

Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Bill 2017



Queensland

Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Bill 2017

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2017

A Bill

for

An Act to provide for the accreditation of non-State schools, 1 and deciding the eligibility of non-State schools' governing 2 bodies for government funding for the schools, to repeal the 3 Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2001 and to 4 amend this Act, the Building Act 1975, the Charitable and 5 Non-Profit Gaming Act 1999, the Child Protection Act 1999, the 6 Education and Care Services Act 2013, the Education and Care 7 Services National Law (Queensland) Act 2011, the Education 8 (Capital Assistance) Act 1993, the Education (General 9 Provisions) Act 2006, the Education (Overseas Students) 10 Regulation 2014, the Education (Queensland College of 11 Teachers) Act 2005, the Education (Queensland Curriculum and 12 Assessment Authority) Act 2014, the Education (Work 13 Experience) Act 1996, the Environmental Protection Act 1994, 14 the Family Responsibilities Commission Act 2008, the Grammar 15 Schools Act 2016, the Planning Act 2016, the Public Guardian 16 Act 2014, the Public Health Act 2005, the Public Health 17 (Medicinal Cannabis) Regulation 2017, the Residential Services 18 (Accreditation) Act 2002, the Residential Tenancies and 19 Rooming Accommodation Act 2008, the Tobacco and Other 20 Smoking Products Act 1998, the Transport Operations1(Passenger Transport) Regulation 2005, the Weapons Act 1990,2the Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003 and the3Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act42000 for particular purposes5

				[s 1]	
The P	The Parliament of Queensland enacts—				
Cha	pte	r 1 Prel	iminary	2	
Part	1	Intro	duction	3	
1	Sh	rt title This Act may be	cited as the Education (Accreditation	4 on of 5	
		Non-State Schools)	Act 2017.	6	
2	Со	nmencement		7	
		This Act commence	es on a day to be fixed by proclamatio	on. 8	
Part	2	Obje	ects	9	
3	Ob	ects of Act		10	
	(1)	The objects of this	Act are—	11	
		(a) to uphold the schools; and	he standards of education at non-	State 12 13	
		(b) to maintain non-State sch	public confidence in the operation ools; and	on of 14 15	
		(c) to foster educ	cational choices in the State.	16	
	(2)	The objects are to b	be achieved mainly by—	17	
		(a) establishing th and	he Non-State Schools Accreditation B	oard; 18 19	
		(b) establishing accreditation	an accreditation regime for of non-State schools; and	the 20 21	

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		(c)	establishing a process for deciding the eligibility of a non-State school's governing body for government funding for the non-State school.	1 2 3
Part	3		Interpretation	4
4	Dic	tiona	ary	5
		The this	dictionary in schedule 1 defines particular words used in Act.	6 7
5	Me	aning	g of <i>school</i>	8
		A sc	<i>hool</i> means a non-State school.	9
6	Me	aning	g of non-State school	10
	(1)	of tl	<i>on-State school</i> means a school (in the ordinary meaning he word) established to provide the following types of cation—	11 12 13
		(a)	primary education;	14
		(b)	secondary education;	15
		(c)	special education.	16
	(2)		vever, a <i>non-State school</i> does not include the owing—	17 18
		(a)	a State educational institution within the meaning of the <i>Education (General Provisions) Act 2006</i> , schedule 4;	19 20
		(b)	for a child registered or provisionally registered for home education under the <i>Education (General</i> <i>Provisions) Act 2006</i> —the child's usual place of residence;	21 22 23 24
		(c)	a place where a child undertaking primary, secondary or special education receives tutorial help relating to the education;	25 26 27

[s 7]

(d) TAFE Queensland under the TAFE Queensland Act 2013; 1 (e) a place used only to provide education and care or regulated education and care; 3 (f) a place used only to offer a curriculum that is, or is a variation of, the whole or part of the primary or secondary curriculum of a foreign country. 7 (3) In this section— 8 education and care means education and care provided by an approved education and care service under the Education and Care Services National Law (Queensland). 11 regulated education and care means regulated education and care services 13 12 Act 2013, but does not include education and care provided in the course of providing primary education, secondary education. 16 Meaning of operated for profit 17 A school is operated for profit if any part of the income arising from the school's operation is used for any purpose other than the operation of the school. 20 (a) entered into by a school's governing body or proposed governing body and another entity not dealing with each other at arm's length; and 21 (b) that is not, or will not be, for the benefit of the school. 26 (2) For subsection (1)(b), a contract or arrangement is not, or will 27			[\$7]	
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approved education and care service under the Education and Care Services National Law (Queensland).10regulated education and care care within the meaning of the Education and Care Services Act 2013, but does not include education and care provided in the course of providing primary education, secondary education or special education.12Meaning of operated for profit arising from the school's operation is used for any purpose other than the operation of the school.17Meaning of prohibited arrangement (1) A prohibited arrangement is a contract or arrangement— (a) entered into by a school's governing body or proposed governing body and another entity not dealing with each other at arm's length; and21(b) that is not, or will not be, for the benefit of the school.26	(.	3) I	n this section— 8	3
care within the meaning of the Education and Care Services13Act 2013, but does not include education and care provided in the course of providing primary education, secondary education or special education.14Meaning of operated for providing primary education, secondary education or special education.17Meaning of operated for profit arising from the school's operation is used for any purpose other than the operation of the school.17Meaning of prohibited arrangement (1) A prohibited arrangement is a contract or arrangement— (a) entered into by a school's governing body or proposed governing body and another entity not dealing with each other at arm's length; and21(b) that is not, or will not be, for the benefit of the school.26(2) For subsection (1)(b), a contract or arrangement is not, or will27		8	pproved education and care service under the Education and	10
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 (1) A <i>prohibited arrangement</i> is a contract or arrangement— (22 (a) entered into by a school's governing body or proposed governing body and another entity not dealing with each other at arm's length; and (b) that is not, or will not be, for the benefit of the school. (2) For subsection (1)(b), a contract or arrangement is not, or will (1) A <i>prohibited arrangement</i> is a contract or arrangement is not, or will (2) For subsection (1)(b), a contract or arrangement is not, or will 		8	rising from the school's operation is used for any purpose	19
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(2) For subsection (1)(b), a contract or arrangement is not, or will 27		(governing body and another entity not dealing with each	24
		(b) that is not, or will not be, for the benefit of the school.	26
not be, for the benefit of the school if the contract or28arrangement is for property, goods or services29	(2	ľ	ot be, for the benefit of the school if the contract or	28
(a) at more than reasonable market value; or 30		(a) at more than reasonable market value; or	30

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[s 9]

		(b)	that are not required for the operation of the school.	1
	(3)	Subs	section (2) does not limit subsection (1)(b).	2
9	Ме	aning	g of <i>director</i>	3
		A di	<i>rector</i> , of a school's governing body, is—	4
		(a)	if the governing body is a company under the Corporations Act—a person appointed as a director of the governing body; or	5 6 7
		(b)	if the governing body is a RECI Act corporation—	8
			(i) a declared director of the governing body; and	9
			(ii) if all declared directors of the governing body, for the time being, nominate a person as a director of the governing body—the person; or	10 11 12
			Note—	13
			The governing body must give the board a notice under section 169(4) within 28 days after a nomination.	14 15
		(c)	otherwise—a person who is, or is a member of, the executive or management entity, by whatever name called, of the governing body.	16 17 18
10		aning teria	g of meets the government funding eligibility	19 20
		<u> </u>	overning body of a school <i>meets the government funding bility criteria</i> if—	21 22
		(a)	the governing body is not an ineligible company; and	23
		(b)	the school operated by the governing body will not, on or after its accreditation, be operated for profit; and	24 25
		(c)	the governing body is not a party to, and does not intend to enter into, a prohibited arrangement in relation to the operation of the school; and	26 27 28

[s 11]

(d) there is no direct or indirect connection between the governing body and another entity, and there will not on or after the school's accreditation be a direct or indirect 3 connection between the governing body and another 4 entity, that could reasonably be expected to compromise 5 the independence of the governing body when making financial decisions.

Chapter 2	Accreditation of schools	8

Part 1Accreditation criteria9

11	Prescribing accreditation criteria	10
	A regulation may prescribe criteria (the <i>accreditation criteria</i>), relevant to a school's accreditation, about the following—	11 12 13
	(a) the school's administration and governance arrangements;	14 15
	(b) the school's financial viability;	16
	(c) the school's educational program;	17
	(d) the school's student welfare processes;	18
	(e) the school's resources;	19
	(f) the school's improvement processes.	20

[s 12]

Part 2	Accreditations	
Division	1 Preliminary	2
12 Ty	pe of education	3
(1)	A school may only be accredited to provide the following types of education—	4 5
	(a) primary education;	6
	(b) secondary education;	7
	(c) special education.	8
(2)	A school may provide education in the preparatory year only if the school is accredited to provide primary education for at least years 1 to 3.	9 10 11
(3)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that a school that is accredited to provide primary education or secondary education is not also required to be accredited to provide special education for the education of persons with a disability.	12 13 14 15 16
13 Mo	ode of delivery of education	17
	A school may only be accredited to use the following modes of delivery of education—	18 19
	(a) classroom education;	20
	(b) distance education.	21
14 Sp	ecial assistance	22
(1)	This section applies to a school that is accredited to provide primary or secondary education.	23 24
(2)	The school may be accredited to provide special assistance.	25

[s 15]

(3)		-	sion of <i>special assistance</i> is the provision of a type on mentioned in subsection (1)—	1 2
	(a)	to re	elevant students; and	3
	(b)	with	nout tuition fees.	4
(4)	In th	is sec	ction—	5
			<i>ry participation phase</i> see the <i>Education (General s) Act</i> 2006, section 231.	6 7
	-	-	<i>ry school age</i> see the <i>Education</i> (<i>General s</i>) <i>Act</i> 2006, section 9.	8 9
	0		<i>ption</i> see the <i>Education (General Provisions) Act</i> tion 232.	10 11
	•		in relation to participation in an eligible option, see attion (General Provisions) Act 2006, schedule 4.	12 13
	relev	vant s	tudents means students who—	14
	(a)	wou	ld not otherwise be—	15
		(i)	enrolled at and attending school while of compulsory school age; or	16 17
		(ii)	participating in an eligible option full-time, or in paid employment for at least 25 hours each week, during the compulsory participation phase; and	18 19 20
	(b)	edu	not provisionally registered, or registered, for home cation under the <i>Education (General Provisions) Act</i> 6, chapter 9, part 5.	21 22 23
			or the purposes of the definition <i>relevant students</i> , a State school.	24 25
\ \ /h	on ci	ahaa	I must commonoe operations	26
vvn			I must commence operations	26
	mus	t com	accredited to offer a type of education under this part mence operations on the student-intake day for the lucation.	27 28 29

[s 16]

	Note—		1
	For how a school's governing bo student-intake day for the type of educ		2 3
16	Duration of accreditation		4
	Accreditation of a school has eff surrendered under this Act.	fect until it is cancelled or	5 6
17	Governing body must be a corpor	ation	7
	The governing body of an accredit corporation.	ted school must always be a	8 9
	Note—		10
	If the governing body of an accur corporation, that is a ground for car section 66.		11 12 13
Divi	ision 2 Applications for	accreditation	14
	vision 2 Applications for Applications	accreditation	14 15
Sub	odivision 1 Applications	ply for accreditation	15
Sub	Dedivision 1 Applications Governing body of school may ap (1) A school's proposed governin	p ly for accreditation g body may apply for	15 16 17
Sub	 Dedivision 1 Applications Governing body of school may ap (1) A school's proposed governin accreditation of the school. (2) To be eligible to apply, the proposed 	ply for accreditation g body may apply for ed governing body must be	15 16 17 18 19
Sub	 Dedivision 1 Applications Governing body of school may ap (1) A school's proposed governin accreditation of the school. (2) To be eligible to apply, the propose a corporation. 	ply for accreditation g body may apply for ed governing body must be	15 16 17 18 19 20
Sub	 Applications Governing body of school may ap A school's proposed governin accreditation of the school. To be eligible to apply, the propose a corporation. Procedural requirements for applications 	ply for accreditation g body may apply for ed governing body must be	15 16 17 18 19 20 21
Sub	 Applications Governing body of school may ap A school's proposed governin accreditation of the school. To be eligible to apply, the propose a corporation. Procedural requirements for applie An application for the accreditation 	ply for accreditation g body may apply for ed governing body must be cation on of a school must—	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

	(c)	be accompanied by—	1
		(i) the fee prescribed by regulation; and	2
		(ii) copies of current positive notices or current positive exemption notices for all the directors of the school's governing body.	3 4 5
(2)	The	approved form must require the inclusion of—	6
	(a)	the types of education proposed to be provided by the school; and	7 8
	(b)	the student-intake day for each type of education proposed to be provided by the school; and	9 10
	(c)	if, on the student-intake day for a type of education, the school will be an establishment phase school for a year of schooling for the type of education proposed to be provided by the school—the student-intake day for the year of schooling.	11 12 13 14 15
		Example—	16
		An applicant applies to have a school accredited to provide primary education from 1 January 2018. The school proposes to offer the preparatory year and years 1 to 3 from 1 January 2018, year 4 from 1 January 2019, year 5 from 1 January 2020 and year 6 from 1 January 2021. The applicant must provide the school's student-intake day for primary education (1 January 2018), and the school's student intake days for year 4 (1 January 2019), year 5 (1 January 2020) and year 6 (1 January 2021).	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
(3)		student-intake day for a type of education must be within ars after the day the application is made.	25 26
(4)	of ea prop	b, the approved form must require the inclusion of details ach of the following attributes for each type of education bosed to be provided by the school that the school must if the board decides to grant the application—	27 28 29 30
	(a)	the school's proposed governing body;	31
	(b)	the location of the sites at which the school is to operate, other than sporting fields or camping grounds used by the school;	32 33 34

[s 20]

	(c)	for e	each site at which the school is to operate—	1		
		(i)	the mode of delivery of education to be used at the site; and	2 3		
		(ii)	the years of schooling the school is to offer at the site; and	4 5		
		(iii)	whether the site is a coeducational or single-sex site;	6 7		
	(d)	if th	e school is to include boarding facilities—	8		
		(i)	the sites at which the boarding facilities are to be provided; and	9 10		
		(ii)	the years of schooling for which boarding will be offered; and	11 12		
		(iii)	whether the boarding facilities to be offered are to be coeducational or single-sex facilities;	13 14		
	(e)		e school is to provide special assistance—the sites at ch special assistance is to be provided.	15 16		
		Note	_	17		
			special assistance school may temporarily provide special assistance at other sites—see part 4.	18 19		
(5)		ol is t	ust not be an attribute for subsection $(4)(e)$ if the to provide education other than special assistance at	20 21 22		
(6)	an ii	addition, the approved form must require the inclusion of indication about whether or not the applicant seeks to be gible for government funding for the school.				
	ard m ails	nust i	notify entities of, and publish, application	26 27		
			l must, within 28 days after receiving an application creditation of a school—	28 29		
	(a)	0	ISQ, QCEC and the chief executive a notice stating following information—	30 31		

			(i)	that the proposed governing body for the school has applied for accreditation of the school; and	1 2
			(ii)	details of the proposed attributes of accreditation for the school; and	3 4
		(b)		ish the information mentioned in paragraph (a) on poard's website.	5 6
Sub	divis	ion	2	Deciding applications	7
21	Dee	ciding	g app	lication	8
	(1)	relat	ion to	d must consider the application and decide, in each type of education proposed to be provided by , whether—	9 10 11
		(a)		applicant is suitable to be the school's governing <i>y</i> ; and	12 13
			Note-	_	14
			Se	e section 26 for suitability of governing body.	15
		(b)	from	school will comply with the accreditation criteria the school's student-intake day for the type of eation.	16 17 18
	(2)	abou decio	t the i de to a	tion to a type of education, the board is satisfied matters mentioned in subsection (1), the board must accredit the school to provide the type of education blowing attributes for the school—	19 20 21 22
		(a)	the a	ttributes of accreditation stated in the application;	23
		(b)	any o	other attribute agreed to by the applicant and board.	24
	(3)	abou decid	it a m	ion to a type of education, the board is not satisfied atter mentioned in subsection (1), the board must refuse to accredit the school for the type of	25 26 27 28

[s 22]

22	Further information or documents				
	(1)	appl 30	board may, by notice given to the applicant, require the licant to give the board, within a stated period of at least days, further information or a document the board onably requires to decide the application.	2 3 4 5	
	(2)		notice may require the information or document to be fied by a statutory declaration.	6 7	
	(3)	with	applicant is taken to have withdrawn the application if, in the stated period, the applicant does not comply with requirement.	8 9 10	
23	Fai	lure	to decide application	11	
	(1)		ne board fails to decide an application within 6 months r receiving the application—	12 13	
		(a)	the failure is taken to be a decision of the board to refuse to accredit the school; and	14 15	
		(b)	the board must, as soon as practicable, give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	16 17	
	(2)	This	s section is subject to section 24.	18	
24	Ext	tensi	on of time to decide application	19	
	(1)		s section applies if the board considers it needs more time ecide an application.	20 21	
	(2)	is 6 appl	applicant and board may, at any time before the day that months after the day on which the board received the lication, agree in writing on a day (the <i>agreed day</i>) by ch the decision is to be made.	22 23 24 25	
	(3)	If th	e board fails to make the decision by the agreed day—	26	
		(a)	the failure is taken to be a decision of the board to refuse to accredit the school; and	27 28	
		(b)	the board must, as soon as practicable, give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	29 30	

[s 25]

25	Ste	ps to	be taken after application decided	1
	(1)		e board decides to accredit the school, the board must, as as practicable—	2 3
		(a)	give the applicant and the Minister notice of the decision; and	4 5
		(b)	publish notice of the decision on the board's website.	6
	(2)	must	e board decides to refuse to accredit the school, the board as soon as practicable give the applicant an information e about the decision.	7 8 9
Subd	ivis	ion (Suitability of school's governing body	10 11
26	Sui	tabilit	ty of governing body	12
	(1)	This	section applies if the board is deciding—	13
		(a)	whether the proposed governing body of a school is suitable to be the school's governing body; or	14 15
		(b)	whether the governing body of an accredited school is suitable to continue to be the school's governing body.	16 17
	(2)		aking its decision, the board may have regard to the wing matters—	18 19
		(a)	the governing body's relationship with other entities;	20
		(b)	whether the governing body has appropriate guiding principles and procedures for identifying, declaring and dealing with any conflict of interest a director of the governing body may have in relation to an aspect of the operation of the school;	21 22 23 24 25
		(c)	the conduct of the governing body, or its directors, in relation to the operation of the school;	26 27

[s 27]

		(d)	if the governing body has a conviction for an offence—the nature of, and circumstances of the commission of, the offence;	1 2 3
		(e)	if any of the governing body's directors has a conviction, other than a spent conviction, for an indictable offence—the nature of, and circumstances of the commission of, the offence;	4 5 6 7
		(f)	a criminal history report about the governing body or a director of the governing body obtained under section 28;	8 9 10
		(g)	a report of an authorised person obtained under section 29(1);	11 12
		(h)	any other matter the board considers relevant.	13
(3)	conti	governing body of a school is not suitable to be, or to inue to be, a school's governing body unless each director e governing body has—	14 15 16
		(a)	a current positive notice; or	17
		(b)	a current positive exemption notice.	18
(4)	In th	is section—	19
		guilt	<i>iction</i> , for an indictable offence, means being found y of the offence, on a plea of guilty or otherwise, whether ot a conviction is recorded.	20 21 22
			<i>ctable offence</i> includes an indictable offence dealt with marily.	23 24
I	nve	estiga	ation	25
		suita	elp in deciding whether an entity is, or continues to be, ble to be a school's governing body, the board may stigate the following—	26 27 28
		(a)	a school's proposed governing body that is the applicant for the accreditation of the school;	29 30
		(b)	the governing body of an accredited school;	31

		(c)	the proposed governing body of an accredited school.	1
28	Cri	mina	I history reports for investigation	2
	(1)	body	vestigating the governing body or proposed governing of a school under section 27, the board may ask the missioner of the police service for—	3 4 5
		(a)	a written report about the criminal history of the governing body or a director of the governing body; and	6 7
		(b)	a brief description of the circumstances of a conviction mentioned in the criminal history.	8 9
	(2)	The requ	commissioner of the police service must comply with the est.	10 11
	(3)	to co	duty imposed on the commissioner of the police service omply with the request applies only to information in the missioner's possession or to which the commissioner has ss.	12 13 14 15
	(4)	infor polic	board must ensure the report and any other document or rmation given to the board by the commissioner of the ce service is destroyed as soon as practicable after it is no er needed for the purpose for which it was requested.	16 17 18 19
29	Rej	port k	by authorised person	20
	(1)	boar abou	bre making a decision mentioned in section 26(1), the d may obtain a written report from an authorised person at whether a governing body or proposed governing body school is suitable to be the governing body of the school.	21 22 23 24
	(2)	-	repare the report, the authorised person may exercise the orised person's powers under chapter 4, part 2.	25 26

