

Queensland

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013



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Division 3 105 106 107 108 109 110 111	Amendmer Act amend Amendmer exhibitions Amendmer Replacemer 22 Amendmer proceeding Insertion o 23A Amendmer	ant of sch 2 (Dictionary) ant of Trading (Allowable Hours) Act 1990 led nt of s 4 (Meaning of terms) nt of pt 5, hdg (Orders concerning non-exempt shops, and special displays) nt of s 21 (Trading hours orders on non-exempt shops) ent of s 22 (Orders on exhibitions etc.) Approval of special exhibitions nt of s 23 (Powers and procedures relevant to gs under ss 21 and 22) f new s 23A Reference to full bench.	224 225 225 225 226 226 226 227 227		
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Division 3 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 111 112 113	Amendmer Act amend Amendmer exhibitions Amendmer Replacemer 22 Amendmer proceeding Insertion o 23A Amendmer Amendmer Replacemer	ant of sch 2 (Dictionary) ant of Trading (Allowable Hours) Act 1990 led int of s 4 (Meaning of terms) int of pt 5, hdg (Orders concerning non-exempt shops, and special displays) int of s 21 (Trading hours orders on non-exempt shops) ent of s 22 (Orders on exhibitions etc.) Approval of special exhibitions int of s 23 (Powers and procedures relevant to gs under ss 21 and 22) f new s 23A Reference to full bench. int of s 25 (Leave may be granted by full bench) int of s 29 (Compliance with conditions for exhibitions	224 225 225 225 226 226 227 227 227 227 228		

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2013

A Bill

for

An Act to amend the *Industrial Relations Act 1999*, the *Hospital* and *Health Boards Act 2011*, the *Superannuation (State Public Sector) Act 1990*, the *Superannuation (State Public Sector) Regulation 2006* and the *Trading (Allowable Hours) Act 1990*, and to make minor and consequential amendments to the Acts listed in schedule 1, for particular purposes [s 1]

	The Parliament of Queensland enacts—				
	Part 1		Preliminary	2	
Clause	1 Sł	nort til	le	3	
		Act	Act may be cited as the Industrial Relations (Fair Work Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment 2013.	4 5 6	
Clause	2 Co	omme	ncement	7	
			Act, other than the following provisions, commences on ecember 2013—	8 9	
		(a)	sections 13(1), 14, 43 to 55, 59 and 64 to 72;	10	
		(b)	section 75 to the extent it inserts the following provisions of new chapter 20, part 18—	11 12	
			• part heading	13	
			• division 1	14	
			• division 3, subdivision 1	15	
			• division 4	16	
			• division 5, heading	17	
			• sections 833 and 834;	18	
		(c)	section 76;	19	
		(d)	part 2, divisions 3 and 4;	20	
		(e)	schedule 1, part 1.	21	

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	Part 2 Division 1			Amendments relating to industrial relations	1 2
			1	Amendment of Industrial Relations Act 1999	3 4
Clause	3	Act	t amended	ł	5
			This divisi	ion amends the Industrial Relations Act 1999.	6
			Note-	_	7
			Se	ee also the amendments in schedule 1, parts 1 and 2.	8
Clause	4	Am	nendment	of s 3 (Principal object of this Act)	9
		(1)	Section 3(j)—	10
			omit.		11
		(2)	Section 3((o)—	12
			omit.		13
Clause	5		nendment nditions)	of ch 2, hdg (General employment	14 15
		Cha	apter 2, head	ding, 'General'—	16
		om	it, insert—		17
			Pre-mode	ernisation	18
Clause	6	Ins	ertion of r	new ch 2, pt 1AA	19
		Cha	apter 2, befo	ore part 1—	20
		inse	ert—		21

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 7]

Clause 7

Part 1	AA	Preliminary	1
8AA Ap	plication	of ch 2	2
pre-	-	applies to an employee who is bound by a ation industrial instrument in relation to ployment.	3 4 5
1	Note—		6
	See chapt relation to employees	1 2	7 8 9
Insertion of ne	ew ch 2A		10
After chapter 2–	_		11
insert—			12
Chap	oter 24	A Modern employment	13
Chap	oter 24	A Modern employment conditions	13 14
Chap Part 1			-
Part 1		conditions	14
- Part 1 71B Ap	plication s chapter	conditions Preliminary of ch 2A applies to all employees in relation to	14 15
Part 1 71B Ap This part	plication s chapter icular emp	conditions Preliminary of ch 2A applies to all employees in relation to ployment if chapter 2 does not apply to	14 15 16 17 18
Part 1 71B Ap This part	plication s chapter icular emp	conditions Preliminary of ch 2A applies to all employees in relation to	14 15 16 17
Part 1 71B Ap This part the	plication s chapter icular emp employee	conditions Preliminary of ch 2A applies to all employees in relation to ployment if chapter 2 does not apply to	14 15 16 17 18
Part 1 71B Ap This part the 71BA C	plication s chapter icular emp employee	conditions Preliminary of ch 2A applies to all employees in relation to ployment if chapter 2 does not apply to in relation to the employment. s for ch 2A	14 15 16 17 18 19
Part 1 71B Ap This part the 71BA C	plication s chapter icular emp employee Definition his chapter	conditions Preliminary of ch 2A applies to all employees in relation to ployment if chapter 2 does not apply to in relation to the employment. s for ch 2A r— <i>industrial instrument</i> means any of the	14 15 16 17 18 19 20

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

(b)	a certified agreement that is certified under chapter 6 as amended by the modernising Act;	1 2 3
(c)	a determination made under section 149 as inserted by the modernising Act.	4 5
(Fai	<i>lernising Act</i> means the <i>Industrial Relations</i> ir Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other islation Amendment Act 2013.	6 7 8
	<i>inary hours of work</i> , for an employee, ans—	9 10
(a)	the employee's ordinary hours of work as provided for under a modern industrial instrument that applies to the employee; or	11 12 13
(b)	if paragraph (a) does not apply—the hours agreed by the employee and his or her employer as the employee's ordinary hours of work.	14 15 16 17
	<i>modernisation industrial instrument</i> means of the following—	18 19
(a)	an award made under chapter 5 or continued in force under this Act, including an award as amended under chapter 5;	20 21 22
(b)	a certified agreement that is certified under chapter 6 as in force before its amendment by the modernising Act;	23 24 25
(c)	a determination made under section 149 as it was in force before its replacement by the modernising Act.	26 27 28
emp	<i>vant industrial instrument</i> , in relation to an oloyee, means a modern industrial instrument applies to the employee.	29 30 31

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

71BB	Meaning of <i>long term casual employee</i>	1
(1)	For this chapter, a long term casual employee is	2
	a casual employee engaged by a particular	3
	employer, on a regular and systematic basis, for	4
	several periods of employment during a period of	5
	at least 1 year immediately before the employee	6
	seeks to access an entitlement under this chapter.	7
(2)	The periods of employment mentioned in	8
	subsection (1) include periods before and after	9
	the commencement of this section.	10
Part	2 Queensland	11
	Employment Standards	
		12
Divisi	on 1 Preliminary	13
	5	

	anin <i>ndar</i>	ng of <i>Queensland Employment</i> rds	14 15		
(1)	This part provides for minimum standards of employment of employees.				
(2)		minimum standards relate to the following ters—	18 19		
	(a)	minimum wage-division 2;	20		
	(b)	annual leave-division 3;	21		
	(c)	personal leave, including sick leave, carer's leave, bereavement leave and cultural leave—division 4;	22 23 24		
	(d)	parental leave—division 5;	25		
	(e)	long service leave—division 6;	26		
	(f)	public holidays—division 7;	27		
	(g)	jury service leave-division 8;	28		

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	[\$ /]	
	(h) notice of termination and redundancy pay—division 9.	
(3)	Divisions 2 to 9 are the Queensland Employment Standards.	
	Queensland Employment Standards subject provisions of modern industrial instrument	
subj	Queensland Employment Standards have effect ject to provisions included in a modern industrial rument under this Act.	
Note	—	
	e part 3 for provisions about the content of modern industrial struments.	
	Relationship between Queensland ployment Standards and directives	
(1)	This section applies if a directive is inconsistent with a provision of the Queensland Employment Standards (a <i>QES provision</i>).	
(2)	For an inconsistency provision, the directive is taken not to be inconsistent with the QES provision to the extent that the effect of the directive is more favourable to an employee than the QES provision.	
(3)	In this section—	
	<i>directive</i> means—	
	 (a) a directive under the <i>Public Service Act</i> 2008 made by the chief executive of the Public Service Commission that is the subject of a regulation under section 52(2) of that Act; or 	
	(b) a directive under the <i>Public Service Act</i> 2008 made by the Minister administering this Act; or	

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	(c) a health employment directive under the <i>Hospital and Health Boards Act 2011.</i>
	inconsistency provision means—
	(a) the <i>Public Service Act 2008</i> , section 51; or
	(b) the <i>Hospital and Health Boards Act 2011</i> , section 51B.
Divisi	on 2 Minimum wage
71D Er	ntitlement to minimum wage
(1)	An employee is entitled to a wage that is not less than the Queensland minimum wage.
(2)	This section does not apply to an employee who is excluded under section 287(5) from the operation of the full bench's general ruling declaring the Queensland minimum wage.
Divisi	on 3 Annual leave
	on 3 Annual leave vision 1 Entitlement to annual leave
Subdi	
Subdi 71E Ar	vision 1 Entitlement to annual leave
Subdi 71E Ar	vision 1 Entitlement to annual leave
Subdi 71E Ar	vision 1 Entitlement to annual leave oplication of sdiv 1 is subdivision does not apply to—
Subdi 71E Ar	vision 1 Entitlement to annual leave oplication of sdiv 1 is subdivision does not apply to— (a) casual employees; or
Subdi 71E Ar Thi	vision 1 Entitlement to annual leave oplication of sdiv 1 is subdivision does not apply to— (a) casual employees; or (b) pieceworkers; or

	(a) if the employee is not a shift worker—at least 4 weeks annual leave; or
	(b) if the employee is a shift worker—at least 5 weeks annual leave.
(2)	Annual leave is exclusive of a public holiday that falls during the leave.
(3)	However, if an employee is entitled to additional annual leave as compensation for working on a particular public holiday, annual leave is inclusive of the particular public holiday.
(4)	Annual leave accumulates, unless a modern industrial instrument provides otherwise.
(5)	This section does not confer an entitlement or an additional entitlement in relation to employment before 4 June 1999.
(6)	In this section—
	shift worker means an employee who—
	(a) is employed in a calling in which shifts are worked 24 hours a day, 7 days a week; and
	(b) works a rotating roster that includes each of the shifts.
71EB	Working out completed year of employment
(1)	This section applies for working out a completed year of employment for section 71EA.
(2)	The following periods when an employee is absent without pay are not to be taken into account—
	(a) a period of more than 3 months when an employee is absent with the employer's approval;
	(b) a period when an employee is absent without the employer's approval, unless the

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 7]

employee is absent for not more than 3 months because of illness or injury certified	1 2
to by a doctor.	3

4

Subdivision 2 Taking annual leave

71EC W	/hen annual leave may be taken	5	
(1)	An employee and employer may agree when the employee is to take annual leave.		
(2)	If the employee and employer can not agree, the employer—	8 9	
	(a) may decide when the employee is to take leave; and	10 11	
	(b) must give the employee at least 14 days written notice of the starting date of the leave.	12 13 14	
(3)	An employee and employer may agree that the employee take all or any part of the employee's annual leave before becoming entitled to it.		
(4)	If the employee takes leave before becoming entitled to it, the employee is only entitled, at the end of the completed year of employment, to the balance of the leave that would be due at the end of the year.		
	erms that may be included in modern ustrial instruments	23 24	
	modern industrial instrument may include the owing—	25 26	
	 (a) terms requiring an employee to take annual leave in particular circumstances, but only if the requirement is reasonable; 	27 28 29	

Industrial Relations (Fair Wor	k Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013	
	Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations [s 7]	
	(b) terms otherwise dealing with the taking of annual leave.	1 2
Subdiv	vision 3 Payment for annual leave	3
71EE P	ayment for annual leave	4
(1)	Unless an employee and employer otherwise agree, the employer must pay the employee for annual leave in advance.	5 6 7
(2)	The employer must pay for the leave—	8
	(a) at the ordinary rate being paid to the employee immediately before the leave is taken; or	9 10 11
	(b) if, immediately before taking the leave, the employee is being paid at a higher rate than the ordinary rate—at the higher rate.	12 13 14
(3)	If an employee is entitled to receive an amount representing commission in the employee's annual leave payment, the employer must pay the default average commission unless—	15 16 17 18
	(a) a relevant industrial instrument, or a contract between the employer and employee, otherwise provides; or	19 20 21
	(b) the commission, on application, considers that the default average commission would not represent a fair amount in the circumstances.	22 23 24 25
(4)	If, on application under subsection (3)(b), the commission considers the default average commission would not represent a fair amount in the circumstances, the commission may make the order it considers appropriate in the circumstances.	26 27 28 29 30 31
(5)	In this section—	32

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	default average commission means—	1
	• the total commissions payable to the employee in the 1 year before the leave is taken, or during the employee's period of employment, whichever is less	2 3 4 5
	• divided by 365.25, or the number of days in the employee's period of employment, whichever is less	6 7 8
	• multiplied by the number of days starting on the day the leave commences and ending on the day before the employee is due to return to work.	9 10 11 12
71EF A	Innual leave loading	13
(1)	In addition to the employee's annual leave entitlement under this division, the employee is entitled to receive a further amount of at least $171/_2\%$ of the amount payable under section $71\text{EE}(2)(a)$.	14 15 16 17 18
(2)	However, if the employee's employer pays the employee a prescribed additional amount and the amount—	19 20 21
	(a) is less than $17^{1/2}\%$ of the amount payable under section $71\text{EE}(2)(a)$ —the employee is entitled to receive a further amount so the employee receives the amount the employee is entitled to under subsection (1); or	22 23 24 25 26
	(b) is at least $171/_2\%$ of the amount payable under section $71\text{EE}(2)(a)$ —the employee is not entitled to receive an amount under subsection (1).	27 28 29 30
(3)	In this section—	31

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	<i>prescribed additional amount</i> means an amount, however described, in addition to the employee's annual leave entitlement under this division.
	Example of how a prescribed additional amount might be described—
	annual leave bonus, annual leave loading
Subd	ivision 4 Cashing out annual leave
71EG	Requirements for cashing out annual leave
(1)	Annual leave may not be cashed out except under this section.
(2)	An employer and an employee may agree to the employee cashing out a particular amount of the employee's annual leave.
(3)	The employer and employee must not agree to the employee cashing out an amount of annual leave if the cashing out would result in the employee's accrued annual leave entitlement being less than 4 weeks.
(4)	Each cashing out of a particular amount of annual leave must be by a separate agreement in writing.
(5)	The employer must pay the employee at least the full amount that would have been payable to the employee had the employee taken the annual leave that has been forgone.

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 7]

Subdivision 5 Payment on termination of 1 employment 2

71EH Payment for annual leave on termination of employment

(1) This section applies if an employee's employment is terminated by the employee or employer.

3

4 5

6

7

- (2) If the employee has not taken all the annual leave 8
 the employee is entitled to, the employee is 9
 presumed to have taken the leave from the day 10
 the termination takes effect (the *termination* 11 *day*). 12
- (3) The employer must immediately pay the 13 employee for the annual leave not taken, 14 including any public holiday during the period 15 the employee is presumed to have taken the 16 leave. 17
- (4) If the employee has been employed for less than
 1 year, the employer must pay the employee
 19
 proportionate annual leave for the period.
 20
- (5) The employer must pay the employee at least the ordinary rate being paid to the employee 22 immediately before the termination day, unless a modern industrial instrument states otherwise. 24

Division 4		Personal leave	25
Subdivisio	on 1	Sick leave	26
71F Application of sdiv 1			27
This subdivision does not apply to—			28
(a)	casua	l employees; or	29
(b)	piece	workers; or	30

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

			[37]	
		(c)	school-based apprentices or trainees.	1
71F	ΑE	ntitle	ement to sick leave	2
(1)	leave	employee is entitled to at least 10 days sick e on full pay for each completed year of loyment with an employer.	3 4 5
(2)	othe	ess a modern industrial instrument provides rwise, an employee's entitlement to paid sick e accumulates—	6 7 8
		(a)	progressively during a year of employment according to the employee's ordinary hours of work; and	9 10 11
		(b)	from year to year.	12
(3)	Sick	leave may be taken for part of a day.	13
		Exan	nples—	14
		1	An employee is ordinarily required to work for 8 hours on a particular day and on that day becomes sick after working 3 hours. The employee may take sick leave for the remaining 5 hours that the employee is unable to work because of the sickness.	15 16 17 18 19
		2	An employee is ordinarily required to perform work for 40 hours a week over 5 days, but has come to an arrangement with the employer to work 10 hours a day for 4 days a week. If the employee is unable to work because of sickness on a day, the employee may take 10 hours sick leave, which equates to $1^{1}/_{4}$ days sick leave.	20 21 22 23 24 25 26
(4)	addi	section does not confer an entitlement or an tional entitlement in relation to employment re the commencement of this section.	27 28 29
(5)	In th	is section—	30
			for an employee who is paid on the basis of number of hours worked, means—	31 32
		(a)	for an employee for whom a modern industrial instrument provides sick leave—a	33 34

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	(b)	day within the meaning of the instrument to the extent it relates to sick leave; or otherwise—one-fifth of the number of the employee's ordinary hours of work for a week, averaged over each completed 6 weeks of employment with the employer.	1 2 3 4 5 6
71FB	Requi	rement for employee to give notice etc.	7
(1)		employee's entitlement under section 71FA is ditional on—	8 9
	(a)	the employee promptly notifying the employer of—	10 11
		(i) any illness that will cause the employee to be absent from work; and	12 13
		(ii) the approximate period for which the employee will be absent; and	14 15
	(b)	if the employee is absent for more than 2 days—	16 17
		(i) the employee giving the employer a doctor's certificate about the nature of the illness and the approximate period for which the employee will be absent; or	18 19 20 21 22
		(ii) the employee giving the employer other evidence of the illness to the employer's satisfaction.	23 24 25
(2)	This	s section does not apply if—	26
	(a)	a modern industrial instrument provides otherwise; or	27 28
	(b)	the employee and employer agree otherwise.	29
Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 7]

Subdivision 2 Carer's leave

1

	Entitlement—employees other than casual pployees	2 3
(1)	This section does not apply to a casual employee.	4
(2)	An employee may use up to 10 days of sick leave on full pay (<i>carer's leave</i>) in each year to care for and support members of the employee's immediate family or household—	5 6 7 8
	(a) when they are ill; or	9
	(b) because an unexpected emergency arises.	10
	Example for paragraph (b)—	11
	unexpected failure of child care arrangements	12
(3)	If the employee has exhausted the entitlement under subsection (2), the employee may take up to an additional 2 days unpaid carer's leave each time the employee needs to care for and support members of the employee's immediate family or household—	13 14 15 16 17 18
	(a) when they are ill; or	19
	(b) because an unexpected emergency arises.	20
(4)	The employee may take additional unpaid carer's leave with the employer's agreement.	21 22
(5)	An employee can not take carer's leave if another person has taken leave enabling him or her to care for the same person unless there are special circumstances requiring more than 1 person to care for the person.	23 24 25 26 27
(6)	Carer's leave may be taken for part of a day.	28
(7)	In this section—	29
	<i>sick leave</i> includes sick leave accrued before the commencement of this section.	30 31

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

71FD E	ntitlement—long term casual employees	1
(1)	This section applies to a long term casual employee.	2 3
(2)	The employee is entitled to 10 days leave (also <i>carer's leave</i>) in each year to care for and support members of the employee's immediate family or household—	4 5 6 7
	(a) when they are ill; or	8
	(b) because an unexpected emergency arises.	9
(3)	The employee may take additional carer's leave if the employer agrees.	10 11
(4)	The employee can not take carer's leave if another person has taken leave to care for the same person unless there are special circumstances requiring more than 1 person to care for the person.	12 13 14 15 16
(5)	Carer's leave may be taken for part of a day.	17
(6)	The employer must not fail to re-engage the employee only because the employee has taken carer's leave under this section.	18 19 20
(7)	Leave taken under this section is unpaid.	21
71FE E	ntitlement—short term casual employees	22
(1)	This section applies to a short term casual employee.	23 24
(2)	The employee is entitled to leave work or to be unavailable to attend work for up to 2 days (also <i>carer's leave</i>) each time the employee needs to care for and support members of the employee's immediate family or household—	25 26 27 28 29
	(a) when they are ill; or	30
	(b) because an unexpected emergency arises; or	31
	(c) because of the birth of a child.	32

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

(3)	The employee may leave work or be unavailable to attend work for reasons mentioned in subsection (2) for additional periods if the employer agrees.	1 2 3 4
(4)	The employee can not take carer's leave if another person has taken leave to care for the same person unless there are special circumstances requiring more than 1 person to care for the person.	5 6 7 8 9
(5)	Carer's leave may be taken for part of a day.	10
(6)	The employer must not fail to re-engage the employee only because the employee has taken carer's leave under this section.	11 12 13
(7)	However, the rights of an employer not to re-engage the employee are not otherwise affected.	14 15 16
(8)	Leave taken under this section is unpaid.	17
	mployee to provide supporting information	18 19
(1)	This section applies if an employee is taking carer's leave to care for and support a member of the employee's immediate family or household who is ill.	20 21 22 23
(2)	The employee must, if required by the employer, produce a doctor's certificate or statutory declaration evidencing that the member is ill with an illness requiring care by another person.	24 25 26 27
(3)	The employee must, if practicable, give the employer—	28 29
	(a) notice of the intention to take carer's leave before taking the leave; and	30 31

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	(b)	the name of the person requiring care and the person's relationship to the employee; and	1 2 3
	(c)	the reason for taking the leave; and	4
	(d)	the period that the employee estimates he or she will be absent; and	5 6
	(e)	if the reason for taking the leave is because an unexpected emergency has arisen—the nature of the emergency.	7 8 9
(4)	the befo	is not practicable for the employee to notify employer of the intention to take carer's leave ore taking the leave, the employee must notify employer at the first reasonable opportunity.	10 11 12 13
Subdiv	visio	on 3 Bereavement leave	14
71FG 4	appli/	cation of sdiv 3	
/ II G /			15
	••	division does not apply to pieceworkers.	15 16
Thi 71FH E	s sub	division does not apply to pieceworkers.	-
Thi 71FH E em	s sub Entitle ploye	division does not apply to pieceworkers.	16 17
Thi 71FH E em An	s sub Entitle ploye	division does not apply to pieceworkers. ement—employees other than casual ees	16 17 18 19

71FI Er	ntitlement—casual employees	1
(1)	A long term casual employee is entitled to—	2
	(a) at least 2 days unpaid bereavement leave on the death of a member of the person's immediate family or household; and	3 4 5
	(b) if the employee reasonably requires extra time to travel to and from the funeral or other ceremony for the death—an amount of unpaid bereavement leave equal to the time reasonably required for the travel.	6 7 8 9 10
(2)	A short term casual employee is entitled to be unavailable to attend work—	11 12
	 (a) for up to 2 days on unpaid bereavement leave on the death of a member of the person's immediate family or household; and 	13 14 15 16
	(b) if the employee reasonably requires extra time to travel to and from the funeral or other ceremony for the death—an amount of unpaid bereavement leave equal to the time reasonably required for the travel.	17 18 19 20 21
(3)	The employer must not fail to re-engage a casual employee only because the employee has taken bereavement leave under this section.	22 23 24
(4)	However, the rights of an employer not to re-engage a casual employee are not otherwise affected.	25 26 27
71FJ E	vidence to be provided by employee	28
the evic	employee who takes bereavement leave must give employer a copy of the funeral notice or other lence of the death the employer reasonably ures.	29 30 31 32

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An	Additional leave a employee may take additional leave as unpaid reavement leave if the employer agrees.	1 2 3
Subdi	vision 4 Cultural leave	4
71FL E	Entitlement	5
(1)	This section applies to an employee who is required by Aboriginal tradition or Island custom to attend an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander ceremony.	6 7 8 9
(2)	The employee may take up to 5 days unpaid cultural leave in each year, if the employer agrees.	10 11 12
(3)	The employer must not unreasonably refuse the leave.	13 14
(4)	In considering the employee's request for leave, the employer must consider at least the following—	15 16 17
	(a) the employer's capacity to reorganise work arrangements to accommodate the employee's request;	18 19 20
	(b) the impact of the employee's absence on the delivery of customer service;	21 22
	(c) the particular circumstances of the employee;	23 24
	(d) the impact of a refusal on the employee, including the employee's ability to balance work and family responsibilities.	25 26 27
(5)	The employee must, if practicable, give the employer—	28 29
	(a) reasonable notice of the intention to take cultural leave before taking the leave; and	30 31

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	(b) the reason for taking the leave; and	1
	(c) the period that the employee estimates the employee will be absent.	2 3
(6)	If it is not practicable for the employee to give the notice before taking the leave, the employee must give the employer notice of the matters in subsection $(5)(b)$ and (c) at the first opportunity.	4 5 6 7
(7)	It is declared that leave provided under this section is a welfare measure for the purposes of the <i>Anti-Discrimination Act 1991</i> , section 104.	8 9 10
Subdi	vision 5 General provision	11
71FM	Relationship to other rights	12
(1)	This part has effect despite a relevant law to the extent the relevant law provides an employee with a benefit that is less favourable to the employee.	13 14 15 16
(2)	In this section—	17
	relevant law means another law of the State.	18
Divisi	on 5 Parental leave	19
Subdi	vision 1 Preliminary	20
71G A	oplication of div 5	21
Thi	s division does not apply to—	22
	(a) short term casual employees; or	23
	(b) seasonal employees; or	24
	(c) pieceworkers.	25

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71GA	Expla	anation of types of parental leave	1
(1)	This	s division provides for parental leave.	2
(2)	The	types of parental leave are as follows—	3
	(a)	birth-related leave, for-	4
		(i) an employee who is pregnant; or	5
		(ii) an employee whose spouse gives birth;	6
		Notes—	7
		1 Birth-related leave for a pregnant employee (maternity leave) may be taken by a pregnant employee in connection with the birth of her child or to enable her to be the child's primary caregiver.	8 9 10 11 12
		2 Birth-related leave for an employee whose spouse gives birth may be short (in connection with the child's birth) or long (to enable the employee to be the child's primary caregiver).	13 14 15 16
	(b)	adoption leave, for an employee with whom an adopted child is placed;	17 18
		Note—	19
		Adoption leave may be short (in connection with the child's placement) or long (to enable the employee to be the child's primary caregiver).	20 21 22
	(c)	surrogacy leave, for an employee who is an intended parent under a surrogacy arrangement.	23 24 25
		Note—	26
		Surrogacy leave may be short (when the child born as a result of the surrogacy arrangement starts residing with the employee) or long (to enable the employee to be the child's primary caregiver).	27 28 29 30
71GB	Defin	itions for div 5	31
In	this di	vision—	32
		<i>ption leave</i> means short adoption leave or g adoption leave.	33 34

	<i>-related leave</i> means short birth-related or long birth-related leave.	1 2
child	means—	3
(a)	for adoption leave—a child who is under the age of 5 years, but does not include a child who, immediately before the child was adopted by the employee—	4 5 6 7
	(i) had been living with the employee for a continuous period of at least 6 months; or	8 9 10
	(ii) was the employee's stepchild or the child or stepchild of the employee's spouse; or	11 12 13
	for surrogacy leave—a child born as a result of a surrogacy arrangement.	14 15
	<i>ided parent</i> , for a surrogacy arrangement, he <i>Surrogacy Act 2010</i> , section 9.	16 17
empl	<i>adoption leave</i> means leave taken by an oyee to enable the employee to be the ary caregiver of an adopted child.	18 19 20
long	birth-related leave means—	21
(a)	maternity leave; or	22
	leave taken by an employee whose spouse has given birth to enable the employee to be the child's primary caregiver.	23 24 25
long	parental leave means—	26
(a)	long birth-related leave; or	27
(b)	long adoption leave; or	28
(c)	long surrogacy leave.	29
empl prim	<i>surrogacy leave</i> means leave taken by an oyee to enable the employee to be the ary caregiver of a child born as a result of a ogacy arrangement.	30 31 32 33

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<i>maternity leave</i> means leave taken by a pregnant employee—	1 2
(a) for the birth of her child; or	3
(b) to enable her to be the child's primary caregiver.	4 5
<i>parental leave</i> means long parental leave or short parental leave.	6 7
<i>parental leave entitlement</i> means the parental leave entitlement mentioned in section 71GD, 71GE or 71GF.	8 9 10
<i>short adoption leave</i> means leave taken by an employee at the time of the placement of an adopted child with the employee.	11 12 13
<i>short birth-related leave</i> means leave taken by an employee, in connection with the birth of a child of the employee's spouse, at the time of—	14 15 16
(a) the birth of the child; or	17
(b) the other termination of the pregnancy.	18
short parental leave means—	19
(a) short birth-related leave; or	20
(b) short adoption leave; or	21
(c) short surrogacy leave.	22
<i>short surrogacy leave</i> means leave taken by an employee when a child born as a result of a surrogacy arrangement starts residing with the employee.	23 24 25 26
<i>short term casual employee</i> means a casual employee, other than a long term casual employee.	27 28 29
<i>surrogacy arrangement</i> see the <i>Surrogacy Act</i> 2010, section 7.	30 31

Industrial Relations (Fair W	ork Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations [s 7]	
	<i>surrogacy leave</i> means long surrogacy leave or short surrogacy leave.	1 2
Subd	ivision 2 Entitlement	3
71GC	Application of sdiv 2	4
(1)	This subdivision applies to—	5
	(a) an employee, other than a long term casual employee, who has had at least 12 months continuous service with the employer; and	6 7 8
	(b) a long term casual employee.	9
(2)	In this section—	10
	<i>continuous service</i> means service, including a period of authorised leave or absence, under an unbroken employment contract.	11 12 13
71GD	Entitlement to birth-related leave	14
(1)	A pregnant employee is entitled to an unbroken period of up to 52 weeks unpaid maternity leave—	15 16 17
	(a) for the child's birth; and	18
	(b) to be the child's primary caregiver.	19
(2)	For the birth of a child of an employee's spouse, the employee is entitled to the following leave—	20 21
	 (a) an unbroken period of up to 1 week's unpaid short birth-related leave; 	22 23
	(b) a further unbroken period of up to 51 weeks unpaid long birth-related leave.	24 25

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71GE	Entitlement to adoption leave	
	the adoption of a child, an employee is following leave—	entitled to
	(a) an unbroken period of up to 3 wee short adoption leave;	eks unpaid
	(b) a further unbroken period of up to unpaid long adoption leave.	49 weeks
71GF I	Entitlement to surrogacy leave	
sur	employee who is an intended parent rogacy arrangement is entitled to the ve—	
	(a) an unbroken period of up to 1 wee short surrogacy leave;	k's unpaid
	(b) a further unbroken period of up to unpaid long surrogacy leave.	51 weeks
71GG	Maximum period of parental leave	
(1)	Parental leave must not extend—	
	employee under the surrogacy arr	with the
	or	
	 (b) if an application for an extension of leave under section 71GR is to—beyond 2 years after the child or adopted or started residing employee under the surrogacy array 	s agreed l was born with the
(2)	 (b) if an application for an extension of leave under section 71GR is to—beyond 2 years after the child or adopted or started residing 	s agreed l was born with the angement. re allowed

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

Subdi	vision 3 Notices and information
	Employee notice—intention to take Iternity leave
(1)	This section applies if a pregnant employee wants to take maternity leave.
(2)	The employee must give the employer—
	(a) at least 10 weeks written notice of intention to take the leave; and
	(b) at least 4 weeks written notice of the dates on which she wants to start and end the leave.
(3)	The employee must, before starting the leave, give the employer—
	(a) a doctor's certificate confirming that she is pregnant and the expected date of birth; and
	(b) a statutory declaration by the employee stating the period of any parental leave sought by her spouse.
	mployee notice—intention to take th-related leave other than maternity leave
(1)	This section applies if an employee wants to take birth-related leave, other than maternity leave.
(2)	The employee must give the employer—
	 (a) for long birth-related leave—at least 10 weeks written notice of intention to take the leave; and
	(b) at least 4 weeks written notice of the dates on which the employee wants to start and end the leave.
(3)	The employee must, before starting the leave, give the employer—

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	(a)	a doctor's certificate confirming that the employee's spouse is pregnant and the expected date of birth; and	1 2 3
	(b)	for long birth-related leave—a statutory declaration by the employee stating—	4 5
		(i) the period of any maternity leave sought by the employee's spouse; and	6 7
		(ii) that the employee is seeking the leave to be the child's primary caregiver.	8 9
-	Emple ive	oyee notice—intention to take adoption	10 11
(1)		s section applies if an employee wants to take ption leave.	12 13
(2)	The	employee must give the employer—	14
	(a)	for long adoption leave—written notice of any approval to adopt a child at least 10 weeks before the expected date of placement of the child for adoption purposes (the <i>expected placement date</i>); and	15 16 17 18 19
	(b)	written notice of the dates on which the employee wants to start and end the leave, as soon as practicable after the employee is notified of the expected placement date but, in any case, at least 14 days before starting the leave.	20 21 22 23 24 25
(3)		e employee must, before starting the leave, e the employer—	26 27
	(a)	a statement from an adoption agency of the expected placement date; and	28 29
	(b)	for long adoption leave—a statutory declaration by the employee stating—	30 31
		(i) the period of any adoption leave sought by the employee's spouse; and	32 33

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations [s 7] (ii) that the employee is seeking the leave 1 to be the child's primary caregiver. 2 (4) In this section— 3 *adoption agency* means an agency, body, office 4 or court, authorised by a Commonwealth or State 5 law to perform functions about adoption. 6 71GK Employee notice—intention to take 7 surrogacy leave 8 (1)This section applies if an employee wants to take 9 surrogacy leave. 10 (2)The employee must give the employer— 11 for long surrogacy leave—written notice of (a) 12 intention to take the leave at least 10 weeks 13 before the expected date when a child is to 14 start residing with the employee under the 15 surrogacy arrangement (the expected 16 residence date): and 17 at least 4 weeks written notice of the dates (b) 18 on which the employee wants to start and 19 end the leave. 20 (3)The employee must, before starting the leave, 21 give the employer a statutory declaration by the 22 employee stating— 23 (a) the employee is an intended parent under a 24 surrogacy arrangement; and 25 (b) the expected residence date; and 26 (c) for long surrogacy leave— 27 (i) the period of leave sought by the 28 employee; and 29 (ii) the period of any surrogacy leave 30 sought by the employee's spouse; and 31

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	(iii) that the employee is seeking the leave to be the child's primary caregiver.	1 2
	Reasons not to give notice or documents	3
(1)	An employee does not fail to comply with section 71GH, 71GI, 71GJ or 71GK if the failure was caused by—	4 5 6
	 (a) the child being born, or the pregnancy otherwise terminating, before the expected date of birth; or 	7 8 9
	(b) the child being placed for adoption before the expected placement date; or	10 11
	(c) the child starting to reside with the employee before the expected residence date; or	12 13 14
	(d) another reason that was reasonable in the circumstances.	15 16
(2)	However, the employee must give the employer—	17 18
	(a) notice of the period of the leave within 2 weeks after the child's birth or placement or the child starts residing with the employee; and	19 20 21 22
	(b) in the case of the birth of a living child—a doctor's certificate stating the date on which the child was born.	23 24 25
	Consequences of failure to give notice of tention to take parental leave	26 27
(1)	This section applies if an employee fails to comply with section 71GH, 71GI, 71GJ or 71GK.	28 29 30

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(2)	Despite subdivision 2, the employer is not required to provide the parental leave until the employee complies with the section.	1 2 3
71GN I	Employee notice—change to situation	4
in	employee must notify the employer of any change the information provided under section 71GH, GI, 71GJ or 71GK within 2 weeks after the change.	5 6 7
	Employee to advise employer about rticular changes	8 9
(1)	This section applies to an employee who is absent on parental leave.	10 11
(2)	The employee must advise the employer of any change in the employee's contact details, including any change of address.	12 13 14
	Note—	15
	Advice given under subsection (2) may be used by an employer for section 71GQ to advise the employee about significant change at the workplace.	16 17 18
(3)	The employee must also take reasonable steps to advise the employer of any significant change affecting the following as soon as possible after the change happens—	19 20 21 22
	(a) the length of the employee's parental leave;	23
	(b) the date the employee intends to return to work;	24 25
	(c) an earlier decision to return to work on a full-time basis or to apply to return to work on a part-time basis.	26 27 28

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	Employer to advise about parental leave titlements	
(1)	Subsection (2) applies to an employer on becoming aware—	
	(a) an employee or an employee's spouse is pregnant; or	
	(b) an employee is adopting a child; or	
	(c) an employee is an intended parent under a surrogacy arrangement.	
(2)	The employer must inform the employee of—	
	(a) the employee's entitlement to parental leave under this division; and	
	(b) the employee's obligations to notify the employer of any matter under this division.	
(3)	An employer can not rely on an employee's failure to give a notice or other document required by this division unless the employer establishes that subsection (2) has been complied with.	
	Employer's obligation to advise about gnificant change at the workplace	
(1)	This section applies if an employer decides to implement significant change at a workplace.	
(2)	The employer must take reasonable action to advise each employee who is absent from the workplace on parental leave about the proposed change before it is implemented.	
(3)	The advice must inform the employee of the change and any effect it will have on the position the employee held before starting parental leave, including, for example, the status or level of	

responsibility attached to the position.

