

Queensland

# **Transport Legislation Amendment Bill 2007**



#### Queensland

## **Transport Legislation Amendment Bill** 2007

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### 2007

## **A Bill**

for

An Act to amend particular transport legislation

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Trans	nort Le	gislation	Amendment	Bill 2007
1 / WILD	por Lec	zisiaiioii	minum	Dill 2001

	The Parliament of Queensland enacts—		ment of Queensland enacts—	1	
	Part	1	Preliminary	2	
Clause	1	Sh	ort title	3	
			This Act may be cited as the <i>Transport Legislation</i> Amendment Act 2007.	4 5	
Clause	2	Со	mmencement	6	
		(1)	The following provisions commence on a day to be fixed by proclamation—	7 8	
			• parts 4 and 5	9	
			• part 6, division 2	10	
			• sections 79(2), 80 to 83, 87(3) to (5), (7) and (8)	11	
			• schedule.	12	
		(2)	Section 79(1) commences immediately after the commencement of the <i>Transport Legislation and Another Act Amendment Act 2007</i> , section 56(2).	13 14 15	
	Part	2	<b>Amendment of Maritime and</b>	16	
			Other Legislation Amendment	17	
			Act 2006	18	
Clause	3	Act	t amended in pt 2	19	
			This part amends the <i>Maritime and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2006</i> .	20 21	

Clause	4		nendment of s 144A (Insertion of new ss 90A—90D of ansport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995)		
		(1)	Section 144A, inserted section 90A, definition dangerous driving offence, 'that is alcohol'—	3 4	
			omit.	5	
		(2)	Section 144A, inserted section 90A, definition <i>designated</i> offence, paragraph (a)(i) and <i>drink driving offence</i> , paragraph (a)(ii), 'or (2)'—	6 7 8	
			omit, insert—	9	
			', (2) or (2AA)'.	10	
	Part	t 3	<b>Amendment of Transport</b>	11	
			Infrastructure Act 1994	12	
Clause	5	Act	t amended in pt 3	13	
			This part amends the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i> .	14	
Clause	6		nendment of s 84C (Effect on land of State toll road rridor land declaration)	15 16	
		(1)	Section 84C—	17	
			insert—	18	
	٠,	(6A)	A person to whom the State has leased State toll road corridor land, or a person who holds a lease under the lease from the State, may lease the State toll road corridor land to another person.'.	19 20 21 22	
		(2)	Section 84C(7), from 'The' to '(6)'—	23	
			omit, insert—	24	
			'Each lease under subsection (6) or (6A)'	25	

Clause	7		nendment of sch 5 (Tolling matters for toll road or local vernment tollway)	1 2
			Schedule 5—	3
			insert—	4
		<b>'</b> 9	The day the toll stops being payable, or a method to work out the day that the toll stops being payable, by each type of vehicle liable to pay a toll for use of a toll road or local government tollway.'.	5 6 7 8
	Part 4		Amendment of Transport Operations (Marine Pollution)	9 10
			Act 1995	11
Clause	8	Ac	t amended in pt 4	12
			This part amends the <i>Transport Operations (Marine Pollution) Act 1995</i> .	13 14
Clause	9	Am	nendment of s 33 (Definitions for part)	15
		(1)	Section 33, definitions Annex II and noxious liquid substance—	16 17
			omit.	18
		(2)	Section 33—	19
			insert—	20
			'noxious liquid substance—	21
			(a) includes a mixture containing a noxious liquid substance; and	22 23
			(b) does not include a liquid substance declared under a regulation not to be a noxious liquid substance.'.	24 25
Clause	10	Ins	sertion of new s 34A	26
			Part 5, division 2—	27

			insert—	1	
	'34A	Red	categorisation of substances	2	
		'(1)	A regulation may declare a category X substance, category Y substance, category Z substance or Other substance to be a substance of a different stated category.	3 4 5	
		'(2)	A regulation under subsection (1) has effect to categorise the substance for this Act despite the substance being differently categorised under the International Bulk Chemical Code. <sup>1</sup> '.	6 7 8	
Clause	11	Amendment of s 38 (Certain noxious liquid substances to be treated as oil)			
		(1)	Section 38(1) and (2), 'category C or D substance'—	11	
			omit, insert—	12	
			'category Z substance or Other substance'.	13	
		(2)	Section 38, after subsection (1)—	14	
			insert—	15	
			'Editor's note—	16	
			Other substance has a particular meaning in MARPOL. See Annex II, chapter 2, regulation 6.'.	17 18	
Clause	12	Am	endment of s 59 (Definitions for part)	19	
			Section 59, definition <i>noxious liquid substance</i> , from 'part 5'—	20 21	
			omit, insert—	22	
			'part 5.2'.	23	
Clause	13	Am	endment of s 66 (Reception facilities)	24	
			Section 66(1)(a), from 'regulation 12' to 'Annex II'—	25	

<sup>1</sup> See Annex II, regulation 1.4.

<sup>2</sup> Part 5 is about prevention of pollution by noxious liquid substances in bulk—see section 33.

		omit, in	asert—	1
		'regula	tion 38 of Annex I, regulation 18 of Annex II'.	2
Clause	14	Amendme	nt of s 133 (Regulation-making power)	3
		(1) Section	133(3)(a), 'regulation 8'—	4
		omit, in	asert—	5
		'regula	tion 16'.	6
		(2) Section	133(3)(b), (c) and (e)—	7
		omit.		8
		(3) Section	133(3)(d), from 'regulation 3(4)' to 'substance'—	9
		omit, in	nsert—	10
		_	tion 6.3 to MARPOL as a category X substance, by Y substance, category Z substance or Other ace'.	11 12 13
		(4) Section	133(3)(f), from 'A substance'—	14
		omit, in	usert—	15
		regulati	stance—declaring a residual concentration stated in the ion is taken to be the residual concentration prescribed e substance under Annex II, regulation 13.6 to OL.'.	16 17 18 19
		(5) Section	133(3)(d) and (f)—	20
		renumb	per as section 133(3)(b) and (c).	21
Clause	15	Amendme	nt of schedule (Dictionary)	22
		Schedu	lle, definition sewage, 'the Convention'—	23
		omit, in	sert—	24
		'MARI	POI,	25

	Pai	τ 5	Operations (Passenger Transport) Act 1994	1 2 3
Clause	16	Act	t amended in pt 5	4
			This part amends the Transport Operations (Passenger Transport) Act 1994.	5 6
Clause	17	Am	nendment of s 45 (Conditions of service contracts)	7
			Section 45(3), '4 penalty units'—	8
			omit, insert—	9
			'40 penalty units'.	10
Clause	18	car	nendment of s 47 (Amendment, suspension or neellation of service contracts for breach of service ntracts)	11 12 13
			Section 47—	14
			insert—	15
		'(1A)	However, the chief executive may not amend a holder's service contract to increase an amount payable to the chief executive for a breach of a key performance indicator.'.	16 17 18
Clause	19	Ins	ertion of new s 67A	19
			Chapter 6, part 3, after section 67—	20
			insert—	21
	'67 <b>A</b>	N Pea	ak demand management plans	22
		'(1)	A person who administers a taxi service in a relevant area must have a plan to provide taxis for the area during peak patronage periods (a <i>peak demand management plan</i> ).	23 24 25
		'(2)	A person who administers a taxi service in a relevant area and who does not give the chief executive a peak demand management plan for the relevant area within the time prescribed under a regulation commits an offence.	26 27 28 29

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

s 20

1

		'(3)	_	beak demand management plan must deal with the bwing matters—	2 3
			(a)	strategies for managing the demand for taxi services during peak patronage periods in the relevant area;	4 5
			(b)	achievable objectives under the plan;	6
			(c)	the number of peak demand taxis, if any, needed under the plan;	7 8
			(d)	the days, starting times and finishing times of the peak demand taxi shifts, if any, needed under the plan;	9 10
			(e)	the persons responsible for achieving the objectives;	11
			(f)	strategies to inform taxi drivers, taxi service operators and the local community in the relevant area about the content of the plan and achievement of its objectives;	12 13 14
			(g)	monitoring performance of the plan and evaluating its effectiveness;	15 16
			(h)	reporting the matters mentioned in paragraph (g) to the chief executive.	17 18
		'(4)	Notl	hing in a peak demand management plan affects—	19
			(a)	a service contract holder's rights and liabilities under a service contract; or	20 21
			(b)	the chief executive's right to damages for a breach of a service contract, including damages arising out of a breach of a key performance indicator.	22 23 24
		'(5)		egulation may provide for matters relating to peak demand agement plans, including, for example, the following—	25 26
			(a)	when a plan must be given to the chief executive;	27
			(b)	duration of a plan;	28
			(c)	amendment of a plan.'.	29
Clause	20		nendr ences	ment of s 70 (Requirement for taxi service	30 31
		(1)		ion 70, heading, 'licences'—	32

			omit, insert—	1
			'licence or peak demand taxi permit'.	2
		(2)	Section 70, from 'unless' to 'the vehicle'—	3
			omit, insert—	4
			'unless—	5
			(a) the person has a taxi service licence to provide the service with the vehicle; or	6 7
			(b) the person has a peak demand taxi permit to provide the service with the vehicle'.	8 9
Clause	21	Am	nendment of s 73 (Term of taxi service licences)	10
			Section 73(2) to (4)—	11
			omit, insert—	12
		'(2)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that the chief executive may issue a taxi service licence on a renewable or non-renewable basis.	13 14 15
		'(3)	A taxi service licence issued on a renewable basis must be renewed for successive terms of 5 years if its conditions are complied with.	16 17 18
		'(4)	However, the renewal of a taxi service licence issued on a renewable basis may be for a shorter term if the applicant asks for a shorter term.	19 20 21
		'(5)	A taxi service licence issued on a non-renewable basis must not be renewed.'.	22 23
Clause	22	Am	nendment of s 74 (Conditions of taxi service licences)	24
		(1)	Section 74(2)(b), 'specify'—	25
			omit, insert—	26
			'state'.	27
		(2)	Section 74(3)(b)(ii), from 'to provide'—	28
			omit, insert—	29

			'mad'	de by the holder of the contract to provide taxi services;	1 2
Clause	23	Am	endr	ment of s 74AA (Notice to be kept in taxi)	3
		(1)	Sect	ion 74AA, heading, after 'in'—	4
			inse	rt—	5
			ʻlice	ensed taxi or substitute'.	6
		(2)	Sect	ion 74AA, from 'must ensure' to 'is subject'—	7
			omit	t, insert—	8
			serv	o uses a licensed taxi or substitute taxi to provide the ice must keep a written notice inside the taxi that states following and is readily available to the driver—	9 10 11
			(a)	the area, stated in the taxi service licence for the taxi, in which the taxi may be operated;	12 13
			(b)	any other condition to which the licence is subject that restricts the use of the taxi'.	14 15
Clause	24	Am	endr	ment of s 74AB (Prohibitions on using taxis)	16
		(1)	Sect	ion 74AB, heading, after 'using'—	17
			inse	rt—	18
			ʻlice	ensed taxis or substitute'.	19
		(2)	Sect	ion 74AB(1) and (2)—	20
			omit	t, insert—	21
		'(1)		operator of a taxi service must not use a licensed taxi or stitute taxi to provide a public passenger service—	22 23
			(a)	in a taxi service area outside the area stated in the licence for the taxi; or	24 25
			(b)	in a way that contravenes a condition to which the licence is subject that restricts the use of the taxi.	26 27
			Max	timum penalty—40 penalty units.	28
		'(2)		driver of a licensed taxi or substitute taxi must not use the to provide a public passenger service—	29 30

		` '	in a taxi service area outside the area stated in the licence for the taxi; or	1 2
			in a way that contravenes a condition to which the licence is subject that restricts the use of the taxi.	3 4
		Maxi	mum penalty—40 penalty units.'.	5
Clause	25	Amendm condition	ent of s 75 (Amendment of taxi service licence	6 7
		Section	on 75(1), 'a taxi service licence'—	8
		omit,	insert—	9
		'taxi s	service licences'.	10
Clause	26	Insertion	of new ch 7A	11
		After	section 80B—	12
		insert	<u>t—</u>	13
	'Cha	apter 7	A Peak demand taxi permits	14
	'80C	Purpose	of peak demand taxi permits	15
		comnand in	purpose of peak demand taxi permits is to ensure that the nunities served by taxis in relevant areas receive quality nnovative taxi services at a reasonable cost during peak nage periods.	16 17 18 19
	'80D	What are	peak demand taxi permits	20
		execu dema	tak demand taxi permit is a permit issued by the chief ative to allow a vehicle, other than a licensed taxi, (a peak and taxi) to be used to provide a taxi service in a relevant during a peak patronage period.	21 22 23 24
	'80E	Issue of p	peak demand taxi permits	25
		'A reg permi	gulation may provide for the issue of peak demand taxi its.	26 27

'80F	Term of peak demand taxi permits						
		'A p	beak demand taxi permit is for a term of 1 year.	2			
'80G	Со	nditio	ons of peak demand taxi permits	3			
	'(1)	-	eak demand taxi permit is subject to the conditions stated by the chief executive.				
	'(2)	The	conditions of a peak demand taxi permit must—	6			
		(a)	require the operator to use a particular type of vehicle or a vehicle of a type approved for taxis by the chief executive; and	7 8 9			
		(b)	state the relevant area to which the peak demand taxi permit applies; and	10 11			
		(c)	require the operator not to charge more than the maximum fares published in the gazette under section 74A; and	12 13 14			
		(d)	state the vehicle to be used under the permit.	15			
	'(3)	The	conditions of a peak demand taxi permit may—	16			
		(a)	require that the operator have access to a continuously operating booking service; and	17 18			
		(b)	require the operator—	19			
			(i) to cooperate with the holder of a taxi service contract; and	20 21			
			(ii) to comply with all reasonable requests made by the holder of the contract to provide taxi services; and	22 23			
			(iii) not to act in a way likely to prevent the holder of the taxi service contract complying with the conditions of the contract; and	24 25 26			
		(c)	require the operator to install and maintain stated equipment in peak demand taxis; and	27 28			
		(d)	require the operator to operate the vehicle as a peak demand taxi only in peak patronage periods; and	29 30			
		(e)	make other requirements of an operator	31			

	'(4)	The operator of a taxi service under a peak demand taxi permit must not contravene a condition of the permit.	1 2
		Maximum penalty for subsection (4)—40 penalty units.	3
'80H	No	tice to be kept in peak demand taxi	4
		'The operator of a taxi service who uses a peak demand taxi to provide the service must keep a written notice inside the taxi that states the following and is readily available to the driver—	5 6 7 8
		(a) the relevant area, stated in the permit for the taxi, in which the taxi may be operated;	9 1(
		(b) any other condition to which the permit is subject that restricts the use of the taxi.	11 12
		Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.	13
<b>'80I</b>	Pro	phibitions on using peak demand taxis	14
	'(1)	The operator of a taxi service must not use a peak demand taxi to provide a public passenger service—	15 16
		(a) in a taxi service area outside the relevant area stated in the permit for the taxi; or	17 18
		(b) in a way that contravenes a condition to which the permit is subject that restricts the use of the taxi.	19 20
		Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.	21
	'(2)	The driver of a peak demand taxi must not use the taxi to provide a public passenger service—	22 23
		(a) in a taxi service area outside the relevant area stated in the permit for the taxi; or	24 25
		(b) in a way that contravenes a condition to which the permit is subject that restricts the use of the taxi.	26 27
		Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.	28
	'(3)	However, the driver or operator does not contravene subsection (1)(a) or (2)(a) while the peak demand taxi is being used to complete a single passenger journey that started within the relevant area stated in the permit	29 30 31

**'80J** 

1

Amendment of peak demand taxi permit conditions

		'(1)	A regulation may authorise the chief executive to amend the conditions of peak demand taxi permits if the chief executive is satisfied the amendment is necessary for improving taxi services in the public interest.	2 3 4 5
		'(2)	A regulation may also authorise the amendment of peak demand taxi permits in other circumstances and make other provision about amending peak demand taxi permits.	6 7 8
	'80K	Lea	ase and surrender of peak demand taxi permits	9
			'A regulation may provide for the lease and surrender of peak demand taxi permits.	10 11
	'80L		spension and cancellation of peak demand taxi	12 13
		'(1)	A regulation may provide for the suspension and cancellation of peak demand taxi permits.	14 15
		'(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), a regulation may authorise the chief executive to suspend or cancel a person's peak demand taxi permit if the person contravenes this Act or a condition of the permit.	16 17 18 19
		'(3)	Without limiting subsection (1), a regulation may authorise the chief executive to suspend immediately a person's peak demand taxi permit if the chief executive considers it necessary in the public interest.	20 21 22 23
		'(4)	Without limiting subsection (1), if the operator accreditation of the holder of a peak demand taxi permit is suspended or cancelled—	24 25 26
			(a) for suspension—the permit is suspended while the accreditation is suspended; or	27 28
			(b) for cancellation—the permit is cancelled.'.	29
Clause	27	Rej	placement of s 86 (Term of limousine service licence)	30
			Section 86—	31
			omit, insert—	32

