

Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Amendment Bill 2023



Queensland

Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Amendment Bill 2023

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2023

A Bill

for

An Act to amend the Forestry Act 1959, the Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000, the Recreation Areas Management Act 2006 and the Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998 for particular purposes

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	The P	arliame	nt of Queensland enacts—	1
	Part	1	Preliminary	2
Clause	1	Short t	title	3
			is Act may be cited as the Tobacco and Other Smoking oducts Amendment Act 2023.	4 5
Clause	2	Comm	encement	6
			ctions 27 to 41, 45 to 48, 51(1) and (3), 54, 58, 64 and 66(3) mmence on 1 September 2023.	7 8
		(2) Se	ctions 42 and 43 commence on 1 July 2024.	9
			ctions 8 to 11, 13 to 16, 51(4), 65 and 66(4) and (5) mmence on 1 September 2024.	10 11
	Part	2	Amendment of Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998	12 13 14
Clause	3	Act am	nended	15
			is part and schedule 1 amend the Tobacco and Other noking Products Act 1998.	16 17
Clause	4	Amend	dment of s 3A (How object is to be achieved)	18
		Se	ction 3A—	19
		ins	sert—	20

[s 5]]
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		(e) establishing a licensing scheme for the sale of smoking products, including a disciplinary scheme for licensees.	1 2 3
Clause	5	Insertion of new ss 5B and 5C	4
		After section 5A—	5
		insert—	6
		5B Meaning of retail outlet	7
		(1) A <i>retail outlet</i> is premises at which smoking products are available for sale by retail.	8 9
		(2) Each of the premises mentioned in subsection (1) is taken to be a separate retail outlet regardless of ownership, any trading name or franchise agreements relating to the premises.	1 1 1 1
		5C Meaning of wholesale outlet	1
		(1) A <i>wholesale outlet</i> is premises from which smoking products are available for sale by wholesale.	1 1 1
		(2) Each of the premises mentioned in subsection (1) is taken to be a separate wholesale outlet regardless of ownership, any trading name or franchise agreements relating to the premises.	1 1 2 2
Clause	6	Amendment of s 6 (Acceptable evidence of age)	2
		Section 6(a), 'or an Australian or foreign passport'—	2
		omit, insert—	2
		, an Australian or foreign passport or an Australia Post Keypass	2 2
Clause	7	Insertion of new pt 1A	2
		After section 7—	2

insert—		1
Part 1A	Retail and wholesale licences	2 3
Division 1	Preliminary	4
7A Definition	ons for part	5
In th	nis part—	6
•	rmation notice, for a decision, means a notice ng the following information—	7 8
(a)	the decision;	9
(b)	the reasons for the decision;	10
	Note—	11
	See the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 27B for matters that must be included with the reasons.	12 13
(c)	that the person to whom the notice is given may ask for a review of the decision under this Act;	14 15 16
(d)	how, and the period within which, the review may be started;	17 18
(e)	if the person may apply for a stay of the operation of the decision under this Act—how the person may apply for the stay.	19 20 21
	nsed retailer means a retailer that holds a il licence.	22 23
	ne sale means a sale transacted over the rnet.	24 25
busi	<i>iler</i> means a business that, as part of a ness activity, sells smoking products to the lic by way of retail sale.	26 27 28
reta	il licence means a licence granted under this	29

	Act that authorises the sale of smoking products to the public by retail sale.	1 2
	retail licence (liquor) means a retail licence under which the authorisation is limited to selling smoking products to customers at liquor licensed premises.	3 4 5 6
	specific conditions see section 7D(1).	7
	wholesale licence means a licence granted under this Act that authorises the sale of smoking products to licensed retailers by wholesale.	8 9 10
Divisio	on 2 General information about licences	11 12
	110011000	12
7B Re	tail licence	13
(1)		14 15 16 17
	Selling smoking products from more than 1 retail outlet or online shop requires additional retail licences.	18 19
(2)	However—	20
	(a) if an online shop is for online sales of smoking products from 1 retail outlet, a retail licence authorises the licensee to sell smoking products by retail from both the online shop and the retail outlet; and	21 22 23 24 25
	(b) the authorisation under a retail licence (liquor) is limited to selling smoking products to customers at 1 liquor licensed premises.	26 27 28 29
(3)	The authorisation under a retail licence may be expanded by a specific condition authorising the	30 31

		licensee to sell limited quantities of smoking products by wholesale to smaller licensed retailers (a <i>limited wholesale condition</i>).	1 2 3
7C	Wh	olesale licence	4
	(1)	A wholesale licence authorises the licensee to sell smoking products by wholesale to licensed retailers from 1 wholesale outlet or 1 online shop.	5 6 7
		Note—	8
		Selling smoking products from more than 1 wholesale outlet or online shop requires additional wholesale licences.	9 10 11
	(2)	However, if an online shop is for online sales of smoking products from 1 wholesale outlet, a wholesale licence authorises the licensee to sell smoking products by wholesale from both the online shop and the wholesale outlet.	12 13 14 15 16
7D	Cor	nditions of retail or wholesale licences	17
	(1)	A retail or wholesale licence is subject to conditions imposed on the licence by the chief executive under this part (the <i>specific conditions</i>).	18 19 20 21
	(2)	A retail or wholesale licence is also subject to the conditions prescribed by regulation (the <i>general conditions</i>).	22 23 24
7E		en retail or wholesale licence ceases to ee effect	25 26
	(1)	A retail or wholesale licence ceases to have effect if—	27 28
		(a) the licence is cancelled or surrendered; or	29
		(b) the business for the licence is sold.	30
	(2)	A retail or wholesale licence does not have effect	21

		during any period of suspension of the licence.	1
	(3)	A retail licence (liquor) also—	2
		(a) ceases to have effect if the related liquor licence is cancelled or surrendered; and	3
		(b) does not have effect during any period of suspension of the related liquor licence.	5 6
Div	visio	on 3 Application and grant	7
7F	Wh	o may apply for retail or wholesale licence	8
	(1)	The following entities may apply to the chief executive for a retail or wholesale licence—	9 10
		(a) the owner of a business that proposes to sell smoking products;	11 12
		(b) an adult individual, corporation or partnership that proposes to establish a business that is intended to sell smoking products;	13 14 15 16
		(c) an adult individual, corporation or partnership that proposes to purchase a business that sells smoking products.	17 18 19
	(2)	However, if smoking products are proposed to be sold at liquor licensed premises—	20 21
		(a) the application must be for a retail licence (liquor); and	22 23
		(b) only the liquor licensee for liquor licensed premises may apply to the chief executive for the licence.	24 25 26
	(3)	If the applicant is a partnership, the partners must jointly make the application under subsection (1).	27 28
	(4)	In this section—	29
		owner, of a business, means the adult individual,	30

		corporation or partnership that owns and controls the business.	1 2
7G	Red	quirements for application	3
	(1)	An application for a retail or wholesale licence must—	4 5
		(a) be made in the approved form; and	6
		(b) if the applicant is a corporation—include sufficient information to identify the directors of the corporation; and	7 8 9
		(c) be accompanied by the proof of identification required by the approved form; and	10 11 12
		(d) if the application relates to a retail or wholesale outlet—identify the location of the retail or wholesale outlet; and	13 14 15
		(e) if the application relates to an online shop—state the website address of the online shop; and	16 17 18
		(f) if the application relates to the sale of smoking products at liquor licensed premises—be accompanied by a copy of the liquor licence for the premises; and	19 20 21 22
		(g) be accompanied by sufficient information to identify all licences to supply a smoking product by retail or wholesale, if any, held by the applicant under a law of the Commonwealth or another State; and	23 24 25 26 27
		(h) be accompanied by the fee, if any, prescribed by regulation.	28 29
	(2)	The application must be made for either a retail or wholesale licence.	30 31

		Note—	1
		Two separate applications are required if a person intends to apply for a retail licence and a wholesale licence.	2 3 4
	(3)	Also, if the application relates to the sale of smoking products at liquor licensed premises, the application must be for a retail licence (liquor).	5 6 7
	(4)	If the application is made by a partnership, the application must—	8 9
		(a) nominate either of the following for the partnership—	10 11
		(i) the firm-name;	12
		(ii) the Australian registered body number; and	13 14
		(b) include identifying information for each partner; and	15 16
		(c) identify any limited partners.	17
	(5)	In this section—	18
		Australian registered body number means the number given by ASIC to a registrable body on registration under the Corporations Act, part 5B.2.	19 20 21 22
		<i>firm-name</i> see the <i>Partnership Act 1891</i> , schedule.	23 24
		<i>limited partner</i> see the <i>Partnership Act 1891</i> , schedule.	25 26
		<i>registrable body</i> see the Corporations Act, section 9.	27 28
7H	Rei	ection of particular applications	29
	(1)	The chief executive must reject an application for a retail or wholesale licence if—	30 31

		(a) the applicant applied for a retail or wholesale licence in the previous 6 months and the application was refused; or	1 2 3
		(b) the applicant held a retail or wholesale licence that was cancelled within the previous 6 months.	4 5 6
	(2)	Any fee paid for an application rejected under subsection (1) must be returned to the applicant.	7 8
7 I	Crit	teria for grant	9
	(1)	The chief executive may grant an application for a retail or wholesale licence only if satisfied—	10 11
		(a) if the application is made by a partnership—each partner is a fit and proper person to be a licensee; or	12 13 14
		(b) otherwise—the applicant is a fit and proper person to be a licensee.	15 16
	(2)	However, the chief executive must grant an application for a retail licence (liquor) if the applicant is the liquor licensee for the liquor licensed premises at which smoking products are proposed to be sold.	17 18 19 20 21
	(3)	Subsection (2) does not apply if—	22
		(a) a retail licence (liquor) for the liquor licensed premises has ever been cancelled; or	23 24 25
		(b) the liquor licence for the liquor licensee is suspended.	26 27
	(4)	The chief executive must refuse to grant an application for a retail licence (liquor) if—	28 29
		(a) the applicant is not the liquor licensee for the liquor licensed premises at which smoking products are proposed to be sold;	30 31 32

		(b) the liquor licence for the liquor licensee is not in force when the application is considered.	1 2 3
	(5)	A limited wholesale condition may only be granted for a retail licence if—	4 5
		(a) retail sales are the primary activity of the business to which the licence relates; and	6 7
		(b) the retail outlet for the licence is not a liquor licensed premises.	8 9
7 J	Dec	ciding application	10
	(1)	After considering an application for a retail or wholesale licence, the chief executive must decide to—	11 12 13
		(a) grant the application; or	14
		(b) refuse to grant the application.	15
	(2)	Also, if the applicant is not yet the owner of the business to which the application relates, the chief executive may grant the application on the condition that the applicant becomes the owner of the business.	16 17 18 19 20
		Example—	21
		If the applicant is a corporation that proposes to purchase a business that sells smoking products, the chief executive may grant the application subject to the condition that the applicant completes the purchase.	22 23 24 25
	(3)	In granting the application, the chief executive may impose conditions on the licence that the chief executive considers appropriate for the purpose of ensuring compliance with this Act or mitigating the health risks associated with the sale of smoking products.	26 27 28 29 30 31
	(4)	In this section—	32
		owner, of a business, means the adult individual,	33

		corporation or partnership that owns and controls the business.	1 2
7K	Not	tice of decision	3
	(1)	As soon as practicable after deciding an application for a retail or wholesale licence, the chief executive must give the applicant notice of the decision.	4 5 6 7
	(2)	The notice of the decision must be an information notice if the decision is to—	8 9
		(a) grant the licence with specific conditions; or	10
		(b) refuse to grant the licence.	11
7L	Ter	m of retail or wholesale licence	12
		A retail or wholesale licence—	13
		(a) is granted for the term of 1 year or the shorter period stated in the licence and agreed to by the licensee; and	14 15 16
		(b) takes effect on the day stated in the licence.	17
Div	visio	on 4 Renewal and restoration	18
7M		plication for renewal of retail or wholesale	19 20
	(1)	Before a retail or wholesale licence expires, the licensee may apply to the chief executive to renew the licence.	21 22 23
	(2)	The application must be—	24
		(a) made in the approved form; and	25
		(b) accompanied by the fee prescribed by regulation	26