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(4)	The employer must give the employee a reasonable opportunity to discuss any significant effect the change will have on the employee's position.	1 2 3 4
Subd	ivision 4 Application to extend parental leave or return part-time	5 6 7
71GR	Application for extension of parental leave	8
(1)	An employee entitled to parental leave under subdivision 2, or who is taking parental leave, may apply to the employer—	9 10 11
	 (a) if the parental leave is maternity leave—for an extension of the maternity leave for an unbroken period of up to 104 weeks in total; or 	12 13 14 15
	(b) otherwise—for an extension of either or both of the following—	16 17
	(i) the short parental leave for an unbroken period of up to 8 weeks in total;	18 19
	(ii) the long parental leave for an unbroken period of up to 96 weeks in total.	20 21
(2)	An employee may not make more than 1 application under subsection (1) within a 12-month period in relation to a particular instance of parental leave, unless the employer agrees.	22 23 24 25 26
71GS	Application to work part-time	27

(1) An employee on parental leave may apply to the 28 employer to return to work on a part-time basis. 29

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(2)	app	employee may not make more than 1 lication under this section within a 12-month od, unless the employer agrees.	1 2 3
71GT A	ppli	cation for extension or part-time work	4
(1)		application mentioned in section 71GR or GS must—	5 6
	(a)	be in writing; and	7
	(b)	be made—	8
		 (i) for an application for extension of short parental leave—at least 2 business days before the leave ends; or 	9 10 11
		 (ii) for an application for extension of long parental leave—at least 4 weeks before the leave ends; or 	12 13 14
		(iii) for an application to return to work on a part-time basis—at least 7 weeks before the leave ends; and	15 16 17
	(c)	state it is an application for extension of parental leave under section 71GR or an application to return to work on a part-time basis under section 71GS, as appropriate; and	18 19 20 21 22
	(d)	state the dates the extension, or return to work on a part-time basis, being applied for is to start and end; and	23 24 25
	(e)	state the impact refusal of the application might have on the employee and the employee's dependants; and	26 27 28
	(f)	for an application for extension of long parental leave or to return to work on a part-time basis—be accompanied by a statutory declaration by the employee stating—	29 30 31 32 33

(2)

71GU

(1)

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		seeking the extension so the employee can continue to be the child's primary	1 2 3 4 5
		a part-time basis—that the employee is seeking to work on a part-time basis so	6 7 8 9 10 11
2)	und day was com	e period for which an application may be made ler section 71GS can not extend beyond the the child in relation to whom parental leave taken is required to be enrolled for appulsory schooling under the <i>Education</i> <i>eneral Provisions</i>) Act 2006.	12 13 14 15 16 17
		oyer's decision on application for on or part-time work	18 19
1)	und	· · · ·	20 21 22
	(a)	employee that give rise to the application, particularly circumstances relating to the	23 24 25 26
	(b)	1 11 0	27 28 29
	(c)		30 31 32 33
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	34 35

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	(ii) the employer's capacity to reorganise work arrangements; and	1 2
	(iii) the availability of competent replacement staff; and	3 4
	(iv) any loss of efficiency in the conduct of the employer's business; and	5 6
	(v) the impact of the employee's absence or temporary absence on the delivery of customer service.	7 8 9
(2)	The employer must not unreasonably refuse an application under section 71GR or 71GS.	10 11
(3)	The employer must advise the employee, in writing, of the employer's decision—	12 13
	 (a) if the application is for an extension of short parental leave—as soon as possible after receiving the application but before the short parental leave ends; or 	14 15 16 17
	(b) for any other application—within 14 days after receiving the application.	18 19
(4)	If the employer refuses the application, the employer must provide the employee with written reasons for refusing the application.	20 21 22
Subdiv	vision 5 Other provisions affecting duration of parental leave	23 24
	pouses not to take long parental leave at ne time	25 26

- (1) An employee is not entitled to long parental leave 27 when his or her spouse is on parental leave. 28
- (2) If the employee contravenes subsection (1), the 29 period of parental leave the employee is entitled 30 to is reduced by the period for which the 31

	-	loyee and his or her spouse were on parental e in contravention of subsection (1).	1 2
71GW	Canc	elling parental leave	3
(1)		ental leave applied for but not started is matically cancelled if—	4 5
	(a)	the employee withdraws the application for leave by written notice to the employer; or	6 7
	(b)	the pregnancy terminates other than by the birth of a living child; or	8 9
	(c)	the placement of the child with the employee for adoption purposes does not proceed; or	10 11 12
	(d)	a child does not start residing with the employee under the surrogacy arrangement.	13 14
(2)		section (3) applies if, while an employee is parental leave—	15 16
	(a)	the pregnancy terminates other than by the birth of a living child; or	17 18
	(b)	the child in relation to whom the employee is on parental leave dies; or	19 20
	(c)	the placement of the child with the employee for adoption purposes does not proceed or continue; or	21 22 23
	(d)	the residence of the child with the employee under the surrogacy arrangement does not start or continue.	24 25 26
(3)	time after	employee is entitled to resume work at a e nominated by the employer within 2 weeks the day on which the employee gives the loyer a written notice stating—	27 28 29 30
	(a)	the employee intends to resume work; and	31
	(b)	the reason for the resumption.	32

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(4)	This section does not affect an employee's entitlement to special maternity leave or sick leave under section 71GZC.	1 2 3
71GX	Parental leave with other leave	4
(1)	An employee may take any annual leave or long service leave to which the employee is entitled instead of or together with parental leave.	5 6 7
(2)	However, the total period of leave can not extend beyond the maximum period of parental leave.	8 9
(3)	While the employee is on unpaid parental leave, the employee is not entitled to paid sick leave or other paid leave, unless the employer agrees.	10 11 12
(4)	In this section—	13
	<i>other paid leave</i> means paid leave authorised by any of the following—	14 15
	(a) a law;	16
	(b) a modern industrial instrument;	17
	(c) an employment contract.	18
71GY I wo	nterruption of parental leave by return to rk	19 20
(1)	An employee and employer may agree that the employee break the period of parental leave by returning to work for the employer, whether on a full-time, part-time or casual basis.	21 22 23 24
(2)	The period of parental leave can not be extended by the return to work beyond the maximum period of parental leave under section 71GG.	25 26 27

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'1GZ	Extending period of parental leave by notice	
(1)	An employee may extend the period of parental leave by written notice given to the employer at least 14 days—	
	(a) before the start of the parental leave; or	
	(b) if the parental leave has been started—before the parental leave ends.	
(2)	The notice must state when the extended period of parental leave ends.	
(3)	The total period of parental leave can not be extended under subsection (1) beyond the total period mentioned in section $71GG(1)(a)$.	
(4)	Parental leave may be extended under subsection (1) only once.	
'1GZA	Shortening period of parental leave	
If par at]	Shortening period of parental leave the employer agrees, an employee may shorten rental leave by written notice given to the employer least 14 days before the employee wants to return to rk.	
If par at 1 wc	the employer agrees, an employee may shorten rental leave by written notice given to the employer east 14 days before the employee wants to return to	
If par at 1 wc	the employer agrees, an employee may shorten rental leave by written notice given to the employer least 14 days before the employee wants to return to rk. Effect on parental leave of employee	
If par at 1 wc 71GZB ce	the employer agrees, an employee may shorten rental leave by written notice given to the employer least 14 days before the employee wants to return to rk. Effect on parental leave of employee asing to be primary caregiver	

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(2)	The employer may notify the employee of the day, at least 4 weeks after the employer gives the notice, on which the employee must return to work.	1 2 3 4
(3)	If the employee returns to work, the employer must cancel the rest of the leave.	5 6
Subdiv	vision 6 Other entitlements	7
71GZC	Special maternity leave and sick leave	8
(1)	This section applies if, before an employee starts maternity leave—	9 10
	(a) the employee's pregnancy terminates before the expected date of birth, other than by the birth of a living child; or	11 12 13
	(b) the employee suffers illness related to her pregnancy.	14 15
(2)	For as long as a doctor certifies it to be necessary, the employee is entitled to the following types of leave—	16 17 18
	(a) unpaid leave (<i>special maternity leave</i>);	19
	(b) paid sick leave, either instead of, or as well as, special maternity leave.	20 21
71GZD	Special adoption leave	22
enti con	employee who is seeking to adopt a child is itled to up to 2 days unpaid leave to attend npulsory interviews or examinations as part of the ption procedure.	23 24 25 26

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

An sur unp	Special surrogacy leave employee who is an intended parent under a rogacy arrangement is entitled to up to 2 days baid leave to attend compulsory interviews or court rings associated with the surrogacy arrangement.	1 2 3 4 5
71GZF	Return to work after parental leave etc.	6
(1)	This section applies to—	7
	(a) an employee who returns to work after parental leave; or	8 9
	(b) a female employee who returns to work after special maternity leave or sick leave under section 71GZC.	10 11 12
(2)	The employee is entitled to be employed in—	13
	(a) the position held by the employee immediately before starting parental leave; or	14 15 16
	 (b) if the employee worked part-time because of the pregnancy before starting maternity leave—the position held by the employee immediately before starting part-time work; or 	17 18 19 20 21
	(c) if the employee was transferred to a safe job under section 71GZG before starting maternity leave—the position held by the employee immediately before the transfer.	22 23 24 25
(3)	If the position mentioned in subsection (2) no longer exists but there are other positions available that the employee is qualified for and is capable of performing, the employee is entitled to be employed in a position that is, as nearly as possible, comparable in status and remuneration to that of the employee's former position.	26 27 28 29 30 31 32

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(4)	An employer must make a position to which the	1
	employee is entitled available to the employee.	2

(5) If a long term casual employee's hours were 3 reduced because of the pregnancy before starting 4 maternity leave, the employer must restore the 5 employee's hours to hours equivalent to those 6 worked immediately before the hours were 7 reduced.

71GZG Transfer to a safe job

This section applies whenever the present work
 of a female employee is, because of her
 pregnancy or breastfeeding, a risk to the health or
 safety of the employee or of her unborn or
 newborn child.

9

28

- (2) The assessment of the risk is to be made on the 15 basis of— 16
 - (a) a doctor's certificate given by the employee 17 to the employer; and 18
 - (b) the employer's duties under the *Work Health* 19 *and Safety Act 2011.* 20
- (3) The employer must temporarily adjust the 21 employee's working conditions or hours of work 22 to avoid exposure to the risk.
 23
- (4) If an adjustment is not feasible or can not reasonably be required to be made, the employer 25 must transfer the employee to other appropriate 26 work that—
 - (a) will not expose her to the risk; and
 - (b) is, as nearly as possible, comparable in 29 status and remuneration to that of her 30 present work.
 31
- (5) If a transfer is not feasible or can not reasonably
 be required to be made, the employer must grant
 33

	paid	employee maternity leave, or any available sick leave, for as long as a doctor certifies it ecessary to avoid exposure to the risk.	1 2 3
71GZH	Con	tinuity of service	4
(1)		inuity of service.	5 6
(2)	wor	ental leave is not to be taken into account in king out the employee's period of service, r than—	7 8 9
	(a)	to decide the employee's entitlement to a later period of parental leave; or	10 11
	(b)	as expressly provided in-	12
		(i) this Act; or	13
		(ii) a modern industrial instrument; or	14
		(iii) an employment contract.	15
71GZI I lea		issal because of pregnancy or parental	16 17
	ve An	issal because of pregnancy or parental employer must not dismiss an employee nuse—	
lea	ve An	employer must not dismiss an employee	17 18
lea	An beca	employer must not dismiss an employee nuse— the employee or the employee's spouse is	17 18 19 20
lea	An beca (a)	employer must not dismiss an employee use— the employee or the employee's spouse is pregnant or has applied to adopt a child; or the employee or the employee's spouse has	17 18 19 20 21 22
lea	An beca (a) (b)	employer must not dismiss an employee use— the employee or the employee's spouse is pregnant or has applied to adopt a child; or the employee or the employee's spouse has given birth to a child or adopted a child; or the employee is an intended parent under a surrogacy arrangement or a child has started residing with the employee under a	 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26

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((a) an employer to dismiss an employee; or	1
((b) a dismissed employee.	2
71GZJ R	eplacement employees	3
(1)	The employer must, before a replacement	4
	employee starts employment, give the	5
	replacement employee a written notice informing the replacement employee of—	6 7
	1 1 1	
((a) the temporary nature of the employment; and	8 9
((b) the parent's right to return to work.	10
(2) l	In this section—	11
I	replacement employee means—	12
((a) a person who is specifically employed	13
	because an employee (the <i>parent</i>)—	14
	(i) starts parental leave; or	15
	(ii) is transferred to a safe job under	16
	section 71GZC; or	17
((b) a person replacing an employee who is	18
	temporarily promoted or transferred to	19
	replace the parent.	20
O la alla al		
Subaivi	sion 7 General	21
	Relationship to other rights	22
• •	This division has effect despite a relevant law to	23
	the extent the relevant law provides an employee	24
N N	with a benefit that is less favourable to the	25

(2) In this section— 27 *relevant law* means another law of the State. 28

26

employee.

Division 6	Long service leave	1
Subdivisi	on 1 Preliminary	2
71H Definit	ions for div 6	3
In this d	vision—	4
con	tinuous service, of an employee, means—	5
(a)	in section 71HN—the period of continuous service the employee is taken to have had with an employer under section 71HN(2)(b); or	6 7 8 9
(b)	elsewhere—the employee's continuous service with the same employer, whether wholly in the State or partly in and partly outside the State.	10 11 12 13
	<i>ter</i> , of a meat works, includes a person who ries on the business of the works.	14 15
	<i>iod between seasons</i> includes the period ween—	16 17
(a)	the end of 1 season and the start of the next season; and	18 19
(b)	for a particular employee—the day the employee stops employment in 1 season and the day the employee starts employment in the next season.	20 21 22 23
con	son means a period, whether falling pletely in 1 calendar year or partly in 1 endar year and partly in the next calendar r, when—	24 25 26 27
(a)	for the sugar industry—	28
	(i) sugar cane is delivered to, and crushed at, a sugar mill; or	29 30

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	(ii) sugar cane is harvested, or farm work is performed, in the sugar industry; or(b) for a meat works—stock are delivered to, and slaughtered at, the works.
Subdi	vision 2 Relationship of division 6 with continuity of service provisions
71HA	Application of pt 5 for particular purposes
of and	remove any doubt, it is declared that the provisions part 5 apply for working out an employee's rights d entitlements to long service leave under this rision or a modern industrial instrument.
	vision 3 Entitlement
71HB	vision 3 Entitlement Entitlement—employees other than asonal employees
71HB	Entitlement—employees other than
71HB se	Entitlement—employees other than asonal employees This section applies to an employee, other than a
71HB se	Entitlement—employees other than asonal employees This section applies to an employee, other than a seasonal employee. <i>Note</i> — For provisions applicable to seasonal employees, see
71HB se (1)	Entitlement—employees other than asonal employees This section applies to an employee, other than a seasonal employee. <i>Note</i> — For provisions applicable to seasonal employees, see subdivisions 5 and 6. The employee is entitled to long service leave, on

 employee's further period of continuous service bears to 10 years. (3) An employee who has completed at least 7 years continuous service is entitled to a proportionate payment for long service leave on the termination of the employee's service. (4) However, if the employee has completed 10 years continuous service, the employee is entitled to a proportionate payment only if— (a) the employee's service is terminated before the employee's service is terminated because of the employee's death; or (b) the employee terminates the service because of— (i) the employee's illness or incapacity; or (ii) a domestic or other pressing necessity; or (c) the termination is because the employer— (i) dismisses the employee is conduct, capacity or performance; or (ii) unfairly dismisses the employee; or (d) the employee had a reasonable expectation that the employment with the employee had completed at least 10 years continuous service; and (ii) the employee would continue until the employee had completed at least 10 years continuous service; and 		
 continuous service is entitled to a proportionate payment for long service leave on the termination of the employee's service. (4) However, if the employee is service is terminated before the employee has completed 10 years continuous service, the employee is entitled to a proportionate payment only if— (a) the employee's service is terminated because of the employee's death; or (b) the employee terminates the service because of— (i) the employee's illness or incapacity; or (ii) a domestic or other pressing necessity; or (c) the termination is because the employer— (i) dismisses the employee's conduct, capacity or performance; or (ii) unfairly dismisses the employee; or (d) the employee had a reasonable expectation that the employment with the employer would continue until the employee had completed at least 10 years continuous service; and (ii) the employee was prepared to continue the employee. 		
 before the employee has completed 10 years continuous service, the employee is entitled to a proportionate payment only if— (a) the employee's service is terminated because of the employee's death; or (b) the employee terminates the service because of— (i) the employee's illness or incapacity; or (ii) a domestic or other pressing necessity; or (c) the termination is because the employer— (i) dismisses the employee for a reason other than the employee's conduct, capacity or performance; or (ii) unfairly dismisses the employee; or (d) the termination is because of the passing of time and— (i) the employee had a reasonable expectation that the employment with the employee had completed at least 10 years continuous service; and (ii) the employee was prepared to continue the employee is exclusive of a public 	(3)	continuous service is entitled to a proportionate payment for long service leave on the termination
 because of the employee's death; or (b) the employee terminates the service because of— (i) the employee's illness or incapacity; or (ii) a domestic or other pressing necessity; or (c) the termination is because the employer— (i) dismisses the employee for a reason other than the employee's conduct, capacity or performance; or (ii) unfairly dismisses the employee; or (d) the termination is because of the passing of time and— (i) the employee had a reasonable expectation that the employment with the employee had completed at least 10 years continuous service; and (ii) the employee was prepared to continue the employeent with the employee	(4)	before the employee has completed 10 years continuous service, the employee is entitled to a
 of— (i) the employee's illness or incapacity; or (ii) a domestic or other pressing necessity; or (c) the termination is because the employer— (i) dismisses the employee for a reason other than the employee's conduct, capacity or performance; or (ii) unfairly dismisses the employee; or (d) the termination is because of the passing of time and— (i) the employee had a reasonable expectation that the employment with the employer would continue until the employee had completed at least 10 years continuous service; and (ii) the employee was prepared to continue the employee is exclusive of a public 		
 (ii) a domestic or other pressing necessity; or (c) the termination is because the employer— (i) dismisses the employee for a reason other than the employee's conduct, capacity or performance; or (ii) unfairly dismisses the employee; or (d) the termination is because of the passing of time and— (i) the employee had a reasonable expectation that the employment with the employer would continue until the employee had completed at least 10 years continuous service; and (ii) the employee was prepared to continue the employment with the employee the employee. 		
 or (c) the termination is because the employer— (i) dismisses the employee for a reason other than the employee's conduct, capacity or performance; or (ii) unfairly dismisses the employee; or (d) the termination is because of the passing of time and— (i) the employee had a reasonable expectation that the employment with the employer would continue until the employee had completed at least 10 years continuous service; and (ii) the employee was prepared to continue the employment with the employer. 		(i) the employee's illness or incapacity; or
 (i) dismisses the employee for a reason other than the employee's conduct, capacity or performance; or (ii) unfairly dismisses the employee; or (d) the termination is because of the passing of time and— (i) the employee had a reasonable expectation that the employment with the employer would continue until the employee had completed at least 10 years continuous service; and (ii) the employee was prepared to continue the employment with the employer. (5) Long service leave is exclusive of a public 		
 other than the employee's conduct, capacity or performance; or (ii) unfairly dismisses the employee; or (d) the termination is because of the passing of time and— (i) the employee had a reasonable expectation that the employment with the employer would continue until the employee had completed at least 10 years continuous service; and (ii) the employee was prepared to continue the employment with the employer. (5) Long service leave is exclusive of a public 		(c) the termination is because the employer—
 (d) the termination is because of the passing of time and— (i) the employee had a reasonable expectation that the employment with the employer would continue until the employee had completed at least 10 years continuous service; and (ii) the employee was prepared to continue the employment with the employer. (5) Long service leave is exclusive of a public 		other than the employee's conduct,
 time and— (i) the employee had a reasonable expectation that the employment with the employer would continue until the employee had completed at least 10 years continuous service; and (ii) the employee was prepared to continue the employment with the employer. (5) Long service leave is exclusive of a public 		(ii) unfairly dismisses the employee; or
 expectation that the employment with the employer would continue until the employee had completed at least 10 years continuous service; and (ii) the employee was prepared to continue the employment with the employer. (5) Long service leave is exclusive of a public 		
(5) Long service leave is exclusive of a public		expectation that the employment with the employer would continue until the employee had completed at least 10
	(5)	

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(6)	An employee who is entitled to long service leave other than under this Act is entitled to leave that is at least as favourable as the entitlement under this section.	1 2 3 4
(7)	For working out when an employee may take long service leave, only two-thirds of the employee's continuous service completed before 3 June 2001 counts as continuous service.	5 6 7 8
(8)	Subsection (7) does not reduce an entitlement to long service leave that an employee has accrued before subsection (7) commences.	9 10 11
	Examples for subsections (7) and (8)—	12
	An employee has completed 15 years of continuous service immediately before the commencement. The 15 years counts as 10 years continuous service for working out when the employee may take long service leave. The employee may take the leave immediately. The employee's entitlement then is 13 weeks (15 x 0.86667 weeks).	13 14 15 16 17 18 19
	An employee has completed 10 years of continuous service immediately before the commencement. The 10 years counts as 6.6667 years continuous service for working out when the employee may take long service leave. The employee may take the leave after completing another 3.3333 years continuous service. The employee's entitlement then will be 11.5556 weeks $([10 + 3.3333] \times 0.86667$ weeks).	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27
	An employee has completed 1 year of continuous service immediately before the commencement. The 1 year counts as 0.6667 years continuous service for working out when the employee may take long service leave. The employee may take the leave after completing another 9.3333 years continuous service. The employee's entitlement then will be 8.9556 weeks $([1 + 9.3333] \times 0.86667$ weeks).	28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35
	An employee starts employment after the commencement. The employee may take long service leave after completing 10 years continuous service. The employee's entitlement then will be 8.6667 weeks (10 x 0.86667 weeks).	36 37 38 39 40
(9)	In this section—	41

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	<i>proportionate payment</i> means a payment equal to the employee's full pay for a period that represents the same proportion of 8.6667 weeks that the employee's period of continuous service bears to 10 years.	1 2 3 4 5
	Continuity of service—service before 23 ne 1990	6 7
(1)	This section applies to service of an employee, other than a casual employee, before 23 June 1990.	8 9 10
(2)	The repealed <i>Industrial Conciliation and</i> <i>Arbitration Act 1961</i> , sections 17, 18, 19 and 20, applies for—	11 12 13
	(a) working out the employee's continuous service before 23 June 1990; and	14 15
	(b) calculating the employee's entitlement to long service leave in relation to continuous service before 23 June 1990.	16 17 18
Subdiv	vision 2 Taking long service leave	19
71HD T	aking long service leave	20
(1)	The commission may insert in a modern industrial instrument provisions—	21 22
	(a) about when, the way in which, and the conditions on which, long service leave may be taken; or	23 24 25
	(b) requiring that leave in the nature of long service leave taken, before the provisions take effect, by an employee to whom the instrument applies must be deducted from the long service leave to which the employee is entitled under the provisions.	26 27 28 29 30 31

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(2)	An employee and employer may agree when the employee will take long service leave.	1 2
(3)	If the employee and employer can not agree, the employer may—	3 4
	(a) decide when the employee will take long service leave; and	5 6
	(b) give the employee at least 3 months written notice of the date on which the employee must take at least 4 weeks long service leave.	7 8 9 10
Subdiv	vision 3 Payment for long service leave etc. for employees generally	11 12 13
71HE F	Rate of payment	14
(1)	An employer must pay an employee for long service leave at the following rate—	15 16
	(a) if the employee is, immediately before taking the leave, being paid at a higher rate than the ordinary rate—the higher rate;	17 18 19
	(b) otherwise—the ordinary rate being paid to the employee immediately before the leave is taken.	20 21 22
(2)	An employer must not reduce an employee's usual rate, before an employee starts long service leave, with intent to avoid the employer's obligation under subsection $(1)(a)$.	23 24 25 26
(3)	If satisfied an employer has contravened subsection (2), the commission may order the employer to pay the employee at the usual rate even though the employee was not being paid the usual rate immediately before starting leave.	27 28 29 30 31

(4) If, during the employee's long service leave— 32
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	 (a) the ordinary rate is increased above the higher rate—the employer must pay the employee at the increased rate for the part of the leave period to which the increased rate applies; or 	1 2 3 4 5
	(b) the ordinary rate is reduced—the employer may pay the employee at the reduced rate for the part of the leave period to which the reduced rate applies.	6 7 8 9
(5)	If the employee is a seasonal employee, this section applies subject to section 71HN.	10 11
(6)	In this section—	12
	usual rate means the rate—	13
	(a) at which the employee is being paid for ordinary time; and	14 15
	(b) that is higher than the ordinary rate.	16
71HF F	Payment for commission	17
(1)	If an employee is entitled to receive an amount representing commission in the employee's long service leave payment, the employer must pay the default average commission.	18 19 20 21
(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if—	22
	(a) a relevant industrial instrument, or a contract between the employer and employee, otherwise provides; or	23 24 25
	(b) the commission, on application, considers that the default average commission would not represent a fair amount in the circumstances.	26 27 28 29
(3)	If, on application under subsection (2)(b), the commission considers the default average commission would not represent a fair amount in the circumstances, the commission may make the	30 31 32 33

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	order it considers appropriate in the circumstances.	1 2			
(4)	In this section—	3			
	default average commission means—	4			
	• the total commission payable to the employee in the 1 year before the leave is taken				
	• divided by 52.179	8			
	• multiplied by the number of weeks leave for which payment is being made.	9 10			
71HG [Disputes about payment—piecework rates	11			
(1)	This section applies if a dispute arises between an employee who is paid at piecework rates and the employer about the rate the employee should be paid for long service leave.	12 13 14 15			
(2)	The commission may decide the rate payable.	16			
	Other matters relating to payment for long vice leave	17 18			
(1)	An employee and employer may agree on when, and the way in which, the employee will be paid for long service leave.	19 20 21			
(2)	The commission may decide any matter relating to payment for long service leave that the employee and employer can not agree on.	22 23 24			
(3)	An amount payable for long service leave becomes payable at a time agreed between the employee and employer or, if they can not agree, at a time decided by the commission.	25 26 27 28			

Subdi	ivision 4 Casual or regular part-time employees	1 2
71HI D	Definition for sdiv 4	3
In	this subdivision—	4
	<i>casual employee</i> means an employee who is employed more than once by the same employer over a period.	5 6 7
71HJ (Continuity of service—casual employees	8
(1)	This section applies to a casual employee.	9
(2)	The employee's service is continuous service with the employer even though—	10 11
	(a) the employment is broken; or	12
	(b) any of the employment is not full-time employment; or	13 14
	(c) the employee is employed by the employer under 2 or more employment contracts; or	15 16
	(d) the employee would, apart from this section, be taken to be engaged in casual employment; or	17 18 19
	(e) the employee has engaged in other employment during the period.	20 21
(3)	However, the continuous service ends if the employment is broken by more than 3 months between the end of 1 employment contract and the start of the next employment contract.	22 23 24 25
(4)	In working out the length of the employee's continuous service—	26 27
	(a) the following service must not be taken into account—	28 29

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	(i)	service by the employee before 23 June 1990;	1 2
	(ii)	if the employee obtained the entitlement only because of the enactment of the repealed <i>Industrial</i> <i>Relations Reform Act 1994</i> , section 17—the employee's service between 23 June 1990 and 30 March 1994; and	3 4 5 6 7 8
	emp	ect to subsection (2), a period when the ployee was not employed by the ployer must be taken into account.	9 10 11
(5)		on (4)(a)(i) does not affect the e's entitlement to long service leave	12 13 14
	(a) an a	ward made before 23 June 1990; or	15
	. ,	repealed Industrial Conciliation and itration Act 1961.	16 17
(6)		tion does not limit any other entitlement ervice leave the employee may have.	18 19
		ng service leave—casual or -time employees	20 21
(1)		ction applies to a casual or regular employee.	22 23
(2)	the empl	loyer may agree with the employee that oyee's entitlement to long service leave taken in the form of its full-time nt.	24 25 26 27
	Example—		28
	If an emp	ployee—	29
	. ,	entitled to be paid for 260 hours long service ve; and	30 31
		orks under an award that provides for a full-time rking week of 40 ordinary working hours;	32 33

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the employee	and the	employer	may	agree	that	the	
employee take	$6^{1}/_{2}$ weel	ks leave (26	$50 \div 4$	$0 = 6^{1/2}$	₂).		