	<b>'86</b>	Ter	rm of limousine service licence	1
		'(1)	A limousine service licence is for a term of—	2
			(a) for a special purpose limousine service licence—1 year; or	3
			(b) for another limousine service licence—5 years.	5
		'(2)	A limousine service licence may be renewed for successive terms of the length mentioned in subsection (1) for the licence, if the conditions of the licence have been complied with.	6 7 8 9
		'(3)	However, a limousine service licence other than a special purpose limousine service licence may be renewed for a shorter term if the applicant for the renewal asks for a shorter term.'.	10 11 12 13
Clause	28		nendment of s 87 (Conditions of limousine service ences)	14 15
		(1)	Section 87(2)(b)—	16
			omit, insert—	17
			'(b) require the operator to use—	18
			(i) if the licence is a special purpose limousine service licence—a special purpose limousine; or	19 20
			(ii) otherwise—a luxury motor vehicle; and'.	21
		(2)	Section 87(2)(c), 'specify'—	22
			omit, insert—	23
			'state'.	24
		(3)	Section 87(2)(d)—	25
			omit, insert—	26
			'(d) subject to section 87A—	27
			(i) state the vehicle to be used under the licence; and	28
			(ii) require the operator to display a registration plate on the vehicle distinguishing it as—	29 30
			(A) if the vehicle is to be used under a special purpose limousine service licence—a special	31 32

			purpose limousine for which a special purpose limousine service licence is in force; or	1 2 3
			(B) otherwise—a limousine; and	4
		a h	irer of a limousine service provided under the licence uests that the limousine service be provided by using	5 6 7 8
		(i)	comply with the request;	9
		(ii)	seek agreement from the hirer to use a different type of vehicle.'.	10 11
	(4)	Section	37(3), 'limousine licence'—	12
		omit, ins	ert—	13
		ʻlimousi	ne service licence'.	14
	(5)	Section	37(3)(c), before 'allow'—	15
		insert—		16
				17 18
	(6)	Section	37(5)(b), 'restrictions' to 'subject'—	19
		omit, ins	ert—	20
				21 22
	(7)	Section	37(6)(b), from 'restriction' to 'subject'—	23
		omit, ins	ert—	24
				25 26
29	Ins	ertion of	new ss 87B-87G	27
29	Ins		etion 87A—	27 28
		<ul><li>(5)</li><li>(6)</li></ul>	a h req a s (i) (ii) (iii)  (4) Section 8 omit, ins 'limousin (5) Section 8 insert— 'for a lir limousin (6) Section 8 omit, ins 'condition of the lim (7) Section 8 omit, ins 'condition of the lim (7) Section 8	purpose limousine service licence is in force; or  (B) otherwise—a limousine; and  (e) state that the operator must do either of the following if a hirer of a limousine service provided under the licence requests that the limousine service be provided by using a stated type of vehicle—  (i) comply with the request;  (ii) seek agreement from the hirer to use a different type of vehicle.'.  (4) Section 87(3), 'limousine licence'—  omit, insert—  'limousine service licence'.  (5) Section 87(3)(c), before 'allow'—  insert—  'for a limousine service licence other than a special purpose limousine service licence—'.  (6) Section 87(5)(b), 'restrictions' to 'subject'—  omit, insert—  'condition to which the licence is subject that restricts the use of the limousine'.

'87B	ser	vices	nic record of prior booking—limousine s provided other than under special purpose ne service licence	1 2 3			
	'(1)	This section applies to a limousine service other than a limousine service provided under a special purpose limousine service licence.					
	'(2)	The	operator of a limousine service must—	7			
		(a)	keep an electronic booking system that is in working condition in the limousine used to provide the limousine service; and	8 9 10			
		(b)	make an electronic record containing the prescribed details of the booking for the limousine service by using the electronic booking system; and	11 12 13			
		(c)	immediately before the limousine is used to provide the limousine service, check that the electronic booking system displays the prescribed details of the booking for the limousine service.	14 15 16 17			
		Max	imum penalty—80 penalty units.	18			
	'(3)	The driver of a limousine must not use the limousine to provide a limousine service unless—					
		(a)	an electronic booking system in working condition is in the limousine; and	21 22			
		(b)	the operator of the limousine service has made an electronic record containing the prescribed details of the booking for the limousine service by using the electronic booking system; and	23 24 25 26			
		(c)	the electronic booking system displays the prescribed details of the booking for the limousine service.	27 28			
		Max	imum penalty—80 penalty units.	29			
'87C	Operator to keep electronic record of prior booking made for s 87B						
		'The	operator of a limousine service must—	32			
		(a)	keep, for at least 5 years—	33			

			(i) each electronic record containing the prescribed details of a booking for a limousine service made, for section 87B, by using an electronic booking system; or	1 2 3 4
			(ii) a copy of the electronic record; and	5
		(b)	if asked by an authorised person, produce the electronic record or a copy of the electronic record for inspection by the authorised person.	6 7 8
		Max	simum penalty—80 penalty units.	9
'87D			o produce electronic record of prior booking or s 87B	10 11
	'(1)	This	s section applies if—	12
		(a)	an electronic record containing the prescribed details of a booking for a limousine service is made, for section 87B, by using an electronic booking system; and	13 14 15
		(b)	an authorised person asks the driver of the limousine used to provide the limousine service to show the authorised person the display of the prescribed details of the booking for the limousine service in or on the electronic booking system (the <i>display</i> ).	16 17 18 19 20
	'(2)	The	driver must—	21
		(a)	produce the electronic booking system for inspection by the authorised person; or	22 23
		(b)	if it is not reasonably practicable for the authorised person to read the display from outside the limousine and the authorised person tells the driver the authorised person needs to enter the limousine to read the display—allow the authorised person to enter the limousine to read the display.	24 25 26 27 28 29
		Max	ximum penalty—80 penalty units.	30
	'(3)		subsection (1)(b), a limousine is used to provide a busine service if—	31 32
		(a)	it is about to be used to provide the limousine service; or	33
		(b)	it is being used to provide the limousine service; or	34

		(c)	it has just been used to provide the limousine service.	1
	<b>'</b> (4)		a authorised person enters a limousine under subsection b), the authorised person—	2 3
		(a)	may remain in the limousine for only the period of time that is reasonably necessary to read the display; and	4 5
		(b)	may inspect the limousine, and anything in the limousine, only to the extent that is reasonably necessary to read the display.	6 7 8
'87E			of prior booking—limousine service provided pecial purpose limousine service licence	9 10
	'(1)		section applies to a limousine service provided under a ial purpose limousine service licence.	11 12
	'(2)	The	operator of a limousine service must—	13
		(a)	make a record containing the prescribed details of the booking for the limousine service either—	14 15
			(i) in paper form; or	16
			(ii) in electronic form by using an electronic booking system; and	17 18
		(b)	give a copy of the prescribed details of the booking for the limousine service to the driver of the limousine to be used to provide the limousine service, before the limousine service is provided.	19 20 21 22
		Max	imum penalty—80 penalty units.	23
	'(3)		driver of a limousine must not use the limousine to ide a limousine service unless—	24 25
		(a)	the operator of the limousine service has made a record containing the prescribed details of the booking for the limousine service; and	26 27 28
		(b)	the driver is carrying a copy of the prescribed details of the booking for the limousine service in the limousine.	29 30
		Max	imum penalty—80 penalty units.	31

	'(4)	If the record containing the prescribed details of the booking for the limousine service is made in electronic form by using an electronic booking system—						
		(a)		operator of the limousine service satisfies subsection b) if the operator—	4 5			
			(i)	keeps an electronic booking system that is in working condition in the limousine used to provide the limousine service; and	6 7 8			
			(ii)	immediately before the limousine is used to provide the limousine service, checks that the electronic booking system displays the prescribed details of the booking for the limousine service; and	9 10 11 12 13			
		(b)	serv of th if, v	driver of the limousine used to provide the limousine vice is taken to carry a copy of the prescribed details ne booking for the limousine service in the limousine while the limousine is being used to provide the busine service, the electronic booking system—	14 15 16 17 18			
			(i)	is in the limousine and is in working condition; and	19			
			(ii)	displays the prescribed details of the booking for the limousine service.	20 21			
87F	Ope	erato 7E	r to I	keep record of prior booking made for	22 23			
		'The	oper	rator of a limousine service must—	24			
		(a)	keep	p, for at least 5 years—	25			
			(i)	each record containing the prescribed details of a booking for a limousine service made for section 87E; or	26 27 28			
			(ii)	a copy of the record; and	29			
		(b)		sked by an authorised person, produce the record or a by of the record for inspection by the authorised son.	30 31 32			
		Max	imun	n penalty—80 penalty units.	33			

'87G	Driver to produce record of prior booking made for s 87E							
	'(1)	This section applies if—						
		(a) a record containing the prescribed details of a booking for a limousine service is made for section 87E; and	4 5					
		(b) an authorised person asks the driver of the limousine used to provide the limousine service to show the authorised person a copy of the record of the prescribed details for the booking for the limousine service.	6 7 8 9					
	'(2)	The driver must—	10					
		(a) produce the copy for inspection by the authorised person; or	11 12					
		(b) if the record is in electronic form in or on an electronic booking system—	13 14					
		(i) produce the electronic booking system for inspection by the authorised person; or	15 16					
		(ii) if it is not reasonably practicable for the authorised person to read the display of the prescribed details of the booking for the limousine service in or on the electronic booking system (the <i>display</i> ) from outside the limousine and the authorised person tells the driver the authorised person needs to enter the limousine to read the display—allow the authorised person to enter the limousine to read the display.	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25					
		Maximum penalty—80 penalty units.	26					
	'(3)	For subsection (1)(b), a limousine is used to provide a limousine service if—	27 28					
		(a) it is about to be used to provide the limousine service; or	29					
		(b) it is being used to provide the limousine service; or	30					
		(c) it has just been used to provide the limousine service.	31					
	'(4)	If an authorised person enters a limousine under subsection (2)(b)(ii), the authorised person—	32 33					
		(a) may remain in the limousine for only the period of time that is reasonably necessary to read the display; and	34					

			(b)	may	inspe	ct th	ne lim	nousine	e, an	d ar	nything i	in the	1
				limo	-	only	to 1	the ex	ktent		is reas		2 3
Clause	30	Am	nendr	nent	of s 15	5 (R	egula	tions)	)				4
			Sect	ion 15	55(3)(a)	, 'and	d charg	ges'—					5
			omit	t, inse	rt—								6
			ʻ, ch	arges	and tax	es'.							7
Clause	31	Am	nendr	nent	of sch	2 (R	eview	able o	decis	ions	)		8
			Sche	edule	2—								9
			inse	rt—									10
	'80J(1)	)			nt of the axi perm		ditions	of a p	eak	-	Magistrat	es	
	80L		-		n or can axi perm		tion of	a peak	ζ.		District of Magistrat		
Clause	32	Am	nendr	nent	of sch	3 (D	iction	ary)					11
		(1)	Sche	edule	3, defini	ition	taxi—						12
			omii	t.									13
		(2)	Sche	edule	3—								14
			inse	rt—									15
					ic booki and dis				•		or the elector okings.	etronic	16 17
			licer	rsed to	<i>axi</i> mea	ns a v	vehicle	estated	l in a	taxi s	ervice lic	ence.	18
			peak	k dem	and ma	nage	ment p	olan se	e sect	tion 6	7A.		19
			peak	k dem	and tax	i see	section	n 80D.					20
			peak	t dem	and tax	i peri	mit see	e sectio	on 80I	Э.			21
			peak	t patr	onage p	eriod	<i>l</i> mean	is a per	riod—	-			22
			(a)		which thal; and	ie de	mand	for ta	xi ser	vices	is highe	er than	23 24

(b)	give	n to the chief executive under section 67A and, if icable, amended by the chief executive.	1 2 3
mean	ns th	d details, of a booking for a limousine service, e details about the booking prescribed under a for this definition.	4 5 6
taxi	servi	area means an area in which the administration of ces must be performed under a service contract as I in section 66.	7 8 9
unde	r a re	<i>urpose limousine</i> means a motor vehicle prescribed gulation as a motor vehicle that may be used under a rpose limousine service licence.	10 11 12
servi	ce li ision	cence that is subject to the condition that the of a limousine service under the licence is restricted ore the following—	13 14 15 16
(a)		rvice for the carriage of passengers to or from a ding event;	17 18
(b)		rvice for the carriage of passengers to or from a ent event;	19 20
(c)	a tou	arist service.	21
stud	ent ev	ent means—	22
(a)	insti	vent that is held for the students of an educational tution, and their invited guests, and is one of the owing—	23 24 25
	(i)	a school formal;	26
	(ii)	a graduation ceremony;	27
	(iii)	a debutante ball;	28
	(iv)	another dance or ball at which evening wear or semi-formal wear is worn; or	29 30
(b)		vent held immediately before, or immediately after, vent mentioned in paragraph (a).	31 32
		<i>taxi</i> means a motor vehicle used under a taxi ence under a regulation mentioned in section 74B.	33 34

	<i>taxi</i> , mean	other than in the definition demand responsive service ns—	1 2						
	(a)	a motor vehicle for which a taxi service licence or peak demand taxi permit is in force; or	3 4						
	(b)	a substitute taxi.	5						
	weda	ding event means—	6						
	(a)	a ceremony for the marriage of 2 persons or a similar ceremony for the joining of 2 persons other than by marriage; or	7 8 9						
		Example of similar ceremony—	10						
		commitment ceremony for the joining of 2 persons of the same gender	11 12						
	(b)	an event for the celebration of a ceremony mentioned in paragraph (a); or	13 14						
		Example of event for paragraph (b)—	15						
		a wedding reception	16						
	(c)	an event that happens between a ceremony mentioned in paragraph (a) and an event for the celebration of the ceremony.	17 18 19						
		Example of event for paragraph (c)—	20						
		photography session for a couple being married and their assistants'.	21 22						
(3)	Schedule 3, definition <i>disqualifying offence</i> , after 'taxi service licence'—								
	insert—								
	', a peak demand taxi permit'.								
(4)	Sche	edule 3, definition <i>limousine service</i> , after 'vehicle'—	27						
	insei		28						
			29						

	Part 6			Amendment of Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995	1 2 3
	Divis	sion	1	Preliminary	4
Clause	This part			part and the schedule amend the <i>Transport Operations</i> and <i>Use Management</i> ) Act 1995.	5 6 7
	Divis	sion	2	Amendments relating to compliance and enforcement for heavy vehicles	8 9
Clause	34	Am	endr	nent of s 24 (Identity cards)	10
			Sect	ion 24(4), penalty, '10'—	11
			omit	, insert—	12
			'27'		13
Clause	35	Ins	ertio	n of new ss 26A and 26B	14
			Afte	r section 26—	15
			inse	rt—	16
	'26A			power to enter place of business in relation vehicle	17 18
		'(1)	auth resp	nout limiting section 26 but subject to section 26B, an orised officer may enter a place of business of a onsible person for a heavy vehicle at any time during the l business hours of the business—	19 20 21 22
			(a)	without the occupier's consent or a warrant; and	23
			(b)	whether or not the place is actually being used at that time for carrying on the business;	24 25
			if the	e authorised officer has—	26
			(c)	the suspicion mentioned in subsection (2); or	27

	(d)	the belief and suspicion mentioned in subsection (3).	1				
'(2)	For subsection (1)(c), the authorised officer must reasonably suspect that there may be at the place—						
	(a)	a document relating to a heavy vehicle and required to be kept under a transport Act or alternative compliance scheme; or	4 5 6				
	(b)	a device relating to a heavy vehicle and required to be installed, used or maintained under a transport Act or an alternative compliance scheme.	7 8 9				
		Example—	10				
		a weighing, measuring, recording or monitoring device	11				
'(3)	For	subsection (1)(d), the authorised officer—	12				
	(a)	must reasonably believe that there may be at the place evidence of an offence, relating to a heavy vehicle, against a transport Act; and	13 14 15				
	(b)	must reasonably suspect the evidence may be concealed or destroyed unless the place is immediately entered and searched.	16 17 18				
'(4)		section does not authorise an authorised officer, without occupier's consent or a warrant, to enter—	19 20				
	(a)	a place that is apparently unattended, unless the officer reasonably believes the place is attended; or	21 22				
	(b)	a place, or any part of a place, used predominantly for residential purposes.	23 24				
'(5)	For subsection (4)(b), a place or part of a place is not used predominantly for residential purposes if it is used merely for temporary or casual sleeping or other accommodation for drivers of heavy vehicles.						
'(6)	The authorised officer may open unlocked doors and other unlocked panels and things at the place for gaining entry to the place under subsection (1).						
'(7)		section does not authorise an authorised officer to use e for exercising a power under this section.	32 33				
(8)	In th	is section—	21				

		_	e of business, of a responsible person for a heavy vehicle, ns a place—	1 2
		(a)	at or from which the responsible person carries on a business; or	3 4
		(b)	that is occupied by the responsible person in connection with a business carried on by the responsible person.	5 6
		tran	sport Act does not include—	7
		(a)	the Queensland Road Rules; or	8
		(b)	a regulation made under this Act applying to the transport of dangerous goods.	9 10
'26B			power to enter place in relation to heavy if incident involving death, injury or damage	11 12
	'(1)	occu	nout limiting section 26, an authorised officer, without the apier's consent or a warrant, may enter a place at any time e officer reasonably believes—	13 14 15
		(a)	a heavy vehicle has, or may have, been involved in an incident involving the death of, or injury to, a person or damage to property; and	16 17 18
		(b)	the incident may have involved an offence against a transport Act; and	19 20
		(c)	the heavy vehicle is connected with the place; and	21
		(d)	there may be at the place evidence of the offence mentioned in paragraph (b) that may be concealed or destroyed unless the place is immediately entered and searched.	22 23 24 25
	'(2)	auth	vever, if the authorised officer is not a police officer, the orised officer may enter the place only if the entry is orised by a police officer of at least the rank of inspector.	26 27 28
	'(3)	For if—	subsection (1), a heavy vehicle is connected with a place	29 30
		(a)	the place is the vehicle's garage address; or	31
		(b)	the vehicle is, or within the past 72 hours has been, located at the place; or	32 33