(3)	If the term of the retail or wholesale licence ends before the application is decided, the licence continues in effect under this section until the day the chief executive gives the licensee notice of the decision under section 7Q or the application is withdrawn, whichever happens first.	1 2 3 4 5 6
(4)	Nothing in subsection (3) prevents the retail or wholesale licence being suspended or cancelled during the period the licence is continued under that subsection.	7 8 9 10
App who	olication for restoration of expired retail or olesale licence	11 12
(1)	If a retail or wholesale licence expires, the licensee may, within 28 days after the expiry, apply to the chief executive to restore the licence.	13 14 15
(2)	The application must be—	16
	(a) made in the approved form; and	17
	(b) accompanied by the fee prescribed by regulation.	18 19
(3)	The retail or wholesale licence is taken to have continued in effect under this section from the day of expiry until the day the chief executive gives the licensee notice of the decision under section 7Q or the application is withdrawn, whichever happens first.	20 21 22 23 24 25
(4)	Nothing in subsection (3) prevents the retail or wholesale licence being suspended or cancelled during the period the licence is continued under that subsection.	26 27 28 29
Crit	eria for grant	30
(1)	The chief executive may grant an application for the renewal or restoration of a retail or wholesale licence only if satisfied—	31 32 33
	(4) Apr who (1) (2) (3) Crit	before the application is decided, the licence continues in effect under this section until the day the chief executive gives the licensee notice of the decision under section 7Q or the application is withdrawn, whichever happens first. (4) Nothing in subsection (3) prevents the retail or wholesale licence being suspended or cancelled during the period the licence is continued under that subsection. Application for restoration of expired retail or wholesale licence (1) If a retail or wholesale licence expires, the licensee may, within 28 days after the expiry, apply to the chief executive to restore the licence. (2) The application must be— (a) made in the approved form; and (b) accompanied by the fee prescribed by regulation. (3) The retail or wholesale licence is taken to have continued in effect under this section from the day of expiry until the day the chief executive gives the licensee notice of the decision under section 7Q or the application is withdrawn, whichever happens first. (4) Nothing in subsection (3) prevents the retail or wholesale licence being suspended or cancelled during the period the licence is continued under that subsection. Criteria for grant (1) The chief executive may grant an application for the renewal or restoration of a retail or wholesale

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15	1

		(a) if the application is made by a partnership—each partner is a fit and proper person to be a licensee; or	1 2 3
		(b) otherwise—the applicant is a fit and proper person to be a licensee.	4 5
	(2)	However, subsection (3) applies if the application is for the renewal or restoration of a retail licence (liquor).	6 7 8
	(3)	Section 7I(2) to (4) applies to the application as if a reference to an application for a retail licence (liquor) in that section were a reference to an application for renewal or restoration of a retail licence (liquor).	9 10 11 12 13
7P	Dec	ciding application	14
		After considering an application for the renewal or restoration of a retail or wholesale licence, the chief executive must decide to—	15 16 17
		(a) grant the application; or	18
		(b) refuse to grant the application.	19
7Q	Not	tice of decision	20
	(1)	As soon as practicable after deciding an application for the renewal or restoration of a retail or wholesale licence, the chief executive must give the applicant notice of the decision.	21 22 23 24
	(2)	The notice of the decision must be an information notice if the decision is to refuse to grant the application.	25 26 27
7R		m of retail or wholesale licence if renewed restored	28 29
		The renewal or restoration of a retail or wholesale licence extends the term of the licence—	30 31

	(a)	by 1 year or the shorter period agreed to by the licensee; and	1 2
	(b)	starting on the day after the licence would have expired but for the renewal or restoration.	3 4 5
Divis	sion 5	Changes to licences	6
Sub	divisio	on 1 Changes requested by licensee	7 8
7S A	Applica	tion for change requested by licensee	9
(1	char who appl	censee may apply to the chief executive to nge a specific condition of the retail or desale licence, including, for example, ying for the inclusion of a limited wholesale dition.	10 11 12 13 14
(2	2) The	application must be—	15
	(a)	made in the approved form; and	16
	(b)	accompanied by the fee, if any, prescribed by regulation.	17 18
7T [Decidin	g application	19
(1		er considering an application to change a cific condition, the chief executive may decide	20 21 22
	(a)	grant the application; or	23
	(b)	refuse to grant the application.	24
(2	may lice	ranting the application, the chief executive amend or remove a specific condition of the nee to the extent it is necessary to grant the ication.	25 26 27 28

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	(3)	However, a limited wholesale condition may only be applied to a retail licence if retail sales are the primary activity of the business to which the licence relates.	1 2 3 4
	(4)	The change to a specific condition takes effect on the day stated in the notice of the decision.	5 6
	(5)	If the decision is to grant the application, the chief executive must give the applicant a replacement copy of the licence incorporating the granted changes.	7 8 9 10
7U	Not	ice of decision	11
	(1)	As soon as practicable after deciding an application to change a specific condition, the chief executive must give the applicant notice of the decision.	12 13 14 15
	(2)	The notice of the decision must be an information notice if the decision is to refuse to change all the specific conditions as requested in the application.	16 17 18 19
Su	bdiv	vision 2 Changes made by chief executive	20 21
7V	App	olication of subdivision	22
		This subdivision applies if the chief executive—	23
		(a) reasonably suspects a ground exists for suspending a licence under section 7Y or cancelling a licence under section 7Z; and	24 25 26
		(b) reasonably believes it is necessary in the circumstances, to ensure the health and wellbeing of customers of the licensee, to take the following action instead of suspending or cancelling the licence—	27 28 29 30 31

			(i)	impose a new specific condition on the licence;	1 2
			(ii)	change a specific condition of the licence.	3 4
7W		ow ca		notice before changing specific	5 6
	(1)	belie exect	f mutive	ion applies if, because of a suspicion and mentioned in section 7V, the chief proposes making either of the following for a retail or wholesale licence—	7 8 9 10
			impo licer	osing a new specific condition on the nce;	11 12
		(b)	char	nging a specific condition of the licence.	13
	(2)	whol	lesalo licen	making the change to the retail or e licence, the chief executive must give usee a notice (a <i>show cause notice</i>)	14 15 16 17
				chief executive proposes to make the age; and	18 19
		(b)	the o	details of the proposed change; and	20
		(c)	the 1	reasons for the proposed change; and	21
			noti	the holder may, within 28 days after the ce is given, give the chief executive a ten response to the proposed change.	22 23 24
7X	Dec	ision	abo	out changing conditions	25
	(1)			ion applies if the chief executive gives a show cause notice under section 7W.	26 27
	(2)	comp	olyin her t	f executive must consider all responses g with section 7W(2)(d) before deciding o make the change proposed in the show ice.	28 29 30 31

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	(3)	After considering the responses under subsection (2), the chief executive must—	1 2
		(a) decide whether to make any of the changes proposed in the show cause notice; and	3 4
		(b) give the licensee notice of the decision.	5
	(4)	If the decision is to make all or some of the changes proposed in the show cause notice—	6 7
		(a) the notice of the decision given to the licensee must be an information notice; and	8 9
		(b) the chief executive must give the licensee a replacement copy of the licence incorporating the changes.	10 11 12
	(5)	A new or changed specific condition takes effect on the day stated in the information notice.	13 14
	(6)	The day stated in the information notice must be after the day the notice is given to the licensee.	15 16
Div	visic	on 6 Suspension, cancellation	17
Div	visic	on 6 Suspension, cancellation and surrender	17 18
		and surrender	18
	Sus	and surrender spension The chief executive may suspend a retail or wholesale licence if the chief executive reasonably believes any of the following	18 19 20 21 22
	Sus	and surrender spension The chief executive may suspend a retail or wholesale licence if the chief executive reasonably believes any of the following disciplinary grounds apply— (a) the licence was granted, renewed or restored because of materially incorrect, false or	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

		licensee has been convicted of an offence for the contravention;	1 2
	(d)	the licensee attempted to obstruct an authorised person in the exercise of a power under this Act;	3 4 5
	(e)	the licensee failed to comply with a request to make premises available for inspection made under section 7ZF;	6 7 8
	(f)	the licensee held another retail or wholesale licence that was suspended or cancelled under this Act;	9 10 11
	(g)	if the licensee is a partnership—a partner held a retail or wholesale licence that was suspended or cancelled under this Act.	12 13 14
(2)	the	ore suspending the retail or wholesale licence, chief executive must give the licensee a notice how cause notice) stating—	15 16 17
	(a)	the chief executive proposes to suspend the licence; and	18 19
	(b)	the disciplinary grounds for the proposed suspension; and	20 21
	(c)	the acts, omissions or circumstances that constitute the stated disciplinary grounds; and	22 23 24
	(d)	that the licensee may, within 28 days after being given the notice, give the chief executive a written response to the notice.	25 26 27
(3)	noti	er considering all responses to the show cause ce complying with subsection (2)(d), the chief cutive must—	28 29 30
	(a)	decide to—	31
		(i) take no further action; or	32
		(ii) suspend the retail or wholesale licence; and	33 34

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	(b) give the licensee notice of the decision.	1
(4)	If the decision is to suspend the retail or wholesale licence, the notice must be an information notice.	2 3
(5)	The suspension—	4
	(a) takes effect on the day stated in the information notice; and	5 6
	(b) continues for the period of not more than 90 days as stated in the information notice.	7 8
(6)	The day stated in the information notice must be after the day the notice is given to the licensee.	9 10
7Z Ca	ncellation	11
(1)	The chief executive may cancel a retail or wholesale licence if the chief executive reasonably believes—	12 13 14
	(a) any of the disciplinary grounds mentioned in section 7Y(1)(a) to (g) apply in relation to the licence; or	15 16 17
	(b) the licensee is not a fit and proper person to be a licensee; or	18 19
	(c) if the licensee is a partnership—1 or more partners is not a fit and proper person to be a licensee; or	20 21 22
	(d) the licensee is placed in administration, is wound up or is deregistered under the Corporations Act.	23 24 25
(2)	Before cancelling the retail or wholesale licence, the chief executive must give the licensee a notice (a <i>show cause notice</i>) stating—	26 27 28
	(a) the chief executive proposes to cancel the retail or wholesale licence; and	29 30
	(b) the disciplinary grounds for the proposed cancellation; and	31 32

	(c) the acts, omissions or circumstances that constitute the stated disciplinary grounds; and	1 2 3
	(d) that the licensee may, within 28 days after being given the notice, give the chief executive a written response to the notice.	4 5 6
(3)	After considering all responses to the show cause notice complying with subsection (2)(d), the chief executive must—	7 8 9
	(a) decide to—	10
	(i) take no further action; or	11
	(ii) suspend or cancel the retail or wholesale licence; and	12 13
	(b) give the licensee notice of the decision.	14
(4)	If the decision is to suspend or cancel the retail or wholesale licence, the notice must be an information notice.	15 16 17
(5)	The suspension or cancellation—	18
	(a) takes effect on the day stated in the information notice; and	19 20
	(b) for a suspension—continues for the period of not more than 90 days as stated in the information notice.	21 22 23
(6)	The day stated in the information notice must be after the day the notice is given to the licensee.	24 25
7ZA Imr	nediate suspension without show cause ice	26 27
(1)	This section applies if the chief executive reasonably believes—	28 29
	(a) a disciplinary ground exists for suspending or cancelling a retail or wholesale licence under section 7Y or 7Z; and	30 31 32

	(b) carrying on the business to which the retail or wholesale licence relates is an unacceptable risk to public health.	1 2 3
(2)	The chief executive may, without giving the licensee a show cause notice under section 7Y or 7Z, immediately suspend the retail or wholesale licence by giving the licensee an information notice for the decision.	4 5 6 7 8
(3)	The suspension—	9
	(a) takes effect on the day stated in the information notice; and	10 11
	(b) continues for the period of not more than 90 days as stated in the information notice.	12 13
7ZB Su	rrender	14
(1)	A licensee may surrender a retail or wholesale licence by written notice (a <i>surrender notice</i>) given to the chief executive.	15 16 17
(2)	A retail or wholesale licence surrendered under subsection (1) ceases to have effect on the day the surrender notice is given to the chief executive or any later day stated in the notice.	18 19 20 21
Divisio	on 7 Other matters affecting	22
	licences	23
Subdiv	vision 1 Fit and proper persons	24
7ZC De	ciding whether person is fit and proper	25
(1)	In deciding whether a person is a fit and proper person to be a licensee, the chief executive must have regard to the following matters—	26 27 28
	nave regula to the ronowing matters -	7.0

