitude 149°1.679' east • then generally north westerly along the mainland shore to latitude 20°46.746' south, longitude 148°49.893' east <p>2 waterways flowing into the waters mentioned in item 1</p>	part 12A
Seaforth Creek	FRW-106	part 9, division 2
Victor Creek	FRW-108	part 9, division 2

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Stewart Peninsula–Newry Islands–Ball Bay (dugong protection area)	waters within the following boundary and adjoining waterways— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 20°45' south where it intersects the mainland shore • to latitude 20°45' south, longitude 148°50'42" east • to latitude 20°52'01" south, longitude 148°59'45" east • south along longitude 148°59'45" east where it intersects the mainland shore • along the mainland shore to latitude 20°45' south where it intersects the mainland shore 	part 11, division 7
Ball Bay–Sand Bay (dugong protection area)	1 waters within the following boundary— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from longitude 148°59'45" east where it intersects the mainland shore at Ball Bay to latitude 20°52'01" south, longitude 148°59'45" east • to latitude 20°56'49" south, longitude 149°06'47" east • to longitude 149°05'42" east where it intersects the shore of Sand Bay • along the mainland shore to longitude 148°59'45" east where it intersects the mainland shore at Ball Bay 2 waterways adjoining the waters mentioned in item 1	part 12

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Brampton Island–Pelican Island– Carlisle Island	<p>waters within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from an SF↑B sign at Sword Fish Point, Brampton Island to an SF↑B sign on the north-western tip of Carlisle Island • along the western and southern shores of Carlisle Island to an SF↑B sign at its south-eastern tip • to an SF↑B sign at the headland at the northern end of Turtle Bay, Brampton Island • along Brampton Island’s shore to the SF↑B sign at Sword Fish Point 	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
O’Connell River	O’Connell River and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks	part 10, division 3
Repulse Bay (dugong protection area)	<p>1 waters within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from the southern tip of Rocky Point to latitude 20°30'14" south, longitude 148°45'47" east • east to longitude 148°49'44" east • north along longitude 148°49'44" east to the mainland shore • along the mainland shore to the southern tip of Rocky Point <p>2 waterways adjoining the waters mentioned in item 1</p>	part 12
Proserpine River	waters of Proserpine River and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks	part 9, division 2
Seaforth Island	Seaforth Island’s foreshore waters and waters within 400m out to sea from the island’s shore at low water	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Lindeman Island	Lindeman Island’s southern and western foreshore waters and waters within 400m out to sea from the island’s shore at low water, between SF↑B signs at Dalwood Point, near the island’s western tip, and Boat Point (also known as Thumb Point)	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Long Island	Long Island's western foreshore waters and waters within 400m out to sea from the island's western shore at low water, between SF↑B signs at Fire Point and Base Point	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Pioneer Bay	FRW-111	part 9, division 2
Molle Island	<p>1 the following waters south of a line between Deedes Point, Molle Island (also known as South Molle Island) and the southern tip of Mid Molle Island—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Paddle Bay (immediately north of Kerr Point on the western shore of Molle Island) • Bauer (Moonlight) Bay (on the island's northern shore) <p>2 waters on the western foreshore of the causeway between an SF↑B sign at the southern tip of Molle Island and an SF↑B sign at Kerr Point, Molle Island, and waters within 400m out to sea from that part of the island's shore at low water</p>	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
West Molle Island	foreshore waters of West Molle Island (also known as Daydream Island) and waters within 400m out to sea from the island's shore at low water	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Hook Island (fishing)	FRW-116	part 4, division 2, subdivision 2
Hook Island (spearing)	<p>Hook Island's eastern and southern foreshore waters and waters within 400m out to sea from the eastern and southern shores at low water, between—</p> <p>(a) an SF↑B sign about 800m north of the headland at the northern end of Hook Passage between Hook Island and Whitsunday Island; and</p> <p>(b) an SF↑B sign at the western headland of Nara Inlet</p>	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Hayman Island	Hayman Island's southern and western foreshore waters and waters within 400m out to sea from the island's southern and western shores at low water, between SF↑B signs at Groper Point and the headland at the southern end of Blue Pearl Bay	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Edgecumbe Bay–Bowen (dugong protection area)	<p>1 waters within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from longitude 148°11'10" east where it intersects the mainland shore to the northern tip of Gloucester Head, Gloucester Island • along the western shore of Gloucester Island to longitude 148°27'22" east where it intersects the shore of the island • to the northern tip of Cape Gloucester • along the mainland shore to longitude 148°11'10" east where it intersects the mainland shore <p>2 waterways adjoining the waters mentioned in item 1</p>	part 12
Bowen Harbour and Magazine Island	foreshore waters of Bowen Harbour, between the southern bank of Doughty Creek and the eastern tip of the harbour's entrance	part 9, division 2
Main wharf at Port Denison, Bowen	waters under or within 100m of— (a) the main wharf at Port Denison, Bowen; and (b) a structure attached to the wharf	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Cape Edgecumbe	foreshore waters of the mainland and waters within 50m out to sea from the mainland shore at low water, between the public boat ramp at the bay known as Greys Bay and the headland at the eastern end of Horseshoe Bay	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Merinda Creek	Merinda Creek (also known as Meatworks Creek) and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks	part 9, division 2

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Burdekin–Townsville–Ingham (regional waterways)	the following waterways— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Elliott River • Rocky Pond Creek • Groper Creek • Yellow Gin Creek • Haughton River • Crocodile Creek • Alligator Creek • Ross Creek • Ross River • Bohle River • Cattle Creek • Palm Creek • Damper Creek 	part 10, division 4
Nobbies Inlet	Nobbies Inlet and waterways joining it, east of a line running north from a point 200m north-east of the northern bank of Sandy Creek to the northern bank of Nobbies Inlet	part 10, division 4
Burdekin River at Clare Weir	Burdekin River from 100m upstream to 200m downstream of Clare Weir	part 5, division 5
Queens Bay	Queens Bay west of a line from Cape Edgumbe to the northern bank of Don River	part 10, division 3
Upstart Bay (greater dugong protection area)	<p>1 waters within the following boundary and adjoining waterways—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 19°43'37" south where it intersects the mainland shore near Beach Hill to the western tip of Cape Upstart • along the mainland shore to latitude 19°43'37" south where it intersects the mainland shore near Beach Hill <p>2 waters adjoining the waters mentioned in item 1</p>	section 111

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Groper Creek, Yellow Gin Creek and the Burdekin River	1 Groper Creek and Yellow Gin Creek and adjoining waterways upstream of the line of longitude 147°35.35' east 2 Burdekin River and adjoining waterways upstream of the line of longitude 147°35.1' east	part 9, division 2
Burdekin River Anabranh	waters of Burdekin River Anabranh and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between an F↑B sign near the anabranh's northern bank and an F↑B sign at its opposite bank near the north-eastern tip of Rita Island	part 9, division 2
Burdekin River Anabranh mouth	waters within 1km out to sea from the mainland shore between a point 1km north along the shore from the northern bank of Burdekin River Anabranh and a point 500m south along the shore from the southern bank of the anabranh	part 10, division 4
Plantation Creek and Seaforth Creek	waters of Plantation Creek and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs on opposite sides of the creek at the downstream side of its junction with Seaforth Creek	part 9, division 2
Sheep Station Creek to Barratta Creek	FRW-207	part 10, division 4
Barramundi Creek	Barramundi Creek and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs on opposite sides of the creek near its junction with the channel known as the Short Cut	part 9, division 2
Haughton River and the Short Cut	1 Haughton River and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between an F↑B sign near the river's eastern bank (near Big Beach) and an F↑B sign on the opposite side of the river near the north-western tip of Connors Island 2 the channel known as the Short Cut, between Haughton River and Barramundi Creek	part 9, division 2

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Bowling Green Bay (dugong protection area)	<p>1 waters within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from the northern tip of Cape Cleveland to the northern tip of Cape Bowling Green • along the shore to the northern tip of Cape Cleveland <p>2 waterways adjoining the waters mentioned in item 1</p>	part 12
Townsville Harbour and Cleveland Bay	<p>1 Townsville Harbour between the following lines—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a line between latitude 19°14.587' south and longitude 146°50.014' east (near the tip of the rocks at the western breakwater) and latitude 19°14.569' south and longitude 146°50.130' east (near the eastern tip of the eastern breakwater) • a line between latitude 19°15.009' south and longitude 146°49.740' east (near the landward end of western breakwater of the harbour) and latitude 19°15.017' south and longitude 146°49.84' east <p>2 Cleveland Bay, outside Townsville Harbour, within 400m of the mainland shore at low water and between the following lines—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a line running north-east from the point on the shore, near the landward end of the oil tanker berth, where the eastern breakwater of Townsville Harbour meets the rock seawall at the breakwater's landward end • a line running north-east from Kissing Point 	part 9, division 2

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
	<p><i>Note—</i></p> <p>For item 2, the mainland shore—</p> <p>(a) at the harbour entrance, is taken to be a line from the seaward tip of the eastern breakwater to the northern tip of the rocks at the north-eastern end of the western breakwater; and</p> <p>(b) is taken to extend to the seaward tip of any artificial structure on the shore.</p>	
Cleveland Bay–Magnetic Island (dugong protection area)	<p>waters within the following boundary and adjoining waterways—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from longitude 146°39' east where it intersects the mainland shore to latitude 19°07.87' south where it intersects the coastal 500m line around Magnetic Island • along the coastal 500m line around Magnetic Island to where it intersects longitude 146°49.98' east • to the intersection of the coastal 500m line around Magnetic Island with longitude 146°51.70' east • along the coastal 500m line around Magnetic Island in a south-easterly direction to latitude 19°06.97' south • to the northern tip of Cape Cleveland • along the mainland shore to longitude 146°39' east 	part 11, division 7

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Rollingstone Creek	waters and adjoining waterways, within the following boundary— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 19°00.13' south, longitude 146°24.02' east to latitude 19°00.05' south, longitude 146°24.30' east to latitude 19°00.18' south, longitude 146°24.62' east • to latitude 19°00.56' south, longitude 146°24.73' east • to latitude 19°00.82' south, longitude 146°24.56' east • along the shore to latitude 19°00.13' south, longitude 146°24.02' east 	part 9, division 2
Victoria Creek	waters within the following boundary— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from the northern tip of the sand spit at the southern bank of Victoria Creek, along the shore to a line running north from the northern tip of the sand spit at the creek's southern bank • in a straight line to the northern tip of the sand spit at the southern bank of Victoria Creek 	part 10, division 4
Yanks Jetty at Orpheus Island	FRW-127	part 4, division 2, subdivision 2
Gentle Annie Creek	waters within 1km out to sea from the mainland shore between the northern bank of Gentle Annie Creek and a point 1km south along the shore from the creek's southern bank	part 10, division 4

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Lucinda to Allingham–Halifax Bay (dugong protection area)	<p>1 waters within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from the western end of the jetty where it intersects the shore of Lucinda Point along the northern side of the jetty to its seaward end to latitude 18°33'32" south, longitude 146°23'28" east • to latitude 18°37'41" south, longitude 146°23'02" east • to latitude 18°42'29" south, longitude 146°21'04" east • along latitude 18°42'29" south where it intersects the mainland shore near Allingham • along the mainland shore to the northern side of the western end of the jetty where it intersects the mainland shore of Lucinda Point <p>2 waterways adjoining the waters mentioned in item 1</p>	part 12
jetties at Dungeness and Lucinda Point	waters under, or within 100m of, each of the public jetties at Dungeness and Lucinda Point	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Herbert River	waters of Herbert River and waterways joining it, upstream of the bridge across the river on the Ingham to Halifax-Bemerside Road	part 9, division 2
Hinchinbrook Channel (all nets)	FRW-220	part 9, division 3

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Hinchinbrook Channel (set mesh nets)	waters within the following boundary— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from an F↑B sign at Neames Creek’s eastern bank at its eastern entrance, along the shore to the eastern bank of Seaforth Channel • north to the shore of Hinchinbrook Island • along Hinchinbrook Island’s shore to an F↑B sign at Fisherman Point • to the F↑B sign at Neames Creek’s eastern bank at its eastern entrance 	part 10, division 4
Hinchinbrook Channel (fishing apparatus area 1)	waters of Hinchinbrook Channel between the following lines— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a line from latitude 18°31.57' south, longitude 146°20.23' east (Lucinda Point) to latitude 18°29.09' south, longitude 146°19.61' east (George Point) • a line from latitude 18°14.82' south, longitude 146°04.20' east (Hecate Point) to latitude 18°13.94' south, longitude 146°01.08' east (the northern bank of Meunga Creek) 	part 6, division 4
Hinchinbrook Channel (fishing apparatus area 2)	Hinchinbrook Channel and waterways joining it, within the following boundary— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from an F↑B sign east of Round Hill near the north bank of the unnamed waterway that joins Hinchinbrook Channel (near latitude 18°21.79' south, longitude 146°07.55' east) • to an F↑B sign on Hinchinbrook Island near latitude 18°18.76' south, longitude 146°08.77' east • along the shore to an F↑B sign at Fisherman Point • to an F↑B sign at the eastern bank of Neames Creek (also known as Neames Inlet) • along the shore to the F↑B sign at the base of Round Hill 	part 9, division 2

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Macushla Point to Forkey's Creek (Hinchinbrook Island)	FRW-211	part 10, division 4
Meunga Creek	Meunga Creek (which flows into Rockingham Bay) and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks	part 9, division 2
Innisfail (regional waterways)	<p>the following waterways—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Meunga Creek • Wreck Creek • Dallachy Creek • Murray River • Tully River • Hull River • Moersby River 	part 10, division 4

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Hinchinbrook Island (dugong protection area)	<p>waters within the following boundary and adjoining waterways—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 18°12.795' south where it intersects the mainland shore to latitude 18°08.507' south, longitude 146°09.828' east • to latitude 18°08.517' south where it intersects the coastal 500m line around the Brook Islands • along the coastal 500m line around the Brook Islands to its intersection with longitude 146°18.233' east • to longitude 146°19.083' east where it intersects the coastal 500m line around Eva Island • along that coastal 500m line around Eva Island to its intersection with longitude 146°19.617' east • to the eastern tip of Hillock Point, Hinchinbrook Island • south easterly to the seaward end of the jetty at Lucinda Point • to the western end of the jetty along its northern side where it intersects the mainland shore • along the mainland shore to latitude 18°12.795' south where it intersects the mainland shore 	section 114
Murray River	Murray River (which flows into Rockingham Bay) and waterways joining it, upstream of a line running west across the river through the northern tip of the island at the banks of Bedford Creek	part 9, division 2
Richards Island	Richards Island's (also known as Bedarra Island) western and northern foreshore waters and waters within 400m out to sea from the island's shore at low water, between an SF↑B sign at the point known as Twin Monks Rock on the island's west coast, and an SF↑B sign at the area known as Three Sister Rocks at the island's northern tip	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Dunk Island	Dunk Island's western foreshore waters and waters within 400m out to sea from the island's shore at low water, between SF↑B signs at Tappa-ana near the island's south-western tip and Kar-tee at the island's northern tip	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Thompson Point to Flying Fish Point	waters within a boundary from Thompson Point, along the shore to Flying Fish Point (Johnstone River), then in a straight line to Thompson Point	part 10, division 4
Johnstone River	Johnstone River and waterways joining it, upstream of a line, across the river, passing through the western tip of Banana Island and the western tip of the island known as Bergin Island	part 9, division 2
Cairns and Port Douglas (regional waterways)	the following waterways — <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mulgrave River • Russell River • Mutchero Inlet • Daintree River • Annan River 	part 10, division 4
Russell River, Mulgrave River and Mutchero Inlet	Russell River, Mulgrave River, Mutchero Inlet, and waterways joining the rivers and inlet, upstream of a line between F↑B signs at Flirt Point and Constantine Point	part 9, division 2
Fitzroy Island–High Island	FRW-135	section 61
Mission Bay	FRW-139	part 4, division 2, subdivision 1
Trinity Inlet	FRW-313	part 9, division 2

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Trinity Bay	Trinity Bay and waterways joining it, other than Trinity Inlet, between the following lines— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a line from Stafford Point to the southern landward end of Marlin Jetty at the entrance to Trinity Inlet • a line from False Cape to Taylor Point 	part 9, division 2
Centenary Lakes, Cairns	FRW-137	part 4, division 2, subdivision 2
Trinity Bay–Cairns waters	<p>1 waters within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 16°46.517' south, longitude 145°41.686' east • to latitude 16°52.263' south, longitude 145°50.933' east • then generally south westerly along the mainland shore to latitude 16°55.196' south, longitude 145°47.377' east • then generally north westerly along the mainland shore to latitude 16°46.517' south, longitude 145°41.686' east <p>2 waterways flowing into the waters mentioned in item 1</p>	part 12A
Barron River area (netting)	waters within 500m out to sea from the shore between a point 1km north along the shore from the northern bank of Barron River and a point 1km along the shore from the river's southern bank	part 10, division 4
Barron River (fishing)	Barron River, at the place known as Barron Waters, between F↑B signs on opposite sides of the river near its junction with Stony Creek and near its junction with Camp Oven Creek	part 4, division 2, subdivision 2
Mossman River area	waters within 500m out to sea from the shore between a point 1km north along the shore from the Mossman River's northern bank and a point 1km south along the shore from the river's southern bank	part 10, division 4

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Daintree River	Daintree River and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks	part 9, division 2
Bloomfield River	Bloomfield River and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks	part 9, division 2
Annan River	Annan River and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs on opposite sides of the river about 800m downstream from the bridge across the river on the Cooktown Developmental Road	part 9, division 2
Endeavour River	Endeavour River and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between an F↑B sign about 400m downstream of No. 1 Public Wharf at Cooktown and an F↑B sign on Sachs Spit about 400m north of Point Saunders (also known as St. Patrick's Point)	part 9, division 2
Cooktown wharf and nearby pontoons	waters under, or within 100m of, the main wharf at Cooktown and any of the pontoons located just upstream of the wharf	part 7, division 3, subdivision 3
Bizant River, Princess Charlotte Bay	(a) German Bar Lagoon; and (b) waters of Bizant River from the road crossing known as German Bar downstream for 2km	part 4, division 2, subdivision 2
Bizant River, North Kennedy River and Normanby River	the following waters and adjoining waterways— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • waters of Bizant River upstream of the line of latitude 14°28'57" south • waters of North Kennedy River upstream of the line of latitude 14°29'40" south • waters of Normanby River upstream of the line of latitude 14°24'08" south 	part 9, division 2
Mission River, Embley River and Hey River	Mission, Embley and Hey Rivers and waterways joining them, upstream of a line from an F↑B sign at Andoomajettie Point to F↑B signs at Kerr Point and Urquhart Point	part 9, division 2
North Cape York	FRW-223	section 59

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Torres Strait near Hammond Island	waters within the following boundary— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from Turtle Head, Hammond Island, to Hammond Rock • to 1n mile east of Menmuir Point, Hammond Island • to the northern tip of Kapuda Island • to Bruce Point, Hammond Island • along the eastern shore of Hammond Island to Turtle Head 	part 4, division 2, subdivision 1
Darnley Island	foreshore waters of Darnley Island, Torres Strait west of longitude 143°46'4" east	section 63
Gulf of Carpentaria waters	the following waters— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • tidal waters west of longitude 142°31'49" east • waterways that flow into the Gulf of Carpentaria south of the intersection of longitude 142°31'49" east with the mainland shore 	part 5, division 3, subdivision 2
Port Musgrave and Wenlock River	FRW-274	part 10, division 5
Pine River (north of Weipa)	FRW-256	section 74 part 9, division 2
Watson River	FRW-258	part 9, division 2
Kirke River	FRW-285	part 9, division 2
Chapman River	FRW-260	part 9, division 2
Chapman River to Moonkan Creek	FRW-261	part 9, division 2

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Moonkan Creek	FRW-259	part 9, division 2
Mitchell River	FRW-262	part 9, division 2
South Mitchell River	FRW-227	part 4, division 2, subdivision 1
Staaten River	FRW-263	part 9, division 2
Gilbert River	FRW-264	part 9, division 2
Bronco's Creek	FRW-265	part 9, division 2
Norman River (downstream)	FRW-266A	part 9, division 2
Norman River (upstream)	FRW-266B	part 9, division 2
Bynoe River and Little Bynoe River	FRW-267	part 9, division 2
Flinders River and Armstrong Creek	FRW-268	part 9, division 2
Albert River	FRW-269	part 9, division 2
Nicholson River	FRW-270	part 9, division 2
Gin Arm Creek	FRW-271	part 9, division 2

Schedule 1

1	2	3
Name of regulated waters	Description of regulated waters	Regulating provisions for the waters in chapter 2
Wellesley Islands Protected Wildlife Area	FRW-275	part 10, division 5
Elizabeth River (Mornington Island)	FRW-272	part 9, division 2
Sandalwood Place River (Mornington Island)	FRW-273	part 9, division 2

Schedule 2 Regulated fish declarations

sections 130(1), 131 to 138, 141 to 143 and 694

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Meaning of symbols used in sch 2

In column 2, for an entry identifying a fish in column 1—

F means the fish is regulated by form; and

G means the fish is regulated by gender or regulated reproductive capacity; and

N means the fish is regulated by number; and

S means the fish is regulated by size; and

V means the fish is regulated by volume; and

W means the fish is regulated by weight.