[s 30]

Division 3		3	Assessment of schools	
30	Init	ial as	sessment of school	2
	(1)	of e	board must, on or after the assessment day for each type ducation an accredited school is accredited to provide, an assessment of the school to decide whether—	3 4 5
		(a)	the school is complying with the school's accreditation criteria; and	6 7
		(b)	the governing body of the school is suitable to continue to be the governing body of the school.	8 9
	(2)	In th	is section—	10
			<i>ssment day</i> , for a type of education an accredited school credited to provide, means—	11 12
		(a)	the day, of which the board has given notice to the school's governing body, that is—	13 14
			(i) at least 60 days after the student-intake day for the type of education; and	15 16
			(ii) within 6 months after the student-intake day for the type of education; or	17 18
		(b)	another day agreed to by the board and the school's governing body.	19 20
31	Ad	dition	nal assessment of establishment phase school	21
	(1)	This	section applies to a school that—	22
		(a)	was an establishment phase school for a year of schooling; and	23 24
		(b)	has started to provide education for the year of schooling on the student-intake day for the year of schooling.	25 26 27

[s 32]

(2)	asses	board must, on or after the assessment day, start an ssment of the school to decide whether the school is plying with the school's accreditation criteria.	1 2 3
(3)	In th	is section—	4
	asses	ssment day means—	5
	(a)	the day, of which the board has given notice to the school's governing body, that is—	6 7
		(i) at least 60 days after the student-intake day for the year of schooling; and	8 9
		 (ii) within 6 months after the latest student-intake day for the years of schooling for the sector of schooling within which the school has started to operate; or 	10 11 12 13
	(b)	another day agreed to by the board and the school's governing body; or	14 15
		or of schooling means any of the following groups of s of schooling—	16 17
	(a)	preparatory year to year 3;	18
	(b)	years 4 to 6;	19
	(c)	years 7 to 10;	20
	(d)	years 11 and 12.	21
Ass	sessr	nent when school starts to operate at new site	22
(1)	site	section applies to a school that has started to operate at a (a <i>new site</i>) at which the school has not previously rated.	23 24 25
(2)	asses educ	board must, on or after the assessment day, start an ssment of the school, in relation to the provision of cation at the new site, to decide whether the school is plying with the accreditation criteria.	26 27 28 29
(3)	In th	is section—	30

[s 33]

		assessment day means—	1
		(a) the day, of which the board has given notice to the governing body, that is—	2 3
		(i) at least 60 days after the day the school starts to operate at the new site; and	4 5
		(ii) within 6 months after the day the school starts to operate at the new site; or	6 7
		(b) another day agreed to by the board and the school's governing body.	8 9
33	Rep	ort by authorised person	10
	(1)	To assess a school under this division, the board must obtain a written report from an authorised person about whether the school is complying with the accreditation criteria.	11 12 13
	(2)	If the report is for an assessment under section 30, the report may also be about whether the governing body is suitable to continue to be the school's governing body.	14 15 16
	(3)	To prepare the report, the authorised person may exercise the authorised person's powers under chapter 4, part 2.	17 18
Part	3	Changes to accreditation	19
Divis	ion	1 Changes to student-intake days	20
34	Def	inition for division	21
		In this division—	22
		<i>relevant student-intake day</i> , for a school, means the student-intake day for a type of education or a year of schooling provided at the school.	23 24 25

[s 35]

35	Ар	plication to change relevant student-intake day	1
	(1)	The board may, on application by the governing body of an accredited school, change a relevant student-intake day for the school.	2 3 4
	(2)	Subsection (1) applies even if the relevant student-intake day has already been changed under this section.	5 6
	(3)	Despite section 19(3), the governing body may apply to change the student-intake day for a type of education for the school to a day that is more than 4 years after the day the application for accreditation of the school was made to the board.	7 8 9 10 11
	(4)	The application must—	12
		(a) be made to the board; and	13
		(b) be in the approved form; and	14
		(c) be accompanied by the fee prescribed by regulation; and	15
		(d) be made at least 45 days before the relevant student-intake day (the <i>45 day period</i>).	16 17
	(5)	However, the board may consider an application to change a relevant student-intake day made within the 45 day period if the board is satisfied unforeseen circumstances arose within the period that prevented the school from providing a type of education or a year of schooling by the relevant student-intake day.	18 19 20 21 22 23
36	De	ciding application	24
	(1)	The board must consider the application and decide—	25
		(a) to change the relevant student-intake day to the day sought in the application; or	26 27
		(b) not to change the relevant student-intake day.	28
	(2)	The board may only decide to change the relevant student-intake day if the board is satisfied that, because of	29 30

[s 37]

37

	unforeseen circumstances, the school will not comply with the accreditation criteria by the relevant student-intake day.		
(3)	If the board decides to change the relevant student-intake day, the board must as soon as practicable give the school's governing body notice of the decision.		
(4)	If the board decides not to change the relevant student-intake day, the board must as soon as practicable give the school's governing body an information notice about the decision.		
(5)	A decision not to change the relevant student-intake day does not take effect until—		
	(a) the last day to apply for a review of the decision; or		
	(b) if an application is made for a review of the decision—the day the application is decided or otherwise disposed of.		
Fur	ther information or documents		
(1)	The board may, by notice given to the applicant, require the applicant to give the board, within a stated reasonable period of at least 30 days, further information or a document the board reasonably requires to decide the application.		
(2)	The applicant is taken to have withdrawn the application if, within the stated period, the applicant does not comply with the requirement.		
(3)	In giving the notice, the board must have regard to the time remaining for the board to decide the application.		
Fai	ure to decide application		
(1)	This section applies if the board fails to decide the application by the relevant student-intake day to which the application relates.		
(2)	The failure is taken to be a decision of the board to refuse the application.		

			[s 39]	
	(3)		board must, as soon as practicable, give the applicant an mation notice about the decision.	1 2
Divis	ion	2	Changes to attributes of accreditation	3 4
Subd	livis	ion ⁻	1 Applications to change attributes of accreditation	5 6
39	Арј	olicat	ion to change attribute of accreditation	7
	(1)		accredited school's governing body may apply to the d to change an attribute of accreditation of the school.	8 9
	(2)	The	application must—	10
		(a)	be in the approved form; and	11
		(b)	be accompanied by the fee prescribed by regulation.	12
	(3)	educ	e change will result in the school being allowed to provide ation for a new year of schooling, the application must ide the student-intake day for the year of schooling.	13 14 15
	(4)	body curre	e application is about a change in the school's governing y, the application must be accompanied by copies of ent positive notices or current positive exemption notices Il the directors of the proposed governing body.	16 17 18 19
	(5)		board must, within 28 days after receiving the ication, give ISQ, QCEC and the chief executive a ce—	20 21 22
		(a)	stating the board has received the application; and	23
		(b)	summarising the proposed change to the school's attribute of accreditation.	24 25

40	Deciding application					
	(1)		board must consider the application and decide to grant, orefuse to grant, the application.	2 3		
	(2)	If the application is about a change in the school's governing body, the board may decide to grant the application only if the board is satisfied—				
		(a)	the proposed new governing body is a corporation; and	7		
		(b)	the proposed new governing body is suitable to be the school's governing body; and	8 9		
			Note—	10		
			See section 26 for suitability of governing body.	11		
		(c)	if the school's governing body is eligible for government funding for the school and the proposed new governing body intends to be eligible for government funding for the school—the proposed new governing body will meet the government funding eligibility criteria when the change has effect.	12 13 14 15 16 17		
	(3)) For deciding whether the proposed new governing body is suitable to be the governing body of the school, part 2, division 2, subdivision 3 applies as if the application were an application for accreditation.				
	(4)	accr body boar	he application is about a change in an attribute of editation other than a change in the school's governing y, the board may decide to grant the application only if the d is satisfied the school will comply with the editation criteria when the change has effect.	22 23 24 25 26		
	(5)	soon	e board decides to grant the application, the board must as a as practicable give the applicant a notice (a <i>change</i> <i>ce</i>) stating—	27 28 29		
		(a)	the decision; and	30		
		(b)	the day (the <i>change day</i>) before which the change must have effect.	31 32		

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	(6)	If the board decides to refuse to grant the application, the board must as soon as practicable give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	1 2 3
41	Fu	rther information or documents	4
	(1)	The board may, by notice given to the applicant, require the applicant to give the board, within a stated reasonable period of at least 30 days, further information or a document the board reasonably requires to decide the application.	5 6 7 8
	(2)	The notice may require the information or document to be verified by a statutory declaration.	9 10
	(3)	The applicant is taken to have withdrawn the application if, within the stated period, the applicant does not comply with the requirement.	11 12 13
	(4)	In giving the notice, the board must have regard to the time remaining for the board to decide the application.	14 15
42	Fai	lure to decide application	16
	(1)	If the board fails to decide the application within 6 months after receiving the application—	17 18
		(a) the failure is taken to be a decision of the board to refuse to grant the application; and	19 20
		(b) the board must, as soon as practicable, give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	21 22
	(2)	This section is subject to section 43.	23
43	Ext	tension of time to decide application	24
	(1)	This section applies if the board considers it needs more time to decide the application.	25 26
	(2)	The applicant and board may, at any time before the day that is 6 months after the day on which the board received the	27 28

[s 44]

			ication, agree in writing on a day (the <i>agreed day</i>) by the the decision is to be made.	1 2
	(3)	If the	e board fails to make the decision by the agreed day—	3
		(a)	the failure is taken to be a decision of the board to refuse to grant the application; and	4 5
		(b)	the board must, as soon as practicable, give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	6 7
44			o effect change of attribute of accreditation hange day	8 9
	(1)	This	section applies if—	10
		(a)	an accredited school's governing body receives a change notice about an attribute of accreditation applying to the school; and	11 12 13
		(b)	the change is not given effect before the change day stated in the notice.	14 15
	(2)	auth	change notice is of no effect and the board is not orised to make the change to the attribute of accreditation he school to which the notice relates.	16 17 18
45			ed governing body taken to have applied to be for government funding	19 20
	(1)	This	section applies if—	21
		(a)	the school's governing body is eligible for government funding for the school; and	22 23
		(b)	the application is about a change in the school's governing body; and	24 25
		(c)	the proposed new governing body intends to be eligible for government funding for the school.	26 27
	(2)	have	proposed new governing body of the school is taken to made an application to be for eligible government ing for the school under section 78 on the day the board	28 29 30

[s 46]

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received the application about the change in the school's 1 governing body. 2

(3) If the proposed new governing body is taken to have made an application to be eligible government funding under 4 subsection (2), the board must decide the application under 5 chapter 3, part 2.

Subdivision 2 Notice of attribute of accreditation no longer applying

46	Notice of attribute of accreditation no longer applying						
	(1)	A school's governing body may, by notice given to the board, advise the board that an attribute of accreditation of the school no longer applies to the school.	10 11 12				
	(2)	The attribute of accreditation stops applying to the school on the later of the following—	13 14				
		(a) the end of 7 days after the day the notice is given;	15				
		(b) the day stated in the notice.	16				
	(3)	The board must, as soon as practicable after the attribute of accreditation stops applying to the school—	17 18				
		(a) amend the register to remove the attribute from the attributes of accreditation applying to the school; and	19 20				
		(b) give the governing body of the school notice that the attribute of accreditation no longer applies to the school.	21 22				

[s 47]

Part 4 Special assistance schools—use of temporary sites

Purpose of part 47

... ...

(1) The purpose of this part is to enable a special assistance 5 school to provide, on a temporary basis, special assistance at a 6 temporary site. 7

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(2) However, special assistance may be provided at a temporary 8 site only in accordance with the attributes of accreditation 9 mentioned in section 19(4)(c) for the school's accredited 10 special assistance sites. 11

48	Definitions for part							
	In th	In this part—						
	scho	<i>accredited special assistance site</i> , for a special assistance school, means a site mentioned in section $19(4)(e)$ at which the school provides special assistance.						
	publ	<i>public place</i> means a place, or part of a place—						
	(a)	the public is entitled to use, whether or not on payment of money; or	18 19					
	(b)	the occupier of which allows, whether or not on payment of money, members of the public to enter, other than—	20 21 22					
		(i) a school; or	23					
		 (ii) a State educational institution within the meaning of the <i>Education (General Provisions) Act 2006</i>, schedule 4. 	24 25 26					
	site	does not include—	27					
	(a)	a vehicle; or	28					
	(b)	a public place; or	29					

			[s 49]				
		(c)	a place where a person resides.	1			
		mea	<i>porary site</i> , in relation to a special assistance school, ins a site other than an accredited special assistance site for school.	2 3 4			
		tem	porary site criteria see section 49(1).	5			
		vehi	<i>icle</i> means—	6			
		(a)	a motor vehicle, train or aircraft; or	7			
		(b)	a ship, boat or any other kind of vessel; or	8			
		(c)	anything else used or to be used to carry people or goods from place to place.	9 10			
49	Compliance with temporary site criteria						
	(1)	A special assistance school that provides special assistance at a temporary site must comply with the criteria prescribed by regulation for temporary sites (the <i>temporary site criteria</i>). <i>Note—</i>					
			oncompliance with the temporary site criteria is a ground for ancellation of accreditation—see section 66.	16 17			
	(2)	peri	hout limiting subsection (1), a regulation may limit the od for which a special assistance school may provide cial assistance at a temporary site.	18 19 20			
50	No ⁻ site		tion of intention to use, or stop using, temporary	21 22			
	(1)	prov	ore the governing body of a special assistance school starts viding special assistance at a temporary site for the first e, the governing body must give the board—	23 24 25			
		(a)	notice, in the approved form, of the governing body's intention to start providing special assistance at the temporary site; and	26 27 28			
		(b)	evidence the school is entitled to occupy the site; and	29			
		(c)	a declaration by the governing body that—	30			

[s 51]

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		(i) the school needs to provide special assistance at the site for stated reasons; and	
		(ii) the school will comply with the temporary site criteria while special assistance is provided at the site.	
	(2)	If the governing body stops providing special assistance at a temporary site, the governing body must give the board notice, in the approved form, that the body has stopped providing special assistance at the temporary site.	
	(3)	The board must give the governing body a notice acknowledging receipt of the things mentioned in subsection $(1)(a)$ to (c) or (2).	
	Us	e of temporary site is not a change in attribute etc.	
	(1)	This section applies if a special assistance school—	
		(a) provides special assistance at a temporary site; and	
		(b) complies with this part, including the temporary site criteria, in relation to providing special assistance at the site.	
	(2)	The provision of the special assistance at the temporary site by the school does not, of itself—	
		(a) require the governing body to apply for accreditation of the school in relation to the temporary site; or	
		(b) constitute a change in an attribute of accreditation of the school.	
		sessment of special assistance school using nporary site	
	(1)	This section applies to a special assistance school that is providing special assistance at a temporary site.	
	(2)	The board may assess the special assistance school to decide whether it is complying with the temporary site criteria.	

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53	Rep	eport by authorised person			
	(1)	board	l mus t whe	the special assistance school under section 52, the st obtain a written report from an authorised person ther the school is complying with the temporary site	2 3 4 5
	(2)	-	-	e the report, the authorised person may exercise the person's powers under chapter 4, part 2.	6 7
Part	5			Amalgamations and divisions of accredited schools	8 9
Divisi	ion	1		Application of part	10
54	Par	t doe	s no	t apply for particular schools	11
			-	does not apply in relation to a school if the body of the school—	12 13
		(a)	or 8	been given a compliance notice under section 62(3) 7(2) in relation to the school and the compliance been has not been finally dealt with; or	14 15 16
		(b)	or 90	been given a show cause notice under section 67(2) D(2) in relation to the school and the notice has not finally dealt with; or	17 18 19
		(c)		been given an information notice about a decision e by the board in relation to the school and—	20 21
			(i)	the governing body of the school has applied for a review of the decision and the review has not been finally dealt with; or	22 23 24
			(ii)	the period within which the governing body may apply for a review of the decision has not ended.	25 26

[s 55]

Division 2			Amalgamation of accredited schools		
55	Ар	plicat	tion of division	3	
		This	division applies if—	4	
		(a)	the governing bodies of 2 or more accredited schools (each an <i>amalgamating school</i>) propose to amalgamate the schools into 1 school (the <i>amalgamated school</i>); and	5 6 7	
		(b)	the governing body of 1 of the amalgamating schools will be the governing body of the amalgamated school; and	8 9 10	
		(c)	the sites from which the amalgamated school will operate are sites from which the amalgamating schools operate.	11 12 13	
56	No	tice o	of intention to amalgamate schools	14	
	(1)	the b	governing bodies of the amalgamating schools may give board notice (an <i>amalgamation notice</i>), in the approved a, of the intention to amalgamate the schools.	15 16 17	
	(2)		approved form must require the inclusion of the owing—	18 19	
		(a)	the proposed name for the amalgamated school;	20	
		(b)	the proposed day on which the amalgamating schools are to be amalgamated;	21 22	
		(c)	the proposed type of education the amalgamated school will provide;	23 24	
		(d)	the proposed attributes of accreditation of the amalgamated school.	25 26	

[s 57]

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[s 58]

(3)	If the board decides it is not satisfied the proposed attributes	1
	of accreditation for each site at which the amalgamated school	2
	will operate are the same as the attributes of accreditation for	3
	the site under the accreditation for the amalgamating school	4
	operating at the site, the board must give the governing body	5
	of each amalgamating school an information notice about the	6
	decision.	7

(4) Subsection (3) does not prevent a governing body from—

(a) applying to accredit an amalgamated school under part 9 2, division 2; or 10

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13

(b) surrendering the accreditation of an amalgamating 11 school under part 6, division 3. 12

Division 3 Division of accredited schools

Ар	plica	tion of division	14
	This	division applies if—	15
	(a)	the governing body of an accredited school (a <i>dividing school</i>) proposes to divide the school into 2 or more accredited schools (each a <i>separated school</i>); and	16 17 18
	(b)	the governing body of the dividing school will be the governing body of each of the separated schools.	19 20
No	tice c	of intention to divide accredited school	21
(1)		governing body may give the board notice (a <i>division ce</i>), in the approved form, of the intention to divide the bol.	22 23 24
(2)		approved form must require the inclusion of the owing—	25 26
	(a)	the proposed governing body for each separated school;	27
	(u)	the proposed governing body for each separated sensor,	<i>L</i> /

[s 60]

the proposed date on which the dividing school is to be (c) 1 divided: 2 the proposed type of education each separated school 3 (d) will provide; 4 the proposed attributes of accreditation of each (e) 5 separated school. 6 Decision about division of accredited school 7 (1) If the board is satisfied the proposed attributes of accreditation 8 for each site at which a separated school is to operate are the 9 same as the attributes of accreditation for the site under the 10 accreditation for the dividing school-11 the governing body is taken to have— (a) 12 (i) surrendered the accreditation of the dividing 13 school under section 73(1); and 14 (ii) made an application for accreditation of each 15 separated school under section 18; and 16 (b) the board is taken to have decided to accredit each 17 separated school under section 21. 18 (2)If subsection (1)(b) applies, the board must— 19 remove the details for the dividing school from the (a) 20 register and record the date of the removal; and 21 (b) record the following details, stated in the division 22 notice, for each separated school on the register-23 the name of the school; (i) 24 (ii) the type of education the school provides; 25 (iii) the attributes of accreditation of the school; and 26 (c) record the date the details for the school were entered on 27 the register; and 28

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(d) give the governing body of the dividing school notice 29 of— 30

[s 61]

(i) the decision to accredit each separated school; and					
(ii) the surrender of the accreditation of the dividing school; and					
(iii) the removal of the dividing school from the register.					
3) If the board decides it is not satisfied the proposed attributes of accreditation for each separated school are the same as the attributes of accreditation for the dividing school, the board must give the governing body of the dividing school an information notice about the decision.					
Subsection (3) does not prevent a governing body from—					
(a) applying to accredit a separated school under part 2, division 2; or					
(b) surrendering the accreditation of a dividing school under part 6, division 3.					
4 Deemed eligibility for government funding					
emed eligibility for government funding					
This section applies to the governing body of—					
 (a) an amalgamated school the board is taken to have decided to accredit under section 57(1)(c) if the governing bodies of the amalgamating schools were, immediately before the amalgamation, eligible for 					
government funding; or					
 government funding; or (b) a separated school the board is taken to have decided to accredit under section 60(1)(b) if the governing body of the dividing school was, immediately before the division, eligible for government funding. 					