	(a)	whether the person holds or has previously held a retail or wholesale licence;	1 2
	(b)	the specific conditions of any retail or wholesale licence held or previously held by the person;	3 4 5
	(c)	whether a retail or wholesale licence held or previously held by the person is or has been suspended or cancelled;	6 7 8
	(d)	whether or not the person has contravened this Act, regardless of whether the person has been convicted of an offence for the contravention;	9 10 11 12
	(e)	whether or not the person has contravened a law of the Commonwealth or a State that regulates the supply of smoking products or any substance used in smoking products;	13 14 15 16
	(f)	whether the person has been convicted of an indictable offence relating to fraud, dishonesty, or tax or customs evasion;	17 18 19
	(g)	if the person is an individual—whether the person—	20 21
		(i) is, or has been, an insolvent under administration under the Corporations Act, section 9; or	22 23 24
		(ii) is, or has been, disqualified from managing corporations under the Corporations Act, part 2D.6;	25 26 27
	(h)	if the person is a corporation—whether the corporation is, or has been, placed into administration, receivership or liquidation.	28 29 30
(2)	proj	o, in deciding whether a person is a fit and per person to be a licensee, the chief executive have regard to—	31 32 33
	(a)	if the licensee is a corporation—	34

	(i) whether or not a director of the corporation has contravened this Act, regardless of whether the person has been convicted of an offence for the contravention; and	1 2 3 4 5
	(ii) whether or not a director of the corporation has contravened a law of the Commonwealth or a State that regulates the supply of smoking products or any substance used in smoking products; and	6 7 8 9 10 11
	(b) any other matter the chief executive considers relevant.	12 13
(3)	However, a liquor licensee is taken to be a fit and proper person to be a licensee for a retail licence (liquor) unless the liquor licence is suspended.	14 15 16
7ZD Cri	minal history report	17
(1)	This section applies if the chief executive is considering whether a person is a fit and proper person to be a licensee.	18 19 20
(2)	The chief executive may ask the commissioner of the police service for a criminal history report about—	21 22 23
	(a) the person being considered; and	24
	(b) if the person being considered is a corporation—a person who is a director of the corporation.	25 26 27
(3)	However, the chief executive may make the request only if the person has given the chief executive written consent for the request.	28 29 30
(4)	The commissioner of the police service must comply with the request.	31 32
(5)	However, the duty to comply applies only to	33

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	information in the possession of the commissioner of the police service or to which the commissioner has access.	1 2 3
(6)	The chief executive must ensure any information received under this section—	4 5
	(a) is destroyed as soon as practicable after the information is no longer needed for the purpose for which it was requested; and	6 7 8
	(b) is not used for any purpose other than the purpose for which it was requested.	9 10
	Example—	11
	Reusing the information for another matter involving the person to which the information relates.	12 13 14
(7)	For subsection (6)(a), information in an electronic document may be destroyed in a way that complies with an authority given by the archivist under the <i>Public Records Act 2002</i> for the disposal of public records of the department.	15 16 17 18 19
Subdiv	vision 2 Additional information and	20
	inspections of premises	21
7ZE Red	questing further information or documents	22
(1)	This section applies if any of the following applications are made—	23 24
	(a) an application for a retail or wholesale licence under section 7F;	25 26
	(b) an application to renew a retail or wholesale licence under section 7M;	27 28
	(c) an application to restore a retail or wholesale licence under section 7N;	29 30

	(d) an application to change a specific condition of a retail or wholesale licence under section 7S.	1 2 3
(2)	The chief executive may, by written notice given to the applicant, ask the applicant for further information or a document the chief executive needs to decide the application.	4 5 6 7
(3)	The notice must be given to the applicant within 30 days after the application is made.	8 9
(4)	Information or documents given to the chief executive by the applicant under this section are taken to be part of the application and must be considered by the chief executive before deciding the application.	10 11 12 13 14
(5)	If the applicant does not give the chief executive requested information or documents within 14 days after receiving the notice, or the later day agreed to by the applicant and the chief executive, the application is taken to have been withdrawn.	15 16 17 18 19
7ZF Red	questing inspection of premises	20
(1)	This section applies if—	21
	(a) any of the following applications is made—	22
	(i) an application for a retail or wholesale licence made under section 7F;	23 24
	(ii) an application to renew a retail or wholesale licence made under section 7M;	25 26 27
	(iii) an application to restore a retail or wholesale licence made under section 7N;	28 29 30
	(iv) an application to change a specific condition of a retail or wholesale licence made under section 75; or	31 32

	(b) a licensee notifies the chief executive of a change of premises for a retail or wholesale outlet.	1 2 3
(2)	The chief executive may, by written notice given to the applicant or licensee, ask the applicant or licensee to ensure premises mentioned in the application or notice given to the chief executive are made available for inspection by the chief executive on—	4 5 6 7 8 9
	(a) the day stated in the written notice; or	10
	(b) a day to be agreed between the applicant and the chief executive.	11 12
(3)	The written notice must be given to the applicant or licensee within 30 days after the application is made or notice is given to the chief executive.	13 14 15
(4)	The day on which the premises are requested to be made available for inspection by the chief executive must be within 14 days after the day the written notice is given to the applicant or licensee.	16 17 18 19
(5)	If the premises are not made available for inspection by the chief executive on the stated or agreed day, the application is taken to have been withdrawn.	20 21 22 23
	Note—	24
	Failure of a licensee to make premises available for inspection in compliance with a request under this section is grounds for suspending or cancelling a retail or wholesale licence under section 7Y or 7Z.	25 26 27 28
Subdiv	vision 3 Executors, administrators and trustees as licensees	29 30
7ZG Dea	ath of licensee	31
(1)	This section applies if a licensee, who is an individual, dies (the <i>deceased</i>).	32 33

(2)	The executor of the deceased's estate may carry on the business conducted under the retail or wholesale licence as the licensee.	1 2 3
	Note—	4
	Under section 7ZJ, the executor must notify the chief executive if the executor, administrator or trustee becomes the licensee.	5 6 7
(3)	If the executor carries on the business conducted under the retail or wholesale licence, the executor—	8 9 10
	(a) is taken to be the licensee; and	11
	(b) is taken to be a fit and proper person to be a licensee despite section 7ZC.	12 13
(4)	However, the executor may, as licensee, apply to renew or restore the retail or wholesale licence only if the chief executive is satisfied the renewal or restoration is necessary for the proper administration of the deceased's estate.	14 15 16 17 18
(5)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that the retail or wholesale licence continues to be subject to all limitations applying to the licence, including, for example, the term of the licence and all conditions applying to the licence.	19 20 21 22 23
(6)	Nothing in this section prevents the retail or wholesale licence being suspended or cancelled while the executor is licensee under this section.	24 25 26
(7)	In this section—	27
	executor, of a deceased's estate, means the executor, administrator or trustee of the deceased's estate.	28 29 30
	ensee is placed into administration, eivership or liquidation	31 32
(1)	This section applies if a licensee is a corporation and is placed into administration, receivership or	33 34

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		liquidation.	1
	(2)	The administrator of the corporation may carry on the business conducted under the retail or wholesale licence as the licensee.	2 3 4
		Note—	5
		Under section 7ZJ, the administrator must notify the chief executive if the administrator becomes the licensee.	6 7 8
	(3)	If the administrator of the corporation decides to carry on the business conducted under the retail or wholesale licence, the administrator—	9 10 11
		(a) is taken to be the licensee; and	12
		(b) is taken to be a fit and proper person to be a licensee despite section 7ZC.	13 14
	(4)	However, the administrator may, as licensee, apply to renew or restore the retail or wholesale licence only if the chief executive is satisfied the renewal or restoration is necessary for the administration, receivership or liquidation.	15 16 17 18 19
	(5)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that the retail or wholesale licence continues to be subject to all limitations applying to the licence, including, for example, the term of the licence and all conditions applying to the licence.	20 21 22 23 24
	(6)	Nothing in this section prevents the retail or wholesale licence being suspended or cancelled while the administrator is licensee under this section.	25 26 27 28
Dίν	/isio	on 8 Obligations of licensees	29
7 Z I	Not	ification of convictions	30
	(1)	This section applies if a licensee is convicted of any of the following offences during the term of	31 32

	the retail or wholesale licence—	1
	(a) an offence against this Act;	2
	(b) an offence against a law of the Commonwealth or a State that regulates the supply of smoking products or any substance used in smoking products;	3 4 5 6
	(c) an offence relating to fraud, dishonesty, or tax or customs evasion;	7 8
	(d) an indictable offence.	9
(2)	The licensee must, within 14 days after being convicted of the offence, give notice of the conviction to the chief executive, unless the licensee has a reasonable excuse.	10 11 12 13
	Maximum penalty—140 penalty units.	14
(3)	The notice must state—	15
	(a) the date of the conviction; and	16
	(b) details adequate to identify the relevant offence for the conviction and when the offence was committed; and	17 18 19
	(c) the sentence imposed, if any, for the conviction.	20 21
7ZJ Not	tification of particular events	22
(1)	This section applies if any of the following events happen in relation to a licence—	23 24
	(a) if the licensee is an individual—	25
	(i) the licensee is an insolvent under administration under the Corporations Act, section 9; or	26 27 28
	(ii) the licensee is disqualified from managing corporations under the Corporations Act part 2D 6:	29 30 31

	(b)	an executor, administrator or trustee becomes the licensee under section 7ZG;	1 2
	(c)	if the licensee is a corporation—	3
		(i) the corporation is placed into administration, receivership or liquidation; or	4 5 6
		(ii) there is a change of directors for the corporation;	7 8
	(d)	an administrator becomes the licensee under section 7ZH;	9 10
	(e)	if the licensee sells smoking products at liquor licensed premises—the liquor licence for the premises is suspended, cancelled or otherwise ceases to have effect;	11 12 13 14
	(f)	there is a change in the ownership of the business for the retail or wholesale licence;	15 16
	(g)	the premises for a retail or wholesale outlet of the licensee changes;	17 18
	(h)	the name, or business name, of the licensee changes.	19 20
2)	hap	licensee must, within 14 days after the event pens, give notice of the event to the chief cutive, unless the licensee has a reasonable use.	21 22 23 24
	Max	ximum penalty—140 penalty units.	25
3)		notice must state sufficient details to identify event and when the event happened.	26 27
Lic	ence	e to be displayed	28
1)	reta who can	censee must display an approved copy of the il or wholesale licence at the retail or blesale outlet for the licence so that the copy be easily read by customers at the outlet at all es the outlet is open.	29 30 31 32 33
	um	25 the buttet is open.	33

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	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	1
(2)	If a licensee sells smoking products by online sale, the licensee must display an approved copy of the retail or wholesale licence on the website for the relevant online shop.	2 3 4 5
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	6
(3)	If requested by an authorised person, a licensee must produce the retail or wholesale licence for inspection by the authorised person.	7 8 9
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	10
(4)	As soon as practicable after a retail or wholesale licence ceases to have effect under section 7E, the licensee must remove any display of the licence at a retail outlet, wholesale outlet or online shop.	11 12 13 14
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	15
(5)	In this section—	16
	approved copy, of a retail or wholesale licence, means a copy of the licence that—	17 18
	(a) complies with the requirements prescribed by regulation; and	19 20
	(b) contains the information about the licence prescribed by regulation.	21 22
7ZL Inv	oices for supply to retailers	23
(1)	This section applies if either of the following licensees supplies a smoking product to a retailer—	24 25 26
	(a) a licensee for a wholesale licence;	27
	(b) a licensee for a retail licence to which a limited wholesale condition applies.	28 29
(2)	The licensee must give the retailer an invoice for the sale that is in English and that otherwise complies with the requirements prescribed by	30 31 32

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	regulation.	1
	Maximum penalty—140 penalty units.	2
(3)	The retailer must keep a copy of the invoice for at least 2 years after being given the invoice.	3 4
	Maximum penalty—140 penalty units.	5
7ZM Ch par	ief executive may require licensee to give ticular information	6 7
(1)	This section applies to information in the possession or control of a licensee that the chief executive—	8 9 10
	(a) requires to determine whether the licensee is a fit and proper person to be a licensee under section 7ZC; or	11 12 13
	(b) considers necessary for the administration of this Act.	14 15
(2)	The chief executive may, by written notice given to the licensee, require the licensee to give the chief executive the information stated in the notice within a reasonable period of at least 14 days as stated in the notice.	16 17 18 19 20
(3)	The licensee must comply with the notice, unless the licensee has a reasonable excuse.	21 22
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	23
Divisio	on 9 Other offences	24
	olesale to only be made to licensed	25 26
(1)	The licensee for a wholesale licence must not sell a smoking product to a retailer unless the retailer holds a retail licence.	27 28 29