Part 2 Fish regulated separately

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
amberjack	S	less than 50cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
Australian bass	N	more than 2	a person taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 30cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
Australian lungfish			a person taking or possessing the fish

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
banded rainbowfish, blackbanded rainbowfish, Cairns rainbowfish, chequered rainbowfish, crimson spotted rainbowfish, desert rainbowfish, Eastern rainbowfish, Lake Eacham rainbowfish, McCulloch's rainbowfish, Murray River rainbowfish, ornate rainbowfish, threadfish rainbowfish or Utchee Creek rainbowfish	N	more than 20 of each species	a person taking or possessing the fish
Barcoo grunter	S	less than 30cm	a person taking or possessing the fish

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
barramundi			a recreational fisher— (a) taking the fish by using a spear from 6p.m. to 6a.m.; or (b) possessing the fish taken under paragraph (a)
	N	more than 5	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 58cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
	S	more than 120cm	a person taking or possessing the fish unless— (a) the person takes and possesses only 1 fish from a prescribed barramundi waterway; and (b) the person is not in possession of the barramundi while the person takes fish in waters, other than a prescribed barramundi waterway
barramundi cod			a person taking or possessing the fish
barred javelin	F	filleted—	a recreational fisher possessing the fish on a boat
	S	(a) with the skin removed; or (b) less than 26cm	
	N	more than 20 fillets of the fish	a recreational fisher possessing the fish taken in the Gulf of Carpentaria waters
	F		
	N	more than 10	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
beachworm or part of a beachworm	N	more than 30	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
billfish			a person taking or possessing the fish for trade or commerce
bivalve mollusc or gastropod, other than pipi			a person— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) taking the fish in— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the Moreton Bay Marine Park mentioned and described in the <i>Marine Parks (Declaration) Regulation 2006</i>, schedule 1; or (ii) tidal waters or foreshores of waterways that flow into the marine park; or (b) possessing the fish taken under paragraph (a)
black jewfish			1 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in waters other than the Gulf of Carpentaria waters is more than 20t—a person taking the fish for trade or commerce in the waters or possessing the fish taken for trade or commerce in the waters 2 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in the Gulf of Carpentaria waters is more than 6t—a person taking the fish for trade or commerce in the waters or possessing the fish taken for trade or commerce in the waters
	F	the fish in a form other than whole	a person possessing the fish on a boat
	N	more than 1	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 60cm	a person taking the fish in the Gulf of Carpentaria waters or possessing the fish taken in the waters
	S	less than 75cm	a person taking the fish in waters other than the Gulf of Carpentaria waters or possessing the fish taken in the waters

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
blacklip pearl oyster	S	less than 9cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
blackspotted rockcod	S	less than 38cm and more than 120cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
black teatfish			a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
bloodworm or part of a bloodworm	N	more than 50	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
Bloomfield River cod			a person taking or possessing the fish
bluespotted coral trout	F	<p>the fish in a form other than—</p> <p>(a) whole; or</p> <p>(b) gilled and gutted</p> <p><i>Note—</i></p> <p>See also section 151 (Form of regulated coral reef fin fish for extended licensed charter fishing trip).</p>	a person possessing the fish on a boat
	S	less than 50cm or more than 80cm	a person taking or possessing the fish

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
blue swimmer crab	N	more than 100	a person taking the fish— (a) for trade or commerce under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'M1', 'M2' or 'T5'; and (b) in the Moreton Bay (whole) waters or waterways adjoining the waters
	N	more than 500 (see also note 3)	for each continuous period of fishing of 7 days, or part of 7 days—a person taking the fish for trade or commerce under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'T1', 'T2', 'T5', 'T6', 'T7', 'T8' or 'T9' in waters other than the following— (a) Moreton Bay (whole) waters; (b) waterways adjoining the waters mentioned in paragraph (a)
	F	the crab with its carapace separated from the body	a person possessing the fish
	G	female blue swimmer crab	a person taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 11.5cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
blue threadfin	N	more than 20	a recreational fisher taking the fish in the Gulf of Carpentaria waters or possessing the fish taken in the waters
	N	more than 10	a recreational fisher taking the fish in waters other than the Gulf of Carpentaria waters or possessing the fish taken in the waters
	S	less than 40cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
camouflage grouper	S	less than 50cm or more than 70cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
chinaman fish			a person taking or possessing the fish

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
cobia	N	more than 2	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
a regulated cod, rockcod or grouper, other than camouflage grouper, flowery rockcod, greasy rockcod or Maori rockcod	S	less than 75cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
a regulated coral reef fin fish	F	a form, other than— (a) whole; or (b) gilled and gutted; or (c) filleted <i>Note—</i> See also section 151 (Form of regulated coral reef fin fish for extended licensed charter fishing trip).	a person possessing the fish on a commercial fishing boat subject to the regulated fish declaration under the entry below for filleted regulated coral reef fin fish
	F	filleted <i>Note—</i> See also section 151.	a person possessing the fish on a commercial fishing boat unless the fish has been filleted under a filleting permit

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
a regulated coral reef fin fish, other than bluespotted coral trout	F	the fish in a form other than— (a) whole; or (b) gilled and gutted <i>Note—</i> See also section 151 (Form of regulated coral reef fin fish for extended licensed charter fishing trip).	1 a recreational fisher possessing the fish on a boat 2 item 1 does not apply to the fish in the form of a fillet if— (a) the fillet is at least 40cm long, measured along its longest plane; and (b) all the skin of the fillet is attached to the fillet
a regulated coral reef fin fish, other than regulated common coral trout or redthroat emperor	F	live fish	a recreational fisher possessing the fish on a boat unless the fisher intends to display the fish in an aquarium
a regulated coral trout	F	live fish	a recreational fisher possessing the fish on a boat
a regulated coral trout, other than bluespotted coral trout	S	less than 38cm	a person taking or possessing the fish

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
crab	F	a claw of a crab separated from the crab's body	a person possessing the crab's claw for trade or commerce or selling the crab's claw unless the person also possesses or has sold— (a) the crab's body, including the carapace, intact; and (b) the other claw, if the crab was taken with 2 claws
	F	a claw of a crab separated from the crab's body	a recreational fisher possessing the crab's claw unless the fisher also possesses the crab's body, including the carapace, intact
	F	crab meat	a person possessing the crab meat
crimson snapper	S	less than 40cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
cuttlefish	W	more than 260kg	a person taking or possessing the fish on a boat identified in a T4 fishery licence
deepwater bug	F	the bug with its carapace damaged or separated from the body	a person possessing the fish on a boat
	F	bug-meat	a person possessing the fish on a boat
	G	an egg bearing female	a person possessing the fish
	G	a female from which the eggs have been removed	a person possessing the fish on a commercial fishing boat
	S	less than 7.5cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
diamondscale mullet	N	more than 20	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 30cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
Dorab wolf herring	N	more than 10	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
dusky flathead	N	more than 5	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 40cm or more than 75cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
Edgbaston hardyhead or Myross hardyhead			a person taking or possessing the fish in the Thomson River Catchment
eel	S	less than 30cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
a regulated emperor, other than longnose emperor, spangled emperor or redthroat emperor	S	less than 25cm	a person taking or possessing the fish, unless the person— (a) takes the fish for trade or commerce under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol ‘A1’ or ‘A2’; or (b) possesses the fish taken under paragraph (a)
a species of regulated emperor, other than redthroat emperor	N	more than 5 (see also note 1)	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
fin fish other than regulated coral reef fin fish	F	the fish with the skin removed <i>Note—</i> See also section 153 (Form of other particular fin fish for extended licensed charter fishing trip).	a recreational fisher possessing the fish on a boat
	F	the fish divided into portions in a way that does not allow an inspector to count the number of the fish reasonably easily	a recreational fisher possessing the fish
fish of the sub family <i>Sicydiinae</i>			a person taking or possessing the fish
flathead other than dusky flathead	N	more than 5	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 30cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
flowery rockcod	S	less than 50cm or more than 70cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
freshwater catfish	S	less than 35cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
freshwater mullet	N	more than 20	a person taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 30cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
garfish	N	more than 50	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
giant clam			a person taking or possessing the fish

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
giant queenfish	N	more than 5	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 50cm	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
goldenline whiting	S	less than 23cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
golden perch	N	more than 10	a person taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 30cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
golden snapper	N	more than 5	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 35cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
goldlip pearl oyster	S	less than 13cm or more than 23cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
goldspotted rockcod	S	less than 38cm and more than 120cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
grass emperor	N	more than 10	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 30cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
greasy rockcod	S	less than 38cm or more than 100cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
green snail	W	less than 280g	a person taking or possessing the fish
grey mackerel	N	more than 5	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	N	more than 15	if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in waters east of longitude 142°31'49" is more than 250 tonnes—a person taking the fish for trade or commerce in, or possessing the fish taken for trade or commerce in, the waters
	S	less than 60cm	a person taking or possessing the fish

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
grey reef shark	F	the fish, or the tail or fins of the fish, if the tail or any of the fins are removed from the body of the fish	a person possessing the fish, or the tail or fins of the fish on a boat
	F	filleted	a person possessing the fish on a boat
	N	more than 1	a person taking or possessing the fish
	S	more than 150cm or interdorsal length more than 60cm	<p>a person taking or possessing the fish, unless the person is acting under a licence on which is written—</p> <p>(a) the fishery symbols—</p> <p>(i) ‘N1’, ‘N2’, ‘N4’, ‘N10’, ‘N11’, ‘K1’, ‘K2’, ‘K3’, ‘K4’, ‘K5’, ‘K6’, ‘K7’ or ‘K8’; and</p> <p>(ii) ‘S’; or</p> <p>(b) the fishery symbol ‘N3’</p>

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
guitarfish	F	the fish, or the tail or fins of the fish, if the tail or any of the fins are removed from the body of the fish	a person possessing the fish, or the tail or fins of the fish on a boat
	F	filleted	a person possessing the fish on a boat
	N	more than 1	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	more than 150cm or interdorsal length more than 60cm	a person taking or possessing the fish, unless the person is acting under a licence on which is written— (a) the fishery symbols— (i) ‘N1’, ‘N2’, ‘N4’, ‘N10’, ‘N11’, ‘K1’, ‘K2’, ‘K3’, ‘K4’, ‘K5’, ‘K6’, ‘K7’ or ‘K8’; and (ii) ‘S’; or (b) the fishery symbol ‘N3’
gulf grunter	S	less than 28cm	a person taking or possessing the fish

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
hammerhead shark	N	more than 4	<p>1 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in waters north of latitude 24°30' south and east of longitude 142°31'49" east is more than 58.5t—a person taking the fish in, or possessing the fish taken in, the waters while acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'L2', 'L3', 'L8' or 'S'</p> <p>2 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in waters south of latitude 24°30' south is more than 16.5t—a person taking the fish in, or possessing the fish taken in, the waters while acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'L1', 'L8' or 'S'</p> <p>3 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in the Gulf of Carpentaria waters is more than 37.5t—a person taking the fish in, or possessing the fish taken in, the waters while acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'L4'</p>

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
	N	more than 10	<p>1 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in waters north of latitude 24°30' south and east of longitude 142°31'49" east is more than 58.5t—a person taking the fish in, or possessing the fish taken in, the waters while acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'N1', 'N2', 'N4', 'N10', 'N11', 'K1', 'K2', 'K3', 'K4', 'K5', 'K6', 'K7', 'K8' or 'S'</p> <p>2 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in waters south of latitude 24°30' south is more than 16.5t—a person taking the fish in, or possessing the fish taken in, the waters while acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'N1', 'N2', 'N4', 'N10', 'N11', 'K1', 'K2', 'K3', 'K4', 'K5', 'K6', 'K7', 'K8' or 'S'</p> <p>3 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in the Gulf of Carpentaria waters is more than 37.5t—a person taking the fish in, or possessing the fish taken in, the waters while acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'N3', 'N11', 'N12' or 'N13'</p>

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
	N	1 or more	<p>1 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in waters north of latitude 24°30' south and east of longitude 142°31'49" east is more than 78t—a person taking the fish, or possessing the fish taken, in the waters for trade or commerce</p> <p>2 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in waters south of latitude 24°30' south is more than 22t—a person taking the fish, or possessing the fish taken, in the waters for trade or commerce</p> <p>3 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in the Gulf of Carpentaria waters is more than 50t—a person taking the fish, or possessing the fish taken, in the waters for trade or commerce</p>
	F	the fish in a form other than the whole fish with fins naturally attached, or gilled and gutted with fins naturally attached	<p>1 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in waters north of latitude 24°30' south and east of longitude 142°31'49" east is more than 58.5t—a person possessing the fish, taken in the waters for trade or commerce, on a boat</p> <p>2 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in waters south of latitude 24°30' south is more than 16.5t—a person possessing the fish, taken in the waters for trade or commerce, on a boat</p> <p>3 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in the Gulf of Carpentaria waters is more than 37.5t—a person possessing the fish, taken in the waters for trade or commerce, on a boat</p>

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
helmet shell			a person taking or possessing the fish
humphead Maori wrasse			a person taking or possessing the fish
hussar	N	more than 10 (see also note 1)	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 25cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
prescribed jobfish	S	less than 38cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
jungle perch			a person taking or possessing the fish if the person is in possession of a spotted flagtail
	N	more than 1	a person taking or possessing the fish if the prohibition on taking the fish under the regulated fish declaration above does not apply
	S	more than 35cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
king threadfin	N	more than 5	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 60cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
longfin eel	S	less than 30cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
longnose emperor	S	less than 38cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
luderick	N	more than 10	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 30cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
mahī mahī	N	more than 5	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 50cm	a person taking or possessing the fish

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
mangrove jack	N	more than 5	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish in waters other than the Gulf of Carpentaria waters
	N	more than 5	a person taking the fish in the Gulf of Carpentaria waters
	S	less than 35cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
manta ray			a person taking or possessing the fish unless the person takes or possesses the fish under an agreement with the State for taking, tagging or disposing of the fish
mantis shrimp	V	more than 0.0153m ³	a person taking or possessing the fish if— (a) the fish has been taken under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol ‘T1’, ‘T2’, ‘T5’, ‘T6’, ‘T7’, ‘T8’ or ‘T9’; and (b) the fish has been taken in the Moreton Bay (whole) waters or waterways adjoining the waters; and (c) the fish is frozen
	V	more than 15L	a person taking or possessing the fish if— (a) the fish has been taken under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol ‘T1’, ‘T2’, ‘T5’, ‘T6’, ‘T7’, ‘T8’ or ‘T9’; and (b) the fish has been taken in the Moreton Bay (whole) waters or waterways adjoining the waters; and (c) the fish is not frozen
Maori rockcod	S	less than 45cm	a person taking or possessing the fish

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
Mary River cod			<p>1 a person taking the fish unless—</p> <p>(a) the person is a recreational fisher and takes only 1 of the fish in waters upstream of the impounded waters held at full supply level by the following dams—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bill Gunn • Cressbrook • Hinze • Lake Clarendon • Maroon • Moogerah • North Pine • Somerset • Wivenhoe; and <p>(b) the fish is taken from 1 December to 31 August; and</p> <p>(c) the fish is more than 50cm</p> <p>2 a person possessing the fish unless the fish is taken under item 1(a) and (b) and complies with item 1(c)</p>
Moreton Bay bug	F	the bug with its carapace damaged or separated from the body	a person possessing the fish on a boat
	F	bug-meat	a person possessing the fish on a boat
	S	less than 7.5cm	a person taking or possessing the fish

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
mud crab	F	the crab with its carapace separated from the body	a person possessing the fish
	N	more than 10	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	G	female mud crab	a person taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 15cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
mulloway	N	more than 2	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 75cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
Murray cod	N	more than 2	a person taking or possessing the fish in the waters of the Murray–Darling Drainage Division
	S	less than 60cm or more than 110cm	a person— (a) taking the fish in the waters of the Murray–Darling Drainage Division; or (b) possessing the fish taken in the waters mentioned in paragraph (a)
Northern bluefin tuna			a person taking or possessing the fish for trade or commerce
Northern saratoga			a person taking or possessing the fish if the person is in possession of a Southern saratoga
	N	more than 1	a person taking or possessing the fish if the prohibition on taking the fish under the regulated fish declaration above does not apply
	S	less than 50cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
Northern whiting	S	less than 23cm	a person taking or possessing the fish

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
octopus	V	more than 0.0612m ³ (see also note 3)	for each continuous period of fishing of 7 days, or part of 7 days—a person possessing the fish if— (a) the fish has been taken under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol ‘M1’, ‘M2’, ‘T1’, ‘T2’, ‘T5’, ‘T6’, ‘T7’, ‘T8’ or ‘T9’; and (b) the fish is frozen
	V	more than 66L (see also note 3)	for each continuous period of fishing of 7 days, or part of 7 days—a person possessing the fish if— (a) the fish has been taken under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol ‘M1’, ‘M2’, ‘T1’, ‘T2’, ‘T5’, ‘T6’, ‘T7’, ‘T8’ or ‘T9’; and (b) the fish is not frozen
	W	more than 100kg	a person taking or possessing the fish on a boat identified in a T4 fishery licence
oyster			a person taking or possessing the oyster unless— (a) the person eats the oyster where the person took it; or (b) the oyster has been grown under an authority or a development approval for prescribed aquaculture development; or (c) the person takes the oyster for trade or commerce under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol ‘O’; or (d) possesses the oyster taken under paragraph (c)
Pacific shortfin eel	S	less than 30cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
paddletail			a person taking or possessing the fish

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
painted crayfish	S	carapace less than 90mm and tail less than 115mm	a person taking or possessing the fish
a species of regulated parrotfish	N	more than 5 (see also note 1)	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 25cm	a person taking or possessing the fish, unless the person— (a) takes the fish for trade or commerce under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'A1' or 'A2'; or (b) possesses the fish taken under paragraph (a)
pearl perch	N	more than 5 (see also note 2)	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 35cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
pigfish	S	less than 25cm	a person taking or possessing the fish, other than— (a) a person taking the fish for trade or commerce under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'A1' or 'A2'; or (b) a person possessing the fish taken under paragraph (a)
pikey bream	S	less than 23cm	a person taking the fish before 1 March 2010 or possessing the fish taken before that day
	S	less than 25cm	a person taking the fish on or after 1 March 2010 or possessing the fish taken on or after that day
pipefish	N	for a boat in a trawl fishery—more than 50 for each boat	a person taking or possessing the fish
potato rockcod			a person taking or possessing the fish

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
prawn	V	more than 10L	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	F	prawns with the head or other part removed	a recreational fisher possessing the fish
Queensland groper			a person taking or possessing the fish
ray (other than guitarfish, manta ray and shovelnose ray)	F	the fish divided into portions in a way that does not allow an inspector to count the number of the fish reasonably easily	a person possessing the fish on a boat
	F	the fish, or its tail or fins unless its tail and all of its fins are secured to the body	a person possessing the fish taken in waters east of longitude 142°31'49" east unless the person is acting under a commercial fishing boat licence on which is written the fishery symbols— (a) 'N1', 'N2', 'N4', 'N10', 'N11', 'K1', 'K2', 'K3', 'K4', 'K5', 'K6', 'K7' or 'K8'; and (b) 'S'
	F	the fin or tail separated from the body of the fish	a person possessing the fin or tail on a boat unless the person also possesses, on the boat, the body of the fish from which the fin or tail was taken
	F	filleted	a person possessing the fish taken in waters east of longitude 142°31'49" east unless the person is acting under a commercial fishing boat licence on which is written the fishery symbols— (a) 'N1', 'N2', 'N4', 'N10', 'N11', 'K1', 'K2', 'K3', 'K4', 'K5', 'K6', 'K7' or 'K8'; and (b) 'S'

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
	N	more than 1	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	N	more than 4	<p>1 a person taking the fish while acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'L1', 'L2', 'L3' or 'L8', unless the person is also acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'S'</p> <p>2 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in waters north of latitude 24°30' south and east of longitude 142°31'49" east is more than 480t—a person taking the fish in, or possessing the fish taken in, the waters while acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'L2', 'L3' or 'L8'</p> <p>3 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in waters south of latitude 24°30' south is more than 120t—a person taking the fish in, or possessing the fish taken in, the waters while acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'L1' or 'L8'</p>

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
	N	more than 10	<p>1 a person taking the fish while acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'N1', 'N2', 'N4', 'N10', 'N11', 'K1', 'K2', 'K3', 'K4', 'K5', 'K6', 'K7' or 'K8', unless the person is also acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'S'</p> <p>2 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in waters north of latitude 24°30' south and east of longitude 142°31'49" east is more than 480t—a person taking the fish in, or possessing the fish taken in, the waters while acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'N1', 'N2', 'N4', 'N10', 'N11', 'K1', 'K2', 'K3', 'K4', 'K5', 'K6', 'K7' or 'K8'</p> <p>3 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in waters south of latitude 24°30' south is more than 120t—a person taking the fish in, or possessing the fish taken in, the waters while acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'N1', 'N2', 'N4', 'N10', 'N11', 'K1', 'K2', 'K3', 'K4', 'K5', 'K6', 'K7' or 'K8'</p>

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
	S	more than 150cm or interdorsal length more than 60cm	<p>a person taking or possessing the fish, unless the person is acting under a licence on which is written—</p> <p>(a) the fishery symbols—</p> <p>(i) ‘N1’, ‘N2’, ‘N4’, ‘N10’, ‘N11’, ‘K1’, ‘K2’, ‘K3’, ‘K4’, ‘K5’, ‘K6’, ‘K7’ or ‘K8’; and</p> <p>(ii) ‘S’; or</p> <p>(b) the fishery symbol ‘N3’, ‘N12’ or ‘N13’.</p>
red bass			a person taking or possessing the fish
redbreast Maori wrasse	S	less than 25cm	<p>a person taking or possessing the fish, unless the person—</p> <p>(a) takes the fish for trade or commerce under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol ‘A1’ or ‘A2’; or</p> <p>(b) possesses the fish taken under paragraph (a)</p>
red champagne lobster	G	an egg bearing female	a person possessing the fish
	S	width of carapace less than 7.5cm	a person taking or possessing the fish

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
redclaw	G	a female carrying eggs or young	<p>a person taking the fish in the following waters (<i>redclaw waters</i>) or possessing the fish taken in the waters—</p> <p>(a) the Gulf of Carpentaria Drainage Division;</p> <p>(b) waters within the following river basins in the east coast drainage division—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hann (with the river basin reference number 1050) • Jacky Jacky • Lockhart • Normanby • Olive • Pascoe • Stewart
	N	more than 40	a person taking or possessing the fish in redclaw waters
	F	alive	a person using the fish as live bait in non-tidal waters other than the waters mentioned in schedule 10D, part 1
red emperor	S	less than 55cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
redthroat emperor	N	more than 8 (see also note 1)	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 38cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
	F	live fish	a recreational fisher possessing the fish on a boat
river blackfish			a person taking or possessing the fish
saddletail snapper	S	less than 40cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
samsonfish	S	less than 50cm	a person taking or possessing the fish

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
sandtiger shark			a person taking or possessing the fish
sand whiting	S	less than 23cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
saucer scallop	F	scallop meat that has been removed from the shell	a person possessing the fish on a boat unless— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="675 615 1127 728">(a) the fish were processed on a commercial fishing boat in the waters mentioned in the East Coast Trawl Plan, schedule 3; and <li data-bbox="675 742 1127 828">(b) the licence for the boat is a ‘T1’ licence under the East Coast Trawl Plan; and <li data-bbox="675 842 1127 897">(c) the person in control of the boat is a commercial fisher
	N S	more than the threshold percentage of 7% of fish less than 9cm	a person taking, possessing or selling the fish
sawfish			a person taking or possessing the fish
scaly jewfish	S	less than 45cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
school mackerel	N	more than 10	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 50cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
sea cucumber, other than black teatfish	N	more than 5	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
sea mullet	N	more than 20	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 30cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
shark mackerel	N	more than 10	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 50cm	a person taking or possessing the fish

