



Veterinary Surgeons Act 1936

Veterinary Surgeons Regulation 2002

Current as at 1 July 2014

Information about this reprint

This reprint shows the legislation current as at the date on the cover and is authorised by the Parliamentary Counsel.

A new reprint of the legislation will be prepared by the Office of the Queensland Parliamentary Counsel when any change to the legislation takes effect. This change may be because a provision of the original legislation, or an amendment to it, commences or because a particular provision of the legislation expires or is repealed.

When a new reprint is prepared, this reprint will become a historical reprint. Also, if it is necessary to replace this reprint before a new reprint is prepared, for example, to include amendments with a retrospective commencement, an appropriate note would be included on the cover of the replacement reprint and on the copy of this reprint at www.legislation.qld.gov.au.

The endnotes to this reprint contain detailed information about the legislation and reprint. For example—

- The table of reprints endnote lists any previous reprints and, for this reprint, gives details of any discretionary editorial powers under the *Reprints Act 1992* used by the Office of the Queensland Parliamentary Counsel in preparing it.
- The list of legislation endnote gives historical information about the original legislation and the legislation which amended it. It also gives details of uncommenced amendments to this legislation. For information about possible amendments to the legislation by Bills introduced in Parliament, see the Queensland Legislation Current Annotations at www.legislation.qld.gov.au/Leg_Info/information.htm.
- The list of annotations endnote gives historical information at section level.

All Queensland reprints are dated and authorised by the Parliamentary Counsel. The previous numbering system and distinctions between printed and electronic reprints are not continued.



Queensland

Veterinary Surgeons Regulation 2002

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Veterinary Surgeons Regulation 2002

[as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before 1 July 2014]

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Short title

This regulation may be cited as the *Veterinary Surgeons Regulation 2002*.

2 Commencement

This regulation commences on 1 September 2002.

Part 2 Acts that are not veterinary science

3 Acts not veterinary science—Act, s 2A

- (1) For section 2A(3) of the Act, the following acts done for animal husbandry or animal dentistry are not veterinary science—
 - (a) castrating—
 - (i) cattle or sheep of less than 6 months; or
 - (ii) goats of less than 2 months; or
 - (iii) pigs of less than 3 weeks;

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- (b) dehorning—
 - (i) cattle of less than 6 months; or
 - (ii) goats or sheep of less than 3 months;
 - (c) spaying cattle using the Willis dropped-ovary technique;
 - (d) tailing sheep of less than 6 months;
 - (e) mulesing sheep of less than 1 year;
 - (f) filing or rasping a horse's teeth;
 - (g) artificial insemination of cattle, deer, goats, pigs or sheep;
 - (h) teaching techniques about pregnancy testing of cattle by a veterinary surgeon to an owner of cattle.
- (2) In this section—

prescribed instrument, for the Willis dropped-ovary technique, means an instrument made of stainless steel that has—

- (a) a handle in the shape of the letter 'T'; and
- (b) at its other end, a flattened spearhead with a slit that—
 - (i) is in the forward end of the spearhead; and
 - (ii) has a sharp edge at the end of the slit closest to the forward end of the spearhead; and
 - (iii) joins an oval hole at the other end of the slit.

Willis dropped-ovary technique means a technique for spaying cattle that involves dropping ovaries into the abdomen by using a prescribed instrument to—

- (a) enter the abdomen by piercing the wall of the vagina with the instrument's spearhead; and
- (b) place each ovary, by rectal manipulation, in the oval hole in the instrument's spearhead; and
- (c) sever the ovaries with the sharp edge of the slit in the instrument's spearhead by retracting the instrument.

Part 3 Procedures for elections of board members

Division 1 Preliminary

4 Definitions for pt 3

In this part—

ballot envelope see section 12(b).

election day means the day appointed by the board by resolution, under section 8(2) of the Act, for the holding of a triennial election of the elected members of the board.

nomination day and time means the day and time stated in a notice published under section 6.

return envelope see section 12(c).

Division 2 Notice of election and nomination procedure

5 Notice of election

- (1) The registrar must give each veterinary surgeon written notice of the election day.
- (2) The notice must be given at least 3 months before the election day.

