

Charitable and Non-Profit Gaming Act 1999

CHARITABLE AND NON-PROFIT GAMING REGULATION 1999

Reprinted as in force on 1 December 1999 (Regulation not amended up to this date)

Reprint No. 1

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Information about this reprint

This regulation is reprinted as at 1 December 1999.

See endnotes for information about when provisions commenced.



CHARITABLE AND NON-PROFIT GAMING REGULATION 1999

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CHARITABLE AND NON-PROFIT GAMING REGULATION 1999

[reprinted as in force on 1 December 1999]

Short title

s 1

1. This regulation may be cited as the *Charitable and Non-Profit Gaming Regulation 1999.*

Commencement

2. This regulation commences on 1 December 1999.

Installation and operation of lucky envelope vending machines—Act, s 25

3.(1) This section applies if a person who conducts lucky envelopes ("**person A**") arranges with the occupier of premises for the installation of a lucky envelope vending machine at the premises, for the sale of person A's lucky envelopes.

(2) Person A must not allow the occupier, or an employee or agent of the occupier (the "occupier"), to help or become involved with person A in the operation of the machine or the sale of lucky envelopes from the machine.

(3) However, subsection (2) does not prevent the occupier from—

- (a) paying to a winner, on behalf of person A, a prize won in a lucky envelope from the machine if person A has authorised the occupier in writing to pay prizes; or
- (b) telling person A about difficulties and faults in the operation of the machine or that the machine has been tampered with in any way; or
- (c) if the machine is electrically operated—ensuring that the supply of electricity to the machine is connected and turned on.

1999

(4) Person A must not give the occupier any money or other consideration for the installation or operation of the machine, other than—

- (a) an amount of not more than 5% of the gross proceeds of each game of lucky envelopes sold from the machine; or
- (b) an amount to reimburse the occupier for a prize paid by the occupier under subsection (3)(a).

Requirements for printing lucky envelopes—Act, s 26

4.(1) Each lucky envelope for a game of lucky envelopes must have printed or displayed on it—

- (a) the serial number of the game; and
- (b) the price of the lucky envelope.

(2) The serial number must be from the sequence of serial numbers that is allocated by the chief executive to the person who holds the lucky envelope printer licence.

(3) A serial number must not be used more than once.

(4) Lucky envelopes must be—

- (a) securely sealed on all sides; and
- (b) made of a material that does not allow the contents of the playing panel to be seen without opening or scratching the playing panel.

(5) At least 6% of the lucky envelopes in a game must be prize-winning envelopes.

(6) The prize-winning envelopes must be randomly distributed among the lucky envelopes.

(7) The total value of the prizes available in a game of lucky envelopes must be at least 40% of the amount that would be received if all the envelopes in the game were sold at the price on the envelopes.

(8) A cash prize in a game of lucky envelopes, in which a ticket is scratched to reveal numbers, letters or symbols that may entitle the player to a prize, must not be more than \$250.

(9) A cash prize in any other game of lucky envelopes must not be more than \$500.

Application for issue or renewal of general licence—Act, s 43

5.(1) For section 43(2) of the Act, the time prescribed for making application for issue of a general licence is—

- (a) if, for a particular application, the chief executive decides a period of time that is shorter than the period of time prescribed in paragraph (b)—the period of time decided by the chief executive; or
- (b) if the chief executive does not decide a period of time—
 - (i) for a bingo centre licence—at least 28 days before the applicant intends to allow bingo to be conducted under the licence; and
 - (ii) for a category 3 gaming licence—at least 28 days before the applicant intends to conduct a game under the licence; and
 - (iii) for a lucky envelope printer licence—at least 28 days before the applicant intends to print lucky envelopes under the licence; and
 - (iv) for a special category 3 gaming licence—at least 21 days before the applicant intends to conduct a game under the licence.

(2) For section 43(2) of the Act, the time prescribed for making application for renewal of 1 of the following types of licences is at least 28 days before the licence is due to expire—

- (a) a bingo centre licence;
- (b) a category 3 gaming licence;
- (c) a lucky envelope printer licence.

Audit for category 2 or 3 gaming operations—Act, s 87

6. For section 87(1)(a) of the Act, the amount prescribed is \$10 000.

Requests to review decisions about claims for prizes—Act, s 96

7.(1) This section prescribes, for section 96(6) of the Act, the way in which the chief executive must deal with a request, made by a claimant under section 96(4)(a) of the Act, to review a decision of a person who conducted a game (the "**person's decision**").

