

Queensland

Guide, Hearing and Assistance Dogs Bill 2008



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2008

A Bill

for

An Act to make provision to allow persons with a disability to be accompanied by guide, hearing and assistance dogs at certain places and for related purposes, and to repeal the *Legacy Trust Fund Act 2001*

The F	Parlia	men	t of Queensland enacts—	1
Part	t 1		Preliminary	2
Divis	sion	1	Introduction	3
1	Sho		tle s Act may be cited as the Guide, Hearing and Assistance as Act 2008.	4 5 6
2	Coi	mme	ncement S Act commences on a day to be fixed by proclamation.	7 8
3	Ob j	•	of Act objects of this Act are—	9 10
	(1)	(a)	to assist people with a disability who rely on guide, hearing or assistance dogs to have independent access to the community; and	11 12 13
		(b)	to ensure the quality and accountability of guide, hearing and assistance dog training services.	14 15
	(2)	The	objects are mainly achieved by—	16
		(a)	protecting the right of people with a disability who rely on guide, hearing or assistance dogs to be accompanied by the person's guide, hearing or assistance dog in particular public places and public passenger vehicles; and	17 18 19 20 21
		(b)	protecting the right of trainers of guide, hearing and assistance dogs to be accompanied by the dogs in particular public places and public passenger vehicles; and	22 23 24 25

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		(c)	-	iding a simple and consistent means of identifying erly trained guide, hearing and assistance dogs; and	1 2
		(d)	-	iding for the approval of guide, hearing and tance dog training services.	3 4
Divi	sion	2		Interpretation	5
4	Dic	tiona	ary		6
		The this		nary in schedule 4 defines particular words used in	7 8
5	Wh	at is	a dis	ability	9
	(1)	A di	sabilit	ty is a person's condition that—	10
		(a)	is att	ributable to—	11
			(i)	an intellectual, psychiatric, cognitive, neurological, sensory or physical impairment; or	12 13
				Examples—	14
				a vision or hearing impairment	15
			(ii)	the presence in the person's body of organisms causing illness or disease; and	16 17
		(b)	resul	its in—	18
			(i)	a reduction of the person's capacity for communication, social interaction, learning, mobility or self care or management; and	19 20 21
			(ii)	the person needing support.	22
	(2)	The natu		llity may be, but need not be, of a chronic episodic	23 24

Part 2		d	Guide, hearing and assistance dogs in public places and public passenger vehicles	
Divisi	on '	I P	reliminary	4
6	Defi	nitions for p	t 2	5
		In this part—		6
		<i>public passer</i> members of tl	nger vehicle means a vehicle used to transport ne public.	7 8
		Examples—		9
		bus, ferry, plan	ne, taxi or train	10
			means a place that the public is entitled to use, is ublic or is used by the public, whether or not on noney.	11 12 13
		Examples—		14
		beach, restaur	ant or shopping centre	15
	Public places and public passenger vehicles to which this part applies			
((1)		plies to any public place or public passenger than the following—	18 19
		(a) a part of 1;	f a health service facility mentioned in schedule	20 21
		(b) an ambu	ılance;	22
		-	of a public place or public passenger vehicle ood is ordinarily prepared;	23 24
		-	e place or public passenger vehicle prescribed regulation for this section.	25 26
((2)		may recommend the making of a regulation ion (1)(d) only if the Minister is satisfied that the	27 28

		presence of a dog in the public place or public passenger vehicle would be—	1 2
		(a) a risk to the health or welfare of people ordinarily at the place or on the vehicle; or	3
		(b) for a public place—a serious risk to a plant or animal native to the place.	5 6
Divi	sion	2 Right to be accompanied by a guide, hearing or assistance dog	7 8
8		ople with a disability may be accompanied by their de, hearing and assistance dogs	9 10
	(1)	Despite any other Act, a person with a disability who relies on a guide, hearing or assistance dog to reduce the person's need for support may be accompanied by the guide, hearing or assistance dog in a public place or public passenger vehicle.	11 12 13 14
	(2)	Also, a person with a disability who relies on a guide, hearing or assistance dog to reduce the person's need for support does not commit an offence merely by taking the guide, hearing or assistance dog into a public place or public passenger vehicle.	15 16 17 18
9		iners and puppy carers may be accompanied by de, hearing, assistance and trainee support dogs	19 20
	(1)	Despite any other Act, an approved trainer, employee trainer or puppy carer may be accompanied by a guide, hearing, assistance or trainee support dog in a public place or public passenger vehicle.	21 22 23 24
	(2)	Also, an approved trainer, employee trainer, or puppy carer does not commit an offence merely by taking a guide, hearing, assistance or trainee support dog into a public place or public passenger vehicle.	25 26 27 28

10	Lawful ր	presence at a place or on a vehicle	1			
	To r not-	emove any doubt, it is declared that sections 8 and 9 do	2 3			
	(a)	affect the lawfulness of a particular person mentioned in section 8 or 9 being at a place or on a vehicle; or	4 5			
	 (b) prevent a person from lawfully refusing entry, to a place or vehicle, to another person accompanied by a guid hearing, assistance or trainee support dog for any reason other than the other person being accompanied by guide, hearing, assistance or trainee support dog; or (c) prevent a person from lawfully requiring another person accompanied by a guide, hearing, assistance or trained support dog to leave a place or vehicle for any reason other than the other person being accompanied by guide, hearing, assistance or trainee support dog. 					
					Example—	
	Section 8 does not affect the ability of a person exercising control of a shopping centre to require a person accompanied by a guide dog to leave the premises because the shopping centre is closing.					
	Divi	sion 3	Obligations of persons exercising control of public places and public passenger vehicles	20 21 22		
11		a <i>person exercising control</i> of a public place or bassenger vehicle	23 24			
	pass	erson exercising control of a public place or public enger vehicle is a person exercising control, or purporting exercise control, over—	25 26 27			
	(a)	access to, or permission to remain in, the place or vehicle; or	28 29			
	(b)	the delivery of a service in the place or vehicle.	30			

12	Identification procedure for handlers and trainers				
	(1)	com	reidentification procedure is a procedure that a person applies with to identify themselves as a person who is companied by a properly trained guide, hearing or stance dog or a trainee support dog.	2 3 4 5	
	(2)	A pe	erson complies with the identification procedure by—	6	
		(a)	having his or her identity card—	7	
			(i) displayed so it is clearly visible; or	8	
			(ii) available for inspection by a person exercising control of a public place or public passenger vehicle if asked by the person; and	9 10 11	
		(b)	ensuring the dog is wearing—	12	
			(i) for a guide dog—a harness; or	13	
			(ii) for an assistance dog—an identifying coat; or	14	
			(iii) for a hearing or trainee support dog—a harness or identifying coat.	15 16	
	(3)	A person is taken not to comply with the identification procedure if the person's identity card is suspended, cancelled or expired.			
	(4)	1) In this section—		20	
		iden	ntifying coat means a dog coat that—	21	
		(a)	identifies a dog as an assistance, hearing or trainee support dog; and	22 23	
		(b)	complies with the requirements prescribed under a regulation.	24 25	
		iden	ntity card means—	26	
		(a)	for a person with a disability—a handler's identity card; or	27 28	
		(b)	for an approved trainer, employee trainer or a puppy carer—a trainer's identity card.	29 30	

		ons of persons exercising control of public and public passenger vehicles	1 2
(1)	-	person exercising control of a public place or public enger vehicle must not—	3 4
	(a)	refuse entry to, or permission to be in, the place or vehicle to an accompanied handler who is complying with the identification procedure; or	5 6 7
	(b)	refuse service in the place or vehicle to an accompanied handler who is complying with the identification procedure; or	8 9 10
	(c)	impose a term that would result in a person with a disability being separated, while in the place or vehicle, from the guide, hearing or assistance dog that the person relies on to reduce the person's need for support.	11 12 13 14
	Max	timum penalty—100 penalty units.	15
(2)	for to	a defence to a charge of an offence against subsection (1) he person to prove that he or she contravened this section a reason that was reasonable in the circumstances and did relate to—	16 17 18 19
	(a)	for an offence against subsection (1)(a) or (b)—the accompanied handler being accompanied by a guide, hearing, assistance or trainee support dog; or	20 21 22
	(b)	for an offence against subsection (1)(c)—the person with a disability being accompanied by a guide, hearing or assistance dog.	23 24 25
(3)	In th	nis section—	26
	acco	ompanied handler means—	27
	(a)	a person with a disability who is accompanied by the guide, hearing or assistance dog the person relies on to reduce the person's need for support; or	28 29 30
	(b)	an approved trainer, employee trainer or puppy carer who is accompanied by a guide, hearing, assistance or trainee support dog.	31 32 33

		<i>term</i> includes a condition, requirement or practice, whether or not written.			
		Note-	Note—		
			person with a disability may also have a right of action under the isability Discrimination Act 1992 (Cwlth).	4 5	
Par	t 3		Trainers of guide, hearing and assistance dogs	6 7	
Divi	sion	1	Approval of trainers of guide, hearing and assistance dogs	8 9	
14	Wh	o is	suitable for approval	10	
	(1)	-	erson is <i>suitable for approval</i> under this part if the person ble to—	11 12	
		(a)	train reliable guide, hearing or assistance dogs that are—	13 14	
			(i) able to perform identifiable physical tasks and behaviours for the benefit of a person with a disability; and	15 16 17	
			(ii) safe and effective in public places and public passenger vehicles; and	18 19	
		(b)	select dogs that are able to meet the individual needs of a person with a disability; and	20 21	
		(c)	provide ongoing and regular support to the handlers of the guide, hearing or assistance dogs trained by the person.	22 23 24	
	(2)	follo him	wever, a person is not suitable for approval if any of the owing persons have a criminal history that would make or her unsuitable to work with animals or people with a billity—	25 26 27 28	

		(a)	for a	approval as an approved trainer—the person;	1
		(b)		approval as an approved training institution—the bloyee trainers of the person.	2 3
15	Ар	plica	tion f	for approval	4
	(1)			dual (the <i>applicant</i>) may apply to the chief executive val in 1 or more categories of approved trainer.	5 6
	(2)	exec	utive	ation (also the <i>applicant</i>) may apply to the chief for approval in 1 or more categories of approved astitution.	7 8 9
	(3)			cation under subsection (1) or (2) must be in the form and accompanied by each of the following—	10 11
		(a)		documents or information on which the applicant es to establish the applicant is suitable for approval;	12 13
		(b)	for a	approval as an approved trainer—	14
			(i)	a consent to a criminal history check, in the approved form, from the applicant; and	15 16
			(ii)	a disclosure of the criminal history, if any, of the applicant;	17 18
		(c)	for a	approval as an approved training institution—	19
			(i)	a consent to a criminal history check, in the approved form, from each employee trainer of the institution; and	20 21 22
			(ii)	a disclosure of the criminal history, if any, of each employee trainer of the institution;	23 24
		(d)	the i	fee, if any, prescribed under a regulation.	25
	(4)	othe	r doc	ed by the chief executive, the applicant must provide uments and information reasonably required by the cutive to decide the application.	26 27 28
	(5)			ctions (1) and (2), the categories of approved trainer ed training institution are the following—	29 30
		(a)	guic	le dog trainer;	31

