

Child Protection Reform Amendment Bill 2017



Queensland

Child Protection Reform Amendment Bill 2017

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2017

A Bill

for

An Act to amend the *Child Protection Act 1999* and the *Director of Child Protection Litigation Act 2016* for particular purposes

[s 1]

	The Parliament of Queensland enacts—				
	Part	1 Preliminary	2		
Clause	1	This Act may be cited as the Child Protection Reform	3 4 5		
Clause	2		6 7		
	Part		8 9		
Clause	3		10 11		
Clause	4	 (1) Section 5A, after 'of a child'— <i>insert</i>— , both through childhood and for the rest of the 	12 13 14 15 16		
		 (2) Section 5A, example, 'best interests, and'— <i>omit, insert</i>— best interests (whether immediate or long-term in 	17 18 19 20		

[s 5]

Clause	5	Amendment of s 5B (Other general principles)	1
		(1) Section $5B(k)$ —	2
		omit.	3
		(2) Section 5B(l) to (n)—	4
		<i>renumber</i> as section 5B(k) to (m).	5
Clause	6	Insertion of new s 5BA	6
		After section 5B—	7
		insert—	8
			9 10
		making decisions about actions to be taken, or	11 12 13
		child, the action or order that should be preferred, having regard to the principles mentioned in sections 5B and 5C, is the action or order that best	14 15 16 17 18
		relationships with persons of significance to the child, including the child's parents, siblings, extended family members and	19 20 21 22 23
		to the child's community, that meet the child's developmental, educational, emotional, health, intellectual and physical	24 25 26 27 28
		Example—	29
			30 31

[s 7]

	(c)	legal arrangements for the child's care that provide the child with a sense of permanence and long-term stability, including, for example, a long-term guardianship order, a permanent care order or an adoption order for the child.	1 2 3 4 5 6
		Note—	7
		See sections 62 and 64 about the restrictions on the duration or extension of child protection orders granting custody or short-term guardianship.	8 9 10 11
(3	exp	this Act, <i>permanency</i> , for a child, means the erience by the child of having the things ntioned in subsection $(2)(a)$ to (c) .	12 13 14
(4	ach	deciding whether an action or order best ieves permanency for a child, the following nciples also apply, in order of priority—	15 16 17
	(a)	the first preference is for the child to be cared for by the child's family;	18 19
	(b)	the second preference is for the child to be cared for under the guardianship of a person who is a member of the child's family, other than a parent of the child, or another suitable person;	20 21 22 23 24
	(c)	the third preference is for the child to be cared for under the guardianship of the chief executive.	25 26 27
		5C (Additional principles for Aboriginal ander children)	28 29
Section 5	5C—		30
omit, inse	ert—		31
		nal principles for Aboriginal or Torres slander children	32 33
(1) The	e following additional principles apply for	34

[s 7]

		inistering this Act in relation to Aboriginal or res Strait Islander children—	1 2
	(a)	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people have the right to self-determination;	3 4
	(b)	the long-term effect of a decision on the child's identity and connection with the child's family and community must be taken into account.	5 6 7 8
(2)	prin	following principles (the <i>child placement</i> <i>ciples</i>) also apply in relation to Aboriginal or res Strait Islander children—	9 10 11
	(a)	the principle (the <i>prevention principle</i>) that a child has the right to be brought up within the child's own family and community;	12 13 14
	(b)	the principle (the <i>partnership principle</i>) that Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander persons have the right to participate in significant decisions under this Act about Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander children;	15 16 17 18 19
	(c)	the principle (the <i>placement principle</i>) that, if a child is to be placed in care, the child has a right to be placed with a member of the child's family group; <i>Note—</i>	20 21 22 23 24
		See section 83 for provisions for placing Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children in care.	24 25 26 27
	(d)	the principle (the <i>participation principle</i>) that a child and the child's parents and family members have a right to participate, and be enabled to participate, in an administrative or judicial process for making a significant decision about the child;	28 29 30 31 32 33 34
	(e)	the principle (the <i>connection principle</i>) that a child has a right to be supported to develop	35 36

[s 8]

			fam lang the	maintain a connection with the child's ily, community, culture, traditions and guage, particularly when the child is in care of a person who is not an original or Torres Strait Islander person.	1 2 3 4 5
				ecognised entities and decisions forres Strait Islander children)	6 7
Sectio	on 6—	-			8
omit,	insert				9
6				ndependent Aboriginal or Torres ler entity	10 11
	(1)	Stra	it Isl	is an <i>independent Aboriginal or Torres</i> <i>ander entity</i> , for an Aboriginal or Torres ander child, if—	12 13 14
		(a)	the	entity is—	15
			(i)	an individual who is an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander person; or	16 17
			(ii)	another entity whose members include individuals who are Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander persons; and	18 19 20
		(b)	the	chief executive is satisfied the entity—	21
			(i)	provides services to Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander persons; or	22 23
			(ii)	is a representative of the child's community or language group; or	24 25
			(iii)	satisfies the requirements mentioned in subsection (2); and	26 27
		(c)	Abc	suitable person to be an independent original or Torres Strait Islander entity the child.	28 29 30

[s 8]

	Examples of persons who may be independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entities for Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander children—	1 2 3
	• an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander elder	4
	• an entity funded by a State or the Commonwealth to provide cultural services, including cultural advice and support, to Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander persons	5 6 7 8
(2)	For subsection (1)(b)(iii), the requirements are that the entity is an individual who—	9 10
	(a) is a person of significance to the child or child's family; and	11 12
	(b) is a suitable person for associating on a daily basis with the child; and	13 14
	 (c) is a person with appropriate authority to speak about Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander culture in relation to the child or the child's family; and 	15 16 17 18
	(d) is not an officer or employee of the department.	19 20
Isla	nciples about Aboriginal and Torres Strait nder children—chief executive, litigation ector and authorised officers	21 22 23
(1)	This section applies to the following persons (each a <i>relevant authority</i>)—	24 25
	(a) the chief executive;	26
	(b) the litigation director;	27
	(c) an authorised officer.	28
(2)	When making a significant decision about an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child, a relevant authority must—	29 30 31
	(a) have regard to the child placement principles in relation to the child; and	32 33

[s 8]

	(b)	in consultation with the child and the child's family, arrange for an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity for the child to facilitate the participation of the child and the child's family in the decision-making process.	1 2 3 4 5 6
(3)	Hov	wever, subsection (2)(b) does not apply if—	7
	(a)	complying with the subsection—	8
		 (i) is not practicable because an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity for the child is not available or urgent action is required to protect the child; or 	9 10 11 12 13
		 (ii) is likely to have a significant adverse effect on the safety or psychological or emotional wellbeing of the child or any other person; or 	14 15 16 17
		(iii) is otherwise not in the child's best interests; or	18 19
	(b)	the child or the child's family does not consent to the ongoing involvement in the decision-making process of an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity for the child.	20 21 22 23 24
(4)	Alse	o, subsection (2)(b) does not apply if—	25
	(a)	the relevant authority is the litigation director; and	26 27
	(b)	the litigation director is satisfied the chief executive or an authorised officer has already complied with the requirement in relation to the significant decision.	28 29 30 31
(5)	auth this	far as reasonably practicable, a relevant nority must, in performing a function under Act involving an Aboriginal or Torres Strait nder person (whether a child or not), perform	32 33 34 35

[s 9]

	the function—	1
	(a) in a way that allows the full participation of the person and the person's family group; and	2 3 4
	(b) in a place that is appropriate to Aboriginal tradition or Island custom.	5 6
	nciples about Aboriginal and Torres Strait Inder children—Childrens Court	7 8
(1)	This section applies to the Childrens Court.	9
(2)	When exercising a power under this Act in relation to an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child, the court must have regard to—	10 11 12
	(a) Aboriginal tradition and Island custom relating to the child; and	13 14
	Note—	15
	The Acts Interpretation Act 1954, schedule 1, contains definitions of Aboriginal tradition and Island custom.	16 17 18
	(b) the child placement principles in relation to the child.	19 20
(3)	To inform itself about the matters mentioned in subsection $(2)(a)$, the court may have regard to the views about those matters of—	21 22 23
	(a) an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity for the child; or	24 25
	(b) the child; or	26
	(c) a member of the child's family.	27
Clause 9 Amendment o	f s 7 (Chief executive's functions)	28
Section 7(1)(o)—	29
omit, insert		30

[s 10]

		 (o) arranging for independent Aboriginal Torres Strait Islander entities for Aborigin or Torres Strait Islander children to facilita the participation of the children and the children's families when making decision in relation to the children; and 	al 2 te 3 he 4
Clause	10	Amendment of s 13B (Action by relevant persons under other provisions)	7 8
		Section 13B(3), 'section 159M'—	9
		omit, insert—	10
		section 159MD(1)	11
Clause	11	Amendment of s 21A (Unborn children)	12
		(1) Section $21A(3)$ —	13
		omit, insert—	14
			an 16 an 17
		 (a) facilitate the participation of the pregna woman and the child's family in relation to matter mentioned in subsection (2); and 	
		(b) offer help and support to the pregna woman.	nt 23 24
		(2) Section 21A(4), 'consultation taking place'—	25
		omit, insert—	26
		involvement of an independent Aboriginal Torres Strait Islander entity for the child	or 27 28

			[s 12]	
Clause	12	Amendment of s 23 (Meaning of pare	ent in pt 2)	1
		Section 23, definition parent—		2
		insert—		3
		(e) a permanent guardia	n of the child.	4
Clause	13	Amendment of s 37 (Meaning of pare	<i>nt</i> in pt 3)	5
		Section 37, definition parent—		6
		insert—		7
		(e) a permanent guardia	n of the child.	8
Clause	14	Amendment of s 51AA (Meaning of <i>p</i>	<i>arent</i> in pt 3AA)	9
		Section 51AA, definition parent—		10
		insert—		11
		(e) a permanent guardia	n of the child.	12
Clause	15	Amendment of s 51AB (Purpose)		13
		Section 51AB(2)—		14
		omit, insert—		15
		(2) The purpose of a tempor authorise the action ne immediate safety of a chil	cessary to ensure the	16 17 18
		litigation director w <i>Child Protection</i> section 15—while th	we has referred a child ating to the child to the under the <i>Director of</i> <i>Litigation Act 2016</i> , he chief executive works director under section	19 20 21 22 23 24 25
		decides the most app	the chief executive propriate action to meet g protection and care	26 27 28