			(c) the place is, or may be, otherwise directly or indirectly connected with the vehicle or any part of its equipment or load.	1 2 3
		'(4)	Section 26A(4) to (7) applies to the entry to a place by an authorised officer under this section.	4 5
		'(5)	In this section—	6
			transport Act does not include—	7
			(a) the Queensland Road Rules; or	8
			(b) a regulation made under this Act applying to the transport of dangerous goods.'.	9 10
Clause	36	Ins	ertion of new ss 29A-29C	11
			After section 29—	12
			insert—	13
	'29A	Pos	st-entry approval	14
		'(1)	As soon as reasonably practicable after exercising heavy vehicle evidence preservation powers, an authorised officer must apply in writing to a magistrate for an order approving the exercise of the powers ( <i>post-entry approval order</i> ).	15 16 17 18
		'(2)	The application must be sworn and state the grounds on which it is sought.	19 20
		'(3)	The authorised officer need not appear at the consideration of the application, unless the magistrate otherwise requires.	21 22
		'(4)	The magistrate may refuse to consider the application until the authorised officer gives the magistrate all the information the magistrate requires about the application in the way the magistrate requires.	23 24 25 26
			Example—	27
			The magistrate may require additional information supporting the application to be given by statutory declaration.	28 29
	'29B	Ма	king of post-entry approval order	30
			'A magistrate may make a post-entry approval order only if satisfied—	31 32

Clause

omit, insert—

32

		(a) in the circumstances existing before the exercise of heavy vehicle evidence preservation powers for with order is sought—					
		<ul> <li>(i) the authorised officer, before exercising powers, had the required suspicion or belie exercising them; and</li> </ul>					
		<ul><li>(ii) there was a reasonable likelihood that the evid for which the powers were exercised would concealed or destroyed; or</li></ul>					
		(b) having regard to the nature of the evidence found d the exercise of the powers, it is in the public inter- make the order.	_				
29C	Ар	peal					
	'(1)	Within 28 days after a magistrate refuses to make a post-approval order (the <i>appeal period</i> ), the chief executive appeal against the magistrate's order to the Supreme Cou	may				
	'(2)	If the chief executive appeals, the chief executive must retain any seized thing until the appeal is decided.					
	'(3)	If the chief executive does not appeal, the chief executive must, immediately the appeal period ends, return any seized thing to the person from whom it was seized.					
	'(4)	In this section—					
		seized thing means a thing seized by an authorised office the exercise of the heavy vehicle evidence preserve powers for which the post-entry approval order was sough	ation				
37		nendment of s 30 (General powers after entering ces)					
	(1)	Section 30(2)(b), after 'measure,'—					
		insert—					
		'weigh,'.					
	(2)	Section 30(2)(d), 'copy'—					

	'cop	y, or take an extract from,'.	1				
(3)	Sect	ion 30(2)(f)—	2				
	inse	rt—	3				
		'Examples of requirements under paragraph (f)—	4				
		a requirement to operate equipment or facilities	5				
		<ul> <li>a requirement to give access, free of charge, to photocopying equipment'.</li> </ul>	6 7				
(4)	Sect	ion 30(3), penalty—	8				
	omit	t, insert—	9				
	'Ma	ximum penalty—	10				
	(a)	if paragraph (b) does not apply—60 penalty units; or	11				
	(b)	if the powers are to be exercised in relation to a heavy vehicle—80 penalty units.'.	12 13				
(5)	Sect	ion 30(4)—	14				
	omit	t, insert—	15				
'(4)	A re	quirement under subsection (2)(f) does not include—	16				
	(a)	a requirement to produce a document or give information; or	17 18				
	(b)	a requirement to help the authorised officer find and gain access to a document or information.	19 20				
	Edito	or's note—	21				
	sec	r the power to make a requirement mentioned in paragraph (a), see ctions 49 and 50. For the power to make a requirement mentioned in ragraph (b), see section 50AB.	22 23 24				
'(5)	Subsection (6) applies for the exercise of a power by an authorised officer in relation to a heavy vehicle under subsection (2) to decide if anything found at the place may be seized under division 3.						
'(6)	The if—	authorised officer may move the thing to another place	29 30				
	(a)	it is not practicable to exercise the power in relation to the thing at the place where it is found; or	31 32				

			(b)		occupier of the place where it is found consents in ing.'.	1 2		
Clause	38	Ins	ertio	n of	new ss 30A and 30B	3		
			Cha	pter 3	, part 3, division 1—	4		
			inse	rt—		5		
	'30A	Fui 26		ther powers after entering place under s 26A or				
		'(1)			ion applies to an authorised officer who enters a er section 26A or 26B.	8 9		
		'(2)	auth 26A	orise	uthorised officer enters the place because the d officer has the suspicion mentioned in section he authorised officer may do either or both of the —	10 11 12 13		
			(a)	insp	pect—	14		
				(i)	a document that is required to be kept under a transport Act or an alternative compliance scheme; or	15 16 17		
				(ii)	a device that is required to be installed, used or maintained under a transport Act or an alternative compliance scheme;	18 19 20		
					Example—	21		
					a weighing, measuring, recording or monitoring device	22		
			(b)	- '	y, or take an extract from, any or all of the following are at the place—	23 24		
				(i)	a document mentioned in paragraph (a)(i);	25		
				(ii)	a readout or other data obtained from a device mentioned in paragraph (a)(ii).	26 27		
		'(3)	to o		n (4) applies if the authorised officer enters the place evidence of an offence against a transport Act	28 29 30		
			(a)		authorised officer has the belief and suspicion ationed in section 26A(3) in relation to the evidence;	31 32 33		

	(b)	the authorised officer has the belief mentioned in section 26B(1) in relation to the evidence.	1 2			
'(4)	offe	authorised officer may, for obtaining evidence of an nee against a transport Act, do any or all of the owing—	3 4 5			
	(a)	search any part of the place;	6			
	(b)	inspect anything in the place;	7			
	(c)	copy, or take an extract from, any or all of the following in the place—	8 9			
		(i) a document mentioned in subsection (2)(a)(i);	10			
		(ii) journey documentation or transport documentation;	11 12			
		(iii) a document, or a readout or other data obtained from anything, that the authorised officer reasonably believes provides, or on further inspection may provide, evidence of the offence.	13 14 15 16			
'(5)	For exercising a power under subsection (2)(b) or (4)(c), the authorised officer may use photocopying equipment in the place free of charge.					
'(6)		o, for exercising a power under subsection (2) or (4), the orised officer may—	20 21			
	(a)	take the persons, equipment and materials the authorised officer reasonably requires for exercising the power into the place; or	22 23 24			
	(b)	require a responsible person for the heavy vehicle in relation to which the power is to be exercised, whether or not the responsible person is in or at the place, to give the authorised officer reasonable help to exercise the power.	25 26 27 28 29			
'(7)	_	person must comply with a requirement made under section (6)(b), unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	30 31			
	Max	timum penalty—80 penalty units.	32			
'(8)	A re	equirement under subsection (6)(b) does not include—	33			
	(a)	a requirement to produce a document or give information; or	34 35			

	(b)	a requirement to help the authorised officer find and gain access to a document or information.	1 2				
	Edito	or's note—	3				
	sec	r the power to make a requirement mentioned in paragraph (a), see ctions 49 and 50. For the power to make a requirement mentioned in ragraph (b), see section 50AB.	4 5 6				
'(9)	auth	section (10) applies for the exercise of a power by an orised officer under subsection (4) to decide if anything and at the place may be seized under division 3.	7 8 9				
'(10)	The if—	authorised officer may move the thing to another place	10 11				
	(a)	it is not practicable to exercise the power in relation to the thing at the place where it is found; or	12 13				
	(b)	the occupier of the place where it is found consents in writing.	14 15				
<b>'</b> (11)	In th	nis section—	16				
	transport Act does not include—						
	(a)	the Queensland Road Rules; or	18				
	(b)	a regulation made under this Act applying to the transport of dangerous goods.	19 20				
30B Usi	ng e	quipment for exercising power	21				
'(1)		section applies for the exercise of a power under section r 30A in relation to a thing found in a place entered under Act.	22 23 24				
'(2)	offic	authorised officer, or a person helping the authorised eer, may operate available equipment if the authorised eer or person reasonably believes—	25 26 27				
	(a)	the available equipment is suitable for exercising the power; and	28 29				
	(b)	the power can be exercised without damaging the available equipment or the thing.	30 31				
'(3)	In th	nis section—	32				
	avai thing	<b>lable equipment</b> , for exercising a power in relation to a g—	33 34				

			(a)	meai	is equipment that is—	1
				(i)	in or at the place in which the thing is found; or	2
				(ii)	taken onto the place under section 30(2)(e) or 30A(6)(a); or	3 4
				(iii)	in another place to which the thing has been moved under section 30(6) or 30A(10); and	5 6
			(b)		ides electronic equipment for accessing information ained on a thing found in or at the place.	7 8
				Exam	ple of information contained on a thing—	9
				inf	formation contained on a disk, tape or other device'.	10
Clause	39	Am	endr	nent d	of s 31 (Power to stop private vehicles)	11
		(1)	Sect	ion 31	<u> </u>	12
			inse	rt—		13
		'(2A)		e a rec	an authorised officer who is not a police officer may quirement under subsection (1) or (2) during the day	14 15 16
		'(2B)	not only a pri	wearing exerc vate v	uthorised officer who is not a police officer and is ag a uniform approved by the chief executive may ise the powers of an authorised officer in relation to ehicle if the officer reasonably believes the vehicle erous as to be likely to cause the death of, or injury n.'.	17 18 19 20 21 22
		(2)	Sect	ion 31	(5), from 'officers,'—	23
			omit	, inser	<i>t</i> —	24
			ʻoffi	cers.'.		25
		(3)	Sect	ion 31	_	26
			inse	rt—		27
		'(6)	In th	is sect	cion—	28
			day day.		the period between sunrise and sunset on the same	29 30

Clause	40		mendment of s 33 (Power to require vehicles to be loved)						
		(1)	Sect	ion 33, head	ding—	3			
			omit	t, insert—		4			
	<b>'33</b>	Re	quirir	ng vehicle	to be moved for exercising power'.	5			
		(2)	Sect	ion 33(1) to	o (3A)—	6			
			omit	, insert—		7			
		'(1)	This	section app	plies to—	8			
			(a)		vehicle, other than a heavy vehicle, that is on a road or has been stopped under section and	9 10 11			
			(b)	without li that—	miting sections 33A to 33C, a heavy vehicle	12 13			
				(i) is sta	tionary in a following place—	14			
				(A)	a road or road-related area;	15			
				(B)	a public place;	16			
				(C)	another place occupied or owned by the State or a government entity;	17 18			
				(D)	a prescribed place an authorised officer has entered under section 26;	19 20			
				(E)	a place an authorised officer has entered under section 26A or 26B; or	21 22			
				(ii) has b	peen stopped under section 32.	23			
		'(2)	trans para	sport Act, t graph (a) c	uthorised officer to exercise a power under a he officer may require a person mentioned in or (b) to move the vehicle, or cause it to be ed reasonable place—	24 25 26 27			
			(a)		cle other than a heavy vehicle—the person in the vehicle; or	28 29			
			(b)		avy vehicle—the person in control, or the of the vehicle.	30 31			
			Exan	ıple—		32			
				e authorised o	officer may require the person to move the vehicle onto a ling device.	33 34			

(3)	How	ever, the	place must be—	1				
	(a)	-	vate vehicle—within a 5km radius from where cle was stationary or stopped; or	2 3				
	(b)	for a pr from—	escribed heavy vehicle—within a 30km radius	4 5				
		(i) wh	ere the vehicle was stationary or stopped; or	6				
		vel	the requirement is given in the course of the nicle's journey—any point along the forward ate of the journey.	7 8 9				
'(3A)		-	t under subsection (2) may be made orally or in , including, for example—	10 11				
	(a)		quirement made to the person in control of a —by way of a sign or electronic or other signal;	12 13 14				
	(b)		equirement made to the operator of a heavy—by telephone, facsimile, electronic mail or	15 16 17				
(3)	Sect	on 33—		18				
	inser	<i>t</i> —		19				
'(6)	In this section—							
	prescribed place, in relation to a heavy vehicle, means—							
	(a)	a follow vehicle-	ing place of a responsible person for the heavy	22 23				
			place at or from which the responsible person ries on a business;	24 25				
		in	place that is occupied by the responsible person connection with a business carried on by the ponsible person;	26 27 28				
			registered office of a business carried on by the ponsible person; or	29 30				
	(b)	a place t	hat is—	31				
		(i) the	garage address for the heavy vehicle; or	32				
			thout limiting subparagraph (i), the base of a ver of the heavy vehicle; or	33 34				

			(c)	loca	ace where a document relating to a heavy vehicle is ted or required to be kept under a transport Act or an mative compliance scheme.'.	1 2 3
Clause	41	Ins	ertio	n of ı	new ss 33A-33C	4
			Afte	r sect	ion 33—	5
			inse	rt—		6
	'33A				eavy vehicle to be moved if causing truction etc.	7 8
		'(1)	This	secti	on applies if—	9
			(a)	a he	avy vehicle is stationary in a following place—	10
				(i)	a road or road-related area;	11
				(ii)	a public place;	12
				(iii)	another place occupied or owned by the State or a government entity;	13 14
				(iv)	a prescribed place an authorised officer has entered under section 26;	15 16
				(v)	a place an authorised officer has entered under section 26A or 26B; and	17 18
			(b)		authorised officer reasonably believes the heavy cle—	19 20
				(i)	is causing, or creating a risk of, serious harm to public safety, the environment or road infrastructure; or	21 22 23
				(ii)	is causing, or likely to cause, an obstruction to traffic.	24 25
		'(2)	the o		orised officer may require the person in control, or tor, of the heavy vehicle to do either or both of the	26 27 28
			(a)		re the vehicle, or cause it to be moved, to the extent essary to avoid the harm or obstruction;	29 30
			(b)		or cause to be done, anything else the officer onably requires to avoid the harm or obstruction.	31 32

'(3)		_	rement under subsection (2) may be made in a way ed in section 33(3A).						
'(4)		The person must comply with the requirement, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.							
	Maxi	mum	penalty—120 penalty units.	5					
'(5)	Without limiting what may be a reasonable excuse for subsection (4), in a proceeding for an offence against the subsection, it is a defence if the person charged with the offence proves—								
	(a)		as not possible to move the heavy vehicle because it broken down; and	10 11					
	(b)		breakdown happened for a physical reason beyond person's control; and	12 13					
	(c)	that	breakdown could not be readily rectified in a way would enable the requirement to be complied with in a reasonable time.	14 15 16					
'(6)	In this section—								
	prescribed place, in relation to a heavy vehicle, means—								
	(a)		llowing place of a responsible person for the heavy cle—	19 20					
		(i)	a place at or from which the responsible person carries on a business;	21 22					
		(ii)	a place that is occupied by the responsible person in connection with a business carried on by the responsible person;	23 24 25					
		(iii)	the registered office of a business carried on by the responsible person; or	26 27					
	(b)	a pla	ace that is—	28					
		(i)	the garage address for the heavy vehicle; or	29					
		(ii)	without limiting subparagraph (i), the base of a driver of the heavy vehicle; or	30 31					
	(c)	locat	ace where a document relating to a heavy vehicle is ted or required to be kept under a transport Act or an mative compliance scheme.	32 33 34					

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33B	Mo	ving	unattended heavy vehicle on road	1
	'(1)	This	section applies if an authorised officer—	2
		(a)	reasonably believes that a heavy vehicle on a road is unattended; and	3 4
		(b)	intends to exercise a power under this Act in relation to the vehicle; and	5 6
		(c)	reasonably believes it is necessary to move the vehicle to enable the exercise of the power.	7 8
	'(2)	nece	authorised officer may take the steps that are reasonably ssary to move the heavy vehicle on the road, or to remove neavy vehicle from the road, to enable the exercise of the er.	9 10 11 12
		Exam	ple of reasonably necessary steps—	13
		dri	ving, pushing or towing the vehicle	14
	'(3)	or at	oite subsection (2), the authorised officer may only drive, athorise someone else (the <i>assistant</i> ) to drive, the heavy cle if the authorised officer or assistant is qualified and fit rive it.	15 16 17 18
	<b>'</b> (4)	It is:	immaterial that—	19
		(a)	the assistant is not the operator of the heavy vehicle; or	20
		(b)	the authorised officer or assistant is not authorised by the operator to drive it.	21 22
	'(5)	operatowi	ne authorised officer asks a service or towing vehicle ator to move or remove the heavy vehicle, the service or ng vehicle operator may take the steps that are reasonably ssary to move or remove the heavy vehicle, as requested.	23 24 25 26
	'(6)	vehice force	authorised officer, the assistant or a service or towing cle operator mentioned in subsection (5) may use the e that is reasonably necessary to do any or all of the owing—	25 28 29 30
		(a)	open unlocked doors and other unlocked panels and things in the heavy vehicle;	31 32
		(b)	gain access to the heavy vehicle, its engine or other mechanical components to enable it to be moved;	33 34
		(c)	enable the heavy vehicle to be towed.	35