					[s 62]	
Part 6					Amendment, cancellation and surrender of accreditations	
Divis	ion	1		Gi	ving compliance notices	3
62	Со	nplia	ance	notic	e	4
	(1)	This	secti	on app	plies if—	5
		(a)	the l	ooard	reasonably believes—	6
			(i)	an ao	ccredited school—	7
				(A)	is not complying with an accreditation criterion; or	8 9
				(B)	has not complied with an accreditation criterion in circumstances that make it likely the noncompliance will continue or be repeated; and	10 11 12 13
			(ii)		natter relating to the noncompliance is onably capable of being rectified; and	14 15
			(iii)		appropriate to give the school's governing an opportunity to rectify the matter; and	16 17
		(b)			has not given a show cause notice about the the governing body.	18 19
	(2)	This	secti	on als	o applies if—	20
		(a)	the l	ooard	reasonably believes—	21
			(i)	or i	governing body of an accredited school is not, s no longer, suitable to be the school's erning body; and	22 23 24
				Note-	-	25
				Se	e section 26 for suitability of governing body.	26
			(ii)		tter relating to the governing body's suitability asonably capable of being rectified; and	27 28

[s 62]

		(iii) it is appropriate to give the school's governing body an opportunity to rectify the matter; and	1 2
	(b)	the board has not given a show cause notice about the matter to the governing body.	3 4
(3)	com	board may give the governing body a notice (a <i>pliance notice</i>) requiring the governing body to rectify natter.	5 6 7
(4)	The	compliance notice must state all of the following—	8
	(a)	for a compliance notice about a matter mentioned in subsection $(1)(a)(i)$ —	9 10
		(i) that the board believes the school—	11
		(A) is not complying with an accreditation criterion; or	12 13
		 (B) has not complied with an accreditation criterion in circumstances that make it likely the noncompliance will continue or be repeated; and 	14 15 16 17
		(ii) the accreditation criterion the board believes is not being, or has not been, complied with; and	18 19
		(iii) briefly, how the board believes the accreditation criterion is not being, or has not been, complied with;	20 21 22
	(b)	for a compliance notice about a matter relating to a governing body's suitability—	23 24
		 (i) that the board believes the governing body of the accredited school is not, or is no longer, suitable to be the school's governing body; and 	25 26 27
		(ii) briefly, the reasons for the board's belief;	28
	(c)	the matter relating to the noncompliance or suitability the board believes is reasonably capable of being rectified;	29 30 31

			[s 63]	
		(d)	the reasonable steps the governing body must take to rectify the matter;	1 2
		(e)	that the governing body must take the steps within a stated reasonable period.	3 4
	(5)		governing body must comply with the compliance notice, ss the governing body has a reasonable excuse.	5 6
63	Rej	port k	by authorised person	7
	(1)		board may obtain a written report from an authorised on to help the board decide—	8 9
		(a)	whether to give a school's governing body a compliance notice under this division; or	10 11
		(b)	whether a school's governing body has complied with a compliance notice given to the governing body under this division.	12 13 14
	(2)	-	orised person's powers under chapter 4, part 2.	15 16
Divis	ion	2	Amendment and cancellation of accreditations	17 18
64	Def	finitic	on for division	19
		In th	is division—	20
		relev	want attribute of accreditation, for a school, means—	21
		(a)	a student-intake day for a year of schooling for the school; or	22 23
		(b)	an attribute of accreditation of the school that relates to the following—	24 25
			(i) the location of the sites at which the school operates;	26 27

[s 65]

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		(ii) the provision of boarding facilities at a site at which the school operates;					
	(iii) the years of education provided by the school at a site at which the school operates;						
		(iv) the mode of delivery of education used by the school at a site at which the school operates.					
Gro	ounds	s for amendment					
	accre	n of the following is a ground for amending a school's editation by removing or amending a relevant attribute of editation for the school—					
	(a)	for an attribute relating to a type of education provided by the school—after the student-intake day for the type of education, the school is not complying, or has not complied, with the accreditation criteria relating to the attribute;					
	(b)	there has been a change, without the board's approval under part 3, in the relevant attribute of accreditation;					
	(c)	for a school that is an establishment phase school for a year of schooling—the school does not start to provide education for the year of schooling by the day that is 6 months after the student-intake day for the year of schooling.					
Gro	ounds	s for cancellation					
(1)		n of the following is a ground for cancelling a school's editation for a type of education—					
	(a)	the school was accredited because of a materially false or misleading representation or declaration;					
	(b)	the school's governing body is not a corporation;					
	(c)	the school's governing body is not, or is no longer, suitable to be the school's governing body;					

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[s 66]

		Note-	_	1					
		Se	e section 26 for suitability of governing body.	2					
	(d)	after the student-intake day for the type of education, the school is not complying, or has not complied, with the accreditation criteria relating to the type of education;							
	(e)		e has been a change, without the board's approval er part 3, in an attribute of accreditation for the pol;	6 7 8					
	(f)		school's governing body has not complied with on 170(2);	9 10					
	(g)	giver secti	board is not satisfied the information or documents n by the school's governing body to the board under on 170 are adequate in helping the board to decide ther the school is complying with the accreditation ria;	11 12 13 14 15					
	(h)		school has not provided the type of education for at a 6 consecutive months;	16 17					
	(i)	if the	e school is a special assistance school—	18					
		(i)	the school's governing body has not complied with section $50(1)$ or (2); or	19 20					
		(ii)	the declaration given by the school's governing body under $50(1)(c)$ included a materially false or misleading representation; or	21 22 23					
		(iii)	the school is not complying, or has not complied, with the temporary site criteria;	24 25					
	(j)		school's governing body did not allow an authorised on to enter the school's premises under section 137.	26 27					
)	provi	de pr repar	a ground for cancelling a school's accreditation to imary education if the school provides education in atory year without providing primary education for 3.	28 29 30 31					

(2)

[s 67]

67	Sho	ow ca	use	notic	e	1
	(1)	This	secti	on app	lies if—	2
		(a)	the l	board	reasonably believes a ground exists to—	3
			(i)		and a school's accreditation by removing or adding a relevant attribute of accreditation; or	4 5
			(ii)		el a school's accreditation for a type of ation; and	6 7
		(b)	the l	ooard-	_	8
			(i)	schoo	not given, and does not propose to give, the ol's governing body a compliance notice to by a matter to which the ground relates; or	9 10 11
			(ii)	-	given the school's governing body a bliance notice to rectify a matter to which the nd relates and the governing body—	12 13 14
				(A)	has not complied with the compliance notice within the period stated in the notice; and	15 16
				(B)	does not have a reasonable excuse for not complying.	17 18
	(2)				t give the governing body a notice (a <i>show</i> ating the following—	19 20
		(a)			(the <i>proposed action</i>) the board proposes ler this division;	21 22
		(b)	the g	ground	ls for the proposed action;	23
		(c)			of the facts and circumstances forming the ne grounds;	24 25
		(d)	repr leas	esenta t 30 d	on to the governing body to make a written tion to the board within a stated period of at ays after the show cause notice is given to the proposed action should not be taken.	26 27 28 29
	(3)	the s	how	cause	body may make a written representation about notice to the board in the period mentioned in) (an <i>accepted representation</i>).	30 31 32

[s 68] 68 Considering representations about show cause notice 1 Before taking the proposed action stated in the show cause 2 notice, the board must consider all accepted representations 3 for the notice. 4 69 Ending show cause process without further action 5 If, after considering the accepted representations for the show 6 cause notice, the board no longer believes a ground exists to 7 amend or cancel the accreditation, the board-8 must not take further action about the show cause (a) 9 notice; and 10 (b) must, as soon as practicable, give notice to the school's 11 governing body that no further action is to be taken 12 about the show cause notice. 13 70 Amendment 14 (1)This section applies if, after considering the accepted 15 representations for a show cause notice about the proposed 16 amendment of a school's accreditation, the board-17 still believes a ground exists to amend the school's (a) 18 accreditation by removing or amending a relevant 19 attribute of accreditation: and 20 believes amendment of the school's accreditation by (b) 21 removing or amending the relevant attribute of 22 accreditation is warranted. 23 This section also applies if there are (2)no accepted 24 representations for the show cause notice. 25 (3) The board may decide to amend the school's accreditation by 26 removing or amending the relevant attribute of accreditation. 27 The board must, as soon as practicable, give an information (4) 28 notice about the decision to the school's governing body. 29

(5) The decision does not take effect until—

[s 71]

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	(a)	the last day to apply for a review of the decision; or	1
	(b)	if an application is made for a review of the decision—the day the application is decided or otherwise disposed of.	2 3 4
Car	ncella	ition	5
(1)	repre	section applies if, after considering the accepted esentations for a show cause notice about the proposed ellation of a school's accreditation, the board—	6 7 8
	(a)	still believes a ground exists to cancel the accreditation; and	9 10
	(b)	believes cancellation of the accreditation is warranted.	11
(2)	This repre	section also applies if there are no accepted esentations for the show cause notice.	12 13
(3)	The	board may decide to cancel the accreditation.	14
(4)		board must, as soon as practicable, give an information e about the decision to the school's governing body.	15 16
(5)	The	decision does not take effect until—	17
	(a)	the last day to apply for a review of the decision; or	18
	(b)	if an application is made for a review of the decision—the day the application is decided or otherwise disposed of.	19 20 21
Rep	oort b	by authorised person	22
(1)		board may obtain a written report from an authorised on to help the board decide—	23 24
	(a)	whether to give a show cause notice under this division; or	25 26
	(b)	whether to end the show cause process under section 69; or	27 28

		[s 73]
		(c) whether to amend or cancel a school's accreditation under section 70 or 71.
	(2)	To prepare the report, the authorised person may exercise the authorised person's powers under chapter 4, part 2.
Divis	ion	3 Surrender of accreditations
73	Sur	render
	(1)	A school's governing body may, by notice given to the board, surrender an accreditation of the school.
	(2)	The surrender takes effect on the later of the following—
		(a) the end of 7 days after the day the notice is given;
		(b) the day stated in the notice for the surrender.
	(3)	Subsection (4) applies if—
		(a) a governing body surrenders an accreditation for a school; and
		(b) the governing body was eligible for government funding for the school for which the accreditation is surrendered.
	(4)	The governing body is not eligible for government funding for the school from the day the surrender takes effect.
Part	7	Offences
74	Ор	erating a school without accreditation
		A person must not operate a school unless the school is an accredited school.

Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.

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[s 75]

75	Operating an accredited school before its student-intake day				
	The governing body of an accredited school must not provide a type of education at the school before the student-intake day for the type of education.	3 4 5			
	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	6			
76	Claim about accreditation of school	7			
	A person must not hold out a school as being an accredited school if it is not an accredited school.	8 9			
	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	10			

Chapter 3 Eligibility for government 11 funding 12

Part	1 Preliminary	13
77	Eligibility for government funding	14

A governing body of a school is *eligible for government* 15 *funding* for the school if the board is satisfied the governing 16 body meets the government funding eligibility criteria. 17

			[s 78]	
Part	2		Applications for eligibility for government funding	1 2
78			ing body of school may apply for eligibility for ment funding	3 4
	(1)		governing body of an accredited school may apply to be ible for government funding for the school.	5 6
	(2)	The	application must—	7
		(a)	be in the approved form; and	8
		(b)	be made to the board; and	9
		(c)	be accompanied by the fee prescribed by regulation.	1
79		emec Iding	applications for eligibility for government	1 11
	(1)	This	s section applies if—	1
		(a)	the governing body of a school applies for accreditation of the school; and	14 13
		(b)	the governing body indicates in the application that the governing body seeks to be eligible for government funding for the school.	1 17 13
	(2)	eligi 78	governing body is taken to have made an application to be ible for government funding for the school under section on the day the board received the application for reditation of the school.	1) 20 2 2
	(3)		application to be eligible for government funding for the bol is taken to have been withdrawn if the board—	2: 2:
		(a)	decides to refuse to accredit the school under section $21(3)$; or	2: 2:
		(b)	is taken to have refused to accredit the school under section $23(1)(a)$.	27 28

[s 80]

80 Decision about governing body's eligibility for government funding

(1) The board must consider the application and decide whether or not the board is satisfied the governing body meets the government funding eligibility criteria.

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- (2) If the board is satisfied the governing body meets the government funding eligibility criteria, the board must decide the governing body is eligible for government funding for the school.
- (3) If the board is not satisfied the governing body meets the government funding eligibility criteria, the board must decide 11 the governing body is not eligible for government funding for 12 the school.

81 Further information or documents

- Before deciding the application, the board may, by notice 15 given to the applicant, require the applicant to give the board, 16 within a reasonable period of at least 30 days stated in the 17 notice, further information or a document the board 18 reasonably requires to make the decision.
- (2) The notice may require the information or document to be 20 verified by a statutory declaration. 21
- (3) The applicant is taken to have withdrawn the application if,
 within the stated period, the applicant does not comply with
 the requirement.

82 Failure to decide application

- (1) If the board fails to decide the application within 6 months 26 after receiving the application— 27
 - (a) the failure is taken to be a decision of the board that the governing body is not eligible for government funding for the school; and
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 29
 30

	[s 83]
	(b) the board must, as soon as practicable, give the applicant an information notice about the decision.
(2)	This section is subject to section 83.
Ext	tension of time to decide application
(1)	This section applies if the board considers it needs more time to decide the application.
(2)	The applicant and board may, at any time before the day that is 6 months after the day on which the board received the application, agree in writing on a day (the <i>agreed day</i>) by which the decision is to be made.
(3)	If the board fails to make the decision by the agreed day—
	(a) the failure is taken to be a decision of the board that the governing body is not eligible for government funding for the school; and
	(b) the board must, as soon as practicable, give the applicant an information notice about the decision.
Ste	eps to be taken after decision
(1)	If the board decides the governing body is eligible for government funding for the school, the board must, as soon as practicable give the applicant and the Minister notice of the decision.
(2)	If the board decides the governing body is not eligible for government funding for the school, the board must, as soon as practicable, give the applicant an information notice about the decision.
Re	port by authorised person
(1)	Before deciding the application, the board may obtain a written report from an authorised person about a matter mentioned in section 10.

[s	86]
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	(2)	-	-	e the report, the authorised person may exercise the person's powers under chapter 4, part 2.	1 2
Part	t 3			Withdrawal of eligibility for government funding	3 4
Divi	sion	1		Application of part	5
86	Ар	This	part a	f part applies to a school the governing body of which is r government funding for the school.	6 7 8
Divi	sion	2		Giving compliance notices	9
87	Co ı (1)	•		notice on applies if—	10 11
		(a)		oard reasonably believes—	12
			(i)	the governing body of an accredited school does not meet the government funding eligibility criteria (the <i>noncompliance</i>); and	13 14 15
			(ii)	a matter relating to the noncompliance is reasonably capable of being rectified; and	16 17
			(iii)	it is appropriate to give the school's governing body an opportunity to rectify the matter; and	18 19
		(b)		board has not given a show cause notice about the er to the governing body.	20 21
	(2)	comp		d may give the governing body a notice (a <i>notice</i>) requiring the governing body to rectify	22 23 24
	(3)	The o	comp	iance notice must state—	25

[s 88]

		(a)	that the board believes the governing body does not meet the government funding eligibility criteria; and	1 2
		(b)	briefly, the reasons for the board's belief; and	3
		(c)	the matter relating to the noncompliance the board believes is reasonably capable of being rectified; and	4 5
		(d)	the reasonable steps the governing body must take to rectify the matter; and	6 7
		(e)	that the governing body must take the steps within a stated reasonable period.	8 9
	(4)		governing body must comply with the compliance notice, ss the governing body has a reasonable excuse.	10 11
88	Rej	port k	by authorised person	12
	(1)		board may obtain a written report from an authorised on to help the board decide—	13 14
		(a)	whether to give a school's governing body a compliance notice; or	15 16
		(b)	whether a school's governing body has complied with a compliance notice given to the governing body.	17 18
	(2)	-	repare the report, the authorised person may exercise the orised person's powers under chapter 4, part 2.	19 20
Divis	sion	3	Withdrawal of eligibility for	21
			government funding after show	22
			cause process	23
89		ounds	s for withdrawal of eligibility for government	24 25
	(1)	gove	n of the following is a ground for withdrawal of a erning body's eligibility for government funding for a ol—	26 27 28

[s 90]

	(a)	the governing body is an ineligible company;	1
	(b)	the school is being operated for profit;	2
	(c)	the governing body is a party to a prohibited arrangement;	3 4
	(d)	there is a direct or indirect connection between the school's governing body and another entity that could reasonably be expected to compromise the independence of the governing body when making financial decisions;	5 6 7 8 9
	(e)	a matter mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (d) existed during a particular period when the school's governing body received government funding for the school;	10 11 12
	(f)	the school's governing body has not complied with section 171(3);	13 14
	(g)	the school's governing body did not allow an authorised person to enter the school's premises under section 137.	15 16
(2)	of a secti	subsection (1)(c), (d) or (e), if the ground exists because a prohibited arrangement or connection mentioned in on $10(c)$ or (d), it is immaterial when the prohibited agement or connection came into existence.	17 18 19 20
Sho	ow ca	ause notice	21
(1)	This	section applies if—	22
	(a)	the board believes a ground exists for the withdrawal of the governing body's eligibility for government funding for the school; and	23 24 25
	(b)	the board—	26
		(i) has not given, and does not propose to give, the school's governing body a compliance notice to rectify a matter to which the ground relates; or	27 28 29
		 (ii) has given the governing body a compliance notice to rectify a matter to which the ground relates and the governing body— 	30 31 32

[s !	91]
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	· · · ·	th the compliance notice ted in the notice; and	1 2
	(B) does not have a rea complying.		3 4
(2)	The board must give the governing <i>cause notice</i>) stating the following—	•	5 6
	(a) the decision (the <i>proposed decis</i> to make under this division;	, 1 1	7 8
	(b) the grounds for the proposed dec	cision;	9
	(c) an outline of the facts and circ basis for the grounds;	cumstances forming the	10 11
	 (d) an invitation to the governing representation to the board with least 30 days after the show c show why the proposed decision 	hin a stated period of at cause notice is given to	12 13 14 15
(3)	The governing body may make a writ the show cause notice to the board in subsection (2)(d) (an <i>accepted represe</i>	the period mentioned in	16 17 18
(4)	The board must give the Minister a notice given under subsection (2).	1.	19 20
Rep	presentations about show cause r	notice	21
	Before making the proposed decision notice, the board must consider all a for the notice.	accepted representations	22 23 24
End	ding show cause process without	further action	25
	If, after considering the accepted repr cause notice, the board no longer beli withdrawing the governing body's el- funding for the school, the board—	ieves a ground exists for igibility for government	26 27 28 29

91

[s 93]

(a)	must not take further action about the show cause notice; and	1 2
(b)	must, as soon as practicable, give notice to the Minister and the governing body that no further action is to be taken about the show cause notice.	3 4 5
ision	by board	6
This	section applies if—	7
(a)	after considering the accepted representations for the show cause notice, the board still believes the ground exists for withdrawing the governing body's eligibility for government funding for the school; or	8 9 10 11
(b)	there are no accepted representations for the show cause notice.	12 13
eligit	bility for government funding for the school should be	14 15 16
(a)	if the show cause notice is based on a ground mentioned in section $89(1)(e)$ —for the period the board believes the ground existed; or	17 18 19
(b)	otherwise—from the day the board believes the ground arose.	20 21
eligit	bility for government funding for the school, the board	22 23 24
(a)	give the governing body an information notice about the decision; and	25 26
(b)	give the Minister notice of the decision.	27
For s	ubsection (3)(a), the information notice must state—	28
(a)	if the withdrawal of the eligibility for government funding is for a particular period—the period; or	29 30
	 (b) ision This (a) (b) The eligit with (a) (b) If the eligit must (a) (b) For s 	 notice; and (b) must, as soon as practicable, give notice to the Minister and the governing body that no further action is to be taken about the show cause notice. ision by board This section applies if— (a) after considering the accepted representations for the show cause notice, the board still believes the ground exists for withdrawing the governing body's eligibility for government funding for the school; or (b) there are no accepted representations for the show cause notice. The board must decide whether the governing body's eligibility for government funding for the school should be withdrawn— (a) if the show cause notice is based on a ground mentioned in section 89(1)(e)—for the period the board believes the ground existed; or (b) otherwise—from the day the board believes the ground arose. If the board decides to withdraw the governing body's eligibility for government funding for the school, the board must as soon as practicable— (a) give the governing body an information notice about the decision; and (b) give the Minister notice of the decision. For subsection (3)(a), the information notice must state— (a) if the withdrawal of the eligibility for government