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
shark (other than grey reef shark, whitetip reef shark, speartooth shark, white shark and sandtiger shark)	F	the fish divided into portions in a way that does not allow an inspector to count the number of the fish reasonably easily	a person possessing the fish on a boat
	F	the fish, or its tail or fins unless its tail and all of its fins are secured to the body	a person possessing the fish on a boat that is taken in waters east of longitude 142°31'49" east unless the person is acting under a commercial fishing boat licence on which is written the fishery symbols— (a) 'N1', 'N2', 'N4', 'N10', 'N11', 'K1', 'K2', 'K3', 'K4', 'K5', 'K6', 'K7' or 'K8'; and (b) 'S'
	F	the fin or tail separated from the body of the fish	a person possessing the fin or tail on a boat unless the person also possesses, on the boat, the body of the fish from which the fin or tail was taken
	F	filleted	a person possessing the fish on a boat that is taken in waters east of longitude 142°31'49" east unless the person is acting under a commercial fishing boat licence on which is written the fishery symbols— (a) 'N1', 'N2', 'N4', 'N10', 'N11', 'K1', 'K2', 'K3', 'K4', 'K5', 'K6', 'K7' or 'K8'; and (b) 'S'

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
	N	more than 1	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	N	more than 4	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="672 515 1140 693">1 a person taking the fish while acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'L1', 'L2', 'L3' or 'L8', unless the person is also acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'S' <li data-bbox="672 693 1140 975">2 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in waters north of latitude 24°30' south and east of longitude 142°31'49" east is more than 480t—a person taking the fish in, or possessing the fish taken in, the waters while acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'L2', 'L3' or 'L8' <li data-bbox="672 975 1140 1221">3 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in waters south of latitude 24°30' south is more than 120t—a person taking the fish in, or possessing the fish taken in, the waters while acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'L1' or 'L8'

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
	N	more than 10	<p>1 a person taking the fish while acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'N1', 'N2', 'N4', 'N10', 'N11', 'K1', 'K2', 'K3', 'K4', 'K5', 'K6', 'K7' or 'K8', unless the person is also acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'S'</p> <p>2 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in waters north of latitude 24°30' south and east of longitude 142°31'49" east is more than 480t—a person taking the fish in, or possessing the fish taken in, the waters while acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'N1', 'N2', 'N4', 'N10', 'N11', 'K1', 'K2', 'K3', 'K4', 'K5', 'K6', 'K7' or 'K8'</p> <p>3 if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish in waters south of latitude 24°30' south is more than 120t—a person taking the fish in, or possessing the fish taken in, the waters while acting under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'N1', 'N2', 'N4', 'N10', 'N11', 'K1', 'K2', 'K3', 'K4', 'K5', 'K6', 'K7' or 'K8'</p>

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
	S	more than 150cm or interdorsal length more than 60cm	a person taking or possessing the fish, unless the person is acting under a licence on which is written— (a) the fishery symbols— (i) ‘N1’, ‘N2’, ‘N4’, ‘N10’, ‘N11’, ‘K1’, ‘K2’, ‘K3’, ‘K4’, ‘K5’, ‘K6’, ‘K7’ or ‘K8’; and (ii) ‘S’; or (b) the fishery symbol ‘N3’, ‘N11’, ‘N12’ or ‘N13’
	W F	more than 100kg of the fish in filleted form	a person taking the fish in the Gulf of Carpentaria waters or possessing the fish taken in the waters while acting under a commercial fishing boat licence or developmental fishing permit authorising the taking of fish for trade or commerce using a fishing line
shovel-nosed lobster	F	the bug with its carapace damaged or separated from the body	a person possessing the fish on a boat
	F	bug-meat	a person possessing the fish on a boat
	G	an egg bearing female	a person possessing the fish
	G	a female from which the eggs have been removed	a person possessing the fish on a commercial fishing boat
	S	less than 7.5cm	a person taking or possessing the fish

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
shovelnose ray	F	the fish, or the tail or fins of the fish, if the tail or any of the fins are removed from the body of the fish	a person possessing the fish, tail or fins on a boat
	F	filleted	a person possessing the fish on a boat
	N	more than 1	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	more than 150cm or interdorsal length more than 60cm	a person taking or possessing the fish, unless the person is acting under a licence on which is written— (a) the fishery symbols— (i) ‘N1’, ‘N2’, ‘N4’, ‘N10’, ‘N11’, ‘K1’, ‘K2’, ‘K3’, ‘K4’, ‘K5’, ‘K6’, ‘K7’ or ‘K8’; and (ii) ‘S’; or (b) the fishery symbol ‘N3’
silver javelin	N	more than 10	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 30cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
silver perch			a person— (a) taking the fish in the waters of the Paroo River Basin or Warrego River Basin, other than waters on privately owned land that are not part of a waterway; or (b) or possessing the fish taken under paragraph (a)
	S	less than 30cm	a person taking or possessing the fish

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
slipper lobster	G	egg bearing slipper lobster	a person taking or possessing the fish
	N	more than 20 (see also note 3)	for each continuous period of fishing of 7 days, or part of 7 days—a person taking the fish for trade or commerce under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'T1' or 'T2' in waters other than the following— (a) Moreton Bay (whole) waters; (b) waterways adjoining the waters mentioned in paragraph (a)
smooth bug	F	the bug with its carapace damaged or separated from the body	a person possessing the fish on a boat
	F	bug-meat	a person possessing the fish on a boat
	G	an egg bearing female	a person possessing the fish
	G	a female from which the eggs have been removed	a person possessing the fish on a commercial fishing boat
	S	less than 10.5cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
snapper	N	more than 4 (see also note 2)	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	N S	more than 1 fish of more than 70cm	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 35cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
sooty grunter	S	less than 28cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
Southern bluefin tuna			a person taking or possessing the fish for trade or commerce

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
Southern saratoga			a person taking or possessing the fish if the person is in possession of a Northern saratoga
	N	more than 1	a person taking or possessing the fish if the prohibition on taking the fish under the regulated fish declaration above does not apply
	S	less than 50cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
Southern shortfin eel	S	less than 30cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
spangled emperor	S	less than 45cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
spanish mackerel	N	more than 3 (see also note 2)	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 75cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
spanner crab	G	an egg-bearing female	a person taking or possessing the fish
	N	more than 20	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	a carapace less than 10cm if the carapace is not damaged	a person taking or possessing the fish
	S	a sternite less than 3.7cm if the carapace is separated from the body or damaged	a person taking or possessing the fish
speartooth shark			a person taking or possessing the fish
spiny crayfish			a person taking or possessing the fish

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
spotted flagtail			a person taking or possessing the fish if the person is in possession of a jungle perch
	N	more than 1	a person taking or possessing the fish if the prohibition on taking the fish under the regulated fish declaration above does not apply
	S	more than 35cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
spotted mackerel	N	more than 50	if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish is not more than 100t—a person using a commercial fishing net to take the fish for trade or commerce or possessing the fish taken in that way
	N	more than 15	if the prescribed commercial catch for the fish is more than 100t—a person using a commercial fishing net to take the fish for trade or commerce or possessing the fish taken in that way
	N	more than 15	a person taking or possessing the fish for trade or commerce if the prescribed commercial catch for spotted mackerel is more than 140t
	N	more than 5	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 60cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
squid	W	more than 260kg	a person taking or possessing the fish on a boat identified in a T4 fishery licence
stripey snapper	S	less than 25cm	a person taking or possessing the fish

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
a species of regulated surgeonfish	N	more than 5 (see also note 1)	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 25cm	a person taking or possessing the fish, unless the person— (a) takes the fish for trade or commerce under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol ‘A1’ or ‘A2’; or (b) possesses the fish taken under paragraph (a)
swallowtail dart	N	more than 30	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 30cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
a species of regulated sweetlip	N	more than 5 (see also note 1)	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 25cm	a person taking or possessing the fish, unless the person— (a) takes the fish for trade or commerce under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol ‘A1’ or ‘A2’; or (b) possesses the fish taken under paragraph (a)
tailor	N	more than 20	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 30cm	a person taking the fish before 1 March 2010 or possessing the fish taken before that day
	S	less than 35cm	a person taking the fish on or after 1 March 2010 or possessing the fish taken on or after that day
	W	more than 30kg	a person taking or possessing the fish for trade or commerce if the prescribed commercial catch for tailor is more than 120t

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
tarwhine	S	less than 23cm	a person taking the fish before 1 March 2010 or possessing the fish taken before that day
	S	less than 25cm	a person taking the fish on or after 1 March 2010 or possessing the fish taken on or after that day
teraglin	N	more than 5	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 38cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
threadfin bream	W	more than 200kg	a person taking or possessing the fish on a boat identified in a T4 fishery licence
three-spotted crab	G	egg bearing female	a person taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 10cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
trevally (other than amberjack, queenfish, Samsonfish, swallowtail dart and yellowtail kingfish)	N	more than 20	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
tripletail Maori wrasse	S	less than 25cm	a person taking or possessing the fish, unless the person— (a) takes the fish for trade or commerce under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'A1' or 'A2'; or (b) possesses the fish taken under paragraph (a)
trochus	S	less than 8cm or more than 12.5cm	a person taking or possessing the fish

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
tropical rocklobster	F	live tropical rocklobster	a recreational fisher possessing the fish on a boat
	G	egg bearing or tar spot tropical rocklobster	a person taking or possessing the fish
	N	more than 5 <i>Note—</i> See however chapter 2, part 7, division 2, subdivision 3 (Tropical rocklobster).	a recreational fisher possessing the fish
a species of regulated tropical snapper or seaperch, other than crimson snapper, hussar, lavender snapper, paddletail, red bass, rosy snapper or saddletail snapper	N	more than 5 (see also note 1)	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
regulated tropical snapper or seaperch, other than a prescribed jobfish, chinaman fish, crimson snapper, hussar, paddletail, red bass, red emperor, saddletail snapper or stripey snapper	S	less than 25cm	a person taking or possessing the fish, unless the person— (a) takes the fish for trade or commerce under a licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'A1' or 'A2'; or (b) possesses the fish taken under paragraph (a)
trumpeter whiting	N	more than 50	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
trumpet shell			a person taking or possessing the fish
wahoo	N	more than 2	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 75cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
Welch's grunter	S	less than 30cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
white shark			a person taking or possessing the fish unless the person takes or possesses the fish under an agreement with the State for taking, tagging or disposing of the fish
whitetip reef shark	F	the fish, or the tail or fins of the fish, if the tail or any of the fins are removed from the body of the fish	a person possessing the fish, tail or fins on a boat
	F	filleted	a person possessing the fish on a boat
	N	more than 1	a person taking or possessing the fish
	S	more than 150cm or interdorsal length more than 60cm	a person taking or possessing the fish, unless the person is acting under a licence on which is written— (a) the fishery symbols— (i) 'N1', 'N2', 'N4', 'N10', 'N11', 'K1', 'K2', 'K3', 'K4', 'K5', 'K6', 'K7' or 'K8'; and (ii) 'S'; or (b) the fishery symbol 'N3'

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
a species of regulated wrasse, other than anchor tuskfish, blackspot tuskfish, blue tuskfish, purple tuskfish, humphead Maori wrasse or Venus tuskfish	N	more than 5 (see also note 1)	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
a species of regulated wrasse, other than pigfish, redbreast Maori wrasse or tripletail Maori wrasse	S	less than 30cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
yabby	N	more than 100	a person taking or possessing the fish
	G	a female carrying eggs or young	a person taking the fish in the following waters or possessing the fish taken in the waters— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bulloo–Bancannia Drainage Division • Lake Eyre Drainage Division • Murray–Darling Drainage Division • the following river basins in the east coast drainage division— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Belyando • Dawson • Isaac
	F	alive	a person using the fish as live bait in non-tidal waters other than the waters mentioned in schedule 10D, part 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated form, gender, number, size, volume or weight of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
yellowfin bream	S	less than 23cm	a person taking the fish before 1 March 2010 or possessing the fish taken before that day
	S	less than 25cm	a person taking the fish on or after 1 March 2010 or possessing the fish taken on or after that day
yellowtail kingfish	N	more than 2	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
	S	less than 60cm	a person taking or possessing the fish
any freshwater fin fish species not mentioned in this part or part 3, column 1	N	more than 20	a person taking or possessing the fish

Part 3 Fish regulated by number separately and in combination

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated number of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
albacore, fanfish, longtail tuna, pomfret or skipjack tuna or any combination of these fish	N	more than 10	a person taking or possessing the fish for trade or commerce
amberjack or samsonfish or a combination of these fish	N	more than 2	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
anchor tuskfish, blackspot tuskfish, blue tuskfish, purple tuskfish or Venus tuskfish or a combination of these fish	N	more than 6 (see also note 1)	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish

Schedule 2

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated number of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
Barcoo grunter or silver perch or Welch's grunter or any combination of these fish	N	more than 5 of which no more than 2 may be silver perch	a person taking or possessing the fish
bigeye tuna or yellowfin tuna or a combination of these fish	N	more than 2	a person taking or possessing the fish for trade or commerce
bivalve mollusc or gastropod (other than oysters) or a combination of these fish	N	more than 50	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
catfish (with eel-like tails) in the genera <i>Anodontiglanis</i> , <i>Neosilurooides</i> , <i>Neosilurus</i> or <i>Tandanus</i> or a combination of any fish in any of the genera	N	more than 5	a person taking or possessing the fish
fish of a species of cherabin or any combination of fish of these species	N	more than 10	a person taking or possessing the fish
a particular regulated cod or grouper, or blackspotted rockcod or goldspotted rockcod, or any combination of regulated cod or grouper, or blackspotted rockcod or goldspotted rockcod	N	more than 5 (see also note 2)	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
a particular regulated coral trout or any combination of regulated coral trout	N	more than 7 (see also note 1)	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
crimson snapper or saddletail snapper or any combination of these fish	N	more than 9 (see also note 1)	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
goldenline whiting, Northern whiting or sand whiting or any combination of these fish	N	more than 30	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
guitarfish or shovelnose ray or a combination of these fish	N	more than 5	a person taking or possessing the fish for trade or commerce

1	2	3	4
Regulated fish		Regulated number of fish	Regulated persons and prohibited activities involving regulated fish
gulf grunter, kahki grunter, lake grunter or sooty grunter or a combination of these fish	N	more than 10	a person taking or possessing the fish
lavender snapper or rosy snapper or any combination of these fish	N	more than 8 (see also note 1)	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
longfin eel, Pacific shortfin eel, Southern shortfin eel or any combination of these fish	N	more than 10	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish
pikey bream, tarwhine or yellowfin bream or a combination of these fish	N	more than 30	a recreational fisher taking or possessing the fish

Notes—

- 1 The regulated number of the fish is subject to section 150 (Extended number for regulated coral reef fin fish). Also, see chapter 3, part 4, division 1 (Declaration and regulation of total number of regulated coral reef fin fish).
- 2 The regulated number of the fish is subject to section 152 (Extended number for other particular fin fish).
- 3 Under a regulated fish declaration that mentions this note—
 - (a) fish in excess of the number or volume stated for the fish are declared to be regulated fish, if the duration of the period of fishing is not more than 7 days; and
 - (b) fish in excess of 3 times the number or volume stated for the fish are declared to be regulated fish, if the duration of the period of fishing is more than 14 but not more than 21 days.

Schedule 3 Declared fish habitat areas

sections 615(1), 616, 617(1) and 619(1)

1	2
Area name and fish habitat area plan no.	Particular areas included in or excluded from the declared fish habitat area
Annan River FHA-049	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the tidal land and waters of lot 68 on plan BS87 • the esplanade adjacent to lot 253 on plan BK15762 that is within the outer boundary shown on the plan. <p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the area 80m upstream and downstream from the centre line of the new Cooktown Development Road Bridge that crosses the river • the area under, and within, 50m of the boat ramp on the northern side of Annan River • the road adjacent to lot 29 on CP896317.

1	2
Area name and fish habitat area plan no.	Particular areas included in or excluded from the declared fish habitat area
Baffle Creek FHA–031	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the tidal land within conservation parks on lot 511 on plan NPW571 and lot 154 on plan FD752.</p> <p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 73 on plan FD391 • lot 46 on plan FD268 • lot 85 on plan FD963 • lot 87 on plan FD963 • lot 114 on plan FD1124 • lot 115 on plan FD1124 • the area 50m either side of the line that links the closest points of lot 3 on RP90442 and lot 81 on plan FD485 • the area 50m upstream and 50m downstream from the line joining the centres of Ferry Road and Boat Ramp Road across Baffle Creek • the area 50m upstream and 50m downstream from the middle of the existing bridge on Hills Road that crosses Oyster Creek • the area 50m upstream and 50m downstream from the middle of the existing causeway on Taunton Road that crosses Oyster Creek.
Balban Dara Guya (Leekes Creek) FHA–076	The declared fish habitat area includes the part of the esplanade near Leekes Beach that is within the outer boundary shown on the fish habitat area plan for the area.
Barr Creek FHA– 035	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 147 on plan NR4789 • lot 49 on plan N157300.
Bassett Basin FHA–044 (Revision 1)	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 102 on SP115933 • tidal lands on lot 284 on CI4227, lot 135 on CI4228 and lot 329 on RP893174. <p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lots 593 and 594 on plan CI3002 • lot 265 on plan CI3220.

Schedule 3

1	2
Area name and fish habitat area plan no.	Particular areas included in or excluded from the declared fish habitat area
Beelbi FHA–030 (Revision 1)	The declared fish habitat area excludes the part of lot 25 on plan NPW541 that is not tidal land.
Bohle River FHA–027 (revision 1)	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the tidal land on the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 69 on plan EP2023 • lot 474 on plan OL357. <p>The declared fish habitat area excludes land within the following lots that is not tidal land—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 1 on plan AP15635 • lot 422 on plan EP1037 • lot 70 on plan EP2023 • lot 505 on plan NPW643 • lot 2 on plan SP126297.
Bowling Green Bay FHA–007	<p>The declared fish habitat area excludes land within the following lots that is not tidal land—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 2 on plan VCL38596 (Bray Islet) • lot 3 on plan VCL38596 (Bare Islet) • lots 4 to 7 on plan VCL38596 (Bald Islet) • lot 1 on plan VCL38321 (Sand Island).
Broad Sound FHA–047	The declared fish habitat area excludes the area within 5m either side of the shortest line between lot 13 on plan MC108 and lot 5 on RP889520 at either end of the corridor as shown on the fish habitat area plan for the declared fish habitat area.

1	2
Area name and fish habitat area plan no.	Particular areas included in or excluded from the declared fish habitat area
Burdekin FHA–005 (revision 1)	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the part of lot 2727 on plan PH1250 that is within the outer boundary shown on the plan.</p> <p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the areas under or within 50m of the boat ramps at the following places—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the northern side of Ocean Creek • the northern side of Plantation Creek • the northern side of Hell Hole Creek • the southern side of Groper Creek • the eastern side of Yellow Gin Creek • Wallace’s Landing on the western side of Yellow Gin Creek • the eastern side of Molongle Creek. <p>The declared fish habitat area excludes land within the following lots that is not tidal land—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 1 on AP2107 • lot 1 on AP6601 • lot 2 on AP6601 • lot 3 on AP6601.
Burrum FHA–029 (revision 1)	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 20 on plan CK3227 • lot 75 on plan CK3132. <p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the parts of lots 53 and 65 on plan C37398 that are not tidal land.</p>
Cape Palmerston–Rocky Dam FHA–048	<p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 3 on plan USL 39270 (Taffy Island) • the part of lot 4 on plan USL 39270 that is not tidal land • the part of lot 801 on plan NPW8 that is not tidal land.

Schedule 3

1	2
Area name and fish habitat area plan no.	Particular areas included in or excluded from the declared fish habitat area
Cattle–Palm Creeks FHA–074	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 479 on plan OL223 • the part of the Cattle Creek Esplanade between Sinclair Road and the prolongation of the south-western boundary of lot 10 on plan CAR124284 • lots 181 and 384 on plan CWL3001 • the tidal land within lot 545 on plan CWL666 • the tidal land on the part of lot 382 on SP136985 that is within the outer boundary shown on the plan. <p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the part of lot 123 on plan NPW597 that is within the outer boundary shown on the plan.</p>
Cawarral Creek FHA–050 (revision 1)	<p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the area within 30m of the centre line of the trunk water main shown on the plan • the area under, or within 50m of, the boat ramp on the northern side of Cawarral Creek • the area under, or within 50m of, the boat ramp on the southern side of Cawarral Creek.
Cleveland Bay FHA–071	The declared fish habitat area includes lot 66 on EP1755.
Colosseum Inlet FHA–037	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the tidal land of the part of lot 4 on plan FD841442 that is within the outer boundary shown on the plan • lots 5, 6, 9 and 11 on plan FD841442 • lot 10 on plan FD841442 other than the part of the lot that is described on the plan as ‘Exclusion Area’. <p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 697 on plan NPW443 and the esplanades surrounding the lot • the esplanade along the eastern boundary of lot 21 on SP114462 and the south-eastern boundary of lot 4450 on plan PH2277 • lot 1 on USL43258.
Coombabah FHA–016	

1	2
Area name and fish habitat area plan no.	Particular areas included in or excluded from the declared fish habitat area
Coomera FHA–023	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the part of lot 91 on plan WD3199 that is within the outer boundary shown on the plan • the tidal land on the part of lot 84 on plan WD814529 that is within the outer boundary shown on the plan.
Corio Bay FHA–067	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the parts of lot 130 on plan NPW811 that is tidal land as indicated on the plan as areas ‘A’ and ‘B’ • the part of lot 130 on plan NPW811 indicated on the plan as area ‘C’ • lots 9 to 14 on plan PS104.
Currumbin Creek FHA–020	The declared fish habitat area includes lots 260 and 261 on plan WD5078.
Dallachy Creek FHA–042	The declared fish habitat area excludes the part of lot 771 on plan NPW437 that is not tidal land.
Deception Bay FHA–013 (revision 3)	The declared fish habitat area includes lots 1 and 2 on AP5183.
De-ral-li (Calliope River) FHA–075	
Edgecumbe Bay FHA–069	
Eight Mile Creek FHA–063	

Schedule 3

1	2
Area name and fish habitat area plan no.	Particular areas included in or excluded from the declared fish habitat area
Elliott River FHA-052	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 192 on plan CK2206 • the part of the esplanade adjoining the southern and eastern boundaries of lot 192 on plan CK2206 that is within the outer boundary shown on the plan • the part of the esplanade adjoining the eastern boundaries of lot 11 on RP171643, lot 7 on RP909282 and lot 8 on RP93267, that is within the outer boundary shown on the plan. <p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 21 on plan C371349 • the area within 15m of the centre line of the water supply pipeline between Elliott Heads and Riverview.
Escape River FHA-060	
Eurimbula FHA-038	The declared fish habitat area excludes the land within lot 35 on plan NPW865 that is not tidal land within the outer boundary shown on the fish habitat area plan for the area.
Fitzroy River FHA-072 (revision 1)	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes lot 18 on plan DS727.</p> <p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the part of lot 169 on plan DT40169 that is not tidal land • the esplanade surrounding lot 535 on plan NPW714.
Fraser Island FHA-053	
Half Moon Creek FHA-033	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 34 on SP113641 • the part of lot 50 on plan USL9567 that is within the outer boundary shown on the plan.