	'(7)	Subsection (6) does not authorise an authorised officer, assistant or service or towing vehicle operator to use force against a person.	1 2 3
	'(8)	In this section—	4
		<i>road</i> includes a road-related area.	5
'33C		ving other stationary heavy vehicle if causing om or obstruction etc.	6 7
	'(1)	This section applies if an authorised officer reasonably believes—	8 9
		(a) a heavy vehicle on a road or road-related area is unattended or broken down; and	10 11
		(b) the heavy vehicle—	12
		(i) is causing, or creating an imminent risk of, serious harm to public safety, the environment or road infrastructure; or	13 14 15
		(ii) is causing, or likely to cause, an obstruction to traffic.	16 17
	'(2)	The authorised officer may move or authorise someone else (the <i>assistant</i> ) to move the heavy vehicle or, if it is a combination, any vehicle forming part of the combination, to the extent it is reasonably necessary to avoid the harm or obstruction.	18 19 20 21 22
		Example—	23
		by driving, pushing or towing the vehicle	24
	'(3)	The authorised officer or assistant may—	25
		(a) enter the heavy vehicle to enable the authorised officer or assistant to move it; and	26 27
		(b) for a combination—separate any or all of the vehicles forming part of the combination for the purpose of moving them.	28 29 30
	'(4)	The authorised officer may drive the heavy vehicle or authorise someone else (also the <i>assistant</i> ) to drive it if the authorised officer reasonably believes—	31 32 33
		(a) the heavy vehicle is driveable; and	34

			(b) there is no-one else in or near the heavy vehicle who is more capable of driving it and fit and willing to drive it.	1 2
		'(5)	It is immaterial that—	3
			(a) the assistant is not the operator of the heavy vehicle; or	4
			(b) the authorised officer or assistant is not authorised by the operator to drive the heavy vehicle or qualified to drive it.	5 6 7
		'(6)	In driving the heavy vehicle under subsection (4), the authorised officer or assistant is exempt from a provision of a transport Act to the extent the provision would require the authorised officer or assistant to be licensed to drive the vehicle.	8 9 10 11 12
		'(7)	The authorised officer or assistant mentioned in subsection (2) or (4) may use the force that is reasonably necessary to the extent it is reasonably necessary to avoid the harm or obstruction.	13 14 15 16
		'(8)	Subsection (7) does not authorise an authorised officer or assistant to use force against a person.'.	17 18
Clause	42	Am	nendment of s 34 (Power to inspect vehicles)	19
			Section 34(4)—	20
			omit.	21
Clause	43		nendment of s 35 (Power to enter vehicles etc. other in for vehicle inspection)	22 23
			Section 35—	24
			insert—	25
		'(2A)	Subsections (2B) and (2C) apply if—	26
			(a) the vehicle is a heavy vehicle; and	27
			(b) the officer is not a police officer and reasonably believes the heavy vehicle has, or may have, been involved in an incident involving the death of, or injury to, a person or damage to property.	28 29 30 31
		'(2B)	The authorised officer—	32

			(a)	may exercise a power under this section only if authorised to do so by a police officer of at least the rank of inspector; and	1 2 3
			(b)	without limiting paragraph (a), may open unlocked doors and other unlocked panels and things in the vehicle for gaining entry to it under subsection (2)(a).	4 5 6
	6	(2C)		oite subsection (2)(a), an authorised officer who is not a ce officer must not use force to enter the vehicle.'.	7 8
Clause	44	Ins	ertio	n of new ss 35A-35C	9
			Afte	r section 35—	10
			insei	<i>t</i> —	11
	'35A	Fur	ther	powers to inspect and search heavy vehicles	12
		'(1)	heav	out limiting sections 34 and 35, this section applies to a y vehicle, whether or not it is unattended, if it is onary in a following place—	13 14 15
			(a)	a road or road-related area;	16
			(b)	a public place;	17
			(c)	another place occupied or owned by the State or a government entity;	18 19
			(d)	a prescribed place an authorised officer has entered under section 26;	20 21
			(e)	a place an authorised officer has entered under section 26A or 26B.	22 23
		'(2)	whet	authorised officer may inspect the heavy vehicle to check ther it complies with a transport Act or an alternative pliance scheme.	24 25 26
		'(3)	carry	o, an authorised officer may search the heavy vehicle to out a check as mentioned in subsection (2) if the orised officer reasonably believes—	27 28 29
			(a)	the heavy vehicle has been used, is being used, or is likely to be used, to commit an offence against a transport Act; or	30 31 32

	(b) the heavy vehicle may have been involved in an incident involving injury to, or the death of, a person or damage to property.	1 2 3
'(4)	An authorised officer may form the belief mentioned in subsection (3) whether or not the heavy vehicle has been inspected under this Act.	4 5 6
'(5)	Without limiting subsection (2) or (3), for exercising a power under the subsection, the authorised officer may do any or all of the following—	7 8 9
	(a) enter the heavy vehicle;	10
	(b) exercise a power that an authorised officer may exercise under section 35(2)(c) to (g);	11 12
	(c) move, but not take away, anything in the heavy vehicle that is not locked or sealed.	13 14
'(6)	An authorised officer may exercise a power under this section at any time and without the consent of the heavy vehicle's driver or anyone else.	15 16 17
'(7)	However, if an authorised officer has the belief mentioned in subsection (3)(b) in relation to the heavy vehicle, the authorised officer—	18 19 20
	(a) may exercise a power under this section in relation to the vehicle only if authorised to do so by a police officer of at least the rank of inspector; and	21 22 23
	(b) without limiting paragraph (a), may open unlocked doors and other unlocked panels and things in the vehicle for gaining entry to it under subsection (5)(a).	24 25 26
'(8)	This section does not authorise an authorised officer to use force for exercising a power under this section.	27 28
'(9)	Also, an authorised officer may not exercise a power under this section in relation to a personal possession found in the heavy vehicle.	29 30 31
<b>'</b> (10)	In this section—	32
	prescribed place, in relation to a heavy vehicle, means—	33
	(a) a following place of a responsible person for the heavy vehicle—	34 35

			(i)	a place at or from which the responsible person carries on a business;	1 2
			(ii)	a place that is occupied by the responsible person in connection with a business carried on by the responsible person;	3 4 5
			(iii)	the registered office of a business carried on by the responsible person; or	6 7
		(b)	a pla	ace that is—	8
			(i)	the garage address for the heavy vehicle; or	9
			(ii)	without limiting subparagraph (i), the base of a driver of the heavy vehicle; or	10 11
		(c)	loca	ace where a document relating to a heavy vehicle is ted or required to be kept under a transport Act or an enative compliance scheme.	12 13 14
		tran	sport	Act does not include—	15
		(a)	the (	Queensland Road Rules; or	16
		(b)		egulation made under this Act applying to the sport of dangerous goods.	17 18
'35B	ded			ers to access stored information or to thing found in a heavy vehicle may be	19 20 21
	'(1)	help	an au	imiting section 35 or 35A, this section applies to athorised officer who exercises a power in relation to ehicle under section 35 or 35A—	22 23 24
		(a)		ccess information contained on anything found in or ne vehicle; or	25 26
			Exan	nple of information contained on a thing—	27
			in	formation contained on a disk, tape or other device	28
		(b)		ecide if anything found in the vehicle may be seized er division 3.	29 30
	'(2)			orised officer, or a person helping the authorised ay exercise the power by operating equipment that	31 32 33

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		(a)	in or at the heavy vehicle; or	1
		(b)	taken into the vehicle under section 35(2)(g); or	2
		(c)	where the thing has been moved under subsection (4).	3
	'(3)		ever, subsection (2) only applies if the authorised officer erson reasonably believes—	4 5
		(a)	the equipment is suitable for exercising the power; and	6
		(b)	the power can be exercised without damaging the equipment or thing.	7 8
	'(4)		exercising a power as mentioned in subsection (1)(b), the orised officer may move the thing to somewhere else if—	9 10
		(a)	it is not practicable to exercise the power in relation to the thing where it is found; or	11 12
		(b)	the person in control of the vehicle consents in writing.	13
	_	_		
35C		nning	or stopping heavy vehicle engine	14
	'(1)	stop some	authorised officer may enter a heavy vehicle and run or its engine ( <i>take the prescribed action</i> ) or authorise eone else (the <i>assistant</i> ) to enter the vehicle and take the cribed action if—	15 16 17 18
		(a)	a person fails to comply with a requirement made by an authorised officer under section 39 to take the prescribed action; or	19 20 21
		(b)	no responsible person for the heavy vehicle is available or willing to take the prescribed action; or	22 23
		(c)	the authorised officer reasonably believes there is no-one else in or near the heavy vehicle who is more capable of taking the prescribed action and is fit and willing to do so.	24 25 26 27
	'(2)	reaso	authorised officer or assistant may use the force that is onably necessary to enter the heavy vehicle and take the cribed action.	28 29 30
	'(3)		ection (2) does not authorise an authorised officer or tant to use force against a person.	31 32
	<b>'</b> (4)	It is	immaterial that—	33

		(a)	the assistant is not the operator of the heavy vehicle; or	1
		(b)	the authorised officer or assistant is not—	2
			(i) authorised by the operator to drive the heavy vehicle or take the prescribed action; or	3
			(ii) qualified to drive the heavy vehicle or take the prescribed action.	5 6
	'(5)		section does not authorise the authorised officer or ant to drive the heavy vehicle.	7 8
	'(6)	exem provi	nning the engine, the authorised officer or assistant is pt from a provision of a transport Act to the extent the sion would require the authorised officer or assistant to alified to take the prescribed action.'.	9 10 11 12
lause 4	5 Am	endm	ent of s 38 (Power to prohibit persons driving)	13
		Section	on 38(1) and (2)—	14
		omit,	insert—	15
	'(1)	This	section applies if—	16
		(a)	a motor vehicle is stationary on a road or road-related area or has been stopped under section 31 or 32; and	17 18
			an authorised officer reasonably believes a person would contravene this Act by driving the vehicle.	19 20
	'(2)	parag	authorised officer may require a person mentioned in raph (a) or (b) not to drive the vehicle in contravention s Act—	21 22 23
			for a vehicle other than a heavy vehicle—the person in control of it; or	24 25
		(b)	for a heavy vehicle—any person.	26
	'(2A)	The r	equirement—	27
			for a vehicle other than a heavy vehicle—must be given by notice in the approved form; or	28 29
		(b)	for a heavy vehicle—may be given orally or in any other way, including, for example, by way of a sign or electronic or other signal.'.	30 31 32

Clause	46		nendment of s 39 (Powers to enable effective and safe ercise of other powers)				
		(1)	Section	on 39(1)—	3		
			omit,	insert—	4		
		'(1)	parag enable	uthorised officer may require a person mentioned in raph (a) or (b) to give the officer reasonable help to e the officer to effectively exercise a power under this relation to a vehicle—	5 6 7 8		
				for a vehicle other than a heavy vehicle—the person in control of the vehicle; or	9 10		
				for a heavy vehicle—a responsible person for the vehicle.	11 12		
			Examp	le of requirements for vehicles other than heavy vehicles—	13		
			to op	en the vehicle's bonnet to enable the engine to be inspected	14		
			Examp	les of requirements for heavy vehicles—	15		
				to hold the heavy vehicle stationary on a weighing device to enable the heavy vehicle to be weighed	16 17		
				to open the heavy vehicle's bonnet to enable the engine to be inspected	18 19		
				to help the authorised officer to weigh or measure all or part of the heavy vehicle, including an axle or axle group	20 21		
				to help the authorised officer to weigh or measure all or part of the heavy vehicle's equipment or load	22 23		
			•	to operate equipment or facilities	24		
			•	to give access, free of charge, to photocopying equipment	25		
		'(1A)	A req	uirement that may be made under subsection (1)—	26		
				includes a requirement to run or stop the vehicle's engine; but	27 28		
			(b)	does not include—	29		
				(i) a requirement to drive the vehicle; or	30		
				(ii) a requirement to produce a document or give information; or	31 32		
				(iii) a requirement to help the authorised officer find and gain access to a document or information.	33 34		

	Editor's note—	1
	For the power to make a requirement mentioned in subparagraph (ii), see sections 49 and 50. For the power to make a requirement mentioned in subparagraph (iii), see section 50AB.	2 3 4 5
'(1B)	Subsections (1C) to (1F) apply if a responsible person for a heavy vehicle is required, under subsection (1), to run or stop the vehicle's engine ( <i>take the prescribed action</i> ).	6 7 8
'(1C)	The responsible person may use the force that is reasonably necessary to enter the heavy vehicle and take the prescribed action.	9 10 11
'(1D)	Subsection (1C) does not authorise the responsible person to use force against a person.	12 13
'(1E)	It is immaterial that—	14
	(a) the responsible person is not the operator of the heavy vehicle; or	15 16
	(b) the responsible person is not—	17
	(i) authorised by the operator to drive the heavy vehicle or take the prescribed action; or	18 19
	(ii) qualified to drive the heavy vehicle or take the prescribed action.	20 21
'(1F)	In running the engine, the responsible person is exempt from a provision of a transport Act to the extent the provision would require the responsible person to be qualified to take the prescribed action.'.	22 23 24 25
(2)	Section 39(2), 'or just'—	26
	omit, insert—	27
	'or has just'.	28
(3)	Section 39(2), examples—	29
	omit, insert—	30
	'Examples—	31
	<ul> <li>require the persons in the vehicle to get out of the vehicle while the authorised officer inspects the vehicle's undercarriage</li> </ul>	32 33
	<ul> <li>require a person who has just left the vehicle to stand back from the carriageway of the road</li> </ul>	34 35

				quire a person to remain in control of the vehicle for a reasonable	1
	,	(2A)	A requorally, by way	nirement under subsection (1) or (2) may be made in writing or in any other way, including, for example, of a sign, electronic or other signal, post, telephone, le, electronic mail or radio.'.	2 3 4 5 6
Clause	47	Ins	ertion c	of new ch 3, pt 3, div 2, sdivs 4 and 5	7
			Chapte	r 3, part 3, division 2, after section 39A—	8
			insert–	_	9
	'Sub	divi	sion 4	Other provisions about stopping and moving vehicles etc.	10 11
	'39B	Sto	pped o	r moved vehicle to remain at a place	12
		'(1)	This se	ction applies if a person is required to—	13
			(a) st	op a vehicle under section 31 or 32; or	14
			(b) m	nove a vehicle to a place under section 33 or 33A.	15
		'(2)	place w reasona perforn	rson must not allow the vehicle to be moved from the where it is stopped or moved to, until the end of the time ably necessary to enable the authorised officer to a function or exercise a power for which the vehicle apped or moved.	16 17 18 19 20
			Maxim	um penalty—	21
			(a) fo	or a private vehicle—60 penalty units; or	22
			(b) fo	or a prescribed heavy vehicle—80 penalty units.	23
	'39C	Inte loa		with prescribed heavy vehicle equipment or	24 25
		'(1)	This se	ction applies if a person is required—	26
			(a) to	stop a prescribed heavy vehicle under section 32; or	27
				o move a prescribed heavy vehicle or a heavy vehicle to place under section 33; or	28 29
			(c) to	o move a heavy vehicle to a place under section 33A.	30

	'(2)	enab a po	person must not, for the time reasonably necessary to ble the authorised officer to perform a function or exercise ower for which the prescribed heavy vehicle or heavy cle was stopped or moved—	1 2 3 4
		(a)	interfere with any equipment in the vehicle; or	5
		(b)	unload or change the position of any part of the vehicle's load.	6 7
		Max	rimum penalty—80 penalty units.	8
'Sub	divi	sion	Further powers in relation to heavy vehicles concerning mass, dimension or loading requirements	9 10 11
'39D	Ар	plicat	tion of sdiv 5	12
		whe direc	s subdivision applies to a heavy vehicle regardless of ther the vehicle is, has been, or becomes the subject of a ction or requirement given or made by an authorised ter under another provision of this part.	13 14 15 16
'39E			for minor risk breach of mass, dimension or requirement	17 18
	'(1)		s section applies if an authorised officer reasonably eves a heavy vehicle—	19 20
		(a)	is the subject of 1 or more minor risk breaches of mass, dimension or loading requirements; and	21 22
		(b)	is not, or is no longer, also the subject of a substantial, or severe, risk breach of a mass, dimension or loading requirement.	23 24 25
	'(2)	the o	the authorised officer reasonably believes it appropriate in circumstances, the officer may give the driver or operator the heavy vehicle—	26 27 28
		(a)	a direction to immediately rectify stated breaches of mass, dimension or loading requirements relating to the vehicle; or	29 30 31

