

## Guardianship and Administration and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2018



Queensland

# Guardianship and Administration and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2018

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## 2018

# A Bill

for

An Act to amend the *Government Owned Corporations Act 1993*, the *Guardianship and Administration Act 2000*, the *Integrity Act 2009*, the *Powers of Attorney Act 1998*, the *Public Guardian Act 2014* and the *Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010* for particular purposes

Guardianship and Administration and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2018 Part 1 Preliminary

	The P	arliament of Queensland enacts—	1
	Part	1 Preliminary	2
Clause	1	<b>Short title</b> This Act may be cited as the <i>Guardianship and</i> <i>Administration and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2018.</i>	3 4 5
Clause	2	<b>Commencement</b> Parts 3, 5, 6 and 8 and schedule 1 commence on a day to be fixed by proclamation.	6 7 8
	Part	2 Amendment of Government Owned Corporations Act 1993	9 10
Clause	3	Act amended This part amends the Government Owned Corporations Act 1993.	11 12 13
Clause	4	Amendment of s 156 (Application of Crime and Corruption Act) (1) Section 156— <i>insert</i> — (7A) This section is declared to be a Corporations legislation displacement provision for the	14 15 16 17 18 19
		purposes of the Corporations Act, section 5G, in relation to section 1317AE of that Act.	20 21

[s 1]

			[s 5]
			Note—
			The Corporations Act, section 5G, provides that if a State law declares a provision of a State law to be a Corporations legislation displacement provision, any provision of the Corporations legislation with which the State provision would otherwise be inconsistent does not apply to the extent necessary to avoid the inconsistency.
		(2)	Section 156(7A) and (8)—
			renumber as section 156(8) and (9).
	Part	3	Amendment of Guardianship and Administration Act 2000
Clause	5	Ac	t amended
			This part amends the <i>Guardianship and Administration Act</i> 2000.
			Note—
			See also the amendments in schedule 1.
Clause	6	Am	nendment of s 5 (Acknowledgements)
		(1)	Section 5(c), 'with impaired capacity'—
			omit.
		(2)	Section 5(c)(i)—
			omit.
Clause	7		placement of s 11 (Principles for adults with impaired pacity)
			Section 11—
			omit, insert—

[s 8]

11	Application	of presumption	of capacity
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If, in performing a function or exercising a power under this Act, the tribunal or the court is required 3 to make a decision about an adult's capacity for a matter, the tribunal or the court is to presume the adult has capacity for the matter until the contrary is proven.

1

30

- (2) If the tribunal or the court has appointed a guardian or an administrator for an adult for a 9 matter, the guardian or administrator is not 10 required to presume the adult has capacity for the 11 matter.
- (3) If a declaration by the tribunal or the court that an adult has impaired capacity for a matter is in 14 force, a person or other entity that performs a 15 function or exercises a power under this Act is 16 entitled to rely on the declaration to presume that 17 the adult does not have capacity for the matter. 18

Clause	8	Insertion of ne	ew ch 2A	19
		After section	on 11A—	20
		insert—		21
		Chap	oter 2A Principles	22
		11B Ge	neral principles	23
		(1)	The principles (the <i>general principles</i> ) set out below must be applied by a person or other entity that performs a function or exercises a power under this Act.	24 25 26 27
		(2)	Also, a person making a decision for an adult on an informal basis must apply the general	28 29

(3) The community is encouraged to apply and 31 promote the general principles. 32

principles in making the decision.

1	neral principles	]
1	Presumption of capacity	2
	An adult is presumed to have capacity for a matter.	2
2	Same human rights and fundamental freedoms	5
	<ol> <li>An adult's inherent dignity and worth, and equal and inalienable rights, must be recognised and taken into account.</li> </ol>	8
	(2) The rights of all adults to the same human rights and fundamental freedoms, regardless of a particular adult's capacity, must be recognised and taken into account.	1
	(3) The principles on which an adult's human rights and fundamental freedoms are based, and that should inform the way those rights and freedoms are taken into account, include—	
	<ul> <li>(a) respect for inherent dignity and worth, individual autonomy (including the freedom to make one's own choices) and independence of persons; and</li> </ul>	
	(b) non-discrimination; and	
	<ul> <li>(c) full and effective participation and inclusion in society, including performing roles valued by society; and</li> </ul>	
	(d) respect for difference and acceptance of persons with impaired capacity as part of human diversity and humanity; and	

3

4

(e) equality of opportunity; and	1
(f) accessibility; and	2
(g) equality between all persons regardless of gender.	3 4
Empowering adult to exercise human rights and fundamental freedoms	5 6
The importance of the following matters must be taken into account—	7 8
<ul> <li>(a) empowering an adult to exercise the adult's human rights and fundamental freedoms;</li> </ul>	9 10 11
(b) encouraging and supporting an adult—	12
(i) to perform social roles valued in society; and	13 14
<ul><li>(ii) to live a life in the general community and to take part in activities enjoyed by the community; and</li></ul>	15 16 17 18
<ul><li>(iii) to achieve maximum physical, social, emotional and intellectual potential and to become as self-reliant as practicable;</li></ul>	19 20 21 22
(c) an adult's right to participate to the greatest extent practicable in the development of policies, programs and services for people with impaired capacity for a matter.	23 24 25 26 27
Maintenance of adult's existing supportive relationships	28 29
(1) The importance of maintaining an adult's existing supportive relationships must be taken into account.	30 31 32 33

(	(2)	Maintaining an adult's existing supportive relationships may, for example, involve consultation with—	1 2 3
		(a) the adult, to find out who are the members of the adult's support network; and	4 5 6
		(b) any persons who have an existing supportive relationship with the adult; and	7 8 9
		(c) any members of the adult's support network who are making decisions for the adult on an informal basis.	10 11 12 13
(	(3)	The role of families, carers and other significant persons in an adult's life to support the adult to make decisions should be acknowledged and respected.	14 15 16 17
		ntenance of adult's cultural and uistic environment and values	18 19
(	(1)	The importance of maintaining an adult's cultural and linguistic environment and set of values, including religious beliefs, must be taken into account.	20 21 22 23 24
(	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), for an adult who is an Aboriginal person or a Torres Strait Islander, the importance of maintaining the adult's Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander cultural and linguistic environment and set of values, including Aboriginal tradition or Island custom, must be taken into account.	25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33
6 I	Resj	pect for privacy	34
(	(1)	An adult's privacy must be taken into account and respected.	35 36

	(2)	An adult's personal information, including health information, must be protected on the same basis as other people's personal information is protected.	1 2 3 4 5
7	Lib	erty and security	6
	(1)	An adult's right to liberty and security on an equal basis with others must be taken into account.	7 8 9
	(2)	An adult should not be deprived of the adult's liberty except in accordance with the law.	10 11 12
8		ximising an adult's participation in ision-making	13 14
	(1)	An adult's right to participate, to the greatest extent practicable, in decisions affecting the adult's life must be recognised and taken into account.	15 16 17 18
	(2)	An adult must be given the support and access to information necessary to enable the adult to make or participate in decisions affecting the adult's life.	19 20 21 22
	(3)	An adult must be given the support necessary to enable the adult to communicate the adult's decisions.	23 24 25
	(4)	To the greatest extent practicable, a person or other entity, in exercising power for a matter for an adult, must seek the adult's views, wishes and preferences.	26 27 28 29 30
	(5)	An adult's views, wishes and preferences may be expressed orally, in writing or in another way, including, for example, by conduct.	31 32 33 34

	(6)	An adult is not to be treated as unable to make a decision about a matter unless all practicable steps have been taken to provide the adult with the support and access to information necessary to make and communicate a decision.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
9	Per pow	formance of functions and exercise of vers	8 9
	func Act deci	erson or other entity, in performing a etion or exercising a power under this in relation to an adult, or in making a sion for an adult on an informal basis, t do so—	10 11 12 13 14
	(a)	in a way that promotes and safeguards the adult's rights, interests and opportunities; and	15 16 17
	(b)	in the way that is least restrictive of the adult's rights, interests and opportunities.	18 19 20
10	Stru	ictured decision-making	21
	(1)	In applying general principle 9, a person or other entity in performing a function or exercising a power under this Act in relation to an adult, or in making a decision for an adult on an informal basis, must adopt the approach set out in subsections (2) to (5).	22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29
	(2)	First, the person or other entity must—	30
		(a) recognise and preserve, to the greatest extent practicable, the adult's right to make the adult's own decision; and	31 32 33 34
		(b) if possible, support the adult to make a decision.	35 36

- (3) Second, the person or other entity must
   recognise and take into account any
   views, wishes and preferences
   expressed or demonstrated by the adult.
- (4)Third, if the adult's views, wishes and 5 preferences can not be determined, the 6 person or other entity must use the 7 principle of substituted judgement so 8 that if, from the adult's views, wishes 9 and preferences, expressed or 10 demonstrated when the adult had 11 capacity, it is reasonably practicable to 12 work out what the adult's views, 13 wishes and preferences would be, the 14 person or other entity must recognise 15 and take into account what the person 16 or other entity considers the adult's 17 views, wishes and preferences would 18 be. 19
- (5) Fourth, once the person or other entity 20 has recognised and taken into account 21 the matters mentioned in subsections (2) to (4), the person or other entity 23 may perform the function, exercise the power or make the decision. 25

26

### **11C Health care principles**

- The principles (the *health care principles*) set out below must be applied by a person or other entity that performs a function or exercises a power under this Act for a health matter or a special health matter.
   31
- (2) Also, an entity authorised by an Act to make a 32 decision for an adult about prescribed special 33 health care must apply the health care principles. 34
- (3) For subsection (2), the health care principles and the general principles apply as if a reference in the 36

a po a de	ciples to performing a function or exercising wer under this Act were a reference to making ecision about prescribed special health care er the Act under which the decision is to be le.	1 2 3 4 5
Hea	lth care principles	6
1	Application of general principles	7
	A person or other entity that performs a function or exercises a power under this Act, for a health matter or a special health matter in relation to an adult, must also apply the general principles.	8 9 10 11 12
2	Same human rights and fundamental freedoms	13 14
	In applying general principle 2 to a health matter or special health matter—	15 16
	<ul> <li>(a) the principle of non-discrimination requires that all adults be offered appropriate health care, including preventative care, without regard to a particular adult's capacity; and</li> </ul>	17 18 19 20 21
	(b) any consent to, or refusal of, health care for an adult must take into account the principles of respect for inherent dignity and worth, individual autonomy (including the freedom to make one's own choices) and independence of persons.	22 23 24 25 26 27 28
3	Performance of functions and exercise of powers	29 30
	In applying general principles 9 and 10 to a health matter or special health matter, a person or other entity, in performing a function or exercising a power under this Act in relation to an adult, must take into account—	31 32 33 34 35 36

(a)	information given by the adult's health provider; and	1 2
(b)	if the adult has a medical condition—	3
	(i) the nature of the adult's medical condition; and	4 5
	(ii) the adult's prognosis; and	6
(c)	if particular health care is proposed, any alternative health care that is available; and	7 8 9
(d)	the nature and degree of any significant risks associated with the proposed health care or any alternative health care; and	10 11 12 13
(e)	whether the proposed health care can be postponed because a better health care option may become available within a reasonable time or the adult is likely to become capable of making the adult's own decision about the health care; and	14 15 16 17 18 19 20
(f)	the consequences for the adult if the proposed health care is not carried out; and	21 22 23
(g)	a consideration of the benefits versus the burdens of the proposed health care; and	24 25 26
(h)	the effect of the proposed health care on the adult's dignity and autonomy.	27 28
4 Sub	stituted judgement	29
heal viev whe	applying general principle 10(4) to a th matter or special health matter, the vs and wishes of an adult expressed on the adult had capacity may also be ressed—	30 31 32 33 34

