

Reprinted as in force on 9 January 1997

Reprint No. 1A*

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^{*} Minor differences in presentation between this reprint and another reprint with the same number are due to the conversion to new styles. The content has not changed.

Information about this reprint

This Act is reprinted as at 9 January 1997. The reprint—

- shows the law as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before that day (Reprints Act 1992 s 5(c))
- incorporates all necessary consequential amendments, whether of punctuation, numbering or another kind (Reprints Act 1992 s 5(d)).

The reprint includes a reference to the law by which each amendment was made—see list of legislation and list of annotations in endnotes. Also see list of legislation for any uncommenced amendments.

Minor editorial changes allowed under the provisions of the Reprints Act 1992 have also been made to use aspects of format and printing style consistent with current drafting practice (s 35).

This page is specific to this reprint. See previous reprint for information about earlier changes made under the Reprints Act 1992. A table of reprints is included in the endnotes.

Also see endnotes for information about—

- when provisions commenced
- editorial changes made in earlier reprint.

Dates shown on reprints

Reprints dated at last amendment All reprints produced on or after 1 July 2002, hard copy and electronic, are dated as at the last date of amendment. Previously reprints were dated as at the date of publication. If a hard copy reprint is dated earlier than an electronic version published before 1 July 2002, it means the legislation was not further amended and the reprint date is the commencement of the last amendment.

If the date of a hard copy reprint is the same as the date shown for an electronic version previously published, it merely means that the electronic version was published before the hard copy version. Also, any revised edition of the previously published electronic version will have the same date as that version.

Replacement reprint date If the date of a hard copy reprint is the same as the date shown on another hard copy reprint it means that one is the replacement of the other.



Queensland

Solicitor-General Act 1985

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Solicitor-General Act 1985

[as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before 9 January 1997]

An Act to provide in respect of the office of Solicitor-General and for related purposes

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Short title

This Act may be cited as the *Solicitor-General Act 1985*.

2 Commencement

- (1) Section 1 and this section shall commence on the day this Act is assented to for and on behalf of Her Majesty.
- (2) Except as provided by subsection (1), this Act shall commence on a date to be fixed by proclamation.

Part 2 Solicitor–General and staff

5 Appointment of Solicitor-General

- (1) The Solicitor-General shall be appointed, from time to time, by Letters Patent issued by or on behalf of Her Majesty, on recommendation of the Executive Council.
- (2) The Solicitor-General—
 - (a) shall be appointed for a term not exceeding 5 years determined by the Governor in Council and specified in the instrument of his or her appointment; and

- (b) shall, subject to this Act, be eligible for reappointment upon the expiration of his or her term of appointment; and
- (c) shall be appointed and hold office on the conditions prescribed and otherwise as the Governor in Council determines.
- (3) A person shall be eligible for appointment to the office of Solicitor-General if the person is a barrister entitled to practise in the Supreme Court of not less than 10 years standing.
- (4) Notification of the appointment of a person to the office of Solicitor-General shall be published in the Gazette.
- (5) The solicitor-general is to be appointed under this Act, and not under the *Public Service Act 1996*.

6 Constitution Act s 14 not applicable

Section 14 of the *Constitution Act 1967* does not apply in respect of the appointment to the office of Solicitor-General.

7 Acting Solicitor-General

- (1) In the event of a vacancy in the office of Solicitor-General or of the illness or absence of the person holding that office the Governor in Council may, upon the recommendation of the Minister, by notification published in the Gazette, appoint a person eligible for appointment to that office to act as Solicitor-General and may at any time revoke that appointment.
- (2) A person appointed under subsection (1) shall be entitled to act as Solicitor-General until—
 - (a) the appointment is revoked; or
 - (b) a person is appointed Solicitor-General under section 5; or
 - (c) the person holding the office of Solicitor-General returns to the duties of that office;

whichever event first occurs.