			[s 94]	
		(b)	otherwise—the day from which the withdrawal of the eligibility for government funding has effect.	1 2
94	Re	port l	by authorised person	3
	(1)		board may obtain a written report from an authorised on to help the board decide—	4 5
		(a)	whether to issue a show cause notice; or	6
		(b)	whether to end the show cause process under section 92; or	7 8
		(c)	whether to withdraw a governing body's eligibility for government funding for a school under section 93.	9 10
	(2)	-	prepare the report, the authorised person may exercise the arrived person's powers under chapter 4, part 2.	11 12
95	Eff	ect o	f withdrawal of eligibility for government funding	13
	(1)		withdrawal of a governing body's eligibility for ernment funding for a school has effect—	14 15
		(a)	if the withdrawal is based on a ground mentioned in section $89(1)(e)$ —for the period the board believes the ground existed; or	16 17 18
		(b)	otherwise—from the day the board believes the ground arose.	19 20
	(2)	For	subsection (1)(a), it is immaterial—	21
		(a)	when the period occurred; or	22
		(b)	that the governing body was again eligible for government funding for the school after the period.	23 24

[s 96]

Division 4 Automatic withdrawal of eligibility for government funding

1

2

96 Effect of cancellation of accreditation If an accredited school's accreditation is cancelled, the school's governing body's eligibility for government funding for the school is taken to be withdrawn when the cancellation has effect under this Act.			
Chapt	er 4 General administration	8	
Part 1	Non-State Schools Accreditation Board	9 10	
Division	1 Establishment	11	
97 No	n-State Schools Accreditation Board	12	
(1)	The Non-State Schools Accreditation Board is continued in existence.	13 14	
(2)	The board—	15	
	(a) is a body corporate; and	16	
	(b) may sue and be sued in its corporate name.	17	
(3)	In this section—		
	Non-State Schools Accreditation Board means the Non-State	19	

Schools Accreditation Board established under the repealed20Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2001,21section 105.22

[s 98] 98 **Board represents the State** 1 The board represents the State. 2 (1)(2)Without limiting subsection (1), the board has the status, 3 privileges and immunities of the State. 4 99 Application of other Acts 5 (1) The board is a statutory body under the Financial 6 Accountability Act 2009 and the Statutory Bodies Financial 7 Arrangements Act 1982. 8 (2) The Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982, part 9 2B explains how that Act affects the board's powers. 10 Division 2 **Functions and powers** 11 100 Functions of board 12 The board has the following functions— 13 to assess applications for accreditation of non-State (a) 14 schools: 15 (b) to accredit non-State schools; 16 (c) to assess and decide applications about governing 17 bodies' eligibility for government funding; 18 (d) to keep a register of accredited schools; 19 (e) to monitor whether accredited schools continue to 20 comply with the accreditation criteria; 21 to monitor whether the governing bodies of accredited 22 (f) schools are suitable to continue to be a school's 23 governing body; 24 (g) to monitor whether the governing bodies of non-State 25 schools that are eligible for government funding for the 26 schools continue to meet the government funding 27

28

eligibility criteria;

[s 101]

		(h)	to monitor and enforce compliance with this Act;	1
		(i)	to conduct investigations about contraventions of, or noncompliance with, this Act;	2 3
		(j)	to examine, and advise the Minister about, the operation of the accreditation and eligibility for government funding schemes under this Act, including, for example, the examining of and reporting on a matter referred to the board by the Minister;	4 5 6 7 8
		(k)	another function given to the board under this Act or another Act.	9 10
101	Ρο	vers	of board	11
			board has all the powers of an individual, and may, for pple—	12 13
		(a)	enter into contracts or agreements; and	14
		(b)	acquire, hold, deal with, and dispose of, property; and	15
		(c)	appoint agents and attorneys; and	16
		(d)	engage consultants and researchers; and	17
		(e)	do anything else necessary or convenient to be done in performing its functions.	18 19
Divis	sion	3	Membership	20
102	Me	mber	ship of board	21
	(1)		board consists of 7 persons (each a <i>member</i>), as ws—	22 23
		(a)	1 member nominated by the Minister;	24
		(b)	3 members (the <i>Minister's consultation nominees</i>) nominated by the Minister after consulting with ISQ and QCEC;	25 26 27

		(c)	1 member nominated by the chief executive;	1
		(d)	1 member nominated by ISQ;	2
		(e)	1 member nominated by QCEC.	3
	(2)	Each	h member must be appointed by the Governor in Council.	4
	(3)	ΑM	linister's consultation nominee—	5
		(a)	must not be a person who is—	6
			(i) an employee of the department; or	7
			(ii) working full-time in an accredited school; or	8
			(iii) a director of an accredited school's governing body; or	9 10
			(iv) a member of an entity representing the interests of governing bodies of accredited schools; and	11 12
		(b)	must be appropriately qualified to be a member of the board.	13 14
103	No	mine	e of ISQ or QCEC	15
	(1)		s section applies to the nomination of a person by an entity er section $102(1)(d)$ or (e).	16 17
	(2)		Minister must give the entity a notice stating a reasonable od within which it may nominate the person.	18 19
	(3)	state	ne entity does not nominate a person within the period ed in the notice, the Minister may nominate a person and nomination is taken to have been made by the entity.	20 21 22
104	Ter	m of	appointment	23
			nember holds office for the term, not longer than 4 years, ed in the member's instrument of appointment.	24 25

[s 105]

105	Со	nditions of appointment	1
	(1)	A member is entitled to be paid the remuneration and allowances decided by the Governor in Council.	2 3
	(2)	A member holds office on the terms and conditions, not provided for by this Act, decided by the Governor in Council.	4 5
	(3)	A member is appointed under this Act and not the <i>Public</i> Service Act 2008.	6 7
106	Ch	airperson	8
	(1)	The person nominated by the Minister under section $102(1)(a)$ is the chairperson of the board.	9 10
	(2)	The chairperson holds office for the term of the person's appointment as a member.	11 12
	(3)	The office of chairperson becomes vacant if the chairperson stops being a member.	13 14
107	De	puty chairperson	15
	(1)	The board must appoint a member as the deputy chairperson of the board.	16 17
	(2)	The deputy chairperson holds office for the term decided by the board.	18 19
	(3)	However, the term mentioned in subsection (2) can not be longer than the term of the person's appointment as a member.	20 21
	(4)	The office of deputy chairperson becomes vacant if the deputy chairperson—	22 23
		(a) resigns from office by giving the board a notice of resignation; or	24 25
		(b) stops being a member.	26
	(5)	However, a person may continue being a member after resigning the office of deputy chairperson.	27 28
	(6)	The deputy chairperson is to act as chairperson—	29

[s 108]

	(a)	during a vacancy in the office of chairperson; and	1
	(b)	during all periods when the chairperson is absent from duty or, for another reason, can not perform the functions of the office.	2 3 4
Dis	quali	fication as member	5
(1)		erson is disqualified from becoming, or continuing as, a ber if the person—	6 7
	(a)	is a member of the Legislative Assembly; or	8
	(b)	is a councillor of a local government; or	9
	(c)	has a conviction, other than a spent conviction, for an indictable offence; or	10 11
	(d)	is an insolvent under administration; or	12
	(e)	is disqualified from managing corporations because of the Corporations Act, part 2D.6.	13 14
(2)	perso	erson is also disqualified from becoming a member if the on does not consent to the Minister asking for a report at the person's criminal history under section 112.	15 16 17
(3)		Minister may act under subsection (4) if the Minister iders it would be reasonable to do so, having regard to—	18 19
	(a)	the circumstances of an offence of which a person has been convicted; or	20 21
	(b)	the circumstances under which a person became an insolvent under administration.	22 23
(4)	The	Minister may—	24
	(a)	if the person was a member when the person was convicted or became an insolvent under administration, and the term of the person's appointment as a member has not ended, give the chairperson and the person notice (the <i>approval notice</i>) that—	25 26 27 28 29
		(i) the person is restored as a member; and	30

[s 109]

		 (ii) the person may be later reappointed, despite the conviction or being an insolvent under administration; or 	1 2 3
		(b) otherwise—give written approval for the person to become a member despite the conviction or being an insolvent under administration.	4 5 6
	(5)	The person is restored as a member on the day the chairperson receives the approval notice.	7 8
	(6)	The restored member's term of appointment as a member ends when it would have ended if the member had not been convicted of the offence or become an insolvent under administration.	9 10 11 12
	(7)	In this section—	13
		<i>conviction</i> , for an indictable offence, does not include being found guilty of an offence, on a plea of guilty or otherwise, without a conviction being recorded for the offence.	14 15 16
		<i>insolvent under administration</i> see the Corporations Act, section 9.	17 18
109	Vad	cancy in office	19
	(1)	A member's office becomes vacant if the member—	20
		(a) can not continue as a member under section 108; or	21
		(b) resigns office under section 110; or	22
		(c) is absent, without the board's permission, from 3 consecutive board meetings of which notice has been given.	23 24 25
	(2)	Also, a member who is a Minister's consultation nominee is taken to have vacated office if the member becomes a person mentioned in section $102(3)(a)$.	26 27 28
110	Re	signation	29

(1) A member may resign by signed notice given to the Minister. 30

[s 111]

	(2)	The resignation takes effect on—	1
		(a) the day the notice is given; or	2
		(b) if a later day is stated in the notice—the later day.	3
111	Lea	ave of absence	4
	(1)	The Minister may—	5
		(a) approve a leave of absence for a member; and	6
		(b) appoint another person to act in the office of the member during the leave of absence.	7 8
	(2)	Subsection (1) does not limit the Governor in Council's powers under the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section $25(1)(b)(v)$.	9 10 11
	(3)	If the Minister approves a leave of absence for the deputy chairperson, the board may appoint another member to be the doputy chairperson during the leave of absence	12 13 14
		deputy chairperson during the leave of absence.	14
Divis	sion		14
Divis			
_		4 Criminal history	15
_	Cri	4 Criminal history minal history report To decide if a person is disqualified from becoming or continuing as a member, the Minister may ask the	15 16 17 18
_	Cri	 4 Criminal history minal history report To decide if a person is disqualified from becoming or continuing as a member, the Minister may ask the commissioner of the police service for— (a) a written report about the criminal history of the person; 	15 16 17 18 19 20
_	Cri	 4 Criminal history minal history report To decide if a person is disqualified from becoming or continuing as a member, the Minister may ask the commissioner of the police service for— (a) a written report about the criminal history of the person; and (b) a brief description of the circumstances of a conviction 	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

[s 113]

	(4)	The duty imposed on the commissioner of the police service to comply with the request applies only to information in the commissioner's possession or to which the commissioner has access.	1 2 3 4
	(5)	The Minister must ensure the report and any other document or information given to the board by the commissioner of the police is destroyed as soon as practicable after it is no longer needed for the purpose for which it was requested.	5 6 7 8
113	Ch	anges in criminal history must be disclosed	9
	(1)	If there is a change in the criminal history of a member, the member must immediately give notice of the change to the Minister, unless the member has a reasonable excuse.	10 11 12
		Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	13
	(2)	The notice must include the following information—	14
		(a) the existence of the conviction;	15
		(b) when the offence was committed;	16
		(c) details adequate to identify the offence;	17
		(d) the sentence imposed on the member.	18
	(3)	If a member does not have a criminal history, there is taken to be a change in the member's criminal history if the member acquires one.	19 20 21
	(4)	In this section—	22
		<i>criminal history</i> , of a member, means the member's criminal history within the meaning of the <i>Criminal Law</i> (<i>Rehabilitation of Offenders</i>) Act 1986, to the extent the criminal history relates to indictable offences, other than spent convictions.	23 24 25 26 27

Divi	sion	5 Business and meetings	1
114	Conduct of business		2
		Subject to this division, the board may conduct its business and hold meetings in the way the board decides.	3 4
115	Tin	ne and place of meetings	5
	(1)	Board meetings must be held at the times and places the chairperson decides.	6 7
	(2)	However, the chairperson must call a meeting if asked, in writing, by the Minister or at least the number of members required to form a quorum for the meeting.	8 9 10
	(3)	The board must meet as often as necessary for it to perform its functions.	11 12
	(4)	Without limiting subsection (3), the board must meet at least 4 times a year.	13 14
116	Qu	orum	15
		A quorum for a board meeting is a majority of the members at the time the meeting is held.	16 17
117	Со	nduct of meetings	18
	(1)	A question at a board meeting must be a decided by a majority of the votes of the members present.	19 20
	(2)	Each member present at the meeting has a vote on each question to be decided.	21 22
	(3)	A member who abstains from voting, other than a member who abstains because of a conflict of interest, is taken to have voted for the negative.	23 24 25
	(4)	If the votes of the members present at the meeting are equal, the chairperson has a casting vote.	26 27

[s 118]

118

(5)	The board may hold meetings, or allow members to take part in its meetings, by using any technology allowing reasonably contemporaneous and continuous communication between persons taking part in the meeting.	1 2 3 4				
(6)	A member who takes part in a meeting of the board under subsection (5) is taken to have been present at the meeting.					
(7)	A resolution is validly made by the board, even if it is not passed at a board meeting, if—	7 8				
	(a) notice of the resolution is given under procedures approved by the board; and	9 10				
	(b) a majority of members agree in writing to the resolution.	11				
Att	endance by proxy	12				
(1)	A member may attend a board meeting by proxy.	13				
(2)	A member is not entitled to preside at a meeting merely because the member is the proxy holder for another member who, if present, would be entitled to preside.					
Dis	closure of interest	17				
(1)	This section applies to a member if—	18				
	(a) the member has a direct or indirect financial or personal interest in a matter being considered, or about to be considered, by the board; and	19 20 21				
	(b) the interest could conflict with the proper performance of the member's duties for considering the matter.	22 23				
(2)	As soon as practicable after the relevant facts come to the member's knowledge, the member must disclose the nature of the interest to a board meeting.	24 25 26				
(3)	The disclosure must be recorded in the board's minutes.	27				
(4)	Unless the board otherwise decides, the member must not-	28				
	(a) be present when the board considers the matter; or	29				

		(b)	take part in a decision of the board about the matter.	1
	(5)		member must not be present when the board is idering its decision under subsection (4).	2 3
	(6)		ther member who also has a direct or indirect financial or onal interest in the matter must not—	4 5
		(a)	be present when the board is considering its decision under subsection (4); or	6 7
		(b)	take part in making the decision.	8
	(7)	Subs	ection (8) applies if—	9
		(a)	because of this section, a member is not present at a board meeting for considering a matter, or for considering a decision under subsection (4); and	10 11 12
		(b)	there would be a quorum if the member were present.	13
	(8)	cons	members present are a quorum of the board for idering the matter, or for considering a decision ection (4), at the meeting.	14 15 16
Divis	ion	6	Administrative support of board	17
120	Adı	ninis	trative support	18
		admi	chief executive must ensure the board has the inistrative support services reasonably required for the d to perform its functions effectively and efficiently.	19 20 21
Divis	ion	7	Interaction between Minister and board	22 23
121	Min	ister	may refer matter to board	24
	(1)		he Minister considers there is a matter about the	25

) If the Minister considers there is a matter about the 25 accreditation of schools or the eligibility of governing bodies 26 of schools for government funding the board should examine, 27

[s 122]

the Minister may, by notice, refer the matter to the board for its examination.

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- (2) The Minister may, in the notice, ask the board to give the Minister a written report about the matter after completing the examination.
- (3) If the notice includes a request by the Minister for a report, the board must, as soon as practicable after completing the reamination, give the Minister a written report about the matter.
- (4) The report may include a recommendation about making a 10 change in relation to the accreditation of schools or the 11 eligibility for government funding under this Act.

122 Minister may ask board to reassess governing body's eligibility for government funding

- If the Minister is satisfied a school's governing body's eligibility for government funding for the school should be reassessed, the Minister may, by notice, ask the board to reassess the eligibility.
- (2) If the Minister gives the board a notice under subsection (1), 19 the board must reassess whether the board is satisfied the governing body meets the government funding eligibility 21 criteria.
- (3) For carrying out the reassessment, sections 81(1) and (2) and 23
 85 apply as if a reference in sections 81(1) and 85(1) to the application were a reference to whether the board is satisfied 25 the governing body meets the government funding eligibility 26 criteria.
- (4) The Minister may, in the notice, ask the board to give the 28 Minister a written report about the matter after completing the 29 reassessment.
 30
- (5) If the notice includes a request by the Minister for a report, the 31 board must, as soon as practicable after completing the 32

reassessment, give the Minister a written report about the 1 reassessment.

Minister's power to give directions in the public interest 123 3 (1) The Minister may give the board a written direction about a 4 matter relevant to the performance of the board's functions 5 under this Act if the Minister is satisfied it is necessary to give 6 the direction in the public interest. 7 (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the direction may be that the 8 board must comply with— 9 (a) a policy, standard or other instrument applying to a 10 public sector unit; or 11 (b) another document, including, for example, another 12 policy, standard or instrument. 13 (3) The board must comply with the direction. 14 The direction can not be about— (4) 15 (a) the accreditation of a particular school; or 16 changing the attributes of accreditation of a particular (b) 17 school; or 18 cancelling the accreditation of a particular school; or (c) 19 a decision of the board about the amalgamation or (d) 20 division of a school under chapter 2, part 5; or 21 (e) a decision of the board about the eligibility of a 22 particular school's governing body for government 23 funding. 24 (5) In the board's annual report for a financial year, under the 25 Financial Accountability Act 2009, the board must include 26 copies of all directions given to it under this section during the 27 financial year. 28 [s 124]

Mir	nister may require information or documents	1
(1)	The Minister may, by notice, ask the board to do the following within a stated reasonable period and in a stated reasonable way—	2 3 4
	(a) give the Minister relevant information in the board's knowledge about a stated matter;	5 6
	(b) give the Minister, or make available for inspection by the Minister, a relevant document or copy of a relevant document about a stated matter in the board's possession or control.	7 8 9 10
(2)	The board must comply with the request.	11
(3)	If a document is given to the Minister, the Minister may keep the document to copy it and must return the document to the board as soon as practicable after copying it.	12 13 14
(4)	The Minister may disclose the information, or give the document or copy of the document, to an entity the Minister considers appropriate to help the Minister assess a matter relevant to the way the board is carrying out its functions.	15 16 17 18
(5)	In this section—	19
	<i>relevant</i> , in relation to information or a document, means relating to the board's powers or functions under this Act.	20 21
	tice to Minister about action taken in relation to a ammar school	22 23
(1)	This section applies if the board gives any of the following notices under this Act to the governing body of a grammar school—	24 25 26
	(a) a compliance notice;	27
	(b) a show cause notice;	28
	(c) a notice under section 69(b);	29
	(d) an information notice about a decision to cancel the school's accreditation.	30 31

	(2)	The	board must also give a copy of the notice to the Minister.	1
Divis	ion	8	Register of accredited schools	2
126	Reg	giste	r to be kept	3
	(1)	The	board must keep a register about accredited schools.	4
	(2)		register may be kept in the way the board considers opriate, including, for example, in an electronic form.	5 6
	(3)		register must contain the following information for each edited school—	7 8
		(a)	the school's name;	9
		(b)	the day of its accreditation;	10
		(c)	the student-intake day for each type of education the school may provide under the school's accreditation;	11 12
		(d)	if the school is an establishment phase school for a year of schooling—the student-intake day for the year of schooling;	13 14 15
		(e)	the attributes of accreditation of the school;	16
		(f)	details of the type of education that may be provided at the school;	17 18
		(g)	whether the governing body for the school is eligible for government funding;	19 20
		(h)	other information prescribed by regulation.	21
127	Ins	pecti	on of register	22
		The	board must—	23
		(a)	keep the register open for inspection, on payment of the fee prescribed by regulation, at the board's office by members of the public during ordinary office hours; and	24 25 26

[s 128]

(b)	give a person a copy of the register, or a part of it, on payment of the fee prescribed by regulation.	1 2
	pujment of the fee presenteed by regulation.	4

Division 9 Information sharing arrangements 3

128	Во	ard may enter into information sharing arrangement	4
	(1)	This section applies only to the extent—	5
		(a) another provision of this Act allows the board to give information to the chief executive (employment screening); or	6 7 8
		(b) a provision of the <i>Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000</i> allows the chief executive (employment screening) to give information to the board.	9 10 11 12
	(2)	The board and the chief executive (employment screening) may enter into a written arrangement by which the information is given or received.	13 14 15
	(3)	Without limiting subsection (2), the arrangement may provide for the electronic transfer of information.	16 17
	(4)	However, if the information is to be electronically transferred and, under this Act or the <i>Working with Children (Risk</i> <i>Management and Screening) Act 2000</i> , there is a limitation on who may access the information or the purposes for which the information may be used, the arrangement must provide for the limitation.	18 19 20 21 22 23
	(5)	In this section—	24
		chief executive (employment screening) means the chief executive of the department in which the Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000 is administered.	25 26 27 28

