

Queensland

Higher Education (General Provisions) Bill 2008



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2008

A Bill

for

An Act to provide for the establishment, recognition, registration and operation of higher education institutions and the accreditation of courses offered by certain higher education institutions, and for related and other purposes

[s	1]

The Pa	The Parliament of Queensland enacts—			1
Part	1		Preliminary	2
1	Shc	ort tit	le	3
			Act may be cited as the Higher Education (General visions) Act 2008.	4 5
2	Cor	nme	ncement	6
		This	Act commences on a day to be fixed by proclamation.	7
3	Act	bind	ls all persons	8
	(1)	the	Act binds all persons, including the State, and, as far as legislative power of the Parliament permits, the monwealth and the other States.	9 10 11
	(2)		ning in this Act makes the Commonwealth or a State e to be prosecuted for an offence.	12 13
4	Def	initic	ons	14
		The this	dictionary in schedule 2 defines particular words used in Act.	15 16
5	Obj	ects	of Act	17
	(1)	The	objects of this Act are—	18
		(a)	to uphold the standards of education delivered by higher education institutions operating in the State; and	19 20
		(b)	to uphold the standards of education delivered by higher education institutions approved to be established or recognised, authorised to operate, or registered, under this Act, when operating outside the State; and	21 22 23 24

[s	5]
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	(c)	to maintain public confidence in the higher education sector in the State.	1 2
(2)	The	objects are to be achieved mainly by the following—	3
	(a)	establishing a process for the registration of non self-accrediting higher education institutions;	4 5
	(b)	providing for the accreditation of higher education courses proposed to be offered by non self-accrediting higher education institutions;	6 7 8
	(c)	establishing a process for granting self-accrediting authority to higher education institutions other than universities;	9 10 11
	(d)	providing for the recognition of higher education institutions that have authority to operate as self-accrediting higher education institutions in another Australian jurisdiction;	12 13 14 15
	(e)	establishing a process for the establishment or recognition of universities, specialised universities, university colleges and specialised university colleges in the State;	16 17 18 19
	(f)	providing for the approval of the operation of interstate universities, interstate specialised universities, interstate university colleges and interstate specialised university colleges in the State;	20 21 22 23
	(g)	providing for the approval of the operation of overseas higher education institutions in the State;	24 25
	(h)	limiting the use of a title that consists of, or includes, the word 'university'.	26 27

[s 6]

Part 2		Non self-accrediting higher education institutions	1 2
Divisi	on 1	Preliminary	3
6	Definition for pt 2		4
	In t	his part—	5
	Gui Pro self acc	<i>ional guidelines</i> means the document entitled 'National idelines for Higher Education Approval cesses—Guidelines for the registration of non f-accrediting higher education institutions and the reditation of their course/s' that was approved by the insterial Council on 31 October 2007.	6 7 8 9 10 11
7 Limitation on operation of non self-accrediting higher education institution		ion on operation of non self-accrediting higher ion institution	12 13
	offe	non self-accrediting higher education institution must not er a higher education course unless the course is an redited course for the institution.	14 15 16
	Ma	ximum penalty—200 penalty units.	17
Divisi	on 2	Application for registration	18
8	Proced	ural requirements for application	19
	regi	e governing body of an entity may apply to the Minister for istration of the entity as a non self-accrediting higher location institution.	20 21 22
	(2) The	e application must—	23
	(a)	be in writing; and	24
	(b)	state the place where the entity is to operate; and	25

[s 9]

(c)	include the information required to be provided under the national guidelines; and	1 2
(d)	be accompanied by an application under section 23 for accreditation of a course proposed to be offered by the entity; and	3 4 5
(e)	be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	6 7
rther	information or document to support application	8
appl least docu	icant to give the Minister, within the reasonable time of at t 14 days stated in the notice, further information or a ument the Minister reasonably requires to decide the	9 10 11 12 13
appl	icant does not comply with the requirement within the	14 15 16
cisio	n on application	17
		18 19
The	Minister may grant the application only if the Minister—	20
(a)	is satisfied the entity complies with the national protocols and national guidelines; and	21 22
(b)	at the same time, grants accreditation of at least 1 higher education course the entity proposes to offer.	23 24
In de	eciding the application, the Minister may—	25
(a)	examine the proposed operation of the entity both inside and outside the State; and	26 27
(b)	make any other enquiries the Minister considers appropriate.	28 29
	 (d) (e) rther The apple lease doct apple apple state cisio The apple state cisio The or reference (a) (b) In de (a) 	 the national guidelines; and (d) be accompanied by an application under section 23 for accreditation of a course proposed to be offered by the entity; and (e) be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation. rther information or document to support application The Minister may, by notice given to the applicant, require the applicant to give the Minister, within the reasonable time of at least 14 days stated in the notice, further information or a document the Minister reasonably requires to decide the application. The applicant is taken to have withdrawn the application if the applicant does not comply with the requirement within the stated time. cision on application The Minister must consider the application and either grant, or refuse to grant, the application. The Minister may grant the application only if the Minister— (a) is satisfied the entity complies with the national protocols and national guidelines; and (b) at the same time, grants accreditation of at least 1 higher education course the entity proposes to offer. In deciding the application, the Minister may— (a) examine the proposed operation of the entity both inside and outside the State; and (b) make any other enquiries the Minister considers

9

[s 11]

11

(4)	If the Minister decides to grant the application, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant notice of the decision.	1 2 3
(5)	If the Minister decides to refuse to grant the application, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	4 5 6
(6)	If the Minister fails to decide the application within 18 months after its receipt, the Minister is taken to have decided to refuse to grant the application.	7 8 9
(7)	Subsection (6) is subject to section 11.	10
Fu	rther consideration of application	11
(1)	This section applies if the Minister considers further time is needed to make a decision on the application because of the complexity of the matters that need to be considered.	12 13 14
(2)	The applicant and the Minister may at any time before the final consideration day agree in writing on a day (the <i>agreed extended day</i>) by which the decision is to be made.	15 16 17
(3)	Also, the applicant and the Minister may at any time before the agreed extended day again agree in writing on a day (the <i>further extended day</i>) by which the decision is to be made.	18 19 20
(4)	The Minister is taken to have decided to refuse to grant the application if the Minister fails to make the decision by—	21 22
	(a) the agreed extended day; or	23
	(b) if the applicant and the Minister have agreed on a further extended day—the further extended day.	24 25
(5)	In this section—	26
	<i>final consideration day</i> means the day that is 18 months after the application was received by the Minister.	27 28
Te	rm of registration	29
	Registration as a non self-accrediting higher education	30

Registration as a non self-accrediting higher education 30 institution remains in force for the term of not more than 5 31

[s 13]

	years stated in the notice given to the applicant for the registration under section $10(4)$.	1 2
	Note—	3
	Under section 34, the registration lapses if the accreditation of all courses accredited for the institution is cancelled.	4 5
Sta	ndard condition	6
(1)	It is a condition (a <i>standard condition</i>) of registration as a non self-accrediting higher education institution that the governing body of the institution—	7 8 9
	(a) allows the Minister to enter a place at any reasonable time to examine the operation of the institution both inside and outside the State; and	10 11 12
	(b) complies with all reasonable requests by the Minister to give the Minister information or records, or a copy of records, the governing body is keeping, or has control of, that are appropriate.	13 14 15 16
(2)	The standard condition applies to help the Minister decide whether—	17 18
	(a) the institution is complying with the national protocols and national guidelines; or	19 20
	(b) the institution and its governing body are complying with any other conditions of the registration.	21 22
Imp	osition of conditions	23
(1)	The Minister may, in granting the application, decide to impose conditions on the registration that are relevant and reasonable.	24 25 26
(2)	If the Minister decides to impose conditions on the registration, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	27 28 29

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[s 15]

Divisio	on 3	Renewal of registration	1
15 F	Proced	ural requirements for applying for renewal	2
(1	edu the mo	e governing body of a non self-accrediting higher acation institution may apply to the Minister for renewal of institution's registration within the period starting 18 nths, and ending 9 months, before the term of the istration ends.	3 4 5 6 7
(2	2) The	e application must—	8
	(a)	be in writing; and	9
	(b)	include the information required to be provided under the national guidelines; and	10 11
	(c)	be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	12 13
(3	3) Sec	tion 9 applies to an application under this section.	14
	Note	2	15
	S	ee section 128 in relation to the operation of applied provisions.	16
16 E	Decisio	on on application	17
(1		e Minister must consider the application and either grant, refuse to grant, the application.	18 19
(2		e Minister may grant the application only if the Minister is sfied—	20 21
	(a)	the institution is complying with the national protocols and national guidelines; and	22 23
	(b)	the institution and its governing body are complying with any conditions of the institution's registration.	24 25
(3	3) In c	leciding the application, the Minister may—	26
	(a)	examine the operation of the institution both inside and outside the State; and	27 28
	(b)	make any other enquiries the Minister considers appropriate.	29 30

		[s 17]	
	(4)	Sections 10(4) to (7) and 11 apply to the making of a decision under this section.	1 2
17	Ter	m of renewed registration	3
		Registration as a non self-accrediting higher education institution, renewed under section 16, remains in force for the further term of not more than 5 years stated in the notice given to the applicant for the renewal under section $10(4)$ as applied by section $16(4)$.	4 5 6 7 8
		Note—	9
		Under section 34, the registration lapses if the accreditation of all courses accredited for the institution is cancelled.	10 11
18	Co	nditions of a renewed registration	12
	(1)	Sections 13 and 14 apply to a registration renewed under this division.	13 14
	(2)	For applying section 14—	15
		<i>impose</i> , a condition, includes change or confirm the condition.	16
19		gistration taken to be in force while application is nsidered	17 18
	(1)	If an application for renewal of registration as a non self-accrediting higher education institution is made under section 15, the registration is taken to continue in force from the day that it would, apart from this section, have expired until—	19 20 21 22 23
		(a) if the Minister decides to renew the registration—the day a notice about the decision is given to the applicant under section 10(4) as applied by section 16(4); or	24 25 26
		(b) if the Minister decides to refuse to renew the registration—	27 28
		(i) the last day to appeal against the decision; or	29

[s 20]

			(ii)	if an appeal is instituted against the decision—the day the appeal is decided.	1 2
	(2)		ection elled.	n (1) does not apply if the registration is earlier	3 4
Divis	ion	4		Cancellation of registration	5
20	Gro	ounds	s for	cancellation	6
	(1)	educa	ation	he following is a ground for cancelling a higher institution's registration as a non self-accrediting acation institution—	7 8 9
		(a)	the i	nstitution—	10
			(i)	is not complying, or has not complied, with the national protocols and national guidelines; or	11 12
			(ii)	has contravened a condition of the registration;	13
		(b)	the g	governing body of the institution—	14
			(i)	has contravened a condition of the registration; or	15
			(ii)	has made a major change to the institution without the Minister's approval under section 38; or	16 17
			(iii)	has not given the Minister an annual report under section 40;	18 19
		(c)		Minister's decision to grant or renew the registration based on false or misleading information.	20 21
	(2)	cance	elling	inister reasonably believes a ground exists for a registration, the Minister must follow the process 9, division 1.	22 23 24
21	Lar	ose of	facc	reditation of courses	25
	(1)	This	section	on applies if a registration as a non self-accrediting acation institution is cancelled under part 9, division	26 27 28

				[s 22]	
	(2)		es on	editation of all courses accredited for the institution the day the cancellation of the registration takes	1 2 3
Div	ision	5		Changes to conditions of registration	4 5
22	Ch	angir	ng co	onditions of registration	6
	(1)	non the]	self-a	ster may change the conditions of a registration as a accrediting higher education institution imposed by iter if the Minister reasonably believes the change is ite.	7 8 9 10
	(2)	Befo	ore de	eciding to change the conditions, the Minister must—	11
		(a)	give	e notice to the holder of the registration—	12
			(i)	of the particulars of the proposed change; and	13
			(ii)	that the holder may make written submissions to the Minister about the proposed change within a reasonable period of at least 21 days stated in the notice; and	14 15 16 17
		(b)		e regard to written submissions made to the Minister he holder before the end of the stated period.	18 19
	(3)	mus	t as s	nister decides to change the conditions, the Minister soon as practicable give the holder an information out the decision.	20 21 22
	(4)	The	decis	ion does not take effect until—	23
		(a)	the	last day to appeal against the decision; or	24
		(b)		n appeal is instituted against the decision—the day appeal is decided.	25 26
	(5)	pow	er to	er of the Minister under subsection (1) includes the add conditions to a registration that is not subject to s imposed by the Minister.	27 28 29

[s 23]

Division 6	Application for accreditation	1
23 Proced	ural requirements for application	2
	ner of the following may apply to the Minister for reditation of a higher education course—	3 4
(a)	the governing body of a non self-accrediting higher education institution that proposes to offer the course;	5 6
(b)	the governing body of an entity applying under section 8 for registration of the entity as a non self-accrediting higher education institution.	7 8 9
(2) The	e application must—	10
(a)	be in writing; and	11
(b)	state the place where the institution or entity proposes to offer the course; and	12 13
(c)	include the information required to be provided under the national guidelines; and	14 15
(d)	be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	16 17
(3) Sec	tion 9 applies to an application under this section.	18
24 Decisio	on on application	19
	e Minister must consider the application and either grant, refuse to grant, the application.	20 21
(2) The	e Minister may grant the application only if the Minister—	22
(a)	is satisfied the course complies with the national protocols and national guidelines; and	23 24
(b)	for an applicant mentioned in section 23(1)(b)—at the same time, grants registration of the entity as a non self-accrediting higher education institution.	25 26 27
(3) In c	leciding the application, the Minister may—	28

[s 25]

		(a) examine the operation of the institution or entity in relation to the course both inside and outside the State; and	1 2 3
		(b) make any other enquiries the Minister considers appropriate.	4 5
	(4)	Sections 10(4) to (7) and 11 apply to the making of a decision under this section.	6 7
25	Ter	m of accreditation	8
		The accreditation of an accredited course remains in force for the term of not more than 5 years stated in the notice given to the applicant for the accreditation under section $10(4)$ as applied by section $24(4)$.	9 10 11 12
		Note—	13
		See section 21 in relation to the lapsing of the accreditation of a course if the institution's registration is cancelled.	14 15
26	Sta	indard condition	16
	(1)	It is a condition (a <i>standard condition</i>) of the accreditation of a course that the governing body of the non self-accrediting higher education institution offering the course—	17 18 19
		 (a) allows the Minister to enter a place at any reasonable time to examine the operation of the institution in relation to the course both inside and outside the State; and 	20 21 22 23
		(b) complies with all reasonable requests by the Minister to give the Minister information or records, or a copy of records, the governing body is keeping, or has control of, that are appropriate.	24 25 26 27
	(2)	The standard condition applies to help the Minister decide whether—	28 29
		(a) the course complies with the national protocols and national guidelines; or	30 31

[s 27]

(b)	the institution and its governing body are complying	1
	with any other conditions of the accreditation.	2

27 Imposition of conditions

- (1) The Minister may, in granting the application, decide to 4 impose conditions on the accreditation that are relevant and 5 reasonable.
 6
- (2) If the Minister decides to impose conditions on the 7 accreditation, the Minister must as soon as practicable give 8 the applicant an information notice about the decision.