1	2
Area name and fish habitat area plan no.	Particular areas included in or excluded from the declared fish habitat area
Halifax FHA-024	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the part of lot 408 on CP91644 that is within the outer boundary shown on the plan.</p> <p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the parts of lot 15 on plan USL39609 and lot 72 on plan CWL1870 that are not tidal land • Halifax-Lucinda Point Road • Gentle Annie Creek Road • the small parcels shown and described on the plan as 'area A'.
Hay's Inlet FHA-012	<p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the area (the <i>excluded area</i>) of Hay's Inlet between the prolongation across the inlet of the northern and southern boundaries of lot 23 on RP210075 • the area within 20m of the excluded area.
Hinchinbrook FHA-028	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 1 on plan CWL1111 • lot 165 on plan CWL3150 • the part of lot 18 on plan NPW529 within the outer boundary shown on the plan.
Hull River FHA-046	<p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the land within lot 113 on plan NPW631 that is not tidal land within the outer boundary shown on the fish habitat area plan for the area.</p>

Schedule 3

1	2
Area name and fish habitat area plan no.	Particular areas included in or excluded from the declared fish habitat area
Jumpinpin– Broadwater FHA–021 (revision 2)	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the following—</p> <p>(a) the esplanade surrounding lot 4 on plan WD2140;</p> <p>(b) the following lots—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 6 on plan WD2107 • lot 4 on plan WD2140 • lots 1 and 2 on plan SP267495; <p>(c) the parts of the following lots that are within the outer boundary shown on the plan for the declared fish habitat area—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 91 on plan WD3199 • lot 273 on plan SP180240 • lots 274 and 275 on plan WD131 • lots 264 and 266 on plan WD132 • lot 271 on WD3598 • lot 262 on plan W31252.

1	2
Area name and fish habitat area plan no.	Particular areas included in or excluded from the declared fish habitat area
	<p>The declared fish habitat area excludes—</p> <p>(a) the land (that is not tidal land) in Southern Moreton Bay Islands National Park within the outer boundary shown on the plan for the declared fish habitat area; and</p> <p>(b) the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 21 on W31475 • lots 243, 244 and 245 on plan W31330 • lot 1 on plan AP7164 • the small parcels (on Short Island) shown and described on the plan for the declared fish habitat area as ‘Area “A”’ • the area adjoining Cobby Cobby Island, identified on the plan for the declared fish habitat area as ‘Exclusion Area’, that is 50m wide and 160m long and adjoins the north-eastern boundary of lot 408 on plan NPW645 starting at the most northern tip of the lot • the area adjoining Tabby Tabby Island, identified on the plan for the declared fish habitat area as ‘Exclusion Area’, that is 50m wide and the length of, and adjoins, the western boundary of lot 243 on plan W31330 • the 2 areas on Woogoompah Island— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified on the plan for the declared fish habitat area as ‘Exclusion Areas (Oyster Industry Storage)’ and • each having part of its boundary on the south-eastern boundary of lot 408 on plan NPW645 and • described in table 1 of the document called ‘Oyster industry plan for Moreton Bay Marine Park’, dated December 2015 and published on the department’s website.
Kauri Creek FHA–055	
Kinkuna FHA– 002 (revision 1)	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the part of lot 112 on plan CK3120 that is within the outer boundary shown on the plan.</p> <p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the national park land that is not tidal land within the outer boundary shown on the fish habitat area plan for the area.</p>

Schedule 3

1	2
Area name and fish habitat area plan no.	Particular areas included in or excluded from the declared fish habitat area
Kippa-Ring FHA-014 (revision 1)	
Kolan River FHA-032	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the tidal land on lot 49 on CP844223 within the outer boundary shown on the fish habitat area plan for the area • lot 189 on plan CK3500. <p>The declared fish habitat excludes the land within the following lots that is not tidal land within the outer boundary shown on the fish habitat area plan for the area—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 10 on plan USL43099 • lot 12 on plan USL43095 • lots 17, 19, 20 and 26 on plan USL38977 • lot 27 on plan USL43085 • lot 59 on CP892216 • lot 66 on plan CK2294 • lot 90 on plan C37415.
Maaroom FHA-056	
Margaret Bay (Wuthathi) FHA-070 (Revision 1)	
Maroochy FHA-008 (revision 1)	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the parts of the road and esplanade that are north of Channel Island and within the outer boundary shown on the plan • the tidal land on lot 721 on plan CG5072 (Chambers Island). <p>The declared fish habitat area excludes land within the following lots that is not tidal land—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 3 on RP43727 • lot 3 on RP48355 • lot 361 on plan CG4295 • lot 428 on plan C31740 • lot 509 on plan NPW594.

1	2
Area name and fish habitat area plan no.	Particular areas included in or excluded from the declared fish habitat area
Meunga Creek FHA-040	
Midge FHA-001	The declared fish habitat area excludes land on Gould Island, Midge Island, Cave Island and Pigeon Island, that is not tidal land.
Moreton Banks FHA-015	
Morning Inlet- Bynoe River FHA-062	
Murray River FHA-009	
Myora-Amity Banks FHA-017	The declared fish habitat area includes lot 152 on plan SL806436.
Nassau River FHA-059	
Noosa River FHA-051 (Revision 2)	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the tidal land within the following lots—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 35 on plan MCH4795 • lots 140 and 144 to 148 on plan MCH4796 • lot 168 on CP849516 • lot 307 on plan MCH4551 • lots 34 and 35 on plan MCH5214. <p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lots 55 and 386 on plan MCH1667 • the land within lot 21 on plan NPW659 and lot 3 on plan USL30873 that is not tidal land within the outer boundary shown on the fish habitat area plan for the area.
Peel Island FHA- 010	The declared fish habitat area excludes land within lot 12 on plan VCL32998 that is not tidal land.
Pimpama FHA- 022	The declared fish habitat area includes lots 88 and 89 on plan WD6507.

Schedule 3

1	2
Area name and fish habitat area plan no.	Particular areas included in or excluded from the declared fish habitat area
Pine River Bay FHA-073	The declared fish habitat area includes the tidal lands on lots 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 on plan WP50.
Princess Charlotte Bay FHA-043	The declared fish habitat area excludes the part of lot 16 on plan NPW365 that is not tidal land. The declared fish habitat area includes the part of lot 10 on plan SD19 that is shown within the boundary of the declared fish habitat area.
Pumicestone Channel FHA- 011 (revision 1)	The declared fish habitat area excludes the national park land that is not tidal land within the outer boundary shown on the fish habitat area plan for the area.
Repulse FHA- 004	The declared fish habitat area excludes the following— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the national park land that is not tidal land within the outer boundary shown on the fish habitat area plan for the area • the area within 200m of the outer boundary, between 200m north and 200m south of the main building of the Newry Island Resort on Newry Island • the area between the outer boundary and the midstream line of Victor Creek and points 200m either side of the boat ramp (near Seaforth) marked 'A' on the plan • the area within 200m of a line running north-west from the northernmost point of Skull Knob to the nearest point of the outer boundary then along the outer boundary at St. Helens Beach to a point 1km west of Carpet Snake Point.
Rodds Harbour FHA-036	
Sand Bay FHA- 006 (Revision 1)	
Seventeen Seventy-Round Hill FHA-018	
Silver Plains FHA-057	The declared fish habitat area includes the part of lot 10 on plan SD19 that is shown within the boundary of the declared fish habitat area.
Staaten-Gilbert FHA-061	

1	2
Area name and fish habitat area plan no.	Particular areas included in or excluded from the declared fish habitat area
Starcke River (Ngulun) FHA-068	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the land within lot 18 on SP104580 that is tidal land within the outer boundary shown on the fish habitat area plan for the area.</p> <p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 7 on CP892329 • the 150m x 350m area at the mouth of the Starcke River shown and described on the plan as 'Future Exclusion Area'.
Susan River FHA-054	The declared fish habitat area excludes the area shown on the plan as 'Mooring Area' adjacent to lot 54 on plan MCH5147.
Tallebudgera Creek FHA-019	The declared fish habitat area includes lot 94 on plan WD6256.
Temple Bay FHA-058	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the part of the esplanade that is shown within the boundary of the declared fish habitat area • the part of lot 152 on SP171834 that is tidal land south of latitude 12°20'25" and within the boundary of the declared fish habitat area.
Tin Can Inlet FHA-064	

Schedule 3

1	2
Area name and fish habitat area plan no.	Particular areas included in or excluded from the declared fish habitat area
Trinity Inlet FHA-003 (Revision 3)	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the following—</p> <p>(a) the following lots—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lots 1 to 4 on plan C19823 • lot 51 on plan NR3159 • lot 92 on plan NR3051 • lot 153 on plan NR4373 • lot 36 on AP7416 • lots 4 and 5 on AP12175 • lot 4 on AP21277 • lots 1 to 4 on AP12174 • lot 1 on AP9494 • lot 1 on SP222769; <p>(b) the parts of the following lots that are within the outer boundary shown on the plan—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 1 on RP736304 • lots 40, 41 and 771 on SP113657 • lot 12 on AP3442 • lot 146 on SP129134 • lot 45 on AP3448 • lots 14 and 18 on SP155099 • lots 4, 773 and 775 on SP218291 • lot 19 on SP214821 • lot 4 on SP264282.

1	2
Area name and fish habitat area plan no.	Particular areas included in or excluded from the declared fish habitat area
Trinity Inlet FHA-003 (Revision 3) (continued)	<p>The declared fish habitat area excludes—</p> <p>(a) the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 1 on RP738764 • lot 1 on AP7415 • the area within 10m of the centre line of the vehicular track from Airport Avenue to the Sand Stockpile on lot 1 on RP736304 • the Sand Stockpile on lot 1 on RP736304 • the area within 10m of the centre line of the vehicular track that crosses lot 151 on plan NR4172; and <p>(b) the following esplanades—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the esplanade adjacent to lot 1 on RP736304 and Airport Avenue • the esplanade on the northern side of Pine Creek • the esplanade adjacent to lot 34 on plan USL9876 • the esplanade adjacent to lot 36 on plan AP7416 • the esplanade adjacent to part of lot 111 on plan NR7962 • the esplanade adjacent to lot 158 on plan NR5877 • the esplanades surrounding Mackey Creek; and <p>(c) the roads surrounding Simmonds Creek.</p>
Tully River FHA-045	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 116 on plan CWL2112 • that part of lot 234 on plan CWL1830 within the outer boundary show on the fish habitat area plan for the area.
West Hill FHA-039	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the part of lot 1 on plan PER3963 that is tidal land.</p> <p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the part of lot 156 on plan NPW878 that is not tidal land within the outer boundary shown on the fish habitat area plan for the area.</p>
Wreck Creek FHA-041	<p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the lands that are not tidal on lot 771 on plan NPW437 within the outer boundary shown on the fish habitat area plan for the area.</p>

Schedule 3

1	2
Area name and fish habitat area plan no.	Particular areas included in or excluded from the declared fish habitat area
Yorkey's Creek FHA-034 (Revision 1)	<p>The declared fish habitat area includes the following—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 105 on plan AP7001 • lot 139 on plan NR3818. <p>The declared fish habitat area excludes the land within the following lots that is not tidal land within the outer boundary shown on the fish habitat area plan for the area—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lot 75 on plan USL9604 • lot 12 on plan USL9940 • lot 16 on plan USL9940.

Schedule 4 Declared diseases

section 622(1)

Part 1 Bacteria

bacterial kidney disease (*Renibacterium salmoninarum*)
enteric redmouth disease (*Yersinia ruckeri* Hagerman strain)
enteric septicaemia of catfish (*Edwardsiella ictaluri*)
furunculosis (*Aeromonas salmonicida* subsp *salmonicida*)
necrotising hepatopancreatitis
piscirickettsiosis (*Piscirickettsia salmonis*)
withering syndrome of abalone (*Candidatus enohaliotis californiensis*)

Part 2 Fungi

crayfish plague (*Aphanomyces astaci*)

Part 3 Parasites

bonamiosis (*Bonamia exitosus*)
bonamiosis (*Bonamia ostrea*)
bonamiosis (*Bonamia* sp.)
gyrodactylosis (*Gyrodactylus salaris*)
marteiliosis (*Marteilia refringens*)
mikrocytosis (*Mikrocytos mackini*)
MSX disease (*Haplosporidium nelsoni*)

perkinsosis (*Perkinsus marinus*)
SSO disease (*Haplosporidium costale*)
whirling disease (*Myxobolus cerebralis*)

Part 4 Pests

Asian bag mussel (*Musculista senhousia*)
Asian green mussel (*Perna viridis*)

Part 5 Viruses

akoya oyster disease
baculoviral midgut gland necrosis virus
channel catfish virus disease (CCVD)
epizootic haematopoietic necrosis virus (EHN)
infectious haematopoietic necrosis virus (IHN)
infectious hypodermal and hematopoietic necrosis virus (IHHNV)
infectious pancreatic necrosis virus (IPN)
infectious salmon anaemia virus (ISA)
iridovirus
Oncorhynchus masou virus (OMV)
red sea bream iridoviral disease
spring viraemia of carp virus (SVC)
taura syndrome virus
tetrahedral baculovirosis (*Baculovirus penaei*)
viral haemorrhagic septicaemia virus (VHS)
white spot syndrome virus

yellowhead disease virus

Schedule 5 Glossary of scientific names for particular coral reef fin fish species

section 6(1), schedule 11, part 2 definitions *regulated cod or grouper, regulated coral reef fin fish, regulated coral trout, regulated emperor, regulated parrotfish, regulated surgeonfish, regulated sweetlip, regulated tropical snapper or seaperch and regulated wrasse*

Part 1 Particular cod and grouper

Column 1

Common name

barramundi cod

bar rockcod

bass groper

birdwire rockcod

blacksaddle rockcod

blacktip rockcod

bluelined rockcod

bluespotted rockcod

brownbarred rockcod

camouflage grouper

Chinaman rockcod

comet grouper

Column 2

Scientific name

Cromileptes altivelis

Epinephelus ergastularius and
Epinephelus septemfasciatus

Polyprion americanus

Epinephelus merra

Epinephelus howlandi

Epinephelus fasciatus

Cephalopholis formosa

Cephalopholis cyanostigma

Cephalopholis boenak

Epinephelus polyphekadion

Epinephelus rivulatus

Epinephelus morrhua

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
coral grouper	<i>Epinephelus corallicola</i>
coral rockcod	<i>Cephalopholis miniata</i>
dot-head rockcod	<i>Cephalopholis microprion</i>
eightbar grouper	<i>Epinephelus octofasciatus</i>
flagtail rockcod	<i>Cephalopholis urodeta</i>
flowery rockcod	<i>Epinephelus fuscoguttatus</i>
foursaddle grouper	<i>Epinephelus spilotoceps</i>
greasy rockcod	<i>Epinephelus tauvina</i>
hapuku	<i>Polyprion oxygeneios</i>
highfin grouper	<i>Epinephelus maculatus</i>
leopard rockcod	<i>Cephalopholis leopardus</i>
longfin rockcod	<i>Epinephelus quoyanus</i>
Maori rockcod	<i>Epinephelus undulatostriatum</i>
radiant rockcod	<i>Epinephelus radiatus</i>
peacock rockcod	<i>Cephalopholis argus</i>
potato rockcod	<i>Epinephelus tukula</i>
purple rockcod	<i>Epinephelus cyanopodus</i>
Queensland groper	<i>Epinephelus lanceolatus</i>
redmouth rockcod	<i>Aethaloperca rogae</i>
sixband rockcod	<i>Cephalopholis sexmaculata</i>
sixbar grouper	<i>Epinephelus sexfasciatus</i>
snubnose grouper	<i>Epinephelus macrospilos</i>
speckled grouper	<i>Epinephelus magniscuttis</i>

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
specklefin grouper	<i>Epinephelus ongus</i>
strawberry rockcod	<i>Cephalopholis spiloparaea</i>
thinspine grouper	<i>Gracila albomarginata</i>
tomato rockcod	<i>Cephalopholis sonnerati</i>
whitelined rockcod	<i>Anyperodon leucogrammicus</i>
whitespotted grouper	<i>Epinephelus coeruleopunctatus</i>
wirenet rockcod	<i>Epinephelus hexagonatus</i>
yellowspotted rockcod	<i>Epinephelus areolatus</i>

Part 2 **Particular coral trout**

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
barcheek coral trout	<i>Plectropomus maculatus</i>
bluespotted coral trout	<i>Plectropomus laevis</i>
common coral trout	<i>Plectropomus leopardus</i>
coral trout	<i>Plectropomus</i> spp. and <i>Variola</i> spp.
passionfruit coral trout	<i>Plectropomus areolatus</i>
vermicular cod	<i>Plectropomus oligacanthus</i>
white-edge coronation trout	<i>Variola albimarginata</i>
yellowedge coronation trout	<i>Variola louti</i>

Part 3 Particular emperor

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
bigeye seabream	<i>Monotaxis grandoculis</i>
collar seabream	<i>Gymnocranius audleyi</i>
goldspot seabream	<i>Gnathodentex aureolineatus</i>
longnose emperor	<i>Lethrinus olivaceus</i>
miscellaneous emperor, other than grass emperor	<i>Lethrinus</i> spp., other than <i>Lethrinus laticaudis</i>
Mozambique seabream	<i>Wattsia mossambica</i>
orangespotted emperor	<i>Lethrinus erythracanthus</i>
orangestriped emperor	<i>Lethrinus obsoletus</i>
ornate emperor	<i>Lethrinus ornatus</i>
paddletail seabream	<i>Gymnocranius euanus</i>
spotcheek emperor	<i>Lethrinus rubrioperculatus</i>
redspot emperor	<i>Lethrinus lentjan</i>
redthroat emperor	<i>Lethrinus miniatus</i>
Robinson's seabream	<i>Gymnocranius grandoculis</i>
seabream	<i>Gymnocranius</i> spp.
spangled emperor	<i>Lethrinus nebulosus</i>
threadfin emperor	<i>Lethrinus genivittatus</i>
thumbprint emperor	<i>Lethrinus harak</i>
variegated emperor	<i>Lethrinus variegatus</i>
yellowlip emperor	<i>Lethrinus xanthochilus</i>

Column 1

Common name

yellowtail emperor

Column 2

Scientific name

Lethrinus atkinsoni

Part 4

Fusilier

Column 1

Common name

fusilier

Column 2

Scientific name

family Caesionidae

Part 5

Particular parrotfish

Column 1

Common name

bicolour parrotfish

bumphead parrotfish

miscellaneous parrotfish

Column 2

Scientific name

Cetoscarus bicolor

Bolbometopon muricatum

family Scaridae

Part 6

Particular surgeonfish

Column 1

Common name

surgeonfish

unicornfish

Column 2

Scientific name

Acanthurus spp. and *Ctenochaetus* spp.

Naso spp. and *Prionurus* spp.