[s 16]

					ds (for example, applying for a child ection order).	1 2
Clause	16	Amendment of order)	s 51	1AE	(Making of temporary custody	3 4
		Section 51A	E(b)			5
		omit, insert–	_			6
			(b)	term deci the	following person will be able, within the n of the temporary custody order, to de the most appropriate action to meet child's ongoing protection and care ds and start taking that action—	7 8 9 10 11
				(i)	if the chief executive has not referred a child protection matter relating to the child to the litigation director under the <i>Director of Child Protection Litigation</i> <i>Act 2016</i> , section 15—the chief executive;	12 13 14 15 16 17
				(ii)	otherwise—the litigation director.	18
Clause	17	Amendment of	s 51	1B (\	What is a <i>case plan</i>)	19
		(1) Section 51B-				20
		insert—				21
		(1A)	A ca	ise pl	an must include the following matters—	22
			(a)	the	goal for best achieving permanency for child and the actions to be taken to eve the goal;	23 24 25
			(b)	of t perr goal	turning the child to the care of a parent he child is the goal for best achieving nanency for the child—an alternative in the event that the timely return of the d to the care of the parent is not possible;	26 27 28 29 30

			(c)	for an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child—details about how the case plan is consistent with the connection principle stated in section 5C(2)(e). <i>Note</i> — See section 6AA(5) for requirements about how the chief executive or an authorised officer must perform functions under this Act involving an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander person.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
		(1B)		o, a case plan must include actions for helping child transition to independence if—	10 11
			(a)	the child is 15 years or more; and	12
			(b)	the child does not have a long-term guardian.	13 14
	(2)	Section 51I	B(2),	'may include'—	15
		omit, insert			16
			may	v also include	17
	(3)	Section 51I	B(2)(a	a), 'a goal or'—	18
		omit, insert	<u> </u>		19
			any	other	20
	(4)	Section 511	B(1A)) to (2)—	21
		<i>renumber</i> a	s sec	tion $51B(2)$ to (4).	22
18	Am out		fs5	1D (How case planning must be carried	23 24
	(1)	Section 51I	D(1)(c)(iv), note—	25
		omit, insert			26
			Note	<u> </u>	27
			cl o	ee section 6AA(5) for requirements about how the hief executive, the litigation director or an authorised fficer must perform functions under this Act involving n Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander person.	28 29 30 31
	(2)	Section 51I	D(1)(e)—	32

[s 19]

		omit.	1
		(3) Section $51D(1)(f)$, example, 'paragraph (f)'—	2
		omit, insert—	3
		paragraph (e)	4
		(4) Section $51D(1)(f)$ —	5
		renumber as section 51D(1)(e).	6
Clause	19	Omission of s 51E (Who is a child's <i>family group</i>)	7
		Section 51E—	8
		omit.	9
Clause	20	Amendment of s 51F (Meaning of <i>parent</i> in pt 3A)	10
		Section 51F, definition <i>parent</i> —	11
		insert—	12
		(e) a permanent guardian of the child.	13
Clause	21	Amendment of s 51L (Who should be involved)	14
		(1) Section $51L(1)(f)$ —	15
		omit, insert—	16
		(f) if the child is an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child—an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity for the child;	17 18 19
		(2) Section 51L(3), 'subsection (1) or (2)'—	20
		omit, insert—	21
		subsection (1)(a) to (e), (1)(g) to (j) or (2)	22
		(3) Section 51L(4), 'subsection (1)(b) to (d) or (2)'—	23
		omit, insert—	24
		subsection (1)(b) to (d), (1)(f) or (2)	25

[s 22]

		(4) Section 51L— 1
		<i>insert</i> — 2
		 (5) Also, the convenor is not required to allow an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity for the child to attend or participate in the meeting, under subsection (1)(f), if—6
		 (a) the entity's attendance or participation is 7 likely to have a significant adverse effect on 8 the child's or another person's safety or 9 psychological or emotional wellbeing; or 10
		 (b) the child or the child's family does not 11 consent to the entity's attendance or 12 participation.
Clause	22	Amendment of s 51N (Obtaining the views of persons not attending)
		Section 51N(d)— 16
		omit, insert— 17
		(d) a relevant prescribed entity or service 18 provider. 19
Clause	23	Amendment of s 51S (Preparing the plan if not developed 20 at a meeting)
		Section 51S(3)(a)(iv)— 22
		omit, insert— 23
		(iv) a relevant prescribed entity or service 24 provider; and 25
Clause	24	Amendment of s 51V (Review of plan—no long-term26guardian)27
		(1) Section 51V— 28
		insert— 29

[s 25]

	(4A)	Subsection (6) applies to the review of a case plan for a child in care if—	1 2
		(a) the case plan does not include actions for helping the child transition from care to independence; and	3 4 5
		(b) the child has turned 15 since the making, or last review, of the case plan.	6 7
	(4B)	The review must include developing appropriate actions for helping the child transition to independence.	8 9 10
	(2) Section 51	V(4A) to (5)—	11
	renumber a	s section $51V(5)$ to (7).	12
Clause 05	Insertion of n		10
Clause 25			13
	After sectio	on 51 VA—	14
	insert—		15
	51VB R	eview of plan—permanent guardian	16
	(1)	This section applies if the child has a permanent guardian.	17 18
	(2)	The permanent guardian or the child may, at any time, ask the chief executive to review the child's case plan.	19 20 21
	(3)	On a request under subsection (2)—	22
		(a) the chief executive may decide not to review the plan if satisfied—	23 24
		 (i) the child's circumstances have not changed significantly since the plan was finalised or, if it has been reviewed, since the most recent review; or 	25 26 27 28 29
		(ii) for another reason, it would not be appropriate in all the circumstances; or	30 31

[s 26]

 (b) otherwise, the chief executive must review the plan and prepare— (i) a report about the review under section 51X; and (ii) a revised case plan. (4) If, on a request under subsection (2), the chief executive decides not to review the case plan, the chief executive must give written notice of the decision to— (a) the person who made the request; and (b) if it was the child who made the request—the permanent guardian. (5) The notice mentioned in subsection (4) must comply with section 157(2) of the QCAT Act. 	2 section 3 4 5 e chief 6 an, the 7 of the 8 9 10 le the 11 12) must 13
 51X; and (ii) a revised case plan. (4) If, on a request under subsection (2), the chief executive decides not to review the case plan, the chief executive must give written notice of the decision to— (a) the person who made the request; and (b) if it was the child who made the request—the permanent guardian. (5) The notice mentioned in subsection (4) must 	4 5 e chief 6 an, the 7 of the 8 9 10 le the 11 12) must 13
 (4) If, on a request under subsection (2), the chief executive decides not to review the case plan, the chief executive must give written notice of the decision to— (a) the person who made the request; and (b) if it was the child who made the request—the permanent guardian. (5) The notice mentioned in subsection (4) must 	e chief 6 an, the 7 of the 8 9 10 le the 11 12) must 13
 executive decides not to review the case plan, the chief executive must give written notice of the decision to— (a) the person who made the request; and (b) if it was the child who made the request—the permanent guardian. (5) The notice mentioned in subsection (4) must 	an, the 7 of the 8 9 10 le the 11 12) must 13
(b) if it was the child who made the request—the permanent guardian.(5) The notice mentioned in subsection (4) must	le the 11 12) must 13
request—the permanent guardian. (5) The notice mentioned in subsection (4) must	12) must 13
Clause 26 Amendment of s 51W (Who may participate)	15
 Section 51W(1)(f), 'a recognised entity, or member of a recognised entity'— 	rofa 16 17
omit, insert—	18
an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait	endent 20
Islander entity, or member of an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity	21
	21 22
Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity	
Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity (2) Section 51W(1)(h)—	22 23
Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity (2) Section 51W(1)(h)— <i>omit, insert</i> — (h) a relevant prescribed entity or service	22 23 service 24
Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity (2) Section 51W(1)(h)— <i>omit, insert</i> — (h) a relevant prescribed entity or service provider;	22 23 service 24 25
Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity (2) Section 51W(1)(h)— <i>omit, insert</i>— (h) a relevant prescribed entity or service provider; (3) Section 51W(5), 'subsection (1)(b) to (d) or (3)'— 	22 23 service 24 25 26
Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity (2) Section 51W(1)(h)— <i>omit, insert</i>— (h) a relevant prescribed entity or service provider; (3) Section 51W(5), 'subsection (1)(b) to (d) or (3)'— <i>omit, insert</i>— 	22 23 service 24 25 26 27

[s 27]

		(6)	Also, the convenor of a meeting under this section is not required to allow an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity for the child, or a member of the entity, to attend or participate in the meeting, under subsection (1)(f), if—	1 2 3 4 5
			 (a) the entity's or member's attendance or participation is likely to have a significant adverse effect on the child's or another person's safety or psychological or emotional wellbeing; or 	6 7 8 9 10
			(b) the child or the child's parents do not consent to the entity's or member's attendance or participation.	11 12 13
Clause 27	Am	nendment o	of s 51X (Report about the review)	14
	(1)	Section 512	X(1)(a) and (b), after 'goals'—	15
		insert—		16
			, including the goal for best achieving permanency for the child,	17 18
	(2)	Section 512	X(1)—	19
		insert—		20
			(da) if the case plan includes actions for helping the child transition to independence—the extent to which the actions continue to meet the child's needs;	21 22 23 24
	(3)	Section 512	X(1)(da) and (e)—	25
		renumber a	as section $51X(1)(e)$ and (f).	26
	(4)	Section 512	X(2), 'the child's need for long-term stable care'—	27
		omit, insert	t—	28
			permanency for the child	29
	(5)		X(3)(b), 'the child's need for long-term stable care able to be met'—	30 31

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		[s	28]
	omit, insert-	_	
		permanency for the child will not be best achiev	ved
(6)	Section 51X	(3)(c)—	
	insert—		
		(ia) arrangements for the child to live with member of the child's family or anoth suitable person under a permanent ca order; or	her
(7)	Section 51X	(3)(c)(ia) to (iii)—	
	<i>renumber</i> as	section $51X(3)(c)(ii)$ to (iv).	
(8)	Section 51X		
	insert—		
	(4)	For subsection (2), if the child is placed in the constraints of the chief executive under a child protection order granting long-term guardianship of the child, the report must state the progress made planning for alternative long-term arrangeme for the child, including, for example—	ion the in
		 (a) arrangements for the child to live with member of the child's family or anoth suitable person under a child protect order granting long-term guardianship of child; or 	her ion
		(b) arrangements for the child to live with member of the child's family or anoth suitable person under a permanent ca order; or	her
		(c) arrangements for the child's adoption und the <i>Adoption Act 2009</i> .	der
	endment of eement)	s 51ZB (Considering intervention with	
5	Section 51Z	В—	

[s 29]