(2) The chief executive must either review, or refuse to review, the person's decision.

(3) The chief executive may refuse to review the person's decision only if the chief executive considers the request was not made in good faith or is frivolous.

(4) If the chief executive decides to refuse to review the person's decision, the chief executive must—

- (a) give written notice of the chief executive's decision to the person and claimant; and
- (b) give the claimant a written notice stating the reasons for the chief executive's decision.

(5) If the chief executive decides to review the person's decision, the chief executive must—

- (a) give the person a copy of the claimant's request; and
- (b) by written notice given to the person invite the person, and by written notice given to the claimant invite the claimant, to make a written submission to the chief executive about the person's decision within 1 month after receiving the notice (the "submission period").
- (6) The chief executive may—
 - (a) cause an investigation to be made about any matter the chief executive considers relevant to the review; and
 - (b) request a report of the investigation be given to the chief executive.

(7) As soon as practicable after the end of the submission period, the chief executive must—

(a) consider all written submissions made in the submission period

by the person and claimant; and

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- (b) consider any report given to the chief executive under subsection (6); and
- (c) make a decision about the review; and
- (d) give the person and claimant a written notice stating the decision and the reasons for the decision.

Requests to resolve claims for prizes—Act, s 96

8.(1) This section prescribes, for section 96(6) of the Act, the way in which the chief executive must deal with a request, made by a claimant under section 96(4)(b) of the Act, to resolve a claim for payment of a prize.

(2) The chief executive must ask the person who conducted the game to immediately try to resolve the claim.

(3) If, within 14 days of making the request under subsection (2), the chief executive is not advised of the resolution of the claim by the person or claimant, the chief executive must by written notice given to the person invite the person, and by written notice given to the claimant invite the claimant, to make a written submission to the chief executive about the claim within 1 month after receiving the notice (the "submission period").

(4) The chief executive may—

- (a) cause an investigation to be made about a matter the chief executive considers relevant to the claim; and
- (b) request a report of the investigation be given to the chief executive.

(5) As soon as practicable after the end of the submission period, the chief executive must—

- (a) consider all written submissions made in the submission period by the person and claimant; and
- (b) consider any report given to the chief executive under subsection (4); and
- (c) make a decision about the claim; and

(d) give the person and claimant a written notice stating the decision and the reasons for the decision.

(6) However, the chief executive is not required to take or complete action under subsection (5) if the chief executive is advised by the person or the claimant, and is satisfied, that the claim has been resolved.

Requirements for approval of lucky envelope vending machine

9. For section 100(2)(b)(i) of the Act, the features prescribed are—

- (a) a coin rejection and return facility if the machine fails to operate; and
- (b) a lockable money box accessible only to the person conducting the game; and
- (c) an adequate system of accounting and audit controls to enable all sales of lucky envelopes through the machine to be reconciled and accounted for; and
- (d) adequate locking devices to prevent vandalism, and the theft of lucky envelopes and money in the machine.

Confidentiality of information—Act, s 183

10. The persons prescribed for section 183(3)(a) of the Act are the chief executives, however described, of the entities mentioned in schedule 1.

Fees

s 9

11. The fees payable under the Act are in schedule 2.

SCHEDULE 1

ENTITIES

section 10

Alberta (Canada) Gaming Commission Australian Bureau of Criminal Intelligence Australian Capital Territory Gambling and Racing Commission Australian Capital Territory Police Australian Federal Police Australian Security and Investment Commission Australian Security Intelligence Organisation Australian Taxation Office British Colombia (Canada) Public Gaming Branch Colorado State Police Colorado (USA) Division of Gaming **Criminal Justice Commission** Gaming Board of Great Britain Gaming Board of the Commonwealth of the Bahamas Interpol Lotteries Commission of South Australia Lotteries Commission of Western Australia National Crime Authority Nevada (USA) Gaming Commission Nevada (USA) Gaming Control Board New Jersey (USA) Casino Control Commission

SCHEDULE 1 (continued)