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		(b)	hear	ring dog trainer;	1	
		(c)	assis	stance dog trainer.	2	
16	Su	bmis	sions	s from advisory committee	3	
	(1)	exec	utive	eiving an application under section 15, the chief may ask an advisory committee for a submission applicant.	4 5 6	
	(2)			days after receiving a request under subsection (1), bry committee must—	7 8	
		(a)	_	the chief executive a written submission about the licant; and	9 10	
		(b)	give	the applicant—	11	
			(i)	a copy of the submission; and	12	
			(ii)	a notice stating that the applicant may make written representations to the chief executive about the submission within 14 days after the applicant is given the notice and copy of the submission.	13 14 15 16	
	(3)	subr	nissio	4 days after receiving the notice and copy of the on, the applicant may make written representations to executive about the submission.	17 18 19	
17	Decision on application for approval					
	(1)					
	(2)	In considering if the applicant is suitable for approval, the chief executive must have regard to the following—			24 25	
		(a)	for a	an individual—	26	
			(i)	the applicant's qualifications, knowledge or experience in dog obedience training;	27 28	
			(ii)	the applicant's criminal history;	29	
		(b)	for a	a corporation—	30	

		(i)	the qualifications, knowledge or experience in dog obedience training of its employees;	1 2
		(ii)	the criminal history of each employee trainer;	3
	(c)	the	training methods to be used by the applicant;	4
	(d)	sub	submission is requested under section 16(1)—the mission and any representation about the submission eived under section 16(3);	5 6 7
	(e)	ano	ther matter prescribed under a regulation.	8
(3)	Also	, the	chief executive may have regard to the following—	9
	(a)		applicant's membership of an organisation that motes standards of dog training;	10 11
	(b)	or	lifications, knowledge or experience of the applicant, the applicant's employees, that demonstrates an erstanding of the needs of people with a disability.	12 13 14
(4)	for approval, the chief executive must decide to grant the		15 16 17	
(5)	approval that the chief executive considers reasonable and		18 19 20	
(6)	If the chief executive is not satisfied that the applicant is suitable for approval, the chief executive must decide to refuse to grant the approval.		21 22 23	
No	tifica	tion	of decision	24
(1)			ief executive decides to grant an approval to the , the chief executive must—	25 26
	(a)	imn and	nediately give the applicant a notice of the decision;	27 28
	(b)		fy the name and category of the approved trainer or	29 30

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	(2)	If the chief executive decides to impose conditions on the approval, the chief executive must immediately give the applicant an information notice for the decision.	1 2 3
	(3)	If the chief executive decides to refuse to grant an approval to the applicant, the chief executive must immediately give the applicant an information notice for the decision.	4 5 6
19		proval remains in force unless immediately spended, cancelled or surrendered	7 8
		An approval as an approved trainer or approved training institution remains in force unless immediately suspended, cancelled or surrendered under this part.	9 10 11
Divi	sion	2 Review of approval	12
20	De	finitions for div 2	13
		In this division—	14
		trainer means approved trainer.	15
		institution means approved training institution.	16
21	Re	view of approval	17
	(1)	The chief executive must review the approval of a trainer or institution 3 years after the approval is granted and afterwards at intervals of not more than 3 years.	18 19 20
	(2)	Before conducting the review, the chief executive must send the trainer or institution a notice stating the chief executive is conducting a review of the trainer's or institution's approval.	21 22 23
	(3)	If requested, the trainer or institution must give the chief executive, within 28 days, documents and information, stated in the notice, the chief executive reasonably requires to conduct the review.	24 25 26 27

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22	Su	bmis	sions	s from advisory committee	1	
	(1)	(1) In conducting a review under this division, the chief exe may ask an advisory committee for a submission about rainer or institution.				
	(2)			days after receiving a request under subsection (1), bry committee must—	5 6	
		(a)	_	the chief executive a written submission about the ner or institution; and	7 8	
		(b)	give	the trainer or institution—	9	
			(i)	a copy of the submission; and	10	
			(ii)	a notice stating that the trainer or institution may make written representations to the chief executive about the submission within 14 days after the trainer or institution is given the notice and copy of the submission.	11 12 13 14 15	
	(3)	subr	nissio	4 days after receiving the notice and copy of the on, the trainer or institution may make written ations to the chief executive about the submission.	16 17 18	
23	De	cisio	n on	review	19	
	(1)			eting a review under this division, the chief executive e regard to the following—	20 21	
		(a)	for a	a trainer—	22	
			(i)	the trainer's qualifications, knowledge or experience in dog obedience training;	23 24	
			(ii)	the trainer's criminal history;	25	
		(b)	for a	an institution—	26	
			(i)	the qualifications, knowledge or experience in dog obedience training of its employees;	27 28	
			(ii)	the criminal history of each employee trainer;	29	
		(c)		training methods used or to be used by the trainer or itution;	30 31	

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	submission ar	on is requested under section 22(1)—the nd any representation about the submission or section 22(3);	1 2 3
	(e) another matte	r prescribed under a regulation.	4
(2)	Also, the chief exec	cutive may have regard to the following—	5
	3 7	or institution's membership of an hat promotes standards of dog training;	6 7
	or, for an insti	, knowledge or experience of the trainer, itution, its employees, that demonstrates an g of the needs of people with a disability;	8 9 10
		or institution's history of compliance with drequirements;	11 12
	(d) any complain trainer or inst	its made to the chief executive about the itution.	13 14
(3)	the trainer or instituthe chief executive	the review, the chief executive is satisfied ation continues to be suitable for approval, must give the trainer or institution a notice ew has been completed.	15 16 17 18
Division	3 Imme	diate suspension, cancellation	19
		oluntary surrender of approval	20
Subdivi	sion 1 Prelir	ninary	21
24 De	finitions for div 3		22
	In this division—		23
	show cause notice	see section 27(2).	24
	show cause period	see section 27(2)(d)	25

	Grounds for immediate suspension or cancellation of approval					
(1)	•					
	(a)	the trainer or institution is no longer suitable for approval;	6 7			
		Examples of when a trainer or institution is no longer suitable for approval—	8 9			
		• The chief executive has decided an approved trainer is no longer suitable for approval after conducting a review of the trainer's approval under division 2.	10 11 12			
		 A change in the criminal history of an employee trainer of an approved training institution results in the employee trainer being unsuitable to work with animals. 	13 14 15			
	(b)	the trainer or institution has contravened the prescribed requirements;	16 17			
	(c)	the trainer or institution has contravened a provision of this Act;	18 19			
	(d)	the institution employs an unsuitable person as an employee trainer;	20 21			
	(e)	the trainer or institution has intentionally or recklessly certified a dog as a guide, hearing or assistance dog and the dog has not, or should not have, passed a public access test;	22 23 24 25			
	(f)	the approval was granted because of a materially false or misleading representation or declaration.	26 27			
(2)	In th	nis section—	28			
	deci	ded is unsuitable to work with animals or people with a bility.	29 30 31			

Sub	divis	sion	2 Immediate suspension	1
26	lmı	media	ate suspension of approval	2
	(1)	appr susp	chief executive may, by information notice given to an roved trainer or approved training institution, immediately bend the trainer's or institution's approval if the chief cutive reasonably believes—	3 4 5 6
		(a)	a ground exists for immediately suspending the approval; and	7 8
		(b)	it is necessary to immediately suspend the approval to prevent or control harm happening to a person or animal.	9 10 11
	(2)	The	information notice must also state the suspension period.	12
	(3)	The	suspension—	13
		(a)	may be for the period the chief executive decides but not more than 3 months; and	14 15
		(b)	has effect immediately when the notice is given.	16
Sub	divis	sion	3 Cancellation	17
27	Sh	ow ca	ause process	18
	(1)	This	s section applies if—	19
		(a)	the chief executive believes a ground exists to cancel the approval of an approved trainer or approved training institution; and	20 21 22
		(b)	the chief executive proposes to cancel the approval.	23
	(2)	appı	chief executive must give the approved trainer or roved training institution a notice (a <i>show cause notice</i>) ng the following—	24 25 26
		(a)	the chief executive proposes to cancel the trainer's or institution's approval;	27 28

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		(b) the grounds for the proposed cancellation;	1
		-	2
		executive, within a stated period (the show cause period), written representations explaining why the trainer's or institution's approval should not be	4 5 6 7 8
	(3)	show cause notice is given to the approved trainer or approved	9 10 11
	(4)	made in the show cause period by the approved trainer or	12 13 14
28	En	ding show cause process without further action	15
		believes the ground exists to cancel the approval, the chief	16 17 18
			19 20
		trainer or approved training institution that no further	21 22 23
29	Ca	ncellation of approval	24
	(1)	believes cancellation is warranted, the chief executive may	25 26 27
	(2)	notice about the decision to the approved trainer or approved	28 29 30
	(3)	The decision takes effect on the later of the following days—	31

		(a)		day the information notice is given to the approved ner or approved training institution;	1 2
		(b)	the o	day stated in the information notice for that purpose.	3
Sub	divis	sion	4	Voluntary surrender of approval	4
30	Vol	unta	ry su	rrender of approval	5
	(1)	surre	ender	oved trainer or approved training institution may the trainer's or institution's approval by written en to the chief executive.	6 7 8
	(2)			nder of the approval takes effect on the later of the days—	9 10
		(a)	the o	day the notice is given to the chief executive;	11
		(b)	the o	day stated in the notice for that purpose.	12
Divi	sion	4		Prescribed requirements	13
31	Pre	escrib	oed re	equirements	14
	(1)	prov	ision	tion may prescribe requirements relating to the of a training service by an approved trainer or training institution.	15 16 17
	(2)			imiting subsection (1), a regulation may prescribe a ent about—	18 19
		(a)		an approved trainer or approved training institution vers services to clients, including—	20 21
			(i)	assessments and training of clients in relation to the control and care of guide, hearing or assistance dogs; and	22 23 24
			(ii)	information to be given to clients; or	25
		(b)		types of records to be kept by an approved trainer or roved training institution, including records about—	26 27