		(2) However, subsection (1) does not apply if the chief executive reasonably believes it is likely that, if the child's parents withdraw their agreement to the intervention for the child, the	1 2 3 4 5 6
Clause	29		7 8
		Section 51ZC—	9
		insert—	10
		about what is expected of the child's parents and the chief executive to achieve the goals under the	11 12 13 14
Clause	30	Amendment of s 52 (Meaning of <i>parent</i> in pt 4)	15
		Section 52, definition <i>parent</i> —	16
		insert—	17
		(e) a permanent guardian of the child.	18
Clause	31	Amendment of s 59 (Making of child protection order)	19
			20 21
		omit, insert—	22
			23 24
		(2) Section 59(2)—	25
		omit, insert—	26
		e i	27 28

		(a)	any contravention of this Act or of an order made under this Act;	1 2
		(b)	a decision by the chief executive to end intervention under part 3B because the intervention was no longer appropriate to meet the child's protection and care needs.	3 4 5 6
(3)	Section 59 guardianshi		'a child protection order granting long-term a child'—	7 8
	omit, insert			9
			ong-term guardianship order or a permanent e order for a child	10 11
(4)	Section 59-	_		12
	insert—			13
	(7A)	chil whi	e court may make a permanent care order for a d only if, in addition to the other matters about the court must be satisfied under this tion, the court is satisfied—	14 15 16 17
		(a)	the person to whom guardianship of the child is to be granted under the order (the <i>proposed guardian</i>) is—	18 19 20
			(i) a suitable person for having guardianship of the child on a permanent basis; and	21 22 23
			(ii) willing and able to meet the child's ongoing protection and care needs on a permanent basis; and	24 25 26
			(iii) committed to preserving—	27
			(A) the child's identity; and	28
			(B) the child's connection to the child's culture of origin; and	29 30
			(C) the child's relationships with members of the child's family in	31 32

[s 32]

	accordance with the case plan for the child; and	1 2	
	(b) the child has been in the care of the proposed guardian, under a child protection order granting custody or guardianship of the child to the chief executive or the proposed guardian, for a period of at least 12 months immediately before the making of the application.	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	
(7B)	However, the court may make a permanent care order, despite not being satisfied of the matter mentioned in subsection (7A)(b), if the court is satisfied there are exceptional circumstances that, in the best interests of the child, justify the making of the order.		
	Example of exceptional circumstances—	16	
	The proposed guardian is caring for 1 or more of the child's siblings under a permanent care order.	17 18	
Insertion of ne	ew s 59A	19	
After sectio	on 59—	20	
insert—		21	
car	ditional matters about making permanent e orders for Aboriginal or Torres Strait Inder children	22 23 24	
(1)	This section applies to an application for a permanent care order for an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child.	25 26 27	
(2)	In deciding whether to make the order, the Childrens Court must have proper regard to—	28 29	
	(a) Aboriginal tradition and Island custom relating to the child; and	30 31	

		[s 33]	
		<i>Note—</i> The <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , schedule 1, contains definitions of <i>Aboriginal tradition</i> and <i>Island custom</i> .	1 2 3 4
	(b)	the child placement principles in relation to the child.	5 6
(3)		court may make the order only if it is sfied—	7 8
	(a)	the case plan for the child includes appropriate details about how the child's connection with his or her culture, and community or language group, will be developed or maintained; and	9 10 11 12 13
	(b)	the decision to apply for the order has been made in consultation with the child, if the court considers consultation is appropriate.	14 15 16
(4)	sub	inform itself about the matters mentioned in section $(2)(a)$, the court may have regard to the vs about those matters of—	17 18 19
	(a)	an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity for the child; or	20 21
	(b)	the child; or	22
	(c)	a member of the child's family.	23
Amendment o	fs6	1 (Types of child protection orders)	24
Section 61(f)—		25
omit, insert-			26
	(f)	an order (a <i>long-term guardianship order</i>) granting long-term guardianship of the child to—	27 28 29
		(i) a suitable person, other than a parent of the child, who is a member of the child's family; or	30 31 32

[s 34]

	(ii) another suitable person, other than a member of the child's family, nominated by the chief executive; or	1 2 3
	(iii) the chief executive;	4
	Note—	5
	The parents of the child may apply to vary or revoke a long-term guardianship order—see section 65(1).	6 7 8
	(g) an order (a <i>permanent care order</i>) granting long-term guardianship of the child to a suitable person, other than a parent of the child or the chief executive, nominated by the chief executive.	9 10 11 12 13
	Note—	14
	Only the litigation director may apply to vary or revoke a permanent care order—see section 65AA.	15 16
Amendment o	f s 62 (Duration of child protection orders)	17
(1) Section 62(2)—	18
omit, insert	_	19
(2)	The stated time for an order that does not grant custody or guardianship of the child must not be more than 1 year after the day it is made.	20 21 22
(2A)	If no previous child protection order has been made for the child and the order grants custody or short-term guardianship of the child, the stated time for the order must not be more than 2 years after the day it is made.	23 24 25 26 27
(2B)	If a previous child protection order has been made for the child and the order grants custody or short-term guardianship of the child, the stated time for the order must not be—	28 29 30 31
	(a) if, immediately before the making of the order, the child has been in continuous care since the making of the earliest child	32 33 34

	protection order for the child—later than 2 years after the day the earliest order was made; or
	Example—
	The court makes an order granting custody of a child to the chief executive. A previous child protection order granting custody of the child to the chief executive was in effect for 1 year. Since the making of the previous order, the child has been in care, including under interim orders, for a continuous period of 18 months. The stated time for the new order must not be more than 2 years after the previous child protection order was made. As a result, the maximum duration of the new order is 6 months.
	(b) otherwise—later than 2 years after the day the earliest child protection order for the child made during the relevant continuous care period was made.
	Example—
	The court makes an order granting custody of a child to the chief executive and there have been previous orders granting custody of the child to the chief executive. The first order was in effect for 1 year, after which the child was returned to the care of the child's parents for 1 year. Then another order was made granting custody of the child to the chief executive for 12 months. Since the making of the second order, the child has been in care, including under interim orders, for a continuous period of 18 months. The stated time for the new order must not be more than 2 years after the second order was made. As a result, the maximum duration of the new order is 6 months.
(2C)	However, despite subsection (4), the stated time for an order to which subsection (4) would otherwise apply must not be more than 2 years after the day it is made if—
	(a) it is in the heat interests of the shild to have

(a) it is in the best interests of the child to have 39 a longer stated time for the order than the 40 time provided for under subsection (4); and 41

[s 35]

			(b) the Childrens Court considers that reunification of the child with the child's family is reasonably achievable within the longer stated time.	1 2 3 4
		(2D)	The stated time for an order that grants long-term guardianship of the child must be the end of the day before the child turns 18 years.	5 6 7
	(2)	Section 62(4), '(3)'—	8
		omit, insert		9
			(7)	10
	(3)	Section 62-	_	11
		insert—		12
		(5)	In this section—	13
			<i>child protection order</i> does not include an interim order under section 67.	14 15
			<i>relevant continuous care period</i> means a period of continuous care that has not ended immediately before the making of the order.	16 17 18
	(4)	Section 62(2A) to (5)—	19
		<i>renumber</i> a	s section 62(3) to (9).	20
35		iendment o lers)	f s 64 (Extension of certain child protection	21 22
	(1)	Section 64-	—	23
		insert—		24
		(2A)	If the application is an application to extend a child protection order granting custody or short-term guardianship of a child, the court must not extend the order for a period of time that would result in the child being in continuous care for a period of 2 years or more.	25 26 27 28 29 30
		(2B)	However, subsection (3) does not apply if the	31

				[s 36]	
			cou	rt is satisfied—	1
			(a)	it is in the best interests of the child for the order to be extended for a longer time than the time provided for under subsection (3); and	3
			(b)	reunification of the child with the child's family is reasonably achievable within the longer time.	0
		(2)	Section 64(3), 'T	This'—	9
			omit, insert—		10
			Sub	ject to subsections (3) and (4), this	11
		(3)	Section 64(2A) to (3)—		
			renumber as sect	tion 64(3) to (5).	13
Clause	36		endment of s 6 tection orders)	5 (Variation and revocation of child	14 15
		(1)	Section 65, head	ing, before 'child'—	16
			insert—		17
			par	ticular	18
		(2)	Section 65(1)(a)	, after 'order'—	19
			insert—		20
			, oth	her than a permanent care order,	21
		(3)	Section 65(1)(b)		22
			omit, insert—		23
			(b)	revoke a child protection order, other than a permanent care order, for the child and make another child protection order in its place.	25
		(4)	Section 65(2)—		28
			insert—		29

[s 36]

		(c)	apply to vary a long-term guardianship order granting long-term guardianship of the child to the chief executive to grant long-term guardianship of the child to a suitable person mentioned in section $61(f)(i)$ or (ii).	1 2 3 4 5 6
(5)	Section 65(4), 's	subsection (5)'—	7
	omit, insert			8
		sub	sections (5) to (5D)	9
(6)	Section 65-			10
	insert—			11
	(5A)		section (5B) applies if the litigation director or child applies to—	12 13
		(a)	vary or revoke a long-term guardianship order for the child; or	14 15
		(b)	revoke a long-term guardianship order for the child and make a permanent care order for the child in its place.	16 17 18
	(5B)		tion 59(1)(a) and (e), (6)(a), (7) and (8) does apply to the application.	19 20
	(5C)		wever, subsection (5B) does not apply in tion to the application if—	21 22
		(a)	the application is an application by the litigation director or the child mentioned in subsection $(5A)(b)$; and	23 24 25
		(b)	the court orders, on its own initiative or on the application of the litigation director or the child, that the provisions of section 59 mentioned in subsection (5B) are to apply to the application.	26 27 28 29 30
	(5D)	(5C exc	e court may make an order under subsection (b) only if it is satisfied that, because of eptional circumstances, it is in the best rests of the child for the provisions of section	31 32 33 34
		[s 37]		
--------	----	--	----------------------	
		59 mentioned in subsection (5B) to apply to the application.	1 2	
Clause	37	Amendment of s 65A (Court may make transition order)	3	
		Section 65A(1)(b), after '(f)'—	4	
		insert—	5	
		or (g)	6	
Clause	38	Insertion of new s 65AA	7	
		Chapter 2, part 4, division 3—	8	
		insert—	9	
		65AA Variation and revocation of permanent care orders	10 11	
		(1) The litigation director may apply to the Childrens Court for an order to—	12 13	
		(a) vary or revoke a permanent care order for a child; or	14 15	
		(b) revoke a permanent care order for a child and make another child protection order in its place.	16 17 18	
		(2) However, the litigation director may apply to vary or revoke a permanent care order only if the litigation director is satisfied—	19 20 21	
		(a) that—	22	
		 (i) the child has suffered significant harm, is suffering significant harm, or is at an unacceptable risk of suffering significant harm; and 	23 24 25 26	
		(ii) the child's permanent guardian is not able and willing to protect the child from harm; or	27 28 29	