Division 7 Renewal of accreditation

10

28	Pro	cedural requirements for applying for renewal	11				
	(1)) The governing body of a non self-accrediting higher education institution may apply to the Minister for renewal of the accreditation of a higher education course, offered by the institution, within the period starting 18 months, and ending 9 months, before the term of the accreditation ends.					
	(2)	The application must—					
		(a) be in writing; and	18				
		(b) include the information required to be provided under the national guidelines; and	19 20				
		(c) be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	21 22				
	(3)	Section 9 applies to an application under this section.	23				
29	Dec	cision on application	24				
	(1)	The Minister must consider the application and either grant, or refuse to grant, the application.	25 26				
	(2)	The Minister may grant the application only if the Minister is satisfied—	27 28				

		(a) the course complies with the national protocols and national guidelines; and	1 2
		(b) the institution and its governing body are complying with any conditions of the accreditation.	3 4
	(3)	In deciding the application, the Minister may—	5
		(a) examine the operation of the institution in relation to the course both inside and outside the State; and	6 7
		(b) make any other enquiries the Minister considers appropriate.	8 9
	(4)	Sections 10(4) to (7) and 11 apply to the making of a decision under this section.	10 11
30	Ter	rm of renewed accreditation	12
		Accreditation of a course, renewed under section 29, remains in force for the further term of not more than 5 years stated in the notice given to the applicant for the renewal under section 10(4) as applied by section 29(4).	13 14 15 16
		Note—	17
		See section 21 in relation to the lapsing of the accreditation of a course if the institution's registration is cancelled.	18 19
31	Со	nditions of a renewed accreditation	20
	(1)	Sections 26 and 27 apply to an accreditation renewed under this division.	21 22
	(2)	For applying section 27—	23
		<i>impose</i> , a condition, includes change or confirm the condition.	24
32		creditation taken to be in force while application is nsidered	25 26
	(1)	If an application for renewal of accreditation of a course is made under section 28, the accreditation is taken to continue in force from the day that it would, apart from this section, have expired until—	27 28 29 30

[s 33]

		(a)	if the Minister decides to renew the accreditation—the day a notice about the decision is given to the applicant under section $10(4)$ as applied by section $29(4)$; or	1 2 3
		(b)	if the Minister decides to refuse to renew the accreditation—	4 5
			(i) the last day to appeal against the decision; or	6
			(ii) if an appeal is instituted against the decision—the day the appeal is decided.	7 8
	(2)	Subsection Subsection	ection (1) does not apply if the accreditation is earlier elled.	9 10
Divis	ion	8	Cancellation of accreditation	11
33	Gro	ounds	for cancellation	12
	(1)	accre	of the following is a ground for cancelling the ditation of a course accredited for a non self-accrediting er education institution—	13 14 15
		(a)	the institution—	16
			(i) is not complying, or has not complied, with the national protocols and national guidelines; or	17 18
			(ii) has contravened a condition of the accreditation;	19
		(b)	the governing body of the institution—	20
			(i) has contravened a condition of the accreditation; or	21
			(ii) has made a major change to the course without the Minister's approval under section 38; or	22 23
			(iii) has not given the Minister an annual report under section 40;	24 25
		(c)	the Minister's decision to grant or renew the accreditation was based on false or misleading information.	26 27 28

		[s 34]				
	(2)	If the Minister reasonably believes a ground exists for cancelling the accreditation of an accredited course, the Minister must follow the process under part 9, division 1.	1 2 3			
34		pse of registration as non self-accrediting higher ucation institution	4 5			
	(1)	This section applies if the accreditation of all courses accredited for a non self-accrediting higher education institution is cancelled under part 9, division 1.	6 7 8			
	(2)	The institution's registration as a non self-accrediting higher education institution lapses on the day the cancellation of the accreditation of all the courses takes effect.	9 1(11			
Div	ision	9 Changes to conditions of accreditation	12 13			
35	Ch	anging conditions of accreditation	14			
	(1)	The Minister may change the conditions of the accreditatio of an accredited course imposed by the Minister if th Minister reasonably believes the change is appropriate.				
	(2)	Before deciding to change the conditions, the Minister must—	18			
		(a) give notice to the holder of the accreditation—	19			
		(i) of the particulars of the proposed change; and	20			
		(ii) that the holder may make written submissions to the Minister about the proposed change within a reasonable period of at least 21 days stated in the notice; and	21 22 23 24			
		(b) have regard to written submissions made to the Minister by the holder before the end of the stated period.	25 26			
	(3)	If the Minister decides to change the conditions, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the holder an information notice about the decision.	27 28 29			
	(4)	The decision does not take effect until—	30			

[s 36]

		(a)	the last day to appeal against the decision; or	1
		(b)	if an appeal is instituted against the decision—the day the appeal is decided.	2 3
	(5)	pow	power of the Minister under subsection (1) includes the er to add conditions to the accreditation of an accredited se that is not subject to conditions imposed by the ister.	4 5 6 7
Divi	sion	10	Major changes to institution or course	8 9
36	Арј	plicat	tion for approval to make major change	10
	(1)	educ mak	governing body of a non self-accrediting higher ation institution may apply to the Minister for approval to e a major change to the institution or to a course edited under this part for the institution.	11 12 13 14
	(2)	The	application must—	15
		(a)	be in writing; and	16
		(b)	include the information required to be provided under the national guidelines; and	17 18
		(c)	be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	19 20
37	Mea	aning	of <i>major change</i>	21
	(1)	insti	<i>ajor change</i> , to a non self-accrediting higher education tution or to a course accredited under this part for the tution, means a change that—	22 23 24
		(a)	may affect the institution's capacity to comply with the national protocols and national guidelines; and	25 26
		(b)	is described as a major change in the national guidelines.	27 28
	(2)	Am	ajor change to the institution includes—	29

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	(a)	a merger of the institution with another entity; or	1
	(b)	a change to the institution's corporate status; or	2
	(c)	a change in the ownership of, or shareholding in, the institution; or	3 4
	(d)	a change that may result in a significant decline in the financial position of the institution; or	5 6
	(e)	a change to the place or places where the institution operates.	7 8
(3)		ajor change to a course accredited under this part for the tution includes—	9 10
	(a)	a change to the way of providing the course, for example a change from face-to-face delivery to providing the course electronically or by distance education; or	11 12 13
	(b)	a change that may result in the course no longer being recognised by relevant professional or industry associations, for example, graduates of the course may no longer be able to obtain professional registration; or	14 15 16 17
	(c)	a change that involves substituting new subjects for more than 25% of the subjects in the course or deleting more than 25% of the subjects in the course; or	18 19 20
	(d)	a significant reduction in the number of student contact hours for the course.	21 22
Dec	isior	n on application	23
(1)	The	Minister must consider the application and either grant, fuse to grant, the application.	24 25
(2)	satis	Minister may grant the application only if the Minister is fied the institution will comply with the national pocols and national guidelines after the change is effected.	26 27 28
(3)	In de	eciding the application, the Minister may—	29
	(a)	examine the operation of the institution both inside and outside the State; and	30 31

[s 39]

		(b) make any other enquiries the Minister considers appropriate.	1 2
	(4)	If the Minister decides to grant the application, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant a notice stating—	3 4 5
		(a) the decision; and	6
		(b) the day by which the change must be effected.	7
	(5)	If the Minister decides to refuse to grant the application, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	8 9 10
	(6)	Subject to subsection (7), if the Minister fails to decide the application within 6 months after its receipt, the Minister is taken to have decided to refuse to grant the application.	11 12 13
	(7)	Section 11 applies to the making of a decision under this section.	14 15
	(8)	In applying section 11—	16
		<i>final consideration day</i> means the day that is 6 months after the application was received by the Minister.	17 18
Div	ision	11 Other provisions	19
39		nferring of higher education award by non f-accrediting higher education institution	20 21
	(1)	A non self-accrediting higher education institution must not confer, or hold out that the institution is authorised to confer, a higher education award unless the course leading to the award is an accredited course for the institution.	22 23 24 25
		Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	26
	(2)	A person must not hold out that a non self-accrediting higher education institution is authorised to confer a higher education award unless the course leading to the award is an accredited course for the institution.	27 28 29 30
		Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	31

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40	Ann	nual r	epor	t	1
	(1)	educa	ation <i>repor</i>	erning body of a non self-accrediting higher institution must, on or before 31 May in each year <i>ting day</i>), give the Minister a report (an <i>annual</i>	2 3 4 5
	(2)	The a	annua	l report must—	6
		(a)	be gi	ven—	7
			(i)	in the way required by the Minister; and	8
			(ii)	for the period from 1 January to 31 December immediately before the reporting day; and	9 10
		(b)		ain information to help the Minister assess her—	11 12
			(i)	the institution is complying with the national protocols and national guidelines; and	13 14
			(ii)	the institution and its governing body are complying with the conditions of the registration and accreditation.	15 16 17
	(3)			l report must be accompanied by the assessment fee under a regulation.	18 19
	(4)			I report is taken not to have been given until the t fee is paid.	20 21
Part	3			Self-accrediting higher	22
				education institutions	23
Divis	ion	1		Preliminary	24
41	Defi	initio In thi	n for is part	•	25 26

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national guidelines means the document entitled 'National 1 Higher Education Approval 2 Guidelines for Processes—Guidelines for awarding self-accrediting 3 authority to higher education institutions other than 4 universities' that was approved by the Ministerial Council on 5 31 October 2007. 6

42		catio	n on operation of self-accrediting higher n institution elf-accrediting higher education institution must not	7 8 9
		AQF	dit a course other than in relation to a field of study or qualification level for which the institution holds a ccrediting authority.	10 11 12
		Maxi	mum penalty—200 penalty units.	13
Divisi	ion 2	2	Self-accrediting higher education institutions (other than interstate)	14 15
Subd	ivisi	ion 1	Application for self-accrediting authority	16 17
43	Pro	cedu	ral requirements for application	18
	(1)	autho	governing body of an entity may apply to the Minister for writy for the entity to operate as a self-accrediting higher ation institution (a <i>self-accrediting authority</i>).	19 20 21
	(2)	The a	pplication must—	22
		(a)	be in writing; and	23
		(b)	state the fields of study and the AQF qualification levels for which the governing body is seeking the self-accrediting authority; and	24 25 26
		(c)	include the information required to be provided under the national guidelines; and	27 28

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	[0,1]	
	(d) be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	1 2
Fui	rther information or document to support application	3
(1)	The Minister may, by notice given to the applicant, require the applicant to give the Minister, within the reasonable time of at least 14 days stated in the notice, further information or a document the Minister reasonably requires to decide the application.	4 5 6 7 8
(2)	The applicant is taken to have withdrawn the application if the applicant does not comply with the requirement within the stated time.	9 10 11
De	cision on application	12
(1)	The Minister must consider the application and either grant, or refuse to grant, the application.	13 14
(2)	The Minister may grant the application only if the Minister is satisfied the entity complies with the national protocols and national guidelines.	15 16 17
(3)	In deciding the application, the Minister may—	18
	(a) examine the proposed operation of the entity both inside and outside the State; and	19 20
	(b) make any other enquiries the Minister considers appropriate.	21 22
(4)	If the Minister decides to grant the application, the Minister must decide the fields of study and the AQF qualification levels for which the self-accrediting authority is to be given (the <i>scope</i> of the self-accrediting authority).	23 24 25 26
(5)	If the Minister decides to grant the application, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant notice of the decision.	27 28 29
(6)	If the Minister decides to refuse to grant the application, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	30 31 32

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[s 46]

