

Queensland

Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal Amendment Rule (No. 1) 2013

Explanatory Notes for SL 2013 No. 99

made under the

Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal Act 2009

General outline

Short title

Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal Amendment Rule (No. 1) 2013.

Authorising law

Section 7 of the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal Act 2009.

Policy objectives and the reasons for them

Under the *Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal Act 2009*, the rules of the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal (QCAT) are made by the Governor in Council, with the consent of the QCAT Rules Committee (which includes the president of QCAT).

The objective of the amendment Rule is to amend the *Queensland Civil* and Administrative Tribunal Rules 2009 to allow for the operation of trans-Tasman proceedings arrangements.

The Trans-Tasman Proceedings Act 2010 (Cth) (the Trans-Tasman Act) and the Trans-Tasman Proceedings (Transitional and Consequential

Provisions) Act 2010 (Cth) were both assented to on 13 April 2010 but their substantive provisions are yet to commence. The Trans-Tasman Act implements the Agreement between the Government of Australia and the Government of New Zealand on Trans-Tasman Court Proceedings and Regulatory Enforcement which was signed on 24 July 2008.

The scheme streamlines the process for resolving civil proceedings with a trans-Tasman element in order to reduce costs and improve efficiency and minimises existing impediments to enforcing certain New Zealand judgments and regulatory sanctions.

The *Trans-Tasman Proceedings Regulation 2012* (Cth) (the Trans-Tasman Regulation) supports the powers provided for in the Trans-Tasman Act.

The Trans-Tasman Act applies to Australian Federal, State and Territory courts, and also to some tribunals for limited matters.

QCAT is prescribed under the Trans-Tasman Regulation for the purposes of applications for remote appearances unrelated to remote evidence.

The amendment Rule amends the *Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal Rules 2009* to accommodate these matters.

Achievement of policy objectives

The policy objectives of the amendment Rule are achieved by making the necessary amendments to the *Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal Rules 2009* to allow for the operation of trans-Tasman proceedings arrangements under the Trans-Tasman Act and Trans-Tasman Regulation.

Consistency with policy objectives of authorising law

The amendment Rule is consistent with the policy objectives of the Act.

Inconsistency with policy objectives of other legislation

The amendment Rule is not inconsistent with policy objectives of other legislation.

Benefits and costs of implementation

Costs of implementation will be met within the existing agency resources.

Consistency with fundamental legislative principles

The amendment Rule does not conflict with the fundamental legislative principles.

Consultation

The QCAT Rules Committee has consented to the proposed amendments.

The Office of Best Practice Regulation has been consulted and advises that a Regulatory Impact Statement is not required.

ENDNOTES

- 1 Laid before the Legislative Assembly on . . .
- 2 The administering agency is the Department of Justice and Attorney-General.

© State of Queensland 2013