71HL Payment for long service leave

(3)

- (1) This section applies to an employee who is entitled to long service leave if the employee was a casual employee or regular part-time employee 6 at any time during the employee's continuous 7 service to which the long service leave relates.
- (2) The minimum amount payable to the employee 9
 for long service leave is worked out using the 10
 formula—

$\frac{\text{actual service}}{52} \times \frac{8.6667}{10} \times \text{hourly rate}$

Example—	12
An employee who worked 15600 ordinary working hours over a 10-year period and is being paid an hourly rate of \$12 is entitled to be paid—	13 14 15
$\frac{15600}{52} \times \frac{8.6667}{10} \times \$12 = \$3120.01$	
In this section—	16
<i>actual service</i> means the total ordinary working hours actually worked by an employee during the employee's period of continuous service.	

hourly rate means the hourly rate for ordinary 20 time payable to the employee— 21

- (a) if the employee takes the long service 22 leave—on the day the employee's leave 23 starts; or 24
- (b) if the employee's employment is 25 terminated—on the day the termination 26 takes effect. 27

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Subdivision 5 Seasonal employees in sugar industry and meat 2 works 3 71HM Application of sdiv 5

1

71HM	Applic	cation o	f sdiv 5				4
	nis subo nployee		applies	to the	following	g seasonal	5 6
			ployee nent in th	1	oyed in industry	seasonal ;	7 8
		-	n seasona			bout meat y the meat	9 10 11
71HN	Entitle	ment to	o long s	ervice	eleave		12
(1)		1 .			•	e leave on	13
	1					ks worked	14
	out		ising	tł	ne	following	15
		ula—					16
	S	71HB er	ntitleme	$nt \times \frac{ac}{d}$	tual servi 10	<u>ce</u>	17
	Exan	nple—					18
	1 e	0-year p	eriod, is t, that is, h 5 = 4.3334	entitled alf of 8.0		year, over a he s 71HB leave	19 20 21 22 23
(2)		orking nuous se		length	of the e	employee's	24 25
	. ,	engaged work in	in harv the sug	esting ar indu	sugar can	employee te or farm te 23 June unt; and	26 27 28 29

71

	(b) a period between seasons when the employee is not employed by the employer must be taken into account if—	1 2 3
	 (i) in 1 season—the employee's service with the employer continued until the end of the season or until an earlier day when the employee's employment was terminated by the employer; and 	4 5 6 7 8
	 (ii) in the next season—the employee's service with the same employer started on the season's opening or on a later day in the season when the employer required the employee to start employment. 	9 10 11 12 13 14
(3)	If the employee is employed by the employer between seasons, the part of the period between seasons when the employee is employed must be taken into account in working out the length of the employee's actual service.	15 16 17 18 19
(4)	If the employee is entitled to long service leave other than under this Act, the employee is entitled to leave that is at least as favourable as the entitlement under this section.	20 21 22 23
(5)	In this section—	24
	<i>actual service</i> means the total ordinary time actually worked by the employee during the employee's period of continuous service.	25 26 27
	<i>s</i> 71HB entitlement means the employee's entitlement to long service leave under section 71HB.	28 29 30
но	Taking long service leave	31
(1)	The employee may take long service leave between seasons.	32 33

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

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(2)	If the employee takes long service leave between	1
	seasons, the leave is taken to have started when	2
	the employee last ceased employment with the	3
	employer.	4

Subdivision 6 Other seasonal employees 5

71HP 8	Entitlement of other seasonal employees	6
	e commission may decide the entitlement to long vice leave of an employee—	7 8
	(a) who is employed in seasonal employment, other than an employee to whom subdivision 5 applies; or	9 10 11
	(b) who is employed in other periodic employment that is not defined as casual employment by a relevant industrial instrument.	12 13 14 15
Subdi	vision 7 Miscellaneous provisions	16
71HQ	Payment instead of long service leave	17
(1)	An employee may be paid for all or part of an entitlement to long service leave instead of taking the leave or part of the leave under subsection (2) or (3).	18 19 20 21
(2)	The payment may be made if—	22
	(a) a relevant industrial instrument provides for the employee to be paid for all or part of the entitlement; and	23 24 25
	(b) the employee and employer agree by a	26

b) the employee and employer agree by a 26 signed agreement the payment may be 27 made; and 28

	(c) the payment is made in accordance with the industrial instrument.	1 2
(3)	If no modern industrial instrument provides for the employee to be paid for all or part of the entitlement, the payment may be made only if the payment is ordered by the commission on application by the employee.	3 4 5 6 7
(4)	The commission may order the payment only if satisfied it should be made—	8 9
	(a) on compassionate grounds; or	10
	(b) on the ground of financial hardship.	11
(5)	The full bench must not make a general ruling that allows an employee to be paid for an entitlement to long service leave instead of taking the leave.	12 13 14 15
(6)	In this section—	16
	<i>employee</i> includes a registered worker under the <i>Building and Construction Industry (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 1991.</i>	17 18 19
	<i>entitlement to long service leave</i> includes an entitlement to long service leave under the <i>Building and Construction Industry (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 1991</i> , section 57(1).	20 21 22 23
71HR F dea	Payment instead of long service leave on ath	24 25
(1)	This section applies if an employee entitled to long service leave dies—	26 27
	(a) before taking the leave; or	28
	(b) after starting, but before finishing, the leave.	29
(2)	The employer must pay the employee's legal personal representative any amount payable for the employee's entitlement to long service leave that has not already been paid.	30 31 32 33

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

(3)	If the employer does not do so, the employee's legal personal representative or an inspector may recover the amount as unpaid wages.	1 2 3
	Continuity not broken by service in Reserve rces	4 5
(1)	An employee's service in the reserve forces is taken to be continuous service with the employer who employed the employee immediately before the employee starting service with the forces.	6 7 8 9
(2)	In this section—	10
	<i>reserve forces</i> means the Australian Naval Reserve, Australian Army Reserve or Australian Air Force Reserve.	11 12 13
71HT F	Recognition of certain exemptions	14
(1)	This part does not apply to an employer if—	15
	(a) the commission exempted the employer, under the repealed <i>Industrial Conciliation</i> <i>and Arbitration Act 1961</i> , from the application of long service leave provisions in that Act or an award; and	16 17 18 19 20
	(b) the exemption is in force.	21
(2)	On application, the commission may revoke the exemption.	22 23
71HU	Person who is both employer and employee	24
(1)	This section applies to a person who, in performing duties in a calling, is an employee.	25 26
(2)	The person is entitled to long service leave under this part despite the person being an employer within the meaning of this Act because of—	27 28 29
	(a) the person's engagement in the calling; or	30

	(b)	the position the person holds in the calling.	1
Divisio	on 7	Public holidays	2
711 Defi	initic	ons for div 7	3
In th	is di	vision—	4
		<i>nary working day</i> means a day on which an loyee would ordinarily be required to work.	5 6
	shov	<i>v holiday</i> means—	7
	(a)	a public holiday appointed for an annual agricultural, horticultural or industrial show under the <i>Holidays Act 1983</i> , section 4; or	8 9 10
	(b)	for a district in which a holiday is not appointed for an annual agricultural, horticultural or industrial show—the ordinary working day agreed on by the employer and employee that is to be treated as a show holiday for all purposes.	11 12 13 14 15 16
71IA En	title	ment to be absent on public holiday	17
(1)	emp day,	employee is entitled to be absent from the loyee's employment on a day, or part of a that is a public holiday in the place where employee is based for work purposes.	18 19 20 21
(2)	emp	However, the employee's employer may ask the employee to work on a public holiday if the request is reasonable.	
(3)	publ	e employer asks the employee to work on a ic holiday, the employee may refuse the est if—	25 26 27
	(a)	the request is unreasonable; or	28
	(b)	the refusal is reasonable.	29

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

rec	deciding whether a request, or a refusal of a quest, to work on a public holiday is asonable, the following must be taken into count—	1 2 3 4
(a)	the nature of the employer's calling or business, including its operational requirements;	5 6 7
(b)	the nature of the work performed by the employee;	8 9
(c)	the employee's personal circumstances, including family responsibilities;	10 11
(d)	whether the employee could reasonably expect that the employer might ask the employee to work on the public holiday;	12 13 14
(e)	whether the employee is entitled to receive overtime payments, penalty rates or other compensation for, or a level of remuneration that reflects an expectation of, work on the public holiday;	15 16 17 18 19
(f)	the type of employment of the employee, including, for example, whether the employment is full-time, part-time or casual, or involves shift work;	20 21 22 23
(g)	the period of notice given by the employer before the public holiday in making the request;	24 25 26
(h)	for a refusal of a request—the period of notice given by the employee before the public holiday in refusing the request;	27 28 29
(i)	any other relevant matter.	30
71IB Paym	ent for public holiday	31
(1) Su	bsection (2) applies if—	32

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

(a)	under this part, an employee is absent from his or her employment on a day, or part of a day, that is public holiday; and	1 2 3
(b)	the employee would ordinarily have been required to work on the day or the part of the day.	4 5 6
	Examples of employees to whom subsection (2) does not apply—	7 8
	• an employee who is not rostered on for the public holiday	9 10
	• a part-time employee whose part-time hours do not include the day on which the public holiday falls	11 12 13
	• a casual employee or pieceworker	14
emp ordi	ployee's base rate of pay for the employee's nary hours of work on the day or the part of	15 16 17 18
emp subs	bloyer, is only entitled to be paid under section (2) for a show holiday once in each	19 20 21 22
		23 24
(a)	if a modern industrial instrument applies to the employee—the penalty rates provided for under the instrument; or	25 26 27
(b)	otherwise—at the employee's base rate of pay.	28 29
In th	nis section—	30
the	employee for the employee's ordinary hours	31 32 33
(a)	incentive-based payments and bonuses;	34
(b)	loadings;	35
	 (b) The emports of the of	 his or her employment on a day, or part of a day, that is public holiday; and (b) the employee would ordinarily have been required to work on the day or the part of the day. <i>Examples of employees to whom subsection (2) does not apply</i>— an employee who is not rostered on for the public holiday a part-time employee whose part-time hours do not include the day on which the public holiday falls a casual employee or pieceworker The employer must pay the employee at the employee's base rate of pay for the employee's ordinary hours of work on the day or the part of the day. An employee, while employed by the same employer, is only entitled to be paid under subsection (2) for a show holiday once in each calendar year. If an employee does work on a public holiday, the employer must pay the employee— (a) if a modern industrial instrument applies to the employee—the penalty rates provided for under the instrument; or (b) otherwise—at the employee's base rate of pay means the rate of pay payable to the employee for the employee's ordinary hours of work, but not including any of the following— (a) incentive-based payments and bonuses;

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	(c) monetary allowances;	1
	(d) overtime or penalty rates;	2
	(e) any other separately identifiable amount	ts. 3
Divisi	on 8 Jury service leave	4
71J En	titlement	5
(1)	If the employee is required to attend for service, the employee—	jury 6 7
	(a) is entitled to take leave (<i>jury service le</i> to perform jury service; and	eave) 8 9
	(b) must, as soon as is practicable, tell employer—	the 10 11
	(i) the employee is required to attend jury service; and	d for 12 13
	(ii) about the period for which employee is required to perform service.	the 14 jury 15 16
(2)	If the employee is given an attendance document in relation to the jury service, the employee give the employer the document.	
(3)	For the period of jury service leave, the employee the difference betwee the following—	
	 (a) the amount stated in the employ attendance document as the amount rece as remuneration and allowances, other meal allowances; 	eived 24
	(b) the ordinary rate the employee would been paid if the employee had not taken service leave.	

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

(4)	The amount payable under subsection (3) must be paid on or before the first pay day that is practicable after the employee gives the employer the employee's attendance document.	1 2 3 4
(5)	Subsection (6) applies if—	5
	(a) the employee is not required to serve on a jury for a day or part of a day after attending for jury service; and	6 7 8
	(b) the employee would ordinarily be working for all or part of the remaining day.	9 10
(6)	The employee must, if practicable, present for work at the earliest reasonable opportunity.	11 12
(7)	In this section—	13
	<i>attendance document</i> , in relation to jury service performed by an employee, means a document, or a copy of a document, stating the following matters under the <i>Jury Act 1995</i> —	14 15 16 17
	(a) the employee's attendance under a requirement to attend for jury service;	18 19
	(b) the number of days of attendance;	20
	(c) the amount received as remuneration and allowances, other than meal allowances.	21 22
	<i>required to attend for jury service</i> means the employee—	23 24
	 (a) is given a summons under the <i>Jury Act 1995</i>, section 27 requiring the employee to attend for jury service; or 	25 26 27
	(b) is instructed under the <i>Jury Act 1995</i> , section 38 to attend for jury service.	28 29

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

Division 9	Notice of termination and redundancy	1 2
Subdivisio	on 1 Notice of termination	3
71K Applica	ation of sdiv 1	4
This sul following	odivision does not apply to any of the	5 6
(a)	a casual employee;	7
(b)	an employee engaged by the hour or day;	8
(c)	an employee engaged for a specific period or task;	9 10
(d)	an employee during the first 3 months of employment with an employer (the <i>probationary period</i>) unless the employee and employer agree in writing that the employee serve—	11 12 13 14 15
	(i) a period of probation that is shorter than the probationary period; or	16 17
	(ii) no period of probation;	18
(e)	an employee serving a period of probation that is longer than the probationary period if the period decided by written agreement between the employee and employer before the employment started, is a reasonable period having regard to the nature and circumstances of the employment;	19 20 21 22 23 24 25
(f)	an employee—	26
	(i) to whom a modern industrial instrument does not apply; and	27 28
	(ii) who is not a public service officer employed on tenure under the <i>Public</i> <i>Service Act 2008</i>; and	29 30 31

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	 (iii) whose annual wages immediately before the dismissal are more than \$68000 or a greater amount stated in, or worked out in a way prescribed under, a regulation; 	1 2 3 4 5
(g)) an apprentice or trainee;	6
(h)	an employee participating in a labour market program.	7 8
71KA Wha emplo	t employer must do to dismiss yee	9 10
(1) Ar	n employer may dismiss an employee only if—	11
(a)	the employee has been—	12
	(i) given the period of notice required by section 71KC; or	13 14
	(ii) paid the compensation required by section 71KD; or	15 16
(b)	the employee engages in misconduct of a type that would make it unreasonable to require the employer to continue the employment during the notice period.	17 18 19 20
	r subsection (1)(b), misconduct includes the lowing—	21 22
(a)	theft;	23
(b)) assault;	24
(c)	fraud;	25
(d)	o other misconduct prescribed under a regulation.	26 27
en the un	owever, subsection (1)(b) does not apply if the aployee can show that, in the circumstances, e conduct was not conduct that made it reasonable to continue the employment during e notice period.	28 29 30 31 32

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

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71KB	Employer's failure to give notice or pay
CC	ompensation

- (1) If an employer dismisses an employee to whom 3 section 71KA(1)(a) applies without giving the required notice or paying the required 5 compensation—6
 - (a) on an application under section 74—the 7
 commission may order the employer to pay 8
 the employee the compensation that the 9
 employer was required to pay under section 10
 71KD; or 11

1 2

18

- (b) otherwise—the commission or a magistrate 12 may order the employer to pay the employee 13 the compensation the employer was 14 required to pay under section 71KD.
- (2) An application for an order under subsection 16 (1)(b) may be made by— 17
 - (a) the employee who has been dismissed; or
 - (b) with the employee's consent—an 19 organisation whose rules entitle it to 20 represent the employee's industrial interests; 21 or 22
 - (c) an inspector. 23
- (3) The application must be made within 6 years 24 after the day on which the employee is dismissed. 25
- (4) A regulation may exclude from the operation of this section dismissals happening in stated circumstances that relate to the transfer of the employer's business.
 26
 27
 28
 29

71KC Minimum period of notice required from employers		30 31
(1)	The minimum period of notice is—	32
	(a) if the employee's continuous service is—	33

	(i) not more than 1 year—1 week; and	1
	(ii) more than 1 year, but not more than 3 years—2 weeks; and	2 3
	(iii) more than 3 years, but not more than 5 years—3 weeks; and	4 5
	(iv) more than 5 years—4 weeks; and	6
	(b) increased by 1 week if the employee—	7
	(i) is 45 years old or over; and	8
	(ii) has completed at least 2 years of continuous service with the employer.	9 10
(2)	A regulation may prescribe matters that must be disregarded when working out continuous service under subsection (1).	11 12 13
71KD	Minimum amount of compensation required	14
(1)	The minimum compensation payable to an employee is at least equal to the total of the amounts the employer would have been liable to pay the employee if the employee's employment had continued until the end of the required notice period.	15 16 17 18 19 20
(2)	The total must be worked out on the basis of—	21
	(a) the ordinary working hours worked by the employee; and	22 23
	(b) the amounts payable to the employee for the hours, including, for example, allowances, loadings and penalties; and	24 25 26
	(c) any other amounts payable under the employee's employment contract.	27 28
(3)	A regulation may prescribe the amount that is taken to be payable, or how to work out the	29 30

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whose wages before dismissal were decided	1
wholly or partly on the basis of commission or	2
piece rates.	3

4

Subdivision 2 Redundancy pay

71KE	Appli	cation of sdiv 2	5
(1)	This	s subdivision applies to an employee if—	6
	(a)	a modern industrial instrument applies to the employee; and	7 8
	(b)	the employee's employment is terminated because the employer no longer requires the job done by the employee to be done by anyone.	9 10 11 12
(2)	emp	wever, this subdivision does not apply if the ployee's employment is terminated because of ordinary and customary turnover of labour.	13 14 15
(3)		o, this subdivision does not apply to any of following employees—	16 17
	(a)	a casual employee;	18
	(b)	an employee whose period of continuous service with the employer is less than 1 year;	19 20 21
	(c)	an employee employed for a fixed period, for a fixed task, or for the duration of a particular season;	22 23 24
	(d)	an apprentice or trainee;	25
	(e)	an employee participating in a labour market program;	26 27
	(f)	another employee prescribed under a regulation or a modern industrial instrument as an employee to whom this division does not apply.	28 29 30 31

Note-

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

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In relation to an employee whose employment is terminated due to the transfer of the employer's
calling, see part 5.

- (4) 5 Subsection (3)(c)does not prevent this subdivision applying to an employee if a 6 substantial reason for employing the employee as 7 mentioned in the subsection was to avoid the 8 application of this division. 9
- (5) Except to the extent provided for under 10 subsection (3)(d), a modern industrial instrument 11 must not displace a provision of this subdivision. 12

71KF Entitlement to redundancy pay

(1)The employee is entitled to be paid an amount 14 (redundancy pay) equal to the total amount 15 payable to the employee for the redundancy pay 16 period worked out using the following table— 17

Employee's years of continuous service with the employer	Redundancy pay period
at least 1 year but not more than 2 years	4 weeks
more than 2 years but not more than 3 years	6 weeks
more than 3 years but not more than 4 years	7 weeks
more than 4 years but not more than 5 years	8 weeks
more than 5 years but not more than 6 years	9 weeks
more than 6 years but not more than 7 years	10 weeks
more than 7 years but not more than 8 years	11 weeks
more than 8 years but not more than 9 years	12 weeks
more than 9 years but not more than 10 years	13 weeks

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Employee's years of continuous service with the employer	Redundancy pay period
more than10 years but not more than11 years	14 weeks
more than11 years but not more than12 years	15 weeks
more than 12 years	16 weeks

(2)	The amount of the employee's redundancy pay	1
	must be worked out at the employee's base rate of pay for the employee's ordinary hours of work.	2 3
(3)	This section applies subject to section 71KG.	4

71KG Variation of redundancy pay by commission 5

(1)	Thi	s section applies if—	6
	(a)	an employee is entitled under this division to be paid an amount of redundancy pay; and	7 8 9
	(b)	the employer—	10
		(i) obtains other acceptable employment for the employee; or	11 12
		(ii) can not pay the amount.	13

- On application by the employer, the commission 14 may make an order reducing the amount of the 15 redundancy pay to a stated amount the 16 commission considers appropriate.
- (3) For subsection (2), the amount may be zero. 18
- (4) The amount of redundancy pay to which the 19 employee is entitled under this division is the 20 amount stated in the order. 21

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

Part 3	3	Content of modern industrial instruments	1 2
Divisio	on 1	Preliminary	3
71L Me pt 3		g of <i>modern industrial instrument</i> for	4 5
In t	his pa	ırt—	6
	dete	<i>lern industrial instrument</i> does not include a rmination made under section 149 as inserted he modernising Act.	7 8 9
71LA F	Requi	red or permitted provisions	10
(1)		modern industrial instrument must only ude provisions that are required or permitted er—	11 12 13
	(a)	part 2; or	14
	(b)	division 2, subdivision 1 (required content for all modern industrial instruments); or	15 16
	(c)	division 3, subdivision 1 (permitted content for all modern industrial instruments); or	17 18
	(d)	for a modern award—	19
		(i) division 2, subdivision 2 (required content for a modern award); or	20 21
		(ii) division 3, subdivision 2 (permitted content for a modern award); or	22 23
	(e)	for a certified agreement—	24
		(i) division 2, subdivision 3 (required content for a certified agreement); or	25 26
		(ii) division 3, subdivision 3 (permitted content for a certified agreement).	27 28

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

(2)	However, a modern award may include matters it is permitted to include, and must include matters it is required to include, only to the extent necessary to achieve the modern awards objectives.	1 2 3 4 5
(3)	Subsection (2) applies despite divisions 2 and 3.	6
71LB	Non-allowable provisions	7
(1)	A modern industrial instrument must not include provisions (<i>non-allowable provisions</i>) that contravene any of the following—	8 9 10
	 (a) division 4, subdivision 1 (non-allowable content for all modern industrial instruments); 	11 12 13
	(b) for a modern award—division 4, subdivision 2;	14 15
	(c) for a certified agreement—division 4, subdivision 3.	16 17
(2)	However, a provision mentioned in division 2 is not a non-allowable provision.	18 19
(3)	Subsection (2) applies despite division 4.	20
o	Provisions that contravene s 71LA or 71LB i no effect	21 22
	provision of a modern industrial instrument that ontravenes section 71LA or 71LB is of no effect.	23 24

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

		[57]	
Divisio	on 2	Required content	1
Subdiv	vision 1	Required content—all modern industrial instruments	2 3 4
71M Co	onsultatior	mmajor organisational changes	5
pro an imp are	vision presc employer to lementation	lustrial instrument must include the ribed under a regulation that requires o consult with employees about the of major organisational changes that have a significant effect on the	6 7 8 9 10 11
71MA I	Dispute res	solution	12
A provand	modern ind vision presc settling dis	lustrial instrument must include the ribed under a regulation for preventing putes about a matter arising under the ne Queensland Employment Standards.	13 14 15 16
71MB I	ndividual f	flexibility arrangements	17
(1)	provision p an emplo flexibility	industrial instrument must include the prescribed under a regulation enabling yee and employer to agree to a arrangement to meet the genuine needs loyee and employer.	18 19 20 21 22
(2)		nployee and employer agree to a arrangement under a modern industrial	23
	msuument		24 25

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	(b) for this Act, the arrangement is taken to be a provision of the industrial instrument.	1 2
(3)	If an employee and employer purportedly agree to a flexibility arrangement under a modern industrial instrument and the arrangement does not meet a requirement provided for in the industrial instrument—	3 4 5 6 7
	(a) the arrangement has effect as if it were a flexibility arrangement; and	8 9
	(b) to the extent the industrial instrument requires the employer to ensure the arrangement meets the requirement, the employer contravenes the industrial instrument; and	10 11 12 13 14
	(c) in addition to any method of termination of the arrangement provided for in the industrial instrument, the instrument is taken to provide that the arrangement can be terminated—	15 16 17 18 19
	(i) by either the employee or employer giving written notice of not more than 28 days; or	20 21 22
	(ii) by the employee and the employer at any time if they agree in writing to the termination.	23 24 25
(4)	In this section—	26
	<i>flexibility arrangement</i> means a written arrangement between an employer and employee that varies the effect of a modern industrial instrument in relation to the employee and the employer.	27 28 29 30 31

1

2

3

Subdivision 2 Required content—modern awards

71MC Coverage

or

	-	
(1)	A modern award must include provisions (<i>coverage provisions</i>) stating the employers, employees and organisations to which the award applies.	4 5 6 7
(2)	A modern award must be expressed to apply to—	8
	(a) stated employers; and	9
	(b) stated employees of employers to whom the award applies.	10 11
(3)	A modern award may be expressed to cover 1 or more stated organisations, in relation to all or stated employees or employers to whom the award applies.	12 13 14 15
(4)	For subsections (2) and (3)—	16
	(a) employers may be identified by name or by reference to 1 or more stated classes; and	17 18
	(b) employees must be identified by reference to 1 or more stated classes; and	19 20
	(c) organisations must be identified by name.	21
(5)	Without limiting the way a class may be described in a coverage provision, the class may be described by reference to—	22 23 24
	(a) a particular industry or part of an industry;	25

(b) particular kinds of work. 27

26

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

Subdivision 3 Required content—certified agreements	1 2 3
71MD Nominal expiry date	4
A certified agreement must specify a nominal date that is—	expiry 5 6
(a) for a project agreement—a date no lat the date on which the project ends; or	
(b) otherwise—a date no later than 4 yea the date on which the agreement wil into operation.	
71ME Other matters	12
A certified agreement must—	13
(a) state the persons covered by the c agreement; and	ertified 14 15
(b) include, or be accompanied by, infor prescribed under a regulation.	rmation 16 17
Division 3 Permitted content	18
Subdivision 1 Permitted content—all	19
modern industrial	20
instruments	21
71N General matters	22
5	include 23
provisions, other than non-allowable provisions any of the following matters—	s, about 24 25
(a) types of engagement;	26

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

(b)	allowances, including for any of the following—	1 2
	(i) expenses incurred in the course of employment;	3 4
	(ii) responsibilities or skills not taken into account in the basic rates of pay;	5 6
	(iii) disabilities associated with the performance of particular tasks or work in particular conditions or locations;	7 8 9
(c)	annualised salary arrangements that	10
	(i) have regard to the patterns of work in the enterprise or industry concerned; and	11 12 13
	(ii) provide an alternative to the separate payment of wages and other monetary entitlements; and	14 15 16
	 (iii) include appropriate safeguards to ensure individual employees are not disadvantaged; 	17 18 19
(d)	overtime rates;	20
(e)	penalty rates, including for any of the following—	21 22
	(i) employees working unsocial, irregular or unpredictable hours;	23 24
	(ii) employees working on weekends or public holidays;	25 26
	(iii) shift workers;	27
(f)	arrangements for when work is performed, including hours of work, rostering, weekend work, shift work, meal and rest breaks and variations to working hours;	28 29 30 31
(g)	superannuation;	32
(h)	anti-discrimination and equal opportunity.	33

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	visions related to Queensland oyment Standards	1 2
0	modern industrial instrument may include any ther provision, other than a non-allowable rovision, that—	3 4 5
(2	a) provides for all or part of a matter that is provided for under the Queensland Employment Standards; or	6 7 8
[]	b) is ancillary or incidental to the operation of the entitlement of an employee under the Queensland Employment Standards; or	9 10 11
(6	c) supplements the Queensland Employment Standards.	12 13
(2) H	lowever, subsection (1)—	14
(;	a) applies only to the extent the effect of the provision is no less favourable to an employee than the Queensland Employment Standards; and	15 16 17 18
()	b) does not apply to a provision about a matter provided for under part 2, division 9, subdivision 2.	19 20 21
71NB Oth	er incidental provisions	22
	odern industrial instrument may include ions, other than non-allowable provisions, that	23 24 25
(8	a) incidental to a provision that is required or permitted to be included in the instrument; and	26 27 28
()	b) essential for making a particular provision operate in a practical way.	29 30

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations [s 7] **71NC Machinery provisions** 1 Α modern industrial instrument may include 2 machinery provisions, including. for example, 3 provisions about the following-4 (a) commencement; 5 (b) definitions; 6 (c) titles; 7 (d) arrangement. 8 Subdivision 2 Permitted 9 content_modern awards 10 **71ND General matters** 11 A modern award may include provisions, other than 12 non-allowable provisions, about-13 (a) minimum wages, including— 14 wage rates for young employees, (i) 15 employees with a disability and 16 employees engaged as apprentices or 17 trainees; and 18 (ii) piece rates; and 19 classifications skill-based (b) and career 20 structures. 21

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

Subdi	ivision 3 Permitted content—certified agreements	
71NE	Provisions about employment relationship	
(1)	A certified agreement may include provisions, other than non-allowable provisions, about the employment relationship.	
(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), a certified agreement may include a term about any or all of the following—	
	 (a) arrangements for the taking of annual leave, parental leave, personal leave or long service leave; 	
	(b) bonuses or incentive-based payments;	
	(c) continuous improvement initiatives;	
	(d) productivity improvement initiatives;	
	(e) salary sacrifice;	
	(f) uniforms, including personal protective equipment;	
	(g) wages.	
Divisi	ion 4 Non-allowable content	
Subdi	ivision 1 Non-allowable content—all modern industrial	
	instruments	
710 C	Contracting provision	
	modern industrial instrument must not contain a ovision that—	

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(a)	directly or indirectly requires, restricts or prohibits the contracting out, or in, of services; or	1 2 3
(b)	is about the terms or conditions on which services may be contracted out or in; or	4 5
(c)	is otherwise about the contracting out, or in, of services.	6 7
Example	es—	8
1	The following provisions of pre-modernisation industrial instruments, as in force on 30 July 2012, are examples of contracting provisions—	9 10 11
	• clause 7.3 of the State Government Departments Certified Agreement 2009	12 13
	• appendix 22: Queensland Government Policy on the Contracting-out of Services, of the State Government Departments Certified Agreement 2009	14 15 16 17
	• clauses 4.2 and 4.3 of the Transport and Main Roads Operational Employees' Certified Agreement 2011	18 19
	• clauses 2.3(1) and 2.3.2 of the QBuild Field Staff Certified Agreement 8 (2011)	20 21
	• clauses 6.2 and 6.3 of the Queensland Public Health Sector Certified Agreement (No. 8) 2011 (EB8)	22 23
	• clause 3.1(b) of the Queensland Ambulance Service - Determination 2010.	24 25
2	Also, clause 63 of the Queensland Rail Customer Service Enterprise Agreement 2011, as in force immediately before the date of assent of the <i>Queensland Rail Transit Authority Act 2013</i> , is an example of a contracting provision.	26 27 28 29 30
710A Empl	oyment security provision	31
	rn industrial instrument must not contain a	32
	a about job security or maximising permanent nent, including a provision—	33 34
(a)	that applies all or part of a government policy about employment security; or	35 36

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(b)	restricting the number or proportion of employees that may be employed; or	1 2
(c)	prescribing levels of staffing or funding; or	3
(d)	about converting employees from casual or temporary employment to permanent employment.	4 5 6
Example	<i>S</i> —	7
-	The following provisions of pre-modernisation industrial instruments, as in force on 30 July 2012, are examples of employment security provisions—	8 9 10
•	clauses 7.1 and 7.2 of the State Government Departments Certified Agreement 2009	11 12
•	appendix 21 of the State Government Departments Certified Agreement 2009	13 14
•	clause 2 contained in Appendix 5 of the State Government Departments Certified Agreement 2009: New Provisions Applicable to Employees Engaged in Operations in Youth Detention Centres	15 16 17 18
•	clause 4.1.1 of Part 4 of the Transport and Main Roads Operational Employees' Certified Agreement 2011	19 20 21
•	clause 2.3 of the QBuild Field Staff Certified Agreement 8 (2011)	22 23
•	clauses 6.1, 6.6 and 6.7 of the Queensland Public Health Sector Certified Agreement (No. 8) 2011 (EB8).	24 25 26
-	Also, the following provisions, as in force immediately before the date of assent of the <i>Queensland Rail Transit Authority Act 2013</i> , are examples of employment security provisions—	27 28 29 30
•	clause 40 of the Queensland Rail Customer Service Enterprise Agreement 2011	31 32
•	clause 47 of the QR Passenger Pty Limited Traincrew Union Collective Workplace Agreement 2009.	33 34 35