	Maximum penalty—1,000 penalty units.	1
(2)	For subsection (1), a licensee sells a smoking product if—	2 3
	(a) the licensee sells the product; or	4
	(b) an employee of the licensee sells the product in the course of the employee's employment.	5 6 7
(3)	It is a defence to a charge under subsection (1) for the licensee to prove that—	8 9
	(a) an employee sold the smoking product to the retailer; and	10 11
	(b) before the employee sold the smoking product, the licensee had taken prevention measures in relation to the employee.	12 13 14
(4)	This section also applies to a licensee for a retail licence to which a limited wholesale condition applies as if a reference to a wholesale licence were a reference to the retail licence.	15 16 17 18
(5)	In this section—	19
	prevention measures see section 9.	20
7ZO Pa	rticular dealings with licences prohibited	21
	The licensee for a retail or wholesale licence must not—	22 23
	(a) purport to sell or transfer the licence to someone else; or	24 25
	(b) notify or advertise that the licence is available for sale or transfer; or	26 27
	(c) permit or allow someone else to hold out that the person is the holder of the licence.	28 29
	Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	30

7ZP Fal	se or misleading information	1
(1)	A person must not, in relation to a retail or wholesale licence or an application under this Act—	2 3 4
	(a) state anything to the chief executive that the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular; or	5 6 7
	(b) give the chief executive information or a document the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular.	8 9 10
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	11
(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply to a person if the person, when making the statement or giving the information or document—	12 13 14
	(a) tells the chief executive, to the best of the person's ability, how the statement, information or document is false or misleading; and	15 16 17 18
	(b) if the person has, or can reasonably obtain, the correct information—gives the correct information to the chief executive.	19 20 21
Divisio	on 10 Register of licences	22
7ZQ Ch	ief executive must keep register	23
(1)	• •	24 25
(2)	The register must contain the following information for each retail or wholesale licence—	26 27
	(a) the business name for the retail or wholesale outlet for the licence;	28 29
	(b) the address of the retail or wholesale outlet for the licence.	30 31

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	chief executive considers appropriate.	2
(4)	The register is to be kept in the way the chief executive considers appropriate, including, for example, in an electronic form.	3 4 5
(5)	The chief executive may publish information contained in the register, other than personal information, on the department's website.	6 7 8
(6)	In this section—	9
	personal information means personal information within the meaning of the Information Privacy Act 2009, section 12, other than—	10 11 12 13
	(a) the name of a licensee; or	14
	(b) information that is lawfully available to the public.	15 16
Divisio	on 11 Review of decisions	17
Subdiv	vision 1 Preliminary	18
7ZR Def	initions for division	19
	In this division—	20
	affected person, for a decision, means—	21
	(a) if the decision is an original decision—a person who must be given an information	22
	notice for the decision under this part; or	23 24

(3) The register may contain other information the

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	<i>internal review decision</i> means a decision made, or taken to have been made, under section 7ZV on an application for an internal review of an original decision.	1 2 3 4
	<i>original decision</i> means a decision for which an information notice must be given under this part.	5 6
	QCAT information notice , for a decision, means a notice complying with the QCAT Act, section 157(2).	7 8 9
Subdi	vision 2 Internal review	10
7ZS Re	view process must start with internal review	11
	An affected person for an original decision may apply to QCAT for a review of the decision only if a decision on an application for an internal review of the decision has been made, or taken to have been made, under this subdivision.	12 13 14 15 16
7ZT Wh	o may apply for internal review	17
(1)	An affected person for an original decision may apply to the chief executive for a review of the decision under this subdivision (an <i>internal review</i>).	18 19 20 21
(2)	If the affected person has not been given an information notice for the original decision, the affected person may ask the chief executive for an information notice for the decision.	22 23 24 25
(3)	A failure by the chief executive to give the affected person an information notice for the original decision does not limit or otherwise affect the person's right to apply for an internal review of the decision.	26 27 28 29 30

7ZU Re	quirements for application	1
(1)	An application for an internal review of an original decision must—	2 3
	(a) be made in the approved form; and	4
	(b) for a person who has been given an information notice for the decision—include enough information to enable the chief executive to decide the application; and	5 6 7 8
	(c) be made to the chief executive within—	9
	(i) for a person who has been given an information notice for the decision—20 business days after the day the person is given the notice; or	10 11 12 13
	(ii) for a person who has not been given an information notice for the decision—20 business days after the day the person becomes aware of the decision.	14 15 16 17 18
(2)	The chief executive may, at any time, extend the period within which the application may be made.	19 20
(3)	The application does not affect the operation of the original decision or prevent the decision being implemented. Note— Section 7ZW provides for a stay of the original decision.	21 22 23 24 25
7ZV Inte	ernal review	26
(1)	The chief executive must, within 20 business days after receiving an application for an internal review of an original decision—	27 28 29
	(a) review the original decision; and	30
	(b) decide to—	31
	(i) confirm the original decision; or	32

	(ii) amend the original decision; or	1
	(iii) substitute another decision for the original decision; and	2 3
	(c) give the affected person for the original decision a QCAT information notice for the decision made under paragraph (b).	4 5 6
(2)	The chief executive and the affected person may, before the period stated in subsection (1) ends, agree to a longer period for the chief executive to comply with the subsection.	7 8 9 10
(3)	For the purpose of delegating the power under this section, the application may be dealt with only by a person who—	11 12 13
	(a) did not make the original decision; and	14
	(b) holds a more senior office than the person who made the original decision.	15 16
(4)	Subsection (3) does not apply to an original decision made by the chief executive personally.	17 18
(5)	If the chief executive does not give the affected person a QCAT information notice within the period required under subsection (1) or a longer period agreed under subsection (2), the chief executive is taken to confirm the original decision.	19 20 21 22 23 24
Subdiv	vision 3 Stays	25
7ZW QC	CAT may stay operation of original decision	26
(1)	If an application is made for an internal review of an original decision under subdivision 2, the applicant may immediately apply, as provided under the QCAT Act, to QCAT for a stay of the decision.	27 28 29 30 31

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			(2)	QCAT may make an order staying the operation of the original decision to secure the effectiveness of the internal review and any later review by QCAT.	1 2 3 4
			(3)	A stay by QCAT under this section—	5
				(a) may be given on conditions QCAT considers appropriate; and	6 7
				(b) operates for the period fixed by QCAT; and	8
				(c) may be amended or revoked by QCAT.	9
			(4)	The period of a stay by QCAT under this section must not extend past the end of the period within which an application for a review of the internal review decision may be made under the QCAT Act.	10 11 12 13 14
			Subdiv	vision 4 External review	15
			7ZX Ap	plying for external review	16
			(1)	This section applies to a person who must be given a QCAT information notice for an internal review decision under section 7ZV.	17 18 19
			(2)	The person may apply to QCAT, as provided under the QCAT Act, for a review of the internal review decision.	20 21 22
				Note—	23
				The QCAT Act, section 22(3) enables QCAT to stay the operation of the internal review decision, either on application by a person or on its own initiative.	24 25 26
Clause	8	Am div		f s 9 (Meaning of <i>prevention measures</i> for	27 28
Clause		٠.,	1)		
Clause		(1)	•	lefinition prevention measures, paragraph (a)—	29
Clause			•	lefinition prevention measures, paragraph (a)—	

		(iii)	if the employee is a child—not to supply smoking products to anyone in any circumstances; and	1 2 3
		(iv)	to only supply smoking products as authorised under a retail or wholesale licence applying to the supplier, including all the conditions applying to the licence; and	4 5 6 7 8
(2)			nition <i>prevention measures</i> , paragraph (b), ets to children'—	9 10
	omit, in	sert—		11
		a sr	noking product to a person	12
Ine	ertion o	f now e	QR	13
1113		ction 9A		13
	insert—		•	15
			er must not sell smoking products	16
			licence	17
	(the	upplier must not sell a smoking product unless supplier holds a retail or wholesale licence authorises that type of sale.	18 19 20
		Ma	ximum penalty—1,000 penalty units.	21
	((2) Thi	s section does not apply to—	22
		(a)	a person selling smoking products as an employee of another person; or	23 24
		(b)	a supplier that is a pharmacist if—	25
			(i) the smoking product is a regulated substance; and	26 27
			(ii) the supply is made because of a prescription.	28 29
	((3) In t	his section—	30
		sun	plier includes a person who, as part of a	31

			business activity, supplies smoking products to retailers.	1 2
lause	10	Insertion of ne	ew s 11A	3
		After sectio	n 11—	4
		insert—		5
			pplier must ensure child employees do not ply or handle smoking products	6 7
		(1)	A supplier must ensure a child employee of the supplier does not—	8 9
			(a) supply a smoking product to a person in the course of the child's employment; or	10 11
			(b) handle a smoking product in the course of the child's employment.	12 13
			Maximum penalty—	14
			(a) for a first offence—140 penalty units; or	15
			(b) for a second offence—280 penalty units; or	16
			(c) for a third or later offence—420 penalty units.	17 18
			Note—	19
			See section 57 for the application of this section to a small business.	20 21
		(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply to the supply or handling of a smoking product if—	22 23
			(a) the supplier is a pharmacist; and	24
			(b) the smoking product is a regulated substance; and	25 26
			(c) the supplier only supplies the smoking product to persons under a prescription.	27 28
		(3)	Also, subsection (1) does not apply to the handling of a smoking product if the purpose of the handling is to—	29 30 31

			(a)	deliver smoking products to premises; or	1
			(b)	load smoking products into, or unload smoking products from, a vehicle; or	2 3
			(c)	warehouse smoking products.	4
		(4)	the sup	a defence to a charge under subsection (1) for supplier to prove that, before the supply, the plier took the prevention measures in relation he child employee.	5 6 7 8
		(5)	In t	nis section—	9
			<i>chil</i> chil	d employee means an employee who is a d.	10 11
lause 11	Am	endment o	fs1	2 (When employee of supplier liable)	12
	(1)	Section 12(2), fr	om 'employment' to 'child.'—	13
		omit, insert			14
			emp	oloyment—	15
			(a)	supply a smoking product to a child; or	16
			(b)	sell a smoking product unless the supplier holds a retail or wholesale licence that authorises that type of sale.	17 18 19
	(2)	Section 12-	_		20
		insert—			21
		(3)	Thi	s section does not apply to—	22
			(a)	an employee who is a child; or	23
			(b)	the sale of a smoking product if—	24
				(i) the supplier is a pharmacist; and	25
				(ii) the smoking product is a regulated substance; and	26 27
				(iii) the sale is made under a prescription.	28

Clause	12		2
		(1) Section 13A(1), after 'retail outlets'—	3
		insert—	4
		or online shops	5
		(2) Section 13A(2), '(the <i>contact information</i>)'—	6
		omit, insert—	7
		(the <i>supplier information</i>)	8
		(3) Section 13A(2)—	9
		insert—	10
		· /	11 12
		(4) Section 13A(2)—	13
		insert—	14
			15 16
			17 18
		(5) Section 13A(3) and (5), 'contact information'—	19
		omit, insert—	20
		supplier information	21
Clause	13	Amendment of s 14 (Definitions for div 2)	22
		Section 14, definitions bar and bar area—	23
		omit.	24
Clause	14		25 26
		,	27

omit, insert	<u>-</u>		1
(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to—			
	(a)	liquor licensed premises if—	3
		(i) the liquor licensee for the premises holds a retail licence (liquor); and	4 5
		(ii) the tobacco product vending machine in the premises can be accessed only by the employees of the person in charge of the tobacco product vending machine; or	6 7 8 9 10
	(b)	a tobacco product vending machine while it is not being used by anyone to supply tobacco products.	11 12 13
		Example for paragraph (b)—	14
		A tobacco product vending machine being stored, transported or repaired.	15 16
(3)	vend be a in cl	subsection (2)(a)(ii), a tobacco product ding machine in liquor licensed premises can coessed only by the employees of the person harge of the machine if the machine is in a part ne premises that—	17 18 19 20 21
	(a)	can not be accessed by customers; or	22
		Example—	23
		a locked storage area	24
	(b)	the liquor licensee restricts to employees only.	25 26
		Example—	27
		behind a bar or counter and out of reach of customers	28 29
	ng m	5A (Person in charge of tobacco nachine in bar area or gaming machine employees)	30 31 32
		ading, 'bar area or gaming machine area'—	33
,	.,	6,	55