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				ployment of employee trainers and puppers; and	2 py 1 2
			(ii) train	ner's identity cards; and	3
			(iii) train	ning of dogs; and	4
			(iv) vete	rinary history of dogs; or	5
		(c)	preparing policy; or	g, maintaining, publishing or implementing	a 6 7
		(d)		rance cover an approved trainer or approven stitution must ensure is in force; or	ed 8 9
		(e)		ng accreditation on the basis of indust or other relevant standards.	ry 1(11
		Note-	_		12
		app	roved trainir	of prescribed requirements by an approved trainer ng institution is a ground for immediately suspending rainer's or institution's approval under section 25(1)(b.	or 14
Divis	sion	5	Ot	her matters	16
Divis 32	Ар	prove	d trainers	ther matters s and approved training institutions of change	16 17 18
	Ар	prove st giv An a writt matt	d trainers e notice pproved tr en notice ers within	s and approved training institutions	17 18 ve 19 ng 20
	Ap mu	prove st giv An a writt matt	d trainers te notice pproved train en notice ers within	s and approved training institutions of change ainer or approved training institution must git to the chief executive of any of the following 14 days after becoming aware of the matter	17 18 ve 19 ng 20 er, 21
	Ap mu	Prove st giv An a writt matt unle	d trainers e notice pproved treen notice ers within as the train a change	s and approved training institutions of change ainer or approved training institution must git to the chief executive of any of the following 14 days after becoming aware of the matter or institution has a reasonable excuse—	17 18 ve 19 ng 20 er, 21 22
	Ap mu	An a writt matt unle	d trainers e notice pproved treen notice ers within s the train a change a matter p	s and approved training institutions of change rainer or approved training institution must give to the chief executive of any of the following 14 days after becoming aware of the matter or institution has a reasonable excuse—in the trainer's or institution's address;	17 18 ve 19 19 20 er, 21 22 23
	Ap mu	An a writt matt unle (a) (b) Note- Co	d trainers e notice pproved tr en notice ers within as the train a change a matter p ntravention ning instituti	s and approved training institutions of change rainer or approved training institution must give to the chief executive of any of the following 14 days after becoming aware of the matter or institution has a reasonable excuse—in the trainer's or institution's address;	17 18 ve 19 19 20 er, 21 22 23 24 25 ed 26

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	from a new employee trainer within 14 days of employing the trainer.	1 2
	Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	3
33 Cla	ims by persons about approval	4
	A person who is not an approved trainer or approved training institution must not hold out, or attempt to hold out, to be approved by the chief executive for training guide, hearing or assistance dogs.	5 6 7 8
	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	9
Part 4	Certification of guide, hearing	10
	and assistance dogs	11
Division	1 Interpretation	12
34 Def	finitions for pt 4	13
	In this part—	14
	approved assistance dog trainer means an approved trainer or approved training institution approved in the category of assistance dog trainer.	15 16 17
	approved guide dog trainer means an approved trainer or approved training institution approved in the category of guide dog trainer.	18 19 20
	approved hearing dog trainer means an approved trainer or approved training institution approved in the category of hearing dog trainer.	21 22 23

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35	Pul	blic a	access test	1
	(1)	_	ublic access test is a test approved by the chief executive ssess if a guide, hearing or assistance dog is—	2 3
		(a)	safe and effective in a public place or public passenger vehicle; and	4 5
		(b)	able to be controlled by the handler of the dog.	6
	(2)	The	chief executive must—	7
		(a)	keep a copy of each public access test available for inspection, free of charge, by members of the public at the department's head office and regional offices; and	8 9 10
		(b)	publish the public access test on the department's website on the internet.	11 12
		Edito	or's note—	13
			The department's website on the internet is <www.disability.qld.gov.au>.</www.disability.qld.gov.au>	14 15
Divi	ision	2	Certification of guide, hearing and assistance dogs	16 17
36	Ce	rtifica	ation of guide dogs	18
			approved guide dog trainer may only certify a guide dog a person with a disability if the dog—	19 20
		(a)	is able to be used as a guide by a person with disability attributable to a vision impairment; and	21 22
		(b)	has passed a public access test conducted by the following within 7 days before being certified—	23 24
			(i) for an approved trainer—the trainer;	25
			(ii) for an approved training institution—an employee trainer of the institution; and	26 27
		(c)	is not a restricted breed as defined under the Local	28

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	(d)	is de-sexed and vaccinated; and	1
	(e)	has not been declared a dangerous dog under a local law.	2
27	Cortifica	ation of bearing dags	2
37		ation of hearing dogs	3
		approved hearing dog trainer may only certify a hearing for a person with a disability if the dog—	4 5
	(a)	is able to be used as an aid by a person with disability attributable to a hearing impairment; and	6 7
	(b)	has passed a public access test conducted by the following within 7 days before being certified—	8 9
		(i) for an approved trainer—the trainer;	10
		(ii) for an approved training institution—an employee trainer of the institution; and	11 12
	(c)	is not a restricted breed as defined under the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> ; and	13 14
	(d)	is de-sexed and vaccinated; and	15
	(e)	has not been declared a dangerous dog under a local law.	16
38	Certifica	ation of assistance dogs	17
		approved assistance dog trainer may only certify an stance dog for a person with a disability if the dog—	18 19
	(a)	is able to perform identifiable physical tasks and behaviours to assist the person in a way that reduces the person's need for support; and	20 21 22
	(b)	has passed a public access test conducted by the following within 7 days before being certified—	23 24
		(i) for an approved trainer—the trainer;	25
		(ii) for an approved training institution—an employee trainer of the institution; and	26 27
	(c)	is not a restricted breed as defined under the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> ; and	28 29

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		(d) is de-sexed and vaccinated; and	1
		(e) has not been declared a dangerous dog under a local law.	2
39	Аp	proved or employee trainer must not certify own dog	3
	(1)	An approved trainer must not certify a guide, hearing or assistance dog if the trainer is also the person with a disability who relies on the dog.	4 5 6
	(2)	An approved training institution must not certify a guide, hearing or assistance dog if the person with a disability who relies on the dog is—	7 8 9
		(a) an employee trainer of the institution; or	10
		(b) a director or shareholder of the institution.	11
		Note—	12
		Contravention of this section by an approved trainer or approved training institution is a ground for immediately suspending or cancelling the trainer's or institution's approval under section 25(1)(c).	13 14 15
Par	t 5	Identity cards for handlers, trainers and puppy carers	1 <i>6</i>
Division 1		1 Identity cards for handlers	18
Sub	divis	sion 1 Issue of handlers' identity cards	19
40	Eli	gibility for handler's identity card	20
		A person with a disability who relies on a guide, hearing or assistance dog is eligible for a handler's identity card if—	21 22

		(a)	the person reasonably requires the guide, hearing or assistance dog to reduce the person's need for support; and	1 2 3
		(b)	the person is able to physically control the dog; and	4
		(c)	the person applies for a handler's identity card within 28 days after an approved trainer or approved training institution certifies the dog for the person.	5 6 7
41	Ар	plicat	tion for handler's identity card	8
	(1)	assis	erson with a disability who relies on a guide, hearing or stance dog (the <i>applicant</i>) may apply to the chief entive for a handler's identity card.	9 10 11
	(2)	The acco	application must be in the approved form and ompanied by—	12 13
		(a)	the documents or information prescribed under a regulation, including evidence of the person's disability; and	14 15 16
		(b)	a photo of the applicant and dog that complies with the requirements prescribed under a regulation; and	17 18
		(c)	the fee, if any, prescribed under a regulation.	19
	(3)	othe	quested by the chief executive, the applicant must provide r documents and information reasonably required by the f executive to decide the application.	20 21 22
	(4)	28 d	chief executive must consider the application and, within lays, decide to either issue or refuse to issue a handler's tity card to the applicant.	23 24 25
	(5)	the a	chief executive may only issue a handler's identity card to applicant if the chief executive is satisfied the applicant is ble for the card under section 40.	26 27 28
	(6)	to th	e chief executive decides to issue a handler's identity card ne applicant, the chief executive must issue the card as n as practicable.	29 30 31
	(7)		ne chief executive decides to refuse to issue a handler's tity card to the applicant, the chief executive must	32 33

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			nediately give the applicant an information notice for the sion.
42	Ter	m of	handler's identity card
	(1)	card	andler's identity card becomes effective on the day the is issued and expires, unless sooner suspended, cancelled arrendered, on the day of expiry stated on the card.
	(2)		day of expiry for a handler's identity card must not be e than—
		(a)	for a card relating to use of a guide or hearing dog—5 years from the day the card is issued; or
		(b)	for a card relating to use of an assistance dog—2 years from the day the card is issued.
43	No	tice c	of expiry of handler's identity card
			east 60 days before a handler's identity card is to expire, chief executive must give the handler a notice stating—
		(a)	the day the card will expire; and
		(b)	how to apply for a handler's identity card.
Sub	divis	sion	2 Immediate suspension, cancellation and voluntary surrender of handlers' identity cards
44			s for immediate suspension or cancellation of 's identity card
	(1)		n of the following is a ground for immediately suspending ancelling a handler's identity card—
		(a)	the handler's dog is a risk to the health or welfare of the handler or someone else;
		(b)	the handler no longer relies on the handler's dog;

			1	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3 4	
	(2)	In this section—	5	
			5 7	
45	lmı	nediate suspension of handler's identity card	8	
	(1)	handler, immediately suspend the handler's identity card if the	9 10 11	
		• •	12 13	
		prevent or control harm happening to a person or	14 15 16	
	(2)	The information notice must also state the suspension period.	17	
	(3)	The suspension—	18	
			19 20	
		(b) has effect immediately when the notice is given.	21	
46	Ca	ncellation of handler's identity card	22	
	(1)	If the chief executive believes a ground exists to cancel a handler's identity card, the chief executive may cancel the card.		
	(2)	executive must give the handler a notice stating the	26 27 28	
		(a) that the chief executive proposes to cancel the card;	29	
		(b) the grounds for the proposed cancellation;	30	

		(c) an outline of the facts and circumstances forming the basis for the grounds;	1 2	
		(d) that the handler may give the chief executive, within a stated period (the <i>show cause period</i>), written representations from the handler, or from an approved trainer or approved training institution for the handler, about why the card should not be cancelled.	3 4 5 6 7	
	(3)	The show cause period must not be less than 28 days after the show cause notice is given to the handler.	8 9	
	(4)	The chief executive must consider all written representations from the handler, or from an approved training institution for the handler, given to the chief executive within the show cause period.	10 11 12 13	
	(5)	If the chief executive cancels a handler's identity card, the chief executive must immediately give the handler an information notice for the decision.	14 15 16	
	(6)	The decision takes effect on the later of the following days—	17	
		(a) the day the information notice is given to the handler;	18	
		(b) the day stated in the information notice for that purpose.	19	
47	Vol	luntary surrender of handler's identity card		
		A handler may surrender the handler's identity card by giving the card and written notice of the surrender to the chief executive.	21 22 23	
Sub	divis	sion 3 Other matters	24	
48	Re	placement of handler's identity card	25	
	(1)	A handler may apply to the chief executive for the replacement of the handler's identity card if the card is damaged, lost or stolen.	26 27 28	
	(2)	The application must—	29	