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

 (1) A modern industrial instrument must not contain a provision that directly or indirectly— (a) requires a person to encourage another person to join or maintain membership of an industrial association; or (b) requires a person to supply the employer's facilities, resources or premises to an officer, employee or other representative of an industrial association; or (c) requires an employer to facilitate deductions of industrial association membership subscriptions from an employee's wages; or (d) requires a person to give employees information about, or on behalf of, an industrial association; or (e) allows employees to attend the following during the employees' working time— (i) training, conferences or other activities facilitated by an industrial association; (ii) a meeting of members of, or organised by, an industrial association; or (f) requires or permits payment of a bargaining services fee. (2) In this section— bargaining services— (a) means services provided by or for an organisation in relation to a certified agreement or a proposed certified agreement, and 	
 a provision that directly or indirectly— (a) requires a person to encourage another person to join or maintain membership of an industrial association; or (b) requires a person to supply the employer's facilities, resources or premises to an officer, employee or other representative of an industrial association; or (c) requires an employer to facilitate deductions of industrial association membership subscriptions from an employee's wages; or (d) requires a person to give employees information about, or on behalf of, an industrial association; or (e) allows employees to attend the following during the employees' working time— (i) training, conferences or other activities facilitated by an industrial association; (ii) a meeting of members of, or organised by, an industrial association; or (f) requires or permits payment of a bargaining services fee. (2) In this section— bargaining services— (a) means services provided by or for an organisation in relation to a certified agreement or a proposed certified agreement; and (b) includes services relating to bargaining for, or the making, certification, operation, variation or termination of, the certified 	710B
 person to join or maintain membership of an industrial association; or (b) requires a person to supply the employer's facilities, resources or premises to an officer, employee or other representative of an industrial association; or (c) requires an employer to facilitate deductions of industrial association membership subscriptions from an employee's wages; or (d) requires a person to give employees information about, or on behalf of, an industrial association; or (e) allows employees to attend the following during the employees' working time— (i) training, conferences or other activities facilitated by an industrial association; (ii) a meeting of members of, or organised by, an industrial association; or (f) requires or permits payment of a bargaining services fee. (2) In this section— bargaining services— (a) means services provided by or for an organisation in relation to a certified agreement; and (b) includes services relating to bargaining for, or the making, certification, operation, variation or termination of, the certified 	(1)
 facilities, resources or premises to an officer, employee or other representative of an industrial association; or (c) requires an employer to facilitate deductions of industrial association membership subscriptions from an employee's wages; or (d) requires a person to give employees information about, or on behalf of, an industrial association; or (e) allows employees to attend the following during the employees' working time— (i) training, conferences or other activities facilitated by an industrial association; (ii) a meeting of members of, or organised by, an industrial association; or (f) requires or permits payment of a bargaining services fee. (2) In this section— bargaining services (a) means services provided by or for an organisation in relation to a certified agreement; and (b) includes services relating to bargaining for, or the making, certification, operation, variation or termination of, the certified 	
 of industrial association membership subscriptions from an employee's wages; or (d) requires a person to give employees information about, or on behalf of, an industrial association; or (e) allows employees to attend the following during the employees' working time— (i) training, conferences or other activities facilitated by an industrial association; (ii) a meeting of members of, or organised by, an industrial association; or (f) requires or permits payment of a bargaining services fee. (2) In this section— bargaining services— (a) means services provided by or for an organisation in relation to a certified agreement; and (b) includes services relating to bargaining for, or the making, certification, operation, variation or termination of, the certified 	
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 facilitated by an industrial association; (ii) a meeting of members of, or organised by, an industrial association; or (f) requires or permits payment of a bargaining services fee. (2) In this section— bargaining services— (a) means services provided by or for an organisation in relation to a certified agreement or a proposed certified agreement; and (b) includes services relating to bargaining for, or the making, certification, operation, variation or termination of, the certified 	
 by, an industrial association; or (f) requires or permits payment of a bargaining services fee. (2) In this section— bargaining services— (a) means services provided by or for an organisation in relation to a certified agreement or a proposed certified agreement; and (b) includes services relating to bargaining for, or the making, certification, operation, variation or termination of, the certified 	
 services fee. (2) In this section— <i>bargaining services</i>— (a) means services provided by or for an organisation in relation to a certified agreement or a proposed certified agreement; and (b) includes services relating to bargaining for, or the making, certification, operation, variation or termination of, the certified 	
 bargaining services— (a) means services provided by or for an organisation in relation to a certified agreement or a proposed certified agreement; and (b) includes services relating to bargaining for, or the making, certification, operation, variation or termination of, the certified 	
 (a) means services provided by or for an organisation in relation to a certified agreement or a proposed certified agreement; and (b) includes services relating to bargaining for, or the making, certification, operation, variation or termination of, the certified 	(2)
 organisation in relation to a certified agreement or a proposed certified agreement; and (b) includes services relating to bargaining for, or the making, certification, operation, variation or termination of, the certified 	
or the making, certification, operation, variation or termination of, the certified	
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Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

barg	aining services fee—	1
(a)	means a fee, however described, payable—	2
	(i) to an organisation or someone in lieu of an organisation; and	3 4
	 (ii) wholly or partly for the provision, or purported provision, of bargaining services; but 	5 6 7
(b)	does not include membership fees.	8
Exar	nples—	9
inc	te following provisions of pre-modernisation dustrial instruments, as in force on 1 March 2013, are amples of encouragement provisions—	10 11 12
•	clause 11.3 of the District Health Services Employees' Award - State 2012	13 14
•	part 11.5 and 11.6 of the Queensland Health Framework Award - State 2012.	15 16
71OC Organ	nisational change provision	17
A moder provision	n industrial instrument must not contain a that—	18 19
(a)	requires the employer to do any of the following before, or in relation to, making a decision about, or implementing, proposed organisational change—	20 21 22 23
	(i) notify an entity about the proposed organisational change;	24 25
	(ii) consult with an entity about the proposed organisational change;	26 27
	(iii) involve an entity in the decision-making process for the proposed organisational change; or	28 29 30
(b)	is otherwise about organisational change.	31
Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	[* .]	
Exampl	les—	1
1	The following provisions of pre-modernisation industrial instruments, as in force on 1 July 2013, are examples of organisational change provisions—	2 3 4
	• clause 7.3 of the State Government Departments Certified Agreement 2009	5 6
	• clauses 3.2, 4.1 and 4.2 of the Queensland Public Health Sector Certified Agreement (No. 8) 2011 (EB8)	7 8 9
	• clause 1.17(vi) and (vii) of the Queensland Public Health Sector Certified Agreement (No. 8) 2011 (EB8).	10 11 12
2	Also, the following provisions, as in force immediately before the date of assent of the <i>Queensland Rail Transit Authority Act 2013</i> , are examples of organisational change provisions—	13 14 15 16
	• clause 22 of the Queensland Rail Customer Service Enterprise Agreement 2011	17 18
	• clause 41 of the QR Passenger Pty Limited Traincrew Union Collective Workplace Agreement 2009.	19 20 21
710D Polic	y incorporation provision	22
	ern industrial instrument must not include a n that does either or both of the following—	23 24
(a)	applies or adopts, or incorporates into the instrument, another document that is a policy;	25 26 27
(b)	provides that another document that is a policy, as it is applied to, adopted for or incorporated into the instrument, can only be amended by agreement between 2 or more parties to the instrument.	28 29 30 31 32
Examp	ples—	33
inst	e following provisions of pre-modernisation industrial truments, as in force on 1 March 2013, are examples of icy incorporation provisions—	34 35 36

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	 clause 2.5 and schedule 2 of the Queensland Public Health Sector Certified Agreement (No. 8) 2011 (EB8) 	1 2 3
	• clause 4.13 and schedule 4 of the Queensland Health Framework Award - State 2012	4 5
	• clause 11 and schedule 5 of the Health Practitioners' (Queensland Health) Certified Agreement (No. 2) 2011 (HPEB2).	6 7 8
710E	Private practice provision	9
	A modern industrial instrument must not include a provision about a private practice arrangement for a medical practitioner.	10 11 12
	Example—	13
	Clause 4.11 of the Medical Officers' (Queensland Health) Certified Agreement (No. 3) 2012 is an example of a private practice provision.	14 15 16
710F	Resource allocation provision	17
	A modern industrial instrument must not include a provision that requires an employer to allocate funding to a program or scheme not directly related to entitlements of, or benefits for, the employer's employees. <i>Example—</i>	18 19 20 21 22 23
	Clause 2.9.7 of the Queensland Health Building, Engineering & Maintenance Services Certified Agreement (No. 5) 2011 is an example of a resource allocation provision.	24 25 26 27
710G	Right of entry	28
(1)	A modern industrial instrument must not include a provision that entitles a representative of an organisation or an associated entity of an organisation to enter premises for a prescribed purpose.	29 30 31 32 33

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	[s 7]
(2)	In this section—
	<i>prescribed purpose</i> means a purpose for which the representative is entitled to enter the premises under this Act or the <i>Work Health and Safety Act</i> 2011.
10H [Discriminatory provisions
(1)	A modern industrial instrument must not include a provision that discriminates against an employee.
(2)	For subsection (1), a modern industrial instrument does not discriminate against an employee only because it provides for minimum wages for any of the following—
	(a) all young employees;
	(b) all employees with a disability;
	(c) all employees engaged as apprentices or trainees;

710I Particular provisions displacing Queensland 20 **Employment Standards** 21

- (1)A modern industrial instrument must not include 22 a provision that displaces, or is otherwise 23 inconsistent with, a provision of the Queensland 24 **Employment Standards**. 25
- Subsection (1) does not apply to a provision (2)26 mentioned in section 71NA. 27

710J General matters

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A modern industrial instrument must not include a 29 provision— 30

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

(8	a) that restricts the type of engagements that are available; or	1 2
(1	b) that restricts flexible rostering arrangements; or	3 4
(0	c) that is about accident pay or other amounts payable because an employee sustains an injury; or	5 6 7
(6	d) that restricts the ability of an employer to offer a high-income guarantee contract to a high-income senior employee.	8 9 10
Subdivision 2 Non-allowable content—modern awards		11 12
710K Ge	neral matters	13
A modern award must not include provisions about—		14
(8	a) training arrangements; or	15
(1	b) workload management; or	16
(0	c) delivery of services; or	17
(0	l) workforce planning.	18
Subdivision 3 Non-allowable content—certified agreements		19 20 21
710L Gei	neral matters	22
· · ·	certified agreement must not include a rovision that—	23 24
(8	a) is inconsistent with the provisions for industrial action in chapter 6, divisions 6 to 8; or	25 26 27

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	(b) provides for types of engagements or classifications that are inconsistent with the relevant underpinning awards; or
	(c) requires or permits a contravention of the provisions in chapter 4; or
	(d) requires an employer to manage workloads in a particular way; or
	(e) restricts access to training arrangements; or
	(f) restricts the efficient delivery of services.
(2)	Also, a certified agreement must not include a provision about unfair dismissal or a remedy arising from termination of employment other than as provided for in the provisions of this Act about notice and redundancy pay.
Part 4	Equal remuneration for work of equal or
	comparable value
1P Det	finition for pt 4
In th	nis part—
	equal remuneration for work of equal or comparable value means equal remuneration for men and women employees for work of equal or comparable value.
'1 PA O	rders requiring equal remuneration
(1)	The commission may make any order it considers
	appropriate to ensure employees covered by the
	order receive equal remuneration for work of

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	An order may provide for an increase in remuneration rates, including minimum rates.	1 2
71PB Or	ders only on application	3
	commission may make an order under this part on application by—	4 5
((a) an employee to be covered by the order; or	6
((b) an organisation whose rules entitle it to represent the industrial interests of employees to be covered by the order; or	7 8 9
((c) a State peak council; or	10
((d) the Minister; or	11
((e) the anti-discrimination commissioner.	12
it is sa do no	ommission must, and may only, make an order if atisfied the employees to be covered by the order t receive equal remuneration for work of equal or arable value.	15 16 17 18
	mediate or progressive introduction of I remuneration	19 20
	order may introduce equal remuneration for work al or comparable value—	21 22
((a) immediately; or	23
((b) progressively in stated stages.	24
71PE Em	ployer not to reduce remuneration	25
I	An employer must not reduce an employee's remuneration because an application or order has been made under this part.	26 27 28

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations [s 7] If an employer purports to do so, the reduction is (2) 71P ((71P (

	of no effect.	2
PF	Pt 4 does not limit other rights	3
(1)	This part does not limit any right a person or organisation may otherwise have to secure equal remuneration for work of equal or comparable value.	4 5 6 7
(2)	Subsection (1) is subject to section 71PG.	8
PG	Applications under pt 4	9
(1)	An application can not be made under this part for an order to secure equal remuneration for work of equal or comparable value for an employee if there are current proceedings for an alternative remedy under—	10 11 12 13 14
	(a) another provision of this Act; or	15
	(b) another Act.	16
(2)	If an application under this part has been made, a person can not start proceedings for an alternative remedy under a provision or Act mentioned in subsection (1).	17 18 19 20
(3)	Subsection (2) does not prevent proceedings being started for an alternative remedy if the proceedings under this part have—	21 22 23
	(a) been discontinued by the party who started the proceedings; or	24 25
	(b) failed for want of jurisdiction.	26
(4)	In this section—	27
	<i>alternative remedy</i> means an alternative remedy—	28 29
	(a) to secure the remuneration for the employee; or	30 31

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Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 7]

(b)	against unequal remuneration for work of	1
	equal or comparable value for the employee.	2

Part 5 Continuity of service and employment

initions for pt 5	5
is part—	6
service includes employment.	7

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transferred employee see section 71QB(1).

71QA How pt 5 applies

71Q Definitions for pt 5

In this part—

This part applies for working out an employee's rights and entitlements under this chapter or a	10
rights and entitlements under this chapter of a	11
modern industrial instrument by prescribing	12
when the employee's continuity of service is not	13
broken.	14
	rights and entitlements under this chapter or a modern industrial instrument by prescribing when the employee's continuity of service is not

- (2)An employee is not entitled to claim the benefit 15 of a right or entitlement more than once for the 16 same period of service. 17
- (3)However, when working out the minimum period 18 of notice required to be given under section 19 71KC to a transferred employee, a period of 20 notice previously given in relation to the transfer 21 of the calling, whether given before or after the 22 commencement of this subsection, is to be 23 disregarded. 24

71QB Continuity of service—transfer of calling 25

(1)A *transferred employee* is a person who becomes 26 an employee of an employer (the *new employer*) 27 because of the transfer of a calling to the new 28

employer from another employer (the <i>former employer</i>).	1 2
Even if a person is dismissed by the former employer before the transfer of a calling, the person is taken to be a transferred employee if—	3 4 5
(a) the person is employed by the new employer after the transfer; and	6 7
(b) the employee—	8
(i) was dismissed by the former employer within 1 month immediately before the transfer; and	9 10 11
(ii) is re-employed by the new employer within 3 months after the dismissal.	12 13
The transfer of the calling is taken not to break the transferred employee's continuity of service.	14 15
A period of service with the former employer, including service before the commencement of this section, is taken to be a period of service with the new employer.	16 17 18 19
In relation to the transfer, the transferred employee is not an employee to whom part 2, division 9, subdivision 2 applies, unless a modern industrial instrument mentioned in section 71KE(1)(a) provides otherwise.	20 21 22 23 24
In this section—	25
dismissed includes stood down.	26
Continuity of service—apprentices or nees	27 28
This section applies if—	29
(a) an employee, while employed with the employer, starts an apprenticeship or traineeship; or	30 31 32
	 employer). Even if a person is dismissed by the former employer before the transfer of a calling, the person is taken to be a transferred employee if— (a) the person is employed by the new employer after the transfer; and (b) the employee— (i) was dismissed by the former employer within 1 month immediately before the transfer; and (ii) is re-employed by the new employer within 3 months after the dismissal. The transfer of the calling is taken not to break the transferred employee's continuity of service. A period of service with the former employer, including service before the commencement of this section, is taken to be a period of service with the new employer. In relation to the transfer, the transferred employee is not an employee to whom part 2, division 9, subdivision 2 applies, unless a modern industrial instrument mentioned in section 71KE(1)(a) provides otherwise. In this section— dismissed includes stood down. Continuity of service—apprentices or incees This section applies if— (a) an employee, while employed with the employer, starts an apprenticeship or

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	(b) the employer—	1
	 (i) continues to employ an apprentice or trainee (the <i>employee</i>) on the completion of the apprenticeship or traineeship; or 	2 3 4 5
	 (ii) re-employs the employee within 3 months after completion of the employee's apprenticeship or traineeship. 	6 7 8 9
(2)	The period of the apprenticeship or traineeship does not break the employee's continuity of service.	10 11 12
71QD (Continuity of service—generally	13
(1)	Service with a partnership and an employer who was, or becomes, a member of the partnership is taken to be continuous service with the same employer.	14 15 16 17
(2)	An employee's continuity of service with an employer is not broken if the employee's service is temporarily lent or let on hire by the employer to another employer.	18 19 20 21
(3)	An employee's continuity of service with an employer is not broken by an absence, including through illness or injury—	22 23 24
	(a) on paid leave approved by the employer; or	25
	(b) on unpaid leave approved by the employer.	26
(4)	An employee's continuity of service with an employer is not broken if—	27 28
	(a) the employee's employment is terminated by the employer or employee because of illness or injury; and	29 30 31
	(b) the employer re-employs the employee; and	32

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	(c) the employee has not been employed in a calling, whether on the employee's own account or as an employee, between the termination and the re-employment.	1 2 3 4
(5)	An employee's continuity of service with an employer is not broken if—	5 6
	(a) the employee's employment is terminated by the employer or employee; and	7 8
	(b) the employer re-employs the employee within 3 months after the termination.	9 10
(6)	An employee's continuity of service with an employer is not broken if—	11 12
	 (a) the employee's employment is interrupted or terminated by the employer with intent to avoid an obligation under this part, a modern industrial instrument or employment contract; or 	13 14 15 16 17
	(b) the employee's employment is interrupted or terminated by the employer as a direct or indirect result of an industrial dispute, and the employer re-employs the employee.	18 19 20 21
(7)	An employee's continuity of service is not broken if—	22 23
	(a) the employee's employment is interrupted or terminated by the employer because of slackness of trade or business; and	24 25 26
	(b) the employer re-employs the employee.	27
(8)	Service with a corporation and any of its subsidiaries is taken to be continuous service with the same employer.	28 29 30
(9)	However, a period for which the employee is away from work under subsection (3)(b), (4), (5), (6)(b) or (7) is not service under this part unless—	31 32 33 34

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 8]

			(a) this Act or a modern industrial instrument provides otherwise; or	1 2
			(b) the commission directs otherwise.	3
		(10)	In this section—	4
			<i>subsidiary</i> has the meaning given by the Corporations Act.	5 6
			terminate includes stand down.	7
Clause	8	Amendment o	f s 72 (Who this chapter does not apply to)	8
Uluuuu	U	(1) Section 72,		9
		omit, insert	-	10
			ployees to whom this chapter does not	11
		apr		12
		(2) Section 72-	_	13
		insert—		14
		(1A)	Without limiting subsection (1), section 73(1)(a) does not apply to a high-income senior employee.	15 16
		(3A)	Part 3 does not apply to an employee to whom chapter 2A applies.	17 18
Clause	9	Amendment o	f s 85A (Application of div 1AA)	19
		Section 85A—		20
		insert—		21
		(2A)	Also, this division does not apply to an employee to whom chapter 2A applies.	22 23
Clause	10	Replacement	of ch 5, hdg	24
		Chapter 5, headi	ng—	25
		omit, insert—		26

		Chapter	5 Awards (pre-modernisation)	1 2
Clause	11	Insertion of new ch	5, pt 1AA	3
		Chapter 5, before part	1—	4
		insert—		5
		Part 1AA	Application of ch 5	6
		122B Applica	ation of ch 5	7
		This chap award.	ter applies to an award other than a modern	8 9
Clause	12	Amendment of s 12	3 (Form, effect and term of award)	10
		Section 123(1)—		11
		insert—		12
		Note—		13
		8 (Modernisation	a force immediately before the commencement of part of awards) may be repealed as a result of an award cess carried out under that part.	14 15 16
Clause	13	Amendment of s 12	24 (Persons bound by award)	17
		(1) Section 124(2), fr	com 'exemptions'—	18
		omit, insert—		19
		exemption	15—	20
		(a)	the effect of which are continued under section 823; or	21 22
		(b)	ordered by the commission under section 234.	23 24
		(2) Section 124—		25

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 14]

		insert— (3)	pers	on ir	subsection (1), an award does not bind a relation to a calling if a modern award	1 2 3
			appi	ies to	the person.	4
Clause	14	Replacement of	of ch	5, p	ts 2 and 3	5
		Chapter 5, parts	2 and	13—		6
		omit, insert—				7
		Part 2	2		Commission's powers	8
		125 Rep	oeali	ng a	wards	9
		(1)	The	com	mission may repeal an award.	10
			Note			11
					part 8 in relation to the modernisation of awards der this chapter.	12 13
		(2)	The	com	mission may act under subsection (1)—	14
			(a)	of it	s own initiative; or	15
			(b)	on a	pplication by—	16
				(i)	the Minister; or	17
				(ii)	an organisation; or	18
				(iii)	an employer; or	19
				(iv)	a person who satisfies the commission that the person is not an officer of, or acting for, an eligible association.	20 21 22
Clause	15	Amendment o contracts)	f s 1:	35 (lı	nconsistency between awards and	23 24
		Section 135(1)-	_			25
		insert—				26

	Indust	rial Relations (Fair Work Act H	Harmon	hisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013	
			P	Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations [s 16]	
		Note	2		1
				, for a contract of service that is a high-income e contract, see section 194(2).	2 3
Clause	16	Insertion of new c	h 5, p	ot 8	4
		After section 140A—	-		5
		insert—			6
		Part 8		Modernisation of	7
				awards	8
		Division 1		Preliminary	9
		140B Defin	itions	s for pt 8	10
		In this pa	art—		11
		pre	-mode	rnisation award means an award—	12
		(a)	eith	er—	13
			(i)	made under section 125 as in force before the commencement of this part; or	14 15 16
			(ii)	continued in force under this Act; and	17
		(b)	in com	force immediately before the mencement of this part.	18 19
		140BA Obje	ect of	modernising awards	20
				object of this part is to provide for the of awards so they—	21 22
		(a)	are s and	simple to understand and easy to apply;	23 24
		(b)		ther with the Queensland Employment dards, provide for a fair minimum	25 26

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 16]

	safety net of enforceable conditions of employment for employees; and	1 2
	 (c) are economically sustainable, and promote flexible modern work practices and the efficient and productive performance of work; and 	3 4 5 6
	(d) are in a form that is appropriate for a fair and productive industrial relations system; and	7 8 9
	(e) result in a certain, stable and sustainable modern award system for Queensland.	10 11
	Commission's award modernisation	12 13
(1)	The functions of the commission include carrying out a process (<i>award modernisation process</i>) to reform and modernise pre-modernisaton awards.	14 15 16 17
(2)	In performing its functions under this part, the commission must have regard to the following factors—	18 19 20
	 (a) promoting the creation of jobs, high levels of productivity, low inflation, high levels of employment and labour force participation, national and international competitiveness, the development of skills and a fair labour market; 	21 22 23 24 25 26
	(b) the need to help prevent and eliminate discrimination in employment;	27 28
	 (c) protecting the position in the labour market of young people, employees engaged as apprentices or trainees and employees with a disability; 	29 30 31 32
	(d) the needs of low-paid employees;	33

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	(e)	the need to promote the principle of equal remuneration for work of equal value;	1 2
	(f)	the need to help employees balance their work and family responsibilities effectively and to improve retention and participation of employees in the workforce;	3 4 5 6
	(g)	the safety, health and welfare of employees;	7
	(h)	the Queensland minimum wage;	8
	(i)	the desirability of reducing the number of awards operating under this Act;	9 10
	(j)	the representation rights of organisations and associations under this Act.	11 12
(3)	This	s section does not limit section 140D.	13
Divisio	n 2	Award modernisation	14
		process	15
Subdiv	visio		16
		requests	17
	inist uest	er may make award modernisation	18 19
(1)	notio requ	Minister may give the commission a written ce (an <i>award modernisation request</i>) testing that an award modernisation process arried out.	20 21 22 23
(2)	An a	award modernisation request must state—	24
	(a)	details of the award modernisation process that is to be carried out; and	25 26
	(b)	the day by which the process must be completed.	27 28

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(3)	The day stated in the notice under subsection (2)(b) must not be later than 2 years after the day on which the award modernisation request is given to the commission.	1 2 3 4
(4)	An award modernisation request may state any other matter about the award modernisation process the Minister considers appropriate.	5 6 7
(5)	Without limiting subsection (4), the award modernisation request may—	8 9
	(a) require the commission to—	10
	 (i) prepare progress reports on stated matters about the award modernisation process; and 	11 12 13
	(ii) make the progress reports available as stated in the request; or	14 15
	(b) state permitted matters about which provisions must be included in a modern award; or	16 17 18
	 (c) direct the commission to include in a modern award terms about particular permitted matters; or 	19 20 21
	(d) give other directions about how, or whether, the commission must deal with particular permitted matters.	22 23 24
(6)	In this section—	25
	<i>permitted matter</i> means a matter about which provisions may be included in a modern award under chapter 2A, part 3, division 1 or 2.	26 27 28
140CA	Variation of award modernisation request	29
(1)	Before an award modernisation process is	30

Before an award modernisation process is 30 completed, the Minister may vary the award 31 modernisation request by written notice (a 32 *variation notice*) given to the commission. 33

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(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), a variation notice may extend the day by which the award modernisation process must be completed.	1 2 3
(3)	For subsection (2), the day must not be later than 2 years after the day on which the variation notice is given to the commission.	4 5 6
(4)	The day by which the award modernisation process must be completed may be extended under this section only once.	7 8 9
	Publication of award modernisation uest or variation notice	10 11
(1)	This section applies if either of the following is given to the commission under this part—	12 13
	(a) an award modernisation request;	14
	(b) a variation notice.	15
(2)	As soon as practicable after the request or notice is given to the commission, the registrar must publish the request or notice on the QIRC website.	16 17 18 19
Subdi	vision 2 Procedure for	20
Cabai	modernisation process	20 21
	Procedure for carrying out modernisation ocess	22 23
(1)	The commission must carry out the award modernisation process in accordance with the award modernisation request.	24 25 26
(2)	Subject to subsection (1)—	27
	(a) the commission may decide the procedure for carrying out the award modernisation process; and	28 29 30

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(3)	(b) without limiting paragraph (a), the commission may inform itself in any way it thinks appropriate, including by consulting with any person, body or organisation in the way the commission considers appropriate.To remove any doubt, it is declared that subsection (2) does not limit the powers of the	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
	commission under any other provision of this Act.	8 9
	Deadline for completion of award dernisation process	10 11
(1)	The commission must complete an award modernisation process by—	12 13
	(a) the day stated in the award modernisation request relating to the process; or	14 15
	(b) if a variation notice states a later day by which the process must be completed—the stated day.	16 17 18
(2)	For subsection (1), the award modernisation process is completed when 1 or more modern awards are made to give effect to the outcome of the process.	19 20 21 22
	Making of modern awards and repeal of -modernisation awards	23 24
(1)	To give effect to the outcome of an award modernisation process, the commission must—	25 26
	(a) make 1 or more modern awards; and	27
	(b) under section 125, repeal the pre-modernisation awards to which the process relates.	28 29 30
(2)	The commission must ensure each relevant class of employees—	31 32

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	[\$ 17]
	(a) is covered by a modern award; or
	(b) would be covered by a modern award but for the effect of section 140E(2).
(3)	Subject to chapter 2A, part 3 and chapter 5A, a modern award made for the purposes of subsection (1) must be consistent with the award modernisation request to which the modern award relates.
(4)	In this section—
	<i>relevant class of employees</i> means a class of employees who were bound by a pre-modernisation award that is repealed to give effect to the outcome of the award modernisation process.
Insertion of n	ew ch 5A
Insertion of n After chapter 5 <i>insert</i> —	
After chapter 5 insert—	
After chapter 5 insert—	oter 5A Modern awards
After chapter 5 insert— Chaj Part	oter 5A Modern awards
After chapter 5 insert— Chaj Part	oter 5A Modern awards 1 Preliminary
After chapter 5 insert— Chap Part 7 140D 1	Description Description 1 Preliminary Modern awards objectives In exercising its chapter 5A powers, the commission must ensure modern awards, together with the Queensland Employment Standards, provide a minimum safety net of

Clause

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(1	,	need to promote social inclusion through reased workforce participation;	1 2
(6	pra	need to promote flexible modern work ctices and the efficient and productive formance of work;	3 4 5
(6	ma	need to ensure equal remuneration for le and female employees for work of al or comparable value;	6 7 8
(6		need to provide penalty rates for ployees who—	9 10
	(i)	work overtime; or	11
	(ii)	work unsocial, irregular or unpredictable hours; or	12 13
	(iii)	work on weekends or public holidays; or	14 15
	(iv)	perform shift work;	16
(1	cha on	likely impact of the exercise of the pter 5A powers on business, including productivity, employment costs and the ulatory burden;	17 18 19 20
(§		need to ensure the modern award tem—	21 22
	(i)	is simple and easy to understand; and	23
	(ii)	is certain, stable and sustainable; and	24
	(iii)	avoids unnecessary overlap of modern awards;	25 26
(1	the	financial position considerations, luding the likely impact of the exercise of chapter 5A powers on those siderations;	27 28 29 30
(i		likely impact of the exercise of the pter 5A powers on—	31 32
	(i)	employment growth and inflation; and	33

		(ii) the sustainability, performance and competitiveness of the Queensland economy.	1 2 3
(3)	pow min con min	o, to the extent the commission's chapter 5A vers relate to setting, varying or revoking imum wages in modern awards, the mission must establish and maintain a imum safety net of fair minimum wages, ing regard to—	4 5 6 7 8 9
	(a)	the matters mentioned in subsection (1)(a), (c), (e), (i) and (j); and	10 11
	(b)	providing a comprehensive range of fair minimum wages to—	12 13
		(i) young employees; and	14
		(ii) employees engaged as apprentices or trainees; and	15 16
		(iii) employees with a disability.	17
(4)		e objectives of the commission under sections (1) and (2) are the <i>modern awards</i> ectives.	18 19 20
(5)	In t	his section—	21
	-	<i>pter 5A powers</i> means powers or functions of commission under this chapter.	22 23
	fina	uncial position considerations means—	24
	(a)	if the modern award or proposed modern award applies to, or will apply to, a public sector entity—	25 26 27
		(i) the State's financial position and fiscal strategy; and	28 29
		(ii) the financial position of the public sector entity; or	30 31
	(b)	if paragraph (a) does not apply—the financial position of the employers the	32 33

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		odern award or proposed modern award plies to or will apply to.	1 2
	public s	sector entity see section 149D(3).	3
140DA D	Definiti	ons for ch 5A	4
In thi	is chapt	er—	5
	<i>employ</i> who—	ee with a disability means an employee	6 7
	un	qualified for a disability support pension der the Social Security Act 1991 (Cwlth), ction 94 or 95; or	8 9 10
	pe	build be qualified for a disability support nsion but for section $94(1)(e)$ or $95(1)(c)$ that Act.	11 12 13
	minimu	<i>ulue reasons</i> , in relation to fixing rates of m wages for a particular kind of work, reasons that—	14 15 16
	., .	tify the amount employees should be paid doing the work; and	17 18
	(b) rel	ate to any of the following—	19
	(i)	the nature of the work;	20
	(ii) the level of skill or responsibility involved in doing the work;	21 22
	(ii	i) the conditions under which the work is done.	23 24

1

2

3

4

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Part 2 Coverage and operation of modern awards

140E Who a modern award *applies to*

(1)	A modern award <i>applies to</i> an employee,	5
	employer or organisation if the award is in	6
	operation and—	7
	(a) the award states that it applies to the	8
	employee, employer or organisation; or	9

- (b) the award applies to the employee, employer 10 or organisation under any of the following— 11
 - (i) a provision of this Act; 12
 - (ii) an order made by the commission 13 under this Act; 14
 - (iii) an order of a court.
- However, a modern award does not apply to an employee, employer or organisation if a provision of this Act provides that the award does not apply to the employee, employer or 19 organisation.

Note— 21

See, for example, section 824 which provides that a modern award does not apply to an employee who is under a pre-modernisation certified agreement. 24

(3) A reference in this Act to a modern award 25 applying to an employee is a reference to the award applying to the employee in relation to 27 particular employment.

140EA Significance of application of modern award

(1)

29 30

A modern award does not— 31

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	(a) impose obligations on a person; or	1
	(b) confer an entitlement on a person;	2
	unless the award applies to the person.	3
(2)	A person does not contravene a term of a modern award unless the award applies to the person.	4 5
140EB	When a modern award operates	6
(1)	A modern award starts operating on the day stated in the award as the day on which it comes into operation.	7 8 9
(2)	The stated day must not be earlier than the day the modern award is made.	10 11
(3)	A modern award does not take effect in relation to a particular employee until the start of the employee's first full pay period starting on or after the day the award comes into operation.	12 13 14 15
	Note—	16
	See, however, section 824 in relation to when a modern award takes effect in relation to a particular employee under a pre-modernisation certified agreement.	17 18 19
(4)	A modern award continues in effect until it is revoked.	20 21
	Relationship of modern award with rtified agreement	22 23
(1)	A modern award may apply to an employee in relation to particular employment at the same time as a certified agreement applies to the employee in relation to the employment.	24 25 26 27
(2)	If both a modern award and certified agreement apply to an employee in relation to particular employment, the certified agreement prevails to the extent of any inconsistency.	28 29 30 31

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	Relationship of modern award with ntract of service	1 2		
(1)	A modern award prevails over a relevant contract to the extent of any inconsistency.	3 4		
	Note—	5		
	However, for a relevant contract that is a high-income guarantee contract, see section 194(2).	6 7		
(2)	The contract must be interpreted, and takes effect, as if it were amended to the extent necessary to make the inconsistency consistent with the modern award.			
(3)	However, there is no inconsistency only because the contract provides for employment conditions more favourable to the employee than the modern award.			
(4)	In this section—	16		
	<i>relevant contract</i> means a contract of service that is—	17 18		
	(a) in force when the award comes into operation; or	19 20		
	(b) made while the award continues in operation.	21 22		

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Part 3	Making, varying and revoking modern awards	1 2 3
Divisio	on 1 Periodic reviews of modern awards	4 5
140F P	eriodic reviews of a modern award	6
(1)	The commission must review a modern award (a <i>periodic review</i>) as soon as practicable after each 4th anniversary of the making of the award.	7 8 9
(2)	The president or vice-president may give a direction about the conduct of a periodic review to the member constituting the commission for conducting the review.	10 11 12 13
(3)	An industrial commissioner must comply with a direction of the president or vice-president under subsection (2).	14 15 16
(4)	For the purposes of a periodic review, the commission may make any of the following—	17 18
	(a) a determination varying the modern award;	19
	(b) a modern award;	20
	(c) a determination revoking the modern award.	21
(5)	Subsection (4)(a) applies subject to section 140FA.	22 23
140FA waq	Requirement about variation of minimum ges	24 25
	a periodic review, the commission may make a	26
	ermination varying the rates of minimum wages in odern award only if the commission is satisfied the	27 28

variation is justified by work value reasons.