	(b)	a direction to move the vehicle, or cause it to be moved, to a stated place and not to move the vehicle from there until stated breaches of mass, dimension or loading requirements relating to the vehicle are rectified.	1 2 3 4
	Exam	pples of circumstances for subsection (2)—	5
	1	Rectification is reasonable and can be carried out easily.	6
	2	Rectification is necessary in the public interest to avoid the potential risk of harm to public safety, the environment, road infrastructure or public amenity.	7 8 9
<b>'</b> (3)	A pl	ace mentioned in subsection (2)(b) must be—	10
	(a)	a place the authorised officer reasonably believes is suitable for the purpose of complying with the direction; and	11 12 13
	(b)	within a 30km radius from—	14
		(i) where the heavy vehicle is located when the direction is given; or	15 16
		(ii) if the requirement is given in the course of the vehicle's journey—any point along the forward route of the journey.	17 18 19
'(4)	a he auth not, of a requ	e authorised officer does not give the driver or operator of eavy vehicle a direction under subsection (2) and the orised officer reasonably believes the driver or operator is or is no longer, subject to a direction for the rectification a minor risk breach of a mass, dimension or loading direment relating to the vehicle, the officer may authorise driver or operator to continue the vehicle's journey.	20 21 22 23 24 25 26
'(5)		authorisation or direction given under this section must be riting and may be given with or without conditions.	27 28
<b>'</b> (6)	may	pite subsection (5), a direction to move a heavy vehicle be given orally if the moving of the vehicle is carried out ne presence, or under the supervision, of an authorised eer.	29 30 31 32
'(7)	unde	person to whom an authorisation or direction is given er this section must comply with the authorisation or ection, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	33 34 35
	Max	imum penalty—120 penalty units.	36

	'(8)	In this section—	1
		stated means stated by the authorised officer.	2
'39F		wers for substantial risk breach of mass, nension or loading requirement	3 4
	'(1)	This section applies if an authorised officer reasonably believes—	5 6
		(a) a heavy vehicle is the subject of 1 or more substantial risk breaches of mass, dimension or loading requirements; and	7 8 9
		(b) the heavy vehicle is not, or is no longer, also the subject of a severe risk breach of a mass, dimension or loading requirement.	10 11 12
	'(2)	The authorised officer must give the driver or operator of the heavy vehicle—	13 14
		(a) a direction not to move the vehicle until stated breaches of mass, dimension or loading requirements relating to the vehicle are rectified; or	15 16 17
		(b) a direction to move the heavy vehicle, or cause it to be moved, to a stated reasonable place and not to move it from there until stated breaches of mass, dimension or loading requirements relating to the vehicle are rectified, if circumstances warranting the giving of the direction exist.	18 19 20 21 22 23
		Examples of reasonable place for paragraph (b)—	24
		• the intended destination of the vehicle's journey	25
		• the depot of the vehicle or, if the vehicle is a combination, the depot of a vehicle in the combination	26 27
		Example of circumstances for paragraph (b)—	28
		Moving the vehicle is necessary in the public interest to avoid the potential risk of harm to public safety, the environment, road infrastructure or public amenity.	29 30 31
	'(3)	The direction must be in writing and may be given with or without conditions.	32 33
	'(4)	Despite subsection (3), a direction to move a heavy vehicle may be given orally if the moving of the vehicle is carried out	34 35

		in the profficer.	resence, or under the supervision, of an authorised	1 2
	'(5)	-	on to whom the direction is given must comply with the person has a reasonable excuse.	3 4
		Maximu	m penalty—120 penalty units.	5
	<b>'</b> (6)	In this se	ction—	6
		stated me	eans stated by the authorised officer.	7
'39G			severe risk breach of mass, dimension or uirement	8 9
	'(1)	believes	etion applies if an authorised officer reasonably a heavy vehicle is the subject of 1 or more severe risk of mass, dimension or loading requirements.	10 11 12
	'(2)	The auth heavy ve	orised officer must give the driver or operator of the hicle—	13 14
		din	irection not to proceed until stated breaches of mass, nension or loading requirements relating to the nicle are rectified; or	15 16 17
		(b) if the	he prescribed circumstances exist, a direction—	18
		(i)	to move the heavy vehicle, or cause it to be moved, to the nearest stated safe location; and	19 20
		(ii)	not to proceed from there until stated breaches of mass, dimension or loading requirements relating to the vehicle are rectified.	21 22 23
	'(3)		on given under subsection (2) must be in writing and iven with or without conditions.	24 25
	'(4)	may be g	subsection (3), a direction to move a heavy vehicle given orally if the moving of the vehicle is carried out resence, or under the supervision, of an authorised	26 27 28 29
	'(5)	-	on to whom the direction is given must comply with the person has a reasonable excuse.	30 31
		Maximu	m penalty—120 penalty units.	32

**'39H** 

34

		Transport Legistation Amenament Bitt 2007								
'(6)	takin in it with	ning in this section prevents an authorised officer from an into account the safety of the heavy vehicle or any load if the officer reasonably believes the officer can do so tout prejudicing the safety of other property, people, the ronment, road infrastructure or public amenity.								
'(7)	In th	In this section—								
	pres	cribed circumstances means—								
	(a)	there is an appreciable risk of harm to the environment, road infrastructure or public amenity; or								
	(b)	there is a risk to the safety of people, or live animals, in the vehicle.								
	risk	of harm to public safety, in relation to a heavy vehicle—								
	(a)	includes the risk of harm to the safety of people, or live animals, in the vehicle; but								
	(b)	does not include the risk of harm to the safety of the vehicle or any load, other than a live animal, in the vehicle.								
	reas appi	<i>location</i> means a location where the authorised officer onably believes the vehicle will pose a reduced risk or no reciable risk of harm to public safety, the environment, sport infrastructure or public amenity.								
	Exan	aple of a safe location—								
		e depot of the vehicle or, if the vehicle is a combination, the depot of a hicle in the combination								
	state	ed means stated by the authorised officer.								
Ор	erati	on of direction in relation to a combination								
'(1)		s section applies if a direction is given under this division in relation to a combination.								
'(2)	a c	ject to subsection (3), nothing in this subdivision prevents component vehicle of the combination from being trately driven or moved if—								
	(a)	the component vehicle is not itself the subject of a contravention of a mass, dimension or loading								

requirement; and

			(b)	it is not otherwise unlawful for the component vehicle to be driven or moved.	1 2
		'(3)	prev	section (2) does not apply if a condition of the direction ents the component vehicle from being separately driven noved.	3 4 5
		'(4)	In th	is section—	6
				<b>ponent vehicle</b> , of a combination, means a towing vehicle ailer of the combination.'.	7 8
Clause	48	Ins	ertio	n of new s 40A	9
			Afte	er section 40—	10
			inse	rt—	11
	'40A		ther nicle	powers to seize evidence in relation to heavy	12 13
		'(1)	An a	authorised officer who enters a place—	14
			(a)	because the officer has the belief and suspicion mentioned in section 26A(3); or	15 16
			(b)	under section 26B;	17
			plac	seize a document, device or other thing that is in the e if the officer reasonably believes it is, or may provide, ence of an offence against a transport Act.	18 19 20
		'(2)		section (3) applies if, under this part, an authorised officer, person helping the officer—	21 22
			(a)	either—	23
				(i) enters a place in relation to a heavy vehicle; or	24
				(ii) enters or inspects a heavy vehicle; and	25
			(b)	finds a disk, tape or other storage device (the <i>original information storage device</i> ) containing information the authorised officer reasonably believes is relevant to decide whether a transport Act or an alternative compliance scheme has been contravened.	26 27 28 29 30
		'(3)	The	authorised officer or person may—	31
			(a)	put the information in documentary form and seize the document; or	32 33

		(b)	storage device to another information storage device an seize the other information storage device; or	
		(c)	seize the original information storage device and an equipment at the place or vehicle necessary for accessing the information contained in the device if—	
			(i) it is not practicable to take action, at the place of vehicle, under paragraph (a) or (b) in relation to the information; and	
			(ii) the officer or person reasonably believes the device and equipment can be seized without bein damaged.	
	'(4)	In th	is section—	13
		tran	sport Act does not include—	14
		(a)	the Queensland Road Rules; or	15
		(b)	a regulation made under this Act applying to the transport of dangerous goods.'.	ne 16 17
Clause 49	Am	nendn	nent of s 46 (Return of seized things)	18
		Sect	ion 46(2), from 'satisfied'—	19
		omit	, insert—	20
		'sati	sfied—	21
		(a)	its retention as evidence of an offence against a transport Act is necessary; or	rt 22 23
		(b)	for equipment seized under section 40A(3)(c)—the equipment is needed to access the information.	e 24 25
	'(3)		pite subsections (1) and (2), if the chief executive or the missioner (the <i>official</i> ) gave the seized thing to a small public authority under section 168B, the official must	n 27

Clause	50	Inse	ertion of new ch 3, pt 3, div 3B		
			Cha	pter 3, part 3—	2
			inse	rt—	3
	'Div	ision	3B	Embargo notice for evidence about heavy vehicle	4 5
	'46B	Em	barg	o notice	6
		'(1)	This	section applies if—	7
			(a)	an authorised officer may seize a document, device or other thing under this part in relation to a heavy vehicle; and	8 9 10
			(b)	the thing can not, or can not readily, be physically seized and removed.	11 12
		'(2)	notion thing	authorised officer may issue a written notice ( <i>embargo</i> ce) under this section prohibiting any dealing with the g or any part of it without the written consent of the chief cutive, commissioner or authorised officer.	13 14 15 16
		<b>'</b> (3)	The	embargo notice—	17
			(a)	must be in the approved form, or contain the particulars prescribed under a regulation; and	18 19
			(b)	must list the activities it prohibits; and	20
			(c)	must set out a copy of section 46C(1) and (3).	21
		'(4)	The	authorised officer may issue the embargo notice—	22
			(a)	by causing a copy of it to be served on the relevant entity; or	23 24
			(b)	if the relevant entity can not be located after all reasonable steps have been taken to do so, by fixing a copy of the embargo notice in a prominent position on the thing the subject of the notice.	25 26 27 28
		'(5)	In th	is section—	29
			deal	ing, with a thing or part of a thing, includes—	30
			(a)	moving, selling, leasing or transferring the thing or part; and	31 32

		(b)	changing information on, or deleting information from, the thing or part.	1 2
		relev	vant entity, for an embargo notice, means—	3
		(a)	the person in control of the heavy vehicle to which the thing the subject of the embargo notice relates; or	4 5
		(b)	the occupier of the place in which the thing the subject of the embargo notice is located.	6 7
'46C	No	ncom	npliance with embargo notice	8
	'(1)		erson who knows that an embargo notice relates to a ament, device or other thing (the <i>embargoed thing</i> ) must	9 10 11
		(a)	do anything the notice prohibits; or	12
		(b)	instruct someone else to do anything the notice prohibits or prohibits the person from doing.	13 14
		Max	imum penalty—107 penalty units.	15
	'(2)	exter offer	proceeding for an offence against subsection (1) to the nt it relates to a charge that the person charged with the nce ( <i>defendant</i> ) moved the embargoed thing, or part of it, a defence if the defendant proves that he or she—	16 17 18 19
		(a)	moved the embargoed thing, or part of it, to protect or preserve it; or	20 21
		(b)	notified the authorised officer who issued the embargo notice of the move and new location of the embargoed thing, or part of it, within 48 hours after the move.	22 23 24
	'(3)	reaso	person served with an embargo notice must take all conable steps to stop any other person from doing anything idden by the notice.	25 26 27
		Max	imum penalty—107 penalty units.	28
	'(4)	deali	pite any other Act or law, a sale, lease, transfer or other ing with an embargoed thing in contravention of this ion is void.'.	29 30 31

Clause	51	Ins	ertio	n of ı	new s 48A	1		
			Afte	r sect	ion 48—	2		
			inse	rt—		3		
	'48A			-	er to require personal details for ower in relation to heavy vehicle	4 5		
		'(1)	This	This section applies if—				
			(a)		uthorised officer finds a person committing a heavy cle offence; or	7 8		
			(b)	com	authorised officer reasonably suspects a person has mitted, or is about to commit, a heavy vehicle nce; or	9 10 11		
			(c)	may vehi inci	uthorised officer reasonably suspects a person is or be the driver or other person in control of a heavy cle that has or may have been involved in an dent involving injury to, or death of, a person or age to property; or	12 13 14 15 16		
			(d)		uthorised officer reasonably suspects a person is or be—	17 18		
				(i)	a responsible person for a heavy vehicle involved in a heavy vehicle offence or suspected heavy vehicle offence; and	19 20 21		
				(ii)	able to help in the investigation of the offence or suspected offence.	22 23		
		'(2)			er may require the person to state the person's letails.	24 25		
		'(3)	pers	on it	is an offence to fail to state the person's personal cless the person has a reasonable excuse.	26 27 28		
		'(4)	corre	ectnes	er may require the person to give evidence of the ss of the stated personal details if the officer y suspects the stated personal details are false or g.	29 30 31 32		
		'(5)	_		must comply with a requirement under subsection unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	33 34		
			May	imun	nenalty_60 penalty units	25		

		'(6)	subs a rec addr	nout limiting what may be a reasonable excuse for section (5), in a proceeding for an offence of contravening quirement made under subsection (2) to state a business ress, it is a defence if the person charged with the offence res—	1 2 3 4 5
			(a)	the person did not have a business address; or	6
			(b)	the person's business address was not connected, directly or indirectly, with road transport involving heavy vehicles.	7 8 9
		'(7)	A point	erson does not commit an offence against subsection (5)	10 11
			(a)	the person was required to state the person's personal details by an authorised officer who suspected the person had committed a heavy vehicle offence; and	12 13 14
			(b)	the person is not proved to have committed the offence.	15
		'(8)	In th	nis section—	16
				vy vehicle offence means an offence that involves or tes to a heavy vehicle—	17 18
			(a)	against a transport Act, other than the Queensland Road Rules; or	19 20
			(b)	against a regulation made under this Act applying to the transport of dangerous goods.	21 22
			_	onal details, of a person, means 1 or more of the owing—	23 24
			(a)	the person's full name;	25
			(b)	the person's date of birth;	26
			(c)	the address where the person is living;	27
			(d)	the address where the person usually lives;	28
			(e)	the person's business address.'.	29
Clause	52		endr duce	ment of s 49 (Power to require documents to be	30 31
		(1)		ion 49(1)—	32
			omit	t, insert—	33

	'(1)	Subject to subsection (2A), an authorised officer may require a person to produce for inspection a document issued, or required to be kept, by the person under a transport Act or a corresponding law.	1 2 3 4
		Examples—	5
		an Australian driver licence	6
		• a log book'.	7
	(2)	Section 49—	8
		insert—	9
	'(2A)	Only an authorised officer who is a police officer may require the driver of a private vehicle to produce his or her driver licence under subsection (1).'.	10 11 12
Clause	53 Am	nendment of s 50AA (Power to require information)	13
	(1)	Section 50AA, heading—	14
		omit, insert—	15
		ief executive's or commissioner's power to require ormation if information offence committed'.	16 17
	(2)	Section 50AA(1), 'reasonably to suspect'—	18
		omit, insert—	19
		'to reasonably suspect'.	20
	(3)	Section 50AA(3)(c) and (d)—	21
		omit, insert—	22
		'(c) if the person is an individual, advise the person that—	23
		(i) it is not a reasonable excuse for the person to fail to give the information because the information might tend to incriminate the person; and	24 25 26
		(ii) the information, and any evidence directly or indirectly derived from the information that might tend to incriminate the person, is not admissible in evidence against the person in a civil or criminal proceeding, other than a proceeding for an offence about the falsity of the information.'.	27 28 29 30 31 32