	(7)	If the Minister fails to decide the application within 18 months after its receipt, the Minister is taken to have decided to refuse to grant the application.	1 2 3
	(8)	Subsection (7) is subject to section 46.	4
46	Fu	rther consideration of application	5
	(1)	This section applies if the Minister considers further time is needed to make a decision on the application because of the complexity of the matters that need to be considered.	6 7 8
	(2)	The applicant and the Minister may at any time before the final consideration day agree in writing on a day (the <i>agreed extended day</i>) by which the decision is to be made.	9 10 11
	(3)	Also, the applicant and the Minister may at any time before the agreed extended day again agree in writing on a day (the <i>further extended day</i>) by which the decision is to be made.	12 13 14
	(4)	The Minister is taken to have decided to refuse to grant the application if the Minister fails to make the decision by—	15 16
		(a) the agreed extended day; or	17
		(b) if the applicant and the Minister have agreed on a further extended day—the further extended day.	18 19
	(5)	In this section—	20
		<i>final consideration day</i> means the day that is 18 months after the application was received by the Minister.	21 22
47	Ter	rm of self-accrediting authority	23
		A self-accrediting authority remains in force for the term of not more than 5 years stated in the notice given to the applicant for the authority under section $45(5)$.	24 25 26
48	Sta	andard condition	27
	(1)	It is a condition (a <i>standard condition</i>) of a self-accrediting authority that the governing body of the higher education institution that holds the authority—	28 29 30

[s 49]

		 (a) allows the Minister to enter a place at any reasonable 1 time to examine the operation of the institution both 2 inside and outside the State; and 3 	
		 (b) complies with all reasonable requests by the Minister to give the Minister information or records, or a copy of records, the governing body is keeping, or has control 6 of, that are appropriate. 	
	(2)	The standard condition applies to help the Minister decide 8 whether— 9	
		(a) the institution is complying with the national protocols 10 and national guidelines; or 11	
		(b) the institution and its governing body are complying 12 with any other conditions of the authority. 13	
49	Imp	osition of conditions	4
	(1)	The Minister may, in granting the application, decide to 15 impose conditions on the self-accrediting authority that are 16 relevant and reasonable.	6
	(2)	If the Minister decides to impose conditions on the authority,18the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant an19information notice about the decision.20	9
Subd	livis	on 2 Renewal of self-accrediting 2 authority 22	
50	Pro	cedural requirements for applying for renewal 23	3
	(1)	The governing body of a self-accrediting higher education 24 institution may apply to the Minister for renewal of the 25 institution's self-accrediting authority within the period 26 starting 18 months, and ending 9 months, before the term of 27 the authority ends. 28	5 6 7
	(2)	The application must— 29	9
		(a) be in writing; and 30	0

51

	(b) include the information required to be provided under the national guidelines; and	1 2
	(c) be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	3 4
(3)	Section 44 applies to an application under this section.	5
	Note—	6
	See section 128 in relation to the operation of applied provisions.	7
Dee	cision on application	8
(1)	The Minister must consider the application and either grant, or refuse to grant, the application.	9 10
(2)	The Minister may grant the application only if the Minister is satisfied—	11 12
	(a) the institution—	13
	(i) is operating within the scope of its authority; and	14
	(ii) is complying with the national protocols and national guidelines; and	15 16
	(b) the institution and its governing body are complying with any conditions of the authority.	17 18
(3)	In deciding the application, the Minister may—	19
	(a) examine the operation of the institution both inside and outside the State; and	20 21
	(b) make any other enquiries the Minister considers appropriate.	22 23
(4)	Sections 45(5) to (8) and 46 apply to the making of a decision under this section.	24 25
Ter	m of renewed self-accrediting authority	26
	A self-accrediting authority, renewed under section 51, remains in force for the further term of not more than 5 years stated in the notice given to the applicant for the renewal under section $45(5)$ as applied by section $51(4)$.	27 28 29 30

[s 53]

53	Co	nditions of a renewed self-accrediting authority
	(1)	Sections 48 and 49 apply to a self-accrediting authority renewed under this division.
	(2)	For applying section 49—
		<i>impose</i> , a condition, includes change or confirm the condition.
54		f-accrediting authority taken to be in force while blication is considered
	(1)	If an application for renewal of a self-accrediting authority is made under section 50, the authority is taken to continue in force from the day that it would, apart from this section, have expired until—
		 (a) if the Minister decides to renew the authority—the day a notice about the decision is given to the applicant under section 45(5) as applied by section 51(4); or
		(b) if the Minister decides to refuse to renew the authority—
		(i) the last day to appeal against the decision; or
		(ii) if an appeal is instituted against the decision—the day the appeal is decided.
	(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if the authority is earlier cancelled.
Sub	divis	ion 3 Cancellation of self-accrediting authority
55	Gro	ounds for cancellation
	(1)	Each of the following is a ground for cancelling a self-accrediting higher education institution's self-accrediting authority—
		(a) the institution—
		(i) is not complying, or has not complied, with the national protocols and national guidelines; or

[s 56]

			(ii)	has contravened a condition of the authority;	1
		(b)	the	governing body of the institution—	2
			(i)	has contravened a condition of the authority; or	3
			(ii)	has accredited a course that was not within the scope of its authority; or	4 5
			(iii)	has made a major change to the institution without the Minister's approval under section 59; or	6 7
			(iv)	has not given the Minister an annual report under section 65;	8 9
		(c)		Minister's decision to grant or renew the authority based on false or misleading information.	10 11
	(2)	canc	elling	Inister reasonably believes a ground exists for g a self-accrediting authority, the Minister must e process under part 9, division 1.	12 13 14
Sub	divis	sion	4	Changes to conditions of self-accrediting authority	15 16
56	Ch	angir	ng co	onditions of self-accrediting authority	17
	(1)	auth	ority	ster may change the conditions of a self-accrediting imposed by the Minister if the Minister reasonably he change is appropriate.	18 19 20
	(2)	Befo	ore de	ciding to change the conditions, the Minister must—	21
		(a)	give	e notice to the holder of the authority—	22
			(i)	of the particulars of the proposed change; and	23
			(ii)	that the holder may make written submissions to the Minister about the proposed change within a reasonable period of at least 21 days stated in the notice; and	24 25 26 27
		(b)		e regard to written submissions made to the Minister he holder before the end of the stated period.	28 29

	(3)	If the Minister decides to change the conditions, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the holder an information notice about the decision.
	(4)	The decision does not take effect until—
		(a) the last day to appeal against the decision; or
		(b) if an appeal is instituted against the decision—the day the appeal is decided.
	(5)	The power of the Minister under subsection (1) includes the power to add conditions to a self-accrediting authority that is not subject to conditions imposed by the Minister.
Sub	divis	ion 5 Major changes to self-accrediting higher education institution
57	Ар	plication for approval to make major change
	(1)	The governing body of a self-accrediting higher education institution may apply to the Minister for approval to make a major change to the institution.
	(2)	The application must—
		(a) be in writing; and
		(b) include the information required to be provided under the national guidelines; and
		(c) be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.
58	Me	aning of <i>major change</i>
	(1)	A <i>major change</i> , to a self-accrediting higher education institution, means a change that—
		(a) may affect the institution's capacity to comply with the national protocols and national guidelines; and
		(b) is described as a major change in the national guidelines.

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(2)	A major change includes—	1
	(a) a merger of the institution with another entity; or	2
	(b) a change to the institution's corporate status; or	3
	(c) a change in the ownership of, or shareholding in, the institution; or	4 5
	(d) a change that may result in a significant decline in the financial position of the institution.	6 7
(3)	A change to the scope of the institution's self-accrediting authority is not a major change.	8 9
Dee	cision on application	10
(1)	The Minister must consider the application and either grant, or refuse to grant, the application.	11 12
(2)	The Minister may grant the application only if the Minister is satisfied the institution will comply with the national protocols and national guidelines after the change is effected.	13 14 15
(3)	In deciding the application, the Minister may—	16
	(a) examine the operation of the institution both inside and outside the State; and	17 18
	(b) make any other enquiries the Minister considers appropriate.	19 20
(4)	If the Minister decides to grant the application, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant a notice stating—	21 22 23
	(a) the decision; and	24
	(b) the day by which the change must be effected.	25
(5)	If the Minister decides to refuse to grant the application, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	26 27 28
(6)	Subject to subsection (7), if the Minister fails to decide the application within 6 months after its receipt, the Minister is taken to have decided to refuse to grant the application.	29 30 31

		[s 60]	
	(7)	Section 46 applies to the making of a decision under this section.	1 2
	(8)	In applying section 46—	3
		<i>final consideration day</i> means the day that is 6 months after the application was received by the Minister.	4 5
Sub	odivis	sion 6 Changes to scope of self-accrediting authority	6 7
60	Pro	ocedural requirements for application	8
	(1)	The governing body of a self-accrediting higher education institution may apply to the Minister for approval to change the scope of the institution's self-accrediting authority.	9 10 11
	(2)	The application must—	12
		(a) be in writing; and	13
		(b) state the proposed change to the scope of the authority; and	14 15
		(c) include the information required to be provided under the national guidelines; and	16 17
		(d) be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	18 19
	(3)	Section 44 applies to an application under this section.	20
61	De	cision on application	21
	(1)	The Minister must consider the application and either grant, or refuse to grant, the application.	22 23
	(2)	The Minister may grant the application only if the Minister is satisfied the institution will comply with the national protocols and national guidelines after the change is effected.	24 25 26
	(3)	In deciding the application, the Minister may—	27

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	(a) examine the operation of the institution both inside and outside the State; and	1 2
	(b) make any other enquiries the Minister considers appropriate.	3 4
(4)	If the Minister decides to grant the application, the Minister must change the scope of the authority in the way mentioned in the application.	5 6 7
(5)	If the Minister decides to grant the application, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant notice of the decision.	8 9 10
(6)	If the Minister decides to refuse to grant the application, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	11 12 13
(7)	Subject to subsection (8), if the Minister fails to decide the application within 12 months after its receipt, the Minister is taken to have decided to refuse to grant the application.	14 15 16
(8)	Section 46 applies to the making of a decision under this section.	17 18
(9)	In applying section 46—	19
	<i>final consideration day</i> means the day that is 12 months after the application was received by the Minister.	20 21
Ter	m of self-accrediting authority	22
	The term of a self-accrediting authority is not affected by a change to the scope of the authority.	23 24
Imp	osition of conditions	25
(1)	The Minister may, in granting the application, decide to impose conditions on the self-accrediting authority that are relevant and reasonable.	26 27 28
(2)	If the Minister decides to impose conditions on the authority, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	29 30 31

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		[s 64]						
	(3)	In this section—	1					
		<i>impose</i> , a condition, includes change or confirm the condition.	2					
Sub	divis	sion 7 Other provisions	3					
64		nferring of higher education award by self-accrediting her education institution	4 5					
	(1)	A self-accrediting higher education institution must not confer, or hold out that the institution is authorised to confer, a higher education award unless the course leading to the award is accredited under the scope of the institution's self-accrediting authority.	6 7 8 9 10					
		Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	11					
	(2)	A person must not hold out that a self-accrediting higher education institution is authorised to confer a higher education award unless the course leading to the award is accredited under the scope of the institution's self-accrediting authority.	12 13 14 15					
		Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	16					
65	An	nual report	17					
	(1)	-						
	(2)	The annual report must—	21					
		(a) be given—	22					
		(i) in the way required by the Minister; and	23					
		(ii) for the period from 1 January to 31 December immediately before the reporting day; and	24 25					
		(b) contain information to help the Minister assess whether—	26 27					
		(i) the institution is—	28					

[s 66]

			(A)	operating within the scope of its authority; and	1 2
			(B)	complying with the national protocols and national guidelines; and	3 4
		(ii)	the com	institution and its governing body are aplying with the conditions of the authority.	5 6
	(3)			ort must be accompanied by the assessment fee er a regulation.	7 8
	(4)	The annu assessmen	-	port is taken not to have been given until the is paid.	9 10
Divis	sion	3		terstate self-accrediting higher lucation institutions	11 12
66	Def	finitions f	or div	v 3	13
		In this div	vision		14
		an Act of	f the insti	accrediting authority means an authority under Commonwealth or another State for a higher atution to operate as a self-accrediting higher tution.	15 16 17 18
		means a l	highe	<i>f-accrediting higher education institution</i> r education institution that holds an interstate g authority.	19 20 21
		recognise	d self	<i>f-accrediting authority</i> see section 67(2).	22
		<i>scope</i> , of 67(3).	an ir	nterstate self-accrediting authority, see section	23 24
67	Ор	erating ur	nder	a recognised self-accrediting authority	25
	(1)	The gove	rning insti	body of an interstate self-accrediting higher tution that intends operating in the State must	26 27 28

[s 68]

	autho reaso docu	by of the institution's interstate self-accrediting ority and any other documents or information onably required by the Minister, including ments or information about the authority's scope o ; and	, 2 g 3
	(b) notic	e of—	6
	(i)	the institution's intention to operate in the State and	; 7 8
	(ii)	the place where the institution intends operating.	9
(2)	documents the govern	ter must, as soon as practicable after receiving the s or information mentioned in subsection (1), give ning body a notice acknowledging the institution's a <i>recognised self-accrediting authority</i>).	e 11
(3)	field of s institution	nised self-accrediting authority applies only to a study or AQF qualification level for which the s interstate self-accrediting authority is held (the ne interstate self-accrediting authority).	e 15
Ter	m of reco	gnised self-accrediting authority	18
(1)	an interst	sed self-accrediting authority remains in force, fo ate self-accrediting higher education institution institution's interstate self-accrediting authority force.	, 20
(2)		n (1) is subject to the withdrawal of the recognised liting authority under section 71 and part 9, division	
Sta	ndard con	dition	26
(1)	self-accred	ondition (a <i>standard condition</i>) of a recognised liting authority that the governing body of the cation institution that holds the authority—	
	time	vs the Minister to enter a place at any reasonable to examine the operation of the institution in the c; and	
		Page 4	3

68

[s 70]

(b)	complies with all reasonable requests by the Minister to					
	give the Minister information or records, or a copy of	2				
	records, the governing body is keeping, or has control	3				
	of, that are appropriate.	4				

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(2) The standard condition applies to help the Minister decide whether the institution is complying with the national protocols and national guidelines.