Part 7 Particular sweetlip

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
miscellaneous sweetlip	<i>Plectorhinchus</i> spp.
painted sweetlip	<i>Diagramma pictum labiosum</i>

Part 8 Particular tropical snapper and seaperch

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
bigeye snapper	<i>Lutjanus lutjanus</i>
black-and-white snapper	<i>Macolor niger</i>
blackspot snapper	<i>Lutjanus fulviflamma</i>
blacktail snapper	<i>Lutjanus fulvus</i>
bluestriped snapper	<i>Lutjanus kasmira</i>
brownstripe snapper	<i>Lutjanus vitta</i>
Chinamanfish	<i>Symphorus nematophorus</i>
crimson snapper	<i>Lutjanus erythropterus</i>
darktail snapper	<i>Lutjanus lemniscatus</i>
fiveline snapper	<i>Lutjanus quinquelineatus</i>
flame snapper	<i>Etelis coruscans</i>
goldband snapper	<i>Pristipomoides multidens</i> and <i>Pristipomoides typus</i>

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
green jobfish	<i>Aprion virescens</i>
hussar	<i>Lutjanus adetii</i>
lavender snapper	<i>Pristipomoides sieboldii</i>
Maori snapper	<i>Lutjanus rivulatus</i>
midnight snapper	<i>Macolor macularis</i>
miscellaneous jobfish and snapper, other than mangrove jack and golden snapper	<i>Aphareus</i> spp., <i>Etelis</i> spp., <i>Pristipomoides</i> spp., and <i>Lutjanus</i> spp., other than <i>Lutjanus</i> <i>argentimaculatus</i> and <i>Lutjanus</i> <i>johnii</i>
Moses snapper	<i>Lutjanus russelli</i>
onespot snapper	<i>Lutjanus monostigma</i>
paddletail	<i>Lutjanus gibbus</i>
red bass	<i>Lutjanus bohar</i>
red emperor	<i>Lutjanus sebae</i>
rosy snapper	<i>Pristipomoides filamentosus</i>
ruby snapper	<i>Etelis carbunculus</i>
saddletail snapper	<i>Lutjanus malabaricus</i>
sailfin snapper	<i>Symphoricichthys spilurus</i>
smalltooth jobfish	<i>Aphareus furca</i>
stripey snapper	<i>Lutjanus carponotatus</i>

Part 9**Particular wrasse**

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
anchor tuskfish	<i>Choerodon anchorago</i>
blackspot tuskfish	<i>Choerodon schoenleinii</i>
blue tuskfish	<i>Choerodon cyanodus</i>
humphead Maori wrasse	<i>Cheilinus undulatus</i>
pigfish	<i>Bodianus</i> spp.
purple tuskfish	<i>Choerodon cephalotes</i>
redbreast Maori wrasse	<i>Cheilinus fasciatus</i>
tripletail Maori wrasse	<i>Cheilinus trilobatus</i>
Venus tuskfish	<i>Choerodon venustus</i>

Schedule 6 **Glossary of scientific names for particular fish other than regulated coral reef fin fish**

sections 6(2), 152(2), 623(1), 624(2) and 638(3)

Part 1 **Particular non-indigenous fish**

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
African mono	<i>Monodactylus sebae</i>
angel fish	<i>Pterophyllum</i> spp.
archerfish	<i>Toxotes jaculatrix</i>
Argentine bloodfin (tetra)	<i>Aphyocharax anisitsi</i>
armoured (cory) catfish	<i>Corydoras</i> spp.
asoka barb	<i>Puntius asoka</i>
auratus	<i>Melanochromis auratus</i>
banded barb	<i>Barbodes pentazona</i>
banded leporinus	<i>Leporinus fasciatus</i>
betta	<i>Betta</i> spp.
big-spot rasbora	<i>Rasbora kalochroma</i>
bitterling	<i>Rhodeus amarus</i> and <i>Rhodeus sericeus</i>
black-banded headstander	<i>Chilodus punctatus</i>
black-banded osteochilus	<i>Osteochilus vittatus</i>
black-finned rummy-nose	<i>Petitella georgiae</i>

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
black ghost knife fish	<i>Apteronotus albifrons</i>
black-line silver hatchet fish	<i>Gasteropelecus</i> spp.
black phantom tetra	<i>Megalamphodus megalopterus</i>
black ruby barb	<i>Puntius nigrofasciatus</i>
black shark	<i>Morulius chrysophekadion</i>
black-spot filament barb	<i>Puntius filamentosus</i>
black-spotted upsidedown catfish	<i>Synodontis nigriventris</i>
black tetra	<i>Gymnocorymbus ternetzi</i>
blind cave tetra	<i>Astyanax mexicanus</i>
blue acara	<i>Aequidens pulchrus</i>
blue gourami	<i>Trichogaster trichopterus</i>
blue line rasbora	<i>Rasbora taeniata</i>
brichardi	<i>Lamprologus brichardi</i>
bumblebee fish	<i>Brachygobius</i> spp.
butterfly fish	<i>Pantodon buchholzi</i>
cardinal tetra	<i>Paracheirodon axelrodi</i>
Celebes rainbow	<i>Telmatherina ladigesii</i>
chalinochromis	<i>Chalinochromis</i> spp.
checkerboard barb	<i>Capoeta oligolepis</i>
cherry barb	<i>Capoeta titteya</i>
Chinese algae eater	<i>Gyrinocheilus aymonieri</i>
chocolate gourami	<i>Sphaerichthys ophromenoides</i>
clown barb	<i>Barbodes everetti</i>

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
clown loach	<i>Botia macracantha</i>
Cochu's blue tetra	<i>Boehlkea fredcochui</i>
common brochis	<i>Brochis splendens</i>
Congo tetra	<i>Phenacogrammus interruptus</i>
copper striped rasbora	<i>Rasbora leptosoma</i>
croaking gourami	<i>Trichopsis vittatus</i>
Cumming's barb	<i>Puntius cummingi</i>
discus	<i>Symphysodon</i> spp.
duboisii	<i>Tropheus duboisi</i>
dusky krib	<i>Pelvicachromis pulcher</i>
dwarf cichlid	<i>Apistogramma</i> spp.
dwarf flag cichlid	<i>Aequidens curviceps</i>
dwarf gourami	<i>Colisa lalia</i>
dwarf lattice cichlid	<i>Nannacara</i> spp.
dwarf loach	<i>Botia sidthimunki</i>
elegant rasbora	<i>Rasbora elegans</i>
elephantnose	<i>Gnathonemus macrolepidotus</i>
elephantnose (Peter's)	<i>Gnathonemus petersii</i>
emperor tetra	<i>Nematobrycon palmeri</i>
false magnificent rasbora	<i>Rasbora borapetensis</i>
flag cichlid	<i>Cichlasoma festivum</i>
flagtail porthole catfish	<i>Dianema urostriata</i>
flying fox	<i>Epalzeorhynchus kalopterus</i>

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
freshwater flounder	<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>
Frideric's leporinus	<i>Leporinus friderici</i>
giant danio	<i>Danio aequipinnatus</i>
glass barb	<i>Puntius puellus</i>
glass bloodfin	<i>Prionobrama filigera</i>
glass catfish	<i>Kryptopterus bicirrhis</i>
glass fish	<i>Chanda</i> spp.
gold-cheek krib	<i>Pelvicachromis subocellatus</i>
golden dwarf cichlid	<i>Nannacara anomala</i>
golden gourami	<i>Trichogaster trichopterus</i>
goldfish	<i>Carassius auratus</i>
gold line rasbora	<i>Rasbora steineri</i>
guppy	<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>
hard lipped barb	<i>Osteochilus hasseltii</i>
harlequin rasbora	<i>Rasbora heteromorpha</i>
hatchetfish	<i>Carnegiella</i> and <i>Thoracocharax</i> spp.
headstander	<i>Abramites hypselonotus</i> and <i>Anostomus</i> spp.
hi-spot rasbora	<i>Rasbora dorsiocellata</i>
honey dwarf gourami	<i>Colisa chuna</i>
Indian hatchetfish	<i>Chela laubuca</i>
Javanese rice fish	<i>Oryzias javanicus</i>
julie	<i>Julidochromis</i> spp.
Kerr's danio	<i>Brachydanio kerri</i>

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
keyhole cichlid	<i>Aequidens maroni</i>
killie fish	<i>Aphyosemion</i> spp.
kissing gourami	<i>Helostoma temmincki</i>
kooli barb	<i>Puntius vittatus</i>
kuhli loach	<i>Acanthopthalmus kuhli</i>
latticed cichlid	<i>Limnotilapia dardennii</i>
leopard danio	<i>Brachydanio frankei</i>
lipstick leporinus	<i>Leporinus arcus</i>
little giant gourami	<i>Colisa fasciata</i>
long-band rasbora	<i>Rasbora einthoveni</i>
longfin barb	<i>Capoeta arulius</i>
long-finned African tetra	<i>Brycinus longipinnis</i>
Malayan flying barb	<i>Esomus malayensis</i>
Malayan halfbeak	<i>Dermogenys pusillus</i>
medaka	<i>Oryzias latipes</i>
melanochromis	<i>Melanochromis similis</i>
microbrycon	<i>Microbrycon fredcochui</i>
mono	<i>Monodactylus argenteus</i>
moonlight gourami	<i>Trichogaster microlepis</i>
moorii	<i>Tropheus moorii</i>
multi-banded leporinus	<i>Leporinus multifasciatus</i>
Myers's hillstream loach	<i>Pseudogastromyzon myersi</i>
neon tetra	<i>Paracheirodon innesi</i>

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
opaline gourami	<i>Trichogaster trichopterus</i>
orange-finned rasbora	<i>Rasbora vaterifloris</i>
ornate pimelodus	<i>Pimelodus ornatus</i>
oscar	<i>Astronotus ocellatus</i>
panchax	<i>Aplocheilus</i> and <i>Epiplatys</i> spp.
paradise fish (only males)	<i>Macropodus opercularis</i>
pearl danio	<i>Brachydanio albolineatus</i>
pearl gourami	<i>Trichogaster leeri</i>
pencil fish	<i>Nannostomus</i> and <i>Poecilibrycon</i> spp.
penguin fish	<i>Thayeria</i> spp.
platy	<i>Xiphophorus maculatus</i>
platy variatus	<i>Xiphophorus variatus</i>
poorman's glass catfish	<i>Kryptopterus macrocephalus</i>
pristella	<i>Pristella maxillaris</i>
pygmy gourami	<i>Trichopsis pumilus</i>
rainbow fish	<i>Glossolepsis</i> , <i>Chilatherina</i> , <i>Melanotaenia</i> spp.
rainbow shark	<i>Labeo erythrurus</i>
ram	<i>Microgeophagus ramirezi</i>
red-finned black shark	<i>Labeo bicolor</i>
red-finned shark	<i>Labeo frenatus</i>
red line rasbora	<i>Rasbora pauciperforata</i>
red-striped barb	<i>Puntius bimaculatus</i>

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
rosy barb	<i>Puntius conchoni</i>
saddled hillstream loach	<i>Homaloptera orthogoniata</i>
sailfin molly	<i>Poecilia latipinna</i>
sarawak rasbora	<i>Rasbora sarawakensis</i>
scissortail rasbora	<i>Rasbora trilineata</i>
Siamese flying fox	<i>Epalzeorhynchus siamensis</i>
silver prochilodus	<i>Prochilodus insignis</i>
silver rasbora	<i>Rasbora argyrotaenia</i>
sphenops mollie	<i>Poecilia sphenops</i>
spiny eel	<i>Macrogathus aculeatus</i>
spot-tailed leporinus	<i>Leporinus melanopleura</i>
spot-tailed rasbora	<i>Rasbora caudimaculata</i>
spotted danio	<i>Brachydanio nigrofasciatus</i>
spotted leporinus	<i>Leporinus maculatus</i>
spotted rasbora	<i>Rasbora maculata</i>
striped barb	<i>Puntius lineatus</i>
striped kribensis	<i>Pelvicachromis taeniatus</i>
striped leporinus	<i>Leporinus striatus</i>
sucker catfish	<i>Otocinclus arnoldi</i>
Swegle's tetra	<i>Megalampodus sweglesi</i>
swordtail	<i>Xiphophorus helleri</i>
tetra	<i>Hemigrammus, Hyphessobrycon and Moenkhausia spp.</i>
thick-lipped gourami	<i>Colisa labiosa</i>

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
thin-banded barb	<i>Capoeta semifasciolatus</i>
tic-tac-toe barb	<i>Puntius ticto</i>
tiger barb	<i>Capoeta tetrazona</i>
tricolor shark	<i>Balantiocheilos melanopterus</i>
twig catfish	<i>Farlowella acus</i>
variegated shark	<i>Labeo variegatus</i>
whiptail catfish	<i>Loricaria filamentosa</i>
white cloud mountain minnow	<i>Tanichthys albonubes</i>
yellow tail rasbora	<i>Rasbora dusonensis</i>
Yucatan mollie	<i>Poecilia velifera</i>
zebra danio	<i>Brachydanio rerio</i>

Part 2 **Particular freshwater fish**

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
Agassiz's glassfish	<i>Ambassis agassizii</i>
Aru gudgeon	<i>Oxyeleotris aruensis</i>
Australian bass	<i>Macquaria novemaculeata</i>
Australian lungfish	<i>Neoceratodus forsteri</i>
Australian smelt	<i>Retropinna semoni</i>
banded rainbowfish	<i>Melanotaenia trifasciata</i>
Barcoo grunter	<i>Scortum barcoo</i>

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
barred grunter	<i>Amniataba percoides</i>
blackbanded rainbowfish	<i>Melanotaenia nigrans</i>
blackmast	<i>Craterocephalus stramineus</i>
Bloomfield River cod	<i>Guyu wujalwujalensis</i>
blue catfish	<i>Neoarius graeffei</i>
bony bream	<i>Nematalosa erebi</i>
boofhead catfish	<i>Neoarius leptaspis</i>
Cairns rainbowfish	<i>Cairnsichthys rhombosomoides</i>
Celebes flathead goby	<i>Glossogobius</i> sp 1
chequered rainbowfish	<i>Melanotaenia inornata</i>
cherabins	<i>Macrobrachium rosenbergii</i> or <i>Macrobrachium lar</i>
coal grunter	<i>Hephaestus carbo</i>
concave flathead goby	<i>Glossogobius concavifrons</i>
Cooper Creek catfish	<i>Neosilurooides cooperensis</i>
crimson spotted rainbowfish	<i>Melanotaenia duboulayi</i>
delicate blue eye	<i>Pseudomugil tenellus</i>
desert goby	<i>Chlamydogobius eremius</i>
desert rainbowfish	<i>Melanotaenia tatei</i>
Eastern rainbowfish	<i>Melanotaenia splendida</i>
elongate glassfish	<i>Ambassis elongatus</i>
empire gudgeon	<i>Hypseleotris compressa</i>
fimbriate gudgeon	<i>Oxyeleotris fimbriata</i>
firetail gudgeon	<i>Hypseleotris galii</i>

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
flagtail glassfish	<i>Ambassis miops</i>
flathead gudgeon	<i>Philypnodon grandiceps</i>
flyspecked hardyhead	<i>Craterocephalus stercusmuscarum</i>
forktail catfish	family Ariidae
freshwater catfish	<i>Tandanus tandanus</i>
freshwater longtom	<i>Strongylura krefftii</i>
freshwater prawn	family Palaemonidae
Gilbert's grunter	<i>Pingalla gilberti</i>
golden flathead goby	<i>Glossogobius aureus</i>
golden perch	<i>Macquaria ambigua</i>
highfin catfish	<i>Neoarius berneyi</i>
jungle perch	<i>Kuhlia rupestris</i>
khaki grunter	<i>Hephaestus tulliensis</i>
Lake Eacham rainbowfish	<i>Melanotaenia eachamensis</i>
Lake's carp gudgeon	<i>Hypseleotris</i> sp B
leathery grunter	<i>Scortum hillii</i>
longfin eel	<i>Anguilla reinhardtii</i>
Lorentz grunter	<i>Pingalla lorentzi</i>
Macleay's glassfish	<i>Ambassis macleayi</i>
Marjorie's hardyhead	<i>Craterocephalus marjoriae</i>
Mary River cod	<i>Maccullochella peelii mariensis</i>
McCulloch's rainbowfish	<i>Melanotaenia maccullochi</i>
Midgley's carp gudgeon	<i>Hypseleotris</i> sp A

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
Mueller's glassfish	<i>Ambassis mulleri</i>
Mulgrave goby	<i>Glossogobius</i> sp B
Murray cod	<i>Maccullochella peelii peelii</i>
Murray River rainbowfish	<i>Melanotaenia fluviatilis</i>
Northern purplespotted gudgeon	<i>Mogurnda mogurnda</i>
Northern saratoga	<i>Scleropages jardinii</i>
Obbes' catfish	<i>Porochilus obbesi</i>
ornate rainbowfish	<i>Rhadinocentrus ornatus</i>
Pacific blue eye	<i>Pseudomugil signifer</i>
Pacific shortfin eel	<i>Anguilla obscura</i>
pennyfish	<i>Denariusa australis</i>
poreless gudgeon	<i>Oxyeleotris nullipora</i>
redclaw	<i>Cherax quadricarinatus</i>
Rendahl's catfish	<i>Porochilus rendahli</i>
river blackfish	<i>Gadopsis marmoratus</i>
Roman-nose goby	<i>Awaous acritosus</i>
sailfin glassfish	<i>Ambassis agrammus</i>
scaleless goby	<i>Schismatogobius insignum</i>
sevenspot archerfish	<i>Toxotes chatareus</i>
silver catfish	<i>Porochilus argenteus</i>
silver cobbler	<i>Neoarius midgleyi</i>
silver perch	<i>Bidyanus bidyanus</i>
sleepy cod	<i>Oxyeleotris lineolata</i>

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
smallhead grunter	<i>Scortum parviceps</i>
snakehead gudgeon	<i>Giurus margaritacea</i>
sooty grunter	<i>Hephaestus fuliginosus</i>
Southern purplespotted gudgeon	<i>Mogurnda adspersa</i>
Southern saratoga	<i>Scleropages leichardti</i>
Southern shortfin eel	<i>Anguilla australis</i>
spangled perch	<i>Leiopotherapon unicolor</i>
speckled goby	<i>Redigobius bikolanus</i>
spiny crayfish	<i>Euastacus</i> spp.
spotted blue eye	<i>Pseudomugil gertrudae</i>
spotted flagtail	<i>Kuhlia marginata</i>
square blotch goby	<i>Glossogobius</i> sp C
striped gudgeon	<i>Gobiomorphus australis</i>
tank goby	<i>Glossogobius giurus</i>
threadfin rainbowfish	<i>Iriatherina wernerii</i>
Welch's grunter	<i>Bidyanus welchi</i>
western carp gudgeon	<i>Hypseleotris klunzingeri</i>
yabby	<i>Cherax destructor destructor</i>

Part 3 Particular fish found in the East Coast Trawl fishery area

Column 1 Common name	Column 2 Scientific name
Balmain bug	<i>Ibacus</i> spp.
cuttlefish	<i>Metasepia</i> spp., <i>Sepia</i> spp.
deepwater bug	<i>Ibacus alticrenatus</i>
Edgbaston hardyhead	<i>Craterocephalus</i> sp.
goatfish	family Mullidae
Gulf Grunter	<i>Scortum ogilbyi</i>
mantis shrimp	family Squillidae
Moreton Bay bug	<i>Thenus</i> spp.
Myross hardyhead	<i>Craterocephalus</i> sp.
octopus	<i>Octopus</i> spp.
pipefish	<i>Solegnathus dunckeri</i> , <i>Solegnathus hardwickii</i>
prawn	family Penaeidae
red champagne lobster	<i>Linuparus trigonus</i>
saucer scallop	<i>Amusium balloti</i>
scallop	family Pectinidae
shovel-nosed lobster	<i>Ibacus brucei</i>
slipper lobster	<i>Scyllarides</i> spp.
smooth bug	<i>Ibacus chacei</i>
squid	<i>Loliolus</i> , <i>Nototodarus</i> , <i>Photololigo</i> , <i>Sepioteuthis</i> spp.

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
threadfin bream	family Nemipteridae
three-spotted crab	<i>Portunus sanguinolentus</i>
Utchee Creek rainbowfish	<i>Melanotaenia utcheensis</i>
yellowtail scad	<i>Trachurus novaezelandiae</i> and <i>Trachurus declivis</i>

Part 4 **Particular fish to which extended possession limits apply**

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
pearl perch	<i>Glaucosoma scapulare</i>
snapper	<i>Pagrus auratus</i>
spanish mackerel	<i>Scomberomorus commerson</i>

Part 5 **Other particular fish**

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
albacore	<i>Thunnus alalunga</i>
amberjack	<i>Seriola dumerili</i> and <i>S. rivoliana</i>
Australian sardine	<i>Sardinops neopilchardus</i> or <i>Sardinops sagax</i>

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
barramundi	<i>Lates calcarifer</i>
barred javelin	<i>Pomadasys kaakan</i>
beachworm	family Onuphidae
bigeye tuna	<i>Thunnus obesus</i>
billfish	families Istiophoridae and Xiphiidae
bivalve mollusc	class Bivalvia
black jewfish	<i>Protonibea diacanthus</i>
blacklip oyster	<i>Striostrea mytiloides</i>
blacklip pearl oyster	<i>Pinctada margaritifera</i>
blackspotted rockcod	<i>Epinephelus malabaricus</i>
black teatfish	<i>Holothuria whitmaei</i> (previously <i>Holothuria nobilis</i>)
bloodworm	family Eunicidae
blue swimmer crab	<i>Portunus armatus</i>
blue threadfin	<i>Eleutheronema tetradactylum</i>
cobia	<i>Rachycentron canadum</i>
diamondscale mullet	<i>Liza vaigiensis</i>
Dorab wolf herring	<i>Chirocentrus dorab</i>
dusky flathead	<i>Platycephalus fuscus</i>
eel	<i>Anguilla</i> spp.
fanfish	family Bramidae
flathead	<i>Platycephalus</i> spp.
garfish	family Hemiramphidae
gastropod	class Gastropoda

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
giant clam	family Tridacnidae
giant helmet shell	<i>Cassis cornuta</i>
giant queenfish	<i>Scomberoides commersonianus</i>
goldenline whiting	<i>Sillago analis</i>
golden snapper	<i>Lutjanus johnii</i>
goldlip pearl oyster	<i>Pinctada maxima</i>
goldspotted rockcod	<i>Epinephelus coioides</i>
grass emperor	<i>Lethrinus laticaudis</i>
great barracuda	<i>Sphyraena barracuda</i>
green snail	<i>Turbo marmoratus</i>
grey mackerel	<i>Scomberomorus semifasciatus</i>
grey reef shark	<i>Carcharhinus amblyrhynchos</i>
guitarfish	family Rhynchobatidae
hammerhead shark	<i>Sphyrna</i> spp.
helmet shell	<i>Cassis cornuta</i>
king threadfin	<i>Polydactylus macrochir</i>
longtail tuna	<i>Thunnus tonggol</i>
luderick	<i>Girella tricuspidata</i>
mahi mahi	<i>Coryphaena</i> spp.
mangrove jack	<i>Lutjanus argentimaculatus</i>
manta ray	<i>Manta</i> spp.
maray	<i>Etrumeus teres</i>
marine yabby	<i>Trypaea australiensis</i>

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
milky oyster	<i>Saccostrea cucullata</i>
mud crab	<i>Scylla</i> spp.
mullet	family Mugilidae
mulloway	<i>Argyrosomus hololepidotus</i>
Northern bluefin tuna	<i>Thunnus orientalis</i>
Northern whiting	<i>Sillago sihama</i>
painted crayfish	<i>Panulirus ornatus</i>
pearl oyster—see entries for blacklip pearl oyster and goldlip pearl oyster	
pickhandle barracuda	<i>Sphyraena jello</i>
pikey bream	<i>Acanthopagrus berda</i>
pipi	family Donacidae
pomfret	family Bramidae
queenfish	<i>Scomberoides</i> spp.
ray	orders Myliobatiformes, Rajiformes, Torpediniformes, Rhiniformes and Rhinobatiformes
samsonfish	<i>Seriola hippos</i>
sandtiger shark	<i>Odontaspis ferox</i>
sand whiting	<i>Sillago ciliata</i>
sawfish	family Pristidae
scaly jewfish	<i>Nibea squamosa</i>
school mackerel	<i>Scomberomorus queenslandicus</i>

Column 1	Column 2
Common name	Scientific name
sea cucumber	families Holothuriidae and Stichopodidae
sea mullet	<i>Mugil cephalus</i>
shark	order Carcharhiniformes, order Lamniformes and order Orectolobiformes
shark mackerel	<i>Grammatorcynus bicarinatus</i>
shovelnose ray	family Rhinobatidae
silver javelin	<i>Pomadasys argenteus</i>
skipjack tuna	<i>Katsuwonus pelamis</i>
Southern bluefin tuna	<i>Thunnus maccoyii</i>
spanner crab	<i>Ranina ranina</i>
spartooth shark	genus <i>Glyphis</i>
spotted mackerel	<i>Scomberomorus munroi</i>
swallowtail dart	<i>Trachinotus coppingeri</i>
tailor	<i>Pomatomus saltatrix</i>
tarwhine	<i>Rhabdosargus sarba</i>
teraglin	<i>Atractoscion aequidens</i>
three-spotted crab	<i>Portunus sanguinolentus</i>
trevally	family Carangidae
trochus	<i>Trochus niloticus</i>
tropical rocklobster	family Palinuridae
trumpeter whiting	<i>Sillago maculata</i>
trumpet shell	<i>Charonia tritonis</i>