- (3) A person appointed to act in the office of Solicitor-General shall hold the appointment on conditions determined by the Governor in Council and specified in the instrument of appointment.
- (4) While a person continues to be entitled to act in the office of Solicitor-General the person shall discharge the functions and may exercise the authorities conferred on the Solicitor-General by this Act.
- (5) A person appointed to act in the office of Solicitor-General shall not be subject to the *Public Service Act 1996* while the person acts in that office unless immediately before the appointment the person was subject to that Act, in which case, while the person acts in that office, the person shall continue to be subject to that Act and shall be an officer of the public service.

8 Functions of Solicitor-General

The functions of the Solicitor-General are—

- (a) to act, upon the request of the Attorney-General, as counsel for—
 - (i) the Crown in right of the State;
 - (ii) the State;
 - (iii) a person suing or being sued on behalf of the State;
 - (iv) a body established by or under an Act;
 - (v) any other person or body where it is to the benefit of the State that the Solicitor-General should so act; and
- (b) to carry out for the benefit of the Government of the State such other functions ordinarily performed by counsel as the Attorney-General requests.

9 Authority to delegate

(1) The Solicitor-General may, from time to time by signed instrument of delegation delegate to any person or to the holder from time to time of a specified office (without naming a particular person) any of the Solicitor-General's functions

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- under this Act or of the duties to be discharged in connection with those functions.
- (2) A delegation may be made subject to such terms, conditions and limitations as the Solicitor-General thinks fit, including a requirement that the delegate report to the Solicitor-General upon the discharge of the delegated function or duty, and may be given in relation to a particular matter or a class of matter.
- (3) The Solicitor-General may give such and as many delegations of the same function or duty and to such number of persons or holders of office as the Solicitor-General thinks fit.
- (4) Where a function or duty has been delegated—
 - (a) its discharge shall be in accordance with the instrument of delegation; and
 - (b) any act or thing done or suffered by the delegate in discharge of the function or duty has the same force and effect as if the act or thing had been done or suffered by the Solicitor-General; and
 - (c) the delegation does not prejudice the discharge of the function or duty by the Solicitor-General.
- (5) A delegation is revocable at the will of the Solicitor-General and shall be revoked if the Minister so directs.

10 Staff

- (1) There may be employed or assigned to assist the Solicitor-General in the discharge of the Solicitor-General's functions such number of persons as is necessary for the purpose.
- (2) The staff of the solicitor-general are to be employed under the *Public Service Act 1996*.
- (3) An officer of the public service may be assigned for a limited and specified period to perform duties for the purpose referred to in subsection (1) and shall continue to be subject to the *Public Service Act 1996* while the officer continues to be so assigned.

Part 3 Conditions of appointment

11 Remuneration

The Solicitor-General shall be entitled to be paid salary at a rate per annum that is 80% of the aggregate rate per annum of salary and allowance payable from time to time to a Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court.

12 Leave entitlements

- (1) The Solicitor-General shall have the same recreation leave and sick leave entitlements as an officer of the public service.
- (2) The Solicitor-General shall have the same entitlements to leave on account of long service as a Judge of the Supreme Court.

13 Pension entitlement

If the person who holds or has held the office of Solicitor-General is appointed a Judge of the Supreme Court or a Judge of District Courts, then for the purposes of the *Judges (Pensions and Long Leave) Act 1957* in its application to the person any period of service had by the person as Solicitor-General shall be added to and be deemed to be part of the period of service as a Judge except that where the person has been paid a lump sum under section 14 any such period of service before the person was paid that sum shall be disregarded.

14 Severance entitlement

If the appointment of a person as Solicitor-General is terminated—

- (a) otherwise than in the circumstances referred to in section 13; and
- (b) otherwise than by death or removal from office by the Governor in Council on the ground of misbehaviour;

the person is entitled to be paid a lump sum accrued at a rate of 6% per annum of the remuneration payable to the Solicitor-General from time to time throughout the period or periods of his or her service as Solicitor-General.