70 Notification of change to scope of authority

- The governing body of an interstate self-accrediting higher education institution to which a recognised self-accrediting authority relates must give the Minister notice of any change to the scope of the institution's interstate self-accrediting authority or the cancellation of that authority.
- (2) The notice must be given within 14 days after the change 14 happens. 15

71 Grounds for withdrawal of recognised self-accrediting authority

- Each of the following is a ground for withdrawing an interstate self-accrediting higher education institution's 19 recognised self-accrediting authority— 20
 - (a) the institution is not complying, or has not complied, 21 with the national protocols and national guidelines; 22
 - (b) the governing body of the institution—
 - (i) has contravened the standard condition under 24 section 69; or 25
 - (ii) has not given the Minister notice of a change under 26 section 70. 27
- (2) If the Minister reasonably believes a ground exists for 28 withdrawing a recognised self-accrediting authority, the 29 Minister must follow the process under part 9, division 1. 30

72		nferring of higher education award by interstate f-accrediting higher education institution	1 2
	(1)	An interstate self-accrediting higher education institution must not confer, or hold out that the institution is authorised to confer, a higher education award in the State unless—	3 4 5
		(a) the institution holds a recognised self-accrediting authority; and	6 7
		(b) the course leading to the award is accredited under the scope of the institution's interstate self-accrediting authority.	8 9 10
		Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	11
	(2)	A person must not hold out that an interstate self-accrediting higher education institution is authorised to confer a higher education award unless the course leading to the award is accredited under the scope of the institution's interstate self-accrediting authority.	12 13 14 15 16
		Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	17
Part	4	Universities, specialised	18
		universities, university	19
		colleges and specialised	20
		university colleges	21
Divis	ion	1 Preliminary	22
73	Def	inition for pt 4	23
		In this part—	24
		<i>national guidelines</i> means the document entitled 'National Guidelines for Higher Education Approval Processes—Guidelines for establishing Australian	25 26 27

Higher Education (General Provisions) Bill 2008 Part 4 Universities, specialised universities, university colleges and specialised university colleges

[s 74]

			ersities' that was approved by the Ministerial Council on ctober 2007.	1 2
Division 2			Universities etc. (other than interstate)	3 4
Subd	ivis	ion 1	Application for approval	5
74	Pro	cedu	ral requirements for application	6
	(1)	appro	governing body of an entity may apply to the Minister for oval that the entity is suitable to be established or gnised in the State, under an Act, as—	7 8 9
		(a)	a university; or	10
		(b)	a specialised university; or	11
		(c)	a university college; or	12
		(d)	a specialised university college.	13
	(2)	The a	application must—	14
		(a)	be in writing; and	15
		(b)	include the information required to be provided under the national guidelines; and	16 17
		(c)	be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	18 19
75	Pub	olic no	otification	20
		section proce	oon as practicable after receiving an application under on 74, the Minister must carry out a public notification ess about the application as provided by the national elines.	21 22 23 24

[s 76]

76	Fu	Further information or document to support application					
	(1)	The Minister may, by notice given to the applicant, require the applicant to give the Minister, within the reasonable time of at least 14 days stated in the notice, further information or a document the Minister reasonably requires to decide the application.	2 3 4 5 6				
	(2)	The applicant is taken to have withdrawn the application if the applicant does not comply with the requirement within the stated time.	7 8 9				
77	De	cision on application	10				
	(1)	The Minister must consider the application and either grant, or refuse to grant, the application.	11 12				
	(2)	The Minister may grant the application only if the Minister is satisfied the entity will comply with the national protocols and national guidelines on its establishment or recognition in the State, under an Act, as—					
		(a) a university; or	17				
		(b) a specialised university; or	18				
		(c) a university college; or	19				
		(d) a specialised university college.	20				
	(3)	In deciding the application, the Minister may—	21				
		(a) examine the proposed operation of the entity both inside and outside the State; and	22 23				
		(b) make any other enquiries the Minister considers appropriate.	24 25				
	(4)	If the Minister decides to grant the application, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant notice of the decision.	26 27 28				
	(5)	If the Minister decides to refuse to grant the application, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	29 30 31				

[s 78]

	(6)	(6) If the Minister fails to decide the application within 18 months after its receipt, the Minister is taken to have decided to refuse to grant the application.				
	(7)	Subsection (6) is subject to section 78.	4			
78	Fu	rther consideration of application	5			
	(1)	This section applies if the Minister considers further time is needed to make a decision on the application because of the complexity of the matters that need to be considered.	6 7 8			
	(2)	The applicant and the Minister may at any time before the final consideration day agree in writing on a day (the <i>agreed extended day</i>) by which the decision is to be made.	9 10 11			
	(3)	Also, the applicant and the Minister may at any time before the agreed extended day again agree in writing on a day (the <i>further extended day</i>) by which the decision is to be made.	12 13 14			
	(4)	The Minister is taken to have decided to refuse to grant the application if the Minister fails to make the decision by—	15 16			
		(a) the agreed extended day; or	17			
		(b) if the applicant and the Minister have agreed on a further extended day—the further extended day.	18 19			
	(5)	In this section—	20			
		<i>final consideration day</i> means the day that is 18 months after the application was received by the Minister.	21 22			
79	Im	position of conditions	23			
	(1)	The Minister may, in granting the application, decide to impose conditions on the approval that are relevant and reasonable.	24 25 26			
	(2)	If the Minister decides to impose conditions on the approval, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	27 28 29			

1 2

Subdivision 2 Review of operation of university or specialised university

80	Review								
	(1)	The Minister may, after the fifth anniversary of the establishment or recognition under an Act of a university or specialised university, review the operation of the university or specialised university.	4 5 6 7						
	(2)	The review must involve a consideration of whether the university or specialised university is complying with the national protocols and national guidelines.	8 9 10						
	(3)	In conducting the review, the Minister may examine the operation of the university or specialised university both inside and outside the State.	11 12 13						
Divi	ision	3 Interstate universities etc.	14						
81		cognised authority for interstate higher education titutions	15 16						
	(1)	Each of the following higher education institutions is taken to hold an authority to operate the institution in the State (a <i>recognised authority</i>)—	17 18 19						
		(a) an interstate university;	20						
		(b) an interstate specialised university;	21						
		(c) an interstate university college;	22						
		(d) an interstate specialised university college.	23						
	(2)	Subsection (1) is subject to the withdrawal of the recognised authority under section 83 and part 9, division 1.	24 25						

[s 82]

82	Standard condition					
	(1)	It is a condition (a <i>standard condition</i>) of a recognised authority that the governing body of the higher education institution that holds the authority—	2 3 4			
		(a) allows the Minister to enter a place at any reasonable time to examine the operation of the institution in the State; and	5 6 7			
		(b) complies with all reasonable requests by the Minister to give the Minister information or records, or a copy of records, the governing body is keeping, or has control of, that are appropriate.	8 9 10 11			
	(2)	The standard condition applies to help the Minister decide whether the institution is complying with the national protocols and national guidelines.	12 13 14			
83	Gro	unds for withdrawal of recognised authority	15			
	(1)	Each of the following is a ground for withdrawing a higher education institution's recognised authority—	16 17			
		(a) the institution is not complying, or has not complied, with the national protocols and national guidelines;	18 19			
		(b) the governing body of the institution has contravened the standard condition under section 82.	20 21			
	(2)	If the Minister reasonably believes a ground exists for withdrawing a recognised authority, the Minister must follow the process under part 9, division 1.	22 23 24			

[s 84]

Part 5 Division 1			Overseas higher education institutions	1 2			
			Preliminary	3			
84	Def	initio	n for pt 5	4			
		In th	is part—	5			
		Guid Proce instit	<i>mal guidelines</i> means the document entitled 'National elines for Higher Education Approval esses—Guidelines for overseas higher education utions seeking to operate in Australia' that was approved e Ministerial Council on 31 October 2007.	6 7 8 9 10			
85	on on operation of overseas higher education	11 12					
		highe	overseas higher education institution must not offer a er education course in the State unless the course is ed under an approval under this part.	13 14 15			
	Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.						
Divis	ion	2	Application for approval	17			
86	Pro	cedu	ral requirements for application	18			
	(1)	instit	governing body of an overseas higher education ution may apply to the Minister for approval for the ution to operate in the State.	19 20 21			
	(2)	The a	application must—	22			
		(a)	be in writing; and	23			
		(b)	state the courses the institution proposes to offer in the State; and	24 25			

[s 87]

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	(c) if a course is to be offered under an arrangement with a partner or agent of the institution—state the name of the partner or agent and details of the arrangement; and									
	(d) include the information required to be provided under the national guidelines; and									
	(e)	be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	6 7							
Fur	ther	information or document to support application	8							
(1)	appli least docu	Minister may, by notice given to the applicant, require the icant to give the Minister, within the reasonable time of at 14 days stated in the notice, further information or a ment the Minister reasonably requires to decide the ication.	9 10 11 12 13							
(2)	appli	applicant is taken to have withdrawn the application if the icant does not comply with the requirement within the d time.	14 15 16							
Dec	cisior	n on application	17							
(1)		Minister must consider the application and either grant, fuse to grant, the application.	18 19							
(2)	The Minister may grant the application only if the Minister is satisfied the entity complies with the national protocols and national guidelines.									
(3)	In de	eciding the application, the Minister may—	23							
	(a)	examine the proposed operation of the entity in the State; and	24 25							
	(b)	make any other enquiries the Minister considers appropriate.	26 27							
(4)	If th must	e Minister decides to grant the application, the Minister	28 29							

[s 89]

		(b) if a course is to be offered under an arrangement with a partner or agent of the institution—approve the partner or agent and details of the arrangement.	1 2 3						
	(5)	If the Minister decides to grant the application, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant notice of the decision.	4 5 6						
	(6)	If the Minister decides to refuse to grant the application, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	7 8 9						
	(7)	If the Minister fails to decide the application within 18 months after its receipt, the Minister is taken to have decided to refuse to grant the application.	10 11 12						
	(8)	Subsection (7) is subject to section 89.	13						
89	Further consideration of application								
	(1)	This section applies if the Minister considers further time is needed to make a decision on the application because of the complexity of the matters that need to be considered.	15 16 17						
	(2)	The applicant and the Minister may at any time before the final consideration day agree in writing on a day (the <i>agreed extended day</i>) by which the decision is to be made.							
	(3)) Also, the applicant and the Minister may at any time befor the agreed extended day again agree in writing on a day (th <i>further extended day</i>) by which the decision is to be made.							
	(4)	The Minister is taken to have decided to refuse to grant the application if the Minister fails to make the decision by—	24 25						
		(a) the agreed extended day; or	26						
		(b) if the applicant and the Minister have agreed on a further extended day—the further extended day.	27 28						
	(5)	In this section—	29						
		<i>final consideration day</i> means the day that is 18 months after the application was received by the Minister.	30 31						

[s 90]

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Term of approval An approval under section 88 remains in force for the term of not more than 5 years stated in the notice given to the applicant for the approval under section 88(5). Standard condition (1) It is a condition (a *standard condition*) of an approval under section 88 that the governing body of the overseas higher education institution that holds the approval— (a) allows the Minister to enter a place at any reasonable time to examine the operation of the institution in the State; and

- (2) The standard condition applies to help the Minister decide 16 whether— 17
 - (a) the institution is complying with the national protocols 18 and national guidelines; or 19
 - (b) the institution and its governing body are complying 20 with any other conditions of the approval. 21

92 Imposition of conditions

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- The Minister may, in granting the application, decide to 23 impose conditions on the approval that are relevant and 24 reasonable.
- (2) If the Minister decides to impose conditions on the approval, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant an information notice about the decision.
 26 27 28

[s 93]

Divis	ion	3 Renewal of approval	1				
93	Pro	cedural requirements for applying for renewal	2				
	(1) The governing body of an overseas higher edu institution that holds an approval under section 88 may to the Minister for renewal of the approval within the starting 18 months, and ending 9 months, before the te the approval ends.						
	(2)	The application must—	8				
		(a) be in writing; and	9				
		(b) include the information required to be provided under the national guidelines; and	10 11				
		(c) be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	12 13				
	(3)	Section 87 applies to an application under this section.	14				
		Note—	15				
		See section 128 in relation to the operation of applied provisions.	16				
94	Dec	ision on application	17				
	(1)	The Minister must consider the application and either grant, or refuse to grant, the application.	18 19				
	(2)	The Minister may grant the application only if the Minister is satisfied—	20 21				
		(a) the institution is complying with the national protocols and national guidelines; and	22 23				
		(b) the institution and its governing body are complying with any conditions of the approval.	24 25				
	(3)	In deciding the application, the Minister may—	26				
		(a) examine the operation of the institution in the State; and	27				
		(b) make any other enquiries the Minister considers appropriate.	28 29				

[s 95]

	(4)	Sections 88(5) to (8) and 89 apply to the making of a decision under this section.	1 2
95	Ter	rm of renewed approval	3
		An approval renewed under section 94 remains in force for the further term of not more than 5 years stated in the notice given to the applicant for the renewal under section $88(5)$ as applied by section $94(4)$.	4 5 6 7
96	Co	nditions of a renewed approval	8
	(1)	Sections 91 and 92 apply to an approval renewed under this division.	9 10
	(2)	For applying section 92—	11
		<i>impose</i> , a condition, includes change or confirm the condition.	12
97		proval taken to be in force while application is nsidered	13 14
	(1)	If an application is made under section 93, the applicant's approval under this part is taken to continue in force from the day that it would, apart from this section, have expired until—	15 16 17
		 (a) if the Minister decides to renew the approval—the day a notice about the decision is given to the applicant under section 88(5) as applied by section 94(4); or 	18 19 20
		(b) if the Minister decides to refuse to renew the approval—	21
		(i) the last day to appeal against the decision; or	22
		(ii) if an appeal is instituted against the decision—the day the appeal is decided.	23 24
	(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if the approval is earlier cancelled.	25 26

[s 98]

Divisi	ion	4		Cancellation of approval	1
98	Gro	ounds	s for	cancellation	2
	(1)	highe	er ed	ne following is a ground for cancelling an overseas lucation institution's approval under this part to the State—	3 4 5
		(a)	the i	nstitution—	6
			(i)	is not complying, or has not complied, with the national protocols and national guidelines; or	7 8
			(ii)	has contravened a condition of the approval;	9
		(b)	the g	governing body of the institution—	10
			(i)	has contravened a condition of the approval; or	11
			(ii)	has made a major change to the operation of the institution in the State without the Minister's approval under section 102; or	12 13 14
			(iii)	has not given the Minister notice of a change under section 103; or	15 16
			(iv)	has not given the Minister an annual report under section 105;	17 18
		(c)		Minister's decision to grant or renew the approval based on false or misleading information.	19 20
	(2)	canc	elling	inister reasonably believes a ground exists for an approval under this part, the Minister must process under part 9, division 1.	21 22 23
Divisi	ion	5		Changes to conditions of approval	24
99	Cha	angin	g co	nditions of approval	25
	(1)	The	Minis	ster may change the conditions of an approval under mposed by the Minister if the Minister reasonably	26 27

believes the change is appropriate.