New Jersey (USA) Division of Gaming Enforcement

New South Wales Casino Control Authority

New South Wales Department of Gaming and Racing

New South Wales Liquor Administration Board

New South Wales State Police

New Zealand Casino Control Authority

New Zealand Department of Internal Affairs

New Zealand Police

Northern Territory Department of Industries and Business

Northern Territory Police

Office of Fair Trading, Queensland

Queensland Liquor Licensing Division

Queensland Police Service

Racing Tasmania

South Australian Casino Supervisory Authority

South Australian Department of Treasury and Finance

South Australian Office of the Liquor and Gaming Commissioner

South Australian State Police

Tasmanian Gaming Commission

Tasmanian State Police

Victorian Casino and Gaming Authority

Victorian State Police

Western Australian Gaming Commission

Western Australian Office of Racing, Gaming and Liquor

Western Australian State Police

SCHEDULE 2

FEES

section 11

		\$
1.	Application for bingo centre licence (Act, s 43)	180.00
2.	Renewal of bingo centre licence (Act, s 43)	180.00
3.	Application for lucky envelope printer licence (Act, s 43)	2 500.00
4.	Renewal of lucky envelope printer licence (Act, s 43)	2 500.00
5.	Application for category 3 gaming licence (Act, s 43)	
	under which the applicant intends to conduct only 1 game	
	if the highest estimated gross proceeds for the game are—	
	• more than \$20 000 but not more than \$100 000	250.00
	• more than \$100 000 but not more than \$500 000	500.00
	• more than \$500 000	1 000.00
6.	Application for category 3 gaming licence (Act, s 43)	
	under which the applicant intends to conduct more than	
	1 game if the highest estimated gross proceeds for 1 game	
	are—	
	• more than \$20 000 but not more than \$100 000 \ldots	500.00
	• more than \$100 000 but not more than \$500 000	1 000.00
	• more than \$500 000	2 000.00
7.	Renewal of category 3 gaming licence (Act, s 43) under	
	which the applicant intends to conduct only 1 game if the	
	highest estimated gross proceeds for the game are—	
	• more than $$20\ 000$ but not more than $$100\ 000$	250.00
	• more than $$100\ 000$ but not more than $$500\ 000$.	500.00
•	• more than \$500 000	1 000.00
8.	Renewal of category 3 gaming licence (Act, s 43) under	
	which the applicant intends to conduct more than 1 game	
	if the highest estimated gross proceeds for 1 game are—	7 00.00
	• more than \$20 000 but not more than $100 000 \dots$	500.00
	• more than \$100 000 but not more than $$500 000$	1 000.00

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

	• more than \$500 000			
9.	Evaluating regulated general gaming equipment			
	(Act, s 99)-for each hour, or part of an hour, spent			
	evaluating the equipment	90.00		

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2 Date to which amendments incorporated

This is the reprint date mentioned in the Reprints Act 1992, section 5(c). However, no amendments have commenced operation on or before that day. Future amendments of the Charitable and Non-Profit Gaming Regulation 1999 may be made in accordance with this reprint under the Reprints Act 1992, section 49.

3 Key

Key to abbreviations in list of legislation and annotations

AIA	=	Acts Interpretation Act 1954	prev	=	previous
amd	=	amended	(prev)	=	previously
amdt	=	amendment	proc	=	proclamation
ch	=	chapter	prov	=	provision
def	=	definition	pt	=	part
div	=	division	pubd	=	published
exp	=	expires/expired	R [X]	=	Reprint No.[X]
gaz	=	gazette	RA	=	Reprints Act 1992
hdg	=	heading	reloc	=	relocated
ins	=	inserted	renum	=	renumbered
lap	=	lapsed	rep	=	repealed
notfd	=	notified	S	=	section
o in c	=	order in council	sch	=	schedule
om	=	omitted	sdiv	=	subdivision
orig	=	original	SIA	=	Statutory Instruments Act 1992
р	=	page	SL	=	subordinate legislation
para	=	paragraph	sub	=	substituted
prec	=	preceding	unnum	=	unnumbered
pres	=	present			

4 List of legislation

Charitable and Non-Profit Gaming Regulation 1999 SL No. 283

made by the Governor in Council on 18 November 1999 notfd gaz 19 November 1999 pp 1149–52 ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification remaining provisions commenced 1 December 1999 (see s 2) <u>exp 1 September 2010</u> (see SIA s 54)

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