			[s 9]	
		(a)	in an advance health directive; or	1
		(b)	by a consent to, or refusal of, health care given at a time when the adult had capacity to make decisions about the health care.	2 3 4 5
Clause 9	Insertion of no	ew ss 12	A and 12B	6
	After section	on 12—		7
	insert—			8
	12A Ap	pointmer	nt—missing person	9
	(1)	administ	bunal may, by order, appoint an rator for a financial matter for an adult if nal is satisfied—	10 11 12
		(a) the	adult is a missing person; and	13
		(b) the	adult usually resides in the State; and	14
			re is, or is likely to be, a need for a ision in relation to the matter; and	15 16
			nout an appointment the adult's interests he matter would be adversely affected.	17 18
	(2)		nal may be satisfied an adult is a missing nly if the tribunal is satisfied that—	19 20
		(a) it is	not known if the adult is alive; and	21
			sonable efforts have been made to locate adult; and	22 23
			at least 90 days the adult has not tacted—	24 25
		(i)	anyone who lives at the adult's last-known home address; or	26 27
		(ii)	any relative or friend of the adult with whom the adult is likely to communicate.	28 29 30
	(3)	This Act	t applies, with necessary changes, to an	31

[s	1	0]
_		

	appointment under this section.
(4)	The appointment may be on terms considered appropriate by the tribunal.
(5)	An application for the appointment of an administrator under subsection (1) may be made by—
	(a) the adult's spouse; or
	(b) a relative of the adult; or
	(c) the public trustee; or
	(d) an interested person for the adult.
12B Re	lationship with Public Trustee Act 1978
(1)	The tribunal may not appoint an administrator under section 12A for a financial matter for an adult if the public trustee is the administrator under the <i>Public Trustee Act 1978</i> , section 104(1) of the property to which the financial matter relates.
(2)	The tribunal may appoint an administrator under section 12A for a financial matter for an adult relating to property of which the public trustee is the administrator under the <i>Public Trustee Act</i> 1978, section 104(2).
(3)	On the making of an appointment of an administrator as mentioned in subsection (2), the public trustee ceases to be the administrator of the property under the <i>Public Trustee Act 1978</i> .

Clause 1

[s 11]

			(3A)	lministrator for oplication of ibunal has infor ower under	y appoint a person as guardian or or a matter for an adult on the the adult's parent only if the ormed the parent of the tribunal's subsection $(6)(e)$ to appoint intees for the matter.	1 2 3 4 5 6
			(3B)	•	the tribunal to comply with does not affect an appointment punal.	7 8 9
		(2)	Section 14(	.) to (5)—		10
			<i>renumber</i> a	ection 14(4) to	(7).	11
Clause	11	Am	endment o	15 (Appropi	riateness considerations)	12
		(1)	Section 15(	b)—		13
			omit, insert-			14
				the health	intment is for a health matter— care principles and whether the kely to apply the principles;	15 16 17
		(2)	Section 15(	g), after 'order		18
			insert—			19
				including whe	ther the person has ever been a e adult	20 21
Clause	12			16 (Advice 1 teness and c	rom proposed appointee ompetence)	22 23
		(1)	Section 16(	b)—		24
			omit, insert-			25
				b) is, or has adult; or	ever been, a paid carer for the	26 27
				a) is a health	provider for the adult; or	28
		(2)	Section 16(	ba) to (e)—		29

	[s 13]						
		renumber a	s sec	tion	16(1)(c) to (f).	1	
Clause	13 Amendment of s 21 (Advice to registrar of titles if appointment concerns land)						
		Section 21(	(2), fr	om '	enter' to 'purpose'—	4	
		omit, insert	<u>.</u>			5	
			way reve	that	information contained in the advice in a t ensures a search of the relevant title the order making the appointment has de	6 7 8 9	
Clause	14	Amendment o	fs2	6 (A	utomatic revocation)	1(	
		Section 26(	(2)—			11	
		omit, insert	<u> </u>			12	
		(2)	Also if—		appointment as an administrator ends	13 14	
			(a)		administrator becomes bankrupt or plvent; or	13 16	
			(b)		an appointment made under section 12A an adult—	17 18	
				(i)	a coroner makes a finding under the <i>Coroners Act 2003</i> that the adult has died; or	19 20 21	
				(ii)	the court makes a declaration of death for the adult or grants a person leave to swear the death of the adult; or	22 23 24	
				(iii)	the adult's death is registered under the <i>Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act 2003.</i>	2: 20 21	
		(2A)	(2)(	b) ap	than 1 event mentioned in subsection plies for the adult, the appointment ends happening of the earliest event for the	28 29 30	

adult.

[s 15]

Clause	15	Amendment o	fs 27 (W	thdrawal with tribunal's leave)	1
			•	enter' to 'purpose'—	2
		omit, insert			3
			way that	information contained in the advice in a ensures a search of the relevant title withdrawal of the administrator	4 5 6
Clause	16	Insertion of ne	ew ch 3, p	ot 3, div 1A	7
		Chapter 3, 1	part 3—		8
		insert—			9
		Divisio	on 1A	Provisions about appointment for adult who is missing person	10 11 12
			ligation to	o notify tribunal of particular es	13 14
		(1)	for an ad	on applies to an administrator appointed alt under section 12A if, during the term pointment, the administrator becomes	15 16 17 18
			(a) the a	adult is alive; or	19
			(b) the a	dult has died.	20
		(2)	after beco in subsec	inistrator must, as soon as practicable oming aware a circumstance mentioned ction $(1)(a)$ or $(b)$ exists, notify the n writing of the circumstance.	21 22 23 24
			bunal mu pointment	st revoke order making	25 26
		(1)		tion applies in relation to an order g an administrator for an adult under 2A.	27 28 29

[s 17]

			(2)	The tribunal must revoke the order if the tribunal is satisfied—	1 2
				(a) the adult is alive; or	3
				(b) the adult has died; or	4
				(c) the adult may be presumed to be dead.	5
			(3)	The order may be revoked by the tribunal on its own initiative or on the application of the administrator or an interested person.	6 7 8
Clause	17	Am	endment o	f s 31 (Appointment review process)	9
		(1)	Section 31(	4), after 'an appointee'—	10
			insert—		11
				, other than the public guardian,	12
		(2)	Section 31-	—	13
			insert—		14
			(5A)	The tribunal may make an order removing the public guardian as an appointee if there is an appropriate person mentioned in section 14(1) available for appointment.	15 16 17 18
		(3)	Section 31(	5A) and (6)—	19
			<i>renumber</i> a	s section 31(6) and (7).	20
Clause	18	rev		f s 32A (Additional requirements if change, ending of appointment and interest in land	21 22 23
			Section 32A	A(3), from 'enter' to 'purpose'—	24
			omit, insert		25
				keep the information contained in the advice in a way that ensures a search of the relevant title reveals the order changing or revoking the appointment has been made or the advice	26 27 28 29

		[s 19]
		mentioned in subsection (1)(b)(ii) has been given 1
Clause	19	Amendment of s 34 (Apply principles) 2
		(1) Section 34(1), note— 3
		omit, insert— 4
		Note— 5
		See section 11B. 6
		(2) Section 34— 7
		insert— 8
		<ul> <li>(1A) However, an administrator appointed under section 12A is not required to apply general principles 1, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 10(1) to (3) and (5).</li> </ul>
		(3) Section 34(2), 'principle'— 1
		omit, insert—1
		principles 1
		(4) Section 34(1A) and (2)— 1
		<i>renumber</i> as section 34(2) and (3).
Clause	20	Amendment of s 37 (Avoid conflict transaction)
		(1) Section 37(1), 'authorises'—
		omit, insert— 1
		has authorised
		(2) Section $37(1)$ — 2
		insert— 2
		Note— 2
		See section 152 for the authorisation of conflict 2 transactions by the tribunal.
		(3) Section 37(2), examples— 2
		omit, insert— 2

[s 20]

		1	A conflict transaction happens if an adult's administrator buys the adult's car.	$\frac{1}{2}$
		2	A conflict transaction happens if an adult's administrator lends the adult's money to a close friend of the administrator.	3 4 5
		3	A conflict transaction happens if an adult's administrator rents the adult's residential property to the administrator or a relative of the administrator.	6 7 8 9
		4	A conflict transaction happens if an adult's administrator uses the adult's money to pay the personal expenses of the administrator, including, for example, the administrator's personal travel expenses.	10 11 12 13 14
		5	A conflict transaction happens if an adult's administrator buys the adult's house.	15 16
		6	A conflict transaction does not happen if an adult's administrator is acting under section 55 to maintain the adult's dependants.	17 18 19
(4)	Section 37(	3)—		20
	omit, insert	. <u> </u>		21
	(3)		vever, a transaction is not a conflict saction merely because—	22 23
		(a)	the administrator is related to the adult; or	24
		(b)	the administrator may be a beneficiary of the adult's estate on the adult's death; or	25 26
		(c)	by the transaction the administrator in the administrator's own right and on behalf of the adult—	27 28 29
			(i) deals with an interest in property jointly held; or	30 31
			(ii) acquires a joint interest in property; or	32
			<ul><li>(iii) obtains a loan or gives a guarantee or indemnity in relation to a transaction mentioned in subparagraph (i) or (ii).</li></ul>	33 34 35
	(3A)	Also	o, to remove any doubt, it is declared that the	36

			[s 21]			
			making of a gift or donation under section 54 is not a conflict transaction.	1 2		
		(5) Section 37(3.	A) to (5)—	3		
		<i>renumber</i> as	section 37(4) to (6).	4		
Clause	21	Amendment of principle)	endment of s 43 (Acting contrary to health care nciple)			
		(1) Section 43, h	eading, 'health care principle'—	7		
		omit, insert—	-	8		
		1	general principles or health care principles	9		
		(2) Section 43, '1	health care principle'—	10		
		omit, insert—	-	11		
		1	general principles or the health care principles	12		
Clause	22	Amendment of administrators)	s 48 (Remuneration of professional	13 14		
		(1) Section 48(1)	)—	15		
		omit, insert—	_	16		
		1	An administrator for an adult is entitled to remuneration from the adult if the tribunal makes an order that the administrator is to be remunerated by the adult.	17 18 19 20		
			The tribunal may make an order under subsection (1) only if the administrator carries on a business providing professional services.	21 22 23		
		(2) Section 48(1.	A) to (3)—	24		
		<i>renumber</i> as	section 48(2) to (4).	25		
Clause	23	Amendment of	s 54 (Gifts)	26		
		(1) Section 54, h	eading—	27		

#### [s 24]

		omit, insert—	1
		54 Gifts and donations	2
	(2)	Section 54(1), after 'give away'—	3
		insert—	4
		or donate	5
	(3)	Section 54(1)(a), after 'the gift'—	6
		insert—	7
		or donation	8
	(4)	Section 54(1)(b), 'gift's value'—	9
		omit, insert—	10
		value of the gift or donation	11
	(5)	Section 54(2), after 'a gift'—	12
		insert—	13
		or donation	14
24	Re	placement of s 58 (Power to excuse failure)	15
		Section 58—	16
		omit, insert—	17
		58 Relief from personal liability	18
		(1) This section applies if the court considers—	19
		<ul><li>(a) a guardian or administrator is, or may be, personally liable for a contravention of this Act; and</li></ul>	20 21 22
		(b) the guardian or administrator has acted honestly and reasonably and ought fairly to be excused for the contravention.	23 24 25
		(2) The court may relieve the guardian or administrator of all or part of the guardian's or administrator's personal liability for the contravention.	26 27 28 29