		(4)	Section 50AA(6), after 'However,'—	1
			insert—	2
			'if the person is an individual,'.	3
		(5)	Section 50AA(6A), after 'person'—	4
			insert—	5
			'is an individual and'.	6
		(6)	Section 50AA(6D), 'the person'—	7
			omit, insert—	8
			'a person who is an individual'.	9
Clause	54	Ins	ertion of new s 50AB	10
			Chapter 3, part 3, division 4—	11
			insert—	12
	'50AB		wer to require help to find and access documents information about heavy vehicle	13 14
	•	'(1)	An authorised officer may require a responsible person for a heavy vehicle to help the officer find and gain access to any documents or information to enable the officer to effectively exercise a power under any of the following provisions for monitoring or enforcing compliance with this Act in relation to the vehicle—	15 16 17 18 19 20
			• section 30(2)(a) or (b)	21
			• section 30A(2) or (4)	22
			• section 35(2)(b) or (c)	23
			• section 35A(2) or (3)	24
			• section 40	25
			• section 40A.	26
			Examples of documents or information—	27
			a document required to be kept in the vehicle under a transport Act about the vehicle's performance, specifications, capabilities or authorised operations	28 29 30

			a weighing document for a container loaded on to the vehicle	1
			a telephone record	2
		'(2)	A person must comply with a requirement under subsection (1), unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	3 4
			Maximum penalty—120 penalty units.	5
		'(3)	In this section—	6
			information includes electronically stored information.'.	7
Clause	55	Ins	ertion of new ch 3, pts 4B and 4C	8
			Chapter 3—	9
			insert—	10
	'Par	rt 4B		11
			authorised officers	12
	'51F	Red	ciprocal powers	13
		'(1)	This section has effect in relation to the Commonwealth or another State (the <i>other jurisdiction</i> ) while a law of the other jurisdiction contains a provision corresponding to this section.	14 15 16
		'(2)	The Minister may enter into an agreement with a Minister of the other jurisdiction for the purposes of this section and to amend or revoke the agreement.	17 18 19
		'(3)	To the extent envisaged by the agreement—	20
			(a) an authorised officer, other than a police officer, may, in Queensland or the other jurisdiction, exercise a power in relation to a heavy vehicle that is conferred on officers of the other jurisdiction under the law of the other jurisdiction; and	21 22 23 24 25
			(b) an authorised officer who is a police officer may, in Queensland or the other jurisdiction, exercise a power in relation to a heavy vehicle that is conferred on a police officer of the other jurisdiction under the law of the other jurisdiction; and	26 27 28 29 30
			(c) an officer, other than a police officer, of the other jurisdiction may, in Queensland or the other jurisdiction.	31 32

	exercise a power in relation to a heavy vehicle that is conferred on authorised officers, other than police officers, under this Act; and	1 2 3
	(d) a police officer of the other jurisdiction may, in Queensland or the other jurisdiction, exercise a power in relation to a heavy vehicle that is conferred on authorised officers who are police officers under this Act.	4 5 6 7 8
'(4)	However, if, under this Act or the law of the other jurisdiction, a power may only be exercised in relation to a heavy vehicle by a police officer, an authorised officer who is not a police officer must not exercise the power in relation to a heavy vehicle in Queensland or the other jurisdiction.	9 10 11 12 13
'(5)	Anything done or omitted to be done by an authorised officer or police officer under subsection (3)(a) or (b) is taken to have been done under this Act as well as under the law of the other jurisdiction.	14 15 16 17
'(6)	A regulation may make provision for the exercise of a power under this section.	18 19
'(7)	Nothing in this section affects the appointment under section 20(2) of a person as an authorised officer for this Act.	20 21
'Part 4C	Chief executive's powers for vehicles	22 23
'Division	1 Moving vehicles	24
'51G Mo	ving abandoned, or otherwise stationary, vehicle prescribed road	25 26
'(1)	This section applies if—	27
	(a) either—	28

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			(i)	a vehicle on a prescribed road is immobilised by a breakdown, collision or fuel shortage or is otherwise stationary; or	1 2 3		
			(ii)	the chief executive reasonably believes a vehicle on a prescribed road is abandoned; and	4 5		
		(b)	eithe	er—	6		
			(i)	the chief executive can not immediately find the person in control of the vehicle; or	7 8		
			(ii)	the chief executive can immediately find the person in control of the vehicle but reasonably believes the person is unable or unwilling to move the vehicle immediately.	9 10 11 12		
	'(2)	neces	ssary	executive may take the steps that are reasonably to move the vehicle on, or remove the vehicle from, ibed road.	13 14 15		
		Exam	ple of	reasonably necessary steps—	16		
		driv	ing, p	ushing or towing the vehicle	17		
	<b>'</b> (3)	B) If the chief executive asks a service or towing vehicle opera to move or remove the vehicle, the service or towing vehicle operator may take the steps that are reasonably necessary move or remove it as requested.					
	'(4)	chief only	exectif the	for a vehicle mentioned in subsection (1)(a)(i), the utive may take the steps mentioned in subsection (2) e chief executive reasonably believes it is necessary fety or convenience of people using the prescribed	22 23 24 25 26		
'Divi	sion	2		Recovering moving expenses	27		
'51H	Def	initio	n for	div 2	28		
		'In th	nis div	vision—	29		
			_	xpenses, for a vehicle, means reasonable expenses 1 or more of the following acts—	30 31		
		(a)		ng a service or towing vehicle to the vehicle on a cribed road;	32 33		

		(b)	moving the vehicle on a prescribed road;	1
		(c)	removing the vehicle from a prescribed road;	2
		(d)	storing the vehicle after it has been removed from a prescribed road;	3
		(e)	releasing a vehicle mentioned in paragraph (d) from storage;	5 6
		(f)	disposing of a vehicle mentioned in paragraph (c) other than by selling it.	7 8
'51I	Re	covei	ring moving expenses	9
	'(1)		chief executive may recover as a debt the moving enses for a vehicle incurred by the State under this part.	10 11
	'(2)	The	moving expenses may be recovered from—	12
		(a)	the person who was in control of the vehicle immediately before it was moved or removed; or	13 14
		(b)	if the identity of the person mentioned in paragraph (a) can not be discovered—the vehicle's owner, unless the vehicle was being used without the owner's consent.	15 16 17
'51J	No	tice t	o owner	18
	'(1)	vehi	soon as practicable, but within 14 days after removing a cle from a prescribed road, the chief executive must give owner of the vehicle a written notice—	19 20 21
		(a)	stating that the vehicle has been removed; and	22
		(b)	explaining how it may be recovered; and	23
		(c)	stating that it may be sold if it is not recovered.	24
	'(2)	days	ne owner can not be identified or located within the 14 s, the notice may be given by publishing it in a newspaper alating generally in the State.	25 26 27
	'(3)		chief executive need not give the notice required by this ion if—	28 29
		(a)	the chief executive reasonably believes the vehicle is abandoned; and	30 31

		(b)	either—					
			(i)	the p	proceeds of the vehicle's sale are not likely to r—	2 3		
				(A)	the moving expenses for the vehicle; and	4		
				(B)	the expenses reasonably incurred by the chief executive in selling the vehicle; or	5 6		
			(ii)	it is	otherwise impracticable to give the notice.	7		
'51K	Re	leasir	na re	move	ed vehicle	8		
		'The	chie	f exec	utive must release a vehicle that was removed ed road to its owner if—	9 10		
		(a)			le was used by a person without the owner's nmediately before it was removed; or	11 12		
		(b)	own	er's c	e was used by the owner or a person with the onsent immediately before it was removed and ag expenses for the vehicle have been paid.	13 14 15		
'51L	Dis	sposii	ng of	f rem	oved vehicle	16		
	'(1)			execu d road	itive may dispose of a vehicle removed from a if—	17 18		
		(a)	2 m	onths	ng expenses for the vehicle are not paid within after a notice is given to the vehicle's owner tion 51J; or	19 20 21		
		(b)	give	a not	of executive decides under section 51J(3) not to tice to the vehicle's owner—at least 2 months and since the chief executive made the decision.	22 23 24		
	'(2)				on (3) applies, the chief executive may only behicle by selling it.	25 26		
	'(3)	mov exec	If the sale proceeds of the vehicle are not likely to cover the moving expenses and sale expenses for the vehicle, the chief executive may dispose of the vehicle in the way the chief executive considers appropriate.					
	'(4)				s sold, the sale proceeds must be applied in	31		

			(a) the sale expenses for the vehicle;	1
			(b) the moving expenses for the vehicle;	2
			(c) any balance to the owner.	3
		'(5)	If the sale proceeds are less than the moving expenses and sale expenses for the vehicle, the difference is a debt payable to the State by the person who is liable under section 51I for the moving expenses.	4 5 6 7
		'(6)	The chief executive may waive all or part of the moving expenses and sale expenses.	8 9
		'(7)	Compensation is not recoverable against the chief executive or the State for a payment made under this section.	10 11
		'(8)	In this section—	12
			<i>sale expenses</i> , for a vehicle, means the expenses reasonably incurred by the chief executive in selling the vehicle.'.	13 14
Clause	56	Am	nendment of s 52 (False or misleading statements)	15
			Section 52(2), penalty—	16
			omit, insert—	17
			'Maximum penalty—	18
			(a) if paragraph (b) does not apply—60 penalty units; or	19
			(b) if the statement relates to a heavy vehicle—134 penalty units.'.	20 21
Clause	57	Am	nendment of s 53 (False or misleading documents)	22
		(1)	Section 53, heading, after 'documents'—	23
			insert—	24
			', generally'.	25
		(2)	Section 53(2), penalty—	26
			omit, insert—	27
			'Maximum penalty—	28
			(a) if paragraph (b) does not apply—60 penalty units; or	29

			(b)	if the information relates to a heavy vehicle—134 penalty units.'.	1 2
lause	58	Ins	ertio	n of new ss 53B–53D	3
			Afte	r section 53A—	4
			inse	rt—	5
	'53B		se or ods	misleading transport documentation for	6 7
		'(1)	This	section applies if—	8
			(a)	goods are consigned for transport by road, or partly by road and partly by another method; and	9 10
			(b)	all or part of the road transport happens or is to happen in Queensland by use of a heavy vehicle.	11 12
		'(2)	trans misl	n consignor of the goods commits an offence if the sport documentation for the consignment is false or eading in a material particular relating to the mass, ension or loading of any or all of the goods.	13 14 15 16
			Max	imum penalty—134 penalty units.	17
		'(3)	Each	n packer of the goods commits an offence if—	18
			(a)	the goods are packed in Australia in a freight container or other container, or in a package or on a pallet, for road transport; and	19 20 21
			(b)	the transport documentation for the consignment is false or misleading in a material particular relating to the mass, dimension or loading of any or all of the goods.	22 23 24
			Max	imum penalty—134 penalty units.	25
		'(4)	Each	n loader of the goods commits an offence if—	26
			(a)	the goods are loaded on a heavy vehicle for road transport; and	27 28
			(b)	the transport documentation for the consignment is false or misleading in a material particular relating to the mass, dimension or loading of any or all of the goods.	29 30 31
			Max	imum penalty—134 penalty units.	32

Each receiver of the goods in Australia commits an offence

1

'(5)

		if—		2					
		(a)	the goods are packed outside Australia in a freight container or other container, or in a package or on a pallet, for road transport; and	3 4 5					
		(b)	the transport documentation for the consignment is false or misleading in a material particular about the mass, dimension or loading of any or all of the goods.	6 7 8					
		Max	imum penalty—134 penalty units.	9					
	'(6)	or (5	proceeding for an offence against subsection (2), (3), (4) 5), the person charged has the benefit of the reasonable is defence for the offence.	10 11 12					
		Edito	r's note—	13					
		See	e section 57D for the reasonable steps defence.	14					
	'(7)	In th	is section—	15					
			<i>receiver</i> , of goods in Australia, means a person who, other than the person who merely unloads the goods—						
		(a)	first receives the goods in Australia; or	18					
		(b)	unpacks the goods after the goods are first unloaded in Australia.	19 20					
'53C		se or larat	misleading information in container weight ion	21 22					
	'(1)	The responsible entity for a freight container commits an offence if—							
		(a)	the responsible entity gives the container to the operator of a heavy vehicle; and	25 26					
		(b)	the container weight declaration for the container contains information that is false or misleading in a material particular.	27 28 29					
		Max	imum penalty—134 penalty units.	30					
	'(2)	The	operator of a heavy vehicle commits an offence if—	31					
		(a)	the operator arranges for a freight container to be transported in Queensland by use of the vehicle; and	32 33					

		(b)	the container weight declaration for the container given to a driver of the vehicle contains information that is false or misleading in a material particular.	1 2 3					
		Max	imum penalty—134 penalty units.	4					
	'(3)								
	'(4)	In a proceeding for an offence against subsection (1) or (2), the person charged has the benefit of the reasonable steps defence for the offence.							
		Edito	r's note—	11					
		See	e section 57D for the reasonable steps defence.	12					
'53D	False or misleading information given by responsible person to another responsible person								
	'(1)	given vehic given	A responsible person for a heavy vehicle (the <i>information giver</i> ) must not give another responsible person for a heavy vehicle (the <i>affected person</i> ) information the information giver knows, or could reasonably be expected to know, is false or misleading in a material particular.						
		Max	imum penalty—134 penalty units.	20					
	'(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if the affected person knew, or could reasonably be expected to know, that the information was false or misleading in the material particular.							
	'(3)	gives	s, subsection (1) does not apply if the information giver is the information in writing and, when giving the rmation—	24 25 26					
		(a)	tells the affected person, to the best of the information giver's ability, how it is false or misleading; and	27 28					
		(b)	if the information giver has, or can reasonably obtain, the correct information—gives the correct information in writing.	29 30 31					
	'(4)	an of	enough for a complaint against the information giver for ffence against subsection (1) to state that the information n was false or misleading to the information giver's yledge.	32 33 34 35					

		(3)	issue have deci qual	e of whether a person could reasonably be expected to e known that information was false or misleading must be ded having regard to the person's abilities, experience, lifications and training, and the circumstances surrounding offence.	2 3 4 5 6
		'(6)	In th	nis section—	7
			<i>info</i> writ	<b>rmation</b> means information in any form, whether or not in ing.	8 9
			of a men	erial particular means a particular relating to an element relevant offence that is or could be committed by a person ationed in paragraph (a) or (b) if the person relies, or were ely, on the particular—	10 11 12 13
			(a)	the responsible person for a heavy vehicle to whom the information is given;	14 15
			(b)	any other responsible person for a heavy vehicle who, at any time, is given the false or misleading information.	16 17
				vant offence means an offence relating to a heavy vehicle er this Act, other than an offence against subsection (1).'.	18 19
lause	59			ment of s 54 (Obstructing authorised officers or ted persons)	20 21
			Sect	tion 54(1), penalty—	22
			omii	t, insert—	23
			'Ma	ximum penalty—	24
			(a)	if paragraph (b) does not apply—60 penalty units; or	25
			(b)	if the official is an authorised officer exercising a power in relation to a heavy vehicle—107 penalty units.'.	26 27
lause	60	Rep	place accre	ement of s 55 (Impersonating authorised officers edited persons)	28 29
			Sect	tion 55—	30
			omii	t, insert—	31

		Pretending to be an authorised officer or accredited person					
		'A person must not pretend to be—	3				
		(a) an authorised officer; or	4				
		(b) an accredited person.	5				
		Maximum penalty—	6				
		(a) for paragraph (a)—107 penalty units; or	7				
		(b) for paragraph (b)—60 penalty units.'.	8				
Clause	<b>61</b>	Insertion of new ch 3, pt 5, div 1, sdiv 2 hdg and s 57AA	9				
		After section 57A—	10				
		insert—	11				
	<b>'Subd</b> i	ivision 2 Extended liability offences	12				
	<b>'57AA</b>	Application of sdiv 2	13				
		'This subdivision applies in addition to subdivision 1 for proceedings in relation to a heavy vehicle.'.	14 15				
Clause		Amendment of s 57B (Further liability provisions for extended liability offences)	16 17				
	(	1) Section 57B(2)—	18				
		omit, insert—	19				
	'(	2) If the person in control of a heavy vehicle commits an extended liability offence, each influencing person is also taken to have committed the offence.	20 21 22				
		Maximum penalty—the maximum penalty for an individual for committing the offence.	23 24				
	'(2A)	A) However—	25				
		(a) if an influencing person, or an associate of the influencing person, was in a position to influence the conduct of the person in control of the vehicle—the influencing person has the benefit of the reasonable steps defence; or	26 27 28 29 30				

		Edite	or's note—	1				
		Se	ee section 57D for the reasonable steps defence.	2				
	(b)	the influ	a defence for an influencing person to prove neither influencing person, nor an associate of the uencing person, was in a position to influence the duct of the person in control of the vehicle.	3 4 5 6				
'(2AB)	Despite subsection (2AA)(a), the influencing person has the benefit of the reasonable steps defence to the extent only that it relates to reliance on the weight stated in a container weight declaration if—							
	(a)		influencing person is the operator of the heavy icle; and	11 12				
	(b)	risk	extended liability offence is a substantial, or severe, breach of a mass, dimension or loading requirement the heavy vehicle.	13 14 15				
	Editor's note—							
	See section 57G in relation to reliance on the container weight declaration.'.							
(2)	Section 57B(3), definitions extended liability offence and influencing person—							
	omit, insert—							
	'extended liability offence means—							
	(a)	an o	offence against section 162D; or	23				
	(b)	heav a m	ther offence committed by the person in control of a vy vehicle because there has been a contravention of ass, dimension or loading requirement in relation to vehicle.	24 25 26 27				
	influencing person, in relation to a heavy vehicle—							
	(a)	mea	means any or all of the following persons—					
		(i)	the owner of the heavy vehicle or, if the heavy vehicle is a combination, the owner of a vehicle forming part of the combination;	30 31 32				
		(ii)	the registered operator of the heavy vehicle or, if the heavy vehicle is a combination, the registered	33 34				

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				operator of a vehicle forming part of the combination;	1 2
				(iii) a person, other than the owner or registered operator, who controls or directly influences the loading or operation of the heavy vehicle; and	3 4 5
				Example—	6
				the operator of the heavy vehicle	7
			(b)	includes any or all of the following persons—	8
				(i) the consignor of any goods in the heavy vehicle;	9
				(ii) the packer of any goods in the heavy vehicle;	10
				(iii) the loader of any goods in the heavy vehicle.'.	11
Clause	63	Ins	ertio	n of new ss 57C–57G	12
			Chap	pter 3, part 5, division 1—	13
			inse	rt—	14
	'57C			for inducing breaches of mass, dimension or requirements—consignees	15 16
		'(1)		onsignee of goods consigned for road transport by use of a vy vehicle commits an offence if—	17 18
			(a)	the person does an act or makes an omission; and	19
			(b)	the doing of the act or making of the omission results or is likely to result in inducing or rewarding a breach of a mass, dimension or loading requirement; and	20 21 22
			(c)	the person—	23
				(i) intends that result; or	24
				(ii) is reckless or negligent as to the matter mentioned in paragraph (b).	25 26
			Max	timum penalty—134 penalty units.	27
		'(2)		nout limiting subsection (1)(c)(i), the person is taken to e intended the result mentioned in subsection (1)(b) if the	28 29