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		(a)	be made in the approved form; and	1
		(b)	be accompanied by the fee, if any, prescribed under a regulation.	2 3
	(3)	(2), has	fter receiving an application complying with subsection the chief executive is satisfied the handler's identity card been damaged, lost or stolen, the chief executive must ace it.	4 5 6 7
	(4)		section does not apply if the handler's identity card is ended or cancelled, or has expired.	8 9
49	Re	turn d	of handler's identity card	10
	(1)	exec	andler must return the handler's identity card to the chief utive within 7 days after the following unless the handler a reasonable excuse—	11 12 13
		(a)	the cancellation of the card;	14
		(b)	the death or retirement of the guide, hearing or assistance dog shown on the card.	15 16
		Max	imum penalty—2 penalty units.	17
	(2)	In th	is section—	18
		endi	ement, of a guide, hearing or assistance dog, means the ng of use of the dog as a guide, hearing or assistance dog use the dog is no longer—	19 20 21
		(a)	relied on for support by the dog's handler; or	22
		(b)	able to assist the dog's handler in a way that reduces the handler's need for support.	23 24
Divi	sion	2	Identity cards for approved trainers	25
50	lss	ue of	identity card for approved trainer	26
			chief executive must issue an identity card to each oved trainer.	27 28

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51	Ter	rm of identity card for approved trainer	1
		An identity card for an approved trainer becomes effective on the day the card is issued and expires on the day of expiry stated on the card.	2 3 4
52	Re	placement of identity card for approved trainer	5
	(1)	An approved trainer may apply to the chief executive for the replacement of the trainer's identity card if the card is damaged, lost or stolen.	6 7 8
	(2)	The application must—	9
		(a) be made in the approved form; and	10
		(b) be accompanied by the fee, if any, prescribed under a regulation.	11 12
	(3)	If, after receiving an application complying with subsection (2), the chief executive is satisfied the trainer's identity card has been damaged, lost or stolen, the chief executive must replace it.	13 14 15 16
	(4)	This section does not apply if the trainer's identity card is suspended or cancelled, or has expired.	17 18
53	Re	turn of identity card for approved trainer	19
		An approved trainer whose approval is cancelled or surrendered (the <i>event</i>), must return the trainer's identity card to the chief executive within 7 days after the event unless the trainer has a reasonable excuse.	20 21 22 23
		Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	24

		Identity cards for employee trainers and puppy carers	1 2	
54	Iss	ue of identity card for employee trainer or puppy carer	3	
	(1)	An approved training institution must issue identity cards to its employee trainers and puppy carers.	4 5	
	(2)	An approved training institution must not—	6	
		(a) issue an identity card to anyone other than an employee trainer or puppy carer of the institution; or	7 8	
		(b) issue an identity card that does not comply with the requirements prescribed in a regulation.	9 10	
	(3)	In this section—	11	
		<i>identity card</i> means a card which identifies the card holder as an employee trainer or puppy carer.	12 13	
		Note—	14	
		Contravention of this section by an approved training institution is a ground for immediately suspending or cancelling the institution's approval under section 25(1)(c).	15 16 17	
55 Return of identity card for employee trainer or puppy carer		18 19		
	(1)	An approved training institution must collect an employee trainer's or puppy carer's identity card as soon as practicable after the trainer or carer stops being a trainer or carer.	20 21 22	
	(2)	In this section—	23	
		<i>identity card</i> means the card which identifies the card holder as an employee trainer or puppy carer.	24 25	
		Note—	26	
		Contravention of this section by an approved training institution is a ground for immediately suspending or cancelling the institution's approval under section $25(1)(c)$.	27 28 29	

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Part 6			1 2
Divis	ion	1 Preliminary	3
56	Ma	in purpose of pt 6	4
		to obtain the criminal history of, and related information	5 6 7
Divis	ion	2 Disclosure of criminal history	8
57	Em	ployee trainers must disclose criminal history	9
			10 11
		(a) whether or not the trainer has a criminal history; and	12
			13 14
		Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	15
58			16 17
	(1)	employee trainer, the trainer must immediately disclose to the	18 19 20
		Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	21
	(2)	criminal history, there is taken to be a change in the trainer's	22 23 24

59	Re	quire	ements for disclosure	1	
	(1)	1) To comply with section 57 or 58 an approved or employ trainer must give the chief executive a disclosure in tapproved form.			
	(2)	abou	information disclosed by an approved or employee trainer ut a conviction of an offence in the trainer's criminal ory must include—	5 6 7	
		(a)	the existence of the conviction; and	8	
		(b)	when the offence was committed; and	9	
		(c)	the details of the offence; and	10	
		(d)	whether or not a conviction was recorded and the sentence imposed on the trainer.	11 12	
Div	ision	3	Chief executive may obtain report about criminal history	13 14	
60			Recutive may obtain report from commissioner of ce service	15 16	
	(1)	This	s section applies to the following persons—	17	
		(a)	an approved trainer;	18	
		(b)	an employee trainer;	19	
		(c)	a person to whom a consent to a criminal history check relates.	20 21	
	(2)	serv	chief executive may ask the commissioner of the police rice to give the chief executive the following information at the person—	22 23 24	
		(a)	a written report about the person's criminal history;	25	
		(b)	a brief description of the circumstances of a conviction mentioned in the person's criminal history.	26 27	
	(3)	The reau	commissioner of the police service must comply with the lest.	28 29	

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	(4)	However, the duty imposed on the commissioner of the police service to comply with the request applies only to information in the commissioner's possession or to which the commissioner has access.	1 2 3 4
Div	ision	4 Use of information	5
61	Pei	rson to be advised of information obtained	6
	(1)	This section applies to information about a person obtained by the chief executive from the commissioner of the police service.	7 8 9
	(2)	Before using the information to make an assessment under this Act, the chief executive must—	10 11
		(a) disclose the information to the person; and	12
		(b) allow the person a reasonable opportunity to make written representations to the chief executive about the information.	13 14 15
62	Us	e of information obtained under this part	16
	(1)	This section applies to the chief executive in considering information about a person received under this part.	17 18
	(2)	The information must not be used for any purpose other than assessing the person's suitability to work with animals or people with a disability.	19 20 21
	(3)	When making the assessment, the chief executive must have regard to the following matters relating to information about the commission of an offence by the person—	22 23 24
		(a) when the offence was committed;	25
		(b) the nature of the offence and its relevance to the person's ability to work with animals or people with a disability;	26 27
		(c) a written representation, if any, made to the chief executive under section 61(2)(b);	28 29

		(d)	anything else the chief executive considers relevant to the assessment of the person.	1 2
Div	ision	5	Controls on information	3
63	Gu	idelin	nes for dealing with information	4
	(1)	this	chief executive must make guidelines, consistent with Act, for dealing with information obtained by the chief outive under this part.	5 6 7
	(2)	The	purpose of the guidelines is to ensure—	8
		(a)	natural justice is afforded to the persons about whom the information is obtained; and	9 10
		(b)	only relevant information is used in assessing the suitability of a person to work with animals or people with a disability; and	11 12 13
		(c)	decisions based on the information, are made consistently.	14 15
	(3)	requ	chief executive must give a copy of the guidelines, on est, to a person who has, or will have, a duty to disclose er section 57 or 58.	16 17 18
64	Co	nfide	ntiality of information about criminal history	19
	(1)	This	section applies to a person who—	20
		(a)	is, or has been, a public service employee; and	21
		(b)	in that capacity acquired information, or gained access to a document, under this part about another person's criminal history.	22 23 24
	(2)		person must not disclose the information, or give access e document, to anyone else.	25 26
			imum penalty—100 penalty units or 2 years risonment.	27 28

	(3)	or g	section (2) does not apply to the disclosure of information, giving of access to a document, about another person's aninal history—	1 2 3
		(a)	to the chief executive or a public service employee for the purpose of assessing the person's suitability to work with animals or people with a disability; or	4 5 6
		(b)	if the other person is an adult—with the other person's consent; or	7 8
		(c)	if the disclosure or giving of access is otherwise required under an Act.	9 10
Par	t 7		Reviews and appeals	11
Division 1 Interpretat		1	Interpretation	12
65	Def	finitio	ons for pt 7	13
		In th	nis part—	14
		inte	rested person see section 66(2).	15
		revi	ewed decision see section 69(3).	16
· ·		1′		
		revi	ewable decision see section 66(1).	17
			ewable decision see section 66(1). ewed decision notice see section 69(4).	17 18
Divi	sion	revi	· /	
Divi 66		revio	ewed decision notice see section 69(4).	18
		revid 2 viewa	Reviewable decisions	18 19
	Re	revid 2 viewa	Reviewable decisions able decisions	18 19 20

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		(c) immediately suspend an approval under section 26; or	1
		(d) cancel an approval under section 29; or	2
		(e) refuse to issue a handler's identity card under section 41; or	3 4
		(f) immediately suspend a handler's identity card under section 45; or	5 6
		(g) cancel a handler's identity card under section 46.	7
	(2)	For each decision mentioned in subsection (1), the person who may seek to have the decision reviewed under this part is the person (the <i>interested person</i>) who the chief executive was required to give an information notice about the decision to.	8 9 10 11
Div	ision	3 Review of decision	12
67	Ар	plication for review	13
	(1)	This section applies to the interested person for a reviewable decision.	14 15
	(2)	Within 28 days after the interested person receives an information notice about the reviewable decision, the interested person may apply to the chief executive to review the decision.	16 17 18 19
	(3)	Also, the interested person may apply to the chief executive to review the decision if the chief executive has not given the interested person an information notice about the decision.	20 21 22
	(4)	The application must be in the approved form and supported by enough information to enable the chief executive to decide the application.	23 24 25
	(5)	The chief executive may extend the time mentioned in	26