6 Notice calling for nominations

- (1) The registrar must cause a notice to be published inviting veterinary surgeons to nominate a candidate for election to the board.
- (2) The notice must—

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- (a) state the day and time by which a nomination of a candidate for election to the board must be received by the returning officer; and
- (b) be published—
 - (i) at least 28 days before the day by which nominations must be received by the returning officer; and
 - (ii) in 2 newspapers circulating generally throughout the State.

7 Requirements for nominations

- (1) A nomination of a candidate for election to the board must—
 - (a) nominate 1 candidate only; and
 - (b) state the full name of the candidate; and
 - (c) be signed by—
 - (i) the candidate; and
 - (ii) 3 or more other veterinary surgeons; and
 - (d) be received by the returning officer before the nomination day and time.
- (2) A nomination may be accompanied by the candidate's written statement.
- (3) A statement mentioned in subsection (2) must not be more than 200 words.

Division 3 Procedure if only 1 or 2 candidates nominated

8 Candidates elected unopposed

If only 1 or 2 candidates are nominated by the nomination day and time—

-
- (a) the returning officer is not required to conduct a ballot for the election; and
 - (b) the candidates are elected to the board unopposed.

Editor's note—

See also section 9 (Power of Governor in Council on failure to elect) of the Act.

9 Returning officer to give notice to elected candidates

- (1) The returning officer must give written notice to the candidates elected to the board under section 8.
- (2) Also, the returning officer must, at the first reasonable opportunity, give each veterinary surgeon written notice of the persons elected to the board under section 8.

Division 4 Procedure if more than 2 candidates nominated

10 Returning officer to conduct ballot

If more than 2 candidates are nominated by the nomination day and time, the returning officer must conduct a ballot for the election under this division.

11 Voting material

- (1) The returning officer must send the following things (the *voting material*) to each veterinary surgeon—
 - (a) a ballot paper;
 - (b) an unsealed envelope for the ballot paper;
 - (c) an unsealed envelope addressed to the returning officer.
- (2) The ballot paper must—
 - (a) state the election day; and

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- (b) list, in alphabetical order, the name of each candidate; and
 - (c) provide instructions on how a veterinary surgeon may cast a vote; and
 - (d) be initialled by the returning officer; and
 - (e) be accompanied by any statements submitted by the candidates.
- (3) The voting material must be sent to each veterinary surgeon at least 28 days before the election day.

12 How votes are cast

A veterinary surgeon may vote only by—

- (a) marking a ballot paper with a cross opposite the name of 1 or 2 candidates; and
- (b) putting the ballot paper in the unsealed envelope for the ballot paper (the *ballot envelope*) and sealing the ballot envelope; and
- (c) putting the ballot envelope in the unsealed envelope addressed to the returning officer (the *return envelope*) and sealing the return envelope; and
- (d) signing and writing the veterinary surgeon's name on the return envelope; and
- (e) returning the return envelope to the returning officer before the election day.

13 Returning officer must keep ballot box

- (1) The returning officer must keep a ballot box for the election.
- (2) On receiving a valid return envelope, the returning officer must—
 - (a) take the ballot envelope out of the return envelope; and
 - (b) place the ballot envelope in the ballot box.

-
- (3) The ballot box must be sealed in a way that prevents ballot envelopes from being taken from it until the votes are counted.
 - (4) In this section—
valid return envelope means a sealed return envelope that—
 - (a) contains a ballot envelope; and
 - (b) has the name and signature of a veterinary surgeon on it.

14 Candidate may appoint scrutineer

- (1) A candidate may appoint 1 scrutineer for the election.
- (2) The candidate must give written notice of the appointment to the returning officer at least 5 days before the election day.

15 Returning officer must count votes

- (1) On the election day, the returning officer must, in the presence of any scrutineer appointed under section 14—
 - (a) open each ballot envelope in the ballot box kept for the election; and
 - (b) accept each formal ballot paper and reject each informal ballot paper; and
 - (c) count and record the number of votes for each candidate on the accepted ballot papers.
- (2) However, the returning officer may accept an informal ballot paper if, in the opinion of the returning officer, the intention of the voter is clear.
- (3) In this section—
formal ballot paper means a ballot paper marked as required under section 12(a).
informal ballot paper means a ballot paper not marked as required under section 12(a).