Part 2	2			Authorised persons	1
Divisi	on	1		Functions and appointment	2
129	Fur	nctio	ns of	authorised persons	3
	(1)		autho wing-	rised person has the functions of finding out the	4 5
		(a)		ther an accredited school is complying with the editation criteria;	6 7
		(b)	body	ther the governing body, or proposed governing y, of a school is, or continues to be, suitable to be the pol's governing body;	8 9 10
			Note-	_	11
			Se	ee section 26 for suitability of governing body.	12
		(c)	assis	ther a special assistance school providing special stance at a temporary site is complying with the porary site criteria;	13 14 15
		(d)		elation to a school the governing body of which is ble for government funding for the school—	16 17
			(i)	whether the school is being operated for profit; or	18
			(ii)	whether the governing body of the school is a party to a prohibited arrangement in relation to the operation of the school; or	19 20 21
			(iii)	whether there is a direct or indirect connection between the governing body of the school and another entity that could reasonably be expected to compromise the independence of the governing body when making financial decisions;	22 23 24 25 26
		(e)	that	elation to the governing body of an accredited school is applying to be eligible for government funding he school—	27 28 29
			(i)	whether the school is being operated for profit; or	30

[s 130]

130

school; and11(b) investigating offences under this Act; and12(c) another function given to the authorised person under this Act or another Act.13 Appointment and qualifications 15(1) The board may, by instrument in writing, appoint a person as an authorised person if the board is satisfied the person is— (a) appropriately qualified to be an authorised person; and (b) a suitable person to perform 1 or more of the functions of an authorised person.18(2) A person is not a suitable person to perform the functions of an authorised person if the person does not have a current positive notice or current positive exemption notice.21(3) Subsection (2) does not limit the matters to which the board may have regard in considering the suitability of a person to perform the functions of an authorised person.24 Appointment conditions (1) An authorised person holds office on the conditions stated in 2827					
between the governing body of the school and another entity that could reasonably be expected to compromise the independence of the governing body when making financial decisions.5(2) An authorised person's functions also include—9(a) verifying school survey data relating to an accredited school; and10(b) investigating offences under this Act; and12(c) another function given to the authorised person under this Act or another Act.13 Appointment and qualifications 15(1) The board may, by instrument in writing, appoint a person as an authorised person if the board is satisfied the person is— of an authorised person.16(2) A person is not a suitable person to perform 1 or more of the functions of an authorised person if the person does not have a current positive notice or current positive exemption notice.21(3) Subsection (2) does not limit the matters to which the board may have regard in considering the suitability of a person to perform the functions of an authorised person, 2627(1) An authorised person holds office on the conditions stated in28				to enter into, a prohibited arrangement in relation	2
 (a) verifying school survey data relating to an accredited school; and (b) investigating offences under this Act; and (c) another function given to the authorised person under this Act or another Act. Appointment and qualifications (1) The board may, by instrument in writing, appoint a person as an authorised person if the board is satisfied the person is— (a) appropriately qualified to be an authorised person; and (b) a suitable person to perform 1 or more of the functions of an authorised person. (2) A person is not a suitable person to perform the functions of an authorised person if the person does not have a current positive notice or current positive exemption notice. (3) Subsection (2) does not limit the matters to which the board may have regard in considering the suitability of a person to perform the functions of perform the functions of an authorised person. Appointment conditions 27 (1) An authorised person holds office on the conditions stated in 				between the governing body of the school and another entity that could reasonably be expected to compromise the independence of the governing	5 6 7
school; and11(b) investigating offences under this Act; and12(c) another function given to the authorised person under this Act or another Act.13 Appointment and qualifications 15(1) The board may, by instrument in writing, appoint a person as an authorised person if the board is satisfied the person is— (a) appropriately qualified to be an authorised person; and (b) a suitable person to perform 1 or more of the functions of an authorised person.18(2) A person is not a suitable person to perform the functions of an authorised person if the person does not have a current positive notice or current positive exemption notice.21(3) Subsection (2) does not limit the matters to which the board may have regard in considering the suitability of a person to perform the functions of an authorised person.24 Appointment conditions (1) An authorised person holds office on the conditions stated in 2827	(2)	An a	uthori	sed person's functions also include—	9
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 (1) The board may, by instrument in writing, appoint a person as an authorised person if the board is satisfied the person is— (a) appropriately qualified to be an authorised person; and (b) a suitable person to perform 1 or more of the functions of an authorised person. (2) A person is not a suitable person to perform the functions of an authorised person if the person does not have a current positive notice or current positive exemption notice. (3) Subsection (2) does not limit the matters to which the board may have regard in considering the suitability of a person to perform the functions of an authorised person. Appointment conditions (1) An authorised person holds office on the conditions stated in 		(c)			13 14
an authorised person if the board is satisfied the person is—17(a) appropriately qualified to be an authorised person; and18(b) a suitable person to perform 1 or more of the functions19of an authorised person.20(2) A person is not a suitable person to perform the functions of21an authorised person if the person does not have a current22positive notice or current positive exemption notice.23(3) Subsection (2) does not limit the matters to which the board24may have regard in considering the suitability of a person to25perform the functions of an authorised person.26Appointment conditions27(1) An authorised person holds office on the conditions stated in28	Ар	pointr	nent	and qualifications	15
 (b) a suitable person to perform 1 or more of the functions of an authorised person. (2) A person is not a suitable person to perform the functions of an authorised person if the person does not have a current positive notice or current positive exemption notice. (3) Subsection (2) does not limit the matters to which the board may have regard in considering the suitability of a person to perform the functions of an authorised person. Appointment conditions (1) An authorised person holds office on the conditions stated in 	(1)				16 17
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may have regard in considering the suitability of a person to perform the functions of an authorised person.25 26Appointment conditions27(1) An authorised person holds office on the conditions stated in28	(2)	anaı	uthoris	sed person if the person does not have a current	21 22 23
(1) An authorised person holds office on the conditions stated in 28	(3)	may	have 1	regard in considering the suitability of a person to	24 25 26
(1) An authorised person holds office on the conditions stated in 28	Ap	pointr	nent	conditions	27
		An a	uthori	sed person holds office on the conditions stated in	28 29

The instrument of appointment may limit the authorised

person's functions or powers.

(2)

(1)

(a)

(b)

(c)

Resignation

board.

(a)

(2)

132

133

[s 132]

1

2

(b) if a later day is stated in the notice—the later day. 20

Division 2	Identity cards	
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134	lss	Issue of identity card					
	(1)	The board must issue an identity card to each authorised person.	23 24				
	(2)	The identity card must—	25				

[s 135]

135

	(a)	contain a recent photograph of the authorised person; and	1 2
	(b)	contain a copy of the authorised person's signature; and	3
	(c)	identify the person as an authorised person under this Act; and	4 5
	(d)	state an expiry date for the card.	6
Pro	oduct	ion or display of identity card	7
(1)		xercising a power in relation to a person in the person's ence, an authorised person must—	8 9
	(a)	produce the authorised person's identity card for the person's inspection before exercising the power; or	10 11
	(b)	have the identity card displayed so it is clearly visible to the person when exercising the power.	12 13
(2)	the a	vever, if it is not practicable to comply with subsection (1), authorised person must produce the identity card for the on's inspection at the first reasonable opportunity.	14 15 16
(3)	pow	subsection (1), an authorised person does not exercise a er in relation to a person only because the authorised on has entered a place under section $139(1)(b)$ or 141.	17 18 19
Re	turn o	of identity card	20
	pers chai	ne office of a person as an authorised person ends, the on must return the person's identity card to the rperson within 21 days after the office ends unless the on has a reasonable excuse.	21 22 23 24
	Max	imum penalty—10 penalty units.	25

			[s 137]	
Division 3		3	Entry of places by authorised persons	1 2
Subdivision 1			Power to enter school premises	3
137	Po	wer to	enter school premises	4
			uthorised person may enter a school's premises, during ary office hours, after complying with section 138.	5 6
138	No	tice of	fentry	7
	(1)	the au	authorised person wishes to enter a school's premises, uthorised person must give the school's governing body a e advising the governing body of—	8 9 10
		(a)	the purpose of the entry; and	11
		(b)	the day on which the entry is proposed.	12
	(2)	section the d	authorised person is performing a function mentioned in on $129(2)(a)$ or (b), there must be at least 1 day between ay the notice is given to the governing body and the day hich entry is proposed.	13 14 15 16
	(3)	funct whicl	e authorised person is performing a function other than a ion mentioned in section $129(2)(a)$ and (b), the day on h entry is proposed must not be less than 7 days after the he notice is given to the governing body.	17 18 19 20
	(4)	schoo	ciding the period of notice to be given before entering the ol's premises, the authorised person must have regard to ircumstances of the proposed entry.	21 22 23

[s 139]

Subd	ivis	ion 2	Power to enter places other than school premises	1 2
139	Pow	ver to	enter places other than school premises	3
	(1)		ithorised person may enter a place, other than a school's ises, for carrying out a function if—	4 5
		(a)	an occupier of the place consents under subdivision 3 to the entry and section 142 has been complied with for the occupier; or	6 7 8
		. ,	it is a public place and the entry is made when the place is open to the public; or	9 10
		(c)	the entry is authorised under a warrant and, if there is an occupier of the place, section 149 has been complied with for the occupier.	11 12 13
	(2)	place condi	power to enter arose only because an occupier of the consented to the entry, the power is subject to any tions of the consent and ceases if the consent is rawn.	14 15 16 17
	(3)		power to enter is under a warrant, the power is subject to rms of the warrant.	18 19
Subd	ivis	ion 3	Entry by consent	20
140	Obt	This s an oc	g consent of occupier subdivision applies if an authorised person intends to ask cupier of a place to consent to the authorised person or er authorised person entering the place under section)(a).	21 22 23 24 25

141	Inc	ident	al en	try to ask for access	1	
		For the purpose of asking an occupier of a place for consent to enter, an authorised person may, without the occupier's consent or a warrant—				
		(a)		r land around premises at the place to an extent that asonable to contact the occupier; or	5 6	
		(b)	cons	r part of the place the authorised person reasonably siders members of the public ordinarily are allowed nter when they wish to contact the occupier.	7 8 9	
142	Ма	tters	auth	orised person must tell occupier	10	
				king for the consent, the authorised person must give ble explanation to the occupier—	11 12	
		(a)		at the purpose of the entry, including the powers inded to be exercised; and	13 14	
		(b)	that	the occupier is not required to consent; and	15	
		(c)		the consent may be given subject to conditions and be withdrawn at any time.	16 17	
143	Co	nsen	t ack	nowledgement	18	
	(1)			nsent is given, the authorised person may ask the o sign an acknowledgement of the consent.	19 20	
	(2)	The	The acknowledgement must state—			
		(a)		purpose of the entry, including the powers to be cised; and	22 23	
		(b)	the f	following has been explained to the occupier—	24	
			(i)	the purpose of the entry, including the powers to be exercised;	25 26	
			(ii)	that the occupier is not required to consent;	27	
			(iii)	that the consent may be given subject to conditions and may be withdrawn at any time; and	28 29	

[s 144]

		(c)	the occupier gives the authorised person or another authorised person consent to enter the place and exercise the powers; and	1 2 3
		(d)	the time and day the consent was given; and	4
		(e)	any conditions of the consent.	5
	(3)		e occupier signs the acknowledgement, the authorised on must immediately give a copy to the occupier.	6 7
	(4)	If—		8
		(a)	an issue arises in a proceeding before a court or the board about whether the occupier of the place consented to the entry; and	9 10 11
		(b)	a signed acknowledgement complying with subsection (2) for the entry is not produced in evidence;	12 13
			nus of proof is on the person relying on the lawfulness of ntry to prove the occupier consented.	14 15
Sub	divis	sion 4	4 Entry under warrant	16
Sub 144		-	4 Entry under warrant	16 17
		plicat An a		
	Ар	plicat An a for a The	ion for warrant authorised person may apply to a magistrate for a warrant	17 18
	Ap (1)	plicat An a for a The state	tion for warrant authorised person may apply to a magistrate for a warrant place. authorised person must prepare a written application that	17 18 19 20
	Ap (1) (2)	plicat An a for a The state The autho magi	tion for warrant authorised person may apply to a magistrate for a warrant place. authorised person must prepare a written application that s the grounds on which the warrant is sought.	17 18 19 20 21
	Ap (1) (2) (3)	plicat An a for a The state The autho magi	Sion for warrant Buthorised person may apply to a magistrate for a warrant place. authorised person must prepare a written application that is the grounds on which the warrant is sought. written application must be sworn. magistrate may refuse to consider the application until the porised person gives the magistrate all the information the istrate requires about the application in the way the istrate requires.	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
	Ap (1) (2) (3)	plicat An a for a The state The autho magi magi <i>Exam</i>	Sion for warrant Buthorised person may apply to a magistrate for a warrant place. authorised person must prepare a written application that is the grounds on which the warrant is sought. written application must be sworn. magistrate may refuse to consider the application until the porised person gives the magistrate all the information the istrate requires about the application in the way the istrate requires.	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26

145	lss	Issue of warrant					
	(1)	satis at th parti	ed there are reasonable gr place, or will be at the pl	rant only if the magistrate is ounds for suspecting there is ace within the next 7 days, a nay provide evidence about a authorised person.	2 3 4 5 6		
	(2)	The	The warrant must state—				
		(a)	he place to which the war	cant applies; and	8		
		(b)		rson or any authorised person asonable help and force—	9 10		
			i) enter the place and a entry; and	iny other place necessary for	11 12		
			ii) exercise the authorise division; and	ed person's powers under this	13 14		
		(c)	particulars of the matter nagistrate considers appro	being investigated that the priate; and	15 16		
		(d)	he evidence that may be s	eized under the warrant; and	17		
		(e)	he hours of the day or mentered; and	ight when the place may be	18 19		
		(f)	he magistrate's name; and		20		
		(g)	he day and time of the wa	rrant's issue; and	21		
		(h)	he day, within 14 days a warrant ends.	after the warrant's issue, the	22 23		
146	Ele	ctror	application		24		
	(1)	ema com it ne	radio, videoconferencing unication if the authorised essary because of—	4 may be made by phone, fax, or another form of electronic l person reasonably considers	25 26 27 28		
		(a)	argent circumstances; or		29		

[s 147]

	(b)	other special circumstances, including, for example, the authorised person's remote location.	1 2
(2)	The	application—	3
	(a)	may not be made before the authorised person prepares the written application under section 144(2); but	4 5
	(b)	may be made before the written application is sworn.	6
۵d	ditior	nal procedure if electronic application	7
(1)	may	an application made under section 146, the magistrate issue the warrant (the <i>original warrant</i>) only if the istrate is satisfied—	8 9 10
	(a)	it was necessary to make the application under section 146; and	11 12
	(b)	the way the application was made under section 146 was appropriate.	13 14
(2)	Afte	er the magistrate issues the original warrant—	15
	(a)	if there is a reasonably practicable way of immediately giving a copy of the warrant to the authorised person, including, for example, by sending a copy by fax or email, the magistrate must immediately give a copy of the warrant to the authorised person; or	16 17 18 19 20
	(b)	otherwise—	21
		(i) the magistrate must tell the authorised person the information mentioned in section 145(2); and	22 23
		(ii) the authorised person must complete a form of warrant including by writing on it the information mentioned in section 145(2) provided by the magistrate.	24 25 26 27
(3)	form case	copy of the warrant mentioned in subsection $(2)(a)$, or the n of warrant completed under subsection $(2)(b)$ (in either the <i>duplicate warrant</i>), is a duplicate of, and as effectual he original warrant.	28 29 30 31

[s 148]

	(4)	The authorised person must, at the first reasonable opportunity, send to the magistrate—	1 2
		(a) the written application complying with section 144(2) and (3); and	3 4
		(b) if the authorised person completed a form of warrant under subsection (2)(b)—the completed form of warrant.	5 6 7
	(5)	The magistrate must keep the original warrant and, on receiving the documents under subsection (4)—	8 9
		(a) attach the documents to the original warrant; and	10
		(b) give the original warrant and documents to the clerk of the court of the relevant magistrates court.	11 12
	(6)	Despite subsection (3), if—	13
		(a) an issue arises in a proceeding about whether an exercise of a power was authorised by a warrant issued under this section; and	14 15 16
		(b) the original warrant is not produced in evidence;	17
		the onus of proof is on the person relying on the lawfulness of the exercise of the power to prove a warrant authorised the exercise of the power.	18 19 20
	(7)	This section does not limit section 144.	21
	(8)	In this section—	22
		<i>relevant magistrates court</i> , in relation to a magistrate, means the Magistrates Court that the magistrate constitutes under the <i>Magistrates Act 1991</i> .	23 24 25
148	De	fect in relation to a warrant	26
	(1)	A warrant is not invalidated by a defect in—	27
		(a) the warrant; or	28
		(b) compliance with sections 144 to 146;	29

[s 149]

		unless the defect affects the substance of the warrant in a material particular.	1 2
	(2)	In this section—	3
		<i>warrant</i> includes a duplicate warrant mentioned in section 147(3).	4 5
149	Ent	try procedure	6
	(1)	This section applies if an authorised person is intending to enter a place under a warrant issued under this subdivision.	7 8
	(2)	Before entering the place, the authorised person must do or make a reasonable attempt to do the following things—	9 10
		 (a) identify himself or herself to a person who is an occupier of the place and is present by producing the authorised person's identity card or another document evidencing the authorised person's appointment; 	11 12 13 14
		(b) give the person a copy of the warrant;	15
		(c) tell the person the authorised person is permitted by the warrant to enter the place;	16 17
		(d) give the person an opportunity to allow the authorised person immediate entry to the place without using force.	18 19
	(3)	However, the authorised person need not comply with subsection (2) if the authorised person believes on reasonable grounds that immediate entry to the place is required to ensure the effective execution of the warrant is not frustrated.	20 21 22 23
	(4)	In this section—	24
		<i>warrant</i> includes a duplicate warrant mentioned in section $147(3)$.	25 26

Divi	sion	4 General powers after entry	1
150	Ар	plication of division	2
	(1)	This division applies to an authorised person who enters a place under section 137 or 139.	3 4
	(2)	However, if the authorised person enters under section $139(1)(a)$ or (c), the powers under this division are subject to any conditions of the consent or terms of the warrant.	5 6 7
151	Ge	neral powers	8
	(1)	The authorised person may do any of the following (each a <i>general power</i>) for a relevant purpose—	9 10
		(a) search any part of the place;	11
		(b) inspect, examine or film any part of the place or anything at the place;	12 13
		(c) take an extract from, or copy, a document at the place, or take the document to another place to copy;	14 15
		 (d) produce an image or writing at the place from an electronic document or, to the extent it is not practicable, take a thing containing an electronic document to another place to produce an image or writing; 	16 17 18 19 20
		(e) take to, into or onto the place any person, equipment and materials the authorised reasonably requires for exercising a power under this part.	21 22 23
	(2)	Also, if the authorised person is performing a function mentioned in section $129(2)(a)$, the authorised person may physically verify—	24 25 26
		(a) for a school offering classroom education—that certain students enrolled for classroom education at the school are attending the school; or	27 28 29

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	st	or a school offering distance education—that certain udents enrolled for distance education at the school are indertaking the education.	1 2 3					
(3)		horised person may take a necessary step to allow the e of a general power.	4 5					
(4)	If the authorised person takes a document from the place to copy it, the authorised person must copy the document and return it to the place as soon as practicable.							
(5)	device a electror person	authorised person takes from the place an article or reasonably capable of producing a document from an nic document to produce the document, the authorised must produce the document and return the article or to the place as soon as practicable.	9 10 11 12 13					
(6)	In this s	section—	14					
		<i>e</i> includes analyse, test, account, measure, weigh, gauge and identify.	15 16					
	<i>film</i> ind another	cludes photograph, videotape and record an image in way.	17 18					
	<i>inspect</i> content	, a thing, includes open the thing and examine its s.	19 20					
	relevan	<i>t purpose</i> means—	21					
		or an investigation for the preparation of a report under is Act—relevant to the matter being investigated; or	22 23					
		or another investigation—monitoring compliance with is Act.	24 25					
Dov	vor to re	equire reasonable help	26					
			26					
(1)	<i>require</i> place of reasona	thorised person may make a requirement (a <i>help</i> <i>ment</i>) of a school's governing body, an occupier of the r a person at the place, to give the authorised person ble help to exercise a general power, including, for e, to produce a document or to give information	27 28 29 30 31					
	example	e, to produce a document or to give information	3					

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relevant to the matter being investigated.