29

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

Divisi	on 2 Other exercise of powers to make, vary or revoke modern awards
	Powers may be exercised to achieve modern ards objectives
(1)	The commission may, other than for the purposes of a periodic review—
	(a) make a determination varying a modern award; or
	(b) make a modern award; or
	(c) make a determination revoking a modern award.
(2)	The commission may exercise a power under subsection (1) only if the commission is satisfied—
	 (a) that making the determination or modern award other than for the purposes of a periodic review is necessary to achieve the modern awards objectives; and
	(b) for a variation of the rates of minimum wages in a modern award—the variation is justified by work value reasons.
(3)	The commission may exercise a power under this section—
	(a) on its own initiative; or
	(b) on application under section 140GA.
140GA ma	Application to vary, revoke or make odern award under s 140G
(1)	This section provides for who may apply for the making of a determination varying or revoking a modern award, or for the making of a modern

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	award, under section 140G.
(2)	An application to vary, omit or include provisions, other than coverage provisions, in a modern award or an application to revoke a modern award may be made by—
	(a) an employer, employee or organisation to which the award applies; or
	(b) an organisation whose rules entitle it to represent the industrial interests of 1 or more employers or employees to whom the award applies.
(3)	An application to vary or include coverage provisions in a modern award to extend the coverage of the award to include additional employers, employees or organisations may be made by—
	(a) an employer, employee or organisation that the award would start applying to; or
	(b) an organisation whose rules entitle it to represent the industrial interests of 1 or more employers or employees whom the award would start applying to.
(4)	An application to vary or omit coverage provisions in a modern award so it stops applying to employers, employees or organisations may be made by—
	(a) an employer, employee or organisation the award would stop applying to; or
	(b) an organisation whose rules entitle it to represent the industrial interests of 1 or more employers or employees whom the award would stop applying to; or
(5)	An application for the making of a modern award may be made by—

	(a) an employee or employer to whom the award would apply; or	1 2
	(b) an organisation entitled to represent the industrial interests of 1 or more employers or employees to whom the award would apply.	3 4 5 6
(6)	Subject to subsections (1) to (5), an applicant may make applications for 2 or more related things at the same time.	7 8 9
	Example—	10
	An applicant may apply for the making of a new modern award and the related revocation of an existing modern award.	11 12 13
(7)	In this section—	14
	coverage provisions see section 71MC.	15
	Variation to update or omit name of ployer or organisation	16 17
(1)	The commission may make a determination varying a modern award—	18 19
	(a) to reflect a change in the name of an employer or organisation; or	20 21
	(b) to omit the name of an employer or organisation from the award, if—	22 23
	(i) the employer or organisation has ceased to exist; or	24 25
	(ii) the organisation has been deregistered under chapter 12, part 16; or	26 27
	 (c) to reflect a transfer of a calling from an employer named in the award (the <i>old employer</i>) to another employer (the <i>new employer</i>). 	28 29 30 31
(2)	The commission may make a determination under this section—	32 33

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	(a)	on i	ts own initiative; or	1
	(b)		ubsection (1)(a) or (b)(ii) applies—on lication by the employer or organisation;	2 3 4
	(c)	if su by–	ubsection (1)(c) applies—on application	5 6
		(i)	the old employer or the new employer; or	7 8
		(ii)	a transferring employee to whom the award applied as an employee of the old employer; or	9 10 11
		(iii)	an organisation entitled under its rules to represent the industrial interests of a person mentioned in subparagraph (i) or (ii).	12 13 14 15
			n to remove ambiguity or or to correct error	16 17
(1)			nmission may make a determination a modern award to—	18 19
	(a)	rem	ove an ambiguity or uncertainty; or	20
	(b)	corr	ect an error.	21
(2)			nmission may make a determination s section—	22 23
	(a)	on i	ts own initiative; or	24
	(b)	on a	pplication by—	25
		(i)	an employer, employee or organisation to which the modern award applies; or	26 27
		(ii)	an organisation entitled under its rules to represent the industrial interests of 1 or more employers or employees mentioned in subparagraph (i).	28 29 30 31

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	Variation on referral by Anti-Discrimination	1 2
(1)	The Anti-Discrimination Commission may apply to the commission for a review of a modern award on the grounds that it is discriminatory.	3 4 5
(2)	If an application is made under subsection (1), the commission must—	6 7
	(a) review the modern award; and	8
	(b) if it considers the award requires a person to do an act that would be unlawful under the <i>Anti-Discrimination Act 1991</i> had the act not been done under the award—make a determination varying the award so it no longer requires the person to do the unlawful act.	9 10 11 12 13 14 15
Divisi	on 3 General provisions about exercise of commission's powers	16 17 18
	Requirements about revoking a modern	19 20
aw The rev sati	•	-
aw The rev sati ope	e commission must not make a determination voking a modern award unless the commission is isfied the award is obsolete or no longer capable of	20 21 22 23
aw The rev sati ope	e commission must not make a determination voking a modern award unless the commission is isfied the award is obsolete or no longer capable of erating. When variation determination comes into	20 21 22 23 24 25

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(3)	The stated day must not be earlier than the day on which the determination is made, unless—	1 2	
	(a) the determination is made under section 140GC; and	3 4	
	 (b) the commission is satisfied exceptional circumstances justify stating an earlier day; and 	5 6 7	
	(c) the determination does not adversely affect an employee.	8 9	
(4)	The determination does not take effect in relation to a particular employee until the start of the employee's first full pay period that starts on or after the day the determination comes into operation.	10 11 12 13 14	
140HB	Retrospective variation of modern awards	15	
(1)	This section applies if a determination varying a modern award operates retrospectively under section 140HA.	16 17 18	
(2)	If, before the determination was made, a certified agreement or a variation of a certified agreement was approved by the commission, the validity of the approval is not affected by the retrospective operation of the determination.		
(3)	Subsection (4) applies if—	24	
	(a) a person engaged in conduct before the determination was made; and	25 26	
	(b) but for the retrospective operation of the determination, the conduct would not have contravened a term of the modern award or a certified agreement.	27 28 29 30	
(4)	The person is taken not to have committed an offence only because the conduct contravened a term of the modern award or certified agreement.	31 32 33	

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Part 4	Technical matters	1
1401 De	finition for pt 4	2
In th	is part—	3
	relevant instrument means—	4
	(a) a modern award; or	5
	(b) a determination varying or revoking a modern award.	6 7
	ormal requirements of relevant ruments	8 9
(1)	A relevant instrument must—	10
	(a) be in writing; and	11
	(b) be signed by the member of the commission making the instrument; and	12 13
	(c) state the day on which it is signed.	14
(2)	Also, a modern award must—	15
	(a) have a unique title; and	16
	(b) have a table of contents; and	17
	(c) be expressed in plain English and be easy to understand in structure and content.	18 19
140IB P	ublication of relevant instruments	20
(1)	This section applies if the commission makes a relevant instrument.	21 22
(2)	As soon as practicable after making the relevant instrument, the commission must give the registrar—	23 24 25
	(a) a copy of the instrument; and	26
	(b) written reasons for the instrument.	27

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(3)	As soon as practicable after the registrar receives a copy of the relevant instrument under subsection (2), the registrar must—	1 2 3						
	(a) give the parties to whom the relevant modern award applies, or will or did apply, notice of the making of the instrument; and	4 5 6						
	(b) ensure a copy of the instrument and the written reasons for the instrument are published on the QIRC website.	7 8 9						
(4)	The registrar must give the notice under subsection $(3)(a)$ —	10 11						
	(a) in the way prescribed under a regulation; or	12						
	(b) if there is no prescribed way—in the way the registrar considers appropriate.	13 14						
140IC	Publication of varied awards	15						
(1)	This section applies if the commission makes a determination under this part or section 287 varying a modern award.							
(2)	The registrar must, as soon as practicable after the determination is made, publish the award as	19 20						
	varied on the QIRC website.	20 21						
140ID	· •							
140ID (1)	varied on the QIRC website.	21						
	varied on the QIRC website. Interpretation of relevant instrument A term used in a relevant instrument has the same	21 22 23						
	varied on the QIRC website. Interpretation of relevant instrument A term used in a relevant instrument has the same meaning as it has—	21 22 23 24						
	Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013							
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		Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations [s 18]						
Clause	18	Replacement of ch 6, div 1, hdg	1					
		Chapter 6, division 1, heading—	2					
		omit, insert—	3					
		Division 1A Preliminary	4					
		140J Application of ch 6	5					
		This chapter applies to—	6					
		(a) employees who are covered by a modern award; and	7 8					
		(b) employers of employees covered by a modern award.	9 10					
		140K Definitions for ch 6	11					
		In this chapter—	12					
		<i>arbitration period</i> , for a matter, means the arbitration period for the matter under section 149A.	13 14 15					
		<i>conciliating member</i> , for a matter, see section $149(2)$.	16 17					
		<i>conciliation report</i> , for a matter, see section 149(2).	18 19					
		<i>conciliation period</i> , for a matter, see section $148(2)$.	20 21					
		<i>multi-employer agreement</i> means a certified agreement made with a multi-employer.	22 23					
		<i>negotiating party</i> see section 148(1).	24					
		<i>peace obligation period</i> see section 147(2).	25					
		<i>relevant employee organisation</i> , for a certified agreement or a proposed certified agreement, means an employee organisation that—	26 27 28					
		(a) is bound by an award or industrial agreement that binds an employer under the	29 30					

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			certified agreement or proposed certified agreement, or would bind the employer apart from an award under the Commonwealth Act; or	1 2 3 4
		(b)	if there is no award or agreement that binds, or would bind, an employer under the certified agreement or proposed certified agreement—is entitled to represent the industrial interests of employees of the employer.	5 6 7 8 9 10
Clause	19	Amendment of s 14	41 (Certified agreements)	11
		(1) Section 141, head	ding—	12
		omit, insert—		13
		141 Meaning	g of certified agreement	14
		(2) Section $141(1)$ —		15
		omit, insert—		16
		(1) A <i>ce</i>	ertified agreement is a written agreement—	17
		(a)	between an employer and a group of employees of the employer (whether all employees or a category of employees) who are covered by a modern award; and	18 19 20 21
		(b)	that has been certified under section 156.	22
Clause	20	Replacement of s 1 agreements)	42 (Who may make certified	23 24
		Section 142—		25
		omit, insert—		26
		142 Who ma	y make certified agreements	27
		(1) A ce	ertified agreement may be made between—	28
		(a)	on the one hand, the employer; and	29
		(b)	on the other hand—	30

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		(2)	However	1 or more employee organisations that represent, or are entitled to represent, any employees to whom this chapter applies and who are, or are eligible to be, members of the organisation; or the employees, at the time the agreement is made, to whom this chapter applies. , subsection (1) does not apply if the es are high-income senior employees etion 189.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
					11
Clause	21		-	liv 1 and sdiv 1, hdgs	12
		After section 14	-2		13
		insert—			14
		Divisio	on 1	Making agreements	15
		Subdiv	vision 1	Negotiation	16
Clause	22	Amendment o when agreem		Proposed parties to be advised posed)	17 18
		(1) Section 143	3(2), 'advis	e the following persons, in writing,'—	19
		omit, insert	ţ		20
		-	e each of t <i>ice of inter</i>	he following persons a written notice (a <i>ntion</i>)	21 22
		(2) Section 143	3(3)—		23
		omit, insert	ţ		24
		(3)		oser must give the notice of intention at ays before the negotiations are proposed	25 26 27
		(3A)	between	is an existing certified agreement the parties, the proposer must not, nything to the contrary in the agreement,	28 29 30

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Clause

	give the notice of intention more than 60 days before the nominal expiry date.
(3)	Section 143(4), 'advice under subsection (2)'—
	omit, insert—
	a notice of intention
(4)	Section 143(5), 'advice under subsection (2)'—
	omit, insert—
	a notice of intention
(5)	Section 143(5), after 'proposer'—
	insert—
	and the commission
(6)	Section 143(8)—
	omit.
	nendment of s 144 (What is to be done when an reement is proposed)
	endment of s 144 (What is to be done when an reement is proposed) Section 144(2)(a)—
agı	reement is proposed)
agı	Section 144(2)(a)— <i>omit, insert</i> — (a) each relevant employee has, or has ready access to, the proposed written agreement of a copy of it during the period starting 7 days before the day the relevant employees are
agı	 Section 144(2)(a)— <i>omit, insert</i>— (a) each relevant employee has, or has ready access to, the proposed written agreement of a copy of it during the period starting 7 days before the day the relevant employees are asked to approve the proposed agreement
agı (1)	Section 144(2)(a)— <i>omit, insert</i> — (a) each relevant employee has, or has ready access to, the proposed written agreement on a copy of it during the period starting 7 days before the day the relevant employees are asked to approve the proposed agreement and
agı (1)	 Section 144(2)(a)— <i>omit, insert</i>— (a) each relevant employee has, or has ready access to, the proposed written agreement of a copy of it during the period starting 7 days before the day the relevant employees are asked to approve the proposed agreement and Section 144(2)(c), after 'relevant employee organisation'—
agı (1)	Section 144(2)(a)— <i>omit, insert</i> — (a) each relevant employee has, or has ready access to, the proposed written agreement of a copy of it during the period starting 7 days before the day the relevant employees are asked to approve the proposed agreement; and Section 144(2)(c), after 'relevant employee organisation'— <i>insert</i> —
agu (1) (2)	Section 144(2)(a)— omit, insert— (a) each relevant employee has, or has ready access to, the proposed written agreement of a copy of it during the period starting 7 days before the day the relevant employees are asked to approve the proposed agreement and Section 144(2)(c), after 'relevant employee organisation'— insert— of which he or she is a member

[s24](4) Section 144(5)—1omit.2Clause 24 Amendment of s 147A (Employer may ask employees to approve proposed agreement being negotiated with employee organisation)(1) Section 147A(5)(b)(ii), note—6omit, insert—7Note—8See section 142(1)(b) and (2).9(2) Section 147A(6)—10omit, insert—11(6) For section 156, if, in negotiating a proposed agreement—12(a) a step was taken by the employer, or an employee organisation mentioned in subsection (1), to comply with a in subsection (1), to comply with a in subsection (1), to comply with a is tapplicable, complied with the requirement as it applicable, complied with the requirement is tapplicable, complied with the requirement as it applicable, complied with the requirement is tapplicable, complied with the employer.23Example—24For paragraph (a), the step taken was that the employer, or employee organisation, as as it applies to the agreement made between the employer and the employees.23Example—24For section 143(2).27For section 143(2).For section 143(2) is taken to have been complied with for the agreement made between the compled with for the agreement made between the employee and the employees.30(3) Section 147A(7), 'a relevant employee organisation"—31omit, insert—32		Indust	rial Rela	ations (Fair Wo	rk Act F	larmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations	
onit. 2 Clause 24 Amendment of s 147A (Employer may ask employees to approve proposed agreement being negotiated with employee organisation) 3 (1) Section 147A(5)(b)(ii), note— 6 omit, insert— 7 Note— 8 See section 142(1)(b) and (2). 9 (2) Section 147A(6)— 10 omit, insert— 11 (6) For section 156, if, in negotiating a proposed agreement— 13 (a) a step was taken by the employer, or an employee organisation mentioned in subsection (1), to comply with a for requirement under this Act; and 17 (b) the employer or employee organisation, as applicable, complied with the requirement as it applies to the agreement made between the employer and the employees. 21 <i>Example—</i> 24 For paragraph (a), the step taken was that the employer, or employee organisation, gave a notice of intention under section 143(2). 27 For section 143(2). For section 143(2) is taken to have been complied with for the agreement made between the employer and the employees. 26 (3) Section 147A(7), 'a relevant employee organisation'— 31						[s 24]	
Clause 24 Amendment of s 147A (Employer may ask employees to approve proposed agreement being negotiated with employee organisation) 3 (1) Section 147A(5)(b)(ii), note— 6 omit, insert— 7 Note— 8 See section 142(1)(b) and (2). 9 (2) Section 147A(6)— 10 omit, insert— 11 (6) For section 156, if, in negotiating a proposed agreement— 13 (a) a step was taken by the employer, or an employee organisation mentioned in 15 subsection (1), to comply with a 16 requirement under this Act; and 17 (b) the employer or employee organisation, as applicable, complied with the requirement 19 as it applies to the agreement made between the employer and the employer. 21 <i>Example—</i> 24 For paragraph (a), the step taken was that the employer. or employee organisation, gave a notice of intention under section 143(2). 27 For section 143(2). For section 143(2) is taken to have been complied with for the agreement made between the employer and the employees. 26 (3) Section 147A(7), 'a relevant employee organisation'— 31			(4)	Section 14	4(5)—	-	1
approve proposed agreement being negotiated with employee organisation) 4 (1) Section 147A(5)(b)(ii), note— 6 omit, insert— 7 Note— 8 See section 142(1)(b) and (2). 9 (2) Section 147A(6)— 10 omit, insert— 11 (6) For section 156, if, in negotiating a proposed agreement— 13 (a) a step was taken by the employer, or an employee organisation mentioned in subsection (1), to comply with a requirement under this Act; and 17 (b) the employer or employee organisation, as applicable, complied with the requirement as it applied to the proposed agreement; 20 the requirement is taken to have been complied with as it applies to the agreement made between the employer and the employees. 23 Example— 24 For paragraph (a), the step taken was that the employer, or employee organisation, gave a notice of intention under section 143(2). 25 For section 143(2). 27 For section 143(2). 27 For section 143(2). 28 complied with for the agreement made between the employer and the employee. 28 (3) Section 147A(7), 'a relevant employee organisation'— 31				omit.			2
omit, insert—7Note—8See section 142(1)(b) and (2).9(2) Section 147A(6)—10omit, insert—11(6) For section 156, if, in negotiating a proposed agreement—13(a) a step was taken by the employer, or an employee organisation mentioned in subsection (1), to comply with a 16 requirement under this Act; and17(b) the employer or employee organisation, as applicable, complied with the requirement as it applied to the proposed agreement;20the requirement is taken to have been complied with as it applies to the agreement made between the employer and the employees.23Example—24For paragraph (a), the step taken was that the employer, or employee organisation, gave a notice of intention under section 143(2).25For section 156, section 143(2) is taken to have been complied with for the agreement made between the employer and the employees.28(3) Section 147A(7), 'a relevant employee organisation'—31	Clause	24	ap	prove prop	osed	agreement being negotiated with	4
Note—8 See section 142(1)(b) and (2).9(2) Section 147A(6)—10 omit, insert—11(6) For section 156, if, in negotiating a proposed agreement—12 agreement—(a) a step was taken by the employer, or an employee organisation mentioned in subsection (1), to comply with a requirement under this Act; and17(b) the employer or employee organisation, as applicable, complied with the requirement as it applied to the proposed agreement;18 20 20the requirement is taken to have been complied with as it applies to the agreement made between the employer and the employees.23 23 23 24 25 26For paragraph (a), the step taken was that the employer, or employee organisation, gave a notice of intention 26 27 27 27 28 2928 29 29 20(3) Section 147A(7), 'a relevant employee organisation'—31			(1)	Section 14	7A(5)	(b)(ii), note—	6
See section 142(1)(b) and (2). 9 (2) Section 147A(6)— 10 omit, insert— 11 (6) For section 156, if, in negotiating a proposed agreement— 13 (a) a step was taken by the employer, or an employee organisation mentioned in 15 subsection (1), to comply with a 16 requirement under this Act; and 17 (b) the employer or employee organisation, as applicable, complied with the requirement as it applied to the proposed agreement; 20 the requirement is taken to have been complied with as it applies to the agreement made between the employer or employee organisation, gave a notice of intention under section 143(2). 23 Example— 24 For paragraph (a), the step taken to have been complied with for the agreement made between the employer and the employees. 23 (3) Section 147A(7), 'a relevant employee organisation'— 31				omit, inser	<i>t</i> —		7
 (2) Section 147A(6)— <i>omit, insert</i>— (6) For section 156, if, in negotiating a proposed agreement— (a) a step was taken by the employer, or an employee organisation mentioned in subsection (1), to comply with a 16 requirement under this Act; and (b) the employer or employee organisation, as applicable, complied with the requirement as it applied to the proposed agreement; (c) the requirement is taken to have been complied with as it applies to the agreement made between the employer and the employees. <i>Example</i>— For paragraph (a), the step taken was that the employer, or employee organisation, agree a notice of intention under section 143(2). (f) Section 147A(7), 'a relevant employee organisation'— (g) Section 147A(7), 'a relevant employee organisation'— 						Note—	8
omit, insert—11(6)For section 156, if, in negotiating a proposed agreement—13(a) a step was taken by the employer, or an employee organisation mentioned in subsection (1), to comply with a requirement under this Act; and14(b)the employer or employee organisation, as applicable, complied with the requirement as it applied to the proposed agreement; as it applies to the agreement made between the employer and the employees.21Example—24For paragraph (a), the step taken was that the employer, or employee organisation, gave a notice of intention under section 143(2).25For section 156, section 143(2) is taken to have been complied with for the agreement made between the employer and the employees.28(3)Section 147A(7), 'a relevant employee organisation'—31						See section 142(1)(b) and (2).	9
 (6) For section 156, if, in negotiating a proposed agreement— (a) a step was taken by the employer, or an employee organisation mentioned in 15 subsection (1), to comply with a 16 requirement under this Act; and (b) the employer or employee organisation, as applicable, complied with the requirement 19 as it applied to the proposed agreement; (b) the requirement is taken to have been complied 21 with as it applies to the agreement made between 22 the employer and the employees. <i>Example—</i> For paragraph (a), the step taken was that the employer, or employee organisation, gave a notice of intention under section 143(2). (b) For section 156, section 143(2) is taken to have been complied with for the agreement made between the employer and the employees. (3) Section 147A(7), 'a relevant employee organisation'— 			(2)	Section 14	7A(6)		10
agreement—13(a) a step was taken by the employer, or an employee organisation mentioned in subsection (1), to comply with a requirement under this Act; and14 is a requirement under this Act; and(b) the employer or employee organisation, as applicable, complied with the requirement as it applied to the proposed agreement;18 20(b) the requirement is taken to have been complied with as it applies to the agreement made between the employer and the employees.21 23 <i>Example</i> —24 For paragraph (a), the step taken was that the employer, or employee organisation, gave a notice of intention under section 143(2).25 27 27 27 27 27 27 20(3) Section 147A(7), 'a relevant employee organisation'—31				omit, inser	<i>t</i> —		11
employeeorganisationmentionedin15subsection(1), tocomplywith a16requirement under this Act; and17(b)the employer or employee organisation, as applicable, complied with the requirement19as it applied to the proposed agreement;20the requirement is taken to have been complied with as it applies to the agreement made between the employer and the employees.21Example—24For paragraph (a), the step taken was that the employer, or employee organisation, gave a notice of intention under section 143(2).27For section 156, section 143(2) is taken to have been complied with for the agreement made between the employer and the employees.28(3)Section 147A(7), 'a relevant employee organisation'—31				(6)			
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with as it applies to the agreement made between the employer and the employees.22 23Example—24For paragraph (a), the step taken was that the employer, or employee organisation, gave a notice of intention 					(b)	applicable, complied with the requirement	19
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or employee organisation, gave a notice of intention under section 143(2). 27 For section 156, section 143(2) is taken to have been complied with for the agreement made between the employer and the employees. 30 (3) Section 147A(7), 'a relevant employee organisation'— 31					Exan	nple—	24
complied with for the agreement made between the employer and the employees.29 30(3) Section 147A(7), 'a relevant employee organisation'—31					01	r employee organisation, gave a notice of intention	26
					СС	omplied with for the agreement made between the	29
omit, insert— 32			(3)	Section 14	7A(7)	, 'a relevant employee organisation'—	31
				omit, inser	t—		32

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 25]	
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			an employee organisation mentioned in subsection (1)
		(4)	Section 147A(8), 'commission has jurisdiction to arbitrate the matter under section 149'—
			omit, insert—
			full bench, or the commission, has jurisdiction to arbitrate the matter under subdivision 3
		(5)	Section 147A(10)—
			omit.
Clause	25	Ins	ertion of new ch 6, div 1, sdiv 2, hdg
		Aft	er section 147A—
		inse	ert—
			Subdivision 2 Conciliation
Clause	26		placement of s 148 (Assistance in negotiating by nciliation)
		Sec	tion 148—
		om	it, insert—
			148 Commission to help negotiating parties
			 After the peace obligation period for negotiations for a proposed certified agreement has ended, the commission must help the parties to the negotiations (each, a <i>negotiating party</i>) to make a certified agreement if—
			(a) all of the negotiating parties jointly ask the commission to help them negotiate the agreement; or
			 (b) 1 negotiating party declares a breakdown in the negotiations and the commission considers further negotiations are unlikely to result in making a certified agreement within a reasonable time; or

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 26]

	(c)	help com part thre	egotiating party asks the commission for negotiating the matter and the mission considers that a negotiating y is organising or engaging in, or atening to organise or engage in, vant industrial action.	1 2 3 4 5 6
(2)	agre	miss	gotiating parties must, with the ion's help, try to make a certified at during the period (the <i>conciliation</i>	7 8 9 10
	(a)	start	ing on the day—	11
		(i)	if subsection (1)(a) applies—the commission is asked to help; or	12 13
		(ii)	if subsection (1)(b) applies—the commission notifies the parties that it considers further negotiations are unlikely to result in making a certified agreement within a reasonable time; or	14 15 16 17 18
		(iii)	if subsection (1)(c) applies—the commission notifies the parties that it considers that 1 of them is engaging, or threatening to engage, in relevant industrial action; and	19 20 21 22 23
	(b)	endi	ng on—	24
		(i)	the day that is 14 days after the day mentioned in paragraph (a) for the matter; or	25 26 27
		(ii)	if all the negotiating parties agree to end the conciliation period on a later day—the later day.	28 29 30
(3)	In th	nis se	ction—	31
	rele	vant	industrial action—	32
	(a)	mea	ns industrial action—	33
		(i)	that has been protracted; or	34

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

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	(ii)	that has caused, is causing or threatens to cause significant damage to any of the following—	1 2 3
		(A) the economy or a part of it;	4
		(B) the local community or a part of it;	5 6
		(C) a single enterprise;	7
		(D) the employees; or	8
	(iii)	that has endangered, is endangering or threatens to endanger the personal health, safety or welfare of the community or a part of it; or	9 10 11 12
	(iv)	that affects, or threatens to affect, directly or indirectly, access to, or delivery of, services to the community or a part of it; or	13 14 15 16
	(v)	the cumulative effect of which has affected, or threatens to affect, directly or indirectly, access to, or delivery of, services to the community or a part of it; but	17 18 19 20 21
(b)	prot	s not include the making, by a otiating party, of an application for a sected action ballot order under schedule art 2, section 3.	22 23 24 25
sing	le en	terprise means—	26
(a)		usiness project or undertaking carried on an employer; or	27 28
(b)		activities carried on by any of the owing—	29 30
	(i)	the Commonwealth or a State;	31
	(ii)	a body, association, office or other entity established for a public purpose	32 33

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 26]

	[3 20]	
	by, or under, a law of the Commonwealth or a State;	1 2
	(iii) another entity in which the Commonwealth or a State has a controlling interest.	3 4 5
148A Co	ommission's conciliation powers	6
(1)	In helping negotiating parties make a certified agreement under this subdivision, the commission has the conciliation powers it would have under section 230 if that section applied to certified agreement negotiations instead of industrial disputes.	7 8 9 10 11 12
(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the commission may make an order—	13 14
	(a) to promote the efficient conduct of negotiations; or	15 16
	(b) to ensure the parties negotiate in good faith; or	17 18
	 (c) if 2 or more employee organisations are involved in the negotiations—that, for conciliating the matter, the organisations be represented by an authorised person; or 	19 20 21 22
	(d) that otherwise helps the parties to negotiate a certified agreement.	23 24
(3)	In deciding what orders to make, the commission must consider the conduct of each of the negotiating parties.	25 26 27
(4)	In this section—	28
	<i>authorised person</i> , for 2 or more employee organisations, means a person or a group of persons authorised by the organisations to represent them, whether generally or for particular negotiations.	29 30 31 32 33

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 27]

		148B Co	ommi	ission can not order wage increase	1
		parti subc	ies n	nmission can not, in helping negotiating egotiate a certified agreement under this on, order an increase in wages payable to the es.	2 3 4 5
Clause	27	Insertion of ne	w ch	n 6, div 1, sdiv 3, hdg	6
		After new section	n 148	B—	7
		insert—			8
		Subdiv	isio	n 3 Arbitration	9
Clause	28	Replacement o unsuccessful)		49 (Arbitration if conciliation	10 11
		Section 149—			12
		omit, insert—			13
		149 Arb	itrati	on if conciliation unsuccessful	14
		(1)	This	section applies if—	15
			(a)	the commission has helped negotiating parties to try to negotiate a certified agreement; and	16 17 18
			(b)	when the conciliation period for the matter ends, there remain matters at issue between the negotiating parties.	19 20 21
		(2)	who must	commissioner (the <i>conciliating member</i>) conciliated the matter under subdivision 2 t prepare a written report (the <i>conciliation</i> <i>rt</i>) identifying—	22 23 24 25
			(a)	the aspects of the matter, if any, on which the negotiating parties agree; and	26 27
			(b)	the aspects of the matter (the <i>issues</i>) that remain at issue between the negotiating parties; and	28 29 30

	 (c) any issue the conciliating member considers relates, or may relate, to non-allowable content under chapter 2A, part 3, division 4, subdivisions 1 and 3. 	1 2 3 4
(3)	The conciliating member must give the conciliation report to the vice-president on the day that is 14 days after the conciliation period for the matter ends.	5 6 7 8
(4)	The matter must be determined by arbitration within the arbitration period for the matter.	9 10
(5)	However, subsection (4) does not apply if the parties reach agreement on the terms of a proposed certified agreement before the commission makes an arbitration determination for the matter.	11 12 13 14 15
149A A	rbitration period	16
(1)	Unless the vice-president otherwise directs, the arbitration period for a matter is the period of 90 days after the day the vice-president receives the conciliation report.	17 18 19 20
(2)	The vice-president may direct that the arbitration period for a matter be a stated period of more than 90 days only if the vice-president considers that the arbitration can not reasonably be determined within 90 days.	21 22 23 24 25
(3)	In deciding whether a matter can not reasonably be determined by arbitration within 90 days, the vice-president must consider all of the circumstances, including the number, scope and complexity of the issues identified in the conciliation report.	26 27 28 29 30 31
(4)	An arbitration period mentioned in subsection (2)—	32 33

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	(a) starts on the day after the vice-president receives the conciliation report for the matter; and	1 2 3
	(b) ends on the day stated in the vice-president's direction; and	4 5
	(c) must not be longer than is reasonably necessary.	6 7
(5)	The vice-president may make a direction for a matter under subsection (2) at any time—	8 9
	(a) after the vice-president receives the conciliation report; and	10 11
	(b) before the full bench makes its arbitration determination.	12 13
art	ull bench to determine matters by bitration unless vice-president directs nerwise	14 15 16
(1)	The full bench is to determine matters by arbitration under this subdivision.	17 18
(2)	However, the vice-president may direct that a matter be determined by arbitration by the commission constituted by a commissioner sitting alone.	19 20 21 22
(3)	The vice-president may make a direction under subsection (2) only if, having considered all of the circumstances including the number, scope and complexity of the issues identified in the conciliation report, the vice-president considers it would not be appropriate to have the matter determined by arbitration by the full bench.	23 24 25 26 27 28 29
(4)	If the vice-president makes a direction under subsection (2)—	30 31
	(a) the president must choose a commissioner other than the conciliating member for the	32 33

		matter to constitute the commission for the arbitration; and	1 2
	(b)	sections 149A(5)(b) and 149C to 149E apply as if a reference in those sections to the full bench were a reference to the commission constituted by a commissioner sitting alone.	3 4 5 6 7
149C A	rbitra	tion powers of full bench	8
(1)		determining a matter by arbitration under this livision, the full bench—	9 10
	(a)	has the arbitration powers it would have under section 230 if that section applied to certified agreement negotiations instead of industrial disputes; and	11 12 13 14
	(b)	may give directions or make orders of an interlocutory nature; and	15 16
	(c)	can not order an increase in wages payable to employees before the full bench makes its arbitration determination for the matter.	17 18 19
(2)	An a	arbitration determination by the full bench—	20
	(a)	must include the provisions required to be included in a certified agreement under chapter 2A, part 3, division 2; and	21 22 23
	(b)	can not include a provision that can not be included in a certified agreement under chapter 2A, part 3, division 4.	24 25 26
149D Is	sues	full bench must consider	27
(1)		etermining a matter by arbitration under this livision, the full bench—	28 29
	(a)	must limit its consideration to the issues identified in the conciliation report for the matter; and	30 31 32

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	(b)	in considering the issues, must consider at least the following—	1 2				
		(i) the merits of the case;	3				
		 (ii) the likely effect of the proposed arbitration determination, and any matters agreed between the negotiating parties before the arbitration, on employees and employers who will be bound by the proposed arbitration determination; 	4 5 6 7 8 9 10				
		(iii) the extent to which the negotiating parties have negotiated in good faith;	11 12				
		(iv) the public interest.	13				
(2)	In considering the public interest under subsection (1)(b)(iv), the full bench must consider—						
	(a)	the objects of this Act; and	17				
	(b)	the likely effect of the proposed arbitration determination on the economy and the community or a part of the economy or community; and					
	(c)	the employer's efforts to improve productivity in the enterprise or industry concerned; and					
	(d)	the flexibility of work practices to meet the operational requirements of the enterprise or industry concerned; and					
	(e)	the employer's ability to enter into high income guarantee contracts with individual employees; and	28 29 30				
	(f)	for a matter involving a public sector entity—	31 32				
		(i) the State's financial position and fiscal strategy; and	33 34				