Clause

Clause	25	Am	endment o	f s 59 (Compensation for failure to comply)	1
		(1)	Section 59,	all words before subsection (2)—	2
			omit, insert	<u></u>	3
				mpensation and accounting for profits for ure to comply	4 5
			(1)	The tribunal or a court may order a guardian or administrator for an adult (an <i>appointee</i> ) to pay an amount to the adult or, if the adult has died, the adult's estate—	6 7 8 9
				<ul><li>(a) to compensate for a loss caused by the appointee's failure to comply with this Act in the exercise of a power; or</li></ul>	10 11 12
				<ul><li>(b) to account for any profits the appointee has accrued as a result of the appointee's failure to comply with this Act in the exercise of a power.</li></ul>	13 14 15 16
			(1A)	However, the tribunal or court may not order the appointee to make a payment under both subsection (1)(a) and (b) in relation to the same exercise of power.	17 18 19 20
		(2)	Section 59-	_	21
			insert—		22
			(2A)	Also, subsection (1) applies even if the appointee's appointment has ended.	23 24
		(3)	Section 59(	(3) and (4), 'the application for compensation'—	25
			omit, insert	<u></u>	26
				an application for an order under subsection (1)	27
		(4)	Section 59(	(6), from 'for compensation under'—	28
			omit, insert	·	29
				under subsection (1), the tribunal or court may also order that the security be applied in satisfaction of the order.	30 31 32

[s 26]

Clause

	(5)	Section 59 order'—	(7), 'Compensation paid under a tribunal or court	1 2
		omit, insert	·	3
			An amount paid under a tribunal or court order under subsection (1)	4 5
	(6)	Section 59(	(1A) to (8)—	6
		renumber a	s section 59(2) to (10).	7
26	Ins	ertion of ne	ew ss 60A–60C	8
		Chapter 4,	part 3—	9
		insert—		10
			ect on beneficiary's interest if property alt with by administrator	11 12
		(1)	This section applies to a person who is a beneficiary ( <i>the beneficiary</i> ) under a deceased adult's will.	13 14 15
		(2)	The beneficiary has the same interest in any surplus money or other property ( <i>the proceeds</i> ) arising from a sale, mortgage, charge, disposition of, or other dealing with, property under the powers given to an administrator as the beneficiary would have had in the property sold, mortgaged, charged, disposed of or otherwise dealt with, if the sale, mortgage, charge, disposition or other dealing had not happened.	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
		(3)	The beneficiary is also entitled to—	25
			<ul><li>(a) any money or other property that is able to be traced as income generated by the proceeds; and</li></ul>	26 27 28
			(b) any capital gain that is generated from the proceeds.	29 30
		(4)	This section applies even if the beneficiary is the administrator who sold, mortgaged, charged,	31 32

	[s 26]	
	disposed of or otherwise dealt with the property.	1
(5)	This section applies subject to any order made by the court under section $60C(1)$ .	2 3
	ninistrator not required to keep proceeds property separate	4 5
	Section 60A does not require an administrator for an adult who has sold, mortgaged, charged, disposed of, or otherwise dealt with, the adult's property under the powers given to the administrator, to keep any surplus money or other property arising from the sale, mortgage, charge, disposition or other dealing separate from other property of the adult.	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
	lication to court to confirm or vary ration of s 60A	14 15
(1)	An application may be made to the court for—	16
	(a) an order, including an order to direct a conveyance, deed or other thing to be executed or done, to give effect to section 60A; or	17 18 19 20
	(b) an order to ensure a beneficiary under the adult's will does not gain an unjust and disproportionate advantage or suffer an unjust and disproportionate disadvantage of a kind not contemplated by the will because of the operation of section 60A.	21 22 23 24 25 26
(2)	An application may be made by—	27
	(a) a beneficiary under the adult's will; or	28
	(b) the personal representative of a deceased beneficiary under the adult's will; or	29 30
	(c) the personal representative of the adult.	31
(3)	An order made under subsection (1)(b)—	32

[s 27]

				(a)	has effect as if it had been made as a codicil to the adult's will executed immediately before the adult's death; and	1 2 3
				(b)	applies despite any contrary operation of section 60A.	4 5
			(4)		application under this section must be made to court within 6 months after the adult's death.	6 7
			(5)	The	court may extend the application time.	8
			(6)	app] as i part	Succession Act 1981, section 44(1) to (4) lies to an application and an order made on it f the application were an application under 4 of that Act by a person entitled to make an lication.	9 10 11 12 13
Clause	27		endment o alth care)	fs6	1 (Purpose to achieve balance for	14 15
		(1)	Section 61(	b)—		16
			omit, insert	. <u> </u>		17
				(b)	ensuring health care is given to the adult	18
					only if it is appropriate in all the circumstances.	19 20
		(2)	Section 61,	note-	circumstances.	
		(2)	Section 61, omit, insert		circumstances.	20
		(2)			circumstances.	20 21
		(2)		 Note Se	circumstances.	20 21 22
Clause	28			Note So	circumstances.	20 21 22 23 24
Clause	28		omit, insert	Note So se	circumstances. — ee also the general principles and health care principles et out in sections 11B and 11C. 68A	20 21 22 23 24 25

[s 29]

			l to consult in making decision about health care
	( C	care exte	leciding whether to consent to special health e for an adult, the tribunal must, to the greatest ent practicable, seek and take into account the ws of—
	(	(a)	a guardian appointed by the tribunal for the adult; or
	(	(b)	if there is no guardian mentioned in paragraph (a), an attorney for a health matter appointed by the adult; or
	(	(c)	if there is no guardian or attorney mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b), the statutory health attorney for the adult.
ise 29	Insertion of new	v cl	h 5, pt 3A
	Chapter 5—		
	insert—		
	Part 3A	1	Clinical research
	74A What	t is	clinical research
	(1)	Clin	<i>nical research</i> is—
	(	(a)	medical research intended to diagnose, maintain or treat a condition affecting the participants in the research; or
	(	(b)	a trial of drugs, devices, biologicals or techniques involving the carrying out of health care that may include giving placebos to some of the participants in the trial.
	C	care	wever, a comparative assessment of health e already proven to be beneficial is not medical earch.

[s 29]

	Exar	nples—	1
	•	a comparative assessment of the effects of different forms of administration of a drug proven to be beneficial in the treatment of a condition, for example, a continuous infusion, as opposed to a once-a-day administration of the drug	2 3 4 5 6
	•	a comparative assessment of the angle at which to set a tilt-bed to best assist an adult's breathing	7 8
74B Wh	at is	approved clinical research	9
		<i>proved clinical research</i> is clinical research roved by the tribunal.	10 11
74C Apj	prov	al of clinical research	12
(1)		tribunal may approve clinical research only if tribunal is satisfied—	13 14
	(a)	the clinical research is approved by an ethics committee; and	15 16
	(b)	any drugs, devices, biologicals or techniques to be trialled in the clinical research are intended to diagnose, maintain or treat a condition affecting the participants in the research; and	17 18 19 20 21
	(c)	the clinical research will not involve any known substantial risk to participants or, if there is existing health care for the particular condition, the research will not involve known material risk to the participants greater than the risk associated with the existing health care; and	22 23 24 25 26 27 28
	(d)	the development of any drugs, devices, biologicals or techniques to be trialled in the clinical research has reached a stage at which safety and ethical considerations make it appropriate for the drugs, devices, biologicals or techniques to be made	29 30 31 32 33 34

[s 30]

		available to participants in the research despite the participants being unable to consent to participation; and	1 2 3
		(e) having regard to the potential benefits and risks of participation in the clinical research, on balance it is not adverse to the interests of participants in the research to participate.	4 5 6 7
	(2)	The fact the drugs, devices, biologicals or techniques to be trialled in the clinical research will or may involve giving placebos to some of the participants in the research does not prevent the tribunal being satisfied it is, on balance, not adverse to the interests of the participants to participate.	8 9 10 11 12 13 14
	(3)	The tribunal's approval of clinical research does not operate as a consent to the participation in the clinical research of any particular person.	15 16 17
Clause 30	Amendment	of s 81 (Tribunal's functions for this Act)	18
	(1) Section 81		19
	insert—		20
	(1A)	In performing its functions or exercising its powers under this Act in relation to an adult, the tribunal must, to the greatest extent practicable, seek and take account of—	21 22 23 24
		(a) the views, wishes and preferences expressed or demonstrated by the adult; and	25 26
		(b) the views of any member of the adult's support network.	27 28
	(2) Section 81	(1A) and (2)—	29
	renumber	as section $81(2)$ and $(3)$ .	30

[s 31]

Clause	31	Amendment of s 101 (Relationship with the QCAT Act)	1
		(1) Section 101(c)—	2
		omit.	3
		(2) Section 101(d) to (g)—	4
		renumber as section 101(c) to (f).	5
		(3) Section 101—	6
		insert—	7
		(2) The QCAT Act, section 99 does not apply in relation to a proceeding under this chapter if the tribunal is considering whether to make an order under section 106(1) or 107(1).	9
Clause	32	Amendment of s 118 (Tribunal advises persons concerned of hearing)	12 13
		(1) Section $118(1)(b)$ —	14
		omit, insert—	15
		(b) a spouse of the adult who is in a close and continuing relationship with the adult;	16 17
		(ba) any child of the adult who is at least 18 years and who is in a close and continuing relationship with the adult;	
		(bb) any parent of the adult who is in a close and continuing relationship with the adult;	21 22
		(bc) any sibling of the adult who is in a close and continuing relationship with the adult;	23 24
		<ul> <li>(bd) if the adult is an Aboriginal person or a Torres Strait Islander—any person who is regarded under Aboriginal tradition or Island custom as a child, parent or sibling of the adult, and who is in a close and continuing relationship with the adult;</li> <li>(2) Section 118(1)(b) to (b)</li> </ul>	26 27 28 29 30
		(2) Section $118(1)(h_0)$ to (h)	21

(2) Section 118(1)(ba) to (h)—

[s 32]

	<i>renumber</i> as section 118(1)(c) to (l).		
3)	Section 118—		
	insert—		
	<ul><li>(1A) If there is no person mentioned in subsection</li><li>(1)(b) to (f) in existence or able to be located for the adult, the tribunal must give notice of the hearing, as far as practicable, to—</li></ul>		
	(a) a member of the adult's extended family who is in a close and continuing relationship with the adult; or		
	(b) a person from the adult's household who is in a close and continuing relationship with the adult.		
4)	Section 118(5)(a) and (7), '(g)'—		
	omit, insert—		
	(k)		
5)	Section 118(6), 'subsection (2)'—		
	omit, insert—		
	subsection (3)		
5)	Section 118(9)—		
	insert—		
	<i>child</i> includes a stepchild, an adopted child and a person for whom the adult was a foster-parent or guardian when the person was a child.		
	<i>parent</i> includes a step-parent, an adoptive parent, a foster-parent and a guardian.		
	<i>sibling</i> includes a step-sibling, an adopted sibling and a foster-sibling.		
7)	Section 118(1A) to (9)—		
	renumber as section 118(2) to (10).		