31

	(2)	When making the help requirement, the authorised person must warn the person to whom the requirement is made that, without a reasonable excuse, it is an offence for the person not to comply with the requirement.	1 2 3 4
153	Off	ence to contravene help requirement	5
	(1)	A person of whom a help requirement has been made must comply with the requirement unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	6 7 8
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	9
	(2)	It is a reasonable excuse for an individual not to comply with a help requirement if complying might tend to incriminate the individual or expose the individual to a penalty.	10 11 12
Divis	sion	5 Power to require information	13
154	Ροι	wer to require information	14
154	Pov (1)	wer to require information This section applies if—	14 15
154		-	
154		This section applies if—(a) an authorised person is performing a function under this	15 16
154		 This section applies if— (a) an authorised person is performing a function under this Act; and (b) a person may be able to give information to help the 	15 16 17 18
154	(1)	 This section applies if— (a) an authorised person is performing a function under this Act; and (b) a person may be able to give information to help the authorised person perform the function. The authorised person may, by notice given to the person, 	15 16 17 18 19 20

[s 155]

	(3)	For information that is an electronic document, compliance with the requirement requires the giving of a clear image or written version of the electronic document.	1 2 3
	(4)	In this section—	4
		<i>government entity</i> means a government entity under the <i>Public Service Act 2008</i> , section 24.	5 6
		<i>information</i> includes a document or a copy of a document.	7
		<i>person</i> does not include a government entity, other than a board of trustees for a grammar school.	8 9
155	Off	ence to contravene information requirement	10
	(1)	A person of whom a requirement is made under section $154(2)(a)$ must comply with the requirement unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	11 12 13
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	14
	(2)	It is a reasonable excuse for an individual not to comply with the requirement if complying might tend to incriminate the individual or expose the individual to a penalty.	15 16 17
156	Cu	stody of document given to authorised person	18
	(1)	If a document or other thing is given to an authorised person under this division, the authorised person may—	19 20
		(a) keep the document or thing for a reasonable period for performing the function for which the document or thing is given; and	21 22 23
		(b) if it is a document, take extracts from it and make copies of it.	24 25
	(2)	While the authorised person has possession of the document or other thing, the authorised person must allow it to be inspected at any reasonable time by a person who would have the right to inspect it if it were not in the authorised person's possession.	26 27 28 29 30

				[s 157]	
Division 6 Subdivision 1				Seizure by authorised persons and forfeiture	1 2
			1	Power to seize	3
157		•		ence at a place that may be entered without varrant	4 5
		with warr	out th ant m	rised person who enters a place under this Act ne consent of an occupier of a place and without a ay seize a thing at the place if the authorised person y believes the thing is—	6 7 8 9
		(a)	relev	vant to—	10
			(i)	a report being prepared by the authorised person under this Act; or	11 12
			(ii)	an investigation being carried out by the authorised person; or	13 14
		(b)	evid	ence of an offence against this Act.	15
158				ence at a place that may be entered only with arrant	16 17
	(1)	This	sectio	on applies if—	18
		(a)	with	uthorised person is authorised to enter a place only the consent of an occupier of the place or a rant; and	19 20 21
		(b)		authorised person enters the place after obtaining the sent or under a warrant.	22 23
	(2)	cons		horised person enters the place with the occupier's he authorised person may seize a thing at the place	24 25 26
		(a)		authorised person reasonably believes the thing is ence of an offence against this Act; and	27 28

[s 159]

		(b)	entr	ure of the thing is consistent with the purpose of y as explained to the occupier when asking for the piper's consent.	1 2 3
	(3)	autho	orised	norised person enters the place under a warrant, the l person may seize the evidence for which the as issued.	4 5 6
	(4)		autho e if—	prised person may also seize anything else at the	7 8
		(a)	the a	authorised person reasonably believes the thing is—	9
			(i)	relevant to a report being prepared by the authorised person under this Act; or	10 11
			(ii)	relevant to an investigation being carried out by the authorised person; or	12 13
			(iii)	evidence of an offence against this Act; and	14
		(b)	the s	eizure is necessary to prevent the thing being—	15
			(i)	hidden, lost or destroyed; or	16
			(ii)	used to continue, or repeat, an offence.	17
Subo	divis	ion	2	Powers to support seizure	18
159	Ρον	ver to	o sec	ure seized thing	19
	(1)		ng so on ma	eized a thing under subdivision 1, an authorised by-	20 21
		(a)		e the thing at the place where it was seized and take onable action to restrict access to it; or	22 23
		(b)	mov	e the thing from the place where it was seized.	24
	(2)	seal the t	the th	ction (1)(a), the authorised person may, for example, ing, or the entrance to the place of seizure, and mark or place to show access to the thing or place is	25 26 27 28

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160	Offence to interfere								
	(1)	If access to a seized thing is restricted under section 159, a person must not tamper with the thing or with anything used to restrict access to the thing without—	2 3 4						
		(a) an authorised person's approval; or	5						
		(b) a reasonable excuse.	6						
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	7						
	(2)	If access to a place is restricted under section 159, a person must not enter the place in contravention of the restriction or tamper with anything used to restrict access to the place without—	8 9 10 11						
		(a) an authorised person's approval; or	12						
		(b) a reasonable excuse.	13						
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	14						
Subo	divis	sion 3 Safeguards for seized things	15						
Subo 161		sion 3 Safeguards for seized things ceipt for seized thing	15 16						
	Re	ceipt for seized thing This section applies if an authorised person seizes anything	16 17						
	Re	 ceipt for seized thing This section applies if an authorised person seizes anything under this division unless— (a) the authorised person reasonably believes there is no-one apparently in possession of the thing or the thing 	16 17 18 19 20						

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	(2)		
	(3)	However, if an owner or person from whom the thing is seized is not present when it is seized, the receipt may be given by leaving it in a conspicuous position and in a reasonably secure way at the place at which the thing is seized.	1 2 3 4
	(4)	The receipt may relate to more than 1 seized thing.	5
162	Ac	cess to seized things	6
	(1)	Until a seized thing is forfeited or returned, an authorised person must allow an owner of the thing—	7 8
		(a) to inspect it at any reasonable time and from time to time; and	9 10
		(b) if it is a document—to copy it.	11
	(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if it is impracticable or would be unreasonable to allow the inspection or copying.	12 13
	(3)	The inspection or copying must be allowed free of charge.	14
163	Re	turn of seized thing	15
	(1)	This section applies if a seized thing is not forfeited.	16
	(2)	The authorised person must return it to its owner—	17
		(a) generally—at the end of 6 months after the seizure; or	18
		(b) if proceedings involving the thing are started within 6 months, at the end of the proceedings and any appeal from the proceedings.	19 20 21
	(3)	Despite subsection (1), if the thing was seized as evidence, the authorised person must return the thing seized to an owner as soon as practicable after the authorised person is satisfied its continued retention as evidence is no longer necessary.	22 23 24 25

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	(1)		board may decide a seized thing is forfeited to the board e authorised person who seized the thing—	3 4
		(a)	after making reasonable inquiries, can not find its owner; or	5 6
		(b)	after making reasonable efforts, can not return it to its owner.	7 8
	(2)	How	vever, the authorised person is not required to—	9
		(a)	make inquiries if it would be unreasonable to make inquiries to find the owner; or	10 11
		(b)	make efforts if it would be unreasonable to make efforts to return the thing to its owner.	12 13
	(3)	•	ard must be had to the thing's nature, condition and value eciding—	14 15
		(a)	whether it is reasonable to make inquiries or efforts; and	16
		(b)	if inquiries or efforts are to be made—what inquiries or efforts, including the period over which they are made, are reasonable.	17 18 19
165	Dea	aling	with forfeited things	20
	(1)	boar	the forfeiture of a thing to the board, the thing becomes the d's property and may be dealt with by the board as the d considers appropriate.	21 22 23
	(2)		nout limiting subsection (1), the board may destroy or rwise dispose of the thing.	24 25

Subdivision 4 Forfeiture

Forfeiture of seized things

[s 164]

[s 166]

Part 3 Reviews and proceedings

166	Wh	A governing body of a school that is given, or is entitled to be given, an information notice about a decision may apply to QCAT for a review of the decision.	2 3 4 5
167	Su	mmary proceedings for offences	6
	(1)	Proceedings for an offence against this Act must be taken in a summary way under the <i>Justices Act 1886</i> .	7 8
	(2)	The proceeding must start—	9
		(a) within 1 year after the commission of the offence; or	10
		(b) within 6 months after the offence comes to the complainant's knowledge, but within 2 years after the commission of the offence.	11 12 13

Chapter 5 Miscellaneous

14

1

Scł	School survey data		
(1)	The governing body of an accredited school must give the board details about the school prescribed by regulation (<i>school survey data</i>).		
(2)	The school survey data must—	19	
	(a) relate to the day prescribed by regulation (the <i>relevant day</i>); and	20 21	
	(b) be in the approved form.	22	
(3)	The school survey data must be given within 7 days after the relevant day.	23 24	

169	Notification of change in circumstances				
	(1)	days	governing body of an accredited school must, within 7 s after the happening of each of the following events, give board notice of the event—	2 3 4	
		(a)	the closure of the school;	5	
		(b)	the school stops offering a year of schooling for which it is accredited;	6 7	
		(c)	the governing body is affected by control action under the Corporations Act;	8 9	
		(d)	if the governing body is eligible for government funding for the school—the school starts to be operated for profit;	10 11 12	
		(e)	any other change in the governing body's, or school's, circumstances prescribed by regulation.	13 14	
		Max	kimum penalty—20 penalty units.	15	
	(2)		subsection (1)(c), the governing body is affected by trol action under the Corporations Act if the governing y—	16 17 18	
		(a)	has executed a deed of company arrangement under the law; or	19 20	
		(b)	is the subject of a winding-up (whether voluntarily or under a court order) under that Act; or	21 22	
		(c)	is the subject of an appointment of an administrator, liquidator, receiver or receiver and manager under that Act.	23 24 25	
	(3)	becc	governing body must, within 28 days after a person omes a director, other than a declared director, of the erning body give the board a notice—	26 27 28	
		(a)	stating—	29	
			(i) the name of the person; and	30	
			(ii) the date the person was appointed as a director; and	31	

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	(b) accompanied by a copy of a current positive notice or current positive exemption notice for the person.	1 2
	Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	3
(4)	If the governing body is a RECI Act corporation, the governing body must, within 28 days after a person is validly nominated as a director of the governing body under section 9(b)(ii), give the board a notice, signed by each declared director for the time being of the governing body—	4 5 6 7 8
	(a) stating—	9
	(i) the name of the nominated person; and	10
	(ii) the date of the nomination; and	11
	(b) accompanied by a copy of a current positive notice or current positive exemption notice for the person.	12 13
	Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	14
(5)	The governing body must, within 28 days after a person ceases to be a director, give the board a notice stating—	15 16
	(a) the name of the person; and	17
	(b) the date the person ceased to be a director.	18
	Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	19
_		
Pe	riodic demonstration of compliance	20
(1)	The board may, once every 5 years during a school's accreditation, give the school's governing body a notice asking the governing body to give the board information or a document that may help the board in deciding whether—	21 22 23 24
	(a) the governing body is, or continues to be, suitable to be the school's governing body; or	25 26
	(b) the school is complying with the accreditation criteria.	27
(2)	The governing body must comply with the request within 6 months after receiving the notice.	28 29

171		riodic demonstration of eligibility for government nding	1 2
	(1)	This section applies to the governing body of an accredited school that is eligible for government funding for the school.	3 4
	(2)	The board may, once every 5 years during the school's accreditation, give the governing body a notice asking the governing body to give the board information or a document that may help the board reassess whether the board is satisfied the governing body meets the government funding eligibility criteria.	5 6 7 8 9 10
	(3)	The governing body must comply with the request within 6 months after receiving the notice.	11 12
	(4)	This section does not limit section 122.	13
172	Dis	sclosure of details of indictable offence	14
	(1)	Subsection (2) applies to a person who—	15
		(a) becomes a director of the governing body of an accredited school; and	16 17
		(b) has a criminal history.	18
	(2)	The person must, within 7 days after becoming a director of the governing body, give the board a notice stating—	19 20
		(a) the name, address and date of birth of the person; and	21
		(b) details of any indictable offence included in the criminal history.	22 23
		Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	24
	(3)	Subsection (6) applies if a director of the governing body of an accredited school is convicted of an indictable offence.	25 26
	(4)	Subsection (6) also applies if—	27
		(a) an application is made to the board for the accreditation of a school and the application has not been decided; and	28 29 30

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	(b)	a director of the school's governing body is convicted of an indictable offence.	1 2
(5)	In ac	ldition, subsection (6) applies if—	3
	(a)	an application is made to the board under section 39 for a change in an accredited school's governing body and the application has not been decided; and	4 5 6
	(b)	a director of the proposed governing body of the school is convicted of an indictable offence.	7 8
(6)		director must, within 7 days after the conviction, give the d a notice stating details of the indictable offence.	9 10
	Max	imum penalty—20 penalty units.	11
(7)	infor as so	board must ensure the notice and any other document or rmation given to the board under this section is destroyed oon as practicable after it is no longer needed for the ose for which it was given.	12 13 14 15
(8)	In th	is section—	16
	offer	<i>icted</i> , of an offence, means being found guilty of the nce, on a plea of guilty or otherwise, whether or not a iction is recorded.	17 18 19
		<i>etable offence</i> includes an indictable offence dealt with marily.	20 21
Pro	tectio	on from civil liability	22
(1)	The prote	<i>Public Service Act 2008</i> , section 26C applies to a ected person who is not a State employee as if the person e a State employee for chapter 1, part 3, division 3 of that	23 24 25 26
(2)	liabi	e <i>Public Service Act 2008</i> , section 26C prevents civil lity attaching to a protected person, section $26C(2)(b)$ of Act does not apply in relation to the person.	27 28 29
(3)	In th	is section—	30
	prote	ected person means any of the following persons-	31

[s 174]

		(a) a member of the board;
		(b) an authorised person;
		(c) a member of a committee established by the board.
174		blication of information identifying school operating hout accreditation
	(1)	If the board, honestly and on reasonable grounds, believes a school is being operated without accreditation, the board may publish information that identifies, or is likely to lead to the identification of, the school.
	(2)	The board and the board members are not liable, civilly, criminally or under an administrative process, for publishing the information.
	(3)	Without limiting subsection (2)—
		(a) in a proceeding for defamation, the board and each member has a defence of absolute privilege for publishing the information; and
		(b) if the board or a member would otherwise be required to maintain confidentiality about the published information under an Act, oath, rule of law or practice—the board or member does not contravene the requirement by publishing the information.
175	Fal	se or misleading information or documents
	(1)	A person must not give information to the board the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular.
		Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.
	(2)	A person must not give the board a document containing information the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular.
		Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.

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(3)		section (2) does not apply to a person if the person, when ng the document—	1 2
	(a)	tells the board, to the best of the person's ability, how it is false or misleading; and	3 4
	(b)	if the person has, or can reasonably obtain, the correct information—gives the correct information.	5 6
Со	nfide	ntiality of information	7
(1)	This	s section applies to the following persons—	8
	(a)	a person who is, or was, the Minister;	9
	(b)	a person who is, or was, a member;	10
	(c)	a person who is, or was, a member of a committee established by the board or the previous board;	11 12
	(d)	a person who is, or was, an authorised person;	13
	(e)	another person who is, or was, involved in the administration of this Act, including, for example, as a public service employee.	14 15 16
(2)	The	e person must not disclose protected information if—	17
	(a)	the disclosure would be likely to adversely affect the commercial interests of the person to whom the information relates; or	18 19 20
	(b)	the information is about a child and identifies, or is likely to identify, the child; or	21 22
	(c)	the information is about someone else's criminal history.	23
	Max	timum penalty—50 penalty units.	24
(3)	Sub	section (2) does not apply if—	25
	(a)	the information is disclosed—	26
		(i) in the performance of functions under this Act; or	27
		(ii) with the written consent of—	28

[s 176]

		(A)	if the person to whom the information relates is not a child—the person; or	1 2
		(B)	if the person to whom the information relates is a child—a parent or guardian of the child; or	3 4 5
	(iii)	to the	e person to whom the information relates; or	6
(b)	the in	nform	ation is otherwise publicly available; or	7
(c)			mation is given in both the following nces—	8 9
		Com Com	whief executive gives the information to the monwealth or another State, or an entity of the monwealth or another State, under an ement with the Commonwealth, other State or 7;	10 11 12 13 14
			hief executive is satisfied the giving of the mation is in the public interest; or	15 16
(d)			nation is disclosed to the chief executive to chief executive to act under paragraph (c); or	17 18
(e)	ageno disclo inves	cy an osure tigation ce on	nation is disclosed to a law enforcement and the person is reasonably satisfied the is necessary for the prevention, detection, on, prosecution or punishment of a criminal r a breach of a law imposing a penalty or or	19 20 21 22 23 24
(f)		e pro	nation is disclosed to a court for the purposes osecution of a person for an offence in any n; or	25 26 27
(g)			osure of the information is authorised or under an Act or required by law.	28 29
			ealth, another State or an entity that receives er subsection $(3)(c)$ —	30 31
(a)	must	not g	ive the information to anyone else; and	32

(4)

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		(b) must ensure the information is used only for the purpose for which it was given.	1 2
	(5)	In this section—	3
		<i>information</i> includes a document.	4
		<i>law enforcement agency</i> see the <i>Information Privacy Act</i> 2009, schedule 5, definition <i>law enforcement agency</i> , paragraph (a).	5 6 7
		<i>protected information</i> means information disclosed to, or obtained by, a person to whom this section applies in the course of performing, or because of, the person's functions under this Act.	8 9 10 11
177	Im	personating authorised person	12
		A person must not impersonate an authorised person.	13
		Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	14
178	Ар	proval of forms	15
		The board may approve forms for use under this Act.	16
179	Re	gulation-making power	17
	(1)	The Governor in Council may make regulations under this Act.	18 19
	(2)	A regulation may be made about fees, including the refunding of fees, for this Act.	20 21

		[s 180]	
Cha	pte	r 6 Repeal and transitional provisions	1 2
Part	1	Repeal	3
180	Rep	eal The Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2001, Act No. 60 is repealed.	4 5 6
Part 2		Transitional provisions	7
181	Def	nitions for part In this part—	8 9
		<i>funding decision</i> means a decision of the Minister under repealed section 88.	10 11
		<i>new board</i> means the board as continued in existence under section $97(1)$.	12 13
		<i>repealed</i> , in relation to a section, means the section of the repealed Act.	14 15
		<i>repealed Act</i> means the <i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2001</i> as in force before the commencement.	16 17 18
182	Cor boa	tinuation of things done by or in relation to previous rd	19 20
	(1)	A thing done by or in relation to the previous board before the commencement is taken to be a thing done by or in relation to the new board.	21 22 23
	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1)—	24

[s 183]

	(a)	an appointment of a member of the previous board is taken to be an appointment to the new board; and	1 2		
	(b)	any part of a term served by a person as a member of the previous board before the commencement is included in the term for which the person is taken to have been appointed as a member of the new board.	3 4 5 6		
		Example for subparagraph (b)—	7		
		A person was appointed as a member of the previous board for a term of 3 years. At the commencement, the person had served 2 years as a member of the previous board. The person is taken to have been appointed to the new board for a term of 3 years, and is taken to have already served 2 years of that term.	8 9 10 11 12		
	(c)	a guideline made by the previous board is taken to have been made by the new board.	13 14		
Ap	plicat	ions for accreditation made but not decided	15		
(1)	This scho	section applies to an application for accreditation for a ol—	16 17		
	(a)	made by the governing body of the school under the repealed Act; and	18 19		
	(b)	about which, at the commencement, the previous board had not made a decision under repealed section 18 or 19.	20 21		
(2)	The application—				
	(a)	is taken have been made under section $18(1)$; and	23		
	(b)	must be decided under this Act.	24		
(3)	accre <i>addit</i>	application does not include details of an attribute of editation of the school mentioned in section 19(4) (the tional information), the governing body of the school give the board the additional information.	25 26 27 28		
(4)	to th	e governing body does not give the additional information e board within 3 months after the commencement, the rning body is taken to have withdrawn the application.	29 30 31		

184		plications for government funding made but not cided	1 2
	(1)	This section applies to an application for government funding for a school made, or taken to have been made, by the governing body of the school under the repealed Act if, at the commencement, the Minister had not decided the application under repealed section 88.	3 4 5 6 7
	(2)	The application—	8
		 (a) is taken be an application by the governing body to be eligible for government funding for the school under section 78(1); and 	9 10 11
		(b) must be decided under this Act.	12
	(3)	The board must publish a notice about the application in a newspaper circulating throughout the school's catchment area stating—	13 14 15
		(a) the application is to be decided under chapter 3, part 2; and	16 17
		(b) that, under those provisions, the board is not required to consider any submissions made about the application under the repealed Act.	18 19 20
	(4)	In this section—	21
		catchment area means	22
		(a) for a school that is in operation—the geographical area in which at least 80% of the school's students reside; or	23 24
		(b) for a school that is not in operation—the geographical area in which at least 80% of the school's prospective students are likely to reside.	25 26 27
185	Cor	ntinuation of accreditations under repealed Act	28
	(1)	This section applies to a school that, immediately before the commencement, was an accredited school under the repealed Act.	29 30 31

[s 186]

(2)	The school is taken to be an accredited school under this Act.	1
(3)	The attributes of accreditation of the school are taken to be the same as the attributes of accreditation of the school under the school's previous accreditation.	2 3 4
(4)	However, if the school was accredited to provide a sector of schooling under the school's previous accreditation—	5 6
	(a) the school is taken to be accredited under this Act to provide each year of schooling within the sector of schooling; and	7 8 9
	(b) the student-intake day for each year of schooling is taken to be the first day of education of students at the school for the year of schooling under the school's previous accreditation.	10 11 12 13
(5)	The board must, as soon as practicable—	14
	 (a) give the school a notice stating the details for the school required to be included in the register under section 126(3); and 	15 16 17
	(b) update the register to include the details for the school mentioned in section 126(3).	18 19
(6)	Section 30 does not apply to a school taken to be an accredited school under this section.	20 21
(7)	In this section—	22
	<i>previous accreditation</i> , of a school, means the accreditation of the school under the repealed Act.	23 24
	<i>sector of schooling</i> means a sector of schooling a school was accredited to provide under the repealed Act.	25 26
	verning bodies taken to be eligible for government ding	27 28
(1)	This section applies to a governing body of a school that, immediately before the commencement, was eligible for	29 30

186

government funding for the school under the repealed Act.