[s 39]

	(b) the child's permanent guardian is not complying, in a significant way, with the guardian's obligations under section 79A(1).	1 2 3
	Example—	4
	The child's permanent guardian is not, despite it being in the best interests of the child, helping the child maintain the child's relationships with the child's parents or another person of significance to the child.	5 6 7 8 9
(3)	This part applies, with all necessary changes, to the application as if it were an application for a child protection order for the child.	10 11 12
(4)	The court may revoke a permanent care order for a child only if it is satisfied the revocation of the order—	13 14 15
	(a) is in the best interests of the child; and	16
	(b) will promote the child's ongoing protection and care needs.	17 18
(5)	Without limiting the matters to which the court may have regard in deciding an application under this section, the court—	19 20 21
	(a) may have regard to a contravention of the permanent care order or this Act; and	22 23
	(b) must have regard to the child's need for emotional security and stability.	24 25
(6)	Without limiting the court's powers, in deciding an application to revoke a permanent care order the court may—	26 27 28
	(a) revoke the order; or	29
	(b) revoke the order and make another child protection order in its place.	30 31
Amendment o	f s 70 (Attendance of parties)	32

33

Section 70(4)—

		[s 40]	
	omit, insert	ţ	1
	(4)	If the child is an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child, an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity for the child, or member of the entity, may attend the conference.	2 3 4 5
Clause 40	Insertion of ne	ew s 74A	6
	After section	on 74—	7
	insert—		8
		ief executive's obligations to children under ticular child protection orders	9 10
	(1)	This section applies if either of the following orders is made in relation to a child—	11 12
		 (a) a long-term guardianship order granting long-term guardianship of the child to a person other than the chief executive; 	13 14 15
		(b) a permanent care order.	16
	(2)	The chief executive must ensure the child—	17
		(a) is told about the charter of rights for a child in care in schedule 1 and its effect; and	18 19
		(b) is given written information about the charter of rights unless, having regard to the child's age or ability to understand, the chief executive reasonably believes the child would not be able to understand the information; and	20 21 22 23 24 25
		 (c) is told about the obligations of the child's long-term guardian or permanent guardian under section 79A; and 	26 27 28
		(d) is told about the public guardian and other entities known to the chief executive who can help the child if the child considers that the child's long-term guardian or permanent guardian is not complying with the	29 30 31 32 33

[s 41]

					guardian's obligations in relation to the child; and	1 2
				(e)	is told about the child's right to contact the chief executive if the child has any questions or concerns about the child's protection and care needs.	3 4 5 6
Clause	41	Replacem	nent	ofsi	75 (Transition from care)	7
		Sectio	n 75-	_		8
		omit, i	insert			9
		75	Tra	nsiti	on to independence	10
			(1)	a ch	s section applies to a person who is or has been ild in the custody or under the guardianship of chief executive.	11 12 13
			(2)	As f	far as practicable, the chief executive must—	14
				(a)	ensure help is available to assist the person in the transition from being a child in care to independence; and	15 16 17
				(b)	ensure the help is available to the person for the period starting when the person turns 15 and ending when the person turns 25.	18 19 20
			(3)		hout limiting subsection (2)(a), the help may ude the following—	21 22
				(a)	help to access entitlements, including, for example, social security allowances or payments;	23 24 25
				(b)	help to access appropriate accommodation;	26
				(c)	help to access education and training;	27
				(d)	help to obtain employment;	28
				(e)	help to obtain legal advice;	29

[s 42]

		(f)	help to access health and community services, including, for example, specialist disability support services;	1 2 3
		(g)	support in establishing or maintaining relationships with the person's family or carer;	4 5 6
		(h)	help in accessing information, including information in the chief executive's possession or control, about the person and his or her time in care;	7 8 9 10
			Note—	11
			See section 188C about the information the chief executive may give the person.	12 13
		(i)	counselling or other support to help the person in relation to information mentioned in paragraph (h);	14 15 16
		(j)	other assistance, based on an assessment of the person's needs, provided by the chief executive.	17 18 19
			Examples of assistance, based on a person's needs, that may be provided by the chief executive—	20 21
			• financial assistance under section 159	22
			• help given to ensure a young person with impaired capacity is given the opportunity to develop decision-making skills and exercise the rights mentioned in the <i>Guardianship and</i> <i>Administration Act 2000</i> , sections 5 and 6	23 24 25 26 27
	(4)	In t	his section—	28
		•	<i>prmation</i> includes a document or copy of a ument.	29 30
	endment o partment u		9 (Obligations of family members to orders)	31 32
(1)			ling, after 'family members'—	33
	insert—			34

[s 43]

				and	othe	er persons	1
		(2)	Section 79-	_			2
			insert—				3
			(3)	chile	d mi	erm guardian or permanent guardian of a ast keep the chief executive informed are the child is living.	4 5 6
Clause	43	Ins	ertion of ne	ew s	79A		7
			After sectio	n 79-			8
			insert—				9
				-		of long-term guardians and guardians to children under orders	10 11
			(1)		ong-te d mu	erm guardian or permanent guardian of a st—	12 13
				(a)	char sche	ar as reasonably practicable, ensure the ter of rights for a child in care in edule 1 is complied with in relation to child as if—	14 15 16 17
					(i)	the guardian were the chief executive; and	18 19
					(ii)	the child were a child in need of protection in the custody or care of the chief executive; and	20 21 22
				(b)	help	in the transition from being a child in to independence; and	23 24 25
				(c)	chil	ne extent it is in the best interests of the d, preserve the child's identity and nection to the child's culture of origin;	26 27 28 29
				(d)	chil	ne extent it is in the best interests of the d, help maintain the child's relationships n the child's parents, family members	30 31 32

[s	44]
----	-----

(2)	Harr	child		1 2
	of th do n appl	ne rec ot apj y to	, the Childrens Court may order that any quirements mentioned in subsection (1) ply, or apply with stated modifications or a stated extent, if the court is satisfied ce with the requirement would—	3 4 5 6 7
	(a)	the	titute a significant risk to the safety of child or anyone else with whom the l is living; or	8 9 10
	(b)	othe chile	rwise not be in the best interests of the 1.	11 12
Replacement o cared for by lo			Obligations if child is no longer guardian)	13 14
Section 80A				15
omit, insert–	_			16
			if child is no longer cared for by lardian or permanent guardian	17 18
(1)	This	sect	ion applies if—	19
	(a)		er of the following child protection rs are in force for a child—	20 21
		(i)	a long-term guardianship order granting long-term guardianship of the child to a person other than the chief executive;	22 23 24 25
		(ii)	a permanent care order; and	26
	(b)	eithe	er—	27
		(i)	the child's long-term guardian or permanent guardian reasonably believes the guardian's care of the child will end in the near future; or	28 29 30 31

[s 45]

	Example—	1
	The guardian has a health condition that wil result in the guardian not being able to care for the child in the near future.	
	 (ii) the child is no longer cared for by the child's long-term guardian or permanent guardian. 	
	Examples—	8
	1 The child is an older child transitioning to independent living.	g 9 10
	2 The relationship between the child and the guardian has broken down and the child is no longer able to live with the guardian.	e 12
(2)	The long-term guardian or permanent guardian must immediately give the chief executive writter notice of—	
	 (a) if the guardian reasonably believes the guardian's care of the child will end in the near future—that fact; or 	
	(b) if the care has ended—that fact and, if the guardian knows where the child is living that information.	
(3)	If the chief executive is given notice under subsection (2), the chief executive must—	r 24 25
	(a) review the child's protection and care needs and wellbeing; and	s 26 27
	(b) take any further action the chief executive considers appropriate.	e 28 29
Insertion of ne	ew ch 2, pt 6, div 3A	30
Chapter 2,	part 6—	31
insert—		32

[s 45]

1 2

3 4

5

6

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Division 3A	Complaints about permanent guardians
80B Making a co	omplaint
(1) This sect	tion applies if a child or a member of t

- 1) This section applies if a child or a member of the child's family honestly and reasonably believes a permanent guardian of the child is not complying with the guardian's obligations under section 79A.
- (2) The person may make a complaint about the 9 non-compliance to the chief executive. 10
- (3) A complaint may be made for the person by 11 another person acting with the first person's 12 consent.
 13

80C Chief executive may require further information

The chief executive may, by notice, ask the complainant to give the chief executive further information about the complaint within the reasonable time stated in the notice. 19

80D Refusal to deal with complaint

- The chief executive may refuse to deal with the complaint if the chief executive reasonably believes—
 21
 22
 23
 - (a) the complaint is trivial, unreasonable or 24 without substance; or 25
 - (b) the complaint was made vexatiously; or 26
 - (c) the complainant refuses, without a 27 reasonable excuse, to provide further 28 information reasonably required by the chief 29

[s 46]

	executive to decide whether to deal with the complaint.	1 2
(2)	If the chief executive refuses to deal with a complaint, the chief executive must—	3 4
	(a) as soon as practicable, give written notice of the decision to the complainant; and	5 6
	(b) keep a record about the complaint and the chief executive's refusal to deal with the complaint.	7 8 9
(3)	The notice mentioned in subsection (2)(a) must comply with section 157(2) of the QCAT Act.	10 11
80E Dea	aling with complaint	12
(1)	If the chief executive does not refuse to deal with a complaint under section 80D, the chief executive must take all reasonable steps to resolve the complaint as soon as is reasonably practicable.	13 14 15 16
(2)	After taking the reasonable steps, the chief executive must give the complainant a response to the complaint stating—	17 18 19
	(a) the steps taken to resolve the complaint; and	20
	(b) the reason the chief executive considers the steps taken are reasonable in the circumstances; and	21 22 23
	(c) any results of the steps taken that are known at the time of giving the response.	24 25
Amendment o Aboriginal and	f s 83 (Additional provisions for placing d Torres Strait Islander children in care)	26 27
Section 83(2) to (6)—	28
omit, insert		29
(2)	The chief executive must, in consultation with the child and the child's family, arrange for an	30 31

[s 46]

enti the mak chil (3) How	ependent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander ty for the child to facilitate the participation of child and the child's family in the process for ting a decision about where or with whom the d will live.	1 2 3 4 5 6
Abc	nge for the involvement of an independent original or Torres Strait Islander entity for the d under subsection (2) if—	7 8 9
(a)	it is not practicable because an entity is not available or urgent action is required to protect the child; or	10 11 12
(b)	the chief executive is satisfied that an entity's involvement—	13 14
	 (i) is likely to have a significant adverse effect on the safety or psychological or emotional wellbeing of the child or any other person; or 	15 16 17 18
	(i) is not otherwise in the child's best interests; or	19 20
(c)	the child or the child's family does not consent to the entity's involvement.	21 22
care	naking a decision about the person in whose the child should be placed, the chief cutive must, if practicable, place the child with ember of the child's family group.	23 24 25 26
with mak the	vever, if it is not practicable to place the child a member of the child's family group, in ting a decision about the person in whose care child should be placed, the chief executive at place the child with—	27 28 29 30 31
(a)	a member of the child's community or language group; or	32 33
(b)	if it is not practicable to place the child in the care of a person mentioned in paragraph	34 35