[s 33]

Clause	33	An	nendment o	fs1	25 (Representative may be appointed)	1
Claubo		(1)			b), 'president or presiding member'—	2
			omit, insert			3
			·	trib	unal	4
		(2)	Section 125	5(1),	'president or the presiding member'—	5
			omit, insert			6
				trib	unal	7
		(3)	Section 125	5—		8
			insert—			9
			(3)	A re mus	epresentative appointed under subsection (1) st—	10 11
				(a)	have regard to any expressed or demonstrated views, wishes and preferences of the adult; and	12 13 14
				(b)	to the greatest extent practicable, present the adult's views, wishes and preferences to the tribunal; and	15 16 17
				(c)	promote and safeguard the adult's rights, interests and opportunities.	18 19
Clause	34	An	nendment o	fs1	29 (Interim order)	20
			Section 129	9(1)—	_	21
			omit, insert	. <u> </u>		22
			(1)		s section applies if the tribunal is satisfied, on sonable grounds—	23 24
				(a)	the adult concerned in an application has, or may have, impaired capacity for a matter; and	25 26 27
				(b)	there is an immediate risk of harm to the health, welfare or property of the adult, including because of the risk of abuse,	28 29 30

	Part 3 Amendment of Guardianship and Administration Act 2					
			[s 35]			
			exploitation or neglect of, or self-neglect by, the adult.	1 2		
Clause	35	Replacement of	of s 152 (Tribunal authorisation or approval)	3		
		Section 152	<u>}</u>	4		
		omit, insert	_	5		
		152 Tribunal authorisation or approval				
		(1)	The tribunal may, before an administrator enters into a conflict transaction, authorise the administrator to enter into—	7 8 9		
			(a) the conflict transaction; or	10		
			(b) conflict transactions of that type; or	11		
			(c) conflict transactions generally.	12		
			Note—	13		
			Under section 37 an administrator for an adult may enter into a conflict transaction only if the tribunal has authorised the conflict transaction.	14 15 16		
		(2)	Despite subsection (1), if an administrator enters into a conflict transaction that has not been authorised under subsection (1), the tribunal may retrospectively authorise the transaction.	17 18 19 20		
		(3)	A conflict transaction authorised under subsection (2) is taken to be, and always to have been, as valid as if it had been entered into under an authorisation given by the tribunal before the administrator entered into the transaction.	21 22 23 24 25		
		(4)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that, until the tribunal retrospectively authorises a conflict transaction under subsection (2), an administrator who entered into the conflict transaction without the tribunal's authorisation under subsection (1) has acted contrary to section 37(1).	26 27 28 29 30 31		

Guardianship and Administration and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2018

(5) The tribunal may approve an investment as an 32 authorised investment. 33

[s 36]

	~~		
Clause	36	Amendment of s 153 (Records and audit)	1
		(1) Section 153—	2
		insert—	3
		(3A) This section applies even if—	4
		(a) the administrator's appointment has ended; or	5 6
		(b) the enduring power of attorney has been revoked; or	7 8
		(c) the adult has died.	9
		(2) Section 153(3A) and (4)—	10
		renumber as section 153(4) and (5).	11
Clause	37	Amendment of s 213 (Appointment)	12
		Section 213—	13
		insert—	14
		(5) The public advocate is appointed under this Act and not under the <i>Public Service Act 2008</i> .	15 16
Clause	38	Insertion of new s 217A	17
		After section 217—	18
		insert—	19
		217APreservation of rights of public advocate	20
		(1) This section applies if a public service officer is appointed as the public advocate.	21 22
		(2) The person keeps all rights accrued or accruing to the person as a public service officer as if service as the public advocate were a continuation of service as a public service officer.	23 24 25 26
		(3) At the end of the person's term of office or on resignation as the public advocate, the person's service as the public advocate is taken to be	27 28 29

						[s 39]	
				dec		of a like nature in the public service for the person's rights as a public service	1 2 3
Clause	39	Am	endment o	ofs2	247 (\	Whistleblowers' protection)	4
		(1) Section $247(1)$ —					
			omit, insert	t—			6
		<ol> <li>A person is not liable, civilly, criminally or an administrative process, for disc information to an official if the person ho believes, on reasonable grounds—</li> </ol>				ninistrative process, for disclosing ion to an official if the person honestly	7 8 9 10
				(a)	the	information tends to show—	11
					(i)	another person has contravened this Act, the <i>Powers of Attorney Act 1998</i> or the <i>Public Guardian Act 2014</i> ; or	12 13 14
					(ii)	an adult is, or has been, the subject of neglect (including self-neglect), exploitation or abuse; or	15 16 17
				(b)	the asse that	information would help in the essment or investigation of a complaint	18 19 20
					(i)	another person has contravened this Act, the <i>Powers of Attorney Act 1998</i> or the <i>Public Guardian Act 2014</i> ; or	21 22 23
					(ii)	an adult is, or has been, the subject of neglect (including self-neglect), exploitation or abuse.	24 25 26
		(2)	Section 247	7(4),	defin	ition <i>official</i> , paragraph (d)—	27
			omit, insert	t—			28
			(d)	-		appointed under the <i>Public Guardian Act</i> ction 109 as—	29 30
				(i)	a co	ommunity visitor (adult); or	31

[s 40]

			(ii) a community visitor (adult) and a community visitor (child).	1 2
Clause	40	Insertion of ne	ew ss 247A–247C	3
		After sectio	on 247—	4
		insert—		5
		247ARe	prisal and grounds for reprisal	6
		(1)	A person must not cause, or attempt or conspire to cause, detriment to another person because, or in the belief that, the other person or someone else has disclosed or intends to disclose information under section $247(1)$ .	7 8 9 10 11
		(2)	An attempt to cause detriment includes an attempt to induce a person to cause detriment.	12 13
		(3)	A contravention of subsection (1) is a reprisal or the taking of a reprisal.	14 15
		(4)	A ground mentioned in subsection (1) as the ground for a reprisal is the unlawful ground for the reprisal.	16 17 18
		(5)	For the contravention mentioned in subsection (3) to happen, it is sufficient if the unlawful ground is a substantial ground for the act or omission that is the reprisal, even if there is another ground for the act or omission.	19 20 21 22 23
		247BOf	fence of taking reprisal	24
		(1)	A person must not take a reprisal.	25
			Maximum penalty—167 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment.	26 27
		(2)	An offence against subsection (1) is an indictable offence that is a misdemeanour.	28 29

[s 41]

2470	CDamages for reprisal	1
	(1) A reprisal is a tort and a person who takes a reprisal is liable in damages to any person who suffers detriment as a result.	2 3 4
	(2) Any appropriate remedy that may be granted by a court for a tort, including exemplary damages, may be granted by a court for the taking of a reprisal.	5 6 7 8
	(3) If the claim for damages goes to trial in the Supreme Court or the District Court, it must be decided by a judge sitting without a jury.	9 10 11
	(4) The right of a person to bring proceedings for damages under this section does not affect any other right or remedy available to the person arising from the reprisal.	12 13 14 15
	(5) Proceedings for damages may be brought under this section even if a prosecution in relation to the reprisal has not been brought, or can not be brought, for the offence under section 247B.	16 17 18 19
	(6) The Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003 does not apply to proceedings for damages brought under this section.	20 21 22
(	(7) In this section—	23
	<i>court</i> means any court.	24
Clause 41 Insertion o	of new ch 11, pt 4A	25
Chapter	r 11—	26
insert—	-	27
Par	rt 4A Miscellaneous	28
	Guidelines to assist in assessments of capacity	29 30
	(1) The Minister is to prepare guidelines to assist	31

[s 41]

	capacity	required to make assessments about the of adults to make decisions about matters he assessments.	1 2 3
(2)	The guid	elines are to include—	4
	asse	ciples to be applied in making ssments about the capacity of adults to e decisions about matters; and	5 6 7
	prac	rmation and advice that will give ticable guidance for making the ssments.	8 9 10
(3)	consult relevant t	ring the guidelines the Minister must with persons who have qualifications to, or experience in, making assessments e capacity of adults to make decisions tters.	11 12 13 14 15
(4)		delines are to be published on the nt's website.	16 17
(5)	The Min every 5 y	ister is to review the guidelines at least ears.	18 19
	legation Act	of public trustee's powers under	20 21
(1)	a financia	blic trustee has power under this Act for al matter for an adult, the public trustee gate the power to—	22 23 24
		appropriately qualified member of the lic trustee's staff; or	25 26
	(b) for a	lay-to-day decisions about the matter—	27
	(i)	an appropriately qualified carer of the adult; or	28 29
	(ii)	an attorney under an enduring document; or	30 31
	(iii)	a person who would be eligible to be the adult's statutory health attorney; or	32 33

[s 41]

	(iv) another person the public trustee considers appropriately qualified to exercise the power.	1 2 3
(2)	However, the public trustee may not delegate the public trustee's powers mentioned in subsection (1)(b) to—	4 5 6
	(a) the public guardian; or	7
	(b) a paid carer for the adult.	8
(3)	In this section—	9
	<i>day-to-day decisions</i> , for a financial matter for an adult, means minor, uncontroversial decisions about day-to-day issues that involve no more than a low risk to the adult.	10 11 12 13
250BPro	oceedings for indictable offences	14
(1)	Subject to subsection (2), a charge of an indictable offence against this Act must be heard and decided summarily.	15 16 17
(2)	A Magistrates Court must abstain from dealing summarily with a charge mentioned in subsection (1) if satisfied, on an application made by the prosecution or the defence, that because of exceptional circumstances the charge should not be heard and decided summarily.	18 19 20 21 22 23
(3)	If subsection (2) applies to a Magistrates Court—	24
	(a) the court must stop treating the proceeding as a proceeding to hear and decide the charge summarily and start treating the proceeding as a committal proceeding; and	25 26 27 28
	(b) the defendant's plea at the start of the hearing must be disregarded; and	29 30
	(c) the evidence already heard by the court must be taken to be evidence in the committal proceeding; and	31 32 33

[s 42]

	(d)	to avoid any doubt, it is declared that the <i>Justices Act 1886</i> , section 104 must be complied with for the committal proceeding.	1 2 3 4				
Clause 42	Insertion of new c	h 12, pt 12	5				
	Chapter 12—		6				
	insert—		7				
	Part 12	Transitional and validation provisions for Guardianship and Administration and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2018	8 9 10 11 12 13				
	270 Definition	270 Definition for part					
	In t	his part—	15				
	Adv	endment Act means the Guardianship and ninistration and Other Legislation endment Act 2018.	16 17 18				
	271 Obligat	ion of registrar of titles	19				
	Sec the adv	tions 21(2), 27(3) and 32A(3), as amended by amendment Act, apply only in relation to an ice received by the registrar after the mencement.	20 21 22 23				
	272 Applica	tion of ss 60A–60C	24				
		tions 60A to 60C apply—	25				
	(a)	in relation to the will of an adult who dies after the commencement; and	26 27				

[s 43] (b) regardless of whether the sale, mortgage, 1 charge, disposition of, or other dealing with, 2 property by the administrator happened 3 before or after the commencement. 4 273 Validation of delegation 5 This section applies to a delegation by the public 6 trustee of a power of a type described in, and to a 7 person mentioned in, section 250A before the 8 commencement. 9 The delegation is taken to be, and always to have been, as valid and effective as it would have been if it were made after the commencement of section 250A. 274 Existing proceedings This section applies if, immediately before the 15 commencement, a proceeding under this Act had been started but not finished. The proceeding is to continue as if the amendment 18 Act had not been enacted. 19

Clause	43	Omission of sch 1 (Principles)	20
		Schedule 1—	21
		omit.	22
Clause	44	Amendment of sch 2, s 2 (Personal matter)	23
		Schedule 2, section 2—	24
		insert—	25
		(1) who may have access visits to, or other contact with, the adult:	26 27

(1)

(2)

(1)

(2)