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16 Candidates with highest votes elected

- (1) The 2 candidates with the highest number of votes are elected to the board.
- (2) If 2 or more candidates receive the same number of votes so that either of the 2 candidates entitled to be elected under subsection (1) can not be decided, the returning officer must conduct a draw to decide which of the candidates with the same number of votes are elected.
- (3) The returning officer must conduct the draw by completing the following steps in the presence of an officer of the board and any scrutineer appointed under section 14—
 - (a) writing the names of the candidates with the same number of votes on separate pieces of paper that are the same kind, shape, size and colour;
 - (b) folding the pieces of paper in the same way to be the same size and thickness;
 - (c) putting the pieces of paper in a container and shuffling them;
 - (d) drawing out the number of pieces of paper required to decide which candidate or candidates are elected.

17 Returning officer to give notice to candidates

- (1) The returning officer must give each candidate written notice of the candidates elected under section 16.
- (2) Also, the returning officer must, at the first reasonable opportunity, give each veterinary surgeon written notice of the candidates elected under section 16.

18 Ballot papers to be kept

- (1) The returning officer must keep the ballot papers placed in the ballot box under section 13(2) for 3 months from the election day.

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- (3) For section 18(2)(a) of the Act, the prescribed period is 3 months.
- (4) For section 18(2)(b) of the Act, the prescribed examinations are—
 - (a) each of the following examinations conducted by the Australasian Veterinary Boards Council Incorporated—
 - (i) an occupational English test with particular reference to veterinary science;
 - (ii) a written multiple choice examination in veterinary science about—
 - (A) companion animals; and
 - (B) agricultural animals; and
 - (C) public health and pathology;
 - (iii) a clinical examination in veterinary science; and
 - (b) the examinations conducted by the Veterinary Council of New Zealand that are recognised by the Australasian Veterinary Boards Council Incorporated as similar or equivalent to the examinations mentioned in paragraph (a).

22 Specialist veterinary qualifications—Act, s 19C

The qualifications mentioned in schedule 2 are recognised for section 19C(1)(c) of the Act.

23 Veterinary specialties—Act, s 19D

For section 19D of the Act, the following branches of veterinary science are veterinary specialties—

- (a) a veterinary specialty stated in schedule 2A;
- (b) a veterinary specialty, other than a veterinary specialty mentioned in paragraph (a), recognised by the Australasian Veterinary Boards Council Incorporated as providing the person qualified in the specialty with

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- (b) the following information for each consultation about the animal—
 - (i) details of any condition or injury of the animal;
 - (ii) any provisional or definitive diagnosis;
 - (iii) full details, including the date, of any examination, procedure or test performed;
 - (iv) full details of any treatment given, including details of any drugs administered or dispensed;
 - (v) results of any treatment given;
 - (vi) details of any instructions given when the animal is discharged.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

- (2) The veterinary surgeon must keep the record for 3 years from the day the last information about the animal is included in the record.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

26 Record of continuing education

- (1) A veterinary surgeon must keep a record of continuing education undertaken by the veterinary surgeon.
- (2) The record must be kept—
 - (a) in the approved form; and
 - (b) for 3 years from the day the continuing education is undertaken.

27 Common seal of the board

- (1) The common seal of the board must include—
 - (a) the board's name; and
 - (b) the State's coat of arms.
- (2) The common seal may be attached to documents only under the authority of—

- (a) the chairperson in writing; or
- (b) a resolution of the board.

28 Prescribed drugs and poisons—Act, s 25

Each controlled or restricted drug, or poison, under the *Health (Drugs and Poisons) Regulation 1996* is prescribed for section 25, definition *disqualifying offence*, paragraph (e), of the Act.

29 Fees

- (1) The fees payable under the Act are stated in schedule 3.
- (2) However, a public service officer is exempt from payment of a fee stated in schedule 3, item 1, 7 or 8.