[s 47]

		(a), an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander person who is compatible with the child's community or language group; or	1 2 3
	(c)	if it is not practicable to place the child in the care of a person mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b), another Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander person; or	4 5 6 7
	(d)	if it is not practicable to place the child in the care of a person mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (c), a person who—	8 9 10
		(i) lives near the child's family, community or language group; and	11 12
		(ii) has a demonstrated capacity for ensuring the child's continuity of connection to kin, country and culture.	13 14 15
(6)		b, the chief executive must give proper sideration to—	16 17
	(a)	the views of the child and the child's family; and	18 19
	(b)	ensuring the decision provides for the optimal retention of the child's relationships with parents, siblings and other people of significance to the child under Aboriginal tradition or Island custom.	20 21 22 23 24
Amendment o or treatment)	f s 9	7 (Carrying out medical examinations	25 26
Section 97-			27
insert—			28
(8)	In th	nis section—	29
	trea	tment includes vaccination.	30

				[s 48]	
Clause	48	Insertion of ne		n 4, pt 2A	1
		Chapter 4—	_		2
		insert—		_	3
		Part 2	' A	Prescribed delegates for Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander children	4 5 6
		148BA I	Defir	nitions for part	7
			In t	nis part—	8
				<i>ropriate Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander</i> <i>ty</i> means an entity—	9 10
			(a)	that has a function of providing services to Aboriginal persons or Torres Strait Islanders; and	11 12 13
			(b)	whose members include individuals who have appropriate knowledge of, or expertise in, child protection.	14 15 16
			Stra chie	<i>acribed delegate</i> , for an Aboriginal or Torres it Islander child, means a person to whom the ef executive has delegated, under section BB, a function or power in relation to the d.	17 18 19 20 21
			Chie vers	f executive may delegate functions or	22 23
		(1)	chie Act	chief executive may delegate 1 or more of the of executive's functions or powers under this in relation to an Aboriginal or Torres Strait ander child who is—	24 25 26 27
			(a)	a child in need of protection; or	28
			(b)	likely to become a child in need of protection.	29 30

(2)	The	delegation must—	1
	(a)	despite the Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 27A(1)(b), state the name of the person to whom the function or power is delegated; and	2 3 4 5
	(b)	state the child's name; and	6
	(c)	state each function or power the person may perform or exercise in relation to the child; and	7 8 9
	(d)	state any conditions of the delegation.	10
(3)	ром	chief executive may delegate a function or ver to a person in relation to a child under section (1) only if—	11 12 13
	(a)	the person—	14
		(i) is an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander person; and	15 16
		(ii) is the chief executive officer, however named, of an appropriate Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity; and	17 18 19
		(iii) has a current positive prescribed notice or a current positive exemption notice; and	20 21 22
	(b)	the chief executive is reasonably satisfied the person—	23 24
		(i) is appropriately qualified to perform the function or exercise the power in relation to the child; and	25 26 27
		(ii) is a suitable person to perform the function or exercise the power in relation to the child.	28 29 30
(4)		ore delegating a function or power to a person er subsection (1), the chief executive must—	31 32

	(a) to the extent it is safe, possible and practical to do so, seek the views of the child and the parents of the child; and	1 2 3
	(b) have regard to any views obtained under paragraph (a).	4 5
(5)	The delegation does not take effect until the person has given the chief executive written notice that the person accepts the delegation.	6 7 8
148BC /	Actions by chief executive prevail	9
(1)	This section applies if—	10
	(a) the chief executive performs a function or exercises a power under this Act in relation to a child; and	11 12 13
	(b) a prescribed delegate for the child performs the function or exercises the power in relation to the child in a way that results in an outcome that is inconsistent with the outcome of the performance of the function or exercise of the power by the chief executive.	14 15 16 17 18 19 20
(2)	Despite the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 27A, the performance of the function or exercise of the power by the chief executive prevails to the extent of the inconsistency.	21 22 23 24
148BD \	Withdrawal by prescribed delegate	25
(1)	A prescribed delegate for an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child may, at any time, withdraw the person's acceptance of the delegation by giving the chief executive written notice of the withdrawal.	26 27 28 29 30
(2)	If the prescribed delegate gives the chief executive notice under subsection (1), the delegation ends.	31 32 33

(3)	The delegation ends under subsection (2) on the later of the following—	1 2
	(a) the day the notice is given to the chief executive;	3 4
	(b) a later day stated in the notice.	5
(4)	The chief executive must record—	6
	(a) the notice given under subsection (1); and	7
	(b) the day on which the delegation ends.	8
148BE /	Automatic ending of delegation	9
(1)	This section applies if a prescribed delegate for an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child—	10 11
	 (a) stops being the chief executive officer, however named, of an appropriate Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity; or 	12 13 14 15
	(b) stops having a current positive prescribed notice or a current positive exemption notice.	16 17 18
(2)	The person must, as soon as practicable, give the chief executive written notice of that fact and the day on which the person—	19 20 21
	(a) stopped being the chief executive officer, however named, of the entity; or	22 23
	(b) stopped having a current positive prescribed notice or a current positive exemption notice.	24 25 26
(3)	The delegation of a function or power to the person by the chief executive under section 148BB ends.	27 28 29

	Chief executive may require information but child	1 2					
(1)	The chief executive may ask a person who is or was a prescribed delegate for an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child, orally or in writing, to give the chief executive stated information about the child within a stated reasonable time.						
(2)	The person must comply with the request.	8					
(3)	A person who gives information requested under subsection (1) who would otherwise be required to maintain confidentiality about the information given under an Act, oath, rule of law or practice—	9 10 11 12					
	(a) does not contravene the Act, oath, rule of law or practice by giving the information; and	13 14 15					
	(b) is not liable to disciplinary action for giving the information.	16 17					
(4)	Also, merely because the person gives the information, the person can not be held to have—	18 19					
	(a) breached any code of professional etiquette or ethics; or	20 21					
	(b) departed from accepted standards of professional conduct.	22 23					
	Chief executive may require information but delegate or proposed delegate	24 25					
(1)	The chief executive may ask a person to whom the chief executive proposes to delegate, or has delegated, a function or power under section 148BB for stated information about a matter mentioned in 148BB(3)(a).	26 27 28 29 30					
(2)	The person must comply with the request.	31					
(3)	The chief executive must request information mentioned in subsection (1) by giving the person	32 33					

[s 49]

			a notice stating—	1
			(a) the information the chief executive requires; and	2 3
			(b) the day by which the person must give the information to the chief executive.	4 5
		(4)	The day mentioned in subsection (3)(b) must be at least 14 days after the notice is given.	6 7
			Obligation to notify chief executive of anged or new qualifying information	8 9
		(1)	This section applies if there is a change in the information mentioned in section 148BB(3)(a) for—	10 11 12
			 (a) a person who has given the information to the chief executive under section 148BG(2); or 	13 14 15
			(b) a prescribed delegate for an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child.	16 17
		(2)	The person must, as soon as practicable, give the chief executive a notice of the changed or new information.	18 19 20
			aiving information to proposed prescribed egate	21 22
			Before delegating a function or power to a person under section 148BB, the chief executive must give the person any information the chief executive has about the child that the person reasonably requires to make an informed decision about whether to accept the delegation.	23 24 25 26 27 28
Clause	49	Amendment o	f s 156 (Delegation by chief executive)	29
		Section 156	6, after 'Act'—	30

Child Protection Reform Amendment Bill 2017 Part 2 Amendment of the Child Protection Act 1999

		[s 50]	
		insert—	1
		, other than a power under chapter 4, part 2A,	2
Clause	50	Amendment of s 159 (Payments for care and maintenance)	3 4
		(1) Section 159(1), 'carer or long-term'—	5
		omit, insert—	6
		carer, long-term guardian or permanent	7
		(2) Section 159(5), 'carers or long-term'—	8
		omit, insert—	9
		carers, long-term guardians or permanent	10
Clause	51	Amendment of ch 5A, hdg (Service delivery coordination and information exchange)	11 12
		Chapter 5A, heading, 'exchange'—	13
		omit, insert—	14
		sharing	15
Clause	52	Amendment of s 159A (Purpose)	16
		(1) Section 159A, 'service providers'—	17
		omit, insert—	18
		the chief executive, authorised officers, prescribed entities and service providers	19 20
		(2) Section 159A(b)—	21
		omit, insert—	22
		(b) sharing information, while protecting the confidentiality of the information.	23 24

[s 53]

Clause	53		mendment of s 159B (Principles for coordinating ervice delivery and exchanging information)					
		(1)	Section 159B,	, hea	ding	, 'exchanging'—	3	
			omit, insert—				4	
			sl	hari	ng		5	
		(2)	Section 159B within the pro			h service provider should contribute,	6 7	
			omit, insert—				8	
			p			f executive, authorised officers, entities and service providers should , within each entity's	9 10 11	
		(3)	Section 159B((f) ar	nd (g)—	12	
			omit, insert—				13	
			(f	s t	shoul that r	entities mentioned in paragraph (d) d work collaboratively and in a way respects the functions and expertise of of the entities;	14 15 16 17	
			(§	<i>U</i> /		ever safe, possible and practical, ent should be obtained before—	18 19	
				(: (]	providing, or planning to provide, a service, help or support to a child or a child's family to decrease the likelihood of the child becoming a child in need of protection; or	20 21 22 23 24	
				(• •	disclosing personal information about a person to someone else;	25 26	
			(1	i F C F	intere prote over priva	use a child's safety, wellbeing and best ests are paramount, the child's ction and care needs take precedence the protection of an individual's cy and the principle mentioned in graph (g);	27 28 29 30 31 32	

[s 54] before disclosing information about a 1 person to someone else, an entity should 2 consider whether disclosing the information 3 is likely to adversely affect the safety, 4 wellbeing and best interests of a child or the 5 safety of another person. 6 Replacement of ss 159C and 159D 7 Sections 159C and 159D— 8 9 159C Chief executive must make guidelines 10The chief executive must make guidelines, 11 consistent with this Act, for sharing and dealing 12 with information under parts 4 and 5. 13 The purposes of the guidelines are to ensure— 14 (a) information is shared under parts 4 and 5 15 only for proper purposes; and 16 (b) to the greatest extent possible, the privacy of 17 individuals is respected when sharing 18

		regard to the principles stated in sections 5A and 159B; and	19 20 21
	(c	e) information shared under parts 4 and 5 is properly used, stored, retained and disposed of.	22 23 24
		he chief executive must publish the guidelines in the department's website.	25 26
Clause 55	Amendment of s responsibilities)	159F (Service providers'	27 28
	(1) Section 159F,	heading—	29
	omit, insert—		30