10

11

12

13

14

16

17

		•	and Administration and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2018 ment of Guardianship and Administration Act 2000	
	[s 45]			
			(m) advocacy relating to the care and welfare of the adult.	1 2
Clause	45	Am	nendment of sch 2, s 3 (Special personal matter)	3
			Schedule 2, section 3—	4
			insert—	5
			(j) entering a plea on a criminal charge for the adult.	6 7
Clause	46	Orr	nission of sch 2, s 13 (Approved clinical research)	8
			Schedule 2, section 13—	9
			omit.	10
Clause	47	Am	nendment of sch 4 (Dictionary)	11
		(1)	Schedule 4, definitions <i>community visitor</i> , <i>health care principle</i> and <i>interested person</i> —	12 13
			omit.	14
		(2)	Schedule 4—	15
			insert—	16
			health care principles see section 11C.	17
			<i>interested person</i> , for another person, means a person who has a sufficient and genuine concern for the rights and interests of the other person.	18 19 20
		(3)	Schedule 4, definition <i>approved clinical research</i> , 'schedule 2, section 13'—	21 22
			omit, insert—	23
			section 74B	24
		(4)	Schedule 4, definition <i>capacity</i> —	25
			insert—	26

			[s 48]	
			Note—	
			Under section 146(3) in deciding whether an individual is capable of communicating decisions in some way the tribunal must investigate the use of all reasonable ways of facilitating communication, which may include symbol boards or signing.	
		(5)	Schedule 4, definition <i>clinical research</i> , 'schedule 2, section $13(1)$ '—	Ĩ
			omit, insert—	Ç
			section 74A	1
		(6)	Schedule 4, definition general principles, 'schedule 1, part 1'	1 1
			omit, insert—	1
			section 11B	]
	Part	4	Amendment of Integrity Act	1
			2009	1
lause	48	Act	t amended	1
			This part amends the Integrity Act 2009.	]
lause	49	Am	nendment of s 7 (Functions of integrity commissioner)	1
			Section $7(1)(a)$ often 'designated nerven'	~
			Section 7(1)(a), after 'designated person'—	4
			insert—	
				2
lause	50	Am	insert—	2
Clause	50	<b>Am</b> (1)	insert— or former designated person	2 2 2
lause	50		insert— or former designated person mendment of s 15 (Request for advice)	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

## [s 51]

Clause 51

(2)	Section 15(	(2), 't	o 20'—	1
	omit, insert	<u> </u>		2
		to 2	0A	3
(3)	Section 15(	(3)—		4
	omit.			5
(4)	Section 15(	(6), 's	ection 16'—	6
	omit, insert			7
		sect	ions 16 and 20A	8
(5)	Section 15(	(7)—		9
	omit.			10
(6)	Section 15(	(4) to	(6)—	11
	<i>renumber</i> a	s sec	tion 15(3) to (5).	12
Ins	ertion of ne After sectio			13 14
	insert—			15
	20A Red	•	t by former designated person	16
	(1)	pers con issu	hin 2 years after ceasing to be a designated son, a person may ask for the integrity missioner's advice on an ethics or integrity e involving the person that arises from a t-separation obligation.	17 18 19 20 21
	(2)	In t	his section—	22
		pos	t-separation obligation means—	23
		(a)	an obligation (including an obligation under an Act, contract of employment, directive, policy or code of conduct) that—	24 25 26
			(i) applies to the person because the person was, but is no longer, a designated person; and	27 28 29

[s 52] (ii) relates to contact with a government 1 representative Opposition 2 or representative; or 3 an obligation applying to the person under 4 (b) section 70. 5 Clause 52 Amendment of s 21 (Advice) 6 Section 21-7 insert— 8 (5) In this section— 9 *designated person* includes a person who may ask 10 for the integrity commissioner's advice under 11 section 20A. 12 Clause 53 Amendment of s 25 (Definitions for division) 13 Section 25, definition relevant document, paragraph (a), 'and 14 any authority under section 15(3)'— 15 omit. 16 Clause 54 Amendment of s 26 (Disclosure) 17 Section 26(1), after 'designated person'— 18 insert— 19 or former designated person 20 Part 5 Amendment of Powers of 21 Attorney Act 1998 22 Clause 55 Act amended 23 This part amends the *Powers of Attorney Act 1998*. 24

	<i>Note—</i> See also the am	endme	nt in schedule 1.	1 2
Clause 56	Insertion of new of After section 61 insert— Chapte	3—	A Principles	3 4 5 6
	<b>6C Genera</b> Th bel tha	<b>al prir</b> e prin low m at perf	-	7 8 9 10 11
	Ge	eneral	principles	12
	1	An mat <b>San</b>	sumption of capacity adult is presumed to have capacity for a ter. ne human rights and fundamental edoms	13 14 15 16 17
			An adult's inherent dignity and worth, and equal and inalienable rights, must be recognised and taken into account.	18 19 20
		(2)	The rights of all adults to the same human rights and fundamental freedoms, regardless of a particular adult's capacity, must be recognised and taken into account.	21 22 23 24 25
		(3)	The principles on which an adult's human rights and fundamental freedoms are based, and that should inform the way those rights and	26 27 28 29

freedoms are taken into account, include—	1 2
(a) respect for inherent dignity and	3
worth, individual autonomy	4
(including the freedom to make one's own choices) and	5 6
independence of persons; and	7
(b) non-discrimination; and	8
(c) full and effective participation and	9
inclusion in society, including	10
performing roles valued by society; and	11 12
•	
(d) respect for difference and acceptance of persons with	13 14
impaired capacity as part of	15
human diversity and humanity;	16
and	17
(e) equality of opportunity; and	18
(f) accessibility; and	19
(g) equality between all persons	20
regardless of gender.	21
3 Empowering adult to exercise human	22
rights and fundamental freedoms	23
The importance of the following matters must be taken into account—	24 25
(a) empowering an adult to exercise the adult's human rights and fundamental	26 27
freedoms;	27
(b) encouraging and supporting an adult—	29
(i) to perform social roles valued in	30
society; and	31
(ii) to live a life in the general	32
community and to take part in	33

		activities enjoyed by the community; and	1 2
		<ul> <li>(iii) to achieve maximum physical, social, emotional and intellectual potential and to become as self-reliant as practicable;</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6
	(c)	an adult's right to participate to the greatest extent practicable in the development of policies, programs and services for people with impaired capacity for a matter.	7 8 9 1 1
4		intenance of adult's existing portive relationships	1 1
	(1)	The importance of maintaining an adult's existing supportive relationships must be taken into account.	1 1 1 1
	(2)	Maintaining an adult's existing supportive relationships may, for example, involve consultation with—	1 1 2
		(a) the adult, to find out who are the members of the adult's support network; and	2 2 2
		(b) any persons who have an existing supportive relationship with the adult; and	2 2 2
		(c) any members of the adult's support network who are making decisions for the adult on an informal basis.	2 2 2 3
	(3)	The role of families, carers and other significant persons in an adult's life to support the adult to make decisions should be acknowledged and respected.	3 3 3
		11	

5	Maintenance of adult's cultural and linguistic environment and values	1 2
	<ol> <li>The importance of maintaining an adult's cultural and linguistic environment and set of values, including religious beliefs, must be taken into account.</li> </ol>	3 4 5 6 7
	(2) Without limiting subsection (1), for an adult who is an Aboriginal person or a Torres Strait Islander, the importance of maintaining the adult's Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander cultural and linguistic environment and set of values, including Aboriginal tradition or Island custom, must be taken into account.	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
6	Respect for privacy	17
	(1) An adult's privacy must be taken into account and respected.	18 19
	(2) An adult's personal information, including health information, must be protected on the same basis as other people's personal information is protected.	20 21 22 23 24
7	Liberty and security	25
	<ol> <li>An adult's right to liberty and security on an equal basis with others must be taken into account.</li> </ol>	26 27 28
	(2) An adult should not be deprived of the adult's liberty except in accordance with the law.	29 30 31
8	Maximising an adult's participation in decision-making	32 33
	(1) An adult's right to participate, to the greatest extent practicable, in decisions	34 35

		affecting the adult's life must be recognised and taken into account.	1 2
	(2)	An adult must be given the support and access to information necessary to enable the adult to make or participate in decisions affecting the adult's life.	3 4 5 6
	(3)	An adult must be given the support necessary to enable the adult to communicate the adult's decisions.	7 8 9
	(4)	To the greatest extent practicable, a person or other entity, in exercising power for a matter for an adult, must seek the adult's views, wishes and preferences.	10 11 12 13 14
	(5)	An adult's views, wishes and preferences may be expressed orally, in writing or in another way, including, for example, by conduct.	15 16 17 18
	(6)	An adult is not to be treated as unable to make a decision about a matter unless all practicable steps have been taken to provide the adult with the support and access to information necessary to make and communicate a decision.	19 20 21 22 23 24 25
9		formance of functions and exercise of	26
	pov	vers	27
	fund Act end so—		28 29 30 31 32
	(a)	in a way that promotes and safeguards the adult's rights, interests and opportunities; and	33 34 35

10

(b)	in the way that is least restrictive of the adult's rights, interests and opportunities.	1 2 3
Stru	ictured decision-making	4
(1)	In applying general principle 9, a person or other entity in performing a function or exercising a power under this Act in relation to an adult, or under an enduring document for an adult, must adopt the approach set out in subsections (2) to (5).	5 6 7 8 9 10 11
(2)	First, the person or other entity must—	12
	(a) recognise and preserve, to the greatest extent practicable, the adult's right to make the adult's own decision; and	13 14 15 16
	(b) if possible, support the adult to make a decision.	17 18
(3)	Second, the person or other entity must recognise and take into account any views, wishes and preferences expressed or demonstrated by the adult.	19 20 21 22
(4)	Third, if the adult's views, wishes and preferences can not be determined, the person or other entity must use the principle of substituted judgement so that if, from the adult's views, wishes and preferences, expressed or demonstrated when the adult had capacity, it is reasonably practicable to work out what the adult's views, wishes and preferences would be, the person or other entity must recognise and take into account what the person or other entity considers the adult's views, wishes and preferences would be.	23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37

		(5)	Fourth, once the person or other entity has recognised and taken into account the matters mentioned in subsections (2) to (4), the person or other entity may perform the function or exercise the power.	1 2 3 4 5 6
6D	Health o	care	principles	7
	belo that und	pw mi perf er th	ciples (the <i>health care principles</i> ) set out ust be applied by a person or other entity forms a function or exercises a power is Act or an enduring document for a atter—	8 9 10 11 12
	Hea	lth c	are principles	13
	1	App	olication of general principles	14
		func or an in re	berson or other entity that performs a etion or exercises a power under this Act, n enduring document, for a health matter elation to an adult, must also apply the eral principles.	15 16 17 18 19
	2		ne human rights and fundamental doms	20 21
			pplying general principle 2 to a health ter—	22 23
		(a)	the principle of non-discrimination requires that all adults be offered appropriate health care, including preventative care, without regard to a particular adult's capacity; and	24 25 26 27 28
		(b)	any consent to, or refusal of, health care for an adult must take into account the principles of respect for inherent dignity and worth, individual autonomy (including the freedom to	29 30 31 32 33

	[s 56]	
	make one's own choices) and independence of persons.	1 2
3	Performance of functions and exercise of powers	3 4
	In applying general principles 9 and 10 to a health matter, a person or other entity, in performing a function or exercising a power under this Act in relation to an adult, or under an enduring document for an adult, must take into account—	5 6 7 8 9 10
	(a) information given by the adult's health provider; and	11 12
	(b) if the adult has a medical condition—	13
	(i) the nature of the adult's medical condition; and	14 15
	(ii) the adult's prognosis; and	16
	(c) if particular health care is proposed, any alternative health care that is available; and	17 18 19
	(d) the nature and degree of any significant risks associated with the proposed health care or any alternative health care; and	20 21 22 23
	(e) whether the proposed health care can be postponed because a better health care option may become available within a reasonable time or the adult is likely to become capable of making the adult's own decision about the health care; and	24 25 26 27 28 29 30
	(f) the consequences for the adult if the proposed health care is not carried out; and	31 32 33

[s 57]