Schedule 1 Veterinary qualifications

sections 21(1)(a) and (b) and (2)

Part 1 Accrediting bodies for degrees or diplomas recognised for the Act, section 18(1)(a)

- 1 American Veterinary Medical Association, if a pass in the North American Veterinary Licensing Examination, conducted by the National Board Examination Committee, or the National Board and Clinical Competency Test Examination, is also obtained
- 2 Educational Commission for Foreign Veterinary Graduates, if a pass in the Educational Commission for Foreign Veterinary Graduates Examination conducted in Canada or the United States of America is also obtained
- 3 European Association of Establishments for Veterinary Education
- 4 Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons, United Kingdom
- 5 Veterinary Schools Accreditation Advisory Committee

Part 2 Memberships recognised for the Act, section 18(1)(a)

- 1 Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons, United Kingdom

Part 3

Degrees or diplomas recognised for the Act, section 18(1)(b)

- 1 a degree or diploma awarded after at least 4 years study at a veterinary school listed in the World Directory of Veterinary Schools or a veterinary school that is part of a college or university listed in the World List of Universities or the AVMA-Listed Veterinary Colleges, other than a degree or diploma accredited by a body mentioned in part 1

Editor's notes—

The World Directory of Veterinary Schools is published by the World Health Organisation.

The World List of Universities is published by the International Universities Bureau.

The AVMA-Listed Veterinary Colleges is published by the American Veterinary Medical Association.

Schedule 2 Specialist veterinary qualifications

section 22

Part 1 Qualifications

- 1 A diploma obtained from any of the following—
 - (a) the American College of Veterinary Internal Medicine;
 - (b) the American College of Veterinary Surgeons;
 - (c) the American College of Theriogenology;
 - (d) the American College of Veterinary Radiology;
 - (e) the American College of Veterinary Anaesthesiologists;
 - (f) the American College of Veterinary Ophthalmology;
 - (g) the American College of Veterinary Pathologists;
 - (h) the Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons.
- 2 Fellowship of the Australian College of Veterinary Scientists if the fellowship is obtained by examination by the college.
- 3 A postgraduate degree or diploma recognised by the advisory committee as equivalent to a qualification mentioned in item 1 or 2.

Part 2 Definition

In this schedule—

advisory committee means the standing committee of the Australasian Veterinary Boards Council Incorporated known as the Advisory Committee on Registration of Veterinary Specialists.

Schedule 2A Veterinary specialties

section 23(a)

Animal behaviour
Veterinary anaesthesia
Veterinary cardiology
Veterinary dentistry
Veterinary dermatology
Veterinary emergency and critical care
Veterinary medicine
Veterinary microbiology
Veterinary neurology
Veterinary nutrition
Veterinary oncology
Veterinary ophthalmology
Veterinary parasitology
Veterinary pathology
Veterinary pharmacology
Veterinary preventive medicine
Veterinary public health
Veterinary radiology
Veterinary reproduction
Veterinary surgery
Veterinary toxicology
Zoological medicine

Schedule 3 Fees

section 29(1)

	\$
1 Registration as—	
(a) a veterinary surgeon	72.45
(b) a veterinary specialist	145.10
(c) a veterinary surgeon for a limited period, under section 19B of the Act	28.80
2 Restoration of name, under section 17(5) of the Act, to—	
(a) the register of veterinary surgeons	130.50
(b) the register of veterinary specialists	130.50
3 Duplicate certificate of registration	43.30
4 Approval under section 18A of the Act, for each 12-month period	159.55
5 Fee for an application under section 19E(2)(b) of the Act for special registration as—	
(a) a veterinary surgeon	72.45
(b) a veterinary specialist	145.10
6 Fee under section 19E(3)(a) of the Act for special registration as—	
(a) a veterinary surgeon	159.55
(b) a veterinary specialist	159.55
7 Annual fee—	
(a) for a veterinary surgeon who—	
(i) is 55 years or older; and	
(ii) is not engaged in the practice of veterinary science; and	
(iii) is resident in the Commonwealth	52.05
(b) for another veterinary surgeon	159.55
8 Additional annual fee for a veterinary specialist	159.55
9 Application under section 25A of the Act for approval to use premises as veterinary premises—	