(i)

omit. insert—

(1)

(2)

[s 56]

		159F General responsibilities	1
		(2) Section 159F, 'Service providers'—	2
		omit, insert—	3
		The chief executive, authorised officers, prescribed entities and service providers	4 5
Clause	56	Amendment of s 159G (Chief executive's responsibilities)	6
		Section 159G(1)(a) and (b), 'service providers'—	7
		omit, insert—	8
		the chief executive, authorised officers, prescribed entities and service providers	9 10
Clause	57	Amendment of s 159H (Chief executive may ask particular prescribed entities to provide a service)	11 12
		(1) Section 159H, heading, 'prescribed'—	13
		omit.	14
		(2) Section 159H(1), (3) and (4), 'prescribed'—	15
		omit.	16
		(3) Section 159H(2), 'a prescribed'—	17
		omit, insert—	18
		an	19
Clause	58	Amendment of s 159J (Purpose)	20
		Section 159J(2)(a)—	21
		omit, insert—	22
		(a) the sharing of information under part 4 between members of the system; and	23 24

			[s 59]	
Clause	59	Amendment of	s 159K (Members)	1
		(1) Section 159k	ζ(a)(v)—	2
		omit.		3
		(2) Section 159k	K(b), after 'other'—	4
		insert—		5
]	prescribed entities or	6
Clause	60	Amendment of members)	s 159L (Responsibilities of the core	7 8
		(1) Section 159L	L(b)(i), 'relevant'—	9
		omit.		10
		(2) Section 159L	L(e), after 'other'—	11
		insert—		12
]	prescribed entities or	13
Clause	61	Replacement of	f ch 5A, pt 4, hdg (Information exchange)	14
		Chapter 5A,	part 4, heading—	15
		omit, insert–	-	16
		Part 4	Information sharing	17
Clause	62		f s 159M (Particular prescribed entities eiving relevant information)	18 19
		Section 159N	И—	20
		omit, insert–	_	21
		159M De	finitions for part	22
			In this part—	23
			prescribed entity means each of the following entities—	24 25

(a)	mai		tive of a depa ible for any of		ng	1 2 3
	(i)	adult corre	ective services;			4
	(ii)	communit	y services;			5
	(iii)	disability s	services;			6
	(iv)	education;				7
	(v)	housing se	ervices;			8
	(vi)	public hea	lth;			9
(b)	the j	police com	nissioner;			10
(c)	the Mise		ecutive office .td (ACN 096 7		er	11 12
(d)	mea		e chief executi <i>Hospital and I</i>			13 14 15
(e)	the		f an accredited (<i>Accreditation</i> 001;		te	16 17 18
(f)	a sp	ecialist serv	vice provider;			19
(g)	the o	chief execut	tive of another of	entity that—		20
	(i)	provides families; a	a service to nd	children		21 22
	(ii)	is prescrib	ed by regulation	n.		23
serv	ice p	<i>rovider</i> mea	ans—			24
(a)	-	erson provid ilies; or	ding a service	to children		25 26
(b)	a lic	ensee; or				27
(c)	Islaı	-	Aboriginal or for an Aborigi child.		es	28 29 30
spec	ialist	t service	provider	means	a	31

 non-government entity, other than a licensee or an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity for an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child, funded by the State or the Commonwealth to provide a service to— (a) a relevant child; or (b) the family of a relevant child. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
Sharing information—reporting suspicion	8
hief executive	9
A prescribed entity or service provider (each a <i>holder</i>) may give a prescribed entity or service provider (each a <i>recipient</i>) information if the holder reasonably believes the information may help the recipient—	10 11 12 13 14
(a) decide whether information about suspected	15
harm or risk of harm to a child should be	16
given to the chief executive; or	17
(b) decide whether information about an unborn	18
child who may need protection after birth	19
should be given to the chief executive.	20
Sharing information—assessment or estigation	21 22
A prescribed entity or service provider (each a <i>holder</i>) may give the chief executive or an authorised officer (each a <i>recipient</i>) information if the holder reasonably believes the information may help the recipient—	23 24 25 26 27
(a) investigate an allegation of harm or risk of	28
harm to a child or assess a child's need for	29
protection; or	30
(b) take action, or decide whether the recipient	31
reasonably suspects a child is in need of	32
protection, under section 14; or	33
	 independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity for an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child, funded by the State or the Commonwealth to provide a service to— (a) a relevant child; or (b) the family of a relevant child. Sharing information—reporting suspicion hief executive A prescribed entity or service provider (each a holder) may give a prescribed entity or service provider (each a recipient) information if the holder reasonably believes the information may help the recipient— (a) decide whether information about suspected harm or risk of harm to a child should be given to the chief executive; or (b) decide whether information about an unborn child who may need protection after birth should be given to the chief executive. Sharing information—assessment or estigation A prescribed entity or service provider (each a holder) may give the chief executive or an authorised officer (each a recipient) information if the holder reasonably believes the information may help the recipient— (a) investigate an allegation of harm or risk of harm to a child or assess a child's need for protection; or (b) take action, or decide whether the recipient reasonably suspects a child is in need of

(c)	investigate or assess, before the birth of a	1
	child, the likelihood that the child will need	2
	protection after the child is born.	3

(2) The chief executive or an authorised officer (each also a *holder*) may give a prescribed entity or a service provider information (each also a *recipient*) if the holder reasonably believes giving 7 the information may help the recipient decide 8 whether to give the holder information under 9 subsection (1).

159MC Sharing information—assessing care needs and planning services

- A prescribed entity or service provider (each a 13 *holder*) may give the chief executive or an 14 authorised officer information if the holder 15 reasonably believes the information may help the 16 chief executive or authorised officer—17
 - (a) develop, or assess the effectiveness of, a 18 child's case plan; or 19

11

12

- (b) assess or respond to the health, educational 20 or care needs of a relevant child; or 21
- (c) otherwise make plans or decisions relating 22 to, or provide services to, a relevant child or 23 the child's family; or 24
- (d) offer help and support to a pregnant woman 25 under section 21A. 26
- (2) The chief executive, an authorised officer or a prescribed entity (each also a *holder*) may give a prescribed entity or a service provider (each a 29 *recipient*) information if the holder reasonably 30 believes the information may help the recipient— 31
 - (a) participate in case planning; or 32

	(b) assess or respond to the health, educational or care needs of a child in need of protection; or	1 2 3
	 (c) otherwise make plans or decisions relating to, or provide services to, a child in need of protection or the child's family; or 	4 5 6
	(d) help the chief executive offer help and support to a pregnant woman under section 21A.	7 8 9
(3)	A service provider may give a prescribed entity information if the service provider reasonably believes the information may help the prescribed entity do a thing mentioned in subsection $(2)(a)$ to (d).	10 11 12 13 14
	Sharing information—decreasing likelihood child becoming in need of protection	15 16

- The chief executive, an authorised officer or a prescribed entity (each a *holder*) may give a prescribed entity or a service provider (each a 19 *recipient*) information if the holder reasonably 20 believes the information may help the recipient— 21
 - (a) assess or respond to the health, educational or care needs of a child to decrease the likelihood of the child becoming a child in need of protection; or 25
 - (b) otherwise make plans or decisions relating 26 to, or provide or offer to provide services to, 27 a child or the child's family to decrease the likelihood of the child becoming a child in 29 need of protection. 30
- (2) A service provider may give a prescribed entity 31 information if the service provider reasonably 32 believes the information may help the prescribed 33 entity do a thing mentioned in subsection (1)(a) or 34 (b). 35

[s 63]

159ME Sharing information—facilitating participation of child or child's family

- The chief executive or an authorised officer (each a *holder*) may give an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity for an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child information if the holder reasonably believes the information may help the independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait 8 Islander entity—9
 - (a) facilitate the participation of the child or the 10 child's family in making plans or decisions 11 relating to the child or the child's family; or 12

1

2

- (b) provide, or offer to provide, services to the 13 child or the child's family. 14
- (2) An independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait IS
 Islander entity for an Aboriginal or Torres Strait IS
 Islander child may give the chief executive or an authorised officer (each a *recipient*) information 18 about the child if the independent Aboriginal or 19 Torres Strait Islander entity reasonably believes 20 the information may help— 21
 - (a) the child or the child's family participate in 22 making plans or decisions relating to the 23 child or the child's family; or 24
 - (b) the chief executive provide, or offer to provide, services to the child or the child's 26 family.

159MF Facts or opinions may be shared 28

Information that may be given to an entity under29this part may be comprised of facts or opinions.30

Clause	63 Amendment of s 159N (Information requirement chief executive or authorised officer)	Amendment of s 159N (Information requirement made by chief executive or authorised officer)	31 32
		(1) Section 159N(1) and (2)—	33

[s 64]

omit, insert— 1 (1)The chief executive or an authorised officer may 2 ask any of the following entities for stated 3 information, about a child or another person or an 4 unborn child, in the entity's possession or 5 control-6 (a) the public guardian; 7 (b) a prescribed entity; 8 (c) a licensee; 9 the person in charge of a student hostel. (d) 10 For subsection (1), the stated information must be (1A) 11 information the chief executive or authorised 12 officer reasonably considers relevant for the 13 performance of a function or exercise of a power 14 under this Act. 15 The entity must comply with the request to the (2)16 extent it relates to information in the entity's 17 possession or control. 18 (2A) For subsection (2), information is not taken to be 19 in the entity's control merely because of an 20 agreement between the entity and another entity 21 under which the other entity must give the 22 information to the entity. 23 (2) Section 159N(3), 'relevant information if the prescribed'— 24 omit, insert— 25 information if the 26 (3) Section 159N(4), 'subsection (1)'— 27 omit, insert— 28 subsection (2) 29 Insertion of new s 159NA 30 Chapter 5A, part 4— 31

Authorised by the Parliamentary Counsel

[s 65]

			insert—			1
			159NA I	_imi	ts on information that may be shared	2
				may rela	pite sections 159MA to 159N, information of not be shared under this part to the extent it tes to a conviction included in a person's minal history—	3 4 5 6
				(a)	for which the rehabilitation period under the <i>Criminal Law (Rehabilitation of Offenders) Act 1986</i> has expired under that Act; and	7 8 9
				(b)	that is not revived as prescribed by section 11 of that Act.	10 11
Clause	65		nendment o vices desig		59O (Release of information by a health ed person)	12 13
			Section 159	O(3)	, 'relevant'—	14
			omit.			15
Clause	66	Am	nendment o	fs1	59R (Interaction with other laws)	16
		(1)	Section 159	R(1)	, 'relevant'—	17
			omit.			18
		(2)	Section 159	R—		19
			insert—			20
			(3)	chaj priv	wever, disclosure of information under this pter does not waive, or otherwise affect, a rilege a person may claim in relation to the prmation under another Act or law.	21 22 23 24
Clause	67	Am	nendment o	fs1	82 (Evidentiary provisions)	25
			Section 182	2(4)(ł	ı)—	26
			omit, insert			27