15 Dependants' pension entitlements

Where the Solicitor-General has died in office leaving a spouse or children, the spouse or each child shall be entitled to pension benefits in accordance with the *Judges* (*Pensions and Long Leave*) *Act 1957* as if—

- (a) the Solicitor-General had been a Judge and the Solicitor-General's service as Solicitor-General had been service as a Judge; and
- (b) in respect of the spouse's entitlement—the maximum pension entitlement that, as a Judge, the Solicitor-General might have had under that Act would have been had upon attaining the age of 65 years.

16 Other employment curtailed

- (1) With the approval of the Governor in Council first had and obtained the Solicitor-General may engage in the practice of his or her profession as a barrister otherwise than in discharge of the Solicitor-General's functions.
- (1A) However, if the Solicitor-General does so—
 - (a) the Solicitor-General shall at all times give priority to the discharge of his or her functions as Solicitor-General;
 - (b) the Solicitor-General shall not at any time—
 - (i) appear for the defence upon a charge brought by the Crown; or
 - (ii) act in any case to which the Crown is a party for any party other than the Crown; or
 - (iii) permit or suffer a conflict of interests to exist between the practice of his or her profession and the proper discharge of his or her functions as Solicitor-General.

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- (2) Except as provided by subsection (1), the Solicitor-General shall not—
 - (a) engage in the practice of his or her profession as a barrister except in the discharge of his or her functions; or
 - (b) engage in paid employment outside the duties of his or her office.
- (3) An approval under subsection (1) may be—
 - (a) for the whole of the time that the Solicitor-General in question serves in the office of Solicitor-General; or
 - (b) for the whole or any part of the term of an appointment of the Solicitor-General in question;

as expressed in the approval.

17 Termination of Solicitor-General's appointment

- (2) The Solicitor-General may resign office by signed writing delivered to the Minister.
- (3) The Governor in Council may terminate the appointment of the Solicitor-General, by removing the Solicitor-General from office, for misbehaviour or physical or mental incapacity.
- (4) The Governor in Council shall terminate the appointment of the Solicitor-General for any of the following misbehaviour—
 - (a) if the Solicitor-General becomes bankrupt or takes advantage of the law in force relating to bankruptcy;
 - (b) if the Solicitor-General is absent from duty, except on leave of absence to which the Solicitor-General is entitled under conditions of his or her appointment or granted by the Minister, for 14 consecutive working days, or for 28 working days in any period of 12 months:
 - (c) if the Solicitor-General contravenes section 16.
- (5) Termination of the appointment of Solicitor-General shall be by way of notification in writing signed by the Minister and given to the Solicitor-General personally or by post.

Part 4 Miscellaneous provisions

18 Suspension of Judges' pension

If a person in receipt of a pension under the *Judges (Pensions and Long Leave) Act 1957* is appointed to the office of Solicitor-General that pension ceases to be payable while the person serves in that office.

19 Rights of public servant appointed as Solicitor-General

Where the Solicitor-General was, immediately before appointment to that office, an officer of the public service—

- (a) the Solicitor-General retains his or her existing and accruing rights; and
- (b) for the purpose of determining those rights, service as Solicitor-General shall be taken into account as if it were service in the public service; and
- (c) sections 12, 13, 14 and 15 do not apply to the Solicitor-General, or the Solicitor-General's spouse or children:

unless the Solicitor-General has duly resigned his or her appointment as an officer of the public service and has renounced the rights referred to in paragraph (a).

20 Administrative and financial control

- (1) The chief executive shall be the chief executive within the meaning of the *Public Service Act 1996* in respect of matters of an administrative nature associated with the discharge of the Solicitor-General's functions and in respect of staff assisting the Solicitor-General.
- (2) For the purposes of the *Financial Administration and Audit Act 1977* the chief executive shall be the accountable officer in respect of the discharge of the Solicitor-General's functions other than in respect of the acts and conduct of the Solicitor-General himself or herself.
- (3) The Solicitor-General shall do all such things as the chief executive in proper performance of the chief executive's

duties as such accountable officer, may require for the purposes of that Act.