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		omit, insert—	1
		liquor licensed premises	2
		(2) Section 15A, 'a bar area or gaming machine area'-	_ 3
		omit, insert—	4
		liquor licensed premises	5
Clause	16	Insertion of new s 16A	6
		After section 16—	7
		insert—	8
		16A Supply of smoking products at liquor premises from tobacco product vend machines	
		(1) This section applies if—	12
		(a) tobacco products may be purcha tobacco product vending machir licensed premises; and	
		(b) an employee of the person in ch tobacco product vending mac purchase the tobacco product machine on behalf of a customer.	thine must 17 from the 18
		(2) The employee must not supply the product to the customer at any part of licensed premises other than a point of premises.	f the liquor 21
		Maximum penalty—140 penalty units	. 24
Clause	17	Amendment of s 19 (Supply prohibited)	25
		(1) Section 19, heading, after 'Supply'—	26
		insert—	27
		to children	28
		(2) Section 19(2)—	29

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		omit.	1
Clause	18	Amendment of s 25 (Definitions for pt 2A)	2
		Section 25, definition, <i>smoking product</i> , paragraph (a), after 'loose smoking blend,'—	3 4
		insert—	5
		a thing that is intended to be smoked in a hookah,	6
Clause	19	Replacement of s 26 (Application of div 1)	7
		Section 26—	8
		omit, insert—	9
		26 Application of division	10
		(1) This division applies to the display and advertisement of smoking products by suppliers.	11 12
		(2) To remove any doubt, it is declared that if a supplier displays or advertises a smoking product, it is irrelevant that the display or advertisement uses a description or colloquialism for the smoking product instead of the ordinary name of the product.	13 14 15 16 17
		Examples—	19
		smoke-less products, tobacco-free products, vapes	20
		(3) This division does not apply to a tobacco product vending machine.	21 22
Clause	20	Amendment of s 26A (Prohibition on display, and restrictions on advertising, of smoking products)	23 24
		Section 26A(2) and (3), after 'retail outlet'—	25
		insert—	26
		or on an online shop	27

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Clause	21	Amendment of	f s 26HA (Certain business names allowed)	1
		Section 26H	IA(2)—	2
		omit, insert	<u> </u>	3
		(2)	However, a supplier is taken to advertise or display a smoking product if—	4 5
			(a) the supplier advertises or displays a business name that includes anything about the price of smoking products; or	6 7 8
			Example—	9
			Discount Cigs and Tobacco	10
			(b) the supplier advertises or displays more than1 business name mentioned in subsection(1) in relation to a single business.	11 12 13
		(3)	For subsection (2), advertising includes using all mediums of communication, whether alone or in any combination.	14 15 16
			Example—	17
			radio advertisements using different business names for each advertisement to target or attract specific consumer groups	18 19 20
Clause :	22	Amendment o advertising)	f s 26HB (Use of 'tobacconist' in	21 22
		Section 26H	HB—	23
		insert—		24
		(2)	In this section—	25
			<i>tobacconist</i> means a person who conducts a business selling smoking products by retail if—	26 27
			(a) 80% or more of average gross turnover is derived from the sale of smoking products by retail; and	28 29 30

			(b)	the business is conducted separately from, not in conjunction with, and not within the premises of, any other business.	1 2 3
Clause		Replacement of elevant point		26HC (Display of signage at supplier's ale)	4 5
		Section 26H	HC—		6
		omit, insert			7
				y of signage at supplier's relevant sale	8 9
		(1)		applier must display a mandatory sign at the plier's relevant point of sale.	10 11
			Max	ximum penalty—20 penalty units.	12
		(2)		supplier must not display more than 1 datory sign at the supplier's relevant point of .	13 14 15
			Max	ximum penalty—20 penalty units.	16
		(3)		upplier may display a permitted sign at the plier's relevant point of sale.	17 18
		(4)		vever, a supplier must not display more than 1 nitted sign at the supplier's relevant point of .	19 20 21
			Max	kimum penalty—20 penalty units.	22
		(5)	In th	nis section—	23
				adatory sign means a sign prescribed under a lation as a mandatory sign.	24 25
			_	nitted sign means a sign prescribed under a lation as a permitted sign.	26 27
Clause	24 A	Amendment o	f s 2	6N (Smoking product giveaways)	28
	(1) Section 26N	N, afte	er 'free'—	29
		insert—			30

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				or a	nominal fee	1
		(2)	Section 26	N—		2
			insert—			3
			(3)	In th	is section—	4
					inal fee, for a smoking product, means an unt for the product that—	5 6
				(a)	does not cover the cost of making and supplying the product; or	7 8
				(b)	is significantly less than a recommended retail value for the product.	9 10
lause	25		endment o	of s 26	PA (Image of consumption of smoking	11 12
			Section 26	PA—		13
			insert—			14
			(3)	imag	subsection (1), it is irrelevant whether the ge is displayed as a fixed or moving image, or art of a video.	15 16 17
lause	26	Am	endment o	of s 26	6Q (Definitions for pt 2B)	18
		(1)	Section 26	Q, hea	ding—	19
			omit, inser	t—		20
			26Q De	efinitio	on for part	21
		(2)	Section 26	Q, def	initions <i>licensed premises</i> and <i>licensee</i> —	22
			omit.			23
		(3)	Section 26	Q, def	inition premium gaming room, 'patrons'—	24
			omit, inser	t		25
				custo	omers	26

Clause	27		1
		(1) Section 26U, heading—	3
		omit, insert—	4
			5 6
		(2) Section 26U(1)—	7
		omit, insert—	8
			9 1(
		(a) an authorised person; or	11
		· , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	12 13
			14 15
		(3) Section 26U(2), 'If a person'—	16
		omit, insert—	17
		If the person	18
		(4) Section 26U(2), 'a direction to stop the contravention'—	19
		omit, insert—	20
		the direction	21
Clause	28	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	22 23
		•	24
		omit.	25
Clause	29		26 27
		•	28

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		omit.			1
Clause	30	directed) Section 26	•	erson smoking must stop when	2 3 4
		omit.			5
Clause	31	Amendment of school facility		(Person must not smoke at or near	6 7
		(1) Section 26	•		8
		insert—			9
			students,	community, for a school, means the teachers, parents of students, visitors employees for the school.	10 11 12
		(2) Section 26	VQ(4), def	inition school facility—	13
		insert—			14
			(d) a car	rpark is located if the carpark is—	15
			(i)	adjacent to a school mentioned in paragraph (a), (b) or (c); and	16 17
			(ii)	provided for the exclusive use of the school community of the school.	18 19
Clause	32	Omission of s	s 26VR (Pe	erson smoking must stop when	20
		directed)	•		21
		Section 26	VR—		22
		omit.			23
Clause	33	Omission of s directed)	s 26VT (Pe	erson smoking must stop when	24 25
		Section 26	VT—		26
		omit.			27

Clause	34	Omission of s 26VV (Pers directed)	on smoking must stop when	1 2
		Section 26VV—		3
		omit.		4
Clause	35	Omission of s 26VX (Pers directed)	on smoking must stop when	5 6
		Section 26VX—		7
		omit.		8
Clause	36	Insertion of new pt 2C, div	/ 1. sdiv 1. hda	9
		Before section 26W—	· ·, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10
		insert—		11
			General provisions	12
			•	
Clause	37	Amendment of s 26W (Me drinking place)	aning of <i>outdoor eating or</i>	13 14
		Section 26W(4) and (4A))—	15
		omit.		16
Clause	38	Amendment of s 26X (Per eating or drinking place)	son must not smoke at outdoor	17 18
		Section 26X(2)—		19
		omit, insert—		20
		beyond the	nust not smoke on land within 5m boundary of an outdoor eating or ce (the <i>buffer zone</i>).	21 22 23
		Maximum p	enalty—20 penalty units.	24
		(3) Subsection (2) does not apply to a person—	25

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		(a)	in the buffer zone at residential premises or on residential land; or	1 2	
		(b)	in the buffer zone at business premises; or	3	
		(c)	travelling through the buffer zone in a motor vehicle or on personal transport; or	4 5	
		(d)	walking through the buffer zone.	6	
	(4)	Thi	s section does not apply to—	7	
		(a)	a smoking area set aside under section 26XA or 26ZGA; or	8 9	
		(b)	a designated outdoor smoking area.	10	
clause 39	Insertion of ne	ew s	26XA	11	
	After section	on 26	X—	12	
	insert—			13	
	26XASmoking area at outdoor eating or drinking place				
	(1)	plac	occupier of an outdoor eating or drinking the may set aside a part of the place as an area which smoking is allowed (a <i>smoking area</i>)	16 17 18 19	
		(a)	smoking in the area is not prohibited under this Act, other than under section 26X; or	20 21	
			Example—	22	
			An occupier may not set aside, as a smoking area, an area within 5m of an entrance to an enclosed place, because smoking in that area is prohibited under section 26ZJ.	23 24 25 26	
		(b)	food or drink is not served in the area or the buffers for the area; or	27 28	
		(c)	entertainment is not offered in the area or the buffers for the area.	29 30	
	(2)		occupier of an outdoor eating or drinking be establishes a smoking area at the place by—	31 32	

		(a)	posting a diagram or other notice clearly showing the limits of the area and the buffers for the area; and	1 2 3
		(b)	posting a prominent sign in the area indicating the area as the only part of the outdoor eating or drinking place in which people may smoke; and	4 5 6 7
		(c)	posting a prominent sign in or around the area directing people not to eat or drink within the area or the buffers for the area.	8 9 10
	(3)	plac area	n occupier of an outdoor eating or drinking the establishes a smoking area at the place, the a must be surrounded by a buffer that is at least wide and wholly contained within the place.	11 12 13 14
	(4)		subsection (3), a buffer may be a space, an ect or a structure.	15 16
	(5)	plac area	e occupier of an outdoor eating or drinking the must not set aside a part of the place as an a in which smoking is allowed other than in appliance with subsections (1) to (3).	17 18 19 20
		Max	ximum penalty—140 penalty units.	21
	(6)		s section does not apply to an occupier that is licensee of—	22 23
		(a)	premises to which a commercial hotel licence or community club licence under the <i>Liquor Act 1992</i> applies; or	24 25 26
		(b)	premises, to which a commercial special facility licence under the <i>Liquor Act 1992</i> applies, that contain all or part of a casino.	27 28 29
	endment o	f s 2	6Y (Person smoking must stop when	30 31
(1)	Section 26Y	7, hea	ading—	32
	omit, insert	_		33

	26Y No food or drink to be provided while pers continues smoking after being directed to	
(2)	Section 26Y(1)—	3
	omit, insert—	4
	(1) This section applies if a person contrave section 26X(1) or (2) is directed to stop smooth by—	_
	(a) an authorised person; or	8
	(b) an occupier of the outdoor eating drinking place where the contravention happening; or	_
	(c) an employee or agent of an occumentioned in paragraph (b).	upier 12 13
(3)	Section 26Y(2), 'If a person'—	14
	omit, insert—	1:
	If the person	16
(4)	Section 26Y(2), 'a direction to stop contravention'—	17
	omit, insert—	18
	the direction	19
(5)	Section 26Y(2), after 'section 26X(1)'—	20
	insert—	21
	or (2)	22
Ins	sertion of new pt 2C, div 1, sdiv 2, hdg	23
	After section 26Z—	24
	insert—	25
	Subdivision 2 Provisions for particula liquor licensed premise	

Clause	42	Am are		of s 26ZA (Designating an outdoor smoking	1 2
		(1)	Section 262	ZA(6), 'of the outdoor area'—	3
			omit.		4
		(2)	Section 262	ZA	5
			insert—		6
			(9A)	If a buffer includes a door, the door must remain closed unless customers or employees of the premises are using the door to enter or exit the designated outdoor smoking area.	7 8 9 10
			(9B)	If a buffer includes a window, the window must remain closed while the designated outdoor smoking area is being used.	11 12 13
		(3)	Section 262	ZA(10), from 'designated under' to 'consumed'—	14
			omit, insert	<u></u>	15
				set aside as a smoking area under section 26XA	16
Clause	43			of s 26ZB (Obligations of liquor licensee of designated outdoor smoking area)	17 18
		(1)	Section 262	ZB(2)—	19
			insert—		20
				(e) there are no children in the area.	21
		(2)	Section 262	ZB—	22
			insert—		23
			(2A)	Subsection (2)(e) does not apply in relation to a child if the child merely walks through the designated outdoor smoking area.	24 25 26
Clause	44		nendment o vernment p	f s 26ZD (Person must not smoke within recinct)	27 28
		(1)	Section 262	ZD(1), after 'precinct'—	29