Column 1

Common name

wahoo

white shark

whitetip reef shark

yellowfin bream

yellowfin tuna

yellowtail kingfish

Column 2

Scientific name

Acanthocybium solandri

Carcharodon carcharias

Triaenodon obesus

Acanthopagrus australis

Thunnus albacares

Seriola lalandi

**Schedule 7 Prescribed reference
documents for scientific names
for fish**

sections 6(3) and 7

Reference document	
1	Rees, A.J.J., Yearsley, G.K., and Gowlett-Holmes, K., 'Codes for Australian Aquatic Biota', CSIRO Marine and Atmospheric Research, World Wide Web electronic publications, 1999 onwards, available on the notification day at www.marine.csiro.au/caab/
2	Froese, R. and Pauly, D., Editors, 2007, 'FishBase', World Wide Web electronic publication, available on the notification day at www.fishbase.org/search.php

Schedule 8 Fees relating to development

section 708

Part 1 Resource allocation authorities

\$

1	Assessment of application for resource allocation authority relating to—	
	(a) prescribed declared fish habitat area development—	
	(i) for a level 1 assessment	601.70
	(ii) for a level 2 assessment	1,853.10
	(iii) for a level 3 assessment	3,552.00
	(iv) for a level 4 assessment	7,257.15
	(v) for a level 5 assessment	18,066.75
	(b) development mentioned in the <i>Planning Regulation 2017</i> , schedule 24, definition <i>non-referable building work</i> , paragraph (d) or that is operational work impacting on marine plants that is dead marine wood on unallocated State land for trade or commerce	601.70
	(c) prescribed aquaculture development—	
	(i) for a level 1 assessment	601.70
	(ii) for a level 2 assessment	1,853.10
	(iii) for a level 3 assessment	3,552.00
	(iv) for a level 4 assessment	7,257.15
	(v) for a level 5 assessment	18,066.75
2	Assessment of application for renewal of resource allocation authority	601.70

Part 2 Fish movement exemption notices

	\$
1 Assessment of application for fish movement exemption notice—	
(a) for a level 1 assessment	601.70
(b) for a level 2 assessment	1,853.10
(c) for a level 3 assessment	3,552.00
(d) for a level 4 assessment	7,257.15
(e) for a level 5 assessment	18,066.75

Schedule 9 Other fees

sections 256(3) and 711

Part 1 Fees for fishery symbols or authorities under regulation

Fishery symbol or authority	\$
Commercial harvest fisheries	
A1	380.05
A2	124.50
B1	13.1038/unit
D	6.5519/unit
E	124.50
F	124.50
G	124.50
H	124.50
J1 where a unit equals each whole 100kg entitled to be taken under the licence on which the symbol is written	13.1038/unit
JE	124.50
O	65.5193/area
P	380.05
W1	124.50
W2	124.50
Y	124.50
Commercial line fisheries	
L1	380.05
L2	380.05
L3	380.05

Fishery symbol or authority	\$
L4	1,113.75
L8	1,113.75
Commercial net fisheries	
K1	760.10
K2	760.10
K3	760.10
K4	760.10
K5	760.10
K6	760.10
K7	760.10
K8	760.10
N1	380.05
N2	760.10
N3	1,441.55
N4	2,883.00
N10	1,113.75
N11	196.55
N12	22,901.05
N13	12,722.85
Other commercial fisheries under regulation	
SM	nil
SM unit	0.1965
C1	380.05
C2	nil
C3	380.05
ITQ unit	0.9828
R where a unit equals each 1kg of (whole weight) fish entitled to be taken under the licence on which the symbol is written	0.3934/unit
S	760.10
T4	380.05

Fishery symbol or authority	\$
T4-ITQ unit	0.03669
Carrier boat licence	327.65
Charter fishing licence	327.65
RQ	nil
CT line unit	0.3934
OS line unit	0.1965
RTE line unit	0.1965

Part 2 Fees for fishery symbols or authorities under management plans

Fishery symbol or authority	\$
East Coast Trawl Plan	
M1	nil
M2	1,113.75
T1	nil
T2	nil
T5	380.05
T6	380.05
T7	380.05
T8	380.05
T9	380.05
'T1' effort unit	0.3934
'T2' effort unit	0.3934

Part 3 Registration fees for particular licences

Licence	\$
Carrier boat licence	327.65
Charter fishing licence	327.65
Commercial fisher licence	327.65
Commercial fishing boat licence	327.65
Commercial harvest fishery licence	327.65

Part 4 Other fees

		\$
1	Application for general fisheries permit	327.65
2	Application for developmental fishing permit	6,159.10
3	Application for indigenous fishing permit	nil
4	For a stocked impoundment permit—	
	(a) permit fee for 1 week	10.00
	(b) permit fee for 1 year for a person (an <i>eligible person</i>) who holds—	
	(i) a Queensland Government seniors card; or	
	(ii) any of the following cards issued by the Commonwealth department in which the <i>Social Security Act 1991</i> (Cwlth) or the <i>Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986</i> (Cwlth) is administered—	
	(A) a pensioner concession card;	
	(B) a health care card;	

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		\$
	(C) a repatriation health card for all conditions	36.00
	(c) permit fee for 1 year for a person other than an eligible person	50.00
5	For an application for an authority other than an authority mentioned in items 1 to 4 of this table or in s 708	at reasonable cost, but no more than actual cost
6	For a request to amend a licence (Act, s 63(4)(d))— (a) if the request is to replace a boat identified in the licence (b) otherwise	163.85 at reasonable cost, but no more than actual cost
7	For a fishery symbol movement application	163.85
8	For an application to register the transfer of an authority (Act, s 65A(4))— (a) for a temporary transfer under s 65C of the Act (b) otherwise	32.80 163.85
9	Application for a replacement authority (Act, s 71(2)(b))	32.80
10	For inspecting, or obtaining a copy of details in, the register (Act, s 73(4))	at reasonable cost, but no more than actual cost
11	For an application for a certificate, about an authority, under s 74(3) of the Act	163.85

Schedule 10 Defined port areas

schedule 11, part 2 definition *defined port area*

1	2
Name	Description
Southport port area	<p>the area within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 27°55.73' south, longitude 153°23.53' east to latitude 27°55.73' south, longitude 153°26.01' east • to latitude 27°59.47' south, longitude 153°26.01' east • to latitude 27°59.47' south, longitude 153°23.53' east • to latitude 27°55.73' south, longitude 153°23.53' east
Brisbane port area	<p>the area within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 27°30.00' south, longitude 153°00.00' east to latitude 27°00.00' south, longitude 153° east • to latitude 27°00.00' south, longitude 153°12.00' east • to latitude 27°30.00' south, longitude 153°12.00' east • to latitude 27°30.00' south, longitude 153°00.00' east
Mooloolaba port area	<p>the area within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 26°42.72' south, longitude 153°07.06' east to latitude 26°40.86' south, longitude 153°08.28' east • to latitude 26°40.54' south, longitude 153°06.27' east • to latitude 26°38.03' south, longitude 153°06.13' east • to latitude 26°38.07' south, longitude 153°03.68' east • to latitude 26°42.72' south, longitude 153°07.06' east
Tin Can Bay port area	<p>the area within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 25°49.60' south, longitude 152°57.80' east to latitude 25°49.60' south, longitude 153°04.24' east • to latitude 25°59.89' south, longitude 153°04.24' east • to latitude 25°59.89' south, longitude 152°57.80' east • to latitude 25°49.60' south, longitude 152°57.80' east

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1	2
Name	Description
Urangan port area	<p>the area within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 25°17.59' south, longitude 152°54.70' east to latitude 25°17.62' south, longitude 152°55.09' east • to latitude 25°18.02' south, longitude 152°54.91' east • to latitude 25°18.00' south, longitude 152°54.50' east • to latitude 25°17.59' south, longitude 152°54.70' east
Bundaberg port area	<p>the area within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 24°45.15' south, longitude 152°19.83' east to latitude 24°45.15' south, longitude 152°25.68' east • to latitude 24°52.49' south, longitude 152°25.68' east • to latitude 24°52.49' south, longitude 152°19.83' east • to latitude 24°45.15' south, longitude 152°19.83' east
Gladstone port area	<p>the area within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 23°49.67' south, longitude 151°14.24' east to latitude 23°49.67' south, longitude 151°15.24' east • to latitude 23°50.29' south, longitude 151°15.24' east • to latitude 23°50.29' south, longitude 151°14.24' east • to latitude 23°49.67' south, longitude 151°14.24' east
Rosslyn Bay port area	<p>the area within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 23°09.54' south, longitude 150°47.00' east to latitude 23°09.54' south, longitude 150°47.44' east • to latitude 23°09.87' south, longitude 150°47.44' east • to latitude 23°09.87' south, longitude 150°47.00' east • to latitude 23°09.54' south, longitude 150°47.00' east
Mackay port area	<p>the area within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 21°06.91' south, longitude 149°11.53' east to latitude 21°08.54' south, longitude 149°10.92' east • to latitude 21°09.01' south, longitude 149°13.38' east • to latitude 21°05.94' south, longitude 149°13.62' east • to latitude 21°06.91' south, longitude 149°11.53' east

1	2
Name	Description
Bowen port area	<p>the area within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 20°01.18' south, longitude 148°16.32' east to latitude 20°01.70' south, longitude 148°15.76' east • to latitude 20°01.46' south, longitude 148°14.81' east • to latitude 20°00.75' south, longitude 148°14.75' east • to latitude 20°01.18' south, longitude 148°16.32' east
Townsville port area	<p>the area within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 19°14.13' south, longitude 146°48.00' east to latitude 19°18.12' south, longitude 146°47.78' east • to latitude 19°16.63' south, longitude 146°50.55' east • to latitude 19°14.41' south, longitude 146°50.15' east • to latitude 19°14.13' south, longitude 146°48.00' east
Lucinda port area	<p>the area within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 18°29.72' south, longitude 146°19.09' east to latitude 18°32.89' south, longitude 146°19.28' east • to latitude 18°33.76' south, longitude 146°16.72' east • to latitude 18°29.80' south, longitude 146°14.95' east • to latitude 18°29.72' south, longitude 146°19.09' east
Mourilyan port area	<p>the area within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 17°35.76' south, longitude 146°06.25' east to latitude 17°37.36' south, longitude 146°06.84' east • to latitude 17°36.34' south, longitude 146°08.07' east • to latitude 17°35.51' south, longitude 146°07.63' east • to latitude 17°35.76' south, longitude 146°06.25' east
Innisfail port area	<p>the area within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 17°30.00' south longitude 146°00.75' east to latitude 17°32.00' south, longitude 146°00.75' east • to latitude 17°32.00' south, longitude 146°04.75' east • to latitude 17°30.00' south, longitude 146°04.75' east • to latitude 17°30.00' south longitude 146°00.75' east

Schedule 10

1	2
Name	Description
Cairns port area	<p>the area within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 16°54.00' south, longitude 145°44.50' east to latitude 17°00.00' south, longitude 145°44.50' east • to latitude 17°00.00' south, longitude 145°48.75' east • to latitude 16°54.00' south, longitude 145°48.75' east • to latitude 16°54'00' south, longitude 145°44.50' east
Port Douglas port area	<p>the area within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 16°28.50' south, longitude 145°27.00' east to latitude 16°29.50' south longitude 145°27.00' east • to latitude 16°29.50' south, longitude 145°28.00' east • to latitude 16°28.50' south, longitude 145°28.00' east • to latitude 16°28.50' south, longitude 145°27.00' east
Cooktown port area	<p>the area within the following boundary—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from latitude 15°26.00' south, longitude 145°10.75' east to latitude 15°28.00' south longitude 145°10.75' east • to latitude 15°28.00' south, longitude 145°15.50' east • to latitude 15°26.00' south longitude 145°15.50' east • to latitude 15°26.00' south, longitude 145°10.75' east

Schedule 10A Prescribed stocked impoundments

schedule 11, section 6B

- Aplins Weir
- Baroon Pocket Dam
- Beehive Dam
- Ben Anderson Barrage
- Ben Dor Weir
- Bill Gunn Dam (Lake Dyer)
- Bjelke-Petersen Dam
- Black Weir
- Bonshaw Weir
- Boondooma Dam
- Borumba Dam
- Burdekin Falls Dam
- Caboolture River Weir
- Callide Dam
- Cania Dam
- Cecil Plains Weir
- Chinchilla Weir
- Claude Wharton Weir
- Connolly Dam
- Cooby Dam
- Coolmunda Dam
- Cressbrook Dam
- Cunningham (Beebo) Weir

- Eungella Dam
- Ewen Maddock Dam
- Fairbairn Dam
- Fred Haigh Dam (Lake Monduran)
- Gil Weir
- Gleeson Weir
- Glenarbon Weir
- Glenlyon Dam
- Goondiwindi (Hilton) Weir
- Gordonbrook Dam
- Hinze Dam
- Inglewood Town Weir
- Isis Balancing Storage (Lake Gregory)
- Jones Weir
- Kinchant Dam
- Koombooloomba Dam
- Lake Belmore
- Lake Kurwongbah
- Lake MacDonald
- Lemon Tree Weir
- Lenthalls Dam
- Leslie Dam
- Maroon Dam
- Miles Weir
- Moogerah Dam
- North Pine Dam
- Peter Faust Dam
- Somerset Dam

- Storm King Dam
- Surat Weir
- Talgai Weir
- Teemburra Dam
- Theresa Creek Dam
- Tinaroo Falls Dam (Lake Tinaroo)
- Whetstone Weir
- Wivenhoe Dam
- Woodford Weir
- Wuruma Dam
- Wyaralong Dam
- Yarramalong Weir

Schedule 10B River basins where non-indigenous fisheries resources can not be released

section 220B(2)

- Baffle
- Barron
- Bloomfield
- Curtis Island
- Daintree
- Endeavour
- Fraser Island
- Hann (with the river basin reference number 1050)
- Hinchinbrook Island
- Jacky Jacky
- Jeannie
- Lockhart
- Mossman
- Mulgrave
- Murray
- Noosa
- Normanby
- North Johnstone
- Olive
- Pascoe
- river basins comprising the Bulloo–Bancannia drainage division

- river basins comprising the Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division
- river basins comprising the Lake Eyre drainage division
- river basins comprising the Murray–Darling drainage division
- Russell
- Shoalwater
- South Johnstone
- Stewart
- Stradbroke Islands
- Tully
- Waterpark
- Whitsunday Island

Schedule 10C River basins where aquaculture fisheries resources can be released

section 634(2)(d)

Part 1 Preliminary

1 References to stocks of barramundi in pt 2

In part 2—

barramundi (central east coast stock) means barramundi of the population indigenous to the area from the northern boundary of the O'Connell river basin to the southern boundary of the Shoalwater river basin.

barramundi (east coast Cape York stock) means barramundi of the population indigenous to the area from the northern boundary of the Jacky Jacky river basin to the eastern boundary of the Normanby river basin.

barramundi (mid north-east coast stock) means barramundi of the population indigenous to the area from the northern boundary of the Endeavour river basin to the southern boundary of the Burdekin river basin.

barramundi (north-west Cape York stock) means barramundi of the population indigenous to the area from the southern boundary of the Embley river basin to the northern boundary of the Jardine river basin.

barramundi (south-east coast stock) means barramundi of the population indigenous to the area from the northern boundary of the Fitzroy river basin to the southern boundary of the Mary river basin.

barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock) means barramundi of the population indigenous to the area from the north-western boundary of the Nicholson river basin to the northern boundary of the Watson river basin.

Part 2 River basins

Column 1	Column 2
River basin	Aquaculture fisheries resources that can be released
Albert	Australian bass freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Mary River cod
Alice	redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Archer	barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Auburn	Australian bass barramundi (south-east coast stock) freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) silver perch Southern saratoga
Baffle	barramundi (south-east coast stock) freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock)
Balonne	freshwater catfish (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Murray cod silver perch

Column 1	Column 2
River basin	Aquaculture fisheries resources that can be released
Barambah	Australian bass barramundi (south-east coast stock) freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) silver perch Southern saratoga
Barcoo	golden perch (Lake Eyre drainage division stock)
Barron	barramundi (mid north-east coast stock) khaki grunter sooty grunter
Belyando	sooty grunter
Black	barramundi (mid north-east coast stock)
Border Rivers	freshwater catfish (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Murray cod silver perch
Bowen	sooty grunter
Boyne	barramundi (south-east coast stock) freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) silver perch Southern saratoga
Bremer	Australian bass freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Mary River cod silver perch Southern saratoga

Column 1	Column 2
River basin	Aquaculture fisheries resources that can be released
Brisbane	Australian bass freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Mary River cod silver perch Southern saratoga
Burdekin	barramundi (mid north-east coast stock) sooty grunter
Burnett	Australian bass barramundi (south-east coast stock) freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) silver perch Southern saratoga
Burrum	Australian bass barramundi (south-east coast stock) freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) silver perch
Caboolture	Australian bass freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) silver perch
Calliope	barramundi (south-east coast stock) freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock)
Clarke	sooty grunter
Cliffdale	redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter

Column 1	Column 2
River basin	Aquaculture fisheries resources that can be released
Cloncurry	barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Coen	barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Coleman	barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Comet	barramundi (south-east coast stock) freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (east coast drainage division stock) sleepy cod (Comet, Dawson, Fitzroy, Isaac, Mackenzie, Nogo and Plane river basins stock) Southern saratoga
Condamine	freshwater catfish (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Murray cod silver perch
Cooper Creek	golden perch (Lake Eyre drainage division stock)
Curtis Island	barramundi (south-east coast stock)
Daintree	barramundi (mid north-east coast stock) khaki grunter

Column 1	Column 2
River basin	Aquaculture fisheries resources that can be released
Dawson	barramundi (south-east coast stock) freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (east coast drainage division stock) silver perch sleepy cod (Comet, Dawson, Fitzroy, Isaac, Mackenzie, Nogoia and Plane river basins stock) Southern saratoga
Diamantina	golden perch (Lake Eyre drainage division stock)
Dulhunty	barramundi (north-west Cape York stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Edward	redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Eight Mile	redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Einasleigh	barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Elliott	Australian bass barramundi (south-east coast stock) silver perch

Column 1	Column 2
River basin	Aquaculture fisheries resources that can be released
Embley	barramundi (north-west Cape York stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Endeavour	barramundi (mid north-east coast stock)
Fitzroy	barramundi (south-east coast stock) freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (east coast drainage division stock) silver perch sleepy cod (Comet, Dawson, Fitzroy, Isaac, Mackenzie, Nogoia and Plane river basins stock) Southern saratoga
Flinders	barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Fraser Island	freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock)
Georgina	golden perch (Lake Eyre drainage division stock)
Gilbert	barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Gregory	Australian bass barramundi (south-east coast stock)
Hann (with the river basin reference number 1050)	barramundi (east coast Cape York stock) redclaw

Column 1	Column 2
River basin	Aquaculture fisheries resources that can be released
Hann (with the river basin reference number 9102)	redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Haughton	barramundi (mid north-east coast stock)
Herbert	barramundi (mid north-east coast stock) sooty grunter
Hinchinbrook Island	barramundi (mid north-east coast stock)
Holroyd	barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Isaac	barramundi (south-east coast stock) freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (east coast drainage division stock) sleepy cod (Comet, Dawson, Fitzroy, Isaac, Mackenzie, Nogoia and Plane river basins stock) Southern saratoga
Jackson	barramundi (north-west Cape York stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock)
Jacky Jacky	barramundi (east coast Cape York stock) redclaw
Jardine	barramundi (north-west Cape York stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock)

Column 1	Column 2
River basin	Aquaculture fisheries resources that can be released
Kendall	redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Kolan	Australian bass barramundi (south-east coast stock) freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) silver perch
L Creek	barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Leichardt	barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Lockhart	barramundi (east coast Cape York stock) redclaw
Lockyer	Australian bass freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Mary River cod silver perch Southern saratoga
Logan	Australian bass freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Mary River cod silver perch

Column 1	Column 2
River basin	Aquaculture fisheries resources that can be released
Macintyre	freshwater catfish (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Murray cod silver perch
Mackenzie	barramundi (south-east coast stock) freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (east coast drainage division stock) sleepy cod (Comet, Dawson, Fitzroy, Isaac, Mackenzie, Nogoia and Plane river basins stock) Southern saratoga
Maranoa	freshwater catfish (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Murray cod silver perch
Maroochy	Australian bass freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) silver perch
Mary	Australian bass barramundi (south-east coast stock) freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Mary River cod silver perch
Mission	barramundi (north-west Cape York stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter

Column 1	Column 2
River basin	Aquaculture fisheries resources that can be released
Mitchell	barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Moonie	freshwater catfish (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Murray cod silver perch
Morning	barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Mornington Island	redclaw
Mossman	barramundi (mid north-east coast stock)
Mulgrave	barramundi (mid north-east coast stock) khaki grunter sooty grunter
Mulligan	golden perch (Lake Eyre drainage division stock)
Murray	barramundi (mid north-east coast stock) khaki grunter sooty grunter
Nebine	freshwater catfish (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Murray cod silver perch

Column 1	Column 2
River basin	Aquaculture fisheries resources that can be released
Nicholson	barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Nogo	Australian bass barramundi (south-east coast stock) freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) silver perch Southern saratoga
Nogoa	barramundi (south-east coast stock) freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (east coast drainage division stock) silver perch sleepy cod (Comet, Dawson, Fitzroy, Isaac, Mackenzie, Nogoa and Plane river basins stock) Southern saratoga
Noosa	Australian bass freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock)
Norman	barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Normanby	barramundi (east coast Cape York stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock)
North Johnstone	barramundi (mid north-east coast stock) khaki grunter sooty grunter

Column 1	Column 2
River basin	Aquaculture fisheries resources that can be released
North Pine	Australian bass freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Mary River cod silver perch Southern saratoga
O'Connell	barramundi (central east coast stock)
Olive	barramundi (east coast Cape York stock) redclaw
Palmer	redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Paroo	freshwater catfish (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Murray cod silver perch
Pascoe	barramundi (east coast Cape York stock) redclaw
Pioneer	barramundi (central east coast stock) sooty grunter
Plane	barramundi (central east coast stock) sleepy cod (Comet, Dawson, Fitzroy, Isaac, Mackenzie, Nogoia and Plane river basins stock)
Ross	barramundi (mid north-east coast stock)
Russell	barramundi (mid north-east coast stock) khaki grunter sooty grunter

Column 1	Column 2
River basin	Aquaculture fisheries resources that can be released
Saxby	barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Settlement	redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Severn	freshwater catfish (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Murray cod silver perch
Shoalwater	barramundi (central east coast stock) freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock)
Skardon	barramundi (north-west Cape York stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock)
Southcoast	Australian bass freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Mary River cod silver perch Southern saratoga
South Johnstone	barramundi (mid north-east coast stock) khaki grunter
South Pine	Australian bass freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) silver perch