3

21

27

(2)	The governing body of the school is taken to be eligible for	1
	government funding for the school under this Act.	2

187 Effect of provisional accreditations under repealed Act

- This section applies to a school that, immediately before the commencement, was a provisionally accredited school under 5 the repealed Act.
 6
- (2) The school is taken to be an accredited school under this Act. 7
- (3) The attributes of accreditation for the school are taken to be 8 the same as the attributes of accreditation for the school under 9 the school's previous provisional accreditation.
 10
- (4) However, if the school was provisionally accredited to provide 11
 a sector of schooling under the school's previous provisional 12
 accreditation—13
 - (a) the school is taken to be accredited under this Act to provide each year of schooling within the sector of schooling; and
 14
 15
 16
 - (b) the student-intake day for each year of schooling is 17 taken to be the first day of education of students at the 18 school for the year of schooling under the school's 19 previous provisional accreditation. 20

(5) The board must, as soon as practicable—

- (a) give the school a notice stating the details for the school
 22 required to be included in the register under section
 23 126(3); and
 24
- (b) update the register to include the details for the school 25 mentioned in section 126(3). 26

(6) In this section—

previous provisional accreditation, of a school, means the 28 provisional accreditation of the school under the repealed Act. 29

sector of schooling means any of the following groups of 30 years of schooling— 31 [s 188]

		(a)	preparatory year to year 3;	1
		(b)	years 4 to 6;	2
		(c)	years 7 to 10;	3
		(d)	years 11 and 12.	4
188	As: ass	sessi sessr	ment of provisionally accredited schools if initial ment not started under repealed Act	5 6
	(1)	This	s section applies to a school if—	7
		(a)	immediately before the commencement, the school was a provisionally accredited school under the repealed Act; and	
		(b)	at the commencement—	11
			(i) the earliest of the school's student intake days has passed; and	s 12 13
			(ii) the board has not started an initial assessment under repealed section 32.	t 14 15
	(2)	stud	applying section 30, a reference in section $30(2)$ to the lent-intake day for the type of education is taken to be a serence to the commencement.	
	(3)	In th	his section—	19
		educ	<i>lent-intake day</i> means a student-intake day for a type of cation that applied for the school under the school's visional accreditation under the repealed Act.	
189			ment of provisionally accredited schools if further ment not started under repealed Act	23 24
	(1)	This	s section applies to a school if—	25
		(a)	immediately before the commencement—	26
			(i) the school was a provisionally accredited school under the repealed Act; and	l 27 28

[s 190]

		(ii)	the school was operating under a provisional accreditation extended under repealed section $34(2)$; and	1 2 3
	(b)		e commencement, the board has not started a further ssment of the school under repealed section 34.	4 5
(2)	stud	ent-in	ing section 30, a reference in section $30(2)$ to the take day for the type of education is taken to be a to the commencement.	6 7 8
			of provisionally accredited schools if initial sessment started under repealed Act	9 10
(1)	This	sectio	on applies to a school if—	11
	(a)		ediately before the commencement, the school was rovisionally accredited school under the repealed and	12 13 14
	(b)	at th	e commencement, the board—	15
		(i)	has started an assessment under repealed section 32 or 34; and	16 17
		(ii)	has not decided the school's application for accreditation under repealed section 27.	18 19
(2)	The	assess	sment—	20
	(a)	is tal	ken to have been started under section 30; and	21
	(b)	mus	t be continued under this Act.	22
Co	mplia	ince i	notices not complied with at commencement	23
(1)	gove	erning	ion applies to a compliance notice given to the body of a school by the previous board under ection $61(2)$ if—	24 25 26
	(a)		compliance notice was given to the governing body re the commencement; and	27 28

[s 192]

	(b) at the commencement, the governing body has not complied with the compliance notice.	1 2
(2)	The compliance notice is taken to have been given to the governing body by the board under section $62(3)$.	3 4
Sho dea	ow cause processes about accreditation not finally alt with	5 6
(1)	This section applies if—	7
	 (a) the previous board had given a show cause notice mentioned in repealed section 58A(2) or 64(2) to the governing body of a school; and 	8 9 10
	(b) immediately before the commencement, the board had not finally dealt with the matters relating to the show cause notice (the <i>show cause process</i>).	11 12 13
(2)	The show cause notice is taken to have been given to the governing body by the board under section $67(2)$.	14 15
(3)	The show cause process must continue under this Act.	16
	ow cause process about eligibility for government ding not finally dealt with	17 18
(1)	This section applies if—	19
	(a) the previous board had given a show cause notice mentioned in repealed section 94(2) to the governing body of a school; and	20 21 22
	(b) immediately before the commencement, the board had not finally dealt with the matters relating to the show cause notice (the <i>show cause process</i>).	23 24 25
(2)	The show cause notice is taken to have been given to the governing body by the board under section $90(2)$.	26 27
(3)	The show cause process must continue under this Act.	28

			[s 194]	
194	Re	views	s of funding decisions not finally dealt with	1
	(1)	This	section applies if—	2
		(a)	a person had applied for the review of a funding decision under repealed section 101 (the <i>review</i>); and	3 4
		(b)	immediately before the commencement, the Minister had not finally dealt with the review.	5 6
	(2)	decis	Minister is taken to have decided to substitute the funding sion with a decision that the governing body is eligible for ernment funding.	7 8 9
195	Re	views	s of other decisions not finally dealt with	1(
	(1)	This	section applies if—	11
		(a)	a person had applied for the review of a decision, other than a funding decision, under repealed section 101 (the <i>review</i>); and	12 13 14
		(b)	immediately before the commencement, the Minister had not finally dealt with the review.	15 16
	(2)		repealed Act, chapter 4, continues to apply for dealing the review as if the chapter had not been repealed.	17 18
196	Eff	ect of	f information notices given under repealed Act	19
	(1)	This	section applies if, at the commencement—	20
		(a)	a person has been given an information notice about a decision, other than a funding decision, under the repealed Act; and	21 22 23
		(b)	the period within which the person may apply for a review of the decision under the notice has not ended; and	24 25 26
		(c)	the person has not applied to have the decision reviewed.	27 28

[s 197]

	(2)	The repealed Act, chapter 4, continues to apply as if the chapter had not been repealed.	1 2				
197	Ine	ligible company	3				
	(1)	This section applies if—	4				
		(a) a school's governing body was, immediately before the commencement, eligible for government funding for the school; and	5 6 7				
		(b) the governing body was, immediately before the commencement, an ineligible company.	8 9				
	(2)	While the governing body is an ineligible company and, except for section $10(a)$, it continues to meet the government funding eligibility criteria, sections $10(a)$ and $89(1)(a)$ do not apply to the governing body in relation to the school.	10 11 12 13				
198	Tra	Transitional regulation-making power					
	(1)	A regulation (a <i>transitional regulation</i>) may make provision of a saving or transitional nature for which—	15 16				
		 (a) it is necessary to make provision to allow or facilitate the doing of anything to achieve the transition from the operation of the repealed Act to the operation of this Act; and 	17 18 19 20				
		(b) this Act does not make provision or sufficient provision.	21				
	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), a transitional regulation may continue the operation of a provision of the repealed Act that is not included in this Act.	22 23 24				
	(3)	A transitional regulation may have retrospective operation to a day that is not earlier than the day of the commencement.	25 26				
	(4)	A transitional regulation must declare it is a transitional regulation.	27 28				
	(5)	This section and any transitional regulation expire 1 year after the day of commencement.	29 30				

Cha	pter 7 Amendment of legislation	1
Part	1 Amendment of this Act	2
199	Act amended	3
	This part amends this <i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017</i> .	4 5
200	Amendment of long title	6
	Long title, from 'for the schools,'—	7
	omit, insert—	8
	for the schools	9
Part	2 Amendment of Building Act 1975	10 11
201	Act amended	12
201	Act amended This part amends the <i>Building Act 1975</i> .	12 13
201 202		
	This part amends the <i>Building Act 1975</i> . Amendment of s 216 (Meaning of <i>budget accommodation</i>	13 14
	This part amends the <i>Building Act 1975</i> . Amendment of s 216 (Meaning of <i>budget accommodation building</i>) Section 216(5), definition <i>educational institution</i> , paragraph	13 14 15 16

[s 203]

Part	3 Amendment of Charitable and Non-Profit Gaming Act 1999	1 2
203	Act amended	3
	This part amends the <i>Charitable and Non-Profit Gaming Act</i> 1999.	4 5
204	Amendment of s 39 (Who may apply for category 3 gaming licence)	6 7
	Section 39(c)—	8
	omit, insert—	9
	(c) a parents and friends association formed for a non-State school accredited under the <i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State</i> <i>Schools) Act 2017</i> ; or	10 11 12 13
Part	4 Amendment of Child Protection	14
	Act 1999	15
205	Act amended	16
	This part amends the Child Protection Act 1999.	17
206	Amendment of s 159D (Other definitions for ch 5A)	18
	Section 159D, definition prescribed entity, paragraph (f)-	19
	omit, insert—	20
	(f) the principal of an accredited school under the <i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State</i> <i>Schools) Act 2017;</i>	21 22 23

[s 207]

207		59M (Particular prescribed entities ng relevant information)	1 2
	Section 159M(1))(e)—	3
	omit, insert—		4
	(e)	the principal of an accredited school under the <i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State</i> <i>Schools) Act 2017.</i>	5 6 7
208	Amendment of sch	ו 3 (Dictionary)	8
	Schedule 3, defin	nition school, paragraph (b)—	9
	omit, insert—		10
	(b)	an accredited school under the <i>Education</i> (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017.	11 12 13
Part	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	nendment of Education and re Services Act 2013	14 15
209	Act amended		16
	This part amend	s the Education and Care Services Act 2013.	17
210	Amendment of sch	າ 1 (Dictionary)	18
210		n 1 (Dictionary) nition <i>school</i> , paragraph (b)—	18 19
210			-

[s 211]

Part	6 Amendment of Education and Care Services National Law (Queensland) Act 2011	1 2 3
211	Act amended	4
	This part amends the <i>Education and Care Services National</i> Law (Queensland) Act 2011.	5 6
212	Amendment of s 10 (Education law)	7
	Section 10(a)—	8
	omit, insert—	9
	(a) Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017;	10 11
Part	7 Amendment of Education (Capital Assistance) Act 1993	12 13
213	Act amended	14
	This part amends the Education (Capital Assistance) Act 1993.	15 16
214	Amendment of s 3 (Definitions)	17
	(1) Section 3, definition <i>eligible non-State school</i> , paragraph (a)—	18 19
		-

[s 215]

	(2)	Section 3, definition <i>non-State school</i> , 'provisionally accredited, or accredited, under the <i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2001</i> '—	1 2 3
		omit, insert—	4
		accredited under the Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017	5 6
215	Am	endment of s 10 (Listing with CAA)	7
		Section 10(1), 'Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2001'—	8 9
		omit, insert—	10
		Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017	11 12
216	Am	endment of s 14 (Certain projects must not be funded)	13
		Section 14(1)(c), 'Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2001, chapter 2, part 3A'—	14 15
		omit, insert—	16
		<i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools)</i> <i>Act 2017</i> , chapter 2, part 4	17 18
Part	8	Amendment of Education	19
		(General Provisions) Act 2006	20
217	Act	tamended	21
		This part amends the <i>Education (General Provisions) Act</i> 2006.	22 23

[s 218]

218	Am	nendment o	f s 232 (Eligible options and providers)	1
		provided u Schools) A	2(1), table, entry for an educational program nder the <i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State</i> <i>ct 2001</i> , column 1, ' <i>Education (Accreditation of</i> <i>Schools) Act 2001</i> '—	2 3 4 5
		omit, insert	<u> </u>	6
			Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017	7 8
219	Am	nendment o	f s 364 (Definitions for pt 10)	9
		Section 364	, definition director, from 'Education'—	10
		omit, insert	<u> </u>	11
			<i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools)</i> <i>Act 2017</i> , section 9.	12 13
220	Am	nendment o	f s 370 (Requirement to give financial data)	14
		Section 370)	15
		insert—		16
		(7)	If the governing body does not comply with this section, the noncompliance is a ground for suspending payment of the allowance.	17 18 19
221	Am	nendment o	f s 373 (Confidentiality of financial data)	20
	(1)	Section 373	3(3)(a)(ii)—	21
		renumber a	s section 373(3)(a)(iii).	22
	(2)	Section 373	B(3)(a)—	23
		insert—		24
			(ii) under section 425A; or	25

[s 222]

222	Am	Amendment of s 374 (Allowance acquittal details)					
	(1)	Section 374(2) and (3), 'board'—					
		omit, insert	ţ		3		
			Mir	ister	4		
	(2)	Section 374	1—		5		
		insert—			6		
		(2A)	acq	governing body must ensure the allowance uittal details for the school for the year are roved by an accountant.	7 8 9		
	(3)	Section 374(4), 'stopping'—					
		omit, insert—					
			susp	pending	12		
	(4)	Section 374(5)—					
		omit, insert—					
		(5) In	In t	in this section—			
			acc	ountant means—	16		
			(a)	a member of CPA Australia who is entitled to use the letters 'CPA' or 'FCPA'; or	17 18		
			(b)	a member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia who is entitled to use the letters 'CA' or 'FCA'; or	19 20 21		
			(c)	a member of the Institute of Public Accountants who is entitled to use the words 'MIPA' or 'FIPA'.	22 23 24		
223	Re	placement	of ss	375–381	25		
		Sections 37	75 to 2	381—	26		
	omit, insert—						

[s 224]

375 Min	ister may suspend allowances	1					
(1)	This section applies if the Minister believes a ground mentioned in section 370(7) or 374(4) exists for suspending payment of the allowance.	2 3 4					
(2)	(2) The Minister must decide whether payment of the allowance should be suspended.						
(3)	(3) If the Minister decides that payment of the allowance should be suspended, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the board and governing body notice of the decision and reasons for the decision.						
(4)	The notice must state the day from which the suspension starts.	12 13					
	nister must pay suspended allowances if wance acquittal details given	14 15					
(1)	This section applies if—	16					
	 (a) the Minister suspends payment of an allowance to a governing body under section 375; and 	17 18 19					
	(b) after the payment is suspended, the governing body gives the Minister the financial data or allowance acquittal details relating to the ground for suspending payment of the allowance.	20 21 22 23 24					
(2)	The Minister must pay the governing body the amount of the allowance that was not paid because of the suspension.	25 26 27					
Amendment o	f s 382 (False or misleading statement)	28					
(1) Section 382	· · · ·	20 29					
insert—		30					

[s 225]

	(2A)	In giving the Minister the allowance acquittal details for a non-State school, a person must not give information the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular. Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	1 2 3 4 5
	(2B)	In giving the Minister the allowance acquittal details for a non-State school, a person must not give a document containing information the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular.	6 7 8 9 10
		Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	11
(2)	Section 382	2(3), 'Subsection (2) does'—	12
	omit, insert	•	13
		Subsections (2) and (4) do	14
(3)	Section 382	2(2A), (2B) and (3)—	15
	<i>renumber</i> a	s section 382(3), (4) and (5).	16
l	aution of u		17
ins	ertion of ne		17
	Chapter 19-		18
	insert—		19
	425AEx	change of school's financial information	20
	(1)	A relevant entity may enter into an arrangement (an <i>information-sharing arrangement</i>) with another relevant entity for the purpose of sharing or exchanging financial information about a school—	21 22 23 24 25
		(a) held by 1 of the relevant entities; or	26
		(b) to which 1 of the relevant entities has access.	27 28
	(2)	An information-sharing arrangement may relate only to financial information that assists 1 or both	29 30

[s 226]

			the relevant entities perform the relevant ty's functions.	1 2		
	(3)	rele auth info arra	Under an information-sharing arrangement, each relevant entity is, despite any other Act or law, authorised to ask for and receive financial information held by the other relevant entity to the arrangement or to which the other relevant entity has access.			
	(4)	In tl	nis section—	9		
		fina	ncial information includes—	10		
		(a)	financial data for a non-State school in receipt of subsidy; and	11 12		
		(b)	allowance acquittal details for a non-State school.	13 14		
		rele	<i>vant entity</i> means—	15		
		(a)	the Minister; or	16		
		(b)	the chief executive; or	17		
		(c)	the board.	18		
Am	endment o	f scł	n 4 (Dictionary)	19		
(1)	Schedule 4,	defi	nitions board and non-State school—	20		
	omit.			21		
(2)	Schedule 4-			22		
	insert—			23		
		scho allo	<i>wance acquittal details</i> , for a non-State ool for a year, means details of how an wance has been expended, during the year, by school's governing body.	24 25 26 27		
			<i>rd</i> means the Non-State Schools reditation Board continued in existence under <i>Education (Non-State Schools Accreditation)</i>	28 29 30		

[s 226] Act 2017, section 97(1). 1 non-State school means an accredited school 2 under the Education (Accreditation of Non-State 3 Schools) Act 2017. 4 5 (3) Schedule 4, definition accepted representations, paragraph (e)— 6 omit. 7 (4) Schedule 4, definition *educational program*, paragraph (b), 8 'Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2001'-9 omit, insert— 10 Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) 11 Act 2017 12 Schedule 4, definition non-State school in receipt of subsidy, 13 (5) 'Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2001'— 14 omit, insert— 15 Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) 16 Act 2017 17 (6) Schedule 4, definition school of distance education, paragraph 18 (b), 'or provisionally accredited under the Education 19 (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2001'-20 omit, insert— 21 under the Education (Accreditation of Non-State 22 Schools) Act 2017 23 [s 227]

Part	9	Amendment of Education (Overseas Students) Regulation 2014	1 2 3
227	Reg	julation amended	4
		This part amends the <i>Education (Overseas Students)</i> <i>Regulation 2014.</i>	5 6
228	Am	endment of s 3 (Definitions for pt 2)	7
	(1)	Section 3, definition non-State school—	8
		omit.	9
	(2)	Section 3—	10
		insert—	11
		<i>non-State school</i> means an accredited school under the <i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017.</i>	12 13 14
Part	10	Amendment of Education	15
		(Queensland College of	16
		Teachers) Act 2005	17
229	Act	amended	18
		This part amends the Education (Queensland College of Teachers) Act 2005.	19 20
230		endment of s 287 (Other information sharing eements)	21 22
		Section 287(5), definition relevant agency, paragraph (c)-	23
		omit, insert—	24