[s 100]

(2) Before deciding to change the conditions, the Minister mus							
		(a)	give	notice to the holder of the approval—	2		
			(i)	of the particulars of the proposed change; and	3		
			(ii)	that the holder may make written submissions to the Minister about the proposed change within a reasonable period of at least 21 days stated in the notice; and	4 5 6 7		
		(b)		e regard to written submissions made to the Minister he holder before the end of the stated period.	8 9		
	(3)	nister decides to change the conditions, the Minister oon as practicable give the holder an information but the decision.	10 11 12				
	(4)	The decision does not take effect until—					
		(a)	the	ast day to appeal against the decision; or	14		
		(b)		appeal is instituted against the decision—the day appeal is decided.	15 16		
	(5) The power of the Minister under subsection (1) includ power to add conditions to an approval that is not sub- conditions imposed by the Minister.				17 18 19		
Divis	ion	6		Major changes to overseas higher education institutions	20 21		
100	Арр	olicat	ion f	or approval to make major change	22		
	(1)	instit the	tution Minis	erning body of an overseas higher education that holds an approval under this part may apply to ater for approval to make a major change to the of the institution in the State.	23 24 25 26		
	(2)	The	appli	cation must—	27		
		(a)	be in	n writing; and	28		
		(b)		ude the information required to be provided under national guidelines; and	29 30		

			[s 101]			
		(c)	be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	1 2		
101	Ме	aning	g of <i>major change</i>	3		
	(1)		<i>najor change</i> , to the operation of an overseas higher eation institution in the State, means a change that—	4 5		
		(a)	may affect the institution's capacity to comply with the national protocols and national guidelines; and	6 7		
		(b)	is described as a major change in the national guidelines.	8 9		
	(2)	A m	ajor change includes—	10		
		(a)	a merger of the institution, in the State, with another entity; or	11 12		
		(b)	a change to offer a course other than a course approved under this part; or	13 14		
		(c)	a change in the arrangement under which a course is approved to be offered, including the addition of a new partner or agent; or	15 16 17		
		(d)	a change that may result in a significant decline in the financial position of the institution.	18 19		
102	De	cisior	n on application	20		
	(1)	The Minister must consider the application and either grant, or refuse to grant, the application.				
	(2)	satis	Minister may grant the application only if the Minister is fied the institution will comply with the national ocols and national guidelines after the change is effected.	23 24 25		
	(3)	In de	eciding the application, the Minister may—	26		
		(a)	examine the operation of the institution in the State; and	27		
		(b)	make any other enquiries the Minister considers appropriate.	28 29		

	(4)	If the Minister decides to grant the application, the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant a noti stating—	
		(a) the decision; and	4
		(b) the day by which the change must be effected.	5
	(5)	If the Minister decides to refuse to grant the application, t Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant information notice about the decision.	
	(6)	Subject to subsection (7), if the Minister fails to decide t application within 6 months after its receipt, the Minister taken to have decided to refuse to grant the application.	
	(7)	Section 89 applies to the making of a decision under the section.	nis 12 13
	(8)	In applying section 89—	14
		Construction for any second the dest that is Conserved as the	
		<i>final consideration day</i> means the day that is 6 months aft the application was received by the Minister.	ter 15 16
Divi	sion	the application was received by the Minister.	
Divis	No	the application was received by the Minister.7 Other changes to overseas higher	16 17
	No	 the application was received by the Minister. 7 Other changes to overseas higher education institutions tification of other changes to overseas higher 	16 17 18 19 20 on 21
	No	 the application was received by the Minister. 7 Other changes to overseas higher education institutions tification of other changes to overseas higher ucation institutions The governing body of an overseas higher education institution that holds an approval under this part must give to the second se	16 17 18 19 20 on 21 he 22
	No	 the application was received by the Minister. 7 Other changes to overseas higher education institutions tification of other changes to overseas higher ucation institutions The governing body of an overseas higher education institution that holds an approval under this part must give t Minister notice of the following— 	16 17 18 19 20 on 21 he 22 23 24
	No	 the application was received by the Minister. 7 Other changes to overseas higher education institutions tification of other changes to overseas higher ucation institutions The governing body of an overseas higher education institution that holds an approval under this part must give to Minister notice of the following— (a) a change to— (b) the status or approval of the institution in the status or approval of the	16 17 18 19 20 on 21 he 22 23 24 its 25 26
	No	 the application was received by the Minister. 7 Other changes to overseas higher education institutions tification of other changes to overseas higher ucation institutions The governing body of an overseas higher education institution that holds an approval under this part must give t Minister notice of the following— (a) a change to— (i) the status or approval of the institution in country of origin; or (ii) the basis on which the institution is established 	16 17 18 19 20 on 21 he 22 23 24 its 25 26 or 27

[s	1	04]
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		(i) the status or approval of a course offered by the institution in its country of origin; or	1 2
		(ii) the basis on which the institution offers a course in its country of origin;	3 4
		if the course is also offered in the State;	5
		(c) a merger of the institution with another entity in the institution's country of origin.	6 7
	(2)	The notice must be given within 14 days after the change or merger happens.	8 9
Divi	sion	8 Other provisions	1
104		nferring of higher education award by overseas higher ucation institution	1 1
	(1)	An overseas higher education institution must not confer, or hold out that the institution is authorised to confer, a higher education award unless the institution is approved, under this part, to offer the course leading to the award.	11 14 11 10
		Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	1
	(2)	A person must not hold out that an overseas higher education	1
		institution is authorised to confer a higher education award unless the institution is approved, under this part, to offer the course leading to the award.	2
		unless the institution is approved, under this part, to offer the	19 20 2 2
105	An	unless the institution is approved, under this part, to offer the course leading to the award.	21 2 2
105	An (1)	unless the institution is approved, under this part, to offer the course leading to the award. Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2
105		unless the institution is approved, under this part, to offer the course leading to the award. Maximum penalty—200 penalty units. nual report The governing body of an overseas higher education institution must, on or before 31 May in each year (the	2) 2) 2) 2) 2) 2) 2) 2) 2) 2) 2)
105	(1)	unless the institution is approved, under this part, to offer the course leading to the award. Maximum penalty—200 penalty units. nual report The governing body of an overseas higher education institution must, on or before 31 May in each year (the <i>reporting day</i>), give the Minister a report (an <i>annual report</i>).	20 2

[s 106]

		(ii) for the period from 1 January to 31 December 1 immediately before the reporting day; and 2	
	(b)	contain information to help the Minister assess 3 whether— 4	
		(i) the institution is— 5	
		(A) operating within its approval; and 6	
		(B) complying with the national protocols and 7 national guidelines; and 8	
		(ii) the institution and its governing body are 9 complying with the conditions of the approval. 10	
(3)		Innual report must be accompanied by the assessment fee1ribed under a regulation.12	
(4)		annual report is taken not to have been given until the 13 sment fee is paid.	÷.

15

Part 6 Appeals

106 Who may appeal 16 A person (the *appellant*) who is given, or is entitled to be 17 given, an information notice for a decision of the Minister (the 18 original decision) may appeal against the decision to the 19 District Court. 20 21 Note— 22 The Uniform Civil Procedure Rules 1999 contain provisions about appeals to the District Court. 23 Starting appeals 107 24 The appeal may be started at— (1)25 the District Court at the place where the appellant (a) 26 resides or carries on business; or 27

[s	1	08]
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		(b)	the District Court at Brisbane.	1
	(2)	appe	section (1) does not limit the District Court at which the eal may be started under the <i>Uniform Civil Procedure es 1999</i> .	2 3 4
	(3)	1999	notice of appeal under the <i>Uniform Civil Procedure Rules</i> 9 must be filed with the registrar of the court within 28 5 after—	5 6 7
		(a)	if the appellant is given an information notice for the original decision—the day the appellant is given the notice; or	8 9 10
		(b)	if paragraph (a) does not apply—the day the person otherwise becomes aware of the original decision.	11 12
	(4)		court may, at any time, extend the period for filing the ce of appeal.	13 14
108	Hea	aring	procedures	15
	(1)	In de	eciding the appeal, the court—	16
		(a)	has the same powers as the Minister; and	17
		(b)	is not bound by the rules of evidence; and	18
		(c)	must comply with natural justice.	19
	(2)	deci	appeal is by way of rehearing, unaffected by the original sion, on the material before the Minister and any further ence allowed by the court.	20 21 22
109	Pov	wers	of court on appeal	23
	(1)	In de	eciding the appeal, the court may—	24
		(a)	confirm the original decision; or	25
		(b)	amend the original decision; or	26
		(c)	substitute another decision for the original decision; or	27

[s 110]

	(d) set aside the original decision and return the issue to the Minister with the directions the court considers appropriate.	1 2 3
(2)	In substituting another decision for the original decision, the court has the same powers as the Minister.	4 5
	Example—	6
	If a non self-accrediting higher education institution is unsuccessful in obtaining, under section 24, accreditation of a course proposed to be offered by the institution, the court may decide that the course be accredited on particular conditions.	7 8 9 10
(3)	If the court amends the original decision or substitutes another decision for the original decision, the amended or substituted decision is, for this Act, other than this part, taken to be the decision of the Minister.	11 12 13 14

Part 7	Evidence and legal	15
	proceedings	16

Division 1 Evidence	Division 1	Evidence
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110	Evidentiary aids					
	(1)	This section applies to a proceeding under this Act.				
	(2)		statin	ate purporting to be signed by the chief executive g any of the following matters is evidence of the	20 21 22	
		(a)		ated document is one of the following things made, ed, given or kept under this Act—	23 24	
			(i)	an accreditation, approval, authority, decision or registration;	25 26	
			(ii)	a notice;	27	
			(iii)	a report;	28	

	(b)	a stated document is a copy of a thing mentioned in paragraph (a);	1 2
	(c)	an accreditation, approval, authority or registration issued or given under this Act—	3 4
		(i) was or was not issued or given for a stated term; or	5
		(ii) was or was not in force on a stated day or during a stated period; or	6 7
		(iii) was or was not subject to a stated condition;	8
	(d)	on a stated day, an accreditation, approval, authority or registration issued or given under this Act was cancelled or withdrawn;	9 10 11
	(e)	on a stated day, a stated entity was given a stated notice under this Act.	12 13
(3)	the r	matter of the complaint came to the knowledge of the plainant on a stated day is evidence of when the matter	14 15 16 17
sion	2	Proceedings	18
Su	mmar	ry proceedings for offences	19
(1)		6	20 21
(2)			22 23
	(a)	1 year after the commission of the offence;	24
	(b)	6 months after the offence comes to the complainant's knowledge, but within 2 years after the commission of the offence.	25 26 27
	sion Sur (1)	 (c) (d) (e) (3) A stather composition 2 sion 2 Summai (1) Proc summation (1) Proc summation (2) The the formation (1) (2) The the formation (1) (2) The the formation (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	 (c) an accreditation, approval, authority or registration issued or given under this Act— (i) was or was not issued or given for a stated term; or (ii) was or was not in force on a stated day or during a stated period; or (iii) was or was not subject to a stated condition; (d) on a stated day, an accreditation, approval, authority or registration issued or given under this Act was cancelled or withdrawn; (e) on a stated day, a stated entity was given a stated notice under this Act. (3) A statement in a complaint for an offence against this Act that the matter of the complaint came to the knowledge of the complainant on a stated day is evidence of when the matter came to the complainant's knowledge. Summary proceedings for offences (1) Proceedings for offences (2) The proceeding must start within whichever is the longer of the following— (a) 1 year after the commission of the offence; (b) 6 months after the offence comes to the complainant's knowledge, but within 2 years after the commission of

[s 112]