68	Sta	ay of operation of original decision	1
	(1)	An application under section 67 for review of a decision does not stay the decision.	2 3
	(2)	However, before the decision takes effect, the chief executive may give the interested person a notice staying the operation of the decision for a stated period.	4 5 6
	(3)	The stay may be granted on conditions the chief executive considers appropriate.	7 8
	(4)	Also, whether or not the applicant has asked the chief executive to stay the operation of the decision, the applicant may apply to the tribunal for a stay of the decision.	9 10 11
	(5)	The tribunal may stay the decision to secure the effectiveness of the review and any later appeal to the tribunal.	12 13
	(6)	The stay may be granted on conditions the tribunal considers appropriate and has effect for the period stated by the tribunal.	14 15
	(7)	The period of the stay must not extend past the time when the chief executive makes the reviewed decision and any later period the tribunal allows to enable the applicant to appeal against the reviewed decision.	16 17 18 19
69	Re	view decision	20
	(1)	This section applies to an application under section 67 for review of a decision.	21 22
	(2)	Unless the chief executive made the original decision personally, the chief executive must ensure the application is not dealt with by—	23 24 25
		(a) the person who made the original decision; or	26
		(b) a person in a less senior office than the person who made the original decision.	27 28
	(3)	Within 28 days after receiving the application, the chief executive must review the original decision and make a decision (the <i>reviewed decision</i>)—	29 30 31
		(a) confirming the original decision; or	32

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 (4) Immediately after deciding the application, the chief exect must give the interested person a notice (a reviewed decinotice) stating— (a) the reviewed decision; and (b) the reasons for the reviewed decision; and (c) that, within 28 days after receiving the notice, interested person may appeal against the reviewed decision to the tribunal; and (d) how the interested person may appeal to the tribunal (5) If the chief executive does not decide the application we 28 days after receiving it, the chief executive is taken to made a reviewed decision confirming the original decision Division 4 Appeal against reviewed decision (1) Within 28 days after receiving a reviewed decision notice interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. (2) Also, if the chief executive has made a reviewed decision has not given the interested person a reviewed decision not the interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. (3) If the interested person has received a reviewed decision 		(b) amending the original decision: or	
 (4) Immediately after deciding the application, the chief exect must give the interested person a notice (a reviewed decinotice) stating— (a) the reviewed decision; and (b) the reasons for the reviewed decision; and (c) that, within 28 days after receiving the notice, interested person may appeal against the reviewed decision to the tribunal; and (d) how the interested person may appeal to the tribunal (5) If the chief executive does not decide the application we 28 days after receiving it, the chief executive is taken to made a reviewed decision confirming the original decision Division 4 Appeal against reviewed decision (1) Within 28 days after receiving a reviewed decision notice interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. (2) Also, if the chief executive has made a reviewed decision has not given the interested person a reviewed decision not the interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. (3) If the interested person has received a reviewed decinotice, the application filed in the tribunal to start the appl		(b) afficiently the original decision, or	1
must give the interested person a notice (a <i>reviewed decinotice</i>) stating— (a) the reviewed decision; and (b) the reasons for the reviewed decision; and (c) that, within 28 days after receiving the notice, interested person may appeal against the reviewed decision to the tribunal; and (d) how the interested person may appeal to the tribunal (5) If the chief executive does not decide the application were 28 days after receiving it, the chief executive is taken to made a reviewed decision confirming the original decision To Appeal against reviewed decision (1) Within 28 days after receiving a reviewed decision notice interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. (2) Also, if the chief executive has made a reviewed decision not the interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. (3) If the interested person has received a reviewed decision notice, the application filed in the tribunal to start the application filed in the tribunal t		(c) substituting another decision for the original decision.	2
 (b) the reasons for the reviewed decision; and (c) that, within 28 days after receiving the notice, interested person may appeal against the revie decision to the tribunal; and (d) how the interested person may appeal to the tribunal (5) If the chief executive does not decide the application w 28 days after receiving it, the chief executive is taken to made a reviewed decision confirming the original decision (1) Appeal against reviewed decision (1) Within 28 days after receiving a reviewed decision notice interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. (2) Also, if the chief executive has made a reviewed decision has not given the interested person a reviewed decision not the interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. (3) If the interested person has received a reviewed decision notice, the application filed in the tribunal to start the application filed in the tribunal filed in the tribu	(4)	Immediately after deciding the application, the chief executive must give the interested person a notice (a <i>reviewed decision notice</i>) stating—	3 4 5
 (c) that, within 28 days after receiving the notice, interested person may appeal against the revier decision to the tribunal; and (d) how the interested person may appeal to the tribunal. (5) If the chief executive does not decide the application we 28 days after receiving it, the chief executive is taken to made a reviewed decision confirming the original decision. Division 4 Appeal against reviewed decision (1) Within 28 days after receiving a reviewed decision notice interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. (2) Also, if the chief executive has made a reviewed decision has not given the interested person a reviewed decision not the interested person for the decision may appeal agains decision to the tribunal. (3) If the interested person has received a reviewed decision notice, the application filed in the tribunal to start the application filed in the tribunal to start the application. 		(a) the reviewed decision; and	6
interested person may appeal against the reviet decision to the tribunal; and (d) how the interested person may appeal to the tribunal (5) If the chief executive does not decide the application we 28 days after receiving it, the chief executive is taken to made a reviewed decision confirming the original decision. Division 4 Appeal against reviewed decision (1) Within 28 days after receiving a reviewed decision notice interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. (2) Also, if the chief executive has made a reviewed decision has not given the interested person a reviewed decision not the interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. (3) If the interested person has received a reviewed decision notice, the application filed in the tribunal to start the application filed in the tribunal to start the application start the application filed in the tribunal to start the application fil		(b) the reasons for the reviewed decision; and	7
 (5) If the chief executive does not decide the application we 28 days after receiving it, the chief executive is taken to made a reviewed decision confirming the original decision. 70 Appeal against reviewed decision. (1) Within 28 days after receiving a reviewed decision notice interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. (2) Also, if the chief executive has made a reviewed decision has not given the interested person a reviewed decision not the interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. (3) If the interested person has received a reviewed decision notice, the application filed in the tribunal to start the application filed in the tribunal to start the application filed in the tribunal to start the application. 		interested person may appeal against the reviewed	8 9 10
28 days after receiving it, the chief executive is taken to made a reviewed decision confirming the original decision. Division 4 Appeal against reviewed decision (1) Within 28 days after receiving a reviewed decision notice interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. (2) Also, if the chief executive has made a reviewed decision has not given the interested person a reviewed decision not the interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. (3) If the interested person has received a reviewed decision notice, the application filed in the tribunal to start the application filed in the tribunal to start the application.		(d) how the interested person may appeal to the tribunal.	11
 70 Appeal against reviewed decision Within 28 days after receiving a reviewed decision notice interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. Also, if the chief executive has made a reviewed decision has not given the interested person a reviewed decision not the interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. If the interested person has received a reviewed decision notice, the application filed in the tribunal to start the application. 	(5)	If the chief executive does not decide the application within 28 days after receiving it, the chief executive is taken to have made a reviewed decision confirming the original decision.	12 13 14
 Within 28 days after receiving a reviewed decision notice interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. Also, if the chief executive has made a reviewed decision has not given the interested person a reviewed decision not the interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. If the interested person has received a reviewed decision notice, the application filed in the tribunal to start the application. 	Division	4 Appeal against reviewed decision	15
 interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. (2) Also, if the chief executive has made a reviewed decision has not given the interested person a reviewed decision not the interested person for the decision may appeal against decision to the tribunal. (3) If the interested person has received a reviewed decision to; the application filed in the tribunal to start the application filed. 	70 Ap	peal against reviewed decision	16
has not given the interested person a reviewed decision no the interested person for the decision may appeal agains decision to the tribunal. (3) If the interested person has received a reviewed decision to; the application filed in the tribunal to start the application filed in the tribunal to start the application.	(1)	Within 28 days after receiving a reviewed decision notice, the interested person for the decision may appeal against the decision to the tribunal.	17 18 19
notice, the application filed in the tribunal to start the ap	(2)	Also, if the chief executive has made a reviewed decision but has not given the interested person a reviewed decision notice.	20
		the interested person for the decision may appeal against the	21 22 23
	(3)	the interested person for the decision may appeal against the decision to the tribunal. If the interested person has received a reviewed decision notice, the application filed in the tribunal to start the appeal	22
71 Appeal is by way of rehearing	, ,	the interested person for the decision may appeal against the decision to the tribunal. If the interested person has received a reviewed decision notice, the application filed in the tribunal to start the appeal must be accompanied by a copy of the notice.	22 23 24 25

(2	to ad	ever, the tribunal may give leave to the interested person duce fresh, additional or substituted evidence (the <i>new nce</i>) if the tribunal is satisfied—	1 2 3
	(a)	the interested person did not know, or could not reasonably be expected to have known, of the existence of the new evidence on or before the day the reviewed decision was made; or	4 5 6 7
	(b)	in the special circumstances of the case, it would be unfair not to allow the interested person to adduce the new evidence.	8 9 10
(3) If the may-	e tribunal gives leave under subsection (2), the tribunal	11 12
	(a)	adjourn the proceeding to allow the chief executive to reconsider the reviewed decision together with the new evidence; or	13 14 15
	(b)	continue with the appeal by way of rehearing on the evidence that was before the chief executive and on the new evidence.	16 17 18
(4	adjou revie	ever, if the chief executive asks the tribunal for an armment to allow the chief executive to reconsider the wed decision together with the new evidence, the tribunal adjourn the proceeding for a stated reasonable time.	19 20 21 22
Part 8		Monitoring and enforcement	23
Divisio	n 1	Preliminary	24
72 P	urpose	of pt 8	25
	office	purpose of this part is to provide powers to authorised ers for the purpose of monitoring and enforcing bliance with this Act.	26 27 28

Divisi	on	2 Authorised officers	1
73	Pov	vers generally	2
	(1)	An authorised officer has the powers given under this Act.	3
	(2)	In exercising the powers under this Act an authorised officer is subject to the directions of the chief executive.	4 5
74	Арр	pointment and qualifications	6
	(1)	The chief executive may appoint a public service employee as an authorised officer.	7 8
1	(2)	However, the chief executive may appoint a public service employee as an authorised officer only if the chief executive is satisfied the employee is qualified for appointment because the employee has the necessary expertise or experience.	9 10 11 12
75	Арр	pointment conditions and limit on powers	13
	(1)	An authorised officer holds office on the conditions stated in—	14 15
		(a) the officer's instrument of appointment under this Act; or	16 17
		(b) a signed notice given to the officer; or	18
		(c) a regulation.	19
	(2)	The instrument of appointment, a signed notice given to the authorised officer or a regulation may limit the officer's powers under this Act.	20 21 22
	(3)	In this section—	23
		signed notice means a notice signed by the chief executive.	24
76	Issı	ue of identity card	25
	(1)	The chief executive must issue an identity card to each authorised officer.	26 27