21 Regulations

The Governor in Council may make regulations not inconsistent with this Act for or with respect to all matters necessary or convenient for the administration of this Act or for achieving the objects and purposes of this Act.

Endnotes

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2 Date to which amendments incorporated

This is the reprint date mentioned in the Reprints Act 1992, section 5(c). Accordingly, this reprint includes all amendments that commenced operation on or before 9 January 1997. Future amendments of the Solicitor-General Act 1985 may be made in accordance with this reprint under the Reprints Act 1992, section 49.

3 Key

Key to abbreviations in list of legislation and annotations

Key		Explanation	Key		Explanation
AIA	=	Acts Interpretation Act 1954	(prev)	=	previously
amd	=	amended	proc	=	proclamation
amdt	=	amendment	prov	=	provision
ch	=	chapter	pt	=	part
def	=	definition	pubd	=	published
div	=	division	R[X]	=	Reprint No.[X]
exp	=	expires/expired	RA	=	Reprints Act 1992
gaz	=	gazette	reloc	=	relocated
hdg	=	heading	renum	=	renumbered
ins	=	inserted	rep	=	repealed
lap	=	lapsed	(retro)	=	retrospectively
notfd	=	notified	rv	=	revised edition
o in c	=	order in council	S	=	section
om	=	omitted	sch	=	schedule
orig	=	original	sdiv	=	subdivision
p	=	page	SIA	=	Statutory Instruments Act 1992
para	=	paragraph	SIR	=	Statutory Instruments Regulation 2002
prec	=	preceding	\mathbf{SL}	=	subordinate legislation
pres	=	present	sub	=	substituted
prev	=	previous	unnum	=	unnumbered

4 Table of reprints

Reprints are issued for both future and past effective dates. For the most up-to-date table of reprints, see the reprint with the latest effective date.

If a reprint number includes a letter of the alphabet, the reprint was released in unauthorised, electronic form only.

Reprint No.	Amendments to	Effective	Reprint date
1	1994 Act No. 29	1 July 1994	16 January 1995
1A	1996 Act No. 37	1 December 1996	9 January 1997

5 Tables in earlier reprints

Name of table	Reprint No.
Changed citations and remade laws	1
Changed names and titles	1
Obsolete and redundant provisions	1
Renumbered provisions	1

6 List of legislation

Solicitor-General Act 1985 No. 34

date of assent 17 April 1985 ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent remaining provisions commenced 16 December 1991 (1991 SL No. 172) amending legislation—

Public Service (Administrative Arrangements) Act 1990 (No. 2) No. 80 s 3 sch 1

date of assent 14 November 1990 commenced on date of assent

Anti-Discrimination Amendment Act 1994 No. 29 s 3 sch

date of assent 28 June 1994 commenced 1 July 1994 (see s 2)

Public Service Act 1996 No. 37 ss 1-2, 147 sch 2

date of assent 22 October 1996 ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent remaining provisions commenced 1 December 1996 (1996 SL No. 361)

7 List of annotations

Arrangement of Act s 3 om R1 (see RA s 36)

Interpretation

s 4 om R1 (see RA s 7(1)(k))

def "Director-General" ins 1990 No. 80 s 3 sch 1

om R1 (see RA s 39)

def "Minister" sub 1990 No. 80 s 3 sch 1

om R1 (see RA s 39)

def "Under Secretary" om 1990 No. 80 s 3 sch 1

Appointment of Solicitor-General

s 5 amd 1994 No. 29 s 3 sch; 1996 No. 37 s 147 sch 2

Acting Solicitor-General

s 7 amd 1996 No. 37 s 147 sch 2

Staff

s 10 amd 1996 No. 37 s 147 sch 2

Termination of Solicitor-General's appointment

s 17 amd 1994 No. 29 s 3 sch

Administrative and financial control

s 20 amd 1990 No. 80 s 3 sch 1; 1996 No. 37 s 147 sch 2

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