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			insert—				1
				, unless th	ne person has a reas	sonable excuse	2
		(2)	Section 262	ZD—			3
			insert—				4
			(1A)	person w	as not remaining	subsection (1) that the at the government passing through the	5 6 7 8
Clause 4	45		ission of s ected)	26ZE (Pe	rson smoking m	nust stop when	9 10
			Section 262	ZE—			11
			omit.				12
Clause 4	46	Ins	ertion of ne	ew pt 2C,	div 2A		13
			Part 2C—				14
			insert—				15
			Divisio	on 2A	Outdoor ma	rkets	16
			26ZE Pe	erson mus	st not smoke at	an outdoor market	17
			(1)	A person	must not smoke at	an outdoor market.	18
				Maximun	n penalty—20 pena	alty units.	19
			(2)		n (1) does not appunder section 26ZC	ly to a smoking area GA.	20 21
				erson mus door mar	st not smoke nea ket	ar entrance to	22 23
			(1)	market w	vithin 5m of any d entrance to, or e	outside an outdoor y part of a clearly exit from, an outdoor is a reasonable excuse.	24 25 26 27

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	Maxir	nun	n penalty—20 penalty units.	1	
(2)	Subse	ctio	n (1) does not apply to a person—	2	
		t re	esidential premises or on residential or	3	
	(b) a	t bu	siness premises; or	5	
			elling past the entrance in a motor cle or on personal transport; or	6 7	
	(d) v	valk	ing past the entrance.	8	
26ZG O	ffence	by	organiser	9	
(1)	-	iser	on contravenes section 26ZE(1), the of the outdoor market commits an	10 11 12	
	Maxir	nun	n penalty—140 penalty units.	13	
(2)	It is a defence to a charge under subsection (1) for the organiser of the outdoor market to prove that—				
	(a) the organiser was not aware, and could not have reasonably been expected to be aware, that the contravention was happening; or				
			rganiser, or an employee or agent of the niser—	20 21	
	(2	i)	directed the person to stop smoking; and	22 23	
	(:	ii)	told the person it was an offence not to comply with the direction to stop smoking.	24 25 26	
26ZGA	Smoki	na	area	27	
(1)		•	niser of an outdoor market may set aside	28	
` '	a part	of t	the market as an area in which smoking (a <i>smoking area</i>) if smoking in the area	29	

		would not be prohibited under this Act, other than under section 26ZE.	1 2
		Example—	3
		An organiser of an outdoor market may not set aside, as a smoking area, an area within 5m of an entrance to an enclosed place, because smoking in that area is prohibited under section 26ZJ.	4 5 6 7
	(2)	The organiser of an outdoor market establishes a smoking area at the market by—	8 9
		(a) posting a diagram or other notice clearly showing the limits of the area; and	10 11
		(b) posting a prominent sign in the area indicating the area as the only part of the market in which people may smoke; and	12 13 14
		(c) posting a prominent sign in or around the area directing people not to eat or drink within the area or within 5m of the boundary of the area.	15 16 17 18
	(3)	The organiser of an outdoor market must not set aside a part of the market as an area in which smoking is allowed other than in compliance with subsections (1) and (2).	19 20 21 22
		Maximum penalty—140 penalty units.	23
lause 47		of s 26ZKD (Person must not smoke at or ge sporting event)	24 25
	(1) Section 262	ZKD, heading, 'under-age sporting event'—	26
	omit, inser	t—	27
		organised under-age sporting event or organised children's activity	28 29
	(2) Section 262	ZKD—	30
	insert—		31
	(1A)	A person must not smoke in that part of a park or	32

		on a similarly defined area of land being used for an organised children's activity.	1 2
		Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	3
(3)	Section 262	ZKD(2)—	4
	omit, insert	<u></u>	5
	(2)	A person must not smoke on land within 10m beyond the boundary of any of the following places (the <i>buffer zone</i>) when smoking is prohibited under subsection (1) or (1A)—	6 7 8 9
		(a) a sporting ground;	10
		(b) the viewing area for a water sport;	11
		(c) that part of a park or a similarly defined area of land being used for an organised children's activity.	12 13 14
(4)	Section 262	ZKD—	15
	insert—		16
	(3A)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that if an organised children's activity is being conducted in a park or on other land, the activity is not taken to use the entire park or land merely because the activity is being conducted in the park or on the land.	17 18 19 20 21 22
(5)		ZKD(4), definition organised under-age sporting graph (b), 'persons under 18'—	23 24
	omit, insert	<u>. </u>	25
		children	26
(6)	Section 262	ZKD(4)—	27
	insert—		28
		organised children's activity—	29
		(a) means an outdoor activity—	30

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			(i)	conducted by an association or club; and	1 2
			(ii)	organised in advance; and	3
			(iii)	organised for the participation of children; but	4 5
			Exan	nple—	6
			a	supervised activity for Scouts or Girl Guides	7
		(b)	does	s not include—	8
			(i)	an excursion; or	9
			(ii)	attendance at a public event; or	10
			(iii)	a parade in a public place and intended to be viewed by the public.	11 12
				Example for subparagraph (iii)—	13
				a street parade	14
lause	48	Omission of s 26Z directed)	L (Pe	erson smoking must stop when	15 16
		Section 26ZL—	-		17
		omit.			18
lause	49	Amendment of s 2	6ZQ	A (Display of hookahs)	19
		Section 26ZQA	(2)—		20
		omit, insert—			21
		(2) For	subse	ection (1)—	22
		(a)		display of a part of a hookah is taken to he display of a hookah; and	23 24
		(b)		display of packaging for a hookah is on to be the display of a hookah if—	25 26
			(i)	the packaging includes a picture of a hookah; or	27 28

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		(ii) the packaging includes a statement that the package is for a hookah; and	1 2
		(c) the display of a static or moving image of a hookah or a part of a hookah is taken to be the display of a hookah.	3 4 5
	(3)	For subsection (2)(b), it is irrelevant whether the packaging contains a hookah or a part of a hookah.	6 7 8
lause 50	Insertion of ne	ew s 26ZQB	9
	After section	on 26ZQA—	10
	insert—		11
	26ZQB	Supply or possession of illicit tobacco	12
	(1)	A supplier must not supply illicit tobacco.	13
		Maximum penalty—300 penalty units.	14
	(2)	A supplier must not store or otherwise be in possession of illicit tobacco at the premises where the supplier supplies smoking products.	15 16 17
		Maximum penalty—140 penalty units.	18
	(3)	It is a defence to a charge under subsection (2) for the supplier to prove that the illicit tobacco is for personal use by the supplier or an employee of the supplier.	19 20 21 22
	(4)	Subsection (3) does not apply if the quantity of illicit tobacco is a commercial quantity.	23 24
	(5)	In this section—	25
		commercial quantity, for illicit tobacco, means more than the quantity prescribed by regulation.	26 27
		health warning means—	28
		(a) a health warning under the <i>Tobacco Plain Packaging Act 2011</i> (Cwlth), section 4; or	29 30
		(b) a similar warning prescribed by regulation.	31

			illicit tobacco means a smoking product that does not comply with any of the following requirements—	1 2 3
			(a) each plain packaging requirement;	4
			(b) a requirement to include a health warning under a law of the Commonwealth prescribed by regulation;	5 6 7
			(c) another requirement for the smoking product under a law of the Commonwealth prescribed by regulation.	8 9 10
			plain packaging requirement means a tobacco product requirement under the Tobacco Plain Packaging Act 2011 (Cwlth), section 4.	11 12 13
Clause 51	Amendment of s 28 (Appointment)			14
	(1)	Section 28(5)(b) to (d)—	15
		omit, insert	_	16
			(b) section 26VW(1) and (2);	17
			(c) section 50B to the extent it relates to a person smoking in contravention of a section mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b).	18 19 20
	(2)	Section 28-	_	21
		insert—		22
		(5A)	A conservation officer under the <i>Nature Conservation Act 1992</i> is an authorised person and the functions of the officer are to investigate, monitor and enforce compliance with sections 26ZKE and 26ZL.	23 24 25 26 27
		(5B)	A police officer is an authorised person and the functions of the officer are to investigate, monitor and enforce compliance with section 26ZQB.	28 29 30
		(5C)	However, sections 29, 30A, 30D and 30E do not apply in relation to a conservation officer or	31 32

	(5D)	police officer as an authorised person. To remove any doubt, it is declared that the limited function of an authorised person under subsection (5), (5A) or (5B) does not limit the powers the authorised person has under this part	1 2 3 4 5
(2)	g .: 20/	for the performance of the function.	6
(3)	· ·	(5A), from 'with'—	7
	omit, insert	<u></u>	8
		with the following sections—	9
		(a) section 26ZKE;	10
		(b) section 50B to the extent it relates to a person smoking in contravention of section 26ZKE(1).	11 12 13
(4)	Section 28((5B), 'section 26ZQB'—	14
	omit, insert	<u></u>	15
		sections 9B and 26ZQB	16
	endment o sons)	f s 33 (Entry of places by authorised	17 18
(1)	Section 33((2)(b), before 'licensed premises'—	19
	insert—		20
		liquor	21
(2)	Section 33-	_	22
` '	insert—		23
	(4)	After entering a place under this section, an authorised person may remain at the place for a reasonable period to take either of the following actions, regardless of whether the place continues to be open to the public or open for carrying on business—	24 25 26 27 28 29
		(a) exercise a power under section 37;	30

Clause 52

[s 53]	
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	(b) if the entry is made for the purpose of checking compliance with an improvement notice—check compliance with the notice.
	(5) In this section—
	improvement notice see section 44C(2).
se 53	Amendment of s 37 (General powers after entering places)
	(1) Section 37(3)(g)—
	omit, insert—
	(g) require the owner of the place, occupier of the place or another person at the place to give the authorised person information to help the authorised person ascertain—
	(i) whether this Act is being complied with; or
	(ii) if smoking products are sold at the place—the name and contact details of the business that sells the smoking products at the place.
	(2) Section 37—
	insert—
	(5) In this section—
	owner, of a place, includes—
	(a) a lessee for the place; and
	(b) an agent of the owner who is responsible for the management or maintenance of the place.
se 54	Amendment of s 40A (Power to direct person to stop smoking)
	(1) Section 40A(1), 'relevant provision'—

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		0	mit, insert	_		1
				smo	oking prohibition	2
		(2) S	ection 40A	A(4),	definition relevant provision—	3
		0	mit, insert	_		4
				smo	oking prohibition see section 50B(2).	5
Clause	55	Amer	ıdment o	fs4	2D (Forfeiture of seized things)	6
		S	ection 42I), he	ading, after 'things'—	7
		ir	isert—			8
				tha	t can not be returned to owner	9
Clause	56	Inser	tion of ne	ew s	42F	10
		A	fter sectio	n 42	E—	11
		ir	isert—			12
			42F For	feitu	re of illicit tobacco	13
			(1)		chief executive may decide a seized thing is eited to the State if the chief executive—	14 15
				(a)	is satisfied the thing is illicit tobacco; and	16
				(b)	reasonably believes it is necessary to keep the thing to prevent it being used to commit the offence for which it was seized.	17 18 19
			(2)	exe	wever, before making the decision, the chief cutive must give the owner of the seized thing otice stating that—	20 21 22
				(a)	the chief executive believes the seized thing is illicit tobacco and it is necessary to keep the thing to prevent it being used to commit the offence for which it was seized; and	23 24 25 26
				(b)	the chief executive proposes the seized thing be forfeited to the State; and	27 28