112	Responsibility for acts or omissions of representatives				
	(1)	This section applies in a proceeding for an offence against this Act.	2 3		
	(2)	If it is relevant to prove a person's state of mind about a particular act or omission, it is enough to show—	4 5		
		 (a) the act was done or omitted to be done by a representative of the person within the scope of the representative's actual or apparent authority; and 	6 7 8		
		(b) the representative had the state of mind.	9		
	(3)	An act done or omitted to be done for a person by a representative of the person within the scope of the representative's actual or apparent authority is taken to have been done or omitted to be done also by the person, unless the person proves the person could not, by the exercise of reasonable diligence, have prevented the act or omission.	10 11 12 13 14 15		
	(4)	In this section—	16		
		<i>representative</i> means—	17		
		(a) for a corporation—an executive officer, employee or agent of the corporation; or	18 19		
		(b) for an individual—an employee or agent of the individual.	20 21		
		state of mind, of a person, includes—	22		
		(a) the person's knowledge, intention, opinion, belief or purpose; and	23 24		
		(b) the person's reasons for the intention, opinion, belief or purpose.	25 26		
113	Exe wit	ecutive officers must ensure corporation complies h Act	27 28		
	(1)	The executive officers of a corporation must ensure the corporation complies with this Act.	29 30		
	(2)	If a corporation commits an offence against a provision of this Act, each of the corporation's executive officers also commits	31 32		

[s	1	1	4]
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	an offence, namely, the offence of failing to ensure the corporation complies with the provision.Maximum penalty—the penalty for the contravention of the provision by an individual.		
(3)	Evidence that the corporation has been convicted of an offence against a provision of this Act is evidence that each of the executive officers committed the offence of failing to ensure the corporation complies with the provision.		5 6 7 8
(4)) However, it is a defence for an executive officer to prove—		
	(a)	if the officer was in a position to influence the conduct of the corporation in relation to the offence, the officer exercised reasonable diligence to ensure the corporation complied with the provision; or	10 11 12 13
	(b)	otherwise, the officer was not in a position to influence the conduct of the corporation in relation to the offence.	14 15

Part 8 Offences

1

14	Definitions for pt 8	17
	In this part—	18
	<i>relevant educational institution</i> means an educational institution, educational facility, school, college or other place that delivers a course of education.	19 20 21
	type of specialisation—	22
	 (a) for a specialised university or specialised university college, means the field of study for which, under an Act, the specialised university or specialised university college was established or recognised; or 	23 24 25 26
	(b) for an interstate specialised university or interstate specialised university college, means the field of study for which, under an Act of the Commonwealth or	27 28 29

[s 115]

another State, the interstate specialised university or 1 interstate specialised university college was established 2 or recognised. 3

115 Self-accrediting higher education institution

- (1) A person must not, in relation to a relevant educational 5 institution, use a title that consists of, or includes, the words 6 'self-accrediting higher education institution' to promote the 7 institution's operation in the State unless it is—
 - (a) a self-accrediting higher education institution; or
 - (b) an interstate self-accrediting higher education institution 10 that holds a recognised self-accrediting authority. 11

Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.

- (2) A person must not hold out a relevant educational institution
 13 as being a self-accrediting higher education institution
 14 operating in the State unless it is—
 - (a) a self-accrediting higher education institution; or 16
 - (b) an interstate self-accrediting higher education institution 17 that holds a recognised self-accrediting authority. 18

Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.

Maximum penalty-200 penalty units.

(4) A person must not, in relation to an interstate self-accrediting 25 higher education institution that holds a recognised 26 self-accrediting authority, hold out that the institution is 27 authorised to operate in the State in a way that is outside the 28 scope of its recognised self-accrediting authority. 29

Maximum penalty-200 penalty units.

4

9

12

19

116	University title			1
	(1)	A person must not, in relation to a relevant educational institution, use a title that consists of, or includes, the word 'university' unless it is—		
		(a)	a university; or	5
		(b)	an interstate university; or	6
		(c)	an overseas university.	7
		Max	ximum penalty—200 penalty units.	8
	(2)	-	erson does not commit an offence against subsection (1) using—	9 10
		(a)	in relation to a specialised university, or an interstate specialised university, a title that includes its type of specialisation; or	11 12 13
			Example of title that includes type of specialisation—	14
			The Brisbane University of the Performing Arts	15
		(b)	in relation to a university college, or an interstate university college, a title that includes the words 'university college'; or	16 17 18
		(c)	in relation to a specialised university college, or an interstate specialised university college, a title that includes its type of specialisation and the words 'university college'.	19 20 21 22
			Example of title that includes type of specialisation and words 'university college'—	23 24
			The Townsville University College of Marine Biology	25
	(3)		erson must not hold out a relevant educational institution eing a university unless it is—	26 27
		(a)	a university; or	28
		(b)	an interstate university; or	29
		(c)	an overseas university.	30
		Max	kimum penalty—200 penalty units.	31

	(4)	A person does not commit an offence against subsection (3) by holding out—	1 2
		 (a) a specialised university, or an interstate specialised university, as a university for the field of study that is its type of specialisation; or 	3 4 5
		(b) a university college, or an interstate university college, as a university college; or	6 7
		(c) a specialised university college, or an interstate specialised university college, as a university college for the field of study that is its type of specialisation.	8 9 10
	(5)	Subsections (1) and (3) do not apply in relation to the educational institution known as 'University of the Third Age'.	11 12 13
117	Sp	ecialised university title	14
		A person must not, in relation to a specialised university or an interstate specialised university, use a title to identify the specialised university or interstate specialised university, unless the title includes its type of specialisation.	15 16 17 18
		Example of title that includes type of specialisation—	19
		The Brisbane University of the Performing Arts	20
		Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	21
118	Un	iversity college title	22
		A person must not, in relation to a university college or an interstate university college, use a title to identify the university college or interstate university college unless the title includes the words 'university college'.	23 24 25 26
		Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	27
119	Sp	ecialised university college title	28
	-	A person must not in relation to a specialised university	20

(1) A person must not, in relation to a specialised university 29 college or an interstate specialised university college, use a 30

		spec	to identify the specialised university college or interstate ialised university college, unless the title includes its type pecialisation and the words 'university college'.	1 2 3
			uple of title that includes type of specialisation and words 'university ge'—	4 5
		Th	e Townsville University College of Marine Biology	6
		Max	timum penalty—200 penalty units.	7
120	Re	strict	ion on operating a higher education institution	8
		oper	person must not operate, or hold out that the person rates, a higher education institution in the State unless the tution is—	9 10 11
		(a)	a non self-accrediting higher education institution; or	12
		(b)	a self-accrediting higher education institution; or	13
		(c)	an interstate self-accrediting higher education institution that holds a recognised self-accrediting authority; or	14 15
		(d)	a university, specialised university, university college or specialised university college; or	16 17
		(e)	an interstate university, interstate specialised university, interstate university college or interstate specialised university college that holds a recognised authority; or	18 19 20
		(f)	an overseas higher education institution that holds an approval under part 5.	21 22
		Max	timum penalty—200 penalty units.	23
121			ing of higher education award without course ndertaken	24 25
	(1)	educ	erson, other than a relevant entity, must not confer a higher cation award on another person unless the other person has ertaken a course leading to the award.	26 27 28
		Max	imum penalty—200 penalty units.	29
	(2)	In th	nis section—	30

[s 122]

	rele	<i>vant entity</i> means—	1
	(a)	a university; or	2
	(b)	a specialised university; or	3
	(c)	an interstate university that holds a recognised authority; or	4 5
	(d)	an interstate specialised university that holds a recognised authority; or	6 7
	(e)	an overseas university that holds an approval under part 5.	8 9
Part 9 Miscellaneous provisions		10	
Division	1	Show cause process	11
122 De	finitio	ons for div 1	12
	In th	nis division—	13
		<i>cel</i> , for a recognised self-accrediting authority or a ognised authority, means withdraw.	14 15
	rele	vant authority means—	16
	(a)	a registration as a non self-accrediting higher education institution; or	17 18
	(b)	the accreditation of an accredited course; or	19
	(c)	a self-accrediting authority; or	20
	(d)	a recognised self-accrediting authority; or	21
	(e)	a recognised authority; or	22
	(f)	an approval to operate an overseas higher education institution in the State.	23 24

			[s 123]
123	Ар	plication of div 1	1
		This division applies if the Minister reasonably belie ground exists for cancelling a relevant authority.	eves a 2 3
124	Sh	ow cause notice	4
	(1)	(1) The Minister must give the holder of the relevant authority a notice under this section (a <i>show cause notice</i>).	
	(2)	The show cause notice must state the following—	7
		(a) that the Minister proposes to cancel the real authority (the <i>proposed action</i>);	levant 8 9
		(b) the ground for the proposed action;	10
		(c) an outline of the facts and circumstances formin basis for the ground;	ng the 11 12
		(d) an invitation to the holder to show within a stated p (the <i>show cause period</i>) why the proposed action s not be taken.	
	(3)	The show cause period must be a period ending at lead and a strength of the show cause notice is given to the holder.	ast 30 16 17
125	Re	presentations about show cause notice	18
	(1)	The holder of the relevant authority may make we representations about the show cause notice to the Minist the show cause period.	
	(2)	The Minister must consider all written representation <i>accepted representations</i>) made under subsection (1).	s (the 22 23
126	En	ding show cause process without further action	24
		If, after considering the accepted representations for the cause notice, the Minister no longer believes the ground to cancel the relevant authority, the Minister—	

[s 127]

			1 2
		the relevant authority that no further action will be taken	3 4 5
127	Ca	ncellation of relevant authority	6
	(1)		7 8
		e e	9 10
		(b) believes cancellation of the relevant authority is warranted.	11 12
	(2)	This section also applies if there are no accepted representations for the show cause notice.	13 14
	(3)	The Minister may decide to cancel the relevant authority.	15
	(4)	The Minister must, as soon as practicable, give an information notice about the decision to the holder of the relevant authority.	16 17 18
	(5)	The decision does not take effect until—	19
		(a) the last day to appeal against the decision; or	20
		· · · · ·	21 22
Divi	sion	2 Other provisions	23
128	Ар	plied provisions	24
		another provision, the applied provision must be read with the changes necessary or convenient for the other provision to	25 26 27 28

		[s 129]		
		Example of applied provision—	1	
		Section 15 applies section 9 (an applied provision) to an application under section 15. Section 9 applies as if a reference in section 9 to an application were a reference to an application under section 15.	2 3 4	
129	Pro	otection from liability	5	
	(1)	The Minister does not incur civil liability for an act done, or omission made, honestly and without negligence under this Act.	6 7 8	
	(2)	If subsection (1) prevents a civil liability attaching to the Minister, the liability attaches instead to the State.	9 10	
130	Disclosure of information to relevant entities			
	(1)	The Minister may disclose information to a relevant entity if—	12 13	
		(a) the information was obtained in the course of the administration of this Act or the repealed Act; and	14 15	
		(b) the Minister considers the disclosure is necessary for the relevant entity to perform its functions.	16 17	
	(2)	In this section—	18	
		relevant entity means any of the following—	19	
		(a) an entity listed as a government accreditation authority on the AQF Register;	20 21	
		(b) a designated authority under the <i>Education Services for</i> <i>Overseas Students Act 2000</i> (Cwlth);	22 23	
		(c) a person involved in the administration of the <i>Education</i> Services for Overseas Students Act 2000 (Cwlth);	24 25	
		(d) a person involved in the administration of the <i>Higher</i> <i>Education Support Act 2003</i> (Cwlth).	26 27	

[s 131]

131	Со	mmittees and other sources of advice	1
	(1)	The Minister may establish 1 or more committees to advise the Minister on—	2 3
		(a) deciding applications under this Act; and	4
		(b) any other matter under this Act referred to the committee by the Minister.	5 6
	(2)	The Minister may also seek advice on a matter under this Act from any other person the Minister considers has appropriate knowledge or experience of the matter.	7 8 9
132	Gu	idelines	10
	(1)	The Minister may issue guidelines for this Act.	11
	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), a guideline may give guidance about—	12 13
		(a) administrative matters relevant to applications under this Act; or	14 15
		 (b) how an applicant under this Act should deal with issues involved in the proper formulation of the application or supporting material related to the application; or 	16 17 18
		(c) the type of information to be included in an annual report given under section 40, 65 or 105.	19 20
	(3)	A guideline may be replaced or varied by a later guideline issued under this section.	21 22
	(4)	The chief executive must keep a copy of a guideline, issued under this section, available for inspection and permit a person—	23 24 25
		(a) to inspect the guideline without fee; and	26
		(b) to take extracts from the guideline without fee.	27
	(5)	For subsection (4)—	28
		(a) a copy of the guideline—	29
		(i) must be kept at the head office of the department; and	30 31

[s	133]
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		(ii) may be kept at any other place the chief executive considers appropriate; and	1 2
		(b) the copy kept under paragraph (a) must be available for inspection during office hours on business days for the office or place.	
	(6)	Also, the chief executive must keep a copy of a guideline, issued under this section, available for supply to a person and permit a person to obtain a copy of the guideline, or a part of the guideline, without fee.	
	(7)	In addition, the chief executive must keep a copy of a guideline, issued under this section, posted on the department's website.	1 1 1
		Editor's note—	1
		The department's website address is <www.deta.qld.gov.au>.</www.deta.qld.gov.au>	1
133	De	legation by Minister	1
	(1)	The Minister may delegate the Minister's functions under this Act to an appropriately qualified public service employee.	1 1
	(2)	In this section—	1
		<i>appropriately qualified</i> , for a public service employee to whom a function may be delegated, includes having the qualifications, experience or standing appropriate for the function.	1 2 2 2
		Example of standing for a public service employee—	2
		the employee's classification or level in a department	2
		functions includes powers.	2
134	An	nual report	2
		As soon as practicable after the end of each financial year, the Minister must prepare a report about the operation of this Act	2

As soon as practicable after the end of each inflatical year, the27Minister must prepare a report about the operation of this Act28during that year and lay a copy of the report before the29Legislative Assembly.30

[s 135]