 (h) a stated entity is an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity for a particular Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child; Clause 68 Amendment of s 187 (Confidentiality of information obtained by persons involved in administration of Act) (1) Section 187(1)(a)(xi)—	11
 obtained by persons involved in administration of Act) (1) Section 187(1)(a)(xi)— <i>omit, insert</i>— (xi) an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity for an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child, or a member of the entity; or (xii) a service provider, or person engaged by a service provider, performing functions 	6 7 8 9 10 11
omit, insert— (xi) an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity for an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child, or a member of the entity; or (xii) a service provider, or person engaged by a service provider, performing functions	8 9 10 11
 (xi) an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity for an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child, or a member of the entity; or (xii) a service provider, or person engaged by a service provider, performing functions 	9 10 11
Islander entity for an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child, or a member of the entity; or (xii) a service provider, or person engaged by a service provider, performing functions	10
service provider, performing functions	
under or in relation to chapter 5A, part 4; or	13 14 15
(xiii)a prescribed delegate for an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child; or	16 17
(xiv)a person given information about a child by the chief executive under section 148BI; or	18 19
(xv) a person allowed to view a document or information under section 113; and	20 21
(2) Section 187(3)(c)(iii), 'section 159M'—	22
omit, insert—	23
chapter 5A, part 4	24
(3) Section 187(4)—	25
insert—	26
Note—	27
For the disclosure of information that is about the person and a third party, see section 188C.	28 29
(4) Section 187(6)—	30
insert—	31

[s 69]

		this Act before the commencement of the Child Protection Reform Amendment Act 2017, section	1 2 3 4
Clause	69	by persons involved in administration of Act to other	5 6 7
		(1) Section 188(1), 'another prescribed'—	8
		omit, insert—	9
		a prescribed	10
		(2) Section 188(3)(a), 'section 189B'—	11
		omit, insert—	12
		section 188C, 188D or 189B	13
Clause	70		14 15
		Section 188B(4)—	16
		omit.	17
Clause	71	Insertion of new ss 188C–188E	18
		After section 188B—	19
		insert—	20
			21 22
			23 24
		(a) about a relevant person; and	25
		(b) also about someone else.	26
			27 28

			[s 71]
	Note		1
			disclosure of information that is only about the2person, see section 187(4).3
(3)			a, the chief executive must not disclose4mation to the relevant person if—5
	(a)	disc adve	chief executive reasonably believes the6losure of the information is likely to7ersely affect the safety or psychological8motional wellbeing of any person; or9
	(b)	the i	nformation— 10
		(i)	is the subject of legal professional 17 privilege; or 12
		(ii)	identifies, or is likely to identify, its source and the identification of the source is likely to prejudice the achievement of the purpose of this Act; or
		(iii)	is a record of confidential therapeutic 18 counselling, and the person to whom it 19 relates does not consent to its 20 disclosure; or 21
	(c)		disclosure of the information could22onably be expected to—23
		(i)	prejudice the investigation of a24contravention or possible contravention24of a law in a particular case; or26
		(ii)	prejudice the effectiveness of a lawful method or procedure for preventing, detecting, investigating or dealing with a contravention or possible22 28 29 30 30 31a contravention of a law; or31
		(iii)	enable the existence or identity of a32confidential source of information, in33relation to the enforcement or34

[s 71]

	administration of a law, to be ascertained.	1 2
(4)	The chief executive may authorise the relevant person to use or disclose the information, or give access to the information, to someone else.	3 4 5
	Note—	6
	Under section 188, the person must not use, disclose or give access to the information unless it is authorised by the chief executive under this section.	7 8 9
(5)	The chief executive may disclose the information subject to any other conditions the chief executive considers appropriate.	10 11 12
(6)	In this section—	13
	<i>relevant person</i> means—	14
	(a) a child in care; or	15
	(b) a person who was in care under this Act or the repealed <i>Children's Services Act 1965</i> ; or	16 17 18
	(c) a person who was a State child under the repealed <i>State Children Act 1911</i> .	19 20
	nief executive may give information about eased child	21 22
(1)	This section applies to information about a child who has died while under a child protection order.	23 24
(2)	Subject to section 186, the chief executive may disclose the information to a parent of the child or another person acting on behalf of the child.	25 26 27
(3)	However, the chief executive must not disclose the information if—	28 29
	 (a) the chief executive reasonably believes the disclosure of the information is likely to adversely affect the safety or psychological or emotional wellbeing of any person; or 	30 31 32 33

	(b)	the information—	
		(i) is the subject of legal profes privilege; or	ssional
		 (ii) identifies, or is likely to identification source and the identification source is likely to prejudic achievement of the purpose of th or 	of the e the
		(iii) is a record of confidential thera counselling, and the person to w relates does not consent to disclosure; or	-
	(c)	the disclosure of the information reasonably be expected to—	could
		(i) prejudice the investigation contravention or possible contrav of a law in a particular case; or	of a rention
		 (ii) prejudice the effectiveness of a method or procedure for preve detecting, investigating or dealin a contravention or per contravention of a law; or 	enting,
		(iii) enable the existence or identity confidential source of informati relation to the enforcement administration of a law, to ascertained.	ion, in
(4)	use	chief executive may authorise the per or disclose the information, or give acc nformation, to someone else.	
	Note	_	
	gi	nder section 188, the person must not use, dis ve access to the information unless it is author e chief executive under this section.	
(5)	The	chief executive may disclose the inform	mation
			Page 69

[s 71]

	subject to any other conditions the chief executive considers appropriate.	1 2
188ECI co ch	nief executive must give police mmissioner information about deceased ild	3 4 5
(1)	This section applies if—	6
	(a) an investigation in relation to the death of a child is being carried out by a police officer; and	7 8 9
	(b) the police commissioner, by written notice, asks the chief executive to give the police commissioner stated information about the child.	10 11 12 13
(2)	The chief executive must comply with the request.	14 15
(3)	The chief executive's obligation to comply with the request applies only to information in the chief executive's possession.	16 17 18
(4)	The giving of the information is authorised despite any Act or law, including a law imposing an obligation to maintain confidentiality about the information.	19 20 21 22
(5)	However, if the information includes notifier details the chief executive must notify the police commissioner of that fact when complying with the request.	23 24 25 26
(6)	In this section—	27
	<i>notifier details</i> means information about the identity of a person mentioned in section $186(1)$ who notifies the chief executive, an authorised officer or a police officer that the person suspects a matter mentioned in section $186(1)(a)$ or (b).	28 29 30 31 32
[s 72]

Clause	72	Insertion of ne	ew s 189AB	1
		After sectio	on 189AA—	2
		insert—		3
			Giving information to corresponding child fare authorities	4 5
		(1)	The chief executive may, under arrangements made with a corresponding chief executive of another State or New Zealand, give the corresponding chief executive relevant information if the chief executive reasonably believes the corresponding chief executive requires the information for the purposes of performing a function under a child welfare law of the other State or New Zealand.	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14
		(2)	However, subsection (1) does not apply to information about the identity of a person mentioned in section $186(1)$ who notifies the chief executive, an authorised officer or a police officer that the person suspects a matter mentioned in section $186(1)(a)$ or (b).	15 16 17 18 19 20
		(3)	Section 188 does not apply to information given under subsection (1).	21 22
		(4)	In this section—	23
			<i>corresponding chief executive</i> , of another State or New Zealand, means the chief executive of the department of the State or New Zealand administering a child welfare law of the State or New Zealand.	24 25 26 27 28
			<i>relevant information</i> means information about a person or an unborn child acquired in the administration of this Act.	29 30 31
Clause	73	Replacement	of s 189B (Research)	32

Section 189B—

33

[s 73]

insert	
	ccess to information for prescribed earch
(1)	For the purpose of allowing a person to carry out prescribed research, the chief executive may authorise the person to have access to information relating to, or acquired in, the administration of this Act, including information from an officer of the department or a client.
(2)	The chief executive may authorise the person to have access to the information only if the chief executive is satisfied—
	(a) the information is reasonably necessary for the prescribed research; and
	(b) the information will not be published in a way that could reasonably be expected to result in the identification of any of the individuals it relates to.
	Example of details that could reasonably be expected to identify individuals—
	Publishing the name of a small town or community in which a high profile case occurred could reasonably be expected to lead to identification of the individuals involved, even if the individuals' names are not published.
(3)	The chief executive may contact, or authorise the person to contact, a client to ask if they would like to participate in the research being carried out by the person.
(4)	The chief executive may authorise the person to use or disclose the information, or give access to the information, to someone else.
	Note—
	Under section 188, the person must not use, disclose or give access to the information unless it is authorised by the chief executive under this section.