		(ii) the financial position of the public sector entity; and	1 2
		(iii) the likely effect of the proposed arbitration determination on the matters mentioned in subparagraphs (i) and (ii); and	3 4 5 6
	(g)	for a matter other than a matter involving a public sector entity—the employer's financial position and the likely effect of the proposed arbitration determination on it.	7 8 9 10
(3)	In th	nis section—	11
	high 188.	<i>a-income guarantee contract</i> see section	12 13
	publ	lic sector entity—	14
	(a)	includes an entity, or a part of an entity, that is—	15 16
		(i) a department; or	17
		(ii) a public service office; or	18
		 (iii) an agency, authority, commission, corporation, instrumentality, office, or other entity, established under an Act or under State authorisation for a public or State purpose; but 	19 20 21 22 23
	(b)	does not include—	24
		(i) a local government; or	25
		 (ii) a local government owned corporation, or a subsidiary of a local government owned corporation, under the <i>Local</i> <i>Government Act 2009</i>; or 	26 27 28 29
		(iii) a parents and citizens association formed under the <i>Education (General</i> <i>Provisions) Act 2006.</i>	30 31 32

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 29]

Clause 29

	149E Fi	ull bench must publish reasons	1
	(1)	The full bench must publish its reasons when it makes an arbitration determination for a matter under this subdivision.	2 3 4
	(2)	The published reasons must address each of the things mentioned in section 149D(1) and (2) and, for each thing, must—	5 6 7
		(a) set out the full bench's findings on material questions of fact; and	8 9
		(b) refer to the evidence or other material on which those findings were based.	10 11
Am	endment o	of s 150 (Determinations made under s 149)	12
(1)	Section 150), heading—	13
	omit, insert	<u>, </u>	14
	150 Art	pitration determinations	15
(2)	Section 150)(1)—	16
	omit, insert	<u>;</u>	17
	(1)	An arbitration determination made under this subdivision must specify a date, no later than 4 years after the date on which the determination is made, as its nominal expiry date.	18 19 20 21
(3)	Section 150	D(2), 'The determination'—	22
	omit, insert	·	23
		oject to subsection (2A), the arbitration ermination	24 25
(4)	Section 150)	26
	insert—		27
	(2A)	A wage increase, other entitlement or benefit under the arbitration determination can not—	28 29

Industr	rial Rela	ations (Fair Work Act F		Sation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013	
			Pa	art 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations [s 30]	
		(a)		effect on a day earlier than the day the ation period for the matter started; or	1 2
		(b)		to a period before the day the ation period for the matter started.	3 4
	(5)	Section 150(3)(a	ı) and (b)(ii), (4), (5) and (6), 'commission'—	5
		omit, insert—			6
		full benc	h		7
	(6)	Section 150(7), '	'comm	ission's'—	8
		omit, insert—			9
		full benc	h's		10
		ert section 150— ert— Subdivisic	on 4	Industrial action during conciliation and arbitration periods	12 13 14 15 16
				d industrial action during nd arbitration periods	17 18
		under sec	ction 1	on is not protected industrial action 74 if it is organised, or engaged in, by a negotiating party for a matter—	19 20 21
		(a)	durin and	g the conciliation period for the matter;	22 23
		(b)	under the c	e matter is determined by arbitration subdivision 3—between the end of onciliation period and the end of the ation period for the matter.	24 25 26 27

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 31]

		Subdivision 5 Other matters	1
Clause	31	Replacement of s 155 (Right of employee organisation to be heard)	2 3
		Section 155—	4
		omit, insert—	5
		155 Entities that may be heard on application	6
		 An employee organisation that will be a party to an agreement if it is certified is entitled be heard on an application for the certification of the agreement. 	7 8 9 10
		 (2) As soon as practicable after the application is made, the commission must notify each employee organisation mentioned in subsection (1) that the application has been made and that the organisation is entitled to be heard on it. 	11 12 13 14 15
		(3) An employee organisation that will not be party to the agreement if it is certified may be heard on the application only by leave of the commission.	16 17 18
		(4) The commission may give leave to an employee organisation mentioned in subsection (3) only if the commission is satisfied there is a reasonable possibility that, if leave is not given, it will not be informed of an issue relevant to its decision to certify, or not to certify, the agreement.	19 20 21 22 23 24
		(5) This section does not affect another right of an employee organisation, or anyone else, to be heard on, or to intervene in, an application.	25 26 27
Clause	32	Amendment of s 156 (Certifying an agreement)	28
	52	 (1) Section 156(1)(d)— 	28 29
		omit, insert—	29 30

	Industria	al Rela	tions (Fair Wor	k Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations	
				[s 33]	
				(d) the agreement complies with chapter 2A, part 3, division 2, subdivisions 1 and 3; and	1 2
		(2)	Section 156	5(1)(e) and (f)—	3
			omit.		4
		(3)	Section 156	6(1)(j), all words after 'a new business—'—	5
			omit, insert	<u>. </u>	6
				h relevant employee organisation is a party to the eement; and	7 8
		(4)	Section 156	6(1)(l) and (m)—	9
			omit.		10
		(5)	Section 156	6(1)(g) to (k)—	11
			<i>renumber</i> a	s section 156(1)(e) to (i).	12
		(6)	Section 156)—	13
			insert—		14
			(1AA)	Subject to section 158, the commission must also refuse to certify an agreement if it is satisfied that the agreement includes non-allowable content under chapter 2A, part 3, division 4, subdivisions 1 and 3.	15 16 17 18 19
		(7)		66(2), from 'Subsection (1)(j)' to 'organisation in subsection (1)(j)'—	20 21
			omit, insert	·	22
				section (1)(h) does not apply if the commission is sfied a relevant employee organisation	23 24
		(8)	Section 156	5(3)—	25
			omit.		26
Clause	33		endment o tify an agre	f s 157 (When commission to refuse to eement)	27 28
		Sec	tion 157(1)(a	a)(i) and (5), 'chapter 2, part 5'—	29

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 34]

		omit, insert—		1
		cha	apter 2A, part 4	2
Clause 34	34	commission	of s 158 (Other options open to the instead of refusing to certify agreement)	3 4
		Section 158—		5
		insert— (4)	If after doing the things required or allowed by subsection (1), the commission is still required to refuse to certify the agreement only under section 156(1AA), the commission may—	6 7 8 9 10
			(a) conciliate the issue with a view to helping the persons concerned to take the action necessary to enable the commission to certify the agreement; or	11 12 13 14
			(b) certify the agreement subject to an order identifying the non-allowable provisions it includes.	15 16 17
		(5)	To remove any doubt, if the commission certifies an agreement under subsection $(4)(b)$ —	18 19
			(a) the non-allowable provisions stated in the commission's order have no effect; but	20 21
			(b) each other term of the agreement starts operating when the agreement is certified.	22 23
		(6)	In this section—	24
			<i>non-allowable provision</i> means a provision about a non-allowable matter under chapter 2A, part 3, division 4, subdivisions 1 and 3.	25 26 27
Clause	35	Amendment	of s 166 (Persons bound)	28
		Section 166(2)(b)—	29
		omit, insert—		30

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations [s 36] (b) the organisation satisfies the commission 1 that it-2 is a relevant employee organisation; (i) 3 and 4 (ii) has least 1 member whose 5 at employment will be subject to the 6 agreement and who asked the 7 organisation to give the notice. 8 Clause 36 Amendment of s 168 (Extending a certified agreement) 9 Section 168(2)(b), '3 years'— 10 omit, insert— 11 4 years 12 Clause 37 Amendment of s 176 (Requirements for other industrial 13 action by an employee organisation or employees) 14 (1)Section 176— 15 insert— 16 (3A) Subsection (3) applies subject to section 176A. 17 (2)Section 176(4), ', within the meaning of section 147,'---18 omit. 19 Clause 38 Insertion of new s 176A 20 After section 176— 21 insert— 22 176A Claims including non-allowable content 23 (1)Industrial action is not authorised by a protected 24 action ballot if-25 (a) a protected action ballot order has been 26 made by the commission in relation to the 27 proposed action; but 28

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 39]

			(b) since the order was made, the current claims have been added to, or varied, to include a claim relating to non-allowable content.	1 2 3
		(2)	In this section—	4
			<i>current claims</i> means the claims in support of which it is proposed the industrial action will be organised or engaged in.	5 6 7
			<i>non-allowable content</i> means non-allowable content under chapter 2A, part 3, division 4, subdivisions 1 and 3.	8 9 10
Clause	39	Amendment of industrial acti	of s 177A (Provision about notice of on)	11 12
		Section 177A(4)—	13
		omit.		14
Clause	40		of s 181E (Conciliation of matter during Il action negotiation period)	15 16
		Section 181E(2)), 'section 148'—	17
		omit, insert—		18
		divi	ision 1, subdivision 2	19
Clause	41		of s 181F (Determination of matter by ofter post-industrial action negotiation	20 21 22
		(1) Section 18	1F(3)—	23
		omit, insert	<u>;</u>	24
		(3)	For subsection (2), sections 149C to 149E and 150A are taken to apply.	25 26
			Note—	27
			See also section 149B(4)(b).	28
		(2) Section 18	1F(4), 'section 149'—	29

	Industr	Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013							
			Pa	rt 2 Amendments relating to indu	2				
		omit, insert—	_		1				
		divisi	on 1, subd	ivision 3	2				
Clause	42	Insertion of new	/ ch 6A		3				
		After section 187-			4				
		insert—			5				
		Chapt	er 6A	Arrangements	for 6				
		· · · · ·		high-income s	enior 7				
				employees	8				
		Part 1		Preliminary	9				
		188 Defin	itions fo	r ch 6A	10				
		In this	s chapter–	_	11				
		e	employee i	ncludes—	12				
		(rson who proposes to yee; and	become an 13 14				
		(-	on whom another person e as an employee.	proposes to 15 16				
		e	excluded p	rovisions see section 194(2	2). 17				
			iigh-incor 193.	ne guarantee contract so	ee section 18				
		I	high-incor	ne position see section 190). 20				
		I	high-incor	ne senior employee see sec	ction 189. 21				
		I	nigh-incon	ne threshold see section 19	91. 22				
			<i>ndustrial</i> 2008, sche	<i>instrument</i> see the <i>Public</i> dule 4.	Service Act 23 24				
		ľ	emuneral	<i>ion</i> , of an employee, see se	ection 192. 25				

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

A high	-income senior employee is a person engaged
-	nployee in a high-income position.
190 What i	s a high-income position
position engage more th	<i>e-income position</i> is a position or class of a under which the remuneration of an employee d in the position, or a position in the class, is an the high-income threshold and the position of position—
(a)	is prescribed under a regulation as a high-income position; or
(b) is not covered by an award; or
(c)	which a senior health service employee is engaged under the Hospital and Health
	Boards Act 2011.
191 What i	s the high-income threshold
The <i>hig</i>	s the high-income threshold
The <i>hig</i>	s the <i>high-income threshold</i> <i>th-income threshold</i> is— \$129,300; or if a regulation prescribes an amount greater
The <i>hig</i> (a) (b	s the <i>high-income threshold</i> <i>th-income threshold</i> is— \$129,300; or if a regulation prescribes an amount greater than \$129,300 for this section—that
The <i>hig</i> (a) (b) 192 What i	s the <i>high-income threshold</i> <i>th-income threshold</i> is— \$129,300; or if a regulation prescribes an amount greater than \$129,300 for this section—that amount.
The <i>hig</i> (a) (b) 192 What i	 s the high-income threshold <i>th-income threshold</i> is— \$129,300; or if a regulation prescribes an amount greater than \$129,300 for this section—that amount. s an employee's remuneration a employee's remuneration is—

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	(c)	any other amount the employee is entitled to	1
		receive from the employer on an annual basis; and	2 3
		Example—	4
		an amount to be paid to the employee in lieu of payment for working overtime or on a public holiday	5 6 7
	(d)	the value of any non-cash benefit the employee is entitled to receive from the employer on an annual basis.	8 9 10
(2)	An e	employee's remuneration does not include—	11
	(a)	reimbursement for work-related expenses; or	12 13
	(b)	superannuation contributions made by the employee but facilitated or paid by the employer on the employee's behalf.	14 15 16
		Example—	17
		voluntary superannuation contributions made by the employee	18 19
(3)	less taket be e emp	n employee is engaged by an employer for than a year, the employee's remuneration is n to be the remuneration the employee would entitled to receive if the employee were loyed by the employer for a whole year at the e rate of remuneration.	20 21 22 23 24 25
(4)	other remu emp emp	n employee is engaged by an employer on r than a full-time basis, the employee's uneration is taken to be the remuneration the loyee would be entitled to receive if the loyee were employed by the employer on a time basis at the same rate of remuneration.	26 27 28 29 30 31
(5)	there emp full-	working out an employee's remuneration if e is no full-time equivalent for the loyee's position, an employee working on a time basis in the position is taken to work 38 rs each week.	32 33 34 35 36

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

(6)	In this section—				
	non	-cask	<i>a benefit</i> means—	2	
	(a)		perty or services in any form other than ney; but	3 4	
	(b)	does	s not include—	5	
		(i)	a motor vehicle, computer, mobile phone or other electronic device used only or mainly for work purposes; or	6 7 8	
		(ii)	subsidised or free accommodation and payment of any expenses relating to the accommodation.	9 10 11	
			Example of expenses—	12	
			rates, water and sewerage, electricity	13	
193 Wł	nat is	a <i>hi</i>	gh-income guarantee contract	14	
(1)		<i>igh-i</i> ervic	<i>ncome guarantee contract</i> is a contract e—	15 16	
	(a)	who	veen an employer and an employee ose position, the subject of the contract, high-income position; and	17 18 19	
	(b)	that 201	takes effect on or after 1 December 3.	20 21	
(2)		-	ation may prescribe the form of a ome guarantee contract.	22 23	

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	[\$ 42]	
Part 2	High-income guarantee contracts and high-income positions	1 2 3
	ect of engagement under high-income arantee contract	4 5
(1)	This section applies if an employee is engaged under a high-income guarantee contract.	6 7
(2)	The following provisions (the <i>excluded provisions</i>) do not apply in relation to the employee from the contract day—	8 9 10
	(a) section $73(1)(a)$;	11
	(b) chapters 5, 5A, 6 and 7;	12
	(c) sections 274A and 276.	13
(3)	An industrial instrument that applied to the employee immediately before the contract day ceases to apply to the employee from the contract day.	14 15 16 17
(4)	If the industrial instrument is a pre-modernisation industrial instrument, it can never apply to the employee from the contract day.	18 19 20
(5)	In this section—	21
	<i>contract day</i> means the beginning of the day the high-income guarantee contract takes effect.	22 23
195 Effe	ect of high-income position	24
(1)	This section applies to an employee if—	25
~ /	(a) either—	26
	(i) the employee is engaged by an employer in a high-income position; or	27 28

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	engaged by an employer becomes a	1 2 3
	employer under a high-income guarantee	4 5 6
(2)	to the employee from the high-income position	7 8 9
(3)	industrial instrument applied to the employee immediately before the high-income position	10 11 12 13
		14 15
	effect to the industrial instrument continues	16 17 18
(4)	the employee only until the sooner of the	19 20 21
	regulates the conditions of the employee's employment to the exclusion of the	22 23 24 25
		26 27
(5)	industrial instrument that no longer applies under subsection (4), it can never apply to the employee	28 29 30 31
(6)	the parties to negotiate a replacement industrial instrument is of no effect from the high-income	32 33 34 35

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

(7)	A directive under the <i>Public Service Act 2008</i> made by the chief executive of the Public Service Commission prevails over the industrial instrument, unless a regulation provides otherwise.	1 2 3 4 5
(8)	The industrial instrument prevails over a directive under the <i>Public Service Act 2008</i> made by the Minister administering this Act, unless the directive provides otherwise.	6 7 8 9
(9)	A health employment directive under the <i>Hospital and Health Boards Act 2011</i> prevails over the industrial instrument, unless a regulation provides otherwise.	10 11 12 13
(10)	In this section—	14
	<i>high-income position day</i> means the beginning of the day—	15 16
	(a) the employee is engaged in the high-income position; or	17 18
	(b) the position in which the employee is engaged becomes a high-income position.	19 20
	relevant directive means any of the following—	21
	 (a) a directive under the <i>Public Service Act</i> 2008 made by the chief executive of the Public Service Commission; 	22 23 24
	 (b) a directive under the <i>Public Service Act</i> 2008 made by the Minister administering this Act; 	25 26 27
	(c) a health employment directive under the <i>Hospital and Health Boards Act 2011.</i>	28 29
	ect of position ceasing to be high-income sition	30 31
(1)	This section applies if—	32

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	(a)	a position or class of position was prescribed under a regulation as a high-income position; and	1 2 3
	(b)	the position or class of position is no longer prescribed under a regulation as a high-income position; and	4 5 6
	(c)	a pre-modernisation industrial instrument applied to the position or class of position immediately before the position or class ceased to be a high-income position; and	7 8 9 10
	(d)	a modern industrial instrument applies to the position or class of position after the position or class ceased to be a high-income position.	11 12 13 14
(2)	long	pre-modernisation industrial instrument no ger applies to the position or class of position, can never apply to the position or class.	15 16 17
Part 3		Other matters for	18
		high-income senior	19
		employees	20
		high-income guarantee contract not ed conduct	21 22
(1)	This	section applies to the following conduct—	23
	(a)	conduct by a person to offer, or not to offer, another person (a <i>proposed employee</i>)	24 25 26
		employment under a high-income guarantee contract; or	20 27

(2)	The conduct by the person does not constitute engagement in conduct of the type mentioned in section $105(2)(a)$, (c) or (d).						
	onsistency between awards and h-income guarantee contracts	4 5					
(1)	This section applies if—	6					
	(a) an employee enters into a high-income guarantee contract with an employer; and	7 8					
	(b) an award is in force that otherwise would have applied to the position the subject of the high-income guarantee contract.	9 10 11					
(2)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that sections 135 and 140ED do not prevent the employee and employer entering into the high-income guarantee contract.						
	vate practice provision in industrial trument	16 17					
(1)	This section applies if an industrial instrument applying to a medical practitioner includes a private practice provision within the meaning of section $691C(2)$.	18 19 20 21					
(2)	The operation of section 691C(1)(f) does not—	22					
	(a) constitute a termination of the medical practitioner's employment; or	23 24					
	(b) affect other conditions of the medical practitioner's employment; or	25 26					
	(c) entitle the medical practitioner to a payment of money or other compensation.	27 28					

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 42]

200 Medical practitioner's private practice arrangements in contract of service

This section applies if a medical practitioner's 3 (1)contract of service contains a term (a *private* 4 term) that entitles the medical practice 5 practitioner to a private practice arrangement or 6 requires the employer to offer, negotiate, 7 renegotiate, provide or continue to provide a 8 private practice arrangement. 9

1

2

14

(2)If the contract of service is in force immediately 10 before the end of 30 June 2014, the private 11 practice term of the contract is of no effect from 12 the beginning of 1 July 2014. 13

The operation of subsection (2) does not— (3)

- constitute a termination of the medical (a) 15 practitioner's employment; or 16
- (b) affect other conditions of the medical 17 practitioner's employment; or 18
- (c) entitle the medical practitioner to a payment 19 of money or other compensation. 20
- In this section— (4)21 contract includes arrangement 22 an or understanding. 23 24

private practice arrangement—

- (a) means an arrangement about the rights of a 25 medical practitioner to engage in private 26 practice and receive a supplementary benefit 27 allowance relating to the engagement; and 28
- (b) includes an arrangement referred to as 29 option A, B, E, P or R, offered under clause 30 4.11 of the Medical Officers' (Queensland 31 Health) Certified Agreement (No. 3) 2012 32 and in force immediately before the end of 33 30 June 2014. 34

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 43]

			lical practitioner's refusal to accept n-income guarantee contract	1 2
		(1)	This section applies if a medical practition refuses an offer by an employer of employm under a high-income guarantee contract that—	nent 4
			(a) is made under a health employm directive under the <i>Hospital and Hea</i> <i>Boards Act 2011</i> that regulates conditions on which a medical practition is to be offered employment; and	alth 7 the 8
			(b) recognises the continuous service of medical practitioner.	the 11 12
		(2)	The refusal to accept the high-income guarar contract does not entitle the medical practition to any redundancy payment, severance allowa or other separation benefits (however describ in relation to the termination of the med practitioner's employment.	oner 14 ince 15 bed) 16
		(3)	In this section—	19
			continuous service see section 18(6).	20
Clause	43	Amendment o full-time or pa	s 242D (Appointment of members on t-time basis)	21 22
		(1) Section 242	D(1)(a)—	23
		omit.		24
		(2) Section 242	D(1)(b) and (c)—	25
		<i>renumber</i> a	section 242D(1)(a) and (b).	26
Clause	44	Amendment o	s 242E (Functions of the president)	27
		Section 242E(2)	from 'include'—	28
		omit, insert—		29
		incl	ıde—	30

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 45]

		 (a) managing the administration of the b of the court and the registry under 242G; and 		1 2 3
		(b) preparing, and giving the Minist annual report under section 252.	ter, the	4 5
Clause	45	Amendment of s 242F (Functions of the vice-preside	lent)	6
		Section 242F(2), ', other than the function mentioned in $242G'$ —	section	7 8
		omit.		9
Clause	46	Amendment of s 242G (Administration of the court)	10
		Section 242G, 'vice-president'—		11
		omit, insert—		12
		president		13
Clause	47	Amendment of s 243 (Appointment of president)		14
		(1) Section 243(1), from 'may appoint'—		15
		omit, insert—		16
		may, by gazette notice, appoint a person w Supreme Court judge as president of the court.		17 18
		(2) Section $243(2)$ to (8)—		19
		omit, insert—		20
		(2) The person is appointed on a full-tim unless the gazette notice appointing the pr states the appointment is to be on a pr basis.	resident	21 22 23 24
Clause	48	Amendment of s 244 (When a Supreme Court judge appointed as president)	e is	25 26
		(1) Section 244, heading—		27

	Industria	l Rela	tions (Fair Work	Act H	larmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations [s 49]	
			omit, insert-	_		1
			244 Effe	ect o	f appointment as president	2
		(2)	Section 244	(2) to	o (5)—	3
			<i>renumber</i> as	s sect	tion 244(3) to (6).	4
		(3)	Section 244			5
			insert—			6
			(2)		president may perform the functions of ce of both president and a Supreme Court ge.	7 8 9
Clause	49	Am	endment of	fs2	45 (When president holds office)	10
		(1)	Section 245	(1)(a) and (b)—	11
			omit, insert-			12
				(a)	the term stated in the gazette notice appointing the president ends; or	13 14
				(b)	the president resigns by signed notice given to the Governor; or	15 16
				(c)	the president stops being a Supreme Court judge.	17 18
		(2)	Section 245	(2)—	-	19
			omit.			20
		(3)	Section 245 (ii)'—	5(3),	'because of subsection (1)(a) or (b)(i) or	21 22
			omit.			23
		(4)	Section 245	(4), '	subsection (3)'—	24
			omit, insert-			25
			subs	ectio	on (2)	26
		(5)	Section 245	(5), '	(i)'—	27
			omit.			28
		(6)	Section 245	(3) to	o (5)—	29

		renumber as section 245(2) to (4).	1			
Clause	50	Amendment of s 246 (Acting president)				
		(1) Section 246(2), from 'appoint'—	3			
		omit, insert—	4			
		appoint a person who is a Supreme Court judge to act as the president.	5 6			
		(2) Section $246(6)$ to (9)—	7			
		renumber as section 246(7) to (10).	8			
		(3) Section 246—	9			
		insert—	10			
		(6) The acting president may perform the functions of office of both president and a Supreme Court judge.	11 12 13			
		(4) Section 246(10), as renumbered, '(8)'—	14			
		omit, insert—	15			
		(9)	16			
Clause	51	Amendment of s 248 (Court's jurisdiction)	17			
		Section 248(1)(c)—	18			
		omit, insert—	19			
		(c) hear and decide an offence against this Act, unless the offence is one for which this Act makes other provision; and	20 21 22			
Clause	52	Amendment of s 256 (Composition)	23			
		Section 256(1) and (2)—	24			
		omit, insert—	25			
		(1) The commission consists of the following members—	26 27			
Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 53]

					[3 55]	
				(a)	the president; and	1
				(b)	the following persons (each a <i>commissioner</i>)—	2 3
					(i) a person holding office as the vice president;	4 5
					(ii) a person holding office as a deputy president;	6 7
					(iii) a person holding office as an industrial commissioner.	8 9
			(2)		full bench of the commission (the <i>full ch</i>) is constituted by—	10 11
				(a)	for chapter 12, part 16 or for the hearing of an appeal—the president and 2 or more other members; or	12 13 14
				(b)	otherwise—3 or more members.	15
Clause	53				58A (Appointment of other deputy commission)	16 17
		(1)	Section 258	8A(3)	to (7)—	18
			renumber a	is sect	tion 258A(5) to (9).	19
		(2)	Section 258	8A—		20
			insert—			21
			(3)	unle	person is taken to be appointed on tenure ess the appointment is stated, in the rument of appointment, to be for a fixed term.	22 23 24
			(4)	for	erson appointed for a fixed term is appointed the term, of at least 1 year, stated in the rument of appointment.	25 26 27
Clause	54	Am	endment o	ofs2	59 (Industrial commissioners)	28
		(1)	Section 259	9(3) te	o (7)—	29
			renumber a	is sect	tion 259(5) to (9).	30

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 55]

		(2)	Section 259)		1
			insert—			2
			(3)	unle	person is taken to be appointed on tenure ass the appointment is stated, in the rument of appointment, to be for a fixed term.	3 4 5
			(4)	for	erson appointed for a fixed term is appointed the term, of at least 1 year, stated in the rument of appointment.	6 7 8
Clause	55				60 (When deputy president or sioner holds office)	9 10
		(1)	Section 260)(1)(c) to (e)—	11
			renumber a	s sect	ion 260(1)(d) to (f).	12
		(2)	Section 260)(1)—	-	13
			insert—			14
				(c)	if the relevant commissioner is appointed for a fixed term—the term stated in the commissioner's instrument of appointment ends; or	15 16 17 18
Clause	56	Am	endment o	fs2 [°]	73 (Commission's functions)	19
		Sec	tion 273(1)(a	ı), fro	m 'that'—	20
		omi	it, insert—			21
			Star	ndard	gether with the Queensland Employment s, provide for a fair minimum safety net of ole conditions of employment for employees;	22 23 24
Clause	57	Am	endment o	f s 2	87 (General rulings)	25
		(1)	Section 287	'(1)(a), 'an industrial instrument'—	26
			omit, insert-			27
			a pr	e-mo	dernisation industrial instrument	28

	Industri	strial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment						
		Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations						
		[s 58]						
		(2) Section $287(1)(b)$ —	1					
		omit.	2					
Clause	58	Omission of s 288 (Statement of policy)	3					
		Section 288—	4					
		omit.	5					
Clause	59	Amendment of s 292 (Magistrate's jurisdiction)	6					
		Section 292(1)(b)(i), from 'for which'—	7					
		omit, insert—	8					
		, unless the offence is one for which this Act makes other provision;	9 10					
Clause	60	Amendment of s 319 (Representation of parties)	11					
		(1) Section 319(2)(b)(ii), 'section 149'—	12					
		omit, insert—	13					
		chapter 6, division 1, subdivision 3	14					
		(2) Section 319—	15					
		insert—	16					
		(3A) For subsection (2)(b)(ii), a reference to the commission includes the commission constituted by the full bench.	17 18 19					
Clause	61	Amendment of s 320 (Basis of decisions of the commission and magistrates)	20 21					
		(1) Section 320(5), 'section 149'—	22					
		omit, insert—	23					
		chapter 6, division 1, subdivision 3	24					
		(2) Section 320(5), note—	25					

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 62]

		omit, insert—	1
		Note—	2
		For a determination made under chapter 6, division 1, subdivision 3, section $149D(1)(b)(iv)$ and (2) provide for the matters the full bench must consider in relation to the public interest.	3 4 5 6
Clause	62	Amendment of s 341 (Appeal from commission, magistrate or registrar)	7 8
		Section 341(1), 'under section 149'—	9
		omit, insert—	10
		under chapter 6, division 1, subdivision 3	11
Clause	63	Amendment of s 342 (Appeal from commission, magistrate or registrar)	12 13
		Section 342(1), 'under section 149'—	14
		omit, insert—	15
		under chapter 6, division 1, subdivision 3	16
Clause	64	Amendment of s 391 (Wages etc. to be paid without deduction)	17 18
		Section 391—	19
		insert—	20
		(6) This section is subject to section 391A.	21
Clause	65	Insertion of new s 391A	22
		After section 391—	23
		insert—	24

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 66]

			eduction for industrial association mbership prohibited	1 2
		(1)	An employer must not deduct from an employee's wages an amount for paying the employee's membership subscription for an industrial association.	3 4 5 6
			Maximum penalty—16 penalty units.	7
		(2)	For subsection (1), it does not matter whether the employee has authorised the amount to be paid to the industrial association or to another person.	8 9 10
		(3)	A contract or other instrument is void to the extent it provides for a deduction to be made from wages in contravention of this section.	11 12 13
		(4)	In this section—	14
			industrial association see section 102.	15
			<i>membership subscription</i> , for an industrial association, means a subscription, due or other amount payable under the association's rules for membership, or renewal of membership, of the association.	16 17 18 19 20
Clause	66	Amendment o	f s 459 (Powers of court)	21
		Section 459, 'co		21
		omit, insert—		23
		con	nmission	24
Clause	67	Amendment o	f s 462 (Interim orders)	25
		Section 462, 'co	urt'—	26
		omit, insert—		27
		con	nmission	28

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations [s 68]

Clause	68	Amendment of s 463 (Hearing application)	1
		Section 463, 'court'—	2
		omit, insert—	3
		commission	4
Clause	69	Amendment of s 464 (Effect of declaration)	5
		Section 464, 'court'—	6
		omit, insert—	7
		commission	8
Clause	70	Amendment of s 465 (Direction must be complied with)	9
		Section 465, 'court'—	10
		omit, insert—	11
		commission	12
Clause	71	Amendment of s 535 (Court may decide)	13
		(1) Section 535, heading, 'Court'—	14
		omit, insert—	15
		Commission	16
		(2) Section 535, 'court'—	17
		omit, insert—	18
		commission	19
Clause	72	Amendment of s 536 (Deciding application)	20
		Section 536, 'court'—	21
		omit, insert—	22
		commission	23

Clause	73	this Sec	nendment o s part appli ction 691B— ert—	-	1 2 3 4
			(1A)	However, this part does not apply to a modern industrial instrument.	5 6
Clause	74		nendment o ect)	f s 691C (Particular provisions are of no	7 8
		(1)	Section 691	LC(1)—	9
			insert—		10
				(f) a private practice provision;	11
				(g) a resource allocation provision.	12
		(2)	Section 691	IC(2)—	13
			insert—		14
				<i>private practice provision</i> means a provision about a private practice arrangement for a medical practitioner.	15 16 17
				Example—	18
				Clause 4.11 of the Medical Officers' (Queensland Health) Certified Agreement (No. 3) 2012 is an example of a private practice provision.	19 20 21
				<i>resource allocation provision</i> means a provision that requires an employer to allocate funding to a program or scheme not directly related to entitlements of, or benefits for, the employer's employees.	22 23 24 25 26
				Example—	27
				Clause 2.9.7 of the Queensland Health Building, Engineering & Maintenance Services Certified Agreement (No. 5) 2011 is an example of a resource allocation provision.	28 29 30 31

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

Clause	75	Insertion of new ch 20, pt 18 Chapter 20—					
		insert— Part 1	8	Transitional provisions for Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2013		3 4 5 6 7 8 9	
		Divisio	on 1	Preliminary		10	
		807 Def	initions fo	r pt 18		11	
			In this part			12	
			<i>amended</i> A amending A	<i>ct</i> means this Act as am Act.	ended by the	13 14	
			(Fair Work	Act means the Industr Act Harmonisation No. Amendment Act 2013.		15 16 17	
			whom divis	<i>day</i> , in relation to an sion 2 applies, means the starts applying to the em	day on which	18 19 20	
				<i>ment</i> means the day on which the term is used on		21 22	
				<i>on day</i> means the day of gislative Assembly of the Act.		23 24 25	
			<i>new</i> , for a provision commence	a provision of this Act as in force on or ment.		26 27 28	
			•	<i>ed Act</i> means this Act commencement.	as in force	29 30	

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 75]

		[370]	
Divisi	on 2	Provisions about conditions of employment	1 2
Subdi	vision 1	General provisions	3
808 Ap	plication of	of div 2	4
sta		applies to an employee if chapter 2A to the employee in relation to particular	5 6 7
809 Le da		ed or approved before application	8 9
(1)	accrued b	loyee retains all leave entitlements efore the application day under chapter -modernisation industrial instrument.	10 11 12
(2)	day, the d	n (3) applies if, before the application employer approved leave relating to a or after the application day.	13 14 15
(3)	purposes Standards	is taken to have been approved for the of the Queensland Employment or a modern industrial instrument to the employee.	16 17 18 19
810 Wa	orking out	leave entitlements	20
(1)	This secti	on applies if—	21
	entit	rovision of chapter 2A confers an lement on the employee in relation to a cular type of leave; and	22 23 24
		r the provision the entitlement is ted out—	25 26
	(i)	for a completed year of employment; or	27 28
	(ii)	in relation to a year.	29

(ii) in relation to a year.