135	Failure to decide application				
	(1)	This section applies if, under this Act, the Minister is taken to have decided to refuse to grant an application.	2 3		
	(2)	To remove any doubt, it is declared the Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	4 5 6		
136	Ар	proval of forms	7		
		The Minister may approve forms for use under this Act.	8		
137	Re	gulation-making power	9		
	(1)	The Governor in Council may make regulations under this Act.	10 11		
	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), a regulation may be made about the following—	12 13		
		 (a) the fees payable under this Act and the matters for which fees are to be paid, including fees for the Minister to do either of the following in deciding an application— 	14 15 16 17		
		(i) examine the operation or proposed operation of a higher education institution;	18 19		
		(ii) make any other enquiries the Minister considers appropriate;	20 21		
		(b) the recovery, waiving or refunding of fees;	22		
		(c) imposing a penalty of not more than 20 penalty units for a contravention of a regulation.	23 24		

		[s 138]	
Part 1	0	Repeal and transitional provisions	1 2
Divisio	on 1	Repeal	3
138 F	Repeal The Hig is repea	gher Education (General Provisions) Act 2003, No. 59 led.	4 5 6
Divisio	on 2	Transitional provisions	7
139 E	Definitions	for div 2	8
	In this c	livision—	9
	comme	ncement means commencement of this section.	10
	continu	<i>ing accreditation</i> see section 146(2)(b).	11
	continu	<i>ing approval</i> see section 142(2)(a).	12
	existing	accreditation see section 146(1).	13
	existing	<i>approval</i> see section 142(1).	14
	existing	g approval to operate see section 149(1).	15
	universi repealed	<i>iversity provider</i> means an entity, other than a ity or overseas higher education institution under the d Act, that, immediately before the commencement, d a higher education course under that Act.	16 17 18 19
	-	d Act means the Higher Education (General ons) Act 2003.	20 21
140 F	References	s to repealed Act	22

140 **References to repealed Act**

In an Act or document, a reference to the repealed Act may, if 23 the context permits, be taken to be a reference to this Act. 24

[s 141]

141	Application for approval to be established or recognised as a university				
			application made under part 2 of the repealed Act and not ly decided before the commencement—	3 4	
		(a)	is taken to be an application under part 4 of this Act; and	5	
		(b)	must be decided under this Act.	6	
142		prova titutio	al to operate overseas higher education on	7 8	
	(1)	educ repe	section applies if, immediately before the mencement, the governing body of an overseas higher cation institution held an approval under part 3 of the aled Act to operate the institution in the State (an <i>existing</i> <i>roval</i>).	9 10 11 12 13	
	(2)	The	existing approval—	14	
		(a)	is taken to be an approval under part 5 of this Act (a <i>continuing approval</i>); and	15 16	
		(b)	continues in force until it would have expired under the repealed Act.	17 18	
	0 11 0		ne existing approval was subject to a condition, the inuing approval is taken to be subject to the same lition.	19 20 21	
	(4)		section (2)(b) applies unless the continuing approval is er cancelled or renewed under this Act.	22 23	
143			tion for approval to operate overseas higher on institution	24 25	
			application made under part 3 of the repealed Act and not ly decided before the commencement—	26 27	
		(a)	is taken to be an application under part 5 of this Act; and	28	
		(b)	must be decided under this Act.	29	

[s 144]

144		ncellation of approval to operate overseas higher ucation institution	$\frac{1}{2}$
	(1)	This section applies if, immediately before the commencement, a show cause process had started in relation to an existing approval but had not been completed.	3 4 5
	(2)	Subject to subsection (3), the show cause process may be completed under part 9, division 1 of this Act.	6 7
	(3)	If the show cause process had started in relation to a ground for cancellation mentioned in the repealed Act, section $36(c)$ the process lapses on the commencement.	8 9 10
	(4)	In this section—	11
		<i>show cause process</i> , for an existing approval, means the process mentioned in part 3, division 5 of the repealed Act.	12 13
145	Re	ferences to non-university provider	14
		A reference in an Act or document to a non-university provider may, if the context permits, be taken to be a reference to a non self-accrediting higher education institution.	15 16 17
146		n-university provider taken to be non self-accrediting her education institution	18 19
	(1)	This section applies if, immediately before the commencement, the governing body of a non-university provider held an accreditation for 1 or more higher education courses under part 4 of the repealed Act (an <i>existing accreditation</i>).	20 21 22 23 24
	(2)	On the commencement—	25
		(a) the provider is taken to hold registration under part 2 of this Act as a non self-accrediting higher education institution (a <i>deemed registration</i>); and	26 27 28
		(b) each existing accreditation is taken to be an accreditation under part 2 of this Act for the institution (a <i>continuing accreditation</i>).	29 30 31

[s 147]

	(3)	If the existing accreditation was subject to a condition, the continuing accreditation is taken to be subject to the same condition.	1 2 3
	(4)	The deemed registration for the institution expires when the term of all continuing accreditations has ended.	4 5
	(5)	Subsection (4) applies unless the deemed registration is earlier cancelled or renewed under part 2.	6 7
	(6)	Each continuing accreditation expires when the existing accreditation would have expired under the repealed Act if this Act had not commenced unless the continuing accreditation is earlier cancelled or renewed under part 2.	8 9 10 11
	(7)	In subsection (4)—	12
		<i>term</i> , of a continuing accreditation, does not include any renewal of the term that happens after the commencement.	13 14
147	Ар	plication for accreditation of higher education course	15
	(1)	This section applies to an application, by the governing body of a non-university provider for accreditation of a higher education course proposed to be offered by the provider, made under the repealed Act and not finally decided before the commencement.	16 17 18 19 20
	(2)	The application must be decided under the repealed Act as if this Act had not commenced.	21 22
	(3)	If the Minister decides to grant the application—	23
		 (a) if section 146(1) does not apply to the provider—the provider is taken to hold registration under part 2 of this Act as a non self-accrediting higher education institution (a <i>deemed registration</i>); and 	24 25 26 27
		(b) the accreditation granted is taken to be an accreditation under part 2 of this Act for the non self-accrediting higher education institution.	28 29 30
	(4)	The deemed registration for the institution expires when the term of the accreditation mentioned in subsection (3)(b) ends.	31 32

[s 148]

	(5)	Subsection (4) applies unless the deemed registration is earlier cancelled or renewed under part 2.	1 2
	(6)	If the Minister decides to refuse to grant the application, the applicant has the right of appeal the applicant had under the repealed Act.	3 4 5
	(7)	If, on appeal, the court amends the original decision or substitutes another decision for the original decision, the amended or substituted decision is, for this section, taken to be the decision of the Minister.	6 7 8 9
148	Ca	ncellation of accreditation of an accredited course	10
	(1)	This section applies if, immediately before the commencement, a show cause process had started in relation to an existing accreditation but had not been completed.	11 12 13
	(2)	The show cause process may be completed under part 9, division 1 of this Act.	14 15
	(3)	In this section—	16
		<i>show cause process</i> , for an existing accreditation, means the process under part 4, division 3 of the repealed Act.	17 18
149	Ар	proval to operate interstate university	19
	(1)	This section applies if, immediately before the commencement, the governing body of an interstate university held an approval under part 5 of the repealed Act to operate the university in the State (an <i>existing approval to operate</i>).	20 21 22 23
	(2)	The existing approval to operate is taken to be a recognised authority under part 4 of this Act.	24 25
150	Ар	plication for approval to operate interstate university	26
		An application made under part 5 of the repealed Act and not finally decided before the commencement lapses on the commencement.	27 28 29

[s 151]

151	Cancellation of approval to operate interstate university				
	(1)	This section applies if, immediately before the commencement, a show cause process had started in relation to an existing approval to operate but had not been completed.	2 3 4		
	(2)	The show cause process may be completed under part 9, division 1 of this Act.	5 6		
	(3)	In this section—	7		
		<i>show cause process</i> , for an existing approval to operate, means the process under part 5, division 3 of the repealed Act.	8 9		
152	Ар	peals	10		
	(1)	Subsection (2) applies if—	11		
		 (a) before the commencement, a person appealed to the District Court under repealed section 72 against a decision of the Minister under the repealed Act; and 	12 13 14		
		(b) on the commencement, the appeal has not been decided.	15		
	(2)	The District Court may hear, or continue to hear, and decide the appeal under the repealed Act as if this Act had not commenced.	16 17 18		
	(3)	Subsection (4) applies if—	19		
		 (a) immediately before the commencement, a person could have appealed to the District Court under repealed section 72 against a decision of the Minister under the repealed Act; and 	20 21 22 23		
		(b) on the commencement, the person has not appealed.	24		
	(4)	The person may appeal, and the District Court may hear and decide the appeal, under the repealed Act as if this Act had not commenced.	25 26 27		
	(5)	For giving effect to its decision under subsection (2) or (4), the District Court may make the orders it considers necessary having regard to the provisions of this Act.	28 29 30		
	(6)	In this section—	31		

[s 153]

		<i>District Court</i> includes a District Court judge. <i>repealed section 72</i> means section 72 of the repealed Act.	1 2
153	Off	ences	3
	(1)	Proceedings for an offence against the repealed Act may be started or continued, and the provisions of the repealed Act necessary or convenient to be used in relation to the proceedings continue to apply, as if this Act had not commenced.	4 5 6 7 8
	(2)	For subsection (1), the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 20 applies, but does not limit the subsection.	9 10
Part	11	Amendment of Education	11
		(General Provisions) Act 2006	12
154	Act	amended in pt 11	13
		This part amends the Education (General Provisions) Act 2006.	14 15
155		endment of s 52 (Fee for distance education provided a State school)	16 17
	(1)	Section 52(1)(b)—	18
		omit, insert—	19
		(b) a person, other than a State school student, who is enrolled to undertake a component of a program of distance education at a State school but is not enrolled in the program at the school.'.	20 21 22 23
	(2)	Section 52(3), definition non-State school student-	24
		omit.	25

[s 156]

156	Amendment of s 54 (Waiver of fee for distance education)				
	(1)	Section 54(1)(b), after 'program'—	2		
		insert—	3		
		', or enrolled to undertake a component of a program,'.	4		
	(2)	Section 54(2)(a), after 'program'—	5		
		insert—	6		
		', or enrol to undertake a component of a program,'.	7		
	(3)	Section 54(2)(b), 'program of distance education'—	8		
		omit, insert—	9		
		'program, or a component of a program, of distance education'.	10 11		

Part 12	Amendment of Vocational	12
	Education, Training and	13
	Employment Act 2000	14

157	Act amended in pt 12 This part amends the Vocational Education, Training and Employment Act 2000.	15 16 17
158	Amendment of s 168 (Council's functions) Section 168(1)(1), after 'organisations'— <i>insert</i> — 'and principal employer organisations'.	18 19 20 21
159	Amendment of s 221 (Recognition of group training organisation) Section 221(1)—	22 23 24

[s 160] omit, insert— 1 **(**1) The council may, by signed notice to a corporation that 2 employs apprentices or trainees for placing under a hosting 3 arrangement, recognise the corporation as a group training 4 organisation.'. 5 160 Insertion of new ch 7A 6 After chapter 7— 7 insert— 8 'Chapter 7A Principal employer 9 organisations 10 ^{223A} Recognition of principal employer organisation 11 The council may, by signed notice to an entity, recognise the **(**1) 12 entity as a principal employer organisation. 13 However, the council may recognise an entity as a principal ·(2) 14 employer organisation only if the entity conforms with the 15 requirements of the approved guidelines for a principal 16 employer organisation. 17 **(**3) In this section— 18 *entity* means an entity that— 19 employs, or intends to employ, 25 or more apprentices (a) 20 or trainees for placing under a hosting arrangement; and 21 is not recognised under section 221 as a group training (b) 22 organisation. 23 '223B Function of principal employer organisation 24 'A function of a principal employer organisation is, by 25

'A function of a principal employer organisation is, by
agreement between the organisation and another entity, to
arrange for the other entity to train, under a training plan, an
apprentice or trainee employed by the organisation.25
26
27

[s 161]

'223 C	C Wit	thdrawal of recognition	1	
	' (1)	The council may withdraw the recognition of an entity as a principal employer organisation by fair procedures prescribed under a regulation.	2 3 4	
	'(2)	If the council withdraws the recognition of an entity as a principal employer organisation, the council must promptly give the entity an information notice.'.	5 6 7	
161	Am	endment of s 224 (Appeal to Magistrates Court)	8	
		Section 224(c), after 'organisation'—	9	
		insert—	10	
		'or principal employer organisation'.	11	
162	Insertion of new ch 10, pt 5		12	
		Chapter 10—	13	
		insert—	14	
'Pa r	rt 5	Transitional provision for		
		Higher Education (General	16	
		Provisions) Act 2008	17	
'344	Re	cognition of group training organisation	18	
	'(1)	Subsection (2) applies to the recognition of a corporation as a group training organisation, in force immediately before the commencement, for—	19 20 21	
		(a) an industry; or	22	
		(b) an industry sector; or	23	
		(c) an area.	24	
	'(2)	The corporation's recognition is no longer limited to the industry, industry sector or area.	25 26	

Higher Education (General Provisions) Bill 2008 Part 13 Amendment of other Acts

			[s 163]	
	' (3)	In th	nis section—	1
		com	mencement means the commencement of this section.'.	2
163	Am	nendr	ment of sch 3 (Dictionary)	3
		Sche	edule 3—	4
		inse	rt—	5
		grou orga	<i>ting arrangement</i> means an arrangement under which a principal organisation or a principal employer unisation (each an <i>organisation</i>) agrees in writing with ther entity for—	6 7 8 9
		(a)	the organisation, for a fee, to hire out an apprentice or trainee employed by the organisation to perform work for the other entity; and	10 11 12
		(b)	the other entity to train the apprentice or trainee under a training plan.	13 14
		by t	<i>cipal employer organisation</i> means an entity recognised he council under section 223A as a principal employer inisation.'.	15 16 17