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	(2)	The identity card must—	1
		(a) contain a recent photo of the authorised officer; and	2
		(b) contain a copy of the authorised officer's signature; and	3
		(c) identify the person as an authorised officer under this Act; and	4 5
		(d) state an expiry date for the card.	6
	(3)	This section does not prevent the issue of a single identity card to a person for this Act and other purposes.	7 8
77	Pro	oduction or display of identity card	9
	(1)	In exercising a power under this Act in relation to a person, an authorised officer must—	10 11
		(a) produce the authorised officer's identity card for the person's inspection before exercising the power; or	12 13
		(b) have the identity card displayed so it is clearly visible to the person when exercising the power.	14 15
	(2)	However, if it is not practicable to comply with subsection (1), the authorised officer must produce the identity card for the person's inspection at the first reasonable opportunity.	16 17 18
	(3)	For subsection (1), an authorised officer does not exercise a power in relation to a person only because the authorised officer has entered a place as mentioned in section 81(1)(b) or (c), or 81(2).	19 20 21 22
78	Wh	nen authorised officer ceases to hold office	23
	(1)	An authorised officer ceases to hold office if any of the following happens—	24 25
		(a) the term of office stated in a condition of office ends;	26
		(b) under another condition of office, the authorised officer ceases to hold office;	27 28
		(c) the authorised officer's resignation under section 79 takes effect.	29 30

	(2)		section (1) does not limit the ways an authorised officer cease to hold office.	1 2
	(3)	In th	nis section—	3
			dition of office means a condition on which the authorised cer holds office.	4 5
79	Re	signa	ation	6
			authorised officer may resign by signed notice given to the f executive.	7 8
80	Re	turn (of identity card	9
		the pafter	erson who ceases to be an authorised officer must return person's identity card to the chief executive within 21 days recasing to be an authorised officer unless the person has asonable excuse.	10 11 12 13
		Max	ximum penalty—20 penalty units.	14
Divi	sion	3	Powers of authorised officers	15
Sub	divis	ion	1 Entry of places	16
81	Po	ver t	o enter places	17
	(1)	An a	authorised officer may enter a place if—	18
		(a)	an occupier of the place consents to the entry; or	19
		(b)	it is a public place and the entry is made when it is open to the public; or	20 21
		(c)	it is not a home and the entry is made when the place is open for carrying on business or otherwise open for entry.	22 23 24

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	(2)	ente	the purpose of asking an occupier of a place for consent to r, an authorised officer may, without the occupier's sent or a warrant—	1 2 3
		(a)	enter land around the premises at the place to an extent that is reasonable to contact the occupier; or	4 5
		(b)	enter part of the place the authorised officer reasonably considers members of the public ordinarily are allowed to enter when they wish to contact the occupier.	6 7 8
Sub	divis	sion	2 Procedure for entry	9
82	En	try w	ith consent	10
	(1)	occi	s section applies if an authorised officer intends to ask an apier of a place to consent to the officer or another orised officer entering the place under section 81(1)(a).	11 12 13
	(2)		ore asking for the consent, the authorised officer must tell occupier—	14 15
		(a)	the purpose of the entry; and	16
		(b)	that the occupier is not required to consent.	17
	(3)		ne consent is given, the authorised officer may ask the upier to sign an acknowledgment of the consent.	18 19
	(4)	The	acknowledgment must state—	20
		(a)	that the occupier has been told—	21
			(i) the purpose of the entry; and	22
			(ii) that the occupier is not required to consent; and	23
		(b)	the purpose of the entry; and	24
		(c)	that the occupier gives the authorised officer consent to enter the place and exercise the powers under this part; and	25 26 27
		(d)	the time and date the consent was given.	28

	(5)		ne occupier signs the acknowledgment, the authorised cer must immediately give a copy to the occupier.	1 2
	(6)	If—		3
		(a)	an issue arises in a proceeding about whether the occupier consented to the entry; and	4 5
		(b)	an acknowledgment complying with subsection (4) for the entry is not produced in evidence;	6 7
			onus of proof is on the person relying on the lawfulness of entry to prove the occupier consented.	8 9
Sub	divis	sion	3 Powers after entry	10
83	Ge	neral	powers after entering a place	11
	(1)	This place	s section applies to an authorised officer who enters a e.	12 13
	(2)	occu	vever, if an authorised officer enters a place to get an appier's consent to enter the place, this section applies to officer only if the consent is given or the entry is otherwise orised.	14 15 16 17
	(3)		investigating an offence against this Act, the authorised cer may do any of the following—	18 19
		(a)	search any part of the place;	20
		(b)	inspect, photograph or film any part of the place or anything at the place;	21 22
		(c)	copy a document at the place;	23
		(d)	confer alone with a person at the place;	24
		(e)	require a person at the place to give the authorised officer reasonable help to exercise the authorised officer's powers under paragraphs (a) to (d);	25 26 27
		(f)	require a person at the place to answer questions by the authorised officer to help the authorised officer ascertain whether this Act is being or has been complied with.	28 29 30

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	(4)	When making a requirement mentioned in subsection (3)(e) or (f), the authorised officer must warn the person it is an offence to fail to comply with the requirement, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	1 2 3 4
84	Fai	lure to help authorised officer	5
		A person required to give reasonable help under section 83(3)(e) must comply with the requirement, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	6 7 8
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	9
85	Fai	lure to answer questions	10
	(1)	A person of whom a requirement is made under section 83(3)(f) must comply with the requirement, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	11 12 13
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	14
	(2)	It is a reasonable excuse for an individual to fail to comply with the requirement because complying with the requirement might tend to incriminate the individual.	15 16 17
Sub	divis	sion 4 Power to obtain information	18
86	Po	wer to require name and address	19
	(1)	This section applies if an authorised officer—	20
		(a) finds a person committing an offence against this Act; or	21
		(b) finds a person in circumstances that lead the authorised officer reasonably to suspect the person is committing, or has just committed, an offence against this Act; or	22 23 24
		(c) has information that leads the authorised officer reasonably to suspect the person is committing, or has just committed, an offence against this Act.	25 26 27

	(2)	The authorised officer may require the person to state the person's name and residential address.	1 2
	(3)	When making the requirement, the authorised officer must warn the person it is an offence to fail to state the person's name or residential address, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	3 4 5 6
	(4)	The authorised officer may require the person to give the authorised officer evidence of the correctness of the stated name or residential address if the authorised officer reasonably suspects the stated name or address to be false.	7 8 9 10
87	Fai	ilure to give name or address	11
	(1)	A person of whom a requirement is made under section 86(2) or (4) must comply with the requirement, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	12 13 14
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	15
	(2)	A person does not commit an offence against subsection (1) if—	16 17
		(a) the person was required to state the person's name and residential address by an authorised officer who suspected the person had committed an offence against this Act; and	18 19 20 21
		(b) the person is not proved to have committed the offence.	22
88	Po do	wer to require particular information or inspect cuments	23 24
	(1)	For the purpose of monitoring or enforcing compliance with this Act, an authorised officer may require an approved trainer or approved training institution to—	25 26 27
		(a) give particular information about the provision of a training service by the trainer or institution, including information about a matter dealt with in the prescribed requirements; or	28 29 30 31

		(b) make a document available for inspection by the authorised officer, or produce a document to the authorised officer for inspection, at a reasonable time and place nominated by the authorised officer.	1 2 3 4
	(2)	For the purpose of monitoring or enforcing compliance with this Act, an authorised officer may require a person to make available for inspection by the authorised officer, or produce to the authorised officer for inspection, at a reasonable time and place nominated by the authorised officer—	5 6 7 8 9
		(a) a document issued to the person under this Act; or	10
		(b) a document required to be kept by the person under this Act.	11 12
89	Po	wers relating to production of documents	13
	(1)	This section applies to a document made available or produced to an authorised officer under section 88(1)(b) or (2).	14 15 16
	(2)	The authorised officer may keep the document to copy it.	17
	(3)	If the authorised officer copies the document, or an entry in the document, the authorised officer may require the person responsible for keeping the document to certify the copy as a true copy of the document or entry.	18 19 20 21
	(4)	The authorised officer must return the document to the person as soon as practicable after copying it.	22 23
	(5)	However, if a requirement is made of a person under subsection (3), the authorised officer may keep the document until the person complies with the requirement.	24 25 26
90		lure to give information or produce or certify cument	27 28
	(1)	A person of whom a requirement is made under section 88 must comply with the requirement, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	29 30 31

	(2)	It is a reasonable excuse for a person not to comply with a requirement under section 88 that complying with the requirement might tend to incriminate the person.	1 2 3
	(3)	A person of whom a requirement is made under section 89(3) must comply with the requirement, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	4 5 6
		Note—	7
		Contravention of this section by an approved trainer or approved training institution is a ground for immediately suspending or cancelling the trainer's or institution's approval under section 25(1)(c).	8 9 10
Divi	sion	4 Other matters	11
91	No	tice of damage	12
	(1)	This section applies if—	13
		(a) an authorised officer damages property when exercising or purporting to exercise a power; or	14 15
		(b) a person (the <i>other person</i>) acting under the direction or authority of an authorised officer damages property.	16 17
	(2)	The authorised officer must immediately give notice of particulars of the damage to a person who appears to the authorised officer to be an owner of the property.	18 19 20
	(3)	If the authorised officer believes the damage was caused by a latent defect in the property or circumstances beyond the authorised officer's or other person's control, the authorised officer may state the belief in the notice.	21 22 23 24
	(4)	If, for any reason, it is impracticable to comply with subsection (2), the authorised officer must leave the notice in a conspicuous position and in a reasonably secure way where the damage happened.	25 26 27 28
	(5)	This section does not apply to damage the authorised officer reasonably believes is trivial.	29 30
	(6)	In this section—	31

		owner, of property, includes a person in possession or control of it.	1 2
92	Со	mpensation	3
	(1)	If a person incurs loss or expense because of the exercise or purported exercise of a power under division 3, subdivision 1 or 3, the person may claim compensation from the chief executive.	4 5 6 7
	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), compensation may also be claimed for loss or expense incurred in complying with a requirement made of the person under this part.	8 9 10
	(3)	Compensation may be claimed and ordered to be paid in a proceeding—	11 12
		(a) brought in a court with jurisdiction for the recovery of the amount of compensation claimed; or	13 14
		(b) for an offence against this Act brought against the person claiming compensation.	15 16
	(4)	A court may order compensation to be paid only if it is satisfied it is just to make the order in the circumstances of the particular case.	17 18 19
93	Fal	se or misleading statements	20
		A person must not, for this Act, state anything to the chief executive or an authorised officer that the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular.	21 22 23
		Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	24
94	Fal	se or misleading documents	25
	(1)	A person must not, for this Act, give the chief executive or an authorised officer a document containing information that the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular.	26 27 28
		Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	29