	\$
(a) for the application	145.10
(b) for an inspection mentioned in section 25B(b) of the Act, if the board gives a written notice under that section	290.40

Endnotes

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2 Key

Key to abbreviations in list of legislation and annotations

Key	Explanation	Key	Explanation
AIA	= Acts Interpretation Act 1954	(prev)	= previously
amd	= amended	proc	= proclamation
amdt	= amendment	prov	= provision
ch	= chapter	pt	= part
def	= definition	pubd	= published
div	= division	R[X]	= Reprint No. [X]
exp	= expires/expired	RA	= Reprints Act 1992
gaz	= gazette	reloc	= relocated
hdg	= heading	renum	= renumbered
ins	= inserted	rep	= repealed
lap	= lapsed	(retro)	= retrospectively
notfd	= notified	rv	= revised version
num	= numbered	s	= section
o in c	= order in council	sch	= schedule
om	= omitted	sdiv	= subdivision
orig	= original	SIA	= Statutory Instruments Act 1992
p	= page	SIR	= Statutory Instruments Regulation 2012
para	= paragraph	SL	= subordinate legislation
prec	= preceding	sub	= substituted
pres	= present	unnum	= unnumbered
prev	= previous		

3 Table of reprints

A new reprint of the legislation is prepared by the Office of the Queensland Parliamentary Counsel each time a change to the legislation takes effect.

The notes column for this reprint gives details of any discretionary editorial powers under the *Reprints Act 1992* used by the Office of the Queensland Parliamentary Counsel in preparing it. Section 5(c) and (d) of the Act are not mentioned as they contain mandatory

requirements that all amendments be included and all necessary consequential amendments be incorporated, whether of punctuation, numbering or another kind. Further details of the use of any discretionary editorial power noted in the table can be obtained by contacting the Office of the Queensland Parliamentary Counsel by telephone on 3003 9601 or email legislation.queries@oqpc.qld.gov.au.

From 29 January 2013, all Queensland reprints are dated and authorised by the Parliamentary Counsel. The previous numbering system and distinctions between printed and electronic reprints is not continued with the relevant details for historical reprints included in this table.

Reprint No.	Amendments included	Effective	Notes
1	none	1 September 2002	
1A	2003 SL No. 239	4 November 2003	
1B	2004 SL No. 231	29 November 2004	
1C	2005 SL No. 268	11 December 2005	
1D	2006 SL No. 267	4 December 2006	R1D withdrawn, see R2
2	—	4 December 2006	
2A	2007 SL No. 232	29 October 2007	
2B	2008 SL No. 314	19 September 2008	
2C	2008 SL No. 330	3 October 2008	
2D	2009 SL No. 176	28 August 2009	
2E	2010 SL No. 91	21 May 2010	
2F	2010 SL No. 286	1 October 2010	R2F withdrawn, see R3
3	—	1 October 2010	
3A	2010 SL No. 355	10 December 2010	
3B	2011 SL No. 110	1 July 2011	
3C rv	2012 SL No. 92	1 July 2012	

Current as at	Amendments included	Notes
1 July 2013	2013 SL No. 102	
1 July 2014	2014 SL No. 113	RA s 35

4 List of legislation

Regulatory impact statements

For subordinate legislation that has a regulatory impact statement, specific reference to the statement is included in this list.

Explanatory notes

All subordinate legislation made on or after 1 January 2011 has an explanatory note. For subordinate legislation made before 1 January 2011 that has an explanatory note, specific reference to the note is included in this list.

Veterinary Surgeons Regulation 2002 SL No. 234

made by the Governor in Council on 29 August 2002

notfd gaz 30 August 2002 pp 1557–61

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

Endnotes

remaining provisions commenced 1 September 2002 (see s 2)

exp 31 August 2014 (see SIA s 56A(2) and SIR s 3 sch 2 pt 2)

Notes—(1) The expiry date may have changed since this reprint was published. See the latest reprint of the SIR for any change.