[s 73]

(5)	con	chief executive may impose any other ditions on the authorisation the chief cutive considers appropriate.	1 2 3
(6)	imp	person must comply with any condition osed by the chief executive unless the person a reasonable excuse.	4 5 6
	Max	ximum penalty—100 penalty units.	7
(7)	In tl	nis section—	8
	clie	nt means any of the following persons—	9
	(a)	a child to whom this Act applies;	10
	(b)	a person who was a child to whom this Act applied;	11 12
	(c)	a member of the family of a person mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b);	13 14
	(d)	an approved carer;	15
	(e)	a person who was an approved carer.	16
	-	acribed research means research carried out any of the following purposes—	17 18
	(a)	a purpose the chief executive is satisfied is consistent with a function of the chief executive under section 7;	19 20 21
	(b)	evaluating interventions and services, or designing or projecting current and future interventions and services, in relation to children who are, or who have been, in need of protection or who may become in need of protection;	22 23 24 25 26 27
	(c)	deciding whether a department should make a payment under a funding arrangement that requires outcomes to be monitored, verified or evaluated.	28 29 30 31

[s 74]

Clause 74	Amendment of court proceed	s 193 (Restrictions on reporting certain ngs)	1 2
	(1) Section 193((1) to (3)—	3
	omit, insert–	_	4
		If a child is, or is reasonably likely to be, a witness in a proceeding before a court or justice for an offence of a sexual nature or an offence of a violent nature, a person must not, in a report of the proceeding or a related proceeding, knowingly disclose identifying information about the child unless a court or justice orders that the person may disclose the information.	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
		If a child is, or is reasonably likely to be, a witness in a proceeding before a court or justice for an offence other than an offence of a sexual nature or an offence of a violent nature, the court or justice may order that a report of the proceeding or a related proceeding must not disclose identifying information about the child other than information stated in the order.	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20
		A report of a proceeding for an offence of a sexual nature to which subsection (1) relates, or a related proceeding, must not disclose the name of an authorised officer or police officer involved in the proceeding unless the court or justice orders the officer's name to be included in the report.	21 22 23 24 25 26
		A court or justice may order that a report of any of the following proceedings must not disclose the name of an authorised officer or police officer involved in the proceeding—	27 28 29 30
		(a) a proceeding for an offence of a violent nature to which subsection (1) relates;	31 32
		(b) a proceeding to which subsection (2) relates;	33
		(c) a related proceeding for a proceeding mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b).	34 35

	(3B)	iden of th iden person the	subsection (1), a person knowingly discloses ntifying information about the child in a report he proceeding if, when the person discloses the ntifying information about the child, the son knows, or ought reasonably to know, that child is, or is likely to be, a witness in the ceeding.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
(2)	Section 193	3(4),	after 'offence'—	8
	insert—			9
		, un	less the person has a reasonable excuse	10
(3)	Section 193	3—		11
	insert—			12
	(5A)		court or justice may make an order under section (1), (3) or (3A)—	13 14
		(a)	on its own initiative; or	15
		(b)	on application of a person.	16
(4)	Section 193	8(6),	definition proceeding—	17
	omit.			18
(5)	Section 193	8(6)-	_	19
	insert—			20
			ence of a sexual nature means an offence and in the Criminal Code, chapter 22, 22A or	21 22 23
		aga	ence of a violent nature means an offence inst any of the following provisions of the minal Code—	24 25 26
		(a)	a provision of chapter 28 or 28A;	27
		(b)	a provision of chapter 29, other than section 317A, 318, 319, 321, 321A, 327, 329, 330, 333 or 334;	28 29 30
		(c)	section 335, 339, 340, 354, 354A or 355;	31

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[s 75]

		(d) a provision of c	hapter 33A; 1
		(e) section 363, 363	3A or 364. 2
		of an offence, includ related to the charge	for a proceeding on a charge3es the following proceedings4of the offence, whether or not5kely to be, a witness in the677
		(a) a bail proceedin	.g; 8
		(b) a committal pro	ceeding. 9
		(6) Section 193(6), definition <i>identif</i>(b)(i), after 'name,'—	<i>ying information</i> , paragraph 10
		insert—	12
		age,	13
Clause	75	Amendment of s 194 (Publication identifying child victim)	of information 12 15
		Section 194(2)(d)—	16
		insert—	17
		Note—	18
		Also, see section 18 information by police	8A about the use of confidential 19
Clause	76	Amendment of s 205 (Meaning of	<i>parent</i> for ch 7) 21
		Section 205, definition parent—	22
		insert—	23
		(e) a permanent gu	ardian of the child. 24
Clause	77	Amendment of s 206 (Orders that	t may be transferred) 25
		Section 206(b)—	26
		omit, insert—	27

				[s 78]	
			(b)	a long-term guardianship order granting long-term guardianship of a child to someone other than the chief executive; or	1 2 3
			(c)	a permanent care order.	4
Clause	78	Amendment information)	ofs2	46DA (Review panel may obtain further	5 6
		(1) Section 24	-6DA(4)—	7
		omit, inser	~t—		8
		(4)	pres char 159 info	the chief executive asks the public guardian, a scribed entity, a licensee or the person in rge of a student hostel for information, section N applies to the request as if the requested ormation were information requested under section.	9 10 11 12 13 14
		(2) Section 24	-6DA(5)—	15
		omit.			16
Clause	79	Omission of	s 246	l (Recognised entities)	17
		Section 24	-6I—		18
		omit.			19
Clause	80	Insertion of r	iew cl	h 9, pt 11	20
		Chapter 9-			21
		insert—			22
		Part	11	Transitional provisions for Child Protection	23 24
				Reform Amendment	24 25
				Act 2017	25 26

[s 81]

	274 Ap	plications for temporary custody orders	1
	(1)	This section applies to an application for a temporary custody order made, but not decided, before the commencement.	2 3 4
	(2)	For deciding the application, previous sections 51AB and 51AE apply in relation to the application.	5 6 7
	(3)	In this section—	8
		<i>previous</i> , in relation to a section, means the section as in force from time to time before the commencement.	9 10 11
	275 Exi	sting case plans and reviews	12
	(1)	This section applies to a case plan for a child that is in effect immediately before the commencement.	13 14 15
	(2)	Section 51B(2) and (3) does not apply to the case plan until the first review of the plan under section 51V that starts after the commencement.	16 17 18
	endment o grieved per	f sch 2 (Reviewable decisions and sons)	19 20
(1)		, entry for refusing a request to review a case plan on 51VA, after 'section 51VA'—	21 22
	insert—		23
		or 51VB	24
(2)		, after entry for directing a parent in relation to a matter stated in a child protection order (section	25 26 27
	insert—		28

Clause 81

[s 82]

		a per		a complaint the person making the complaint dian (section	
Clause	82	Am	endment c	of sch 3 (Dictionary)	1
		(1)		3, definitions <i>family group</i> , <i>prescribed entity</i> , <i>entity</i> , <i>relevant information</i> , <i>service provider</i> and <i>stel</i> —	2 3 4
			omit.		5
		(2)	Schedule 3		6
			insert—		7
				<i>appropriate Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander</i> <i>entity</i> , for chapter 4, part 2A, see section 148BA.	8 9
				<i>child placement principles</i> , in relation to an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child, see section $5C(2)$.	10 11 12
				<i>family group</i> , of a child, includes—	13
				(a) members of the child's extended family; and	14
				(b) if the child belongs to a clan, tribe or similar group—members of that group; and	15 16
				(c) anyone else recognised by persons mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) as belonging to the child's family.	17 18 19
				<i>independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait</i> <i>Islander entity</i> , for an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child, see section 6(1).	20 21 22
				long-term guardianship order see section 61(f).	23
				<i>permanency</i> , for a child, see section 5BA(3).	24
				permanent care order see section 61(g).	25
				<i>permanent guardian</i> , of a child, means a person who is granted long-term guardianship of the	26 27

[s 82]

		chile	d under a permanent care order.	1
		Note	_	2
		Se	ee section 61(g).	3
		Stra	<i>cribed delegate</i> , for an Aboriginal or Torres it Islander child, for chapter 4, part 2A, see ion 148BA.	4 5 6
		pres	cribed entity see section 159M.	7
		serv	ice provider see section 159M.	8
		Tor	<i>ificant decision</i> , about an Aboriginal or res Strait Islander child, means a decision by to have a significant impact on the child's	9 10 11 12
			nples of decisions relating to an Aboriginal or Torres t Islander child that may be significant decisions—	13 14
		•	a decision made in the course of investigating an allegation of harm to the child	15 16
		•	a decision about placing the child in care	17
		•	a decision by the litigation director about whether or not to apply for a child protection order for the child	18 19 20
			<i>tialist service provider</i> , for chapter 5A, part 4, section 159M.	21 22
		stud	ent hostel means—	23
		(a)	a student hostel established under the <i>Education (General Provisions) Act 2006</i> , section 15(b); or	24 25 26
		(b)	a student hostel operated with an allowance paid under the <i>Education (General</i> <i>Provisions)</i> Act 2006, section 368(1)(e).	27 28 29
(3)	Schedule 3, order'—	defi	nition long-term guardian, 'child protection	30 31
	omit, insert-			32
		long	-term guardianship order	33

[s 83] (4) Schedule 3, definition member, paragraph 2, 'a recognised

2 3

1

	omit, insert—	3
	an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity for an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child	4 5 6
(5)	Schedule 3, definition suitable person—	7
	insert—	8
	(k) for being an independent Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander entity for an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander child—a person who is a suitable person under a regulation.	9 10 11 12 13
Part 3	Amendment of Director of Child Protection Litigation Act 2016	14 15

entity'-

Clause	83	Act amended This part amends the Director of Child Protection Litigation Act 2016.	16 17 18
Clause	84	Amendment of s 5 (Paramount principle) Section 5, after 'of a child'— <i>insert</i> — , both through childhood and for the rest of his or her life,	19 20 21 22 23
Clause	85	 Amendment of s 6 (Other general principles) (1) Section 6(1)— <i>insert</i>— 	24 25 26

[s 86]

			(da)	Act perr prin pers	a principle stated in the <i>Child Protection</i> 1999, section 5BA for achieving manency for a child, to the extent the ciple is capable of being applied to a on performing a function or exercising a er under this Act;	1 2 3 4 5 6
	(2)	Section 6(1)(da) and (e)—				
		renumber a	s sect	tion 6	(1)(e) and (f).	8
	(3)	Section 6—	-			9
		insert—				10
		(4)	In tl	nis se	ction—	11
			-		<i>ncy</i> , for a child, see the <i>Child Protection</i> , section 5BA(3).	12 13
Clause 86					hen chief executive (child safety) tion matter)	14 15
	(1)	Section 15((1)—			16
		insert—				17
			(c)	if—		18
				(i)	a permanent care order is in force for the child; and	19 20
				(ii)	the chief executive (child safety) is satisfied—	21 22
					 (A) the child's permanent guardian under the order is not complying, in a significant way, with the permanent guardian's obligations under the <i>Child Protection Act</i> 1999, section 79A; and 	23 24 25 26 27 28
					(B) the order is no longer appropriate and desirable for promoting the child's safety, wellbeing and best interests.	29 30 31 32

		[s 87]			
	(2) Section 15(3)—	1			
	insert—	2			
	<i>permanent care orde</i> <i>Act 1999</i> , section 61(g	r see the Child Protection3g).4			
	permanent guardian Protection Act 1999, s	, of a child, see the <i>Child</i> 5 schedule 3. 6			
Clause 87	Amendment of s 16 (Requirements for referral of child protection matter)				
	(1) Section $16(1)$ —	9			
	insert—	10			
	brief of eviden	tioned in section 15(1)(c), a 11 ace about the child that 12 ons why the chief executive 13 eatisfied— 14			
	complying, the perman	permanent guardian is not15in a significant way, with16ent guardian's obligations17Child Protection Act 1999,18; and19			
	desirable f	no longer appropriate and or promoting the child's20 21 22being and best interests;22			
	(2) Section 16(1)(c), '(a) or (b)'—	23			
	omit, insert—	24			
	(a), (b) or (c)	25			
	(3) Section $16(1)(ba)$ to (d)—	26			
	<i>renumber</i> as section 16(1)(c) to (e)	. 27			

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