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	(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply to a person if the person, when giving the document—	1 2
		(a) tells the chief executive or authorised officer, to the best of the person's ability, how it is false or misleading; and	3 4
		(b) if the person has, or can reasonably obtain, the correct information—gives the correct information.	5 6
95	Ob	structing an authorised officer	7
	(1)	A person must not obstruct an authorised officer in the exercise of a power, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	8 9 10
		Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	11
	(2)	If a person has obstructed an authorised officer and the officer decides to proceed with the exercise of the power, the officer must warn the person that—	12 13 14
		(a) it is an offence to obstruct the officer, unless the person has a reasonable excuse; and	15 16
		(b) the officer considers the person's conduct an obstruction.	17 18
96	lm	personation of an authorised officer	19
		A person must not pretend to be an authorised officer.	20
		Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	21

Part 9)	Legal proceedings	1
Divisio	n 1	Application	2
97 <i>F</i>		tion of pt 9 s part applies to a proceeding under this Act.	3
	11113	s part applies to a proceeding under this Act.	4
Divisio	n 2	Evidence	5
98 <i>A</i>	Appoint	tments and authority	6
		following must be presumed unless a party to the ceeding, by reasonable notice, requires proof of it—	7 8
	(a)	the chief executive's appointment;	9
	(b)	an authorised officer's appointment;	10
	(c)	the authority of the chief executive or an authorised officer to do anything under this Act.	11 12
99 5	Signatu	res	13
	exec	signature purporting to be the signature of the chief cutive or an authorised officer is evidence of the signature arports to be.	14 15 16
100 E	Evident	iary provisions	17
(1	and	ertificate purporting to be signed by the chief executive stating any of the following matters is evidence of the ter—	18 19 20
	(a)	a stated document is 1 of the following things made, given, issued or kept under this Act—	21 22
		(i) an appointment, approval or decision;	23
		(ii) a notice or requirement;	24

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			(iii) a record, or an extract from a record;	1
		(b)	a stated document is a copy of a thing mentioned in paragraph (a);	2 3
		(c)	on a stated day, or during a stated period, an appointment as an authorised officer was, or was not, in force for a stated person;	4 5 6
		(d)	on a stated day, a stated person was given a stated notice under this Act;	7 8
		(e)	on a stated day, a stated requirement was made of a stated person.	9 10
	(2)	matt a sta	complaint starting a proceeding, a statement that the error complaint came to the complainant's knowledge on ated day is evidence of when the matter came to the plainant's knowledge.	1; 1; 1; 14
Divi	sion	3	Proceedings	1:
101	Su	mmaı	ry proceedings for offences	10
	(1)		roceeding for an offence against this Act must be taken in mmary way under the <i>Justices Act 1886</i> .	1′ 18
	(2)		roceeding for an offence against this Act must start within ater of the following periods to end—	19 20
		(a)	1 year after the commission of the offence;	2
		(b)	6 months after the offence comes to the complainant's knowledge, but within 2 years after the offence is committed.	2: 2: 2:
102			ons of false or misleading information or	2
102	_	egation		2

		the information or document was, without specifying which, 'false or misleading'.	1 2
103	Re	sponsibility for acts or omissions of representative	3
	(1)	This section applies in a proceeding for an offence against this Act.	4 5
	(2)	If it is relevant to prove a person's state of mind about a particular act or omission, it is enough to show—	6 7
		(a) the act was done or omitted to be done by a representative of the person within the scope of the representative's actual or apparent authority; and	8 9 10
		(b) the representative had the state of mind.	11
	(3)	An act done or omitted to be done for a person by a representative of the person within the scope of the representative's actual or apparent authority is taken to have been done or omitted to be done also by the person, unless the person proves the person could not, by the exercise of reasonable diligence, have prevented the act or omission.	12 13 14 15 16 17
	(4)	In this section—	18
		representative means—	19
		(a) for a corporation—an executive officer, employee or agent of the corporation; or	20 21
		(b) for an individual—an employee or agent of the individual.	22 23
		state of mind of a person includes—	24
		(a) the person's knowledge, intention, opinion, belief or purpose; and	25 26
		(b) the person's reasons for the intention, opinion, belief or purpose.	27 28

104		cutiv	ve officers must ensure corporation complies	1 2
	(1)		executive officers of a corporation must ensure the oration complies with this Act.	3 4
	(2)	Act,	corporation commits an offence against a provision of this each of the corporation's executive officers also commits offence, namely, the offence of failing to ensure the oration complies with the provision.	5 6 7 8
			imum penalty—the penalty for the contravention of the ision by an individual.	9 10
	(3)	offer the	lence that the corporation has been convicted of an ace against a provision of this Act is evidence that each of executive officers committed the offence of failing to the corporation complies with the provision.	11 12 13 14
	(4)	How	vever, it is a defence for an executive officer to prove—	15
		(a)	if the officer was in a position to influence the conduct of the corporation in relation to the offence, the officer exercised reasonable diligence to ensure the corporation complied with the provision; or	16 17 18 19
		(b)	the officer was not in a position to influence the conduct of the corporation in relation to the offence.	20 21
Part	10		Advisory committee	22
105	Est	ablis	hment of advisory committee	23
			chief executive may establish an advisory committee a time to time.	24 25
106	Mei	mber	ship of advisory committee	26
			advisory committee has the following membership—	27

	(a)		rson the chief executive considers has expertise in obedience training;	1 2
	(b)	-	rson the chief executive considers has expertise in behaviour;	3 4
	(c)		rson with a disability who relies on a guide, hearing sistance dog;	5 6
	(d)		presentative of the department in which this Act is inistered;	7 8
	(e)	•	3 of the following persons decided by the chief utive—	9 10
		(i)	a representative of the department in which the <i>Animal Care and Protection Act 2001</i> is administered;	11 12 13
		(ii)	a representative of the department in which the <i>Transport Operations (Passenger Transport) Act</i> 1994 is administered;	14 15 16
		(iii)	a representative of the advisory committee known as the Disability Council of Queensland and established under the <i>Disability Services Act 2006</i> , section 216;	17 18 19 20
		(iv)	a representative of local government.	21
107	Function	ns of	advisory committee	22
			ry committee's function is to make submissions to xecutive about—	23 24
	(a)	an ap	oplicant under part 3; or	25
	(b)	an ar	oproved trainer; or	26
	(c)	an ap	pproved training institution.	27

108	Inv	estigations by advisory committee
	(1)	For making a submission under section $16(1)$ or $22(1)$, an advisory committee may inform itself of a matter mentioned in section $14(1)$.
	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the advisory committee may inspect the training facilities of an applicant if the applicant consents to the inspection.
	(3)	In this section—
		<i>applicant</i> means an applicant under section 15, approved trainer or approved training institution.
109	Dis	solution of advisory committee
		The chief executive may dissolve an advisory committee at any time.
110	Oth	ner matters
		The chief executive may decide matters about an advisory committee, including, for example, the way a committee must conduct meetings.
Part	11	Miscellaneous
111	Со	nfidentiality of other information
	(1)	This section applies to confidential information other than information mentioned in section 64(1).
	(2)	If a person gains confidential information through involvement in this Act's administration, the person must not disclose the information to anyone, other than under subsection (4).
		Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.

(3)	adm	erson gains information through involvement in this Act's inistration if the person gains the information because of g, or an opportunity given by being—	1 2 3
	(a)	the chief executive; or	4
	(b)	an authorised officer; or	5
	(c)	an employee in the department; or	6
	(d)	a member of an advisory committee.	7
(4)	A pe	erson may disclose confidential information to someone	8 9
	(a)	for administering, monitoring or enforcing compliance with this Act; or	10 11
	(b)	to discharge a function under another law; or	12
	(c)	for a proceeding in a court or tribunal; or	13
	(d)	if authorised under another law or a regulation made under this Act; or	14 15
	(e)	if the person is authorised in writing by the person to whom the confidential information relates; or	16 17
	(f)	to protect the following from abuse, neglect or exploitation—	18 19
		(i) a person with a disability;	20
		(ii) an animal.	21
(5)	to w	rever, subsection (4)(e) does not apply unless the person hom the confidential information relates is an adult when authorisation is given.	22 23 24
Del	egati	on by chief executive	25
(1)	unde	chief executive may delegate the chief executive's powers or this Act to an appropriately qualified person who is a ic service employee.	26 27 28
(2)	In th	is section—	20

112

			or qualified includes having the qualifications, or standing appropriate to the exercise of the	1 2 3
		Example of stan	ding—	4
			on is a public service employee of the department, the classification level in the department	5 6
113	Pro	tecting offic	ials from liability	7
	(1)	official, is no	or a person acting under the direction of an t civilly liable for an act done, or omission made, without negligence under this Act.	8 9 10
	(2)		(1) prevents a civil liability attaching to an her person, the liability attaches instead to the	11 12 13
	(3)	In this section	n—	14
		official mean	s—	15
		(a) the chie	ef executive; or	16
		(b) an auth	orised officer; or	17
		(c) a public	e service employee; or	18
		(d) a memb	per of an advisory committee.	19
114	Sei	vice of docu	ments	20
	(1)	given to a per	nt is required or permitted under this Act to be rson, the document may be given to the person by asmission directed and sent to—	21 22 23
		docume	transmission number given to the giver of the ent by the person as the facsimile transmission for service of documents on the person; or	24 25 26
		(b) the facs	simile transmission number operated—	27
		` ′	the address of the person last known to the giver the document; or	28 29

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		(ii) if the person is a corporation, at the corporation's registered office under the Corporations Act.	1 2
	(2)	A document given under subsection (1) is taken to have been given on the day the document is transmitted.	3 4
	(3)	This section does not limit any other means of giving documents authorised or permitted by law including, for example, under the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , part 10.	5 6 7
115	App	proval of forms	8
		The chief executive may approve forms for use under this Act.	9
116	Reg	gulation making power	10
	(1)	The Governor in Council may make regulations under this Act.	11 12
	(2)	A regulation may be made about the fees, including the waiving or refunding of fees, payable under this Act.	13 14
Part	12	Repeal and transitional	15
		provisions	16
Divis	ion	1 Repeal	17
117	Rep	peal of Guide Dogs Act 1972	18
		The Guide Dogs Act 1972 No. 8 is repealed.	19
118	Rep	peal of Legacy Trust Fund Act 2001	20
		The Legacy Trust Fund Act 2001 No. 48 is repealed.	21

Divi	sion	2 Transitional provisions	1
119	De	finitions for div 2	2
		In this division—	3
		commencement day means the day this section commences.	4
		repealed Act means the Guide Dogs Act 1972.	5
120		rtain institutions taken to be approved training titutions	6
	(1)	The following entities are approved as approved training institutions—	8 9
		(a) Association for the Blind of Western Australia;	10
		(b) Guide Dogs Queensland;	11
		(c) Guide Dogs Victoria;	12
		(d) Guide Dog Associations of SA and NT Inc.;	13
		(e) Lions Hearing Dogs Incorporated;	14
		(f) Royal Guide Dogs for the Blind Association of Tasmania (trading as Guide Dogs Tasmania);	15 16
		(g) Seeing Eye Dogs Australia.	17
	(2)	This section does not limit the application of this Act to an approved training institution approved under this section including, for example, a provision about cancelling the approval of the institution.	18 19 20 21
121	Ce	rtain guide or hearing dogs may be certified	22
	(1)	Despite section 36, an entity mentioned in section 120(1) may certify a guide dog for a person with a disability if, before the commencement day, the dog was trained by the entity to be used as a guide for a person with a disability that is attributable to a vision impairment.	23 24 25 26 27