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

(2)	For working out the employee's entitlement to the leave during the transitional year, regard must be had to the leave of that type taken during the year under chapter 2 or a pre-modernisation industrial instrument.	1 2 3 4 5
(3)	Also, for working out the employee's entitlement to leave, regard must be had to the employee's period of employment with the employer before the application day.	6 7 8 9
(4)	In this section—	10
	<i>transitional year</i> means the year in which the application day falls.	11 12
811 No	tices etc. given before application day	13
(1)	This section applies if—	14
	 (a) before the application day, the employee or his or her employer gives a notice or document in compliance with a pre-modernisation notice requirement; and 	15 16 17 18
	(b) the notice or document is relevant to a matter or circumstance occurring on or after the application day; and	19 20 21
	(c) there is an modern requirement that has substantially the same effect as the pre-modernisation requirement.	22 23 24
(2)	If the context permits, the employee or employer is taken to have complied with the modern requirement.	25 26 27
(3)	In this section—	28
	<i>modern requirement</i> means a requirement under the Queensland Employment Standards or a modern industrial instrument applicable to the employee.	29 30 31 32

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	pre-modernisation notice requirement means a requirement, under chapter 2 or a pre-modernisation industrial instrument, to give a notice or other document in relation to a matter. Example of a pre-modernisation notice requirement— a requirement to give a notice or document about parental leave under section 19, 20, 21 or 21A	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
Subdi	vision 2 Annual leave	8
812 Or	der about payment for commission	9
(1)	This section applies if, before the application day, the commission made an order in relation to the employee on an application made under section $13(4)$.	1 1 1 1
(2)	On and from the application day, the order continues to have effect as if it had been made under section $71 \text{EE}(4)$.	1 1 1
(3)	Subsection (2) does not apply if a modern industrial instrument provides that the employee is not entitled to receive an amount representing commission in the employee's annual leave payment.	1 1 1 2 2 2
	ave loading payments made before plication day	2 2
bef em par	amount, however described, paid to the employee fore the application day in addition to the ployee's annual leave entitlement under chapter 2, t 1, division 3 is taken to be an additional leave ount for section 71EF(2).	2- 2- 2- 2- 2- 2- 2- 2-

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 75]

Subdivision 3 Parental leave

1

814 Pa	rental leave started under ch 2	2
(1)	This section applies if, on the application day, the employee is on ch 2 parental leave.	3 4
(2)	On and from the application day, the employee is taken to be on the corresponding ch 2A parental leave.	5 6 7
(3)	A reference in chapter 2A to a type of parental leave includes, if the context permits, a reference to the corresponding type of ch 2 parental leave.	8 9 10
(4)	Section 71GM does not apply to the employee in relation to the parental leave.	11 12
(5)	The employee may apply under chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, subdivision 4 even if the person started parental leave before the commencement of the subdivision.	13 14 15 16
(6)	On and from the application day—	17
	 (a) an extension of the ch 2 parental leave under section 29(1) is taken to be an extension under section 71GZ(1); and 	18 19 20
	(b) if an application was made under section 29A or 29B, but not decided by the employer, before the application day—the application is taken to have been made under chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, subdivision 4; and	21 22 23 24 25 26
	 (c) a notice given to the employee under section 31(2) is taken to have been given to the employee under section 71GZB(2); and 	27 28 29
	(d) if the employee was transferred to a safe job under section 36 before starting maternity leave—for section 71GZF, the employee is	30 31 32

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	taken to have been transferred to a safe job under section 71GZG.
(7)	In this section—
	<i>ch 2 parental leave</i> means parental leave under chapter 2 or a pre-modernisation industrial instrument.
	<i>corresponding ch 2A parental leave</i> , in relation to ch 2 parental leave, means—
	(a) for ch 2 parental leave that is maternity leave, adoption leave or surrogacy leave—leave of the same name; or
	(b) for ch 2 parental leave that is long parental leave other than maternity leave—long birth-related leave; or
	(c) for ch 2 parental leave that is short parental leave—short birth-related leave.
	olication of obligation to advise about nificant change
mae dec	tion 71GQ applies whether or not the decision was le before the commencement of the section if the ision had not been implemented at the immencement.
816 Spo sar	ouses not to take long parental leave at ne time
	eference in section 71GV to the employee's spouse ag on parental leave includes a reference to the

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 75]

Subdivision 4 Long service leave

817 Agreement or notice under s 45

- (1) This section applies if, before the application day—
 - (a) the employer and employee made an agreement under section 45(2) in relation to long service leave all or part of which was to be taken on or after the application day; or 8

1

2

3

4

15

28

29

- (b) the employer gave the employee a notice 9 under section 45(3) relating to long service 10 leave all or part of which was required to be 11 taken on or after the application day.
- (2) The agreement or notice is taken to have been 13 made or given under section 71HD. 14

818 Order about payment for commission

- This section applies if, before the application day, the commission made an order in relation to the employee on an application made under section 46(7).
 16 17 18 18 19
- (2) On and from the application day, the order 20 continues to have effect as if it had been made 21 under section 71HF(3).
- (3) Subsection (2) does not apply if a modern 23 industrial instrument provides that the employee 24 is not entitled to receive an amount representing 25 commission in the employee's long service leave 26 payment. 27

819 Decision by commission about piecework rates

 This section applies if the employee is paid piecework rates and, before the application day, 31

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 75]

0

16

	the commission decided under section 46(8) the rate the employee should be paid for long service leave.	1 2 3
(2)	On and from the application day, the decision continues to have effect as if it had been made under section 71HG.	4 5 6
ent	isting decisions or agreements about itlement to, payment for, or taking of, long rvice leave	7 8 9
(1)	This section applies to any of the following in effect immediately before the application day—	10 11

- (a) an agreement made by an employee and 12 employer, or a decision made by the 13 commission, under section 46(9), (10) or 14 (11);
- (b) an agreement made under section 48;
- (c) a decision made by the commission under 17 section 52; 18
- (d) an agreement made by an employee and 19 employer, or an order made by the 20 commission, under section 53(2) or (3). 21
- On and from the application day, the agreement, decision or ruling continues to have effect as if it had been made under the following provision of chapter 2A—
 22
 23
 24
 25
 - (a) if subsection (1)(a) applies—section 71HH; 26
 - (b) if subsection (1)(b) applies—section 71HK; 27
 - (c) if subsection (1)(c) applies—section 71HP; 28
 - (d) if subsection (1)(d) applies—section 71HQ. 29
- (3) Subsection (2) applies subject to a provision in a modern industrial instrument about the payment for, or taking of, the employee's long service 32 leave.
 33

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	on 3 Provisions about awards	1	
Subdi	vision 1 Provisions for pre-modernisation awards		
821 Ap	plication of new ch 5, pt 2		
(1)	New chapter 5, part 2 is taken to have applied on and from the introduction day.		
(2)	An award, or an amendment of an award, made under section 125 on or after the introduction day and before the commencement is of no effect.		
(3)	An application made on or after the introduction day under section 125(2) for the making or amendment of an award is, on the commencement, taken to have been withdrawn.		
822 Ex 13(isting matters being heard under s 125 or 0		
(1)	This section applies to either of the following matters being heard by the commission immediately before the commencement—		
(1)	matters being heard by the commission		
(1)	matters being heard by the commission immediately before the commencement—(a) a matter relating to the making or		
(1)	matters being heard by the commission immediately before the commencement—(a) a matter relating to the making or amendment of an award under section 125;		
	 matters being heard by the commission immediately before the commencement— (a) a matter relating to the making or amendment of an award under section 125; (b) a review of an award under section 130. 		

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

823 Co	ntinuation of exemptions under ch 5, pt 3	1
(1)	This section applies if an exemption given under chapter 5, part 3 of the pre-amended Act was in effect immediately before the commencement.	2 3 4
(2)	The employer, employee, class of employer or employee, or person who was the subject of the exemption continues, on and after the commencement, not to be bound by the award.	5 6 7 8
Subdi	vision 2 Provisions for modern awards	9 10
CO	odern award does not apply to employee vered by pre-modernisation certified reement	11 12 13
(1)	A modern award does not apply to an employee, or to an employer or employee organisation in relation to the employee, at any time when the employee is covered by a pre-modernisation certified agreement.	14 15 16 17 18
(2)	If a modern award starts applying to an employee because the employee stops being covered by a pre-modernisation certified agreement, the award takes effect in relation to the employee at the start of the employee's first pay period starting on or after the employee stops being covered by the pre-modernisation certified agreement.	19 20 21 22 23 24 25
(3)	Subsection (2) applies despite section 140EB.	26
(4)	In this section—	27
	<i>pre-modernisation certified agreement</i> means a certified agreement certified under chapter 6 as in force before its amendment by the amending Act.	28 29 30

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

Divisi	on 4 Provisions about certified agreements	1 2
825 Re	trospective operation	3
	is division is taken to have had effect on and from introduction day.	4 5
	rtified agreements and determinations ntinue	6 7
(1)	A certified agreement or determination, in force immediately before the introduction day, continues in force as a certified agreement or determination under this Act.	8 9 1(11
(2)	In this section—	12
	<i>determination</i> means an arbitration determination under chapter 6.	13 14
827 Co	ntinuing agreements and determinations	15
(1)	A certified agreement is a <i>continuing agreement</i> for this division if its nominal expiry date was a day before the introduction day.	16 17 18
(2)	Also, a certified agreement becomes a <i>continuing agreement</i> for this division if—	19 20
	(a) the agreement reaches its nominal expiry date; and	21 22
	 (b) the relevant pre-modernisation award for the agreement (or, if there is more than one, each of the relevant pre-modernisation awards for the agreement) has not been modernised under chapter 5 by that time. 	23 24 25 26 27
(3)	However, subsections (1) and (2) do not apply to a certified agreement to which section 831 or 832 applies.	28 29 30

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

(4)	If, before the introduction day, a certified agreement reached its nominal expiry date but the parties to the agreement administratively agreed to extend the nominal expiry date to a later day that is after the introduction day, then, for this section, the nominal expiry date is taken to be the	1 2 3 4 5 6
	later day.	7
(5)	In this section—	8
	certified agreement includes a determination.	9
	pre-modernisation award see section 140B.	10
828 Ext yea	tension of nominal expiry date by up to 1 ar	11 12
(1)	On the introduction day, the nominal expiry date of a continuing agreement mentioned in section 827(1) becomes—	13 14 15
	(a) the day that is 1 year after the introduction day; or	16 17
	(b) if an earlier day is prescribed for the agreement under a regulation, the prescribed day.	18 19 20
(2)	On the day that a certified agreement becomes a continuing agreement under section 827(2), its nominal expiry date becomes—	21 22 23
	(a) the day that is 1 year after that day; or	24
	(b) if an earlier day is prescribed for the agreement under a regulation, the prescribed day.	25 26 27
829 Co	ntinuing agreements can not be dealt with	28
(1)	The parties to a continuing agreement can not—	20 29
	(a) apply under section 168 to extend the agreement; or	30 31

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	(b) apply under section 169 or 170 to amend the agreement; or	1 2	
	(c) terminate the agreement.	3	
(2)	Any of the following things done, or purportedly done, on or after the introduction day is, and always was, of no effect—	4 5 6	
	(a) a thing that, under subsection (1), can not be done;	7 8	
	(b) the making of an order by the commission on an application that, under subsection (1), can not be made.	9 10 11	
830 Re	gulation may prescribe a wage increase	12	
(1)	A regulation may provide that, from a stated day, a stated increase in wages applies to employees covered by a continuing agreement.		
(2)	An increase mentioned in subsection (1) does not stop applying to the employees only because the continuing agreement reaches its nominal expiry date under section 828.		
831 Ex	isting arbitrations	20	
(1)	This section applies if, before the introduction day—	21 22	
	 (a) the commission's jurisdiction to determine a matter by arbitration was engaged under section 149 of the pre-amended Act; and 	23 24 25	
	(b) the commission had not made a determination for the matter under that section.	26 27 28	
(2)	For subsection (1), it does not matter whether or not the commission has starting hearing the matter.	29 30 31	

(3)		commission must determine the matter by ration under section 149 of the pre-amended					
(4)	reac cert befo	wever, if the employer and 1 or more parties ch agreement on the terms of a proposed tified agreement to be made between them ore the commission makes the arbitration ermination for the matter—	4 5 6 7 8				
	(a)	the parties must take the steps under chapter 6 of the pre-amended Act necessary to have the agreement certified; and	9 10 11				
	(b)	if an application is made under section 156 of the pre-amended Act—the commission must deal with the application under that section; and	12 13 14 15				
	(c)	the arbitration ends when the agreement is certified.	16 17				
832 Exi	isting	g applications for certification	18				
(1)	This	s section applies if—	19				
	(a)	before the introduction day, an application had been made to the commission under section 153 of the pre-amended Act to certify an agreement; and	20 21 22 23				
	(b)	immediately before the introduction day, the commission had not—	24 25				
		(i) certified the agreement under section 156 of the pre-amended Act; or	26 27				
		(ii) refused to certify the agreement under section 157 of the pre-amended Act; or	28 29				
		(iii) otherwise finally dealt with the application.	30 31				

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

(2)	The commission must decide the application under the provisions of chapter 6, division 2 of the pre-amended Act.	1 2 3
Divisio	on 5 Other provisions	4
	ge deductions for industrial association mbership	5 6
(1)	This section applies if—	7
	 (a) an authority given by an employee before the commencement provides for a deduction to be made from the employee's wages in contravention of section 391A(1); and 	8 9 10 11
	(b) before 1 July 2014 an employer makes a deduction from the employee's wages under the authority.	12 13 14
(2)	The employer does not commit an offence under section 391A.	15 16
834 Cor om	ntinued protection from liability for budsman and official of QWRO	17 18
sect	tion 702 applies from the commencement as if ion 702(3), definition <i>official</i> included a reference ne ombudsman and an officer of QWRO.	19 20 21
835 Tra	nsitional regulation-making power	22
(1)	A regulation (a <i>transitional regulation</i>) may make provision of a saving or transitional nature for which—	23 24 25
	(a) it is necessary to make provision to allow or facilitate the doing of anything to achieve the transition from the operation of the	26 27 28

[s 76]

		[\$ 70]	
		pre-amended Act to the operation of the 1 amended Act; and 2	
		(b) this Act does not make provision or 3 sufficient provision. 4	
		 Without limiting subsection (1), a transitional 5 regulation may continue the operation of a 6 repealed provision.)
		 (3) A transitional regulation may have retrospective 8 operation to a day that is not earlier than the day 9 of the commencement. 	
		(4) A transitional regulation must declare it is a 1 transitional regulation.	1 2
			3 4
Clause	76	Amendment of sch 2 (Appointments)	5
		(1) Schedule 2, section $3(1)(b)$ — 1	6
		insert— 1	7
		**	8 9
		(2) Schedule 2, section 4(3)(a), 'or a member holding 2 appointment as ombudsman'— 2	0
		omit. 2	2
		• • • • •	3 4 5
		omit, insert— 2	6
		president or the vice-president 2	7
Clause	77	Amendment of sch 3 (Minimum redundancy payment) 2	
		Schedule 3, heading, after 'payment'— 2	9

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 78]

		inse	ert—		1
				under ch 3, pt 4, div 1AA	2
Clause	78		endment o lots)	f sch 4 (Provisions for protected action	3 4
		(1)	Schedule 4,	, section 4—	5
			insert—		6
			(3)	A reference in subsection (2) to an existing certified agreement includes a determination relating to an existing certified agreement.	7 8 9
		(2)	Schedule 4,	, section 8(1)—	10
			omit, insert		11
				 (d) the applicant satisfies the commission that the claims in support of which the proposed action will be organised or engaged in do not include any claim relating to a non-allowable content under chapter 2A, part 3, division 4, subdivisions 1 and 3. 	12 13 14 15 16 17
		(3)	Schedule 4,	, part 2—	18
			insert—		19
			bas	vocation of protected action ballot order on sis of claim relating to non-allowable ntent	20 21 22
			(1)	An applicant for a protected action ballot order or a relevant employer for the order may apply to the commission for a declaration as to whether the current claims include a claim relating to non-allowable content.	23 24 25 26 27
				Note—	28
				See section 176A for a consequence of the current claims including a claim relating to non-allowable content.	29 30 31
			(2)	If the commission declares that the current claims include a claim relating to non-allowable content,	32 33

	Indust	al Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013			
		Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations [s 79]			
		1	1 2		
		(3) In this section—	3		
		<i>current claims</i> see section 176A(2).	4		
		non-allowable content see section 176A(2).	5		
		employees who were balloted in relation to the	6 7 8		
Clause	79	Amendment of sch 4A (Application of this Act to prescribed Hospital and Health Services and their employees)			
		(1) Schedule 4A, part 3, section 6—	12		
		omit.	13		
		(2) Schedule 4A, part 4, section 13(2), '148(5)'—	14		
		omit, insert—	15		
		148A(3)	16		
Clause	80	Amendment of sch 5 (Dictionary)	17		
		child, employee, equal remuneration for work of equal or comparable value, intended parent, long adoption leave, long parental leave, long surrogacy leave, long term casual employee, maternity leave, negotiating party, owner, non-judicial appointee, parental leave entitlement, period between seasons, relevant industrial instrument, remuneration, season, service, short adoption leave, short parental leave, short surrogacy leave, short term casual	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27		

(2) Schedule 5— 29 *insert*— 30

omit.

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

adoption leave—	1
(a) for chapter 2, part 2, see section 17; or	2
(b) for chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, see section 71GB.	3 4
<i>applies to</i> , in relation to a modern award, see section 140E.	5 6
<i>arbitration period</i> , for chapter 6, see section 140K.	7 8
<i>award modernisation process</i> see section 140BB(1).	9 10
<i>award modernisation request</i> , for chapter 5, part 8, see section 140C(1).	11 12
<i>binds</i> , in relation to an industrial instrument, includes applies to or covers.	13 14
<i>birth-related leave</i> , for chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, see section 71GB.	15 16
<i>carer's leave</i> , for chapter 2A, see sections 71FC(2), 71FD(2) and 71FE(2).	17 18
<i>casual employee</i> , for chapter 2A, part 2, division 6, subdivision 4, see section 71HI.	19 20
<i>certified agreement</i> see section 141(1).	21
child—	22
(a) for chapter 2, part 2, see section 17; or	23
(b) for chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, see section 71GB.	24 25
<i>conciliating member</i> , for chapter 6, see section 140K.	26 27
<i>conciliation report</i> , for chapter 6, see section 140K.	28 29
<i>conciliation period</i> , for chapter 6, see section 140K.	30 31

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

employee—	1				
generally, see section 5; and					
(b) for chapter 6A, see section 188.	3				
<i>employee with a disability</i> , for chapter 5A, see section 140DA.	4 5				
equal remuneration for work of equal or comparable value—	6 7				
(a) for chapter 2, part 5, see section 59; or	8				
(b) for chapter 2A, part 4, see section 71P.	9				
<i>excluded provisions</i> , for chapter 6A, see section 194(2).	10 11				
expected placement date see section 71GJ(2)(a).	12				
<i>expected residence date</i> see section 71GK(2)(a).	13				
<i>high-income guarantee contract</i> , for chapter 6A, see section 188.	14 15				
<i>high-income position</i> , for chapter 6A, see section 188.	16 17				
<i>high-income senior employee</i> , for chapter 6A, see section 188.	18 19				
<i>high-income threshold</i> , for chapter 6A, see section 188.	20 21				
<i>industrial agreement</i> , for chapter 6A, see section 188.	22 23				
intended parent—	24				
(a) for chapter 2, part 2, see section 17; or	25				
(b) for chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, see section 71GB.	26 27				
long adoption leave—	28				
(a) for chapter 2, part 2, see section 17; or	29				
(b) for chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, see section 71GB.	30 31				

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

<i>long birth-related leave</i> , for chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, see section 71GB.	1 2
long parental leave—	3
(a) for chapter 2, part 2, see section 17; or	4
(b) for chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, see section 71GB.	5 6
long surrogacy leave—	7
(a) for chapter 2, part 2, see section 17; or	8
(b) for chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, see section 71GB.	9 10
long term casual employee—	11
(a) for chapter 2, part 2, see section 15A; or	12
(b) for chapter 2A, see section 71BB.	13
maternity leave—	14
(a) for chapter 2, part 2, see section 17; or	15
(b) for chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, see section 71GB.	16 17
<i>modern award</i> means an award made under chapter 5A.	18 19
<i>modern awards objectives</i> , for chapter 5A, see section 140D.	20 21
modern industrial instrument—	22
(a) generally, see section 71BA; or	23
(b) for chapter 2A, part 3, see section 71L.	24
<i>modernising Act</i> for chapter 2A, see section 71BA.	25 26
<i>multi-employer agreement</i> , for chapter 6, see section 140K.	27 28
<i>negotiating party</i> , for chapter 6, see section 148(1).	29 30

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

	<i>inary hours of work</i> for chapter 2A, see ion 71BA.	1 2
	<i>inary working day</i> , for chapter 2A, part 2, sion 7, see section 71I.	3 4
own	er—	5
(a)	for chapter 2, part 3, see section 42; or	6
(b)	for chapter 2A, part 2, division 6, see section 71H.	7 8
	<i>-allowable provisions</i> , in relation to a lern industrial instrument, see section 71LB.	9 10
pare	ental leave—	11
(a)	for chapter 2, part 2, see section 17; or	12
(b)	for chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, see section 71GB.	13 14
pare	ental leave entitlement—	15
(a)	for chapter 2, part 2, see section 17; or	16
(b)	for chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, see section 71GB.	17 18
-	<i>ce obligation period</i> , for chapter 6, see ion 140K.	19 20
peri	od between seasons—	21
(a)	for chapter 2, part 3, see section 42; or	22
(b)	for chapter 2A, part 2, division 6, see section 71H.	23 24
peri	odic review see section 140F.	25
	<i>modernisation award</i> , for chapter 5, part 8, section 140B.	26 27
-	<i>modernisation industrial instrument</i> see ion 71BA.	28 29
Que 71C	eensland Employment Standards see section	30 31

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

redı	undancy pay see section 71KF(1).	1				
relevant employee organisation, for chapter 6,						
see	section 140K.	3				
rele	vant industrial instrument—	4				
(a)	for chapter 2A, see section 71BA; or	5				
(b)	for chapter 15, part 2, see section 691A.	6				
	<i>vant instrument</i> , for chapter 5A, part 4, see ion 140I.	7 8				
rem	uneration—	9				
(a)	for a provision relating to work of equal or comparable value, includes—	10 11				
	(i) the wage or salary payable to an employee; and	12 13				
	(ii) amounts payable or other benefits made available to an employee under a contract of service; and	14 15 16				
(b)	of an employee, for chapter 6A, see section 192; and	17 18				
(c)	of a person, for chapter 12, part 12, see section 551.	19 20				
seas	con—	21				
(a)	for chapter 2, part 3, see section 42; or	22				
(b)	for chapter 2A, part 2, division 6, see section 71H.	23 24				
serv	ice—	25				
(a)	for chapter 2, part 6, see section 67; or	26				
(b)	for chapter 2A, part 5, see section 71Q.	27				
shor	rt adoption leave—	28				
(a)	for chapter 2, part 2, see section 17; or	29				
(b)	for chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, see section 71GB.	30 31				

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations
[\$ 80]
<i>short birth-related leave</i> , for chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, see section 71GB.
short parental leave—

sho	rt parental leave—	3
(a)	for chapter 2, part 2, see section 17; or	4
(b)	for chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, see section 71GB.	5 6
sho	rt surrogacy leave—	7
(a)	for chapter 2, part 2, see section 17; or	8
(b)	for chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, see section 71GB.	9 10
sho	rt term casual employee—	11
(a)	for chapter 2, part 2, see section 17; or	12
(b)	for chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, see section 71GB.	13 14
	<i>w holiday</i> , for chapter 2A, part 2, division 7, section 71I.	15 16
-	<i>cial maternity leave</i> , for chapter 2A, part 2, sion 5, see section 71GZC.	17 18
suri	rogacy arrangement—	19
(a)	for chapter 2, part 2, see section 17; or	20
(b)	for chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, see section 71GB.	21 22
suri	rogacy leave—	23
(a)	for chapter 2, part 2, see section 17; or	24
(b)	for chapter 2A, part 2, division 5, see section 71GB.	25 26
	<i>asferred employee</i> , for chapter 2A, part 5, see ion 71QB(1).	27 28
	<i>tation notice</i> , for chapter 5, part 8, see section CA(1).	29 30

1 2 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 81]

			v ork va 40DA.	lue reasons, for chapter 5A, see section	1 2	
	(3)	Schedule 5, d	le 5, definition <i>award</i> , paragraph (a)—			
		omit, insert—			4	
			a) gen	erally, means—	5	
			(i)	a modern award; or	6	
			(ii)	an award made under chapter 5 or continued in force under this Act, including an award as amended under chapter 5; and	7 8 9 10	
	(4)	Schedule 5, d	efinition	n continuous service—	11	
		insert—			12	
			(c)	for chapter 2A, part 2, division 6, see section 71H.	13 14	
	(5)	Schedule 5, d (c), 'award'—		n <i>regular part-time employee</i> , paragraph	15 16	
		omit, insert—			17	
		iı	ndustria	l instrument	18	
Divi	sion			dment of Hospital and Health s Act 2011	19 20	
81	Act	tamended			21	
		This division 2011.	amend	ls the Hospital and Health Boards Act	22 23	
82	Am ind	endment of a ustrial relation	s 10 (S ons arr	tatewide employment and angements)	24 25	
	Sec	tion 10—			26	
	inse	ert—			27	

Clause

Clause

		(4) Under this Act, the chief executive may issue health employment directives to support employment and industrial relations arrangements in the public sector health system.	1 2 3 4
Clause	83	Amendment of s 19 (Functions of Services)	5
		Section 19(2)(c), after 'directives'—	6
		insert—	7
		and health employment directives	8
Clause	84	Amendment of s 20 (Powers of Services)	9
		(1) Section 20(3), after 'executives'—	10
		insert—	11
		and contracted senior health service employees	12
		(2) Section 20(4), note—	13
		omit.	14
Clause	85	Amendment of s 45 (Functions of chief executive)	15
		Section 45(g)—	16
		omit, insert—	17
		(g) to establish the conditions of employment	18
		for health service employees, including issuing health employment directives;	19 20
Clause	86	Amendment of s 46 (Delegation by chief executive)	21
		Section 46(2)(c), after 'directive'—	22
		insert—	23
		or health employment directive	24

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 87]

Clause	87	Am	endment o	of s 47 (H	ealth service directives)	1	
		(1)	Section 47	(1)(d), ', e	mployment'—	2	
			omit.			3	
		(2)	Section 47	(2)(c)—		4	
			omit.			5	
		(3)	Section 47	(2)(d) to (i)—	6	
			renumber a	as section 4	47(2)(c) to (h).	7	
		(4)	Section 47	(4) and (5)		8	
			omit.			9	
		(5)	Section 47	(6), definit	ion <i>delivery</i> , paragraph (a)(ii)—	10	
			omit, inser	<i>t</i> —		11	
				(ii)	the provision of training to health professionals or students in public sector health service facilities; and	12 13 14	
		(6)	Section 47	(6)—		15	
			47(4).	16			
Clause	88	Ino	ortion of n	ow pt 2	11 A	17	
Clause	00		ertion of not a state of the second s	ew pr 5, t		17 18	
			ert—			19	
		mse	Divisi	on 24	Chief executive may issue		
			DIVISIO		health employment	20 21	
					directives	21	
		51A Health employment directives					
			(1)	employn	nief executive may issue health nent directives about the conditions of nent for health service employees.	24 25 26	
		(2) Without limiting subsection (1), a healt employment directive may be about th following—					

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 88]

	(a)	the minimum remuneration for health	1
		executives and senior health service	2
		employees;	3
	(b)	the classification levels at which health	4
		executives and senior health service employees are to be employed;	5 6
	(c)	the terms of contracts for health executives	7
	(C)	and contracted senior health service	8
		employees;	9
	(d)	the conditions of employment for senior	10
		health service employees, other than	11
		contracted senior health service employees;	12
	(e)	the professional development and training of health service employees in accordance with	13 14
		the conditions of their employment.	14
(3)	A h	ealth employment directive may apply to any	16
		ll of the following—	17
	(a)	the department, a Service or all Services;	18
	(b)	health service employees, or a stated type of	19
		health service employee.	20
518 B	alatio	onship with legislation	21
		th employment directive is inconsistent with	21
an		or subordinate legislation, the Act or	22
sub	ordin		24
em	ployn	nent directive.	25
		onship between health employment es and other instruments	26 27
(1)		health employment directive is inconsistent	27
(1)	with		28 29
	-	ployment directive prevails over the industrial	30
		rument, unless a regulation provides	31
	othe	erwise.	32

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 88]

(2)	If a health employment directive is inconsistent	1							
	with a ruling made under the <i>Public Service Act</i>	2							
	<i>1958</i> , section 53, the health employment directive prevails over the ruling.	3 4							
(3)	If a health employment directive is inconsistent with a health service employee's contract of	5							
	with a health service employee's contract of employment, the health employment directive	6 7							
	prevails over the contract.	8							
(4)	In this section—	9							
	health employment directive includes a decision	10							
	made in the exercise of a discretion under the	11							
	directive.	12							
54 D D		1.0							
	ublication of health employment directives	13							
	health employment directive must be published in a	14							
	y that allows the directive to be accessed by health vice employees and members of the public,	15 16							
	luding, for example, on the internet.	10							
	6, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,							
51E H	ealth employment directives binding	18							
(1)	A health employment directive that applies to an	19							
	employee of the department is binding on the	20							
	employee and the department.	21							
(2)	A health employment directive that applies to an	22							
	employee of a Service is binding on the	23							
	employee and the Service.	24							
	Note—	25							
	A health employment directive may apply to both	26							
	employees of a department and a Service. See section $51A(3)$.	27 28							
51F Re	eview of health employment directives	29							
(1)	The chief executive must complete a review of a	30							
	health employment directive within 3 years after	31							
	Indust	Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013							
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				Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations [s 89]					
				it is made and afterwards within 3 years after the previous review.	1 2				
			(2)	If a directive is amended as a result of the review, the chief executive must publish the amended directive in a way that allows it to be accessed by members of the public, including, for example, on the internet.	3 4 5 6 7				
Clause	89	Am	nendment c	f s 66 (Conditions of employment)	8				
		(1)	Section 66	(1), after 'executive'—	9				
			insert—		10				
			or a	senior health service employee	11				
		(2)	Section 66	(1)—	12				
			insert—		13				
				(ab) the Industrial Relations Act 1999; and	14				
		(3)	Section 66	(1)(d), 'service'—	15				
			omit, insert	·	16				
			emj	ployment	17				
		(4)	Section 66	(1)(ab) to (e)—	18				
			renumber a	s section 66(1)(b) to (f).	19				
		(5)	Section 66	2)—	20				
			insert—		21				
				(ab) the Industrial Relations Act 1999; and	22				
		(6)	Section 66	(2)(c), 'service'—	23				
			omit, insert	·	24				
			emj	ployment	25				
		(7)	Section 66	(2)(ab) to (d)—	26				
			renumber a	s section 66(2)(b) to (e).	27				
		(8)	Section 66-	_	28				

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 90]

		insert—			1
		(2A)		enior health service employee's conditions of ployment are governed by—	2 3
			(a)	this Act; and	4
			(b)	the Industrial Relations Act 1999; and	5
			(c)	the applied Public Service law; and	6
			(d)	health employment directives; and	7
			(e)	an industrial instrument that applies to the employee; and	8 9
			(f)	if the employee is a contracted senior health service employee—the employee's contract.	10 11
	(9)	Section 66((3), af	ter 'in'—	12
		insert—			13
		a he	ealth o	employment directive or	14
	(10)	Section 66((2A) a	and (3)—	15
		renumber a	s sect	tion 66(3) and (4).	16
Clause 90		endment o ployees)	ofs6	7 (Appointment of health service	17 18
	(1)	Section 67((2), af	ter 'executive'—	19
		insert—			20
		or a	l cont	racted senior health service employee	21
	(2)	Section 67((4)(b)	, after 'executive'—	22
		insert—			23
		or a	seni	or health service employee	24
	(3)	Section 67((4)—		25
		insert—			26

	Industria	al Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations	
		[s 91]	
		(e) for an employee who is a senior health service employee—on contract for an indefinite term.	1 2 3
Clause	91	Amendment of s 68 (Contracted health service employees other than health executives)	4 5
		(1) Section 68, heading, after 'executives'—	6
		insert—	7
		or senior health service employees	8
		(2) Section 68(1), after 'executive'—	9
		insert—	10
		or a senior health service employee	11
Clause	92	Amendment of pt 5, div 2, hdg (Health executive service)	12
		Part 5, division 2, heading, after 'service'—	13
		insert—	14
		and senior health service employees	15
Clause	93	Insertion of new pt 5, div 2, sdiv 1, hdg	16
		Part 5, division 2, before section 70—	17
		insert—	18
		Subdivision 1 Health executive service	19
Clause	94	Insertion of new pt 5, div 2, sdiv 2 and sdiv 3, hdg	20
		After section 74—	21
		insert—	22

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 94]

Subdivision 2 Senior health service employees

74A Meaning of *senior health service employee*

(1) A *senior health service employee* is a health service employee appointed at the classification level prescribed by a regulation.