		(a)	the good	er weight declaration for the container in which 1 ls were consigned was not given as required 2 egulation; or 3	)			
		(b)	contained and its	ner weight declaration given for the container d information about the weight of the container contents that was false or misleading in a particular.	, , ,			
	'(3)	In th	s section-	8	,			
			<b>ignee</b> , of y vehicle-	goods consigned for road transport by use of a 9				
		(a)	means th	e person who—	1			
			ideı	consented to being, and is, named or otherwise 1 transport documentation for the consignment; 1	3			
				ally receives the goods after their road 1 sport ends; but 1				
		(b)		t include a person who merely unloads or 1 the goods.				
'Sub	divi	sion	3 R	easonable steps 2	:0			
'57D	Rea	asona	ble step	s defence 2	:1			
	'(1)	If, in relation to a prescribed provision, a person has the benefit of the reasonable steps defence, it is a defence to a charge for an offence against the provision if the person charged establishes that—						
		(a)		on did not know, and could not reasonably be to have known, of the contravention d; and	27			
		(b)	either—	2	9			
				person took all reasonable steps to prevent the travention; or 3				

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		(ii)	there were no steps the person could reasonably be expected to have taken to prevent the contravention.	1 2 3			
'(2)	done	Vithout limiting subsection (1), in deciding whether things one or omitted to be done by the person charged constitute easonable steps, the court may have regard to the following—					
	(a)		circumstances of the alleged offence, including any category for the contravention constituting the nce;	7 8 9			
	(b)		out limiting paragraph (a), the measures available measures taken for any or all of the following—	10 11			
		(i)	to accurately and safely weigh or measure the heavy vehicle or its load, or to safely restrain the load in the heavy vehicle;	12 13 14			
		(ii)	to provide and obtain sufficient and reliable evidence from which the weight or measurement of the heavy vehicle or its load might be calculated;	15 16 17 18			
		(iii)	to manage, reduce or eliminate a potential contravention arising from the location of the heavy vehicle, or from the location of the load in the heavy vehicle, or from the location of goods in the load;	19 20 21 22 23			
		(iv)	to manage, reduce or eliminate a potential contravention arising from weather and climatic conditions, or from potential weather and climatic conditions, affecting or potentially affecting the weight or measurement of the load;	24 25 26 27 28			
		(v)	to exercise supervision or control over others involved in activities leading to the contravention;	29 30			
	(c)		measures available and measures taken for any or all ne following—	31 32			
		(i)	to include compliance assurance conditions in relevant commercial arrangements with other responsible persons for heavy vehicles;	33 34 35			

		<ul><li>(ii) to provide information, instruction, training and supervision to employees to enable compliance with relevant laws;</li></ul>	1 2 3						
		(iii) to maintain equipment and work systems to enable compliance with relevant laws;	4 5						
		(iv) to address and remedy similar compliance problems that may have happened in the past;	6 7						
		(d) whether the person charged had, either personally or through an agent or employee, custody or control of the heavy vehicle, its load, or any goods included or to be included in the load;	8 9 10 11						
		(e) the personal expertise and experience that the person charged had or ought to have had or that an agent or employee of the person charged had or ought to have had.	12 13 14 15						
	'(3)	In this section—	16						
		<b>prescribed provision</b> means section 53B(2), (3), (4) or (5), 53C(1) or (2), 57B(2) or 162D(1).	17 18						
'57E	Inc	lusion of reasonable diligence	19						
		'For any provision of this Act that provides that a person may avoid liability for an offence by proving the person took all reasonable steps in relation to a matter, the taking of all reasonable steps includes the exercise of reasonable diligence.							
'57F	Pro	oof of compliance with industry code of practice	24						
	'(1)	This section—	25						
		(a) applies for deciding whether a person charged with an offence against a prescribed provision took all reasonable steps to prevent the contravention; and	26 27 28						
		(b) does not limit sections 53B(6), 53C(4), 57B(2AA) and 162D(2).	29 30						
	'(2)	Proof, as established by the person, that the person complied with all relevant standards and procedures, including, for example, an industry code of practice and the spirit of the							

		evide	, in relation to matters to which the offence relates is ence that the person took all reasonable steps to prevent ontravention.	1 2 3				
	'(3)	Subsection (2) does not apply unless the person has given written notice of the intention to prove the matters referred to in the subsection to the prosecution.						
	'(4)	The	notice must be—	7				
		(a)	signed by the person; and	8				
		(b)	given at least 28 business days before the day fixed for the hearing of the charge.	9 10				
	'(5)	In th	is section—	11				
		_	<b>cribed provision</b> means section 53B(2), (3), (4) or (5), (1) or (2), 57B(2) or 162D(1).	12 13				
'57G	Rel	iance	e on container weight declaration	14				
	'(1)	is ch requi	section applies if the operator or driver of a heavy vehicle narged with an offence involving a breach of a mass irement for the vehicle and is seeking to prove the onable steps defence in relation to the offence.	15 16 17 18				
	'(2)	To the extent the weight of a freight container together with its contents is relevant to the offence, the person charged may rely on the weight stated in the relevant container weight declaration.						
	'(3)		ever, subsection (2) does not apply if the person knew or at reasonably to have known that—	23 24				
		(a)	the weight stated in the relevant container weight declaration was less than the actual weight; or	25 26				
		(b)	the distributed weight of the container and its contents, together with either of the following would cause a contravention of a mass requirement for the heavy vehicle—	27 28 29 30				
			(i) the mass or location of any other load;	31				
			(ii) the mass of the vehicle or any part of it.'.	32				

Clause	64	Amendn	nent of s 58 (Proof of appointments unnecessary)	1
		Secti	on 58(b) to (e)—	2
		omit,	insert—	3
		'(b)	the chief executive officer of a corresponding authority administering a corresponding law to a transport Act;	4 5
		(c)	the commissioner;	6
		(d)	the head of the police force or police service of the Commonwealth or another State;	7 8
		(e)	an authorised officer;	9
		(f)	a person appointed as an authorised officer, or holding an equivalent office, under a corresponding law to a transport Act;	10 11 12
		(g)	an accredited person;	13
		(h)	a police officer;	14
		(i)	a member of the police force or police service of the Commonwealth or another State.'.	15 16
Clause	65	Amendm	nent of s 59 (Proof of signatures unnecessary)	17
		Secti	on 59(b) to (e)—	18
		omit,	insert—	19
		'(b)	the chief executive officer of a corresponding authority administering a corresponding law to a transport Act;	20 21
		(c)	the commissioner;	22
		(d)	the head of the police force or police service of the Commonwealth or another State;	23 24
		(e)	an authorised officer;	25
		(f)	a person appointed as an authorised officer, or holding an equivalent office, under a corresponding law to a transport Act;	26 27 28
		(g)	an accredited person;	29
		(h)	a police officer:	30

			(i)		ember of the police force or police service of the amonwealth or another State.'.	1 2
lause	66	Am	endn	nent	of s 60 (Evidentiary aids)	3
		(1)	Secti	ion 60	0(2)(c) and (l)—	4
			omit			5
		(2)	Secti	ion 60	)(2)—	6
			inser	rt—		7
			'(aa)	proh	ecified place was or was not subject to a specified dibition, restriction or other requirement relating to operation or use of a heavy vehicle;	8 9 10
			(c)	a sp	ecified place was or was not—	11
				(i)	a road or road-related area; or	12
				(ii)	a declared route or declared zone; or	13
				(iii)	an off-street regulated parking area; or	14
				(iv)	part of a place or thing mentioned in subparagraph (i), (ii) or (iii);	15 16
			(1)	requ	ecified application, or another specified document ired to be lodged, under a transport Act was or was received;	17 18 19
			(ma)	cove	pecified heavy vehicle was or was not insured to er third party personal injury or death either erally or during a specified period or in a specified ation or specified circumstances;	20 21 22 23
			(q)	pres weig	pecified heavy vehicle was weighed by or in the ence of a specified authorised officer on a specified ghbridge or weighing facility or by use of a specified ghing device;	24 25 26 27
			(r)	a sp	ecified entity was a corresponding authority;	28
			(s)		ecified entity was or was not a participant in an enative compliance scheme;	29 30
			(t)		pecified person had or had not notified the chief putive—	31 32

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			(i)	of any, or a specified, change of the person's address; or	1 2		
			(ii)	that the person suffered from any, or a stated, mental or physical incapacity likely to adversely affect the person's ability to drive safely.'.	3 4 5		
		(3)	Section 6	)—	6		
			insert—		7		
	ć	(6A)	heavy veh the opera componer the weigh	imiting subsection (6), a record of the mass of a nicle, or of any component of the vehicle, made by ator of a weighbridge at which the vehicle or nt was weighed, or by an employee of the operator of abridge, is evidence of the mass at the time the component was weighed.'.	8 9 10 11 12 13		
lause	67	Ins	ertion of I	new ss 61A-61C	14		
			After sect	ion 61—	15		
			insert—		16		
	'61A	Maı	nufacturer's statements				
		'(1)	mass ( <i>ma</i> ) a heavy vo the vehicle	statement of the recommended maximum loaded ss rating) for a heavy vehicle, or for a component of ehicle, purporting to be made by the manufacturer of e or component is admissible in a proceeding under t Act and is evidence—	18 19 20 21 22		
			(a) of the	ne mass rating; and	23		
				ny conditions, stated in the statement, to which the s rating is subject; and	24 25		
			(c) that	the statement was made by the manufacturer.	26		
		'(2)	equipmen heavy ve purporting is admiss evidence-		27 28 29 30 31 32		
			(a) that	the equipment was designed for the use; and	33		

			(b)	of the strength or performance rating of the equipment; and	1 2
			(c)	of any conditions, stated in the statement, to which the rating is subject; and	3 4
			(d)	that the statement was made by the manufacturer.	5
			Exam	ple of equipment used to restrain a load—	6
			a c	hain or strap	7
	'61B	Tra	nspo	rt and journey documentation	8
		'(1)	jour	nout limiting section 60, transport documentation and ney documentation are admissible in a proceeding relating heavy vehicle under a transport Act and are evidence of—	9 10 11
			(a)	the identity and status of the parties to the transaction to which the documentation relates; and	12 13
			(b)	the destination or intended destination of the load to which the documentation relates.	14 15
		'(2)	In th	is section—	16
			each used	s, of the parties to a transaction, includes the status of of the parties as a responsible person for a heavy vehicle or intended to be used for transporting the goods the ect of the transaction.	17 18 19 20
	'61C	Evi	denc	e not affected by nature of vehicle	21
			exer that	dence obtained in relation to a vehicle because of the cise of a power under this Act in the belief or suspicion the vehicle is a prescribed heavy vehicle is not affected ely because the vehicle is not a prescribed heavy vehicle.'.	22 23 24 25
Clause	68	Am	endr	nent of s 62 (Proceedings for offences)	26
		(1)	Sect	ion 62(2)—	27
			omit		28
		(2)	Sect	ion 62(2A) and (3)—	29
			renu	mber as section 62(2) and (5).	30

		(3)	Section 62—	1
			insert—	2
		'(3)	If the proceeding is for an offence involving a heavy vehicle, other than an offence that may be started as mentioned in subsection (2), the proceeding must start—	3 4 5
			(a) within 2 years after the offence was committed; or	6
			(b) within 1 year after the offence comes to the complainant's knowledge, but within 3 years after the offence was committed.	7 8 9
		'(4)	If the proceeding is for an offence other than an offence that may be started as mentioned in subsection (2) or (3), the proceeding must start—	10 11 12
			(a) within 1 year after the offence was committed; or	13
			(b) within 6 months after the offence comes to the complainant's knowledge, but within 2 years after the offence was committed.'.	14 15 16
Clause	69	Inc	ertion of new ss 162A-162D	17
Clause	00	1115	ertion of new 35 Toza-Tozb	1 /
Olause		1115	Chapter 5B—	18
Olause	00	1115		
Olause			Chapter 5B—	18
Olause			Chapter 5B— insert—	18 19
Olause	'162 <b>A</b>	Sev	Chapter 5B—  insert—  vere risk breach of mass requirement  'A contravention of a mass requirement for a heavy vehicle is a severe risk breach of the mass requirement if the vehicle's gross mass is equal to or greater than the severe risk breach	18 19 20 21 22 23
Olause	'162 <b>A</b>	Sev	Chapter 5B—  insert—  vere risk breach of mass requirement  'A contravention of a mass requirement for a heavy vehicle is a severe risk breach of the mass requirement if the vehicle's gross mass is equal to or greater than the severe risk breach lower limit for the mass requirement.	18 19 20 21 22 23 24
Olause	'162 <b>A</b>	Sev	Chapter 5B—  insert—  vere risk breach of mass requirement  'A contravention of a mass requirement for a heavy vehicle is a severe risk breach of the mass requirement if the vehicle's gross mass is equal to or greater than the severe risk breach lower limit for the mass requirement.  Vere risk breach of dimension requirement  A contravention of a dimension requirement for a heavy vehicle is a severe risk breach of the dimension requirement	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

		(b)			avention is a severe risk breach of the requirement under subsection (2) or (3).	1 2		
	'(2)	A contravention of a dimension requirement relating to width for a heavy vehicle is a <i>severe risk breach</i> of the requirement if—						
		(a)	subs	stantia	avention would, under a regulation, be a l risk breach of the dimension requirement if etion were not enacted; and	6 7 8		
		(b)	eith	er—		9		
			(i)	the c	ontravention happens—	10		
				(A)	at night; or	11		
				(B)	in hazardous weather conditions causing reduced visibility; or	12 13		
				(C)	on a declared route in a declared zone; or	14		
			(ii)		oad on the vehicle projects from it in a way s dangerous to persons or property.	15 16		
	<b>'</b> (3)				of a dimension requirement relating to length cle is a <i>severe risk breach</i> of the requirement	17 18 19		
		(a)	subs	stantia	avention would, under a regulation, be a l risk breach of the dimension requirement if ction were not enacted; and	20 21 22		
		(b)	eith	er—		23		
			(i)		ear of a load on the vehicle does not carry a ing signal required under a regulation; or	24 25		
			(ii)		oad on the vehicle projects from it in a way s dangerous to persons or property.	26 27		
'162C	Sev	ere r	isk t	reacl	n of loading requirement	28		
			'A contravention of a loading requirement for a heavy vehicle is a <i>severe risk breach</i> of the loading requirement if—					
		(a)			vention involves a loss or shifting of the heavy oad; and	31 32		

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			(b) the loss or shifting of the load involves a risk of harm to public safety, the environment, road infrastructure or public amenity.	1 2 3
	'162E	Off	ence	4
		'(1)	A person commits an offence if—	5
			(a) in relation to a heavy vehicle, there is a contravention of a mass, dimension or loading requirement that is a severe risk breach of the requirement; and	6 7 8
			(b) the person is a person in control of the heavy vehicle.	9
			Maximum penalty—134 penalty units.	10
		'(2)	In a proceeding for an offence against subsection (1) that is a contravention of a mass requirement for a heavy vehicle, the person charged with the offence has the benefit of the reasonable steps defence to the extent it relates to reliance on the weight stated in a container weight declaration.	11 12 13 14 15
			Editor's notes—	16
			1 See section 57D for the reasonable steps defence.	17
			2 See section 57G in relation to reliance on the container weight declaration.'.	18 19
Clause	70	Am	endment of s 163 (Forfeiture on conviction)	20
			Section 163(8)—	21
			omit, insert—	22
		'(8)	In this section—	23
			extreme overloading offence means a severe risk breach of a mass requirement for a heavy vehicle if its gross mass is equal to or greater than 160% of the maximum mass (rounded up to the nearest 0.1t) permitted for the vehicle under this Act.	24 25 26 27
			vehicle means heavy vehicle.'.	28
Clause	71	Ins	ertion of new ch 5C	29
			After chapter 5B—	30
			insert—	31

Cnap	concession	1 2
	encompliance with mass, dimension or loading ncession	3 4
'(1)	A person acting under the authority of a mass, dimension or loading concession must not contravene a condition of the concession.	5 6 7
	Maximum penalty—80 penalty units.	8
'(2)	If a person commits an offence against subsection (1)—	9
	(a) the mass, dimension or loading concession does not operate in the person's favour while the contravention continues; and	10 11 12
	(b) the concession must be disregarded in deciding—	13
	(i) whether the person has contravened a mass, dimension or loading requirement for a heavy vehicle; and	14 15 16
	(ii) the risk category for the contravention.	17
'(3)	However, subsection (2)(b)(ii) does not apply if the concession exempts the person from a provision of a transport Act relating to—	18 19 20
	(a) a mass requirement for a heavy vehicle; or	21
	(b) a dimension requirement for a heavy vehicle relating to length for a B-double or road train.	22 23
'(4)	If, because of the operation of subsection (2), a person commits an offence against a provision of a transport Act (the <i>other offence provision</i> ) from which the person was exempted under the mass, dimension or loading concession, the person—	24 25 26 27 28
	(a) may be charged with an offence against either subsection (1) or the other offence provision; but	29 30
	(b) must not be charged with both offences.	31
	Editor's note—	32
	See also the Criminal Code, section 16.	33