Part 11	Amen	Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Bill 201 Chapter 7 Amendment of legislatio adment of Education (Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority) Ac 201	n ct
		[s 231]
		 (c) the Non-State Schools Accreditation Board continued in existence under the <i>Education</i> (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Ac 2017, section 97(1). 	n 2
231	Am	endment of sch 3 (Dictionary)	5
	(1)	Schedule 3, definition non-State school—	6
		omit.	7
	(2)	Schedule 3—	8
		insert—	9
		<i>non-State school</i> means an accredited school under the <i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017</i> .	
Part	11	Amendment of Education (Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority) Act 2014	13 14 15 16
232	Act	tamended	17
		This part amends the Education (Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority) Act 2014.	d 18 19
233	Am	endment of sch 1 (Dictionary)	20
	(1)	Schedule 1, definition non-State school—	21
		omit.	22
	(2)	Schedule 1—	23
		insert—	24
		non-State school means an accredited school	1 25

[s 2

[s 234]			
		under the <i>Education</i> (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017.	
Part	12	Amendment of Education (Work Experience) Act 1996	
004	۸ of	amended	
234	ACI	This part amends the <i>Education (Work Experience) Act 1996.</i>	
		This part amends the Education (work Experience) Act 1990.	
235	Am	endment of schedule (Dictionary)	
	(1)	Schedule, definition non-State school—	
		omit.	
	(2)	Schedule—	
		insert—	
		<i>non-State school</i> means an accredited school under the <i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017.</i>	
Part	13	Amendment of Environmental	
		Protection Act 1994	
236	Act	amended	
		This part amends the Environmental Protection Act 1994.	
237	Am	endment of s 440K (Definitions for pt 3B)	
		Section 440K, definition educational institution, paragraph	
		(b)—	
		omit, insert—	

		Part 14 Am	Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Bill 2017 Chapter 7 Amendment of legislation endment of Family Responsibilities Commission Act 2008	
			[s 238]	
		(t	b) an accredited school under the <i>Education</i> (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017; or	1 2 3
Part	14	R	mendment of Family esponsibilities Commission ct 2008	4 5 6
238	Act	amended		7
		This part amer 2008.	nds the Family Responsibilities Commission Act	8 9
239	Am	endment of s	90 (Definitions for pt 8)	10
		Section 90, de	finition <i>prescribed entity</i> , paragraph (c)—	11
		omit, insert—		12
		(0	the principal of an accredited school under the <i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State</i> <i>Schools) Act 2017.</i>	13 14 15
240	Am	endment of s	chedule (Dictionary)	16
-	(1)		nition non-State school—	17
		omit.		18
	(2)	Schedule—		19
		insert—		20
		u	on-State school means an accredited school nder the Education (Accreditation of Non-State schools) Act 2017.	21 22 23

[s 241]

Part 15			endment of Grammar hools Act 2016	1 2
241	Act amended			3
	This part a	mends	s the Grammar Schools Act 2016.	4
242	Amendment o	ofs3	8 (Basis for appointment)	5
	Section 38((b), 'A	accreditation Act, section 64'—	6
	omit, insert	ţ		7
		Edu	cation (Accreditation of Non-State Schools)	8
		Act	2017, section 67	9
243	Amendment o	ofs3	9 (Notice of proposed appointment)	10
	Section 39((4)—		11
	omit, insert	t—		12
	(4)		e Minister decides to make the appointment,	13
			Minister must, before publishing the gazette ce under which the appointment is made, give	14 15
			tice of the decision to—	15
		(a)	the board; and	17
		(b)	the Non-State Schools Accreditation Board	18
			under the <i>Education</i> (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017.	19 20
244	Amondmont	fo /	7 (Administrator's nowers and	01
244	functions)	154	7 (Administrator's powers and	21 22
	Section 47((3), 'A	Accreditation Act'—	23
	omit, insert	ţ		24
			cation (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) 2017	25 26

-	-
10	2151
15	2401

245	Am	endment of sch 1 (Dictionary)	1
	(1)	Schedule 1, definition Accreditation Act—	2
		omit.	3
	(2)	Schedule 1, definition <i>non-grammar school</i> , paragraph (b), 'Accreditation Act, section 6'—	4 5
		omit, insert—	6
		<i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools)</i> <i>Act 2017</i> , section 6	7 8
Part	16	Amendment of Planning Act 2016	9 10
246	Act	amended	11
		This part amends the Planning Act 2016.	12
247	Am	endment of s 113 (Adopting charges by resolution)	13
		Section 113(6), definition non-State school, 'Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2001, section 6'—	14 15
		omit, insert—	16
		<i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools)</i> <i>Act 2017</i> , section 6	17 18
Part	17	Amendment of Public Guardian	19
		Act 2014	20
248	Act	amended	21
		This part amends the Public Guardian Act 2014.	22

Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Bill 2017 Chapter 7 Amendment of legislation Part 18 Amendment of Public Health Act 2005

[s 249]

249	Amendment of s 86 (Prescribed entities) Section 86(n)—		1 2
	omit, insert—	-	3
		(n) the principal of an accredited school under the <i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State</i> <i>Schools) Act 2017</i> ;	4 5 6
Part		Amendment of Public Health Act 2005	7 8
250	Act amended		9
	This part amo	ends the Public Health Act 2005.	10
251	Amendment of s 180 (Directions to person in charge of school, education and care service or QEC approved service)		11 12 13
	Section 180 Schools) Act	(2)(a), 'Education (Accreditation of Non-State 2001'—	14 15
	omit, insert–	-	16
		Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017	17 18
252	Amendment of s 181 (Temporary closure of school, education and care service or QEC approved service)		19 20
	Section 181(2)(a), 'Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2001'—		21 22
	omit, insert–	-	23
		Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017	24 25

		[s 253]	
Part	19	Amendment of Public Health (Medicinal Cannabis) Regulation 2017	1 2 3
253	Reg	gulation amended	4
		This part amends the <i>Public Health (Medicinal Cannabis)</i> <i>Regulation 2017.</i>	5 6
254		endment of s 58 (Prescribed persons—Act, s 61(7), inition <i>prescribed person</i>)	7 8
	(1)	Section 58(2), definition non-State school—	9
		omit.	10
	(2)	Section 58(2)—	11
		insert—	12
		<i>non-State school</i> means an accredited school under the <i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017.</i>	13 14 15
Part	20	Amendment of Residential Services (Accreditation) Act 2002	16 17 18
255	Act	amended	19
		This part amends the <i>Residential Services (Accreditation) Act</i> 2002.	20 21
256	Am	endment of sch 2 (Dictionary)	22
		Schedule 2, definition <i>school</i> , paragraph (b)—	23
		omit, insert—	24

[s 257]

		(b)	an accredited school under the <i>Education</i> (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017.	1 2 3
Part	21	Ter	endment of Residential nancies and Rooming commodation Act 2008	4 5 6
257	Act amended			7
	This part a Accommod		ds the <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Act</i> 2008.	8 9
258	Amendment o	f sch	2 (Dictionary)	10
	Schedule 2	, defir	ition school, paragraph (b)	11
	omit, insert	<u>. </u>		12
		(b)	an accredited school under the <i>Education</i> (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017.	13 14 15
Part	22	Am	endment of Tobacco and	16
		Otł	ner Smoking Products Act	17
		199	98	18
259	Act amended			19
	This part a <i>Act 199</i> 8.	mend	s the Tobacco and Other Smoking Products	20 21

		[s 260]	
260		endment of s 26VQ (Person must not smoke at or near nool facility)	1 2
	(1)	Section 26VQ(4), definition non-State school, from 'or'-	3
		omit, insert—	4
		under the <i>Education</i> (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017.	5 6
	(2)	Section 26VQ(4), definition <i>school facility</i> , paragraph (b), <i>'Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2001'—</i>	7 8
		omit, insert—	9
		Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017	10 11
Part	23	Amendment of Transport	12
		Operations (Passenger	13
		Transport) Regulation 2005	14
261	Re	gulation amended	15
		This part amends the <i>Transport Operations (Passenger Transport) Regulation 2005.</i>	16 17

262	Amendment of sch 11 (Dictionary)	18
	Schedule 11, definition school students, paragra	ph (b)— 19
	omit, insert—	20
	(b) an accredited school under (<i>Accreditation of Non-State</i> 2017.	

[s 263]

Part 24		Amendment of Weapons Act 1990	1 2
263	Act	amended	3
		This part amends the Weapons Act 1990.	4
264		endment of s 51 (Possession of a knife in a public ce or a school)	5 6
		Section 51(7), definition <i>school</i> , paragraph (b), ' <i>Education</i> (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2001'—	7 8
		omit, insert—	9
		Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017	10 11
Part	25	Amendment of Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003	12 13
265	Act	amended	14 15
	, (0)	This part amends the Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003.	16 17
266	Am	endment of s 22 (Students)	18
	(1)	Section 22(4), definition non-State school—	19
		omit.	20
	(2)	Section 22(4)—	21
		insert—	22
		<i>non-State school</i> means an accredited school under the <i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State</i>	23 24

		[s 267]	
		Schools) Act 2017.	1
Part	26	Amendment of Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000	2 3 4
267	Act amended		5
	-	amends the Working with Children (Risk nt and Screening) Act 2000.	6 7
268		of s 342 (Chief executive may give bout director of school's governing body to board)	8 9 10
	Section 342	2—	11
	omit, insert	t—	12
	342 Ch pai	ief executive must give information about rticular persons to accreditation board	13 14
	(1)	The chief executive must, if asked in writing by the chairperson of the accreditation board, give the accreditation board the following information about a prescribed person—	15 16 17 18
		 (a) whether the prescribed person is the holder of a positive notice, negative notice, positive exemption notice or negative exemption notice; 	20
		(b) whether the prescribed person is an applicant under part 4, division 8 or part 5, division 7.	23 24 25
	(2)	For subsection (1), the chairperson's request must include the following information—	26 27

[s 268]

	(a)	the prescribed person's name and any other name that the college believes the person may use or may have used;	1 2 3
	(b)	the prescribed person's gender and date and place of birth;	4 5
	(c)	the prescribed person's address;	6
	(d)	any number or date given by the prescribed person about a positive notice the person holds or claims to hold;	7 8 9
	(e)	if the prescribed person is a director of a school's governing body—the name of the school's governing body of which the person is a director.	10 11 12 13
(3)		chief executive must give the accreditation rd notice of the following—	14 15
	(a)	the issue of a negative notice or negative exemption notice to a prescribed person;	16 17
	(b)	the suspension of the positive notice of a prescribed person under section 240 or 242;	18 19
	(c)	the cancellation of a suspended positive notice of a prescribed person, and the issue of a further prescribed notice or an exemption notice in relation to the cancellation, under section 241 or 243;	20 21 22 23 24
	(d)	the cancellation of the positive notice of a prescribed person under section 244;	25 26
	(e)	the positive exemption notice of a prescribed person ceasing to have effect under section 289;	27 28 29
	(f)	the suspension of the positive exemption notice of a prescribed person under section 298;	30 31 32

[s 268]

	(g)	the cancellation of a suspended positive exemption notice of a prescribed person, and the issue of a further exemption notice in relation to the cancellation, under section 299;	1 2 3 4 5
	(h)	the cancellation of the positive exemption notice of a prescribed person under section 302;	6 7 8
	(i)	the withdrawal of an application under part 4, division 8 or part 5, division 7 of a prescribed person.	9 10 11
(4)	abor exec chie noti	o, if a prescribed notice application is made ut a prescribed person whom the chief cutive is satisfied is a disqualified person, the of executive must give the accreditation board ce about the chief executive's decision and the application is invalid.	12 13 14 15 16 17
(5)	In tl	nis section—	18
		<i>irperson</i> see the <i>Education (Accreditation of a-State Schools) Act 2017</i> , schedule 1.	19 20
	issu	<i>e</i> —	21
	(a)	in relation to a negative notice—includes substitute a negative notice after cancelling a positive notice; and	22 23 24
	(b)	in relation to a negative exemption notice—includes substitute a negative exemption notice after cancelling a positive exemption notice or positive notice.	25 26 27 28
	pres	scribed person means—	29
	(a)	a director of a school's governing body; or	30
	(b)	an authorised person under the <i>Education</i> (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017.	31 32 33

[s 269]

		n 1 (Regulated employment and ployment screening)	1 2
	Schedule 1, part	2, section 25—	3
	omit, insert—		4
		ate schools—directors of governing and authorised persons	5 6
	-	person is taken to be a person carrying on a alated business by being—	7 8
	(a)	a director of the governing body of an accredited school under the <i>Education</i> (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017; or	9 10 11 12
	(b)	an authorised person under the <i>Education</i> (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act 2017.	13 14 15
Am	endment of scl	ו 7 (Dictionary)	16
(1)	Schedule 7, defi	nition accreditation board—	17
	omit.		18
(2)		inition <i>director</i> , ' <i>Education (Accreditation of ols) Act 2001</i> , schedule 3'—	19 20
	omit, insert—		21
		<i>acation (Accreditation of Non-State Schools)</i> 2001, schedule 1	22
(3)	Act		22 23
(3)	Act	2001, schedule 1	22 23 24
(3)	Act Schedule 7, defi	2001, schedule 1	22 23 24 25 26 27 28
(3)	Act Schedule 7, defi omit, insert—	2001, schedule 1 nition <i>school</i> , paragraph (b)— an accredited school under the <i>Education</i> (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Act	22 23 24 25 26 27

[s 270]

- accreditation board means the Non-State Schools1Accreditation Board continued in existence under2the Education (Accreditation of Non-State3
- *Schools*) *Act 2001*, section 97(1).

Schedule 1 **Dictionary** section 4 accepted representation— (a) for chapter 2, part 6, division 2—see section 67(3); or (b) for chapter 3, part 3, division 3—see section 90(3). *accreditation*, of a school, means the accreditation of the school under section 21. accreditation criteria see section 11. accredited school means a school accredited by the board under section 21. accredited special assistance site, for chapter 2, part 4, see section 48. amalgamated school, for chapter 2, part 5, division 2, see section 55. amalgamating school, for chapter 2, part 5, division 2, see section 55. approved form means a form approved by the board under section 178. attribute of accreditation, of a school, means an attribute mentioned in section 19(4) for each type of education provided by the school. authorised person means a person who is appointed as an authorised person under section 130(1). board means the Non-State Schools Accreditation Board continued in existence under section 97(1).

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chairperson means the chairperson of the board under section 26 106(1). 27

change, in a school's governing body, means a change that results in the school having a different governing body. 29

Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Bill 2017

Schedule 1

<i>change day</i> , for chapter 2, part 3, division 2, subdivision 1 see section $40(5)(b)$.	l, 1 2
<i>change notice</i> , for chapter 2, part 3, division 2, subdivision 1 see section 40(5).	1, 3 4
<i>classroom education</i> means education in which the teacher providing the education and the students receiving the education are in each other's presence.	e
company see the Corporations Act, section 9.	8
<i>company limited by guarantee</i> see the Corporations Ac section 9.	t, 9 10
compliance notice—	11
(a) for chapter 2, part 6, divisions 1 and 2—see sectio 62(3); or	n 12 13
(b) for chapter 3, part 3, divisions 2 and 3—see sectio 87(2).	n 14 15
<i>criminal history</i> , of a person, means the person's criminal history within the meaning of the <i>Criminal Law</i> (<i>Rehabilitation of Offenders</i>) Act 1986, other than sper convictions.	w 17
<i>declared director</i> , of a school's governing body that is a REC Act corporation, means—	CI 20 21
(a) a person named in the letters patent for the governin body; or	g 22 23
(b) a successor of a person mentioned in paragraph (a).	24
<i>deputy chairperson</i> means the deputy chairperson of the board appointed under section 107(1).	ie 25 26
director, of a school's governing body, see section 9.	27
<i>distance education</i> see the <i>Education (General Provisions Act 2006</i> , schedule 4.	s) 28 29
<i>dividing school</i> , for chapter 2, part 5, division 3, see sectio 58.	n 30 31

<i>electronic document</i> means a document of a type under the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , schedule 1, definition <i>document</i> , paragraph (c).	1 2 3
eligible for government funding see section 77.	4
<i>establishment phase school</i> , for a year of schooling, means an accredited school that—	5 6
(a) may, under its accreditation, provide education for a year of schooling at a site; and	7 8
(b) is yet to start to provide education for the year of schooling at the site.	9 10
<i>ineligible company</i> means a company that is not a company limited by guarantee.	11 12
general power see section 151(1).	13
<i>government funding</i> , for a school, means funding given by the State for any aspect of the operation of the school.	14 15
<i>grammar school</i> means a grammar school under the <i>Grammar Schools Act 2016</i> .	16 17
<i>help requirement</i> see section 152(1).	18
<i>information notice</i> , about a decision made by the board, means a notice complying with the <i>Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal Act 2009</i> , section 157(2).	19 20 21
<i>ISQ</i> means the Independent Schools Queensland Ltd ACN 614 893 140.	22 23
<i>letters patent</i> , for a school's governing body that is a RECI Act corporation, means the letters patent issued under the repealed <i>Religious Educational and Charitable Institutions Act 1861</i> establishing the governing body as a body corporate under that Act.	24 25 26 27 28
Note—	29
Letters patent under the repealed <i>Religious Educational and Charitable</i> <i>Institutions Act 1861</i> are continued in force under the <i>Associations</i> <i>Incorporation Act 1981</i> , section 144.	30 31 32
<i>meets the government funding eligibility criteria</i> , in relation to the governing body of a school, see section 10.	33 34

Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) Bill 2017

Schedule 1

<i>member</i> means a member of the board appointed under section $102(2)$.	1 2
<i>Minister's consultation nominee</i> see section 102(1)(b).	3
<i>negative exemption notice</i> means a negative exemption notice under the Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000.	4 5 6
<i>negative notice</i> means a negative notice under the <i>Working</i> with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000.	7 8
non-State school see section 6.	9
notice means a written notice.	10
occupier, of a place, includes the following—	11
(a) if there is more than 1 person who apparently occupies the place—any 1 of the persons;	12 13
(b) any person at the place who is apparently acting with the authority of a person who apparently occupies the place;	14 15
(c) if no-one apparently occupies the place—any person who is an owner of the place.	16 17
of, a place, includes at or on the place.	18
operated for profit, in relation to a school, see section 7.	19
<i>positive exemption notice</i> means a positive exemption notice under the <i>Working with Children (Risk Management and</i> <i>Screening) Act 2000.</i>	20 21 22
<i>positive notice</i> means a positive notice under the <i>Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000.</i>	23 24
<i>premises</i> , of a special assistance school, includes a temporary site at which the school provides special assistance under chapter 2, part 4.	25 26 27
<i>preparatory year</i> see the <i>Education (General Provisions) Act</i> 2006, schedule 4.	28 29
<i>previous board</i> means the Non-State Schools Accreditation Board established under repealed section 105 and in existence immediately before the commencement.	30 31 32

<i>primary education</i> see the <i>Education (General Provisions)</i> <i>Act 2006</i> , schedule 4.	1 2
prohibited arrangement see section 8.	3
proposed decision see section 90(2)(a).	4
public place, for chapter 2, part 4, see section 48.	5
QCEC means the Queensland Catholic Education Commission.	6 7
RECI Act corporation means a corporation that is incorporated under the repealed <i>Religious Educational and Charitable Institutions Act 1861</i> .	8 9 10
<i>register</i> means the register about accredited schools kept by the board under section 126.	11 12
<i>relevant attribute of accreditation</i> , for chapter 2, part 6, division 2, see section 64.	13 14
<i>relevant student-intake day</i> , for a school, for chapter 2, part 3, division 1, see section 34.	15 16
school see section 5.	17
school survey data, for a school, see section 168(1).	18
<i>secondary education</i> see the <i>Education (General Provisions)</i> <i>Act 2006</i> , schedule 4.	19 20
<i>separated school</i> , for chapter 2, part 5, division 3, see section 58.	21 22
show cause notice—	23
(a) for chapter 2, part 6, divisions 1 and 2—see section 67(2); or	24 25
(b) for chapter 3, part 4, divisions 2 and 3—see section $90(2)$.	26 27
site, for chapter 2, part 4, see section 48.	28
special assistance see section 14(3).	29
<i>special assistance school</i> means a school that is accredited to provide special assistance.	30 31

<i>special education</i> see the <i>Education (General Provisions) Act</i> 2006, schedule 4.	1 2
spent conviction means a conviction—	3
(a) for which the rehabilitation period under the <i>Criminal</i> <i>Law (Rehabilitation of Offenders) Act 1986</i> has expired under that Act; and	4 5 6
(b) that is not revived as prescribed by section 11 of that Act.	7 8
<i>State school</i> see the <i>Education (General Provisions) Act</i> 2006, schedule 4.	9 10
student-intake day—	11
(a) for a type of education—means the first day of education of students at the school for the type of education under the school's accreditation; or	12 13 14
(b) for a year of schooling—means the first day of education of students at the school for the year of schooling under the school's accreditation.	15 16 17
temporary site, for chapter 2, part 4, see section 48.	18
temporary site criteria see section 49(1).	19
vehicle, for chapter 2, part 4, see section 48.	20

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