Clause 57

		(g) a consideration of the benefits versus the burdens of the proposed health care; and	
		(h) the effect of the proposed health care on the adult's dignity and autonomy.	4 5
	4	Substituted judgement	6
		For applying general principle 10(4) to a health matter, the views and wishes of an adult expressed when the adult had capacity may also be expressed—	8
		(a) in an advance health directive; or	11
		(b) by a consent to, or refusal of, health care given at a time when the adult had capacity to make decisions about the health care.	13
Δm	nendment of s 2	29 (Meaning of <i>eligible attorney</i> )	16
(1)	Section 29(1)(a)		10
	omit, insert—		1,
			18
	(a)	a person who—	18 19
	(a)	a person who— (i) has capacity for the matter and is at least 18 years; and	19
	(a)	(i) has capacity for the matter and is at	19 20 21 22
	(a)	<ul> <li>(i) has capacity for the matter and is at least 18 years; and</li> <li>(ii) is not, and has not been within the previous 3 years, a paid carer for the</li> </ul>	19 20 21 22 23
	(a)	<ul> <li>(i) has capacity for the matter and is at least 18 years; and</li> <li>(ii) is not, and has not been within the previous 3 years, a paid carer for the principal; and</li> </ul>	19 20 21 22 23 24
	(a)	<ul> <li>(i) has capacity for the matter and is at least 18 years; and</li> <li>(ii) is not, and has not been within the previous 3 years, a paid carer for the principal; and</li> <li><i>Note</i>—</li> </ul>	19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26
	(a)	<ul> <li>(i) has capacity for the matter and is at least 18 years; and</li> <li>(ii) is not, and has not been within the previous 3 years, a paid carer for the principal; and</li> <li><i>Note—</i></li> <li>See schedule 3 for the definition <i>paid carer</i>.</li> <li>(iii) is not a health provider for the</li> </ul>	19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

[s 58]

	(iv) is not a service provider for a residential service where the principal is a resident; and
	<ul> <li>(v) if the person would be given power for a financial matter—is not bankrupt or taking advantage of the laws of bankruptcy as a debtor under the <i>Bankruptcy Act 1966</i> (Cwlth) or a similar law of a foreign jurisdiction; or</li> </ul>
(b)	for a financial matter only—
	(i) the public trustee; or
	(ii) a trustee company under the <i>Trustee</i> Companies Act 1968; or
(c)	for a personal matter only—the public guardian.
(2) Section 29(2)(a)	to (c)—
omit, insert—	
(a)	a person who has capacity for the matter who is—
	(i) at least 18 years; and
	(ii) not a paid carer, or health provider, for the principal; and
	Note—
	See schedule 3 for the definitions <i>paid carer</i> and <i>health provider</i> .
	(iii) not a service provider for a residential
	service where the principal is a resident; or

Section 31(1)(f), 'at least 21 years and'-

Clause 58

31

[s 59]

		omit.	1
Clause	59	Amendment of s 32 (Enduring powers of attorney) Section 32— <i>insert</i> —	2 3 4
		(3) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an enduring power of attorney may be made by an adult principal who is outside the State.	5 6 7
Clause	60	Amendment of s 34 (Recognition of enduring power of attorney made in other States)	8 9
		(1) Section 34, heading, 'States'—	10
		omit, insert—	11
		jurisdictions	12
		(2) Section 34, 'State'—	13
		omit, insert—	14
		jurisdiction	15
Clause	61	Amendment of s 35 (Advance health directives)	16
		Section 35—	17
		insert—	18
		(5) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an advance health directive may be made by an adult principal who is outside the State.	19 20 21
Clause	62	Amendment of s 41 (Principal's capacity to make an enduring power of attorney)	22 23
		(1) Section $41(1)$ —	24
		omit, insert—	25
		(1) A principal has capacity to make an enduring	26

		[s 63]	
		power of attorney only if the principal—	1
		(a) is capable of making the enduring power of attorney freely and voluntarily; and	2 3
		(b) understands the nature and effect of the enduring power of attorney.	4 5
		Note—	6
		Under the general principles, an adult is presumed to have capacity. See section 6C, general principle 1.	7 8
	(2) Section 4	1—	9
	insert—		1
	(3)	For this section, schedule 3, definition <i>capacity</i> does not apply.	1 1
Clause 63		t of s 42 (Principal's capacity to make an Ith directive)	1 1
	Section 4	2—	1
	omit, inse	rt—	1
		rincipal's capacity to make an advance health rective	1 1
	(1)	A principal has capacity to make an advance health directive, to the extent it does not give power to an attorney, only if the principal—	1 2 2
		(a) understands the nature and effect of the advance health directive; and	2 2
		(b) is capable of making the advance health directive freely and voluntarily.	2
		Note—	2
		Under the general principles, an adult is presumed to have capacity. See section 6C, general principle 1.	2 2
	(2)	Understanding the nature and effect of the advance health directive includes understanding the following matters—	

[s 64]

	a) the nature and likely direction in the advance h		
	b) a direction operates only has impaired capacity for by the direction;		
	c) the principal may revoke time the principal has capa covered by the direction;		
	d) at any time the principal revoking a direction, the to effectively oversee the the direction.	principal is unable 1	0 1
	Note—	1	3
	If there is a reasonable likelih advisable for the witness to make evidence as a result of which the principal understood these matters	a written record of the 1 witness considered the 1	5 6
(3)	A principal has capacity to health directive, to the extent it attorney, only if the principal necessary to make an enduring giving the same power.	gives power to an1has the capacity2	9 0 1
	Note—	2	3
	See section 41 in relation to the or to make an enduring power of atto		
(4)	For this section, schedule 3, o loes not apply.	lefinition <i>capacity</i> 2 2	
64 Amendment o attorneys)	s 43 (Appointment of 1 or	more eligible 2	
Section 43-		3	0
insert—		3	1
(3)	However, a principal may not joint attorneys for a matter power of attorney.		3

Clause

[s 65]

Clause	65	Amendment	of s 45 (Proof of enduring document)	1		
		(1) Section 4.	5(2) and (3)—	2		
		omit, inse	rt—	3		
		(2)	The copy must be certified to the effect that it is a true and complete copy of the original.	4 5		
		(2) Section 43	5(4) to (6)—	6		
		renumber	as section $45(3)$ to $(5)$ .	7		
Clause	66	Insertion of r	new ss 61A–61D	8		
		Chapter 3	, part 6—	9		
		insert—		10		
		61A A	oplication of ss 61B–61D	11		
			Sections 61B to 61D apply only in relation to an enduring power of attorney.	12 13		
	61B Effect on beneficiary's interest if property dealt with by attorney					
		(1)	This section applies to a person who is a beneficiary ( <i>the beneficiary</i> ) under a deceased principal's will.	16 17 18		
		(2)	The beneficiary has the same interest in any surplus money or other property ( <i>the proceeds</i> ) arising from a sale, mortgage, charge, disposition of, or other dealing with, property under the powers given to an attorney under an enduring power of attorney as the beneficiary would have had in the property sold, mortgaged, charged, disposed of or otherwise dealt with, if the sale, mortgage, charge, disposition or other dealing had not happened.	19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28		
		(3)	The beneficiary is also entitled to—	29		

[s 66]

	<ul> <li>(a) any money or other property that is able to be traced as income generated by the proceeds; and</li> </ul>	1 2 3							
	(b) any capital gain that is generated from the proceeds.	4 5							
(4)	This section applies even if the beneficiary is the attorney who sold, mortgaged, charged, disposed of or otherwise dealt with the property.								
(5)	This section applies subject to any order made by the court under section $61D(1)$ .	9 10							
	orney not required to keep proceeds and perty separate	11 12							
	Section 61B does not require an attorney for a principal who has sold, mortgaged, charged, disposed of, or otherwise dealt with, the principal's property under the powers given to the attorney, to keep any surplus money or other property arising from the sale, mortgage, charge, disposition or other dealing separate from other property of the principal.	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20							
	plication to court to confirm or vary eration of s 61B	21 22							
(1)	An application may be made to the court for—	23							
	<ul> <li>(a) an order, including an order to direct a conveyance, deed or other thing to be executed or done, to give effect to section 61B; or</li> </ul>	24 25 26 27							
	(b) an order to ensure a beneficiary under the principal's will does not gain an unjust and disproportionate advantage or suffer an unjust and disproportionate disadvantage of a kind not contemplated by the will because of the operation of section 61B.	28 29 30 31 32 33							

[s 67]

			(2)	An ap	pplication may be made by—	1
				(a) a	a beneficiary under the principal's will; or	2
				. ,	he personal representative of a deceased beneficiary under the principal's will; or	3 4
				(c) t	he personal representative of the principal.	5
			(3)	An or	der made under subsection (1)(b)—	6
				ť	has effect as if it had been made as a codicil to the principal's will executed immediately before the principal's death; and	7 8 9
					applies despite any contrary operation of section 61B.	10 11
			(4)	-	oplication under this section must be made to ourt within 6 months after the principal's .	12 13 14
			(5)	The c	ourt may extend the application time.	15
			(6)	applie as if part 4	Succession Act 1981, section 44(1) to (4) es to an application and an order made on it the application were an application under of that Act by a person entitled to make an cation.	16 17 18 19 20
			(7)		te section 109A, a reference in this section e court does not include a reference to the nal.	21 22 23
Clause	67	Am	nendment o	f s 63	(Who is the statutory health attorney)	24
		(1)	Section 63(	1)(a), ł	before 'a spouse'—	25
			insert—			26
				a pers	son who is 18 years or more and who is	27
		(2)	Section 63(	1)(a)—	-	28
			insert—			29

[s 68]

		Note—	the Acts Interpretation Act 1954, schedule 1 for the
			nition spouse.
(3)	Section 63 adult'—	(1)(b)	and (c), 'and is not a paid carer for the
	omit, insert	. <u> </u>	
		and is	not—
		(	i) a paid carer for the adult; or
		(	ii) a health provider for the adult; or
		(	iii) a service provider for a residential service where the adult is a resident
(4)	Section 63-		
	insert—		
	(5)	person	absection (1)(c), a <i>relation</i> of the adult is a n, other than a person mentioned in $(1)(a)$ or $(b)$ —
		t	who has a close personal relationship with the adult and a personal interest in the dult's welfare; and
		(b) v	vho—
		(	i) is related to the adult by blood, spousal relationship, adoption or a foster relationship; or
		(	ii) for an Aboriginal person—is a person who, under Aboriginal tradition, is regarded as a relative of the adult; or
		(	iii) for a Torres Strait Islander—is a person who, under Island custom, is regarded as a relative of the adult.