(2) A regulatory impact statement and explanatory note were prepared.

amending legislation—

Primary Industries Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2003 SL No. 239 pts 1, 6

notfd gaz 3 October 2003 pp 382–5

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 4 November 2003 (see s 2)

Primary Industries Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2004 SL No. 231 pts 1, 9

notfd gaz 29 October 2004 pp 734–7

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 29 November 2004 (see s 2)

Primary Industries Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2005 SL No. 268 pts 1, 9

notfd gaz 11 November 2005 pp 955–7

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 11 December 2005 (see s 2)

Primary Industries Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2006 SL No. 267 pts 1, 10

notfd gaz 3 November 2006 pp 1103–4

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 4 December 2006 (see s 2)

Primary Industries Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 2) 2007 SL No. 232 ss 1–2(1), pt 12

notfd gaz 21 September 2007 pp 447–9

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 29 October 2007 (see s 2(1))

Primary Industries and Fisheries Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2008 SL No. 314 s 1, pt 13

notfd gaz 19 September 2008 pp 407–9

commenced on date of notification

Veterinary Surgeons Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2008 SL No. 330

notfd gaz 3 October 2008 pp 690–3

commenced on date of notification

Primary Industries and Fisheries Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 2) 2009 SL No. 176 pts 1, 12

notfd gaz 28 August 2009 pp 1491–6

commenced on date of notification

Veterinary Surgeons Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2010 SL No. 91

notfd gaz 21 May 2010 pp 185–6
 commenced on date of notification

Primary Industries and Fisheries Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2010 SL No. 268 pts 1, 7

notfd gaz 1 October 2010 pp 294–7
 commenced on date of notification

Animal Care and Protection and Other Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2010 SL No. 355 pts 1, 3

notfd gaz 10 December 2010 pp 1082–6
 commenced on date of notification

Employment, Economic Development and Innovation Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2011 SL No. 110 pts 1, 12

notfd gaz 24 June 2011 pp 534–8
 ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification
 remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2011 (see s 2)

Agriculture and Fisheries Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2012 SL No. 92 pts 1, 13

notfd gaz 29 June 2012 pp 704–10
 ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification
 remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2012 (see s 2)

Agriculture and Fisheries Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2013 SL No. 102 pts 1, 13

notfd gaz 21 June 2013 pp 503–7
 ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification
 remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2013 (see s 2)

Agriculture and Fisheries Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2014 SL No. 113 pts 1, 14

notfd <www.legislation.qld.gov.au> 20 June 2014
 ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification
 remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2014 (see s 2(1))

5 List of annotations

Acts not veterinary science—Act, s 2A
 s 3 amd 2010 SL No. 355 s 10

Definitions for pt 3
 s 4 amd 2009 SL No. 176 s 40

Form of registers—Act, s 16
 s 19 om 2008 SL No. 330 s 3

Veterinary qualifications and prescribed examinations—Act, s 18

prov hdg sub 2008 SL No. 330 s 4(1)
s 21 amd 2008 SL No. 330 s 4(2)

Veterinary specialties—Act, s 19D

s 23 sub 2008 SL No. 330 s 5

Fees

s 29 amd 2010 SL No. 91 s 3

SCHEDULE 1—VETERINARY QUALIFICATIONS

amd 2008 SL No. 330 s 6

SCHEDULE 2—SPECIALIST VETERINARY QUALIFICATIONS

amd 2012 SL No. 92 s 34

SCHEDULE 2A—VETERINARY SPECIALTIES

ins 2008 SL No. 330 s 7

SCHEDULE 3—FEES

sub 2003 SL No. 239 s 12; 2004 SL No. 231 s 18; 2005 SL No. 268 s 18; 2006
SL No. 267 s 21; 2007 SL No. 232 s 24; 2008 SL No. 314 s 37; 2009 SL
No. 176 s 41
amd 2010 SL No. 91 s 4
sub 2010 SL No. 268 s 15; 2011 SL No. 110 s 28; 2012 SL No. 92 s 35; 2013
SL No. 102 s 27; 2014 SL No. 113 s 30

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