			(c) the owner may, within 28 days after being given the notice (the <i>response period</i>), give the chief executive a written response to the belief and proposal.	2
		(3)	Also, before making the decision, the chief executive must consider all responses complying with subsection (2)(c).	
		(4)	If the chief executive decides the seized thing is forfeited to the State, the chief executive must give the owner of the seized thing written notice of the decision and the reasons for the decision.	9
		(5)	However, if a proceeding involving the seized thing was started, the chief executive must not act under subsection (1) until the end of the proceeding or any appeal from the proceeding.	13
		(6)	In this section—	16
			seized thing means a thing seized under section 40B or 41.	. 17 18
Clause 57	Ame	endment o	f s 44C (Improvement notices)	19
Clause 57			of s 44C (Improvement notices) C(3)(d) and (e)—	19 20
Clause 57	(1)		C(3)(d) and (e)—	
Clause 57	(1)	Section 440	C(3)(d) and (e)—	20 21 22
Clause 57	(1)	Section 440	C(3)(d) and (e)— (d) each of the following statements that is	20 21 22 23
Clause 57	(1)	Section 440	C(3)(d) and (e)— (d) each of the following statements that is relevant— (i) that the person must immediately cease	20 21 22 23 24 25
Clause 57	(1)	Section 440	C(3)(d) and (e)— (d) each of the following statements that is relevant— (i) that the person must immediately cease the contravention; (ii) that the person must not continue or repeat the contravention.	20 21 22 23 24 25 26
Clause 57	(1)	Section 440 omit, insert	C(3)(d) and (e)— (d) each of the following statements that is relevant— (i) that the person must immediately cease the contravention; (ii) that the person must not continue or repeat the contravention.	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

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			[5 60]	
		step	rovement notice may state the reasonable is the person must take to remedy the travention.	1 2 3
	(3B)	the or l mus	ne improvement notice states reasonable steps person must take to remedy the contravention ikely contravention, the improvement notice st state the reasonable period during which the son must take the steps.	4 5 6 7 8
(3)	Section 440	C—		9
	insert—			10
	(5)	and con	section (4) does not prevent the prosecution punishment of the person for the travention for which the person was given the rovement notice.	11 12 13 14
Ins	ertion of ne	w s	s 50A and 50B	15
	After section	n 50-	_	16
	insert—			17
	50A Per	son	smoking may be directed to stop	18
		con 26V	a person (the <i>smoker</i>) is smoking in travention of a section 26R(1), 26VH(1), VL(1), 26X(1) or (2) or 26ZE(1), the following sons may direct the smoker to stop smoking—	19 20 21 22
		(a)	for a contravention of section 26R(1) at an enclosed place—	23 24
			(i) an occupier of the place; or	25
			(ii) an employee or agent of the occupier;	26
		(b)	for a contravention of section 26VH(1) at a major sports facility—	27 28
			(i) an occupier of the facility; or	29

Clause 58

		(ii)	an occupier of the part of the facility where the contravention is happening; or	1 2 3
		(iii)	an employee or agent of an occupier mentioned in subparagraph (i) or (ii);	4 5
	(c)		a contravention of section 26VL(1) at a or event facility—	6 7
		(i)	the major event organiser for the facility; or	8 9
		(ii)	the major event organiser for the part of the facility where the contravention is happening; or	10 11 12
		(iii)	an employee or agent of a major event organiser mentioned in subparagraph (i) or (ii);	13 14 15
	(d)		a contravention of section 26X(1) or (2) n outdoor eating or drinking place—	16 17
		(i)	an occupier of the place; or	18
		(ii)	an employee or agent of the occupier;	19
	(e)		a contravention of section 26ZE(1) at an loor market—	20 21
		(i)	the organiser of the outdoor market; or	22
		(ii)	an employee or agent of the organiser.	23
	Note	·—		24
			norised person also has the power to direct the to stop smoking under section 40A.	25 26
50B Pe	rson	smo	king must stop when directed	27
(1)			smoking in contravention of a smoking	28
	-		on must comply with a direction to stop	29
			made to the person by an authorised	30
	pers 50A		another person authorised under section	31

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		Maximum	n penalty-	-20 penalty un	nits.	1
	(2)	In this sec	ction—			2
		26VH(1), (2), 26VS 26X(1) o 26ZI(1),	26VL(1) 6(1), 26V or (2), 2 26ZJ(1) or (2), 2	, 26VO(1) or (U(1) or (2), 26 6ZD(1), 26ZF), 26ZK(1),	ection 26R(1), 2), 26VQ(1) or 5VW(1) or (2), F(1), 26ZH(1), 26ZKA(1), KD(1), (1A) or	5 6 7
lause 59	Insertion of ne	ew pt 3, di	v 6			10
	Part 3—					11
	insert—					12
	Divisio	n 6	Appe	als for part	icular	13
			forfei	ture decisi	ons	14
	50C Def	inition fo	r divisio	n		15
		In this div	ision—			16
					ion of the chief o under section	17 18 19
	50D App	pealing fo	rfeiture	decision		20
	(1)			es to a person e of a forfeiture	who must be decision.	21 22
	(2)	(the <i>court</i>) against t		gistrates Court ecision by filing ar of the court.	
	(3)	The notice of the app		al must state fu	lly the grounds	26 27
	(4)	-			f appeal within the forfeiture	28 29

	decision is given to the person or the person otherwise becomes aware of the decision.	1 2
(5)	However, the court may, on application and at any time, extend the time for filing the notice of appeal.	3 4 5
(6)	The person must serve a copy of the notice of appeal, and any application to extend the time for filing the notice of appeal, on the chief executive.	6 7 8
(7)	The appeal does not affect the operation of the forfeiture decision or prevent the forfeiture decision being implemented.	9 10 11
50E Sta	ying operation of decision	12
(1)	A person mentioned in section 50D(1) may apply to the court for a stay of the operation of the forfeiture decision.	13 14 15
(2)	The court may, by order, stay the operation of the forfeiture decision to secure the effectiveness of the appeal.	16 17 18
(3)	The court may stay the operation of the forfeiture decision on conditions the court considers appropriate.	19 20 21
(4)	The stay operates for the period decided by the court.	22 23
(5)	However, the period of the stay must not extend past the time when the court decides the appeal.	24 25
50F Pov	wers of court on appeal	26
(1)	When deciding the appeal against a forfeiture decision, the court—	27 28
	(a) has the same powers as the chief executive in making the forfeiture decision; and	29 30
	(b) is not bound by the rules of evidence; and	31

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	(c) must comply with natural justice.	1
(2)	An appeal is by way of rehearing.	2
(3)	The court may—	3
	(a) confirm the forfeiture decision; or	4
	(b) substitute another decision for the forfeiture decision; or	5 6
	(c) set aside the forfeiture decision and return the matter to the chief executive with directions the court considers appropriate.	7 8 9
50G Eff	ect of court's decision on appeal	10
(1)	If the court substitutes another decision for the forfeiture decision—	11 12
	(a) the substituted decision is taken to be a decision of the chief executive; and	13 14
	(b) the chief executive may give effect to the substituted decision as if—	15 16
	(i) the substituted decision were the forfeiture decision made by the chief executive; and	17 18 19
	(ii) no application for appeal of the forfeiture decision had been made.	20 21
(2)	If the court sets aside the forfeiture decision and returns the matter to the chief executive with directions, any decision made by the chief executive in accordance with the directions may not be appealed against under this division.	22 23 24 25 26
Incombine of	ow eo F2 F2D	25
After section		27
insert—	JI JIC—	28 29
1113611—		29

Clause 60

52	Confidentiality of information					
	(1)	This section applies to confidential information that an administrator—	2 3			
		(a) obtains in performing a function under this Act; or	4 5			
		(b) obtains access to, whether directly or indirectly, from a person performing a function under this Act.	6 7 8			
	(2)	The administrator must not, directly or indirectly, disclose the confidential information to another person unless the disclosure is permitted under subsection (3).	9 10 11 12			
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	13			
	(3)	An administrator is permitted to disclose confidential information to another person if—	14 15			
		(a) the person to whom the information relates consents to the disclosure; or	16 17			
		(b) the disclosure is made for the administration of this Act; or	18 19			
		(c) the disclosure is necessary for the performance of a function or exercise of a power under this Act; or	20 21 22			
		(d) the disclosure is required or permitted by law; or	23 24			
		(e) the disclosure is in a form that does not identify the person to whom the information relates.	25 26 27			
	(4)	In this section—	28			
		administrator means—	29			
		(a) the chief executive; or	30			
		(b) an authorised person; or	31			

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	(c) another person who is, or was, employed in the department in which this Act is, or was, administered.	1 2 3
	confidential information—	4
	(a) means personal information within the meaning of the <i>Information Privacy Act</i> 2009, section 12; but	5 6 7
	(b) does not include information that is lawfully available to the public.	8 9
	closure of information to entities forming relevant functions	10 11
(1)	This section applies to information a person obtains in performing a function or exercising a power under this Act.	12 13 14
(2)	The chief executive may disclose the information to—	15 16
	(a) an entity of the Commonwealth or a State, for performing the entity's functions relating to the regulation of the supply of smoking products; or	17 18 19 20
	(b) a law enforcement agency, for the purposes of detecting, investigating, preventing or prosecuting an offence in relation to a regulated substance under the <i>Medicines and Poisons Act 2019</i> , section 17; or	21 22 23 24 25
	(c) another entity, for a purpose prescribed by regulation.	26 27
(3)	However, the chief executive may disclose the information to an entity under subsection (2) only if satisfied—	28 29 30
	(a) the disclosure is reasonably necessary for the entity to exercise its functions; and	31 32

	(b) the information will be collected, stored and used by the entity in a way that protects the privacy of the persons to whom the information relates from unjustified intrusion.	1 2 3 4 5
	ly chief executive may commence ticular proceedings	6 7
(1)	This section applies to a proceeding for an offence against this Act arising from a police officer exercising a power under this Act as an authorised person.	8 9 10 11
(2)	Only the chief executive may commence the proceeding.	12 13
(3)	The commissioner of the police service must comply with a written request made by the chief executive for a report about the following—	14 15 16
	(a) the exercise of the power by the police officer;	17 18
	(b) the evidence of the offence that the police officer obtained from exercising the power.	19 20
52C App	proved forms	21
	The chief executive may approve forms for use under this Act.	22 23
52D Del	egation	24
(1)	The chief executive may delegate the chief executive's functions under this Act to an appropriately qualified person.	25 26 27
(2)	A delegation of a function under subsection (1) may not permit the subdelegation of the function.	28 29
(3)	In this section—	30

			functions	s includes powers.	1
Clause	61	Amendment o	of s 53 (Re	egulation-making power)	2
		Section 53-			3
		insert—			4
		(4)	_	ion may prescribe general conditions for wholesale licences.	5 6
		(5)	that requi	tion may prescribe a general condition res a licensee to provide employees with training about supplying smoking	7 8 9 10
		(6)	_	ation may be made about fees for ons and other matters under part 1A.	11 12
		(7)	Without may—	limiting subsection (6), a regulation	13 14
			` '	nade about the refund or waiver of all or of a fee; or	15 16
			part	cribe that a fee for an application under 1A may be charged on a pro rata basis ing to the term of a retail or wholesale ace.	17 18 19 20
		(8)	In this se	ction—	21
			general c	<i>conditions</i> see section 7D(2).	22
Clause	62	Insertion of no	ew pt 5, d	iv 1, hdg	23
		Before sect	ion 54—		24
		insert—			25
		Divisio	on 1	Transitional provision for	26
				Tobacco and Other	27
				Smoking Products	28
				Amendment Act 2004	29