Clause	68	Amendment of s 73 (Avoid conflict transaction)	30
		(1) Section 73(1), 'authorises'—	31

			[s 68]	
	omit, insert			1
		, or tl	ne court under section 118(2), has authorised	2
(2)	Section 73-	_		3
	insert—			4
	(1A)	confl author transa confl retros	ite subsection (1), if an attorney enters into a ict transaction without obtaining an orisation mentioned in subsection (1) for the action, a conflict transaction of that type or ict transactions generally, the principal may spectively authorise the transaction if the ipal has capacity to do so.	5 6 7 8 9 1 1
	(1B)	subse been, an au attorr	conflict transaction authorised under ection (2) is taken to be, and to have always , as valid as if it had been entered into under thorisation given by the principal before the ney entered into the transaction.	1 1 1 1 1
		Note-		1
			e also section 118(3) in relation to the retrospective horisation of particular transactions by the court.	1 1
	(1C)	confl	ection (5) applies if an attorney enters into a ict transaction without obtaining an prisation mentioned in subsection (1).	2 2 2
	(1D)	confl (2) c	emove any doubt, it is declared that, until the ict transaction is authorised under subsection or section $118(3)$ , the attorney has acted ary to subsection (1).	2 2 2 2 2
(3)	Section 73(	2), exa	ample 2—	2
	<i>renumber</i> a	s exan	ple 6.	2
(4)	Section 73(	2), exa	amples—	2
	insert—			3
		2	A conflict transaction happens if an attorney for a financial matter lends the principal's money to a close friend of the attorney.	3 3 3

[s 68]

		3	A conflict transaction happens if an attorney for a financial matter rents the principal's residential property to the attorney or a relative of the attorney.	1 2 3
		4	A conflict transaction happens if an attorney for a financial matter uses the principal's money to pay the personal expenses of the attorney, including, for example, the attorney's personal travel expenses.	4 5 6 7
		5	A conflict transaction happens if an attorney for a financial matter buys the principal's house.	8 9
(5)	Section 73(	3)—		10
	omit, insert	<u> </u>		11
	(3)		wever, a transaction is not a conflict saction merely because—	12 13
		(a)	the attorney is related to the principal; or	14
		(b)	the attorney may be a beneficiary of the principal's estate on the principal's death; or	15 16
		(c)	by the transaction the attorney, in the attorney's own right and on behalf of the principal—	17 18 19
			(i) deals with an interest in property jointly held; or	20 21
			(ii) acquires a joint interest in property; or	22
			<ul><li>(iii) obtains a loan or gives a guarantee or indemnity in relation to a transaction mentioned in subparagraph (i) or (ii).</li></ul>	23 24 25
	(3A)	mak	o, to remove any doubt, it is declared that the king of a gift or donation under section 88 is a conflict transaction.	26 27 28
	(3B)	pers beli in	onflict transaction between an attorney and a son who does not know, or have reason to eve, the transaction is a conflict transaction is, favour of the person, as valid as if the saction were not a conflict transaction.	29 30 31 32 33
(6)	Section 73(	1A) t	io (4)—	34

						[s 69]	
		renumb	oer a	s seci	tion 7	73(2) to (10).	1
Clause	69	Omission impaired c				eral principles for adults with	2 3
		Section	n 76-	_			4
		omit.					5
Clause	70	Replaceme	ent	ofs	88 (C	Gifts)	6
		Section	ı 88–				7
		omit, in	isert				8
		88	Gift	ts an	d do	onations	9
			(1)	atto	rney	therwise authorised under this Act, an for a principal may give away or donate ipal's property only if—	10 11 12
				(a)	the	gift or donation is—	13
					(i)	of the nature the principal made when the principal had capacity; or	14 15
					(ii)	of the nature the principal might reasonably be expected to make; and	16 17
				(b)	thar the	value of the gift or donation is not more a what is reasonable having regard to all circumstances and, in particular, the cipal's financial circumstances.	18 19 20 21
			(2)	has	a cor	rney, or a charity with which the attorney nection, is not precluded from receiving donation under subsection (1).	22 23 24
Clause	71	Replaceme	ent	ofs	96 (l	nterpretation)	25
		Section	96-				26
		omit, in	isert				27

[s 71]

96	Definiti	ons for part	1			
	In t	his part—	2			
	inva	alidity—	3			
	(a)	in relation to an advance health directive, means invalidity because—				
		<ul> <li>(i) the advance health directive was made in another State in purported compliance with the requirements of the law of that other State but does not comply with that State's requirements; or</li> </ul>	6 7 8 9 10 11			
		(ii) the advance health directive has been revoked; or	12 13			
	(b)	in relation to a power under a document, means invalidity because—	14 15			
		<ul> <li>(i) the document was made in another jurisdiction in purported compliance with the requirements of the law of that other jurisdiction but does not comply with that jurisdiction's requirements; or</li> </ul>	16 17 18 19 20			
		(ii) the document has been revoked wholly or to the extent it gives the power; or	21 22			
		(iii) the power is not exercisable at the time it is purportedly exercised.	23 24			
	kno	<i>w</i> —	25			
	(a)	in relation to the invalidity of an advance health directive, includes—	26 27			
		(i) know of the happening of an event that invalidates the directive; or	28 29			
		<ul><li>(ii) have reason to believe the directive is invalid; or</li></ul>	30 31			
	(b)	in relation to the invalidity of a power under a document, includes—	32 33			

				[s 72]	
			(i)	know of the happening of an event that invalidates the power; or	1 2
			(ii)	have reason to believe the power is invalid.	3 4
Clause	72	Replacement of invalidity in he		Additional protection if unaware of text)	5 6
		Section 100	)—		7
		omit, insert	·		8
			ditional p alth conte	protection if unaware of invalidity in ext	9 10
		(1)	attorney, an advan matter un direction operate,	tion applies if a person, other than an in good faith and without knowing that ce health directive or a power for a health nder an enduring document is invalid or a in an advance health directive does not acts in reliance on the advance health , power or direction.	11 12 13 14 15 16 17
			Note—		18
				tion 36 in relation to the operation of a direction lvance health directive.	19 20
		(2)	the adult of the ad	on does not incur any liability, either to or anyone else, because of the invalidity lvance health directive or power or the ve direction.	21 22 23 24
Clause	73			Protection of health provider ealth directive)	25 26
		Section 102	2, after 'th	e health provider'—	27
		insert—			28
			, acting i	n good faith,	29

[s 74]

Page 74

Clause	74	Replacement ( comply)	of s	106 (Compensation for failure to	$\frac{1}{2}$
		Section 106	<u>)</u>		3
		omit, insert			4
				nsation and accounting for profits for o comply	5 6
		(1)	prin	court or tribunal may order an attorney for a cipal to pay an amount to the principal or, if principal has died, the principal's estate—	7 8 9
			(a)	to compensate for a loss caused by the attorney's failure to comply with this Act in the exercise of a power; or	10 11 12
			(b)	to account for any profits the attorney has accrued as a result of the attorney's failure to comply with this Act in the exercise of a power.	13 14 15 16
		(2)	atto	vever, the court or tribunal may not order the rney to make a payment under both subsection a) and (b) in relation to the same exercise of ver.	17 18 19 20
		(3)	con	section (1) applies even if the attorney is victed of an offence in relation to the rney's failure.	21 22 23
		(4)		b, subsection (1) applies even if the attorney's pointment has ended.	24 25
		(5)	for a	e principal or attorney has died, an application an order under subsection (1) must be made to court or tribunal within 6 months after the h.	26 27 28 29
		(6)	app] be r	he principal and attorney have died, an lication for an order under subsection (1) must nade to the court or tribunal within 6 months r the first death.	30 31 32 33
		(7)	The time	court or tribunal may extend the application	34 35

[s 75]

(8)	An amount paid under an order under subsection (1) must be taken into account in assessing damages in a later civil proceeding in relation to the attorney's exercise of the power.	2
(9)	In this section—	5
	attorney means an attorney under—	6
	(a) a general power of attorney made under this Act; or	7 8
	(b) an enduring document; or	9
	(c) a power of attorney made otherwise than under this Act, whether before or after its commencement.	
	court means any court.	13
Insertion of ne	aw e 111Λ	14
After sectio		14
	ni i i i	15
insert—		16
111AAp	plication of presumption of capacity	17
(1)	If, in performing a function or exercising a power under this Act, the court or tribunal is required to make a decision about an adult's capacity for a matter, the court or tribunal is to presume the adult has capacity for the matter until the contrary is proven.	19 20 21
(2)	If a declaration by the court or tribunal that an adult has impaired capacity for a matter is in force, a person or other entity that performs a	25

function or exercises a power under this Act is

entitled to rely on the declaration to presume that

the adult does not have capacity for the matter.

Clause 75

Page 75

[s 76]

Clause	76		endment of ommendati	f s 118 (Advice, directions and ons etc.)	1 2
		(1)	Section 118 the principa	(2), 'if the court considers it in the best interests of l,'—	3 4
			omit.		5
		(2)	Section 118	(2), after 'be authorised to undertake'—	6
			insert—		7
				, if the court is satisfied the transaction would be in accordance with the general principles	8 9
		(3)	Section 118		10
			insert—		11
			(3)	Also, if an attorney undertakes a transaction mentioned in subsection (2) that has not been authorised under that subsection, the court may retrospectively authorise the transaction.	12 13 14 15
			(4)	A transaction authorised under subsection (3) is taken to be, and to have always been, as valid as if it had been undertaken under an authorisation given by the court before the attorney undertook the transaction.	16 17 18 19 20
Clause	77	Am	endment of	f s 122 (Records and audit)	21
		(1)		, after 'court'—	21
		. ,	insert—		23
				or the tribunal	24
		(2)	Section 122		25
			insert—		26
			(4)	This section applies even if—	27
				<ul><li>(a) the enduring power of attorney has been revoked; or</li></ul>	28 29
				(b) the principal has died.	30

Clause	78	Insertion of ne	ew s 160	1
Clause		Chapter 8–		2
		insert—		2
		160 Del	legation of public trustee's powers under s Act	4 5
		(1)	If the public trustee has power under this Act for a financial matter for an adult, the public trustee may delegate the power to—	6 7 8
			(a) an appropriately qualified member of the public trustee's staff; or	9 10
			(b) for day-to-day decisions about the matter—	11
			(i) an appropriately qualified carer of the adult; or	12 13
			(ii) an attorney under an enduring document; or	14 15
			<ul><li>(iii) a person who would be eligible to be the adult's statutory health attorney; or</li></ul>	16 17
			(iv) another person the public trustee considers appropriately qualified to exercise the power.	18 19 20
		(2)	However, the public trustee may not delegate the public trustee's powers mentioned in subsection $(1)(b)$ to—	21 22 23
			(a) the public guardian; or	24
			(b) a paid carer for the adult.	25
		(3)	In this section—	26
			<i>day-to-day decisions</i> , for a financial matter for an adult, means minor, uncontroversial decisions about day-to-day issues that involve no more than a low risk to the adult.	27 28 29 30

[s 78]

[s 79]

Clause	79	Insertion of ne	ew ch 9, pt 4	1
		Chapter 9–	-	2
		insert—		3
		Part 4	Transitional and validation provisions for Guardianship and Administration and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2018	4 5 6 7 8 9
		167 Def	initions for part	10
			In this part—	11
			<i>amended</i> , for a provision of this Act, means the provision as amended by the amendment Act.	12 13
			<i>amendment Act</i> means the <i>Guardianship and</i> <i>Administration and Other Legislation</i> <i>Amendment Act 2018.</i>	14 15 16
			sting appointment—eligible attorney during power of attorney)	17 18
		(1)	This section applies in relation to a person who, immediately before the commencement, held an appointment as an attorney for a matter under an enduring power of attorney if—	19 20 21 22
			<ul><li>(a) the person was an eligible attorney for the matter under section 29(1) as in force when the person was appointed; but</li></ul>	23 24 25
			(b) the person would not be an eligible attorney for the matter under amended section 29(1).	26 27
		(2)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that amended section $29(1)$ does not affect the person's appointment.	28 29 30

[s 79]

169 Exi (ad	sting appointment—eligible attorney vance health directive)	$\frac{1}{2}$
(1)	This section applies in relation to a person who, immediately before the commencement, held an appointment as an attorney for a matter under an advance health directive if—	3 4 5 6
	<ul><li>(a) the person was an eligible attorney for the matter under section 29(2) as in force when the person was appointed; but</li></ul>	7 8 9
	(b) the person would not be an eligible attorney for the matter under amended section 29(2).	10 11
(2)	On the commencement, the advance health directive is revoked to the extent it gives power to the attorney.	12 13 14
	sting appointment—more than 4 joint orneys (enduring power of attorney)	15 16
(1)	This section applies if, immediately before the commencement, more than 4 persons were joint attorneys for a matter under an enduring power of attorney.	17 18 19 20
(2)	Section $43(3)$ , as inserted by the amendment Act, does not apply to the enduring power of attorney in relation to that matter.	21 22 23
171 Exi	sting certified copy of enduring document	24
(1)	This section applies to a copy of an enduring document certified under section 45 before the commencement as a copy of the enduring document.	25 26 27 28
(2)	Section 45 as in force immediately before the commencement continues to apply to the copy.	29 30

[s 79]

172 Ap	plication of ss 61A–61D
	Sections 61A to 61D apply—
	(a) in relation to the will of a principal who dies after the commencement; and
	<ul><li>(b) regardless of whether the sale, mortgage, charge, disposition of, or other dealing with, property by the attorney happened before or after the commencement.</li></ul>
173 Val	idation of delegation
(1)	This section applies to a delegation of a power by the public trustee of a type described in, and to a person mentioned in, section 160 before the commencement.
(2)	The delegation is taken to be, and always to have been, as valid and effective as it would have been if it were made after the commencement of section 160.
174 En	during documents started
(1)	This section applies if, immediately before the commencement, the preparation of an enduring document had been started but not finished.
(2)	This Act, as amended by the amendment Act, applies to the preparation of the enduring document.
175 Exi	sting proceedings
(1)	This section applies if, immediately before the commencement, a proceeding under this Act had been started but not finished.
(2)	The proceeding is to continue as if the amendment Act had not been enacted.