1

2

3

4

5

6

- (2)However, regulation may prescribe 7 a а classification level for subsection (1) only if the 8 remuneration of all employees at the 9 classification level is more than the high-income 10 threshold. 11
- (3) Without limiting the matters to which the 12 Minister may have regard in deciding whether to 13 recommend the making of a regulation under 14 subsection (1), the Minister may have regard to 15 the role, responsibilities and functions performed 16 at the classification level. 17
- (4) In this section— 18

high-incomethresholdseetheIndustrial19Relations Act 1999, section 191.20

remuneration, of an employee, see the *Industrial* 21 *Relations Act 1999*, section 192. 22

74B Terms of contract for contracted senior health23service employees24

- (1) This section applies to a contracted senior health 25 service employee. 26
- (2) The employee's contract of employment must be 27 entered into with— 28
 - (a) for an employee of the department—the 29 chief executive; or 30
 - (b) for an employee of a Service—the health 31 service chief executive. 32

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 95]

		(3)	The employee's contract of employment must be in writing and state each of the following—	1 2
			(a) whether the contract is for a fixed term or an indefinite term;	- 3 4
			(b) if the contract is for a fixed term—the length of the term;	5 6
			(c) the employee's functions;	7
			(d) that the employee must meet any performance criteria stated in the contract;	8 9
			(e) the employee's classification level, and the remuneration to which the employee is entitled;	10 11 12
			(f) the period of notice of resignation or termination that is required to be given before the notice takes effect.	13 14 15
		Subdiv	vision 3 Excluded matters	16
Clause	95	Amendment o review under o	f s 75 (Exclusion of certain matters from other Acts)	17 18
		(1) Section 75(2)—	19
		omit.		20
		(2) Section 75(5), definition <i>excluded matter</i> , after 'executive'—	21
		insert—		22
		or a	senior health service employee	23
		(3) Section 75(3) to (5)—	24
		<i>renumber</i> a	s section 75(2) to (4).	25
Clause	96		76 (Fixing of remuneration packages and levels for health executives)	26 27
		Section 76—		28

	Industria Bill 2013	al Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment 3						
	Part 2 A [s 97]	mendments relating to industrial relations						
		omit.	1					
Clause	97	Amendment of s 78 (Transfer of health service employees)	2 3					
		Section 78(4), 'for a fixed term'—	4					
		omit.	5					
Clause	98	Amendment of s 79 (Entitlement on ending of particular employment contracts)	6 7					
		Section 79(1), after 'executive'—	8					
		insert—	9					
		or a senior health service employee	10					
Clause	99	Amendment of s 80 (Departmental health service employees to be employed by Services)						
		Section 80(1), after 'that Service'—	13					
		insert—	14					
		, other than a person to whom section 80AA applies	15					
Clause	100	Insertion of new s 80AA	16					
		After section 80—	17					
		insert—	18					
		80AA High-income senior employees to be employed by Services						
		(1) This section applies to a person—	21					
		 (a) employed in the department who is working for a Service immediately before the prescribed day for that Service; and 	22 23 24					
		(b) who becomes a high-income senior employee on the same day as the prescribed day.	25 26 27					

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 100]

(2)	From the prescribed day, the person is taken to be employed by the Service on the conditions that apply to the person under section 66.	1 2 3
	Note—	4
	See also the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1999</i> , sections 194 and 195 regarding the person's conditions of employment.	5 6 7
(3)	The following apply for the person—	8
	 (a) the person's accruing rights, including to superannuation or recreation, sick, long service or other leave are not affected; 	9 10 11
	 (b) continuity of service is not interrupted, except that the person is not entitled to claim the benefit of a right or entitlement more than once in relation to the same period of service; 	12 13 14 15 16
	 (c) the employment does not constitute a termination of employment or a retrenchment or redundancy; 	17 18 19
	(d) the person is not entitled to a payment or other benefit because the person is no longer employed in the department.	20 21 22
(4)	Subject to this section, the chief executive may issue a direction to a person to facilitate the transition of employees from the department to a Service.	23 24 25 26
(5)	A person given a direction must comply with the direction.	27 28
(6)	In this section—	29
. ,	<i>high-income senior employee</i> see the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1999</i> , section 189.	30 31

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 101]

Clause	101			0B (Matters and proceedings not s becoming employees of prescribed	1 2 3
		Section 80B(1)(a	a), aft	er '80'—	4
		insert—			5
		or 8	0AA		6
Clause	102	Insertion of ne	ew s	80C	7
		Part 5—			8
		insert—			9
		per	sons	and proceedings not affected by becoming contracted senior health employees in Service	10 11 12
		(1)	This	section applies if—	13
			(a)	a person appointed as a contracted senior health service employee in a Service was, immediately before the appointment, employed in the department; and	14 15 16 17
			(b)	before the person was appointed in the Service, a proceeding was taken by or against the person or anything else was done in relation to the person as an employee of the department; and	18 19 20 21 22
			(c)	the proceeding or other thing had not been completed immediately before the person was appointed in the Service.	23 24 25
		(2)	after the	proceeding may be continued and completed the day the person becomes an employee in Service by or against the Service instead of department.	26 27 28 29
		(3)	may	anything other than a proceeding, the thing be continued unaffected by the person oming an employee of the Service.	30 31 32

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 103]

		Exe	amples for subsection (3)—	1
			A recruitment and selection process involving a person employed in the department, started before the day the person becomes an employee in the Service, may continue after the day.	2 3 4 5
			The approval of the annual leave for a person employed in the department before the day the person becomes an employee in the Service is effective after that day.	6 7 8 9
Clause	103	Insertion of new p	ot 13, div 4	10
		Part 13—		11
		insert—		12
		Division 4	Transitional provision for	13
			the Industrial Relations	14
			(Fair Work Act	15
			Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation	16
			Amendment Act 2013	17 18
		320 Senior	health service employees	19
		service	74A applies to a person appointed as a health employee, whether the appointment was made or after the commencement of the section.	20 21 22
Clause	104	Amendment of sc	h 2 (Dictionary)	23
		(1) Schedule 2—		24
		insert—		25
		me	<i>ntracted senior health service employee</i> ans a senior health service employee pointed on contract under section 67.	26 27 28
		em	alth employment directive means a health ployment directive issued by the chief ecutive under section 51A.	29 30 31

[s 105]

		(2)	<i>senior health service employee</i> see section 74A. Schedule 2, definition <i>appoint</i> , paragraph (a), after 'second'— <i>insert</i> —	1 2 3
	Divi	sion	 a contract with Amendment of Trading (Allowable Hours) Act 1990 	4 5 6
Clause	105	Ac	t amended	7
			This division amends the Trading (Allowable Hours) Act 1990.	8 9
Clause	106	Am	nendment of s 4 (Meaning of terms)	10
		(1)	Section 4, heading—	11
			omit, insert—	12
			4 Dictionary	13
		(2)	Section 4, definition <i>commissioner</i> —	14
			omit.	15
		(3)	Section 4—	16
			insert—	17
			<i>full bench</i> , of the industrial commission, see the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1999</i> , section 256(2).	18 19
			<i>vice-president</i> means the vice-president of the industrial commission under the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1999</i> .	20 21 22
		(4)	Section 4, definitions—	23
			relocate to schedule 1, as inserted by this Act.	24
		(5)	Section 4, 'In this Act—'—	25
			omit, insert—	26

Clause	109		placement ction 22—	of s 22 (Orders on exhibitions etc.)	26 27
			renumber a	as section 21(2) to (4).	25
		(4)	Section 21	(1A) to (3)—	24
				<i>public holiday</i> includes, if another day is substituted for a public holiday under the <i>Holidays Act 1983</i> , section 3, the day that would have been the public holiday if the substitution had not happened.	19 20 21 22 23
			(3)	In this section—	18
			omit, inser	<i>t</i> —	17
		(3)	Section 21	(3)—	16
			ind	ustrial commission	15
			omit, inser		14
		(2)	Section 21	(1A) and (2), 'full bench'—	13
			The		12
		(-)	omit, inser		11
Clause	108		ops)	of s 21 (Trading hours orders on non-exempt (1), 'A full bench of the'—	8 9 10
0	400			-	7
		Om	it, insert—	d special exhibitions	6 7
			•	', exhibitions and special displays'—	5
Clause	107	sho	ops, exhibi	of pt 5, hdg (Orders concerning non-exempt tions and special displays)	3 4
				e dictionary in schedule 1 defines particular words ed in this Act.	1 2
				[s 107]	
	Industr	ial Rela	ations (Fair Wo	rk Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations	
	Inductr	ial Rola	ations (Eair Wo	rk Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment	

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 110]

omit, insert—			1
22 Ap	prova	al of special exhibitions	2
(1)	The	industrial commission may, by order-	3
	(a)	approve the holding of a special exhibition of goods, other than goods that a reasonable person would expect to be sold in an exempt shop; and	4 5 6 7
	(b)	impose conditions on the holding of the exhibition.	8 9
(2)		• •	10 11
	(a)	on a permanent or temporary basis; or	12
	(b)	in a shop or elsewhere.	13
(3)		-	14 15
	(a)	fix the following for any day on which a special exhibition may be held—	16 17
		(i) the earliest time the exhibition may open;	18 19
		(ii) the latest time by which the exhibition must close; or	20 21
	(b)	permit, prohibit, or impose conditions on, selling, and taking orders for the sale of, goods—	22 23 24
		(i) exhibited or displayed; or	25
		(ii) of a description of the goods exhibited or displayed.	26 27
			28 29
Section 23, '22(1)'—		30
omit, insert—			31
	 22 Ap((1) (2) (3) Amendment of proceedings of Section 23, '22(22 Approva (1) The (a) (b) (2) The spece (a) (b) (3) With may (a) (b) (3) With may (a) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	 22 Approval of special exhibitions The industrial commission may, by order— approve the holding of a special exhibition of goods, other than goods that a reasonable person would expect to be sold in an exempt shop; and b) impose conditions on the holding of the exhibition. (2) The order may provide for the holding of the special exhibition— on a permanent or temporary basis; or in a shop or elsewhere. (3) Without limiting subsection (1)(b), a condition may, for example— the earliest time the exhibition may open; the latest time by which the exhibition must close; or (b) permit, prohibit, or impose conditions on, selling, and taking orders for the sale of, goods— exhibited or displayed; or of a description of the goods exhibited or displayed.

Clause

	Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013						
				Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations			
				[s 111]			
			22		1		
Clause	111	Ins	ertion of ne	ew s 23A	2		
		Afte	er section 23		3		
		inse	ert—		4		
			23A Ret	ference to full bench	5		
			(1)	This section applies to the matter of an order under section 21 or 22.	6 7		
			(2)	The vice-president may refer the matter to the full bench of the industrial commission.	8 9		
			(3)	The referral may be made—	10		
				(a) at any stage of the proceedings for the matter, including before the hearing of the matter starts; and	11 12 13		
				(b) on the terms the vice-president considers appropriate.	14 15		
			(4)	The full bench may hear and decide the matter referred to it and make the decision it considers appropriate.	16 17 18		
			(5)	This section does not limit the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1999</i> , section 281.	19 20		
Clause	112	Am	endment o	f s 25 (Leave may be granted by full bench)	21		
		(1)	Section 25,	heading, 'full bench'—	22		
			omit, insert		23		
			ind	ustrial commission	24		
		(2)	Section 25(1), 'a full bench of'—	25		
			omit.		26		
		(3)	Section 25(3), 'A full bench of the'—	27		
			omit, insert		28		

		The	1
Clause	113	Amendment of s 27 (Summary dismissal of application) Section 27, 'a full bench of'— <i>omit</i> .	2 3 4
Clause	114	Replacement of s 29 (Compliance with conditions for exhibitions etc.) Section 29— omit, insert— 29 Compliance with conditions of special exhibitions order (1) This section applies if an order of the industrial commission made under section 22 imposes conditions on the holding of a special exhibition. (2) Each of the following persons must comply with the conditions of the order— (a) a person who holds or organises the special exhibition; (b) a person who occupies an exhibit or display in the special exhibition. 	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19
Clause	115	Insertion of new pt 8, div 3 After section 49— <i>insert</i> —	20 21 22

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 115]

Divisi	ion 3	Transitional provisions for Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2013	1 2 3 4 5 6
50 De	efinitions fo	or div 3	7
In	this division	I—	8
	<i>commenc</i> this sectio	<i>cement</i> means the commencement of on.	f 9 10
		<i>tion 256</i> (1)(b).	t 11 12
		a provision of this Act, means the as in force from the commencement.	e 13 14
		for a provision of this Act, means the as in force immediately before the ement.	
51 Pr	oceedings	started before commencement	18
(1)	under pre commenc	ion applies to the matter of an order vious section 21 or $22(1)$ if, before the ment, a proceeding for the matter had red but not decided or otherwise ended.	e 20
(2)	hear and the matter	bench of the industrial commission must decide, or continue to hear and decide r under this Act as in force immediately e commencement.	, 24
(3)	However, commenc started—	if immediately before the ement the hearing of the matter had no	

Part 2 Amendments relating to industrial relations

[s 116]

			(a)	the vice-president may reallocate the matter to an industrial commission constituted by a commissioner sitting alone; and	1 2 3
			(b)	the industrial commission must hear and decide the matter under this Act as in force immediately before the commencement.	4 5 6
		52 Spe	ecial	exhibition orders	7
		(1)	prev con	s section applies to an order made under vious section 22 by the industrial commission stituted by the full bench or a commissioner ng alone.	8 9 10 11
		(2)	an c	m the commencement, the order is taken to be order of the industrial commission made under v section 22.	12 13 14
Clause	116	Insertion of ne	ew s	ch 1	15
		After section 52	, as ii	nserted by this Act—	16
		insert—			17
		Scheo	dule	e 1 Dictionary	18
				section 4	19
	Divis	ion 4		nor and consequential endments	20 21
Clause	117	Legislation an Schedule 1		led nds the legislation it mentions.	22 23

[s 118]

	Part	3 Other amendments	1
	Divis	sion 1 Amendment of Superannuation (State Public Sector) Act 1990	2 3
Clause	118	Act amended	4
		This division amends the Superannuation (State Public Sector) Act 1990.	5 6
Clause	119	Amendment of s 2 (Interpretation)	7
		(1) Section 2, definitions appropriately qualified, AWUQ, chairperson, disqualified person, employer trustee, independent director, member entity trustee, QCU and quorum—	8 9 10 11
		omit.	12
		(2) Section 2, definition <i>alternate trustee</i> , 'section 6C'—	13
		omit, insert—	14
		this Act	15
Clause	120	Amendment of s 3 (Establishment of board)	16
		Section 3(6), 'Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 (Cwlth)'—	17 18
		omit, insert—	19
		SIS Act	20
Clause	121	Replacement of ss 5–6AA	21
		Sections 5 to 6AA—	22
		omit, insert—	23

[s 122]

		5 Membership of the board	1
		(1) The board consists of the number of trustees prescribed under a regulation.	2 3
		(2) The trustees are to be appointed by the Minister in the way prescribed under a regulation.	4 5
Clause	122	Renumbering of s 6B (Appointment not affected by other laws restricting employment)	6 7
		Section 6B—	8
		renumber as section 6.	9
Clause	123	Omission of ss 6C–6DAA	10
		Sections 6C to 6DAA—	11
		omit.	12
Clause	124	Renumbering of ss 6DA–6F	13
		Sections 6DA to 6F—	14
		renumber as sections 6A to 6C.	15
Clause	125	Omission of ss 6G–6J	16
		Sections 6G to 6J—	17
		omit.	18
Clause	126	Replacement of s 31 (Regulations)	19
		Section 31—	20
		omit, insert—	21
		31 Regulation-making power	22
		(1) The Governor in Council may make regulations under this Act.	23 24

	(2)		hout limiting subsection (1), a regulation may nade about any of the following—	1 2
		(a)	the membership of the board;	3
		(b)	the eligibility requirements for trustees and alternate trustees;	4 5
		(c)	the appointment of trustees by the Minister;	6
		(d)	the appointment of alternate trustees by the board and the functions and powers of trustees that may be performed and exercised by alternate trustees;	7 8 9 10
		(e)	revoking the appointment of trustees or alternate trustees;	11 12
		(f)	filling vacancies in the office of a trustee or an alternate trustee;	13 14
		(g)	matters relating to the chairperson and deputy chairperson of the board including—	15 16
			(i) the appointment of a trustee as chairperson; and	17 18
			(ii) the election of a trustee as deputy chairperson;	19 20
		(h)	the conduct of the board's business, including providing for the holding of, and attendance and voting at, board meetings.	21 22 23
Clause 127	Insertion of ne	ew p	t 6, div 5	24
	Part 6—			25
	insert—			26

[s 128]

		Divisio	on 5	Transitional provision for Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2013	1 2 3 4 5 6
		44 Ap	pointments	s of existing trustees end	7
		(1)		on applies to a trustee holding office ly before the commencement of this	8 9 10
		(2)		nmencement, the trustee's appointment ne office is vacated.	11 12
	Divis	ion 2		nent of Superannuation ublic Sector) Regulation	13 14 15
Clause	128	Regulation an	nended		16
			ion amends gulation 2006	the <i>Superannuation</i> (<i>State Public</i> 6.	17 18
Clause	129	Insertion of ne	ew pt 1 hdg]	19
		Before section 1			20
		insert—			21
		Part 1		Preliminary	22
Clause	130	Insertion of ne	ew s 2A		23
		After section 2–	_		24
		insert—			25

			[0 101]	
		2A Inter	pretation	1
			ictionary in schedule 2 defines particular words n this regulation.	2 3
Clause	131	Insertion of new	/ pt 2	4
		After new section	2A—	5
		insert—		6
		Part 2	Board of trustees	7
		2B Mem	bership of the board	8
			The Minister must, under section 5 of the Act, appoint—	9 10
		(a) 4 trustees as representing employers (<i>employer trustees</i>); and	11 12
		(b) 4 member representative trustees, of whom 1 is to be nominated by—	13 14
			(i) the Queensland Police Union; and	15
			(ii) the Queensland Nurses' Union; and	16
			(iii) the Queensland Teachers' Union; and	17
			(iv) Together Queensland.	18
		r a	With the board's written consent, the Minister nay also appoint 1 other trustee if, when appointed, the person will be an independent lirector of the board.	19 20 21 22
		2C Appo	pintment of trustees	23
			A person may be appointed as a trustee only if he person—	24 25
		(a) is eligible to be a trustee; and	26

	Note—	1
	See section 2D.	2
	(b) gives written consent for the appointment.	3
(2)	An appointment of a trustee must be made by gazette notice.	4 5
2D Eli	gibility	6
(1)	A person is eligible to be a trustee if the person is—	7 8
	(a) an adult; and	9
	(b) not a disqualified person; and	10
	(c) appropriately qualified to perform the functions, and exercise the powers, of a trustee.	11 12 13
(2)	If a person holding the office of trustee becomes a disqualified person, the person must immediately give written notice to the board that the person is a disqualified person.	14 15 16 17
(3)	In this section—	18
	trustee includes an alternate trustee.	19
2E Te	rm of appointment	20
(1)	A trustee is appointed for the term, of not more than 3 years, stated in the gazette notice.	21 22
(2)	A trustee may be reappointed.	23
(3)	However, a person must not be appointed if the total of the person's terms of appointment would be more than 9 years.	24 25 26
2F Va	cancy in the office of trustee	27
(1)	The office of a trustee becomes vacant if—	28

	(a) the Minister revokes the trustee's appointment; or
	(b) the trustee—
	(i) resigns by signed notice given to the Minister; or
	(ii) becomes a disqualified person.
(2)	The Minister must not revoke the appointment of a member representative trustee other than on a request by the board under section 2G.
	oard may ask Minister to revoke trustee's pointment
(1)	The board may ask the Minister to revoke a trustee's appointment—
	 (a) if the trustee is absent from 3 board meetings in a financial year, of which the trustee has been given notice under procedures approved by the board, without the board's leave and without reasonable excuse; or
	(b) if the board is satisfied the trustee is unable to perform the trustee's functions because of a physical or mental incapacity; or
	to perform the trustee's functions because of
	to perform the trustee's functions because of a physical or mental incapacity; or(c) if the board is satisfied that, if the trustee remains as a trustee, it is likely the board will not meet the prudential standards under
(2)	 to perform the trustee's functions because of a physical or mental incapacity; or (c) if the board is satisfied that, if the trustee remains as a trustee, it is likely the board will not meet the prudential standards under the SIS Act, part 3A that apply to it; or (d) in the circumstances prescribed under the

	(i) that the board proposes to ask the Minister to revoke the trustee's appointment; and	1 2 3
	(ii) the reason for making the request; and	4
	(iii) that the trustee may, within a stated reasonable time of not less than 14 days, give the board a written submission about why the board should not make the request; and	5 6 7 8 9
	(b) have regard to any submissions received from the trustee within the stated time.	10 11
(3)	Also, before asking the Minister to revoke a member representative trustee's appointment under subsection $(1)(a)$, (b) or (d) , the board must obtain the written approval of the entity that nominated the trustee for appointment.	12 13 14 15 16
(4)	The Minister must comply with a request from the board under this section.	17 18
2H Fill	ing a vacancy in the office of a trustee	19
(1)	This section applies if the office of a trustee becomes vacant before the end of the term of the trustee's appointment (the <i>original term</i>).	20 21 22
(2)	The Minister must—	23
	(a) for an employer trustee—appoint another person to the office; or	24 25
	(b) for a member representative trustee—appoint a person nominated by the entity that nominated the trustee whose office has become vacant.	26 27 28 29
(3)	Subject to subsection (4), the Minister must appoint a trustee to fill a vacancy within 90 days after it happens.	30 31 32

(4)	If the Minister does not receive a nomination for a vacancy in the office of a member representative trustee from the relevant nominating entity in time to fill the vacancy within 90 days after it happens, the Minister must appoint a trustee to fill the vacancy as soon as practicable after receiving the nomination.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
(5)	An appointment to fill the vacancy must be for a term ending at the end of the original term.	8 9
2I Alt	ernate trustees	10
(1)	The board may appoint alternate trustees to—	11
	(a) act in the office of a trustee during a vacancy in the office; and	12 13
	(b) attend board meetings in the place of trustees who are unable to attend the meetings; and	14 15 16
	(c) exercise the absent trustees' powers at the meetings.	17 18
(2)	However, at any time there must not be more than 2 alternate trustees.	19 20
(3)	The board must, if it decides to appoint alternate trustees, publish a policy about the role of alternate trustees.	21 22 23
2J Ap	pointment of alternate trustees	24
(1)	The board may appoint a person as alternate trustee only if the person—	25 26
	(a) is eligible to be appointed as a trustee; and	27
	Note—	28
	See section 2D.	29
	(b) gives written consent to the appointment.	30

Part 3 Other amendments

[s 131]

(2)	An alternate trustee must be appointed for a stated term of not more than 3 years.	1 2
(3)	The office of an alternate trustee becomes vacant if the trustee—	3 4
	(a) resigns by signed notice given to the chairperson; or	5 6
	(b) becomes a disqualified person.	7
2K Ch	airperson	8
(1)	The Minister must appoint 1 of the trustees as chairperson of the board.	9 10
(2)	The Minister may appoint a trustee as chairperson only with the trustee's written consent.	11 12 13
(3)	The Minister must consult with the board before making or revoking an appointment of a chairperson.	14 15 16
(4)	An appointment under this section must—	17
	(a) be signed by the Minister; and	18
	(b) be for a stated term of not more than 3 years.	19
(5)	The office of chairperson becomes vacant if—	20
	(a) the chairperson's term of appointment as trustee ends; or	21 22
	(b) the chairperson resigns the office of chairperson by signed notice given to the Minister; or	23 24 25
	(c) the chairperson stops being a trustee.	26
2L De	puty chairperson	27
(1)	The trustees may elect one of their number as	28

(1)The trustees may elect one of their number as
deputy chairperson of the board if the person
consents to the election.28
29
30

	[3 101]	
(2)	The person elected must be—	1
	(a) if the chairperson is an employer trustee—a member representative trustee; or	2 3
	(b) if the chairperson is a member representative trustee—an employer trustee.	4 5
(3)	A person is elected deputy chairperson if at least a quorum of trustees vote for the person to be deputy chairperson.	6 7 8
(4)	The office of deputy chairperson becomes vacant if—	9 10
	(a) the deputy chairperson's term of appointment as trustee ends; or	11 12
	(b) the deputy chairperson resigns the office of deputy chairperson by signed notice given to the board; or	13 14 15
	(c) the deputy chairperson stops being a trustee; or	16 17
	(d) the deputy chairperson stops being a person who may be elected under subsection (2).	18 19
2M Co	nduct of business	20
con	ject to the Act and this regulation, the board may duct its business, including its meetings, in the t considers appropriate.	21 22 23
2N Tim	e and place of meetings	24
(1)	Board meetings are to be held at the times and places the board decides.	25 26
(2)	The chairperson—	27
	(a) may call a meeting at any time; and	28
	(b) must call a meeting on the written request of at least a quorum of trustees.	29 30

20 Coi	nduct of meetings	1
(1)	Board meetings are to be presided over by-	2
	(a) if the chairperson is present—the chairperson; or	3 4
	(b) if the chairperson is not present—the deputy chairperson; or	5 6
	(c) if neither the chairperson nor the deputy chairperson is present—another trustee chosen by the trustees who are present.	7 8 9
(2)	A resolution is passed at a board meeting only if at least a quorum of trustees vote in favour of it.	10 11
(3)	A trustee present at a meeting who abstains from voting is taken to have voted for the negative.	12 13
(4)	The board may hold meetings, or permit trustees to take part in meetings, by telephone, video link, or another form of communication that allows reasonably contemporaneous and continuous communication between the trustees taking part in the meeting.	14 15 16 17 18 19
(5)	A trustee who takes part in a meeting under subsection (4) is taken to be present at the meeting.	20 21 22
2P Res	solutions other than at meetings	23
(1)	A resolution may be made by the board other than at a board meeting if—	24 25
	(a) at least a quorum of trustees give written agreement to the resolution; and	26 27
	(b) notice of the resolution is given under procedures approved by the board.	28 29
(2)	The resolution is taken to have been made as soon as the number of trustees who have given written agreement to the resolution is at least a quorum.	30 31 32 33

		Part 3 Miscellaneous
Clause	132	Amendment of s 3 (Units of the State public sector—/ s 2(1))
		Section 3, 'the schedule'—
		omit, insert—
		schedule 1
Clause	133	Omission of s 5 (Prescribed number—Act, s 5)
		Section 5—
		omit.
Clause	134	Insertion of new pt 4
		After section 6—
		insert—
		Part 4 Transitional provisio
		for Industrial Relation
		(Fair Work Act
		Harmonisation No. 2 and Other Legislation
		Amendment Act 201
		7 Particular persons may hold office as trust for more than 9 years
		(1) This section applies to a person who held c as a trustee immediately before commencement of this section.
		(2) Despite section 2E(3), the Minister reappoint the person as a trustee even if—

[s 135]

		(a) the total of the person's terms of appointment as trustee is more than 9 years; or	1 2 3
		(b) the appointment will mean the total of the person's term of appointment will be more than 9 years.	4 5 6
Clause	135	Amendment of schedule (Units of the State public sector)	7
		Schedule—	8
		number as schedule 1.	9
Clause	136	Insertion of new sch 2	10
		After schedule 1, as numbered—	11
		insert—	12
		Schedule 2 Dictionary	13
		section 2A	14
		<i>chairperson</i> means the trustee holding office as the chairperson under section 2K.	15 16
		<i>employer trustee</i> means a trustee mentioned in section $2B(1)(a)$.	17 18
		<i>disqualified person</i> has the meaning given under the SIS Act, section 120.	19 20
		<i>independent director</i> has the meaning given under the SIS Act, section $10(1)$ and (2) .	21 22
		<i>member representative trustee</i> means a trustee mentioned in section $2B(1)(b)$.	23 24
		<i>quorum</i> , of trustees, means, at any particular time, the number that is two-thirds of the total number of trustees holding office at the time.	25 26 27

Schedule 1

Scł	nedule 1	Minor and consequential amendments	1 2
		section 117	3
Par	t 1	Amendments commencing on assent	4 5
Indu	ustrial Relation	ons Act 1999	6
1	Section 164(2)—	7
	insert—	(c) it expires under subsection (3).	8 9
2	Section 164-	_	10
	insert—		11
	(3)	A certified agreement expires at the end of the day that is 3 years after the nominal expiry date for the agreement unless it is sooner replaced by another certified agreement or terminated.	12 13 14 15
3	Section 259/	A —	16
	omit.		17
4	Section 259/	AA(1)—	18
	insert—		19
		Note—	20
		Chapter 8A provided for the appointment of the ombudsman. That chapter was repealed by the <i>Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2013.</i>	21 22 23 24

Schedule 1

insert— Note— Chapter 8A provided for the appointment of the onbudsman. That chapter was repealed by the Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2013. Section 264(5), 'An industrial commissioner'— omit, insert— A commissioner Chapter 8A— omit. Section 353(4), definition workplace— omit. Section 353(4)— branch, of an organisation, see section 409. workplace— (a) means a place in or on which the inspector reasonably suspects a calling is, has been, or is about to be carried on; and (b) includes a place of business used or organisation or an associated entity of an organisation. Section 356(1)(a), 'instrument—'—	ection 264(4	—	
Chapter 8A provided for the appointment of the ombudsman. That chapter was repealed by the Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2013. Section 264(5), 'An industrial commissioner'— omit, insert— A commissioner Chapter 8A— omit. Section 353(4), definition workplace— omit. Section 353(4)— insert— branch, of an organisation, see section 409. workplace— (a) means a place in or on which the inspector reasonably suspects a calling is, has been, or is about to be carried on; and (b) includes a place of business used or occupied by an organisation, a branch of an organisation or an associated entity of an organisation or an associated entity of an organisation.	isert—		
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 reasonably suspects a calling is, has been, or is about to be carried on; and (b) includes a place of business used or occupied by an organisation, a branch of an organisation or an associated entity of an organisation. 		workplace—	
occupied by an organisation, a branch of an organisation or an associated entity of an organisation.		reasonably suspects a calling is, has been	
Section 356(1)(a), 'instrument—'—		occupied by an organisation, a branch organisation or an associated entity o	of an
3 c		(a) 'instrument_'_	
omit, insert—	antion 256/1		

Industrial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013 Schedule 1 instrument any of the following persons (each a 1 relevant person)— 2 11 Section 356(1)(a)(i), 'or'-3 omit. 4 12 Section 356(1)(a)(ii), 'and'-5 omit. 6 Section 356(1)(a)-13 7 insert— 8 (iii) an officer of an organisation or a 9 branch of an organisation; 10 (iv) a person who— 11 (A) is at a place of business used or 12 occupied by an associated entity 13 of an organisation; and 14 (B) is in control, or appears to the 15 inspector to be in control, of the 16 place; and 17 14 Section 356(1)(b) and (2), 'employer or person'— 18 omit, insert— 19 relevant person 20 Section 356(3), 'The person'-15 21 omit, insert— 22 The relevant person 23 Section 356(5), 'an employee'-16 24 omit, insert— 25

Schedule 1

	a relevant person who is an employee	1
17	Section 662(4), definition <i>official</i> —	2
	omit, insert—	3
	official means—	4
	(a) an inspector; or	5
	(b) the registrar.	6
18	Section 663(6), definition <i>official</i> , paragraphs (d) and (e)— omit.	7 8 9
19	Section 702(3), definition <i>official</i> , paragraphs (g) and (h)— <i>omit</i> .	10 11 12
20	Schedule 5, definitions <i>ombudsman</i> and <i>QWRO— omit</i> .	13 14
Inte	grity Act 2009	15

1	Schedule 1, entry for <i>Industrial Relations Act 1999</i> , 'the Queensland workplace rights ombudsman'—	
	omit.	18

Indust	rial Relations (Fair Work Act Harmonisation No. 2) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2013	
	Schedule 1	
Pub	lic Service Act 2008	
1	Schedule 1, entry for Queensland Workplace Rights Office—	,
	omit.	4
Par	t 2 Amendments commencing on 1 December 2013	-
Indi	ustrial Relations Act 1999	,
1	Section 72(2), after '69'—	
	insert—	
	or 71GZH	
2	Section 73(2)(k), after 'parental leave'—	
	insert—	
	under chapter 2 or 2A	
3	Section 73(2)(ka), 'or 40(7)'—	
	omit, insert—	
	, 40(7), 71FE or 71FI	
4	Section 160(6), definition <i>entitlements or protections</i> , paragraph (b), ', including as reviewed by a general ruling	
	of the full bench,'—	
	omit, insert—	
	, chapter 2A	

Schedule 1

5	Section 311A(2), ', or a statement of policy under section 288,'—	1 2
	omit.	3
6	Section 311A(3), 'or statement of policy'—	4
	omit.	5
7	Sections 366(1)(d), 367(1)(d) and 665(1)(b), after '47'—	6
	insert—	7
	or 71HJ	8
8	Section 692D(5), after 'chapter 2'—	9
	insert—	10
	or 2A	11

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