Part 13Amendment of other Acts18

164	Acts amended in sch 1		
	Schedule 1 amends the Acts it mentions.	20	

Schedule 1		Consequential and minor amendments of other Acts				
		section 164	3			
Aus	tralian Cathe	olic University (Queensland) Act 2007	4			
1	Section 14-	_	5			
	omit, insert—		6			
'14	Application of <i>Higher Education (General Provisions)</i> Act 2008					
	1	ration of the university is not subject to review under <i>er Education (General Provisions) Act 2008</i> , part 4, 2.'.	9 10 11			
2	Schedule, definition higher education award—					
	omit, insert—		13			
	U	education award see the Higher Education (General ns) Act 2008, schedule 2.'.	14 15			
Cen	tral Queens	and University Act 1998	16			
3	Schedule 2,	definition higher education award—	17			
	omit, insert—		18			

'higher education award see the Higher Education (General19Provisions) Act 2008, schedule 2.'.20

	nission dian Act		Children and Young People and Child 0	1 2
4	Schedul and (d) t		lefinition <i>education provider</i> , paragraphs (a) —	3 4
	omit, inse	rt—		5
	'(a)	High	of the following, within the meaning given by the <i>ner Education (General Provisions) Act 2008</i> , dule 2—	6 7 8
		(i)	a non self-accrediting higher education institution;	9
		(ii)	a self-accrediting higher education institution;	10
		(iii)	an interstate self-accrediting higher education institution that holds a recognised self-accrediting authority under that Act;	11 12 13
		(iv)	a university;	14
		(v)	a specialised university;	15
		(vi)	a university college;	16
		(vii)	a specialised university college;	17
		(viii)	an interstate university, interstate specialised university, interstate university college or interstate specialised university college, that holds a recognised authority under that Act;	18 19 20 21
		(ix)	an overseas higher education institution for which an approval is held under part 5 of that Act; or'.	22 23

Education (General Provisions) Act 2006

5	Section 232, table, 3rd item—
---	-------------------------------

'a higher education course under the

omit, insert—

Higher Education (General

Provisions) Act 2008

a higher education entity'.

1

2

3

Schedu <i>univers</i>	le 4, definitions <i>non-university provider</i> and ity—
omit.	
Schedu	le 4—
insert—	
the	<i>her education entity</i> means each of the following within meaning given by the <i>Higher Education (General</i> <i>visions)</i> Act 2008, schedule 2—
(a)	a non self-accrediting higher education institution;
(b)	a self-accrediting higher education institution;
(c)	an interstate self-accrediting higher education institution that holds a recognised self-accrediting authority under that Act;
(d)	a university;
(e)	a specialised university;
(f)	a university college;
(g)	a specialised university college;
(h)	an interstate university, interstate specialised university interstate university college or interstate specialised university college, that holds a recognised authority under that Act;
(i)	an overseas higher education institution for which an approval is held under part 5 of that Act.'.

	le 3, definitions <i>higher education course, higher</i> on entity and higher education institution—
omit, inse	ert—
	<i>her education course</i> see the <i>Higher Education (General visions) Act 2008</i> , schedule 2.
the	<i>ther education entity</i> means each of the following within meaning given by the <i>Higher Education (General visions)</i> Act 2008, schedule 2—
(a)	a non self-accrediting higher education institution;
(b)	a self-accrediting higher education institution;
(c)	an interstate self-accrediting higher education institution that holds a recognised self-accrediting authority under that Act;
(d)	a university;
(e)	a specialised university;
(f)	a university college;
(g)	a specialised university college;
(h)	an interstate university, interstate specialised university, interstate university college or interstate specialised university college, that holds a recognised authority under that Act;
(i)	an overseas higher education institution for which an approval is held under part 5 of that Act.
	ner education institution see the Higher Education neral Provisions) Act 2008, schedule 2.'.

Higher Education (General Provisions) Bill 2008

Grif	Griffith University Act 1998	
9	Schedule 2, definition <i>higher education award</i> — omit, insert—	2 3
	<i>'higher education award</i> see the <i>Higher Education (General Provisions) Act 2008</i> , schedule 2.'.	4 5
Jan	nes Cook University Act 1997	6
10	Schedule 2, definition higher education award—	7
	omit, insert—	8
	' <i>higher education award</i> see the <i>Higher Education (General Provisions) Act 2008</i> , schedule 2.'.	9 10
Nur	sing Act 1992	11
11	Section 83E(1), example, <i>'2003'</i> —	12
	omit, insert—	13
	<i>`2008`</i> .	14
Que	ensland University of Technology Act 1998	15
12	Schedule 2, definition higher education award—	16
	omit, insert—	17
	<i>'higher education award</i> see the <i>Higher Education (General Provisions) Act 2008</i> , schedule 2.'.	18 19

	Schedule 1	
Uni	versity of Queensland Act 1998	1
13	Schedule 2, definition higher education award—	2
	omit, insert—	3
	<i>'higher education award</i> see the <i>Higher Education (General Provisions) Act 2008</i> , schedule 2.'.	4 5
Uni	versity of Southern Queensland Act 1998	6
14	Schedule 2, definition higher education award—	7
	omit, insert—	8
	<i>'higher education award</i> see the <i>Higher Education (General Provisions) Act</i> 2008, schedule 2.'.	9 1
Uni	versity of the Sunshine Coast Act 1998	1
15	Schedule 2, definition higher education award—	1
	omit, insert—	1
	'higher education award see the Higher Education (General	1

'higher education award see the Higher Education (General14Provisions) Act 2008, schedule 2.'.15

	Vocational Education, Training and Employment Act 2000	
16	Section 220Z(2)(i), ' <i>Higher Education (General Provisions) Act 2003</i> '—	3 4
	omit, insert—	5
	'Higher Education (General Provisions) Act 2008'.	6
17	Section 220ZC(1), 'made by a former TAFE institute'—	7
	omit, insert—	8
	'made for a former TAFE institute'.	9
18	Section 220ZC(2), definition <i>application</i> , ' <i>Higher</i> Education (General Provisions) Act 2003'—	10 11
	omit, insert—	12
	'Higher Education (General Provisions) Act 2008'.	13
		14

Schedule 2 Dictionary	1
section 4	2
accepted representations see section 125(2).	3
<i>accredited course</i> means a course accredited under section 24.	4 5
appellant see section 106.	6
<i>approved form</i> means a form approved by the Minister under section 136.	7 8
AQF qualification level means the level of higher education award to which a course of study described in the Australian Qualifications Framework leads.	9 10 11
AQF Register means the Register of Recognised Education Institutions and Authorised Accreditation Authorities in Australia established by the Australian Qualifications Framework Advisory Board under the Australian Qualifications Framework.	12 13 14 15 16
Editor's note—	17
The AQF Register may be viewed at the website <www.aqf.edu.au>.</www.aqf.edu.au>	18
<i>Australian Qualifications Framework</i> means the national framework of educational qualifications—	19 20
(a) approved by the Ministerial Council; and	21
 (b) stated in the implementation handbook for that framework published by the Australian Qualifications Framework Advisory Board; 	22 23 24
as in force from time to time.	25
Editor's note—	26
The implementation handbook may be inspected during office hours on business days at the head office of the department or viewed at the department's website at <www.aqf.edu.au implem.htm="">.</www.aqf.edu.au>	27 28 29

Australian Qualifications Framework Advisory Board means the board by that name established by the Ministerial	1 2
Council.	3
cancel, for part 9, division 1, see section 122.	4
commencement, for part 10, division 2, see section 139.	5
<i>continuing accreditation</i> , for part 10, division 2, see section 139.	6 7
continuing approval, for part 10, division 2, see section 139.	8
<i>electronically</i> , in relation to providing a higher education course, includes by email, DVD or through the internet.	9 10
<i>executive officer</i> , of a corporation, means a person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the corporation's management, whether or not the person is a director or the person's position is given the name of executive officer.	11 12 13 14
existing accreditation, for part 10, division 2, see section 139.	15
existing approval, for part 10, division 2, see section 139.	16
<i>existing approval to operate</i> , for part 10, division 2, see section 139.	17 18
higher education award means—	19
(a) a degree, status, title or description of associate, bachelor, master or doctor; or	20 21
(b) any other award, if the course of study relating to it is classified as higher education in the course descriptions stated in the Australian Qualifications Framework.	22 23 24
<i>higher education course</i> means a course of study, the successful completion of which may lead to the conferral or award of a higher education award.	25 26 27
<i>higher education institution</i> means an educational institution that provides, or proposes to provide, a higher education course.	28 29 30
<i>information notice</i> , for a decision made by the Minister, is a notice stating the following—	31 32
(a) the decision;	33

Schedule	2
Concurre	~

(b)	the reasons for the decision;	1
(c)	that the person to whom the notice is given may appeal against the decision within 28 days;	2 3
(d)	the way the person may appeal against the decision.	4
	<i>rstate self-accrediting authority</i> , for part 3, division 3, see ion 66.	5 6
	<i>rstate self-accrediting higher education institution</i> , for 3, division 3, see section 66.	7 8
insti	<i>rstate specialised university</i> means a higher education tution established or recognised as a specialised ersity under an Act of the Commonwealth or another e.	9 10 11 12
educ univ	<i>rstate specialised university college</i> means a higher cation institution established or recognised as a specialised ersity college under an Act of the Commonwealth or her State.	13 14 15 16
estal	<i>rstate university</i> means a higher education institution olished or recognised as a university under an Act of the amonwealth or another State.	17 18 19
insti	<i>rstate university college</i> means a higher education tution established or recognised as a university college er an Act of the Commonwealth or another State.	20 21 22
maje	or change—	23
(a)	for part 2—see section 37; or	24
(b)	for part 3—see section 58; or	25
(c)	for part 5—see section 101.	26
	<i>isterial Council</i> means the Ministerial Council on cation, Employment, Training and Youth Affairs.	27 28
nati	onal guidelines—	29
(a)	for part 2—see section 6; or	30
(b)	for part 3—see section 41; or	31
(c)	for part 4—see section 73; or	32

(d)	for p	part 5—see section 84.	1
Edite	or's not	e—	2
on	busine	f the national guidelines may be inspected during office hours ss days at the head office of the department and may be viewed partment's website at <www.deta.qld.gov.au>.</www.deta.qld.gov.au>	3 4 5
Prot	tocols	<i>protocols</i> means the document entitled 'National for Higher Education Approval Processes' that was by the Ministerial Council on 31 October 2007.	6 7 8
Edite	or's not	e—	9
on	busine	f the national protocols may be inspected during office hours ss days at the head office of the department and may be viewed partment's website at <www.deta.qld.gov.au>.</www.deta.qld.gov.au>	10 11 12
		accrediting higher education institution means a acation institution registered under part 2.	13 14
<i>non</i> 139		ersity provider, for part 10, division 2, see section	15 16
noti	<i>ce</i> me	ans written notice.	17
ope	rating	, in relation to a higher education institution—	18
(a)	inclu	ides the following—	19
	(i)	providing courses or parts of courses leading to higher education awards;	20 21
	(ii)	providing the related components of providing courses, including materials, other resources and assessment;	22 23 24
	(iii)	conferring higher education awards, whether or not a course is provided;	25 26
	(iv)	providing higher education courses electronically or by distance education from a place inside the State to another place whether inside or outside the State;	27 28 29 30
	(v)	conducting a business in the State as a higher education institution including by using premises, mail or telecommunication devices for the institution; but	31 32 33 34

Scł	nedu	le	2

(b)	does not include providing a course or part of a course electronically or by distance education in the State from outside the State.	1 2 3
Note	_	4
ed	is definition also applies to references to operating a particular higher ucation institution, including for example, a non self-accrediting ther education institution.	5 6 7
orig	inal decision see section 106.	8
	<i>seas higher education institution</i> means an educational tution that—	9 10
(a)	is established and operates in a foreign country; and	11
(b)	offers a course—	12
	 (i) recognised as a higher education course by the entity responsible for recognising higher education courses in the foreign country; or 	13 14 15
	 (ii) leading to an award recognised as a higher education award by the entity responsible for recognising higher education awards in the foreign country. 	16 17 18 19
over is—	seas university means a higher education institution that	20 21
(a)	established and operates in a foreign country; and	22
(b)	recognised as a university by the entity responsible for recognising universities in the foreign country; and	23 24
(c)	approved under part 5 to operate in the State.	25
reco	gnised authority see section 81.	26
	gnised self-accrediting authority, for part 3, division 3, section 66.	27 28
rele	want authority, for part 9, division 1, see section 122.	29
rele	want educational institution, for part 8, see section 114.	30
repe	aled Act see section 139.	31
scop	<i>e</i> —	32
(a)	of a self-accrediting authority—see section 45(4); or	33

(b)	e ;	1
	66.	2
self	self-accrediting authority see section 43(1).	
<i>self-accrediting higher education institution</i> means a higher education institution that holds a self-accrediting authority.		4 5
sho	w cause notice see section 124(1).	6
sho	w cause period see section 124(2)(d).	7
-	<i>cialised university</i> means a higher education institution ablished or recognised as a specialised university under an t.	8 9 10
inst	<i>cialised university college</i> means a higher education titution established or recognised as a specialised versity college under an Act.	11 12 13
type	e of specialisation, for part 8, see section 114.	14
<i>university</i> means a higher education institution established or recognised as a university under an Act.		15 16
	<i>versity college</i> means a higher education institution ablished or recognised as a university college under an Act.	17 18

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