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Clause 63			•		1 2	
	insert-	section 54—				
			. n O	Transitional provisions (3	
	ווט	/isio) Z	Transitional provisions f		
				Tobacco and Other	5	
				Smoking Products	6	
				Amendment Act 2023	7	
	55			mplementation for particular busine llowed	ess 8 9	
		(1)		section applies if a supplier uses more that—	an 1 1(
			(a)	includes a reference to a smoking prod and	uct; 12	
			(b)	was registered before the commencemen	ıt. 14	
		(2)	Sect unti	on 26HA(2)(b) does not apply to the supp	olier 15 16	
			(a)	the supplier renews the registration of methan 1 of the business names under <i>Business Names Registration Act</i> 2 (Cwlth); or	the 18	
			(b)	the registration of the business names cancelled or otherwise ends under <i>Business Names Registration Act</i> 2 (Cwlth).	the 22	
Clause 64	Insertion	of ne	w s	6	25	
	Part 5,	divis	sion 2	_	26	
	insert-	_			27	
	56	Ren	numb	ering of Act	28	
		(1)	On	the commencement of this section,	the 29	

	provisions of this Act are amended by numbering and renumbering the provisions in the same way as a reprint may be numbered and renumbered under the <i>Reprints Act 1992</i> , section 43.	1 2 3 4
(2)	The numbering and renumbering under subsection (1) is to allocate a number to each section inserted by a later amendment as if that later amendment had commenced.	5 6 7 8
(3)	Each reference to a provision of this Act in any of the following Acts is amended, when the renumbering under subsection (1) happens, by omitting the reference to the provision and inserting a reference to the provision as renumbered—	9 10 11 12 13 14
	(a) this Act;	15
	(b) the <i>Forestry Act 1959</i> , section 62A(4), definition <i>smoking product</i> ;	16 17
	(c) the <i>Police Powers and Responsibilities Act</i> 2000, sections 42, 43 and 60(3)(i);	18 19
	(d) the <i>Recreation Areas Management Act</i> 2006, section 115(5), definition <i>smoking</i> product.	20 21 22
(4)	A reference to a provision of this Act, in a later amendment, is taken to be a reference to the provision as renumbered under subsection (1).	23 24 25
(5)	If a later amendment inserts a section into this Act, when inserted, the number of the section is amended by renumbering it with the number allocated to it under subsection (2).	26 27 28 29
(6)	Each reference to a provision of this Act in a provision or words inserted into this Act by a later amendment is amended, when inserted, by omitting the reference to the provision and inserting a reference to the provision as renumbered under subsection (1)	30 31 32 33 34

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		(7)	This section does not limit the Reprints Act 1992.	1
		(8)	This section expires on 2 September 2024.	2
		(9)	In this section—	3
			amending Act means the Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Amendment Act 2023.	4 5
			<i>later amendment</i> means a provision of the amending Act that commences after 1 September 2023.	6 7 8
lause 65	Insertion o	of ne	ew ss 57 and 58	9
	Part 5,	divis	sion 2—	10
	insert–	_		11
	57	Sta	ged implementation for small businesses	12
		(1)	Section 11A does not apply to a small business until the day that is 1 year after the commencement of that section.	13 14 15
		(2)	The additional preventative measure stated in section 9, definition <i>prevention measures</i> , paragraph (a)(iii) does not apply to a small business until the day that is 1 year after the commencement of that section.	16 17 18 19 20
		(3)	In this section—	21
			small business means a supplier that employs less than 20 employees.	22 23
	58		etions 9B and 12 do not apply while ticular applications undecided	24 25
		(1)	This section applies if—	26
			(a) a person or partnership applies for a retail or wholesale licence under part 1A before the commencement of section 9B (each a <i>proposed licensee</i>); and	27 28 29 30

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			(b) the application has not been decided or withdrawn before the commencement of section 9B.	1 2 3
		(2)	Section 9B does not apply to the proposed licensee until the application is decided or withdrawn, whichever occur first.	4 5 6
		(3)	Section 12(2)(b) does not apply to an employee of the proposed licensee until the application is decided or withdrawn, whichever occur first.	7 8 9
Clause 66	An	nendment o	of sch (Dictionary)	10
	(1)	Schedule, cand tobacco	definitions licensed premises, licensee, retail outlet onist—	11 12
		omit.		13
	(2)	Schedule—	_	14
		insert—		15
			<i>affected person</i> , for part 1A, division 11, see section 7ZR.	16 17
			approved form means a form approved by the chief executive under section 52C.	18 19
			<i>forfeiture decision</i> , for part 3, division 6, see section 50C.	20 21
			illicit tobacco see section 26ZQB(5).	22
			information notice, for part 1A, see section 7A.	23
			<i>internal review</i> , for part 1A, division 11, see section 7ZT(1).	24 25
			<i>internal review decision</i> , for part 1A, division 11, see section 7ZR.	26 27
			licensed retailer, for part 1A, see section 7A.	28
			<i>licensee</i> means the holder of a retail or wholesale licence.	29 30
			limited wholesale condition see section 7B(3).	31

liquor licensed premises means—	1
(a) licensed premises under the <i>Liquor Act</i> 1992; or	2 3
(b) a place with a permit under the <i>Liquor Act</i> 1992; or	4 5
(c) licensed premises under the <i>Wine Industry Act 1994</i> ; or	6 7
(d) a place with a permit under the Wine Industry Act 1994.	8 9
liquor licensee means a person who, under the Liquor Act 1992 or the Wine Industry Act 1994, holds a licence or permit for liquor licensed premises.	10 11 12 13
multi-unit residential accommodation means hotels, motels, hostels, boarding houses, residential accommodation comprising lots in a community titles scheme and other similar accommodation.	14 15 16 17 18
online sale, for part 1A, see section 7A.	19
online shop means a website for a business that enables customers to purchase products or services from the business.	20 21 22
<i>original decision</i> , for part 1A, division 11, see section 7ZR.	23 24
QCAT information notice , for part 1A, division 11, see section 7ZR.	25 26
residential land means land on which residential premises may lawfully be built.	27 28
retailer see section 7A.	29
retail licence see section 7A.	30
retail licence (liquor) see section 7A.	31
retail outlet see section 5B.	32

		<i>specific conditions</i> , for part 1A, see section 7D(1).	1 2
		wholesale licence see section 7A.	3
		wholesale outlet see section 5C.	4
(3)	Schedule—		5
	insert—		6
		assisted mobility device means a device that is—	7
		(a) designed to transport a person who is unable to walk or has difficulty in walking; and	8 9
		(b) powered by a motor; and	10
		(c) capable of being controlled by the person using it.	11 12
		<i>personal transport</i> means a bicycle, scooter, skateboard or assisted mobility device.	13 14
(4)	Schedule, d	efinitions <i>bar</i> and <i>bar area</i> —	15
	omit.		16
(5)	Schedule—		17
	insert—		18
		<i>prescription</i> see the <i>Medicines and Poisons Act</i> 2019, schedule 1.	19 20
		regulated substance means—	21
		(a) a regulated substance under the <i>Medicines</i> and <i>Poisons Act 2019</i> , section 17; or	22 23
		(b) another substance prescribed by regulation.	24
(6)	Schedule, definition administering executive—		
	insert—		26
		(e) for a conservation officer, as an authorised person under section 28(5A)—the chief executive of the department administering the <i>Nature Conservation Act 1992</i> ; or	27 28 29 30

|--|

	(f) for a police officer, as an authorised person under section 28(5B)—the commissioner of the police service.	1 2 3
(7)	Schedule, definition <i>person in charge</i> , 'licensee of licensed premises'—	4 5
	omit, insert—	6
	liquor licensee of liquor licensed premises	7

Sch	nedule 1	Other amendments	1
		section 3	2
Tob	acco and Ot	her Smoking Products Act 1998	3
1	Section 14, opremises'— insert—	definitions bar and bar area, before 'licensed liquor	4 5 6 7
2	Section 15(2 insert—	liquor	8 9 10
3	Section 16(1 insert—) and 17(4), before 'licensed premises'—	11 12 13
4	Section 26M omit, inse	(3), from 'It is a defence' to 'proves that'— ert— It is a defence to a charge under subsection (1) for the defendant to prove that	14 15 16 17
5	Section 26Reaccommoda	(4), definition <i>multi-unit residential</i> tion—	18 19 20

Section 26S(2	2), 'licensee'—	1
omit, inser	<i>t</i> —	2
	liquor licensee	3
Section 26U(3	3), from 'However' to 'prove that'—	4
omit, inser	<i>t</i> —	5
	It is a defence to a charge under subsection (2) for the second person to prove that	6 7
Section 26V(2	2), from 'However' to 'prove'—	8
omit, inser	<i>t</i> —	9
	It is a defence to a charge under subsection (1) for the occupier to prove	10 11
Section 26VD	, 'for an offence against'—	12
omit, inser	<i>t</i> —	13
	under	14
Section 26VJ	(2), from 'However' to 'prove'—	15
omit, inser	<i>t</i> —	16
	It is a defence to a charge under subsection (1) for the occupier to prove	17 18
Section 26VN	(2), from 'However' to 'prove'—	19
omit, inser	<i>t</i> —	20
	It is a defence to a charge under subsection (1) for the major event organiser to prove	21 22

12	Section 26VO(3)(a), 'land on which residential premises may lawfully be built'—	1 2
	omit, insert—	3
	residential land	4
40	04	_
13	Section 26VQ(3)(a), 'land on which residential premises may lawfully be built'—	5 6
	omit, insert—	7
	residential land	8
14	Section 26VU(4)(a), 'land on which residential premises	9
	may lawfully be built'—	10
	omit, insert—	11
	residential land	12
15	Section 26VU(5), after 'defence to'—	13
	insert—	14
	a charge under	15
16	Section 26VW(4)(a), 'land on which residential premises	16
10	may lawfully be built'—	17
	omit, insert—	18
	residential land	19
17	Section 26W(1)(c)(i), examples, 'patrons'—	20
	omit, insert—	21
	customers	22
18	Section 26W(1)(c)(ii), examples, 'eat'—	23
	omit, insert—	24
	consume	25

Section 2	26W(1)(c)(iii), before 'licensed premises'—	1
inseri	<i>t</i> —	2
	liquor	3
Section 2	26W(5), definition <i>multi-unit residential</i> odation—	4 5
omit.		6
Section 2	26Y(3), from 'However' to 'prove'—	7
omit,	insert—	8
	It is a defence to a charge under subsection (2) for the second person to prove	9 10
Section 2	26Z(2), from 'However' to 'prove'—	11
omit,	insert—	12
	It is a defence to a charge under subsection (1) for the occupier to prove	13 14
Section 2	26ZA(1), (2) and (4), 'licensee'—	15
omit,	insert—	16
	liquor licensee	17
Section 2	26ZA(6) and (7)(b), 'patrons'—	18
omit,	insert—	19
	customers	20
Section 2	26ZB, 'licensee'—	21
omit,	insert—	22
	liquor licensee	23

Schedule 1

26	Section 26ZB(4)(b), 'patrons'—	1
	omit, insert—	2
	customers	3
27	Section 26ZB(4)(c), 'patron'—	4
	omit, insert—	5
	customer	6
28	Section 26ZC(2)(d), 'licensee'—	7
	omit, insert—	8
	liquor licensee	9
29	Section 26ZC(2)(d) and (e), 'staff'—	10
	omit, insert—	11
	employees	12
30	Section 26ZC(2)(d), 'patrons'—	13
	omit, insert—	14
	customers	15
31	Section 26ZC(2)(e), example, 'patrons'—	16
	omit, insert—	17
	customers	18
32	Section 26ZJ(6), definition multi-unit residential accommodation—	19 20
	omit	21

33	Section 26ZK(2)(b), 'land on which residential premises are built or may lawfully be built'—	1 2
	omit, insert—	3
	residential land	4
34	Section 26ZK(3), definition <i>residential premises</i> , 'see section 26ZJ(6)'—	5 6
	omit, insert—	7
	does not include multi-unit residential accommodation	8 9
35	Section 26ZKB(4), ' <i>Transport Infrastructure (Rail)</i> Regulation 2006'—	10 11
	omit, insert—	12
	Transport Infrastructure (Rail) Regulation 2017	13
36	Section 26ZKB(5)(a), 'land on which residential premises may lawfully be built'—	14 15
	omit, insert—	16
	residential land	17
37	Section 26ZKC(2)(a), 'land on which residential premises may lawfully be built'—	18 19
	omit, insert—	20
	residential land	21
38	Section 26ZKD(3)(a), 'land on which residential premises may lawfully be built'—	22 23
	omit, insert—	24
	residential land	25

Schedule 1

Section 26ZP	F(2), after 'defence'—
insert—	
	to a charge under subsection (1)
Section 26ZQ	(2), after 'defence'—
insert—	
	to a charge under subsection (1)
Section 35(1)(a), after 'proceeding'—
insert—	
	about
Section 44BA person'—	, after 'a health service authorised
	or a conservation officer under the <i>Nature</i> Conservation Act 1992
person'—	or a conservation officer under the <i>Nature</i> Conservation Act 1992
person'— insert—	or a conservation officer under the <i>Nature</i> Conservation Act 1992
person'— insert— Section 44BA	or a conservation officer under the <i>Nature</i> Conservation Act 1992
person'— insert— Section 44BA insert—	or a conservation officer under the <i>Nature Conservation Act 1992</i> Also, this division, other than sections 44G, 45,

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