		[s 80]	
Clause	80	Omission of sch 1 (Principles)	1
		Schedule 1—	2
		omit.	3
Clause	81	Amendment of sch 2, s 2 (Personal matter)	4
		Schedule 2, section 2—	5
		insert—	6
		(j) who may have access visits to, or other contact with, the principal;	7 8
		(k) advocacy relating to the care and welfare of the principal.	9 10
Clause	82	Amendment of sch 2, s 3 (Special personal matter)	11
		Schedule 2, section 3—	12
		insert—	13
		(j) entering a plea on a criminal charge for the principal.	14 15
Clause	83	Amendment of sch 2, s 13 (Approved clinical research)	16
		(1) Schedule 2, section 13(1)(b), 'drugs'—	17
		omit, insert—	18
		drugs, devices, biologicals	19
		(2) Schedule 2, section 13(2), 'schedule 2, section 13'—	20
		omit, insert—	21
		section 74C	22
Clause	84	Amendment of sch 3 (Dictionary)	23
		(1) Schedule 3, definitions <i>health care principle</i> and <i>interested person</i> —	24 25

[s 84]

	omit.		1
(2)	Schedule 3—		2
	insert—		3
	he	alth care principles see section 6D.	4
	pe	<i>erested person</i> , for another person, means a rson who has a sufficient and genuine concern the rights and interests of the other person.	5 6 7
	jui	<i>isdiction</i> means—	8
	(a)	another State; or	9
	(b)	New Zealand.	10
		<i>pport network</i> , for an adult, consists of the lowing people—	11 12
	(a)	members of the adult's family;	13
	(b)	close friends of the adult;	14
	(c)	other people the tribunal decides provide support to the adult.	15 16
(3)	Schedule 3, def	inition <i>capacity</i> —	17
	insert—		18
	No	te—	19
		Under the <i>Guardianship and Administration Act 2000</i> , section 146(3), in deciding whether an individual is capable of communicating decisions in some way, the tribunal must investigate the use of all reasonable ways of facilitating communication, which may include symbol boards or signing.	20 21 22 23 24 25
(4)	Schedule 3, de 1'—	finition general principles, 'schedule 1, part	26 27
	omit, insert—		28
	sec	ction 6C	29

				[s 85]	
	Part	6		endment of Public Guardian t 2014	1 2
Clause	85	Act amended			3
		This part an	nends	s the Public Guardian Act 2014.	4
		Note—			5
		See also th	e amei	ndments in schedule 1.	6
Clause	86	Amendment o capacity for a		(Principles for adults with impaired er)	7 8
		Section 6(1)	)—		9
		omit, insert	- <u></u> -		10
		(1)	perf this	principles to be applied by persons orming functions or exercising powers under Act for a matter in relation to an adult with aired capacity for the matter are—	11 12 13 14
			(a)	the general principles stated in the Guardianship Act, section 11B (the <i>general principles</i> ); and	15 16 17
			(b)	for a health matter—the general principles and the health care principles stated in the Guardianship Act, section 11C (the <i>health</i> <i>care principles</i> ).	18 19 20 21
Clause	87	Amendment o	f s 19	9 (Investigate complaints)	22
		Section 19-			23
		insert—			24
		(2)		public guardian may investigate a complaint legation even after an adult's death.	25 26

Guardianship and Administration and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2018 Part 6 Amendment of Public Guardian Act 2014

[s 88]

Clause	88	Amendment of s 21 (Records and audit)	1
		(1) Section 21—	2
		insert—	3
		(4A) This section applies even after an adult's death.	4
		(2) Section 21(4A) and (5)—	5
		<i>renumber</i> as section 21(5) and (6).	6
Clause	89	Amendment of s 22 (Right to information)	7
		(1) Section 22(5)(a), after 'information'—	8
		insert—	9
		, including a person's personal information	10
		(2) Section 22(6)—	11
		insert—	12
		<i>personal information</i> see the <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i> , section 12.	13 14
Clause	90	Replacement of s 31 (Report after investigation or audit)	15
		Section 31—	16
		omit, insert—	17
		31 Report and information after investigation or audit	18 19
		(1) After the public guardian has carried out an investigation or audit in relation to an adult, the public guardian—	20 21 22
		(a) must make a written report; and	23
		<ul> <li>(b) must inform each of the following persons, in a way the public guardian considers appropriate, of the results of the investigation or audit—</li> </ul>	24 25 26 27

[s 91]

		(i) the person at whose request the investigation or audit was carried out;	1 2
		(ii) every attorney, guardian or administrator for the adult;	3 4
		(iii) if the adult has died—the adult's personal representative; and	5 6
		(c) may give a copy of the report to a person mentioned in paragraph (b).	7 8
	(2)	It is a lawful excuse for the publication of a defamatory statement made in the report that the publication is made in good faith and is, or purports to be, made for this Act.	9 10 11 12
	(3)	If an interested person asks to be informed of the results of the investigation or audit, the public guardian must inform the interested person in a way the public guardian considers appropriate.	13 14 15 16
	(4)	If a report made by the public guardian contains information about a person and the public guardian considers it appropriate to protect the person's identity, the public guardian may remove, from the copy of the report given under subsection (1), information likely to result in the person's identification.	17 18 19 20 21 22 23
	(5)	In this section—	24
		<i>attorney</i> means—	25
		(a) an attorney under a power of attorney; or	26
		(b) an attorney under an advance health directive.	27 28
91	Amendment o (1) Section 34-	f s 34 (Suspension of attorney's power) —	29 30
	insert—		31
	(3A)	The public guardian may not—	32
		Page 85	

Clause

Guardianship and Administration and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2018 Part 6 Amendment of Public Guardian Act 2014

[s 92]

				(a)	extend the suspension; or	1
				(b)	suspend the attorney more than once on the	2
					same ground arising from the same	3
					circumstances.	4
		(2)	Section 34(	3A) t	o (6)—	5
			<i>renumber</i> as	s sect	ion 34(4) to (7).	6
Clause	92	Am ask		fs4:	3 (Requirement to visit visitable site if	7 8
		(1)	Section 43–	_		9
			insert—			10
			(1A)		following entities may also make a request er subsection (1)(a) or (b)—	11 12
				(a)	a consumer's administrator;	13
				(b)	a consumer's attorney under an enduring power of attorney;	14 15
				(c)	a consumer's attorney under an advance health directive;	16 17
				(d)	a consumer's statutory health attorney;	18
				(e)	a consumer's guardian;	19
				(f)	an interested person for the consumer;	20
				(g)	an organisation that provides advocacy for consumers.	21 22
		(2)	Section 43(	1A) t	o (3)—	23
			<i>renumber</i> a	s sect	ion 43(2) to (4).	24
Clause	93		endment o ult))	f s 4	7 (Reports by community visitors	25 26
			Section 47(4	4)—		27
			insert—			28

					[s 94]	
				(f)	an interested person for the consumer;	1
				(g)	if the report relates to a visit requested by a person mentioned in section $43(2)(a)$ , (b), (c), (d), (e) or (g)—the person who made the request.	2 3 4 5
Clause	94	Am	nendment o	ofs1	46 (Delegation)	6
		(1)	Section 140	5—		7
			insert—			8
			(1A)	gua	e public guardian may delegate the public rdian's powers under section 29 or 106 to a for executive or a senior officer.	9 10 11
			(1B)	gua	public guardian may delegate the public rdian's powers under section $25(1)$ to a senior cutive.	12 13 14
		(2)	Section 140	6(4)-	-	15
			insert—			16
					<i>ior officer</i> see the <i>Public Service Act 2008</i> , edule 4.	17 18
		(3)	Section 140	5(1A)	) to (4)—	19
			renumber a	is sec	tion 146(2) to (6).	20
Clause	95	Am	nendment o	of scl	n 1 (Dictionary)	21
		(1)	Schedule 1 person—	, def	initions health care principle and interested	22 23
			omit.			24
		(2)	Schedule 1			25
			insert—			26
					<i>Ith care principles</i> see the Guardianship Act, ion 11C.	27 28
				inte	rested person, for another person, means a	29

[s 96]

		(3)	Schedule 1 1'— omit, insert	person who has a sufficient and genuine concern for the rights and interests of the other person. , definition <i>general principles</i> , 'schedule 1, part section 11B	1 2 3 4 5 6
	Part	7		Amendment of Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010	7 8
Clause	96	Act	a <b>mended</b> This part ar	nends the Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010.	9 10
Clause	97		endment o vernment e Section 19-		11 12 13
			insert—		13
			(10)	This section is declared to be a Corporations legislation displacement provision for the purposes of the Corporations Act, section 5G, in relation to section 1317AE of that Act.	15 16 17 18
				<i>Note—</i> The Corporations Act, section 5G, provides that if a	19 20
				State law declares a provision of a State law to be a Corporations legislation displacement provision, any provision of the Corporations legislation with which the State provision would otherwise be inconsistent does not apply to the extent necessary to avoid the inconsistency.	20 21 22 23 24 25 26

[s	981

	Part	8 Consequential and minor amendments	1 2	
Clause	98	Acts amended	3	
		Schedule 1 amends the Acts it mentions.	4	

Schedule 1

Schedule 1		Consequential and minor amendments	1 2
		section 98	3
Gua	ardianship a	nd Administration Act 2000	4
1	Section 68(	2), note—	5
	omit, ins	sert—	6
		Note—	7
		For the application of the general principles and the health care principles to the tribunal and to an entity authorised by an Act to make a decision for an adult about prescribed special health care, see sections 11B and 11C.	8 9 10 11 12
2	Section 74(	4), 'principle'—	13
	omit, ins	sert—	14
		principles	15
Pov	vers of Attor	mey Act 1998	16
1	Section 79(	1), note, 'health care principle'—	17
	omit, ins	sert—	18
		general principles or health care principles	19

	Schedule 1	
Put	olic Guardian Act 2014	1
1	Section 107(2), 'Crime and Misconduct Act 2001'—	2
	omit, insert—	3
	Crime and Corruption Act 2001	4
2	Section 126(2)(b), 'section 230A'—	5
	omit, insert—	6
	section 231	7
3	Section 144(5), definition <i>complaints agency</i> , paragraph (b)—	8 9
	omit, insert—	10
	(b) the Crime and Corruption Commission under the <i>Crime and Corruption Act 2001</i> ;	11 12

Guardianship and Administration and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2018

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