

Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave) Regulation 2015

Explanatory notes for SL 2015 No. 90

made under the

Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 2005

General Outline

Short title

Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave) Regulation 2015

Authorising law

Section 150 of the *Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 2005* (the 'Act')

Policy objectives and the reasons for them

The main purpose of the Regulation is to remake the *Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave) Regulation 2005* (the 'existing Regulation') before its expiry under part 7 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992*, on 1 September 2015.

In conjunction with the remake of the existing Regulation, the following changes to that Regulation are made—

1. Section 3 of the existing Regulation states other information required to be included in a return for a worker. The amendment extends this information to the worker's email address and mobile phone number, if any. This will facilitate electronic communications between the Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave) Authority (the 'Authority') and registered workers.
2. Section 4 of the existing Regulation is amended by updating the title of the prescribed classification level under an industrial instrument for sections 73 and 75 of the Act.
3. Section 6 of the existing Regulation is amended to state that, for section 87(1) of the Act, interest accrues daily at the prescribed rate, within the meaning of the *Taxation Administration Act 2001*, for unpaid tax interest.

Achievement of policy objectives

The Regulation remakes the existing Regulation with the abovementioned changes, and thereby gives effect to the stated policy objectives.

Consistency with policy objectives of authorising law

The Regulation is consistent with the policy objectives of the Act, namely to provide for an equitable and efficient system of portability of long service leave in the contract cleaning industry.

Inconsistency with policy objectives of other legislation

The Regulation is not inconsistent with the policy objectives of other legislation.

Benefits and costs of implementation

The State Government will not incur any additional costs in the implementation of the Regulation.

Consistency with fundamental legislative principles

The Regulation raises no fundamental legislative principles' issues. The amendments have been drafted with regard to fundamental legislative principles and are considered to comply with these principles.

Consultation

The Authority has consulted with its board of directors in relation to the Regulation. The proposed Regulation is supported.

The Office of Best Practice Regulation was consulted and advised that a Regulatory Impact Statement is not required.