Column 1	Column 2
River basin	Aquaculture fisheries resources that can be released
Staaten	barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Stanley	Australian bass freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Mary River cod silver perch Southern saratoga
Stewart	barramundi (east coast Cape York stock) redclaw
Styx	barramundi (central east coast stock)
Thomson	golden perch (Lake Eyre drainage division stock)
Torres Strait Islands	redclaw
Tully	barramundi (mid north-east coast stock) khaki grunter sooty grunter
Walsh	redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Warrego	freshwater catfish (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) golden perch (Murray-Darling drainage division stock) Murray cod silver perch
Waterpark	freshwater catfish (east coast drainage division stock)

Column 1	Column 2
River basin	Aquaculture fisheries resources that can be released
Watson	barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter
Wenlock	barramundi (north-west Cape York stock) redclaw sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) sooty grunter

Schedule 10D River basins where particular fish can be used as live bait

schedule 2, part 2, entries for redclaw and yabby

Part 1 Redclaw

- Alice
- Archer
- Cliffdale
- Cloncurry
- Coen
- Coleman
- Dulhunty
- Edward
- Eight Mile
- Einasleigh
- Embley
- Flinders
- Gilbert
- Hann (with the river basin reference number 1050)
- Hann (with the river basin reference number 9102)
- Holroyd
- Jackson
- Jacky Jacky
- Jardine
- Kendall
- L Creek

- Leichardt
- Lockhart
- Mission
- Mitchell
- Morning
- Mornington Island
- Nicholson
- Norman
- Normanby
- Olive
- Palmer
- Pascoe
- Saxby
- Settlement
- Skardon
- Staaten
- Stewart
- Torres Strait Islands
- Walsh
- Watson
- Wenlock

Part 2 Yabby

- Balonne
- Barcoo
- Belyando
- Border Rivers

- Condamine
- Cooper Creek
- Dawson
- Diamantina
- Georgina
- Isaac
- Macintyre
- Maranoa
- Moonie
- Mulligan
- Nebine
- Paroo
- river basins comprising the Bulloo–Bancannia drainage division
- Severn
- Thomson
- Warrego

Schedule 10E Listed impoundments

schedule 11, section 6C

- Atkinsons Dam
- Baroon Pocket Dam
- Beehive Dam
- Bill Gunn Dam (Lake Dyer)
- Bjelke-Petersen Dam
- Boondooma Dam
- Borumba Dam
- Burdekin Dam (Lake Dalrymple)
- Callide Dam
- Cania Dam
- Connolly Dam
- Cooby Dam
- Coolmunda Dam
- Cressbrook Dam
- Eungella Dam
- Ewen Maddock Dam
- Fairbairn Dam
- Fred Haigh Dam (Lake Monduran)
- Glenlyon Dam
- Gordonbrook Dam
- Hinze Dam
- Kinchant Dam
- Koombooloomba Dam
- Lake Awonga

- Lake Gregory
- Lake MacDonald
- Lenthalls Dam (Lake Lenthall)
- Leslie Dam
- Maroon Dam
- Middle Creek Dam
- Moogerah Dam
- Mount Morgan Big Dam
- North Pine Dam
- Peter Faust Dam
- Ross River Dam
- Sideling Creek Dam (Lake Kurwongbah)
- Somerset Dam
- Storm King Dam
- Teemburra Dam
- Theresa Creek Dam
- Tinaroo Dam
- Wivenhoe Dam
- Wuruma Dam
- Wyaralong Dam

Schedule 11 Dictionary

sections 4, 562(3) and 591T(3)

Part 1 Extended definitions

1 References to a commercial fishery *identified by a fishery symbol*

A commercial fishery is *identified by* a fishery symbol if the fishery symbol is a fishery symbol for the fishery.

2 References to *drainage divisions*

- (1) A reference to a *drainage division* of a particular name is a reference to the drainage division of that name shown on the freshwater basins map.
- (2) However, a reference to a *drainage division* does not include tidal waters in the drainage division.

2A Meaning of *fishing line*

- (1) A *fishing line* means, generally, fishing apparatus consisting of a line that is hand-held or attached to a rod or reel.
- (2) However, a *fishing line* does not include the following—
 - (a) a cross-line;
 - (b) a drum line;
 - (c) a free-floating line;
 - (d) a set line.

3 Meaning of *length of a boat*

- (1) *Length*, of a boat, means the distance between the front and end tips of the boat.

- (2) However, the length does not include anything that does not increase the boat's effective length.

Examples of things that do not increase a boat's effective length—

- an anchor rail
- a bowsprit

Example of things that do increase a boat's effective length—

- additions to the boat's hull (whether fixed temporarily or permanently) that increase the boat's deck area

4 Meaning of *length* of a net other than an otter trawl net

- (1) ***Length***, of a cast net, means the greater of the distances between the point where the net's cord or rope is attached to the rest of the net and the following—
- (a) the net's lead line;
 - (b) the bottom of the net's lowest pocket.
- (2) ***Length***, of a net, other than a cast net or otter trawl net, means the distance between the outer ends of its mesh measured along the head or bottom rope, whichever rope is longer when taut.
- (3) ***Length***, of a net used with a separate back net, means the total length of the net and the back net in use.

4A Meaning of *nearshore waters*

- (1) ***Nearshore waters*** are tidal waters that are less than 2m deep at low water.
- (2) However, ***nearshore waters*** do not include waters—
- (a) in a river or creek upstream of a line across its banks at low water; or
 - (b) in an inlet.

5 References to measurements of size of fish

Unless otherwise provided, a reference to a measurement of size of a fish is a reference to the length of the fish.

Example—

A reference to the regulated minimum size of a fish as less than 38cm is a reference to a fish of the relevant species that is less than 38cm long.

6 Meaning of *mesh size* of a net

- (1) *Mesh size*, of a net that is knotted, is the average distance, when the mesh of the net is closed, between the inner edges of 2 diagonally opposite knots of each of 10 meshes at least 30cm from each other.
- (2) *Mesh size*, of a net that is knotless, is the average distance, when the mesh of the net is closed, between the inner edges of 2 diagonally opposite corners of each of 10 meshes at least 30cm from each other.
- (3) For this section, the mesh of a net is closed when the inner edges of 2 diagonally opposing knots or corners of the mesh are pulled by hand in opposite directions so that the sides of the mesh, when the knots or corners are pulled, are as close to touching each other as is reasonably practicable.
- (4) However, for pulling the knots or corners of the mesh under subsection (3), no more force may be used than is reasonably necessary to pull the mesh, or the material from which it is made, to its natural length.

6A Meaning of *offshore waters*

- (1) *Offshore waters* are tidal waters that are at least 2m deep at low water.
- (2) However, *offshore waters* do not include waters—
 - (a) in a river or creek upstream of a line across its banks at low water; or
 - (b) in an inlet.

6B Meaning of *prescribed stocked impoundment*

- (1) A *prescribed stocked impoundment* is an impoundment mentioned in schedule 10A.

- (2) However, a *prescribed stocked impoundment* includes only the waters up to the full supply level of the impoundment.

6C Meaning of *listed impoundment*

- (1) A *listed impoundment* is an impoundment mentioned in schedule 10E.
- (2) However, a *listed impoundment* includes only the waters up to the full supply level of the impoundment.

7 References to *primary boat* and *tender boat* and related references

- (1) A *primary boat* is a boat identified in either of the following licences as the primary commercial fishing boat for the licence—
- (a) a commercial fishing boat licence;
 - (b) a commercial harvest fishery licence for the shell fishery under chapter 7, part 4.
- (2) A *tender boat* is a boat, other than a primary boat, that may be used under section 246.
- (3) In a provision about a commercial fishing boat licence or commercial harvest fishery licence—
- (a) a reference to the *primary boat* is a reference to the primary boat identified in the licence; and
 - (b) a reference to a *tender boat* is a reference to a tender boat that—
 - (i) under section 246(1)(c) may be used under the licence; and
 - (ii) has its boat mark placed in a way that complies with section 229.
- (4) A reference to a *primary boat's tender boat* is a reference to a tender boat that—

-
- (a) under section 246, may be used under the commercial fishing boat licence in which the primary boat is identified; and
 - (b) has its boat mark placed in a way that complies with section 229.
- (5) A reference to a *tender boat's primary boat* is a reference to the primary boat identified in the commercial fishing boat licence under which the tender boat is being or may be used.

8 Meaning of *recreational fisher* and *recreational fishing*

- (1) A *recreational fisher* is a person who is carrying out recreational fishing.
- (2) A person is carrying out *recreational fishing* if the person takes or possesses fish, unless—
 - (a) the person takes or possesses the fish—
 - (i) for trade or commerce; or
 - (ii) in the exercise or enjoyment of native title rights and interests in relation to land or waters under the *Native Title Act 1993* (Cwlth); or
 - (b) the person is an Aborigine and takes or possesses the fish under Aboriginal tradition; or
 - (c) the person is a Torres Strait Islander and takes or possesses the fish under Island custom.
- (3) For subsection (2)(a)(i), trade or commerce does not include trade or commerce that is limited to conducting a charter fishing trip.
- (4) To remove any doubt, it is declared that the following persons may act as a recreational fisher—
 - (a) a person who holds an authority that authorises the person to take fish for trade or commerce; or
 - (b) a person who is, under this regulation or a management plan, authorised to take fish for trade or commerce under an authority mentioned in paragraph (a).

- (5) However, a person acting as a recreational fisher under subsection (4) is subject to any relevant prohibitions or restrictions under this regulation or a management plan.

Example—

If the person holds, or is acting under, an SM unit or line unit, spanish mackerel or regulated coral reef fin fish taken by the person as a recreational fisher are included in the use of the entitlements under the SM unit or line unit.

9 References to *river basins* by name or reference number

- (1) A reference to a *river basin* of a particular name is a reference to the river basin of that name shown on the freshwater basins map.
- (2) However, a reference to a *river basin* does not include tidal waters in the river basin.
- (3) Also, a reference number for a *river basin* is the reference number for the river basin shown on the freshwater basins map.

9A When is a mesh net a *set mesh net*

- (1) A mesh net is a *set mesh net* if—
- (a) 2 or more points of the net are each fixed to the ground or a thing to prevent the net from moving from the position in which it is set; or
- (b) a point of the net is fixed to a boat and another point of the net is fixed to the ground or a thing.
- (2) For subsection (1), the ground includes the bed of a body of water.

9B References to a *stock* of fish by location

A reference to a *stock* of fish by its geographical location is a reference to the population of the fish that is indigenous to the location.

Example—

A reference to the sleepy cod (Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin stock) is a reference to the population of sleepy cod that is indigenous to the Gulf of Carpentaria drainage division and Normanby river basin).

10 Meaning of *under direction* for an assistant fisher

- (1) This section states when an assistant fisher is *under direction* of a commercial fisher in a commercial fishery under this regulation or a management plan, other than the East Coast Trawl Plan.

Note—

For the east coast trawl fishery see the East Coast Trawl Plan, section 33 (Assistant fishers).

- (2) The assistant fisher is *under direction* of the commercial fisher if—
- (a) the assistant fisher and commercial fisher are engaged in—
 - (i) the same fishing operation in a commercial fishery; or
 - (ii) different fishing operations, 1 of which is in the crab fishery; and
 - (b) either—
 - (i) the assistant fisher and commercial fisher are at the same place, in the same vehicle or on the same commercial fishing boat; or
 - (ii) the assistant fisher and commercial fisher are not at the same place, in the same vehicle or on the same commercial fishing boat, but—
 - (A) they are no further apart than the distance authorised under a fishery provision about the commercial fishery; and
 - (B) the assistant fisher is following the commercial fisher's instructions.

- (3) However, in the commercial trawl fishery (fin fish) under chapter 11, part 3, an assistant fisher is *under direction* of a commercial fisher only if the assistant fisher and the commercial fisher are—
- (a) on the same boat; or
 - (b) on different boats but the assistant fisher is on a tender boat that is not a trawler.

11 Meaning of *whole weight* of spanish mackerel

- (1) The *whole weight* of whole spanish mackerel is the weight, in kilograms, of the spanish mackerel.
- (2) The *whole weight* of spanish mackerel that is filleted, gilled and gutted or trunked is the weight worked out using the following formula—

$$WW = W \times CF$$

where—

WW is the whole weight, in kilograms, of the spanish mackerel.

W is the weight, in kilograms, of the spanish mackerel.

CF is—

- (a) for filleted spanish mackerel—1.61; or
 - (b) for gilled and gutted spanish mackerel—1.05; or
 - (c) for trunked spanish mackerel—1.18.
- (3) The *whole weight* of a number of the spanish mackerel mentioned in subsection (2) is the weight worked out by using the following formula—

$$WW = N \times 7.25$$

where—

WW is the whole weight, in kilograms, of the spanish mackerel, worked out under subsection (2).

N is the number of spanish mackerel.

12 Meaning of *whole weight* of regulated coral reef fin fish

- (1) The *whole weight* of regulated coral reef fin fish that is filleted is the weight worked out using the following formula—

$$WW = W \times CF$$

where—

WW is the whole weight, in kilograms, of the fish.

W is the weight, in kilograms, of the filleted fish.

CF is—

- (a) for filleted regulated coral trout—2; or
 - (b) for filleted regulated cod or grouper—2.1; or
 - (c) for filleted goldband snapper—2.3; or
 - (d) for filleted rosy snapper or lavender snapper—2.1; or
 - (e) for filleted regulated tropical snapper or seaperch not mentioned in paragraph (c) or (d)—2.6; or
 - (f) for filleted regulated emperor—2.5; or
 - (g) for any other regulated coral reef fin fish or fish not identified as a particular species—2.
- (2) The *whole weight* of regulated coral reef fin fish that is gilled and gutted is the weight worked out using the following formula—
- $$WW = W \times 1.1$$
- where—
- WW* is the whole weight, in kilograms, of the fish.
- W* is the weight, in kilograms, of the gilled and gutted fish.
- (3) The *whole weight*, in kilograms, of a number of regulated coral reef fin fish is the number of the fish.
- (4) The *whole weight* of regulated coral reef fin fish to which subsections (1) to (3) do not apply is the weight, in kilograms, of the fish.

Part 2 Other definitions

7n mile line means a line parallel to the territorial sea baseline and 7n miles out to sea.

25n mile line means a line parallel to the territorial sea baseline and 25n miles out to sea.

activity involving regulated fish see section 140.

administrative conditions, for chapter 6, part 4, see section 255.

AIVR system see section 669.

annual, in relation to a quota, unless otherwise provided, means the period from 1 January to 31 December.

annual quota, for the commercial spanner crab fishery (managed area A) or reef line commercial fishery, means the annual quota declared by the chief executive for the fishery under the Act, section 44.

assistant fisher see section 233(1).

authorised boat—

- (a) for chapter 5, part 6, division 2, see section 227; or
- (b) for chapter 10, part 3, see section 565; or
- (c) for chapter 10A, part 3, see section 591W; or
- (d) for chapter 11, part 3, division 6, see section 614W; or
- (e) for chapter 14, part 2, see section 644.

authorised person, for chapter 6, part 6, see section 262.

back net means a part of a mesh net that—

- (a) is part of the total length of a mesh net; and
- (b) is no more than 1 quarter of the total length of the mesh net being used; and
- (c) is supported by no more than 12 stakes; and

- (d) if it is being used to take fish as part of a ring or seine net, remains in the water while the ring or seine net is being used; and
- (e) is used as an artificial shore for concentrating fish to remove them from the water.

barramundi (central east coast stock), for schedule 10C, see schedule 10C, section 1.

barramundi (east coast Cape York stock), for schedule 10C, see schedule 10C, section 1.

barramundi (Gulf) regulated period means a regulated period mentioned in section 44B(2).

barramundi (mid north-east coast stock), for schedule 10C, see schedule 10C, section 1.

barramundi (north-west Cape York stock), for schedule 10C, see schedule 10C, section 1.

barramundi (south-east coast stock), for schedule 10C, see schedule 10C, section 1.

barramundi (south-east Gulf of Carpentaria stock), for schedule 10C, see schedule 10C, section 1.

boat communication notice see section 678(1).

boat mark, for an authorised boat, see section 228.

boat mark notice see section 227(b).

bottom set line means a line that is anchored to the bed of a body of water in which the line is being used.

bottom set net means a mesh net that is set along the seabed.

C2 fishery licence means a commercial fishing boat licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'C2'.

canister trap means a trap consisting of a bucket with perforations in the bottom and sides or a similar type of device.

carrier boat licence means a carrier boat licence issued under chapter 5.

cast net means a circular net that is—

- (a) weighted around its outside; and
- (b) has a rope attached to its centre to allow the net to be cast and retrieved.

charter fishing licence means a charter fishing licence issued under chapter 5.

charter fishing trip means a trip on a boat, during which a person uses a boat (the ***charter boat***) to take paying passengers to fish, as recreational fishers, from, or by otherwise using, the charter boat.

Examples of using a boat to fish—

- 1 using the boat to tow a tender that is being used for fishing
- 2 using the boat as a platform for spearfishing or to fish on a reef or sandbank

coastal 500m line, around the mainland or an island, means the line worked out as follows—

- (a) for any part of the mainland or island where there is a coral reef within 100m of the mainland or island—the line every point of which is 500m seaward from the seaward edge of the reef at low water mark;
- (b) for any other part of the mainland or island—the line every point of which is 500m seaward from the shore of the mainland or island at low water mark.

collapsible trap means a trap made of rigid material, with 1 or more collapsible sides.

commercial fisher see section 15.

commercial fisher licence means a commercial fisher licence issued under chapter 5.

commercial fishery see section 15A.

commercial fishing apparatus means fishing apparatus other than recreational fishing apparatus.

commercial fishing boat means a primary boat or a tender boat.

commercial fishing boat licence means a commercial fishing boat licence issued under chapter 5.

commercial fishing net means a net of a type that is commercial fishing apparatus.

commercial harvest fishery licence means a commercial harvest fishery licence issued under chapter 5.

commercial trawl fishery (fin fish) see section 609.

crab apparatus, for chapter 11, part 1, see section 596(1).

crab fishery means the commercial crab fishery under chapter 11, part 1.

crab pot means fishing apparatus consisting of a cage with a round opening in the top, or an elongated opening (parallel to the base) in the side, for trapping crabs.

cross-line means a line fixed at both ends and set across or in water.

CT line unit means a CT line unit continued under section 756(2).

dam means an artificial structure that is designed and constructed to hold water above the level of the banks of a waterway.

defined port area means any of the areas described in schedule 10, column 2.

department's website means the department's website on the internet.

development see the Planning Act, schedule 2.

developmental fishing permit means a developmental fishing permit issued under chapter 5.

diameter, of monofilament of a net, means the average diameter of the monofilament of 10 meshes of the net, each of which is at least 30cm from the other 9.

dilly means fishing apparatus consisting of a frame and a net that hangs below the frame's horizontal plane when the apparatus is in use.

domestic commercial vessel see the domestic commercial vessel national law, section 7.

domestic commercial vessel national law see the *Transport Operations (Marine Safety—Domestic Commercial Vessel National Law Application) Act 2016*, section 20.

drainage division see section 2 of this schedule.

drop line, for chapter 8 part 5, see section 429(1)(a).

drum line means a line, to which a hook is attached, that is suspended from a float anchored to the bed of a body of water in which the line is being used.

east coast trawl fishery area means the area of the tidal waters east of longitude 142°31.89' east.

Note—

See the East Coast Trawl Plan, section 3 (What is the east coast trawl fishery).

East Coast Trawl Plan means the *Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management Plan 2010*.

eastern 'N11' area see section 528(a).

eastern non-tidal waters means—

- (a) non-tidal waters in the East Coast drainage division other than a listed impoundment; and
- (b) non-tidal waters in the Murray–Darling drainage division east of the Gore Highway, other than a listed impoundment.

eel licence means a commercial harvest fishery licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'E'.

eel trap means a mesh trap—

- (a) supported by a rigid rectangular frame; and
- (b) to which a cod-end or pocket is attached.

effort unit means an effort unit under the East Coast Trawl Plan.

entitlement—

- (a) under an ITQ unit, see section 600O(2); or
- (b) under a line unit, see section 591O(4); or

- (c) under an SM unit, see section 557(2); or
- (d) under a T4-ITQ unit, see section 614H(2).

extended licensed charter fishing trip means a charter fishing trip conducted under a charter fishing licence for an uninterrupted period of at least 48 hours.

F, for schedule 2, see schedule 2, section 1.

F \hat{B} sign means a sign with the marking F \hat{B} on it, erected or displayed by the chief executive.

filleting permit means a filleting permit issued under chapter 5.

fin fish means a fish that has a fin at any stage of its life cycle.

first licence, for chapter 6, part 4, see section 256(1)(a).

fisheries regulated waters plan means a plan held by the chief executive and mentioned in section 28.

fisher PIN means—

- (a) for line units—
 - (i) the fisher PIN for the units continued under section 758(2); or
 - (ii) the 4-digit identity number issued for the units under section 591ZR(2); or
 - (iii) if the fisher PIN for the line unit is changed under section 591ZT, the fisher PIN as changed; or
- (b) for SM units—
 - (i) the fisher PIN for the units continued under section 725; or
 - (ii) the 4-digit identity number issued for the units under section 587(2); or
 - (iii) if the fisher PIN for the units is changed under section 589, the fisher PIN as changed; or
- (c) for T4-ITQ units—
 - (i) the 4-digit identity number issued for the units under section 614F(b); or

- (ii) if the fisher PIN for the units is changed under section 614S, the fisher PIN as changed.

fishery area, of a commercial fishery, means an area stated in a fishery provision about the commercial fishery as a fishery area of the commercial fishery.

fishery period, for a commercial fishery, see section 268(1).

fishery provision, for a provision about a commercial fishery, means a provision of chapters 7 to 11 or of a management plan, about the fishery.

fishery symbol, for a commercial fishery, means a symbol stated in a fishery provision about the fishery as a fishery symbol for the fishery.

fishery symbol movement application means an application under section 256.

fish habitat area plan see section 615(1).

fishing line see section 2A of this schedule.

fix, a net, means attach or anchor the net or part of the net to a place or thing to prevent the net or the part of the net from moving away from the position in which it is set.

Flat Rock (grey nurse shark protection area—western zone) means the waters west of longitude 153°33.07' east that are within a 1.2km radius of latitude 27°23.41' south, longitude 153°33.07' east.

former Authority means—

- (a) the former Queensland Fisheries Management Authority under the Act; or
- (b) the former Queensland Fish Management Authority under the repealed *Fishing Industry Organisation and Marketing Act 1982*.

free-floating line means a line—

- (a) with or without a float; and
- (b) to which is attached a hook; and
- (c) that is not fixed.

freshwater basins map means the map of that name held by the chief executive.