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	(2)	Despite section 37, an entity mentioned in section 120(1) may certify a hearing dog for a person with a disability if, before the commencement day, the dog was trained by the entity to be used as an aid for a person with a disability that is attributable to a hearing impairment.	1 2 3 4 5
	(3)	An entity may not certify a dog under this section after 1 July 2010.	6 7
	(4)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that a certification under this section does not end on 1 July 2010 only because of subsection (3).	8 9 10
Part	13	Amendment of other Acts	11
122	Am	endment of Acts	12
	(1)	Schedule 2 amends the Anti-Discrimination Act 1991.	13
	(2)	Schedule 3 amends the Acts mentioned in it.	14

Schedule 1	Parts of a health service facility exempt from part 2	1 2
	section 7(1)(a)	3
•	an in-patient ward	4
•	a labour ward	5
•	a procedure room	6
•	a recovery area	7
•	an area in which the standard of hygiene is maintained at a significantly high level for the purpose of preventing infection or the spread of disease	8 9 10
•	an area for isolating people for the purpose of preventing the movement of pathogens	11 12
•	a part of a health service facility where the presence of a dog is likely to significantly impair the safe or effective provision of a health service at the facility	13 14 15

Schedule 2		Amendments of the Anti-Discrimination Act 1991	1 2
		section 122(1)	3
Ant	i-Discrimina	tion Act 1991	4
1	Section 85,	heading 'guide dog'—	5
	omit, insert—		6
	'guide, heari	ng or assistance dog'.	7
2	Section 85(1)(a)—	8
	omit, insert—		9
	bec	using to rent accommodation to another person cause the other person has an impairment and relies a guide, hearing or assistance dog;'.	10 11 12
3	Chapter 7, p	part 4, division 4—	13
	omit.		14
4	Schedule, d	efinition <i>guide dog</i> —	15
	omit.		16
5	Schedule—		17
	insert—		18
		stance Dogs Act 2008, schedule 4.	19 20
	•	g has the meaning given by the Guide, Hearing and ce Dogs Act 2008, schedule 4	21

	hearing dog has the meaning given by the Guide, Hearing and Assistance Dogs Act 2008, schedule 4.'.	1 2
6	Schedule, definition <i>impairment</i> , paragraph (f), 'guide dog'—	3
	omit, insert—	5
	'guide, hearing or assistance dog'.	6

Sche	edule 3 Consequential amendments	1
	section 122(2)	2
Body 1997	Corporate and Community Management Act	3 4
1	Section 181, heading 'Guide dogs'—	5
	omit, insert—	6
	'Guide, hearing and assistance dogs'.	7
2	Section 181(1), 'A person' to 'who'—	8
	omit, insert—	9
	'A person with a disability under the <i>Guide</i> , <i>Hearing and Assistance Dogs Act 2008</i> who relies on a guide, hearing or assistance dog and who'.	10 11 12
3	Section 181(1), 'a guide dog'—	13
	omit, insert—	14
	'a guide, hearing or assistance dog'.	15
4	Section 181(2), 'a guide dog'—	16
	omit, insert—	17
	'a guide, hearing or assistance dog'.	18
5	Schedule 6, definition guide dog—	19
	omit.	20
6	Schedule 6—	21
	insert—	22

	'assistance dog see the Guide, Hearing and Assistance Dogs Act 2008, schedule 4.	1 2
	guide dog see the Guide, Hearing and Assistance Dogs Act 2008, schedule 4.	3
	hearing dog see the Guide, Hearing and Assistance Dogs Act 2008, schedule 4.'.	5 6
Build	ing Units and Group Titles Act 1980	7
1	Section 30(12), 'guide dog'—	8
	omit, insert—	9
	'guide, hearing or assistance dog'.	10
2	Section 30(12), 'a blind person or a deaf person'—	11
	omit, insert—	12
	'a person with a disability who relies on a guide, hearing or assistance dog'.	13 14
3	Section 30(12A)—	15
	omit, insert—	16
'(12	2A) For the purposes of subsection (12)—	17
	'assistance dog, disability, guide dog and hearing dog have the meanings respectively assigned to them under the Guide, Hearing and Assistance Dogs Act 2008'	18 19 20

Со	mercial and Consumer Tribunal Act 2003	1
1	Schedule 2, definition <i>empowering Act— insert—</i>	2 3
	• Guide, Hearing and Assistance Dog Act 2008'.	4
Cri	nal Code	5
1	Section 340(1)(h), 'guide dog'—	6
	omit, insert—	7
	'guide, hearing or assistance dog'.	8
Мо	r Racing Events Act 1990	9
1	Section 36(2)(b)—	10
	omit, insert—	11
	'(b) does not prevent a person with a disability who relies on a guide, hearing or assistance dog being accompanied by the dog.'.	
2	Section 36—	15
	insert—	16
	For the purposes of subsection (2)(b)—	17
	'assistance dog, disability, guide dog and hearing dog have the meanings respectively assigned to them under the Guide, Hearing and Assistance Dogs Act 2008.'.	

Recreation Areas Management Act 2006		1
1	Section 118(3)(a), 'guide dog'—	2
	omit, insert—	3
	'guide, hearing or assistance dog'.	4
2	Section 120(2), definition <i>food</i> , paragraph (c), 'guide dog'—	5 6
	omit, insert—	7
	'guide, hearing or assistance dog'.	8
3	Section 121(2), definition <i>animal</i> , paragraph (a), 'guide dog'—	9 10
	omit, insert—	11
	'guide, hearing or assistance dog'.	12
4	Schedule, definition guide dog—	13
	omit.	14
5	Schedule—	15
	insert—	16
	'assistance dog see the Guide, Hearing and Assistance Dogs Act 2008, schedule 4.	17 18
	guide dog see the Guide, Hearing and Assistance Dogs Act 2008, schedule 4.	19 20
	hearing dog see the Guide, Hearing and Assistance Dogs Act 2008, schedule 4.'.	21 22

S	outh B	ank Corporation Act 1989	1
1	Scl	nedule 4, section 30(12), 'guide dog'—	2
	omi	t, insert—	3
	'gu	ide, hearing or assistance dog'.	4
2		nedule 4, section 30(12), 'a blind person or a deaf	5
	omi	it, insert—	7
		person with a disability who relies on a guide, hearing or stance dog'.	8 9
3	Scl	nedule 4, section 30(12A)—	10
	omi	t, insert—	11
	'(12A)	For the purposes of subsection (12)—	12
		'assistance dog, disability, guide dog and hearing dog have the meanings respectively assigned to them under the Guide, Hearing and Assistance Dogs Act 2008.'.	13 14 15

section 4

Schedule 4 Dictionary

1

2

advisory committee means an advisory committee established by the chief executive under part 10.	3 4
approved assistance dog trainer, for part 4, see section 34.	5
<i>approved form</i> means a form approved by the chief executive under section 115.	6 7
approved guide dog trainer, for part 4, see section 34.	8
approved hearing dog trainer, for part 4, see section 34.	9
approved trainer means an individual approved under part 3 for training guide, hearing or assistance dogs.	10 11
approved training institution means a corporation approved under part 3 for training guide, hearing or assistance dogs.	12 13
assistance dog means a dog trained to perform identifiable physical tasks and behaviours to assist a person with a disability to reduce the person's need for support.	14 15 16
conviction means a finding of guilt, or the acceptance of a plea of guilty, by a court.	17 18
<i>criminal history</i> , of a person, means the convictions, other than a spent conviction, recorded against a person for offences, in Queensland or elsewhere, whether before or after the commencement of this Act.	19 20 21 22
disability see section 5.	23
employ includes engage on a voluntary basis.	24
<i>employee trainer</i> means a person employed by an approved training institution to train guide, hearing or assistance dogs.	25 26
guide dog means a dog trained to be an effective guide for a person with disability attributable to a vision impairment.	27 28
<i>handler</i> , of a guide, hearing or assistance dog, means the person with a disability who relies on the dog.	29 30

chief on a	dler's identity card means an identity card, issued by the f executive, showing a person with a disability who relies guide, hearing or assistance dog with the dog that the on relies on.	1 2 3 4
	th service means a service for maintaining, improving or oring people's health and wellbeing.	5 6
	th service facility means a facility where a health service ovided.	7 8
Exam	pple—	9
hos	spital, dental surgery, doctor's surgery	10
	ting dog means a dog trained to be used as an aid by a on with disability attributable to a hearing impairment.	11 12
iden	tification procedure see section 12(1).	13
•	rmation notice, for a decision of the chief executive, ns a signed notice stating the following—	14 15
(a)	the decision;	16
(b)	the reasons for the decision;	17
(c)	the day the decision has effect;	18
(d)	that, within 28 days after receiving the notice, the interested person may apply to the chief executive for a review of the decision;	19 20 21
(e)	how the interested person may apply for the review.	22
inter	rested person, for part 7, see section 66(2).	23
<i>perso</i> 11.	on exercising control, for part 2, division 3, see section	24 25
-	cribed requirements means the requirements prescribed er section 31.	26 27
publ	ic access test see section 35(1).	28
publ	ic passenger vehicle, for part 2, see section 6.	29
กมฝไ	ic place for part 2 see section 6	30

training institution and is responsible for the socialisation of a trainee support dog that is under 18 months of age.	1 2 3
reviewable decision, for part 7, see section 66(1).	4
reviewed decision, for part 7, see section 69(3).	5
reviewed decision notice, for part 7, see section 69(4).	6
show cause notice, for part 3, division 3, see section 24.	7
show cause period, for part 3, division 3, see section 24.	8
spent conviction means a conviction—	9
(a) for which the rehabilitation period under the <i>Criminal Law (Rehabilitation of Offenders) Act 1986</i> has expired under that Act; and	10 11 12
(b) that is not revived as prescribed under section 11 of that Act.	13 14
suitable for approval see section 14.	15
trainee support dog means a dog that is being trained by an approved trainer or approved training institution to be a guide, hearing or assistance dog.	16 17 18
trainer's identity card means an identity card for an approved trainer, employee trainer or puppy carer.	19 20
tribunal means the Commercial and Consumer Tribunal established under the Commercial and Consumer Tribunal Act 2003	21 22 23

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