Note—

The freshwater basins map is available for inspection during office hours on business days at the department's head office.

freshwater fish means a fish that at any stage of its life cycle is found in waters that are not tidal.

full supply level, for an impoundment, means the level of the water surface when the impoundment is holding as much water as it can hold while not affected by flood.

funnel trap means a mesh trap consisting of a rigid frame with funnel-shaped entrances or a similar device.

G, for schedule 2, see schedule 2, section 1.

general fisheries permit see section 204(1)(e).

general purpose mesh net means a mesh net of a type mentioned in a fishery provision under chapter 9, part 2 and used in the way stated in the provision.

guidelines means guidelines under chapter 14, part 8.

Gulf 'N11' area see section 528(b).

Gulf of Carpentaria waters means the regulated waters of that name mentioned in schedule 1.

hand pump means a hand-operated pump used for taking bait.

haul, a net, means to gather or retrieve the net or a part of the net, without the use of a boat, for taking fish.

haul seine net means a seine net that is hauled, without the use of a boat, to complete the taking of fish.

hook includes—

- (a) a hook with more than 1 prong, including, for example, fishing apparatus known as a treble hook; and
- (b) a device consisting of more than 1 hook attached to a fishing line at a single point, including, for example, a fishing apparatus known as a gang hook.

identified by, in the context of a commercial fishery identified by a fishery symbol, see section 1 of this schedule.

indigenous fishing permit means an indigenous fishing permit issued under chapter 5.

inlet means an inlet that includes the word ‘inlet’ in its name as obtained by using the online tool for searching place names on Geoscience Australia’s website.

interdorsal length, for a ray or shark, means the distance between the dorsal fins of the fish, measured under section 157A.

ITQ means individual transferable quota.

ITQ unit means an ITQ unit continued under section 746(2).

ITQ unit certificate means—

- (a) an ITQ unit certificate continued under section 747(2); or
- (b) if the certificate is replaced under section 71 of the Act, or changed or replaced under section 600V(2), the certificate as replaced or changed.

ITQ unit holder means a holder of an ITQ unit.

ITQ year means a period of 1 year starting on 1 June in a year and ending on 31 May in the next year.

juvenile eel means an elver or a glass eel.

land, a boat, includes—

- (a) landing a person or thing that is on the boat; and
- (b) moving a person or thing that is on land to the boat.

landing period—

- (a) for chapter 10, part 3, see section 569(e)(i); or
- (b) for chapter 10A, part 3, see section 591ZA(e)(i); or
- (c) for chapter 11, part 3, division 6, see section 614ZA(e)(i).

landing place—

-
- (a) for chapter 10, part 3, see section 565; or
 - (b) for chapter 10A, part 3, see section 591ZA(c); or
 - (c) for chapter 11, part 3, division 6, see section 614ZA(c).

length—

- (a) of a commercial fishing boat—see section 3 of this schedule; or
- (b) of an otter trawl net—see section 613(3); or
- (c) of a net, other than an otter trawl net—see section 4 of this schedule.

licence holder, for chapter 14, part 7, see section 676.

line fishery area—

- (a) for chapter 10, part 1, see section 546; or
- (b) for chapter 10A, part 1, see section 591D.

line fishery symbol—

- (a) for chapter 10, part 1, see section 546; or
- (b) for chapter 10A, part 1, see section 591A.

line unit, for chapter 10A, means a CT line unit, OS line unit or RTE line unit.

line unit certificate means—

- (a) a line unit certificate continued under section 757; or
- (b) if the certificate is replaced under section 71 of the Act, or changed or replaced under section 591ZP(2), the certificate as replaced or changed.

line year means a period of 1 year starting on 1 July in a year and ending on 30 June in the next year.

listed impoundment see section 6C of this schedule.

lure means an artificial bait with 1 or more hooks attached to it.

malfunction, of VMS equipment, means a failure of the equipment to work entirely or to perform any of the functions of VMS equipment.

management A area means an area within a declared fish habitat area identified by the words ‘management A’ on the fish habitat area plan mentioned in schedule 3 for the declared fish habitat area.

management B area means an area within a declared fish habitat area identified by the words ‘management B’ on the fish habitat area plan mentioned in schedule 3 for the declared fish habitat area.

mesh net means a net suspended vertically through a water column that can be used, for example, as a general purpose mesh net, ring net, seine net, set mesh net or net that is neither fixed nor hauled, but does not include a net that is hauled by use of a boat for taking fish.

mesh size, of a net, see section 6 of this schedule.

monofilament, of a net, means a single continuous filament or strand of synthetic fibre, joined, knitted or woven into meshes.

Moreton Bay (whole) waters means the regulated waters of that name mentioned in schedule 1.

N, for schedule 2, see schedule 2, section 1.

national park land means land that is dedicated under the *Nature Conservation Act 1992* as a national park, national park (scientific), national park (Aboriginal land), national park (Torres Strait Islander land), national park (Cape York Peninsula Aboriginal land), conservation park or resources reserve.

nearshore waters see section 4A of this schedule.

net that is neither fixed nor hauled means a mesh net that, while it is being used for taking fish, is—

- (a) allowed to move freely in the water; and
- (b) is not fixed to a place or otherwise restricted in its movement by the person using the net.

n mile means nautical mile.

notification day means the day this regulation was notified in the gazette.

ocean beach fishery means a commercial fishery mentioned in chapter 9, part 1.

ocean beach fishery flag see section 234.

ocean beach net area see section 234.

offshore waters see section 6A of this schedule.

original ocean beach fishery area means a fishery area mentioned in section 437, 440, 443, 446, 449, 452, 455 or 458.

OS line unit means an OS line unit continued under section 756(3).

other Queensland regulated ship means an other Queensland regulated ship under the *Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Act 1994*.

otter trawl net means a trawl net with its mouth kept open by otter boards and the force of water.

permitted fish, for chapter 11, part 3, see section 612.

power assisted device means an electrical or mechanical device for setting or retrieving fishing apparatus.

prescribed barramundi waterway means any of the following waters, or waterways upstream of the following waters—

- Aplins Weir
- Awoonga Dam
- Ben Anderson Barrage
- Burdekin Falls Dam
- Callide Dam
- East Leichhardt Dam
- Eungella Dam
- Fairbairn Dam
- Fred Haigh Dam (Lake Monduran)
- Kinchant Dam
- Koombooloomba Dam

- Lake Belmore
- Lake Corella
- Lake Fred Tritton
- Lake Gregory (Isis Balancing Storage)
- Lake Julius
- Lake Moondarra
- Lake Morris (Copperlode Falls Dam)
- Lenthalls Dam
- Peter Faust Dam
- Teemburra Dam
- Tinaroo Dam
- Wuruma Dam.

prescribed commercial catch means—

- (a) for a species of fish other than black jewfish—the total weight of fish of the species taken by all commercial fishers that is—
 - (i) calculated periodically by the chief executive from the end of the previous 30 June to the day the calculation is made; and
 - (ii) published by the chief executive in a form that is likely to be accessible for commercial fishers; or

Examples of a form of publication for subparagraph (ii)—

 - a recorded message on the AIVR system or a notice published on the department's website
- (b) for black jewfish—the total weight of fish of the species taken by all commercial fishers that is—
 - (i) calculated periodically by the chief executive from the end of the previous 31 December to the day the calculation is made; and
 - (ii) published by the chief executive in a form that is likely to be accessible for commercial fishers.

Examples of a form of publication for subparagraph (ii)—

a recorded message on the AIVR system or a notice published on the department's website

prescribed coral reef fin fish, for a line unit, means—

- (a) for a CT line unit—regulated coral trout; or
- (b) for a RTE line unit—redthroat emperor; or
- (c) for an OS line unit—other regulated coral reef fin fish.

prescribed development purpose, for a declared fish habitat area, see section 214.

prescribed jobfish means any of the following species—

- (a) rosy snapper;
- (b) flame snapper;
- (c) goldband snapper;
- (d) green jobfish;
- (e) lavender snapper;
- (f) ruby snapper;
- (g) smalltooth jobfish.

prescribed numerical code—

- (a) for chapter 10, part 3, see section 565; or
- (b) for chapter 10A, part 3, see section 591W; or
- (c) for chapter 11, part 3, division 6, see section 614W.

prescribed person—

- (a) for chapter 10, part 3, see section 565; or
- (b) for chapter 10A, part 3, see section 591W; or
- (c) for chapter 11, part 3, division 6, see section 614W.

prescribed reason—

- (a) for chapter 10, part 3, see section 565; or
- (b) for chapter 14, part 7, division 4, see section 684.

prescribed reference document see section 6(3).

prescribed stocked impoundment see section 6B of this schedule.

prescribed way, for chapter 14, part 7, see section 676.

prescribed whiting, for chapter 11, part 3, see section 609A.

primary boat see section 7 of this schedule.

primary boat mark, for a net, means the boat mark written on the primary boat under which the net is being used.

prior notice—

- (a) for chapter 10, part 3, see section 565; or
- (b) for chapter 10A, part 3, see section 591W; or
- (c) for chapter 11, part 3, division 6, see section 614W.

prior notice area—

- (a) for chapter 10, part 3, see section 565; or
- (b) for chapter 10A, part 3, see section 591W; or
- (c) for chapter 11, part 3, division 6, see section 614W.

prior notice deadline—

- (a) for chapter 10, part 3, see section 565; or
- (b) for chapter 10A, part 3, see section 591W; or
- (c) for chapter 11, part 3, division 6, see section 614W.

prior notice particulars—

- (a) for chapter 10, part 3, see section 569; or
- (b) for chapter 10A, part 3, see section 591ZA; or
- (c) for chapter 11, part 3, division 6, see section 614ZA.

process, in relation to fish, includes freezing, packing, refrigerating, sorting or thawing the fish.

prohibited activity means—

- (a) for chapter 2, an activity that is prohibited or otherwise regulated under a regulating provision under the chapter; or
- (b) for chapter 3, an activity mentioned in section 141.

published, on the department's website, means published on, or accessible through, the website.

purse seine net means a seine net that is used to trap fish by drawing together or pursuing the lower edge of the net with a drawstring attached to the edge.

pyramid trap means a mesh trap with a square-shaped base and 4 triangular sides that meet at a point where there is a trap opening.

quota authority means an authority of a type mentioned in section 206.

ready to fish, for chapter 5, part 7, division 2, see section 235.

recreational fisher see section 8(1) of this schedule.

recreational fishing see section 8(2) of this schedule.

recreational fishing apparatus means any of the following fishing apparatus that may be used or possessed by a recreational fisher under a regulated fishing apparatus declaration—

- (a) a canister trap;
- (b) a cast net;
- (c) a collapsible trap;
- (d) a crab pot;
- (e) a dilly;
- (f) a fishing line;
- (g) a fork;
- (h) a funnel trap;
- (i) a hand pump;
- (k) a round trap;
- (l) a scoop net;
- (m) a seine net;
- (n) a shell dredge;
- (o) a spear;

(p) a spear gun;

(q) a pyramid trap.

redclaw waters see schedule 2, part 2 entry for redclaw, column 4.

reef line commercial fishery see section 591B.

regulated by form, for fish, means fish identified in schedule 2, part 2, column 1, for which a regulated form is stated in schedule 2, part 2, column 3.

regulated by gender, for fish, means fish identified in schedule 2, part 2, column 1, for which a regulated gender is stated in schedule 2, part 2, column 3.

regulated by number, for fish, means fish identified in schedule 2, part 2, column 1, for which a regulated number is stated in schedule 2, part 2, column 3.

regulated by reproductive capacity, for fish, means fish identified in schedule 2, part 2, column 1, for which a reproductive capacity is described in schedule 2, part 2, column 3.

regulated by size, for fish, means fish identified in schedule 2, part 2, column 1, for which a regulated minimum size or a regulated maximum size is stated in schedule 2, part 2, column 3.

regulated by volume, for fish, means fish identified in schedule 2, part 2, column 1, for which a volume is stated in schedule 2, part 2, column 3.

regulated by weight, for fish, means fish identified in schedule 2, part 2, column 1, for which a weight is stated in schedule 2, part 2, column 3.

regulated cod or grouper means any of the species of fish identified in schedule 5, part 1, whether by express mention or by reference to another taxonomic grouping of the fish.

regulated coral reef fin fish means any of the species of fish identified in schedule 5, whether by express mention or by reference to another taxonomic grouping of the fish.

regulated coral trout means any of the species of fish identified in schedule 5, part 2, whether by express mention or by reference to another taxonomic grouping of the fish.

regulated emperor means any of the species of fish identified in schedule 5, part 3, whether by express mention or by reference to another taxonomic grouping of the fish.

regulated form, for fish, see section 131(1)(b).

regulated gender, for fish, see section 132(1)(b).

regulated maximum size, for fish, see section 135(3).

regulated minimum size, for fish, see section 135(2).

regulated number—

- (a) for fish identified in schedule 2, part 2, column 1, see section 133(1)(b); or
- (b) for fish identified in schedule 2, part 3, column 1, see section 134(1)(b).

regulated parrotfish means any of the species of fish identified in schedule 5, part 5, whether by express mention or by reference to another taxonomic grouping of the fish.

regulated period see section 10(1) of the regulation.

regulated person—

- (a) for chapter 2, parts 4 to 12—see section 30; or
- (b) for schedule 2—see section 142.

regulated reproductive capacity, for fish, see section 132(1)(b).

regulated surgeonfish means any of the species of fish identified in schedule 5, part 6, whether by express mention or by reference to another taxonomic grouping of the fish.

regulated sweetlip means any of the species of fish identified in schedule 5, part 7, whether by express mention or by reference to another taxonomic grouping of the fish.

regulated tropical snapper or seaperch means any of the species of fish identified in schedule 5, part 8, whether by

express mention or by reference to another taxonomic grouping of the fish.

regulated volume, for fish, see section 136(1)(b).

regulated waters—

- (a) generally—means the waters declared to be regulated waters under section 27; or
- (b) if specifically referred to by name or description—see section 9 of the regulation.

regulated weight, for fish, see section 137(1)(b).

regulated wrasse means any of the species of fish identified in schedule 5, part 9, whether by express mention or by reference to another taxonomic grouping of the fish.

regulating provision, for chapter 2, see section 31.

relevant authority, for chapter 14, part 2, see section 644.

relevant boat, for chapter 14, part 7, see section 675(2).

relevant fish, for chapter 14, part 5, see section 659.

relevant fishery, for chapter 6, part 6, see section 263(1).

relevant period—

- (a) for chapter 14, part 2, division 2, see section 645(b); or
- (b) for chapter 14, part 2, division 3, see section 649(b).

relevant person, for chapter 14, part 2, division 3, see section 649(c).

relevant quantity particulars see section 654.

resource allocation authority means a resource allocation authority issued under chapter 5, part 3.

ring net means a mesh net shot in a way that allows it to encircle the fish being targeted.

river basin see section 9 of this schedule.

round eel trap means a mesh trap—

- (a) supported by a rigid cylindrical frame; and
- (b) to which a cod-end or pocket is attached.

round trap means a mesh trap supported by a rigid cylindrical frame.

RQ fishery licence means a commercial fishing boat licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'RQ'.

RTE line unit means a RTE line unit continued under section 756(4).

S, for schedule 2, see schedule 2, section 1.

sale docket, see section 655(1).

scoop net means a mesh net, with a handle, that can be used to take fish by being formed into a scoop.

second licence, for chapter 6, part 4, see section 255.

seine net means a mesh net, with or without a pocket, that can be—

- (a) shot in a way that partly encircles the fish being targeted; and
- (b) hauled in a way that concentrates the fish in an area for taking them.

set, a net, means fix the net or part of it in a way that it can trap fish.

set line means a line used to take fish that—

- (a) is prevented from unwinding freely by a device attached to the line; and
- (b) is attached to—
 - (i) a boat; or
 - (ii) something else outside, but not floating on, the water in which it is being used.

Example for subparagraph (ii)—

a line used to take fish that is attached to a branch of a tree growing in the water in which the line is being used if the attachment is at a point above the surface of the water

set mesh net see section 9A of this schedule.

set pocket net means a bag shaped set net placed across a current or tide to trap fish.

SF \hat{B} sign means a sign with the marking SF \hat{B} on it, erected or displayed by the chief executive.

shell dredge means a rigid device that is used for gathering shells as it is dragged along the substrate.

shoot a net, means place or spread the net, or part of it, in a way that it can trap fish.

SM fishery licence means a licence under the Act with the fishery symbol 'SM' written on it.

SM unit means an SM unit continued under section 723.

SM unit certificate means—

- (a) an SM unit certificate continued under section 724; or
- (b) if the certificate is replaced under section 71 of the Act, or changed or replaced under section 585(2), the certificate as replaced or changed.

SM unit holder means a holder of an SM unit.

SM year means a period of 1 year starting on 1 July in a year and ending on 30 June in the next year.

spear gun includes a bow for propelling a spear.

species, of fish, for chapter 1, part 2, division 3, see section 5 of the regulation.

stock, of a species of fish by reference to a location, see section 9B of this schedule.

stocked impoundment permit means a stocked impoundment permit issued under chapter 5.

stowed and secured, for chapter 9, means stowed inboard a boat.

structure includes a barrage, boat ramp, bridge, bund, dam wall, harbour breakwater, jetty, mooring, power pole, silt curtain, storm water outlet, weir and wreck.

substitute primary boat means any tender boat that, under section 246(1)(c), is being used as the primary boat.

surface trolling means using a fishing line from a moving boat so that no part of the line, including a lure or hook used with the line, is more than 2m below the surface of the water.

T1 effort unit means a T1 effort unit under the East Coast Trawl Plan.

T2 effort unit means a T2 effort unit under the East Coast Trawl Plan.

T4 fishery licence means a commercial fishing boat licence on which is written the fishery symbol 'T4'.

T4-ITQ unit means a T4-ITQ unit issued under section 614E(1).

T4-ITQ unit certificate means—

- (a) a T4-ITQ unit certificate issued under section 614E(2);
or
- (b) if the certificate is replaced under section 71 of the Act, or changed, replaced or issued under section 614O(2), the certificate as replaced, changed or issued under that section.

T4-ITQ unit holder means a holder of a T4-ITQ unit.

T4-ITQ year means the period from 1 January to 31 December.

Note—

See, however, section 751.

tender boat see section 7 of this schedule.

territorial sea baseline means the baseline adjacent to the coast of the State as for the time being decided under the *Seas and Submerged Lands Act 1973* (Cwlth), section 7(2)(b).

Note—

See the proclamation in Gazette No. S 29 (Cwlth) dated 9 February 1983 at pages 2 to 14 as amended by proclamation in Gazette No. S 57 (Cwlth) dated on 31 March 1987 at page 35.

the licence, for a fishery provision, see section 16.

threshold percentage, for saucer scallop less than the regulated minimum size, means the percentage worked out under section 167.

transaction number, for a transaction carried out using the AIVR system, see section 670(1)(b).

transshipment notice—

- (a) for chapter 10, part 3, see section 576(2); or
- (b) for chapter 10A, part 3, see section 591ZG(2).

transport vessel—

- (a) for chapter 10, part 3, see section 576(1)(b); or
- (b) for chapter 10A, part 3, see section 591ZG(1)(b).

trap entrance, for chapter 7, part 3A, see section 310K(1)(a).

trap pocket entrance, for chapter 7, part 3A, see section 310K(1)(b).

trunked, for a fish, means the fish has had its head or tail removed.

tunnel net means a net, supported by stakes, in which there is an opening so fish trapped by the net can enter a trough or tunnel formed by the net.

unallocated State land see the *Land Act 1994*, schedule 6.

under direction, for an assistant fisher, see section 10 of this schedule.

unit PIN means—

- (a) for line units—
 - (i) the unit PIN for the units continued under section 759; or
 - (ii) if the unit PIN for the units is changed under section 591ZS, the unit PIN as changed; or
- (b) for SM units—
 - (i) the unit PIN for the units continued under section 726; or

- (ii) if the unit PIN for the units is changed under section 588, the unit PIN as changed; or
- (c) for T4-ITQ units—
 - (i) the unit PIN for the units issued under section 614F(a); or
 - (ii) if the unit PIN for the units is changed under section 614R, the unit PIN as changed.

unload, for fish, means—

- (a) if the fish have been taken by a commercial fisher and are on a commercial fishing boat—
 - (i) moving the fish from the boat, or a transport vessel to which the fish have been transferred, to a vehicle or a place; or

Examples of a place for subparagraph (i)—

 - a wharf, an enclosed part of Queensland waters used to keep live fish, a place on land
 - (ii) moving the boat while the fish are on the boat to a place on land; or
- (b) if the fish have been taken by a recreational fisher and are on a boat—
 - (i) moving the fish from the boat to a vehicle or a place on land; or
 - (ii) moving the boat while the fish are on the boat to a place on land.

unloaded fish notice—

- (a) for chapter 10, see section 581(2); or
- (b) for chapter 10A, see section 591ZL(2); or
- (c) for chapter 11, part 3, division 6, see section 614ZK(2).

unloading area—

- (a) for chapter 10, part 3, see section 565; or
- (b) for chapter 10A, part 3, see section 591W; or
- (c) for chapter 11, part 3, division 6, see section 614W.

unloading particular—

- (a) for chapter 10, part 3, see section 569(d); or
- (b) for chapter 10A, part 3, see section 591ZA(d); or
- (c) for chapter 11, part 3, division 6, see section 614ZA(d).

unnotifiable landing notice—

- (a) for chapter 10, part 3, see section 578(2); or
- (b) for chapter 10A, part 3, see section 591ZI(2); or
- (c) for chapter 11, part 3, division 6, see section 614ZH(2).

unused entitlement—

- (a) for ITQ units, see section 600P(2); or
- (b) for line units, see section 591P(2); or
- (c) for SM units, see section 558(2); or
- (d) for T4-ITQ units, see section 614I(2).

use a net, includes setting and shooting the net.

used—

- (a) for an entitlement under an ITQ unit, see section 600P(1); or
- (b) for an entitlement under a line unit, see section 591P(1); or
- (c) for an entitlement under a SM unit, see section 558(1); or
- (d) for an entitlement under a T4-ITQ unit, see section 614I(1).

V, for schedule 2, see schedule 2, section 1.

vessel tracking standard means the document called ‘Vessel tracking installation and maintenance standard’ published on the department’s website.

VMS equipment requirement means a requirement under chapter 14, part 7, division 2 or 3.

VMS exemption notice see section 685(1).

VMS exemption period see section 685(1)(a).

W, for schedule 2, see schedule 2, section 1.

waters other than the Gulf of Carpentaria waters means the regulated waters of that name mentioned in schedule 1.

whole weight—

- (a) for an amount of spanish mackerel—see section 11 of this schedule; or
- (b) for an amount of regulated coral reef fin fish—see section 12 of this schedule.