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		(5)	In th	us section—	1
			a ter	<b>lition</b> , of a mass, dimension or loading concession, means rm or condition stated in or otherwise applicable to the ression.	2 3 4
			Exam	pple—	5
			req	erm or condition imposing a different requirement in place of a quirement contained in the provision of a transport Act from which holder of the concession is exempted	6 7 8
			giver provi	s, dimension or loading concession means an exemption n under this Act exempting a person or vehicle from a ision of this Act relating to a mass, dimension or loading irement.'.	9 10 11 12
Clause	72	Ins	ertior	n of new ss 163B and 163C	13
			Chap	pter 6—	14
			inser		15
	'163E			court must consider when imposing sanction compliance	16 17
		'(1)	impl dime	purpose of this section is to bring to a court's attention the ications and consequences of a contravention of a mass, ension or loading requirement when deciding the kind and of sanction to be imposed for the contravention.	18 19 20 21
		'(2)	impo	eciding the sanction, including the level of a fine, to be osed for the contravention, the court must consider the owing matters—	22 23 24
			(a)	a minor risk breach of a mass, dimension or loading requirement involves either or both of the following—	25 26
				(i) an appreciable risk of accelerated road wear;	27
				(ii) an appreciable risk of unfair commercial advantage;	28 29
			(b)	a substantial risk breach of a mass, dimension or loading requirement involves 1 or more of the following—	30 31
				(i) a substantial risk of accelerated road wear;	32
				(ii) an appreciable risk of damage to road infrastructure;	33 34

Clause

		(iii)	an appreciable risk of increased traffic congestion;	1
		(iv)	an appreciable risk of diminished public amenity;	2
		(v)	a substantial risk of unfair commercial advantage;	3
			rement involves 1 or more of the following—	4 5
		` '	an appreciable risk of harm to public safety or the environment;	6 7
		(ii)	a serious risk of accelerated road wear;	8
		(iii)	a serious risk of harm to road infrastructure;	9
		(iv)	a serious risk of increased traffic congestion;	10
		(v)	a serious risk of diminished public amenity;	11
		(vi)	a serious risk of unfair commercial advantage.	12
	'(3)		n does not limit the matters the court may consider the sanction for the contravention.	13 14
	'(4)	_	this section authorises or requires the court to contravention to a different risk category.	15 16
	'(5)	_	this section requires evidence to be adduced about entioned in subsection (2).	17 18
'163 <sub>'</sub>		urt may tre egory	at noncompliance as a different risk	19 20
	'(1)	dimension contraventi	s satisfied there has been a contravention of a mass, or loading requirement but is not satisfied the on is a substantial risk breach or a severe risk court may treat the contravention as a minor risk	21 22 23 24 25
	'(2)	dimension is at least contraventi	s satisfied there has been a contravention of a mass, or loading requirement and that the contravention a substantial risk breach but is not satisfied the on is a severe risk breach, the court may treat the on as a substantial risk breach.'.	26 27 28 29 30
73	lne	ertion of n	ow s 164A	31
, ,	1113	After section		32
		Titol beetic	/II 10 I	24

	insert—	1
164A Co	mmercial benefits penalty order	2
'(1)	If a court finds a person guilty of an offence against a transport Act in relation to a heavy vehicle, the court may, on application by the prosecutor, and in addition to imposing any other penalty for the offence, make a commercial benefits penalty order under this section.	3 4 5 6 7
'(2)	The commercial benefits penalty order may require the person to pay, as a fine, an amount not exceeding 3 times the amount estimated by the court to be the gross commercial benefit—	8 9 10
	(a) received or receivable, by the person or by an associate of the person, from the commission of the offence; and	11 12
	(b) for a journey that was interrupted or not commenced because of action taken by an authorised officer in connection with the commission of the offence—that would have been received or receivable, by the person or by an associate of the person, from the commission of the offence had the journey been completed.	13 14 15 16 17 18
'(3)	In estimating the gross commercial benefit, the court may take into account—	19 20
	(a) benefits of any kind, whether or not monetary; and	21
	(b) any other matters it considers relevant, including, for example—	22 23
	(i) the value of any goods involved in the offence; and	24
	(ii) the distance over which the goods were, or were to be, carried.	25 26
'(4)	However, in estimating the gross commercial benefit, the court must disregard any costs, expenses or liabilities incurred by the person or by an associate of the person.	27 28 29
'(5)	Nothing in this section prevents the court from ordering payment of an amount that is—	30 31
	(a) less than 3 times the estimated gross commercial benefit; or	32 33
	(b) less than the estimated gross commercial benefit.	34
'(6)	For this section, a person is an associate of another if—	35

(a) one is a spouse, parent, brother, sister or child of the other; or	1 2
(b) they are members of the same household; or	3
(c) they are partners; or	4
(d) they are both trustees or beneficiaries of the same trust, or one is a trustee and the other is a beneficiary of the same trust; or	5 6 7
<ul><li>(e) one is a body corporate and the other is a director or member of the governing body of the body corporate; or</li></ul>	8 9
(f) one is a body corporate (other than a public company whose shares are listed on a stock exchange) and the other is a shareholder in the body corporate; or	10 11 12
(g) they are related bodies corporate within the meaning of the Corporations Act; or	13 14
(h) a chain of relationships can be traced between them	15
under any one or more of the above paragraphs.	16
under any one or more of the above paragraphs.  '(7) In this section—	16 17
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
'(7) In this section—  beneficiary, of a trust, includes an object of a discretionary	17 18
'(7) In this section—  beneficiary, of a trust, includes an object of a discretionary trust.	17 18 19
'(7) In this section—  beneficiary, of a trust, includes an object of a discretionary trust.  body corporate includes—	17 18 19 20
'(7) In this section—  beneficiary, of a trust, includes an object of a discretionary trust.  body corporate includes—  (a) the State, another State or the Commonwealth; and	17 18 19 20 21
'(7) In this section—  beneficiary, of a trust, includes an object of a discretionary trust.  body corporate includes—  (a) the State, another State or the Commonwealth; and  (b) an entity other than an individual.	17 18 19 20 21 22
'(7) In this section—  beneficiary, of a trust, includes an object of a discretionary trust.  body corporate includes—  (a) the State, another State or the Commonwealth; and (b) an entity other than an individual.  transport Act does not include—	17 18 19 20 21 22 23
'(7) In this section—  beneficiary, of a trust, includes an object of a discretionary trust.  body corporate includes—  (a) the State, another State or the Commonwealth; and (b) an entity other than an individual.  transport Act does not include—  (a) the Queensland Road Rules; or (b) a regulation made under this Act applying to the	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
'(7) In this section—  beneficiary, of a trust, includes an object of a discretionary trust.  body corporate includes—  (a) the State, another State or the Commonwealth; and (b) an entity other than an individual.  transport Act does not include—  (a) the Queensland Road Rules; or (b) a regulation made under this Act applying to the transport of dangerous goods.'.	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26

'168A			corresponding administrative action or onding order in relation to heavy vehicle	1 2
•	'(1)	Que	orresponding administrative action has the same effect in ensland in relation to a heavy vehicle as it has in the other diction.	3 4 5
•	'(2)		orresponding order has the same effect in Queensland in ion to a heavy vehicle as it has in the other jurisdiction.	6 7
	<b>'</b> (3)	actio	ing in this section gives a corresponding administrative on or corresponding order effect in Queensland or in a cular place in Queensland—	8 9 10
		(a)	to the extent the action or order is incapable of having effect in relation to Queensland or the particular place; or	11 12 13
		(b)	if any terms of the action or order expressly provide that it does not extend or apply in relation to Queensland or the particular place; or	14 15 16
		(c)	if any terms of the action or order expressly provide that it has effect only in the other jurisdiction or a particular place in the other jurisdiction.	17 18 19
•	<b>'</b> (4)	In th	is section—	20
			esponding administrative action means an action of an inistrative nature that is—	21 22
		(a)	taken by a corresponding authority under or in connection with a corresponding law to a transport Act; and	23 24 25
		(b)	of a kind prescribed under a regulation.	26
			esponding order means an order of a court or tribunal of her jurisdiction that is—	27 28
		(a)	made under a corresponding law to a transport Act in a judicial or other proceeding, whether civil or criminal; and	29 30 31
		(b)	of a kind prescribed under a regulation.	32
		trans	sport Act does not include—	33
		(a)	the Queensland Road Rules; or	34

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	(b) a regulation made under this Act applying to the transport of dangerous goods.	1 2
	ving evidence about heavy vehicle to external blic authority	3 4
'(1)	The chief executive or the commissioner (the <i>official</i> ) may give any prescribed evidence to an external public authority if the official—	5 6 7
	(a) considers giving the evidence to the external public authority is appropriate for law enforcement purposes; and	8 9 10
	(b) has consulted with the external public authority about giving the evidence.	11 12
'(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if the official or external public authority would otherwise be required to maintain confidentiality about the evidence under an Act.	13 14 15
'(3)	In this section—	16
	<i>prescribed evidence</i> means anything seized under chapter 3, part 3, division 3, or any information obtained under this Act about a contravention of this Act or a corresponding law in relation to a heavy vehicle.	17 18 19 20
	nief executive may give information to rresponding authority	21 22
'(1)	The chief executive may give information to a corresponding authority about—	23 24
	(a) any action taken in relation to a heavy vehicle by the chief executive under a transport Act; or	25 26
	(b) any information in relation to a heavy vehicle obtained under this Act, including any information contained in any document, device or other thing inspected or seized under this Act.	27 28 29 30
'(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if the chief executive or corresponding authority would otherwise be required to maintain confidentiality about the information under an Act.	31 32 33
'(3)	In this section—	34

			tran	sport Act does not include—	1
			(a)	the Queensland Road Rules; or	2
			(b)	a regulation made under this Act applying to the transport of dangerous goods.	3 4
	'168D		ntrac hibit	ting out in relation to heavy vehicles ed	5 6
				ontract or agreement relating to a heavy vehicle is void to extent to which it—	7 8
			(a)	is contrary to this Act; or	9
			(b)	purports to exclude, limit or otherwise change the effect of a provision of this Act.'.	10 11
Clause	75	Ins	ertio	n of new ch 7, pt 10	12
			Cha	pter 7—	13
			inse	rt—	14
	<b>'Par</b>	t 10	)	Transitional provisions for	15
				Transport Legislation	16
				Amendment Act 2007	17
	'210			ring moving expenses for vehicle on oed road	18 19
		'(1)	pres	s section applies to moving expenses for a vehicle on a cribed road incurred by the State, but not recovered, under gulation before the commencement.	20 21 22
		'(2)		moving expenses are taken to have been incurred, and be recovered, under chapter 3, part 4C.	23 24
		'(3)	but	roceeding to recover the moving expenses that was started, not finished, before the commencement is taken to have a started under chapter 3, part 4C.	25 26 27
		'(4)	In th	nis section—	28
			com	<i>mencement</i> means the commencement of section 51I.	29

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	<b>'211</b>	Re	covering vehicle removed from prescribed road	1
		'(1)	This section applies if a vehicle was removed from a prescribed road, and not recovered by its owner, under a regulation before the commencement.	2 3 4
		'(2)	The vehicle is taken to have been removed from the prescribed road under chapter 3, part 4C.	5 6
		'(3)	A notice of the kind mentioned in section 51J and given under a regulation in relation to the vehicle before the commencement is taken to be a notice given under section 51J.	7 8 9 10
		'(4)	For applying section 51L(1)(b) to the vehicle, a reference in the paragraph to a decision made under section 51J(3) includes a reference to a decision of the kind mentioned in section 51J(3) that was made under a regulation before the commencement.	11 12 13 14 15
		'(5)	In this section—	16
			commencement means the commencement of section 51J.	17
	<b>'212</b>	Tra	nsitional provision for s 57B	18
		'(1)	This section applies if a proceeding for an extended liability offence as defined in previous section 57B was started but not finished before the amending provision commenced.	19 20 21
		'(1) '(2)	offence as defined in previous section 57B was started but not	20
		` ,	offence as defined in previous section 57B was started but not finished before the amending provision commenced.  Despite the Criminal Code, section 11, the proceeding may	20 21 22
		` ,	offence as defined in previous section 57B was started but not finished before the amending provision commenced.  Despite the Criminal Code, section 11, the proceeding may continue as if the amending provision had not been enacted.	20 21 22 23
		` ,	offence as defined in previous section 57B was started but not finished before the amending provision commenced.  Despite the Criminal Code, section 11, the proceeding may continue as if the amending provision had not been enacted.  Editor's note—  The Criminal Code, section 11, deals with the effect of changes in the	20 21 22 23 24 25
		'(2)	offence as defined in previous section 57B was started but not finished before the amending provision commenced.  Despite the Criminal Code, section 11, the proceeding may continue as if the amending provision had not been enacted.  Editor's note—  The Criminal Code, section 11, deals with the effect of changes in the law.	20 21 22 23 24 25 26
		'(2)	offence as defined in previous section 57B was started but not finished before the amending provision commenced.  Despite the Criminal Code, section 11, the proceeding may continue as if the amending provision had not been enacted.  Editor's note—  The Criminal Code, section 11, deals with the effect of changes in the law.  In this section—  amending provision means the Transport Legislation	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28
Clause	76	'(2) '(3)	offence as defined in previous section 57B was started but not finished before the amending provision commenced.  Despite the Criminal Code, section 11, the proceeding may continue as if the amending provision had not been enacted.  Editor's note—  The Criminal Code, section 11, deals with the effect of changes in the law.  In this section—  amending provision means the Transport Legislation Amendment Act 2007, section 62.  previous section 57B means section 57B as in force immediately before the amending provision commenced.'.	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
Clause	76	'(2) '(3)	offence as defined in previous section 57B was started but not finished before the amending provision commenced.  Despite the Criminal Code, section 11, the proceeding may continue as if the amending provision had not been enacted.  Editor's note—  The Criminal Code, section 11, deals with the effect of changes in the law.  In this section—  amending provision means the Transport Legislation Amendment Act 2007, section 62.  previous section 57B means section 57B as in force	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29

			inse	rt—			1
	'46B	is	ssuing	emba	argo notice	Magistrates'.	
Clause	77	Am	nendr	endment of sch 4 (Dictionary)			
		(1)	heav belie	vy vek eve—		r, goods, government entity n in control and reasonabl	by 4 5
			omii				6
		(2)	Sch	edule 4	4—		7
			inse	rt—			8
			base	e, of a	driver of a heavy vehi	cle—	9
			(a)	mea	ns—		10
				(i)	operates and receive	book states that the drive es instructions from a place le's garage address, stated i atted place; or	e, 12
				(ii)	garage address or combination's garage	loes not apply—the vehicle' the towing vehicle of ge address, stated in the certificate or the driver's lo	a 16 e 17
				(iii)	place from which th	aph (i) nor (ii) applies—the driver normally works and for the use of the vehicle; and	d 21
			(b)	emp	a driver who is, at diff loyed—means each graph (a) in relation to		
				_	r, in relation to go d by a heavy vehicle, i	oods transported or to b means—	e 26 27
			(a)	othe	rwise identified as the	nted to being, and is, named of consignor of the goods in the or the consignment; or	
			(b)		ere is no person as do on who—	escribed in paragraph (a), th	e 31 32

	(i)	engages an operator of the heavy vehicle, either directly or through another person, to transport the goods by road; or				
	(ii)	has possession of, or control over, the goods immediately before the goods are transported by road; or	4 5 6			
	(iii)	loads the heavy vehicle with the goods, for road transport, at a place—	7 8			
		(A) where goods in bulk are stored or temporarily held; and	9 10			
		(B) that is unattended, other than by the driver or trainee driver of the heavy vehicle or someone else necessary for the normal operation of the heavy vehicle, during loading; or	11 12 13 14 15			
(c)	if there is no person as described in paragraph (a) or (b) and the goods are imported into Australia through a place in Queensland, the importer of the goods.					
conte	ainer	weight declaration—	19			
(a)	means a written declaration, whether contained in 1 or more documents, stating or purporting to state the weight of a freight container and its contents; and					
	Exam	ıple—	23			
	an	email, or a placard fixed to the container	24			
(b)	inclu (a).	udes a copy of a declaration mentioned in paragraph	25 26			
corre	espon	ding authority means—	27			
(a)	State	overnment entity of the Commonwealth or another the responsible for administering a corresponding law transport Act; or	28 29 30			
(b)		person prescribed under a regulation as a esponding authority for this Act.	31 32			
		<b>route</b> means a road or part of a road declared under a to be a declared route for this Act.	33 34			

			neans an area declared under a regulation to be for this Act.	1 2					
requi	ireme vehic	ent of ele or	a transport Act relating to the dimensions of of a load or component of the vehicle, cample, the following—	3 4 5 6					
(a)		dimensions of the vehicle, disregarding any load on vehicle;							
(b)	the o	limensions of the vehicle including its load;							
(c)	the o	limensions of the load on the vehicle;							
(d)		ne dimensions by which a load on the vehicle projects com the vehicle;							
(e)		internal measurements of the vehicle, including, for mple, the distance between—							
	(i)	comp	ponents of the vehicle; or	15					
	(ii)	for a	combination—	16					
		(A)	vehicles in the combination; or	17					
		(B)	a vehicle in the combination and a component of another vehicle in the combination.	18 19 20					
drive	, in r	elation	n to a vehicle or animal, includes ride.	21					
drive	er—			22					
(a)		means the person driving or in charge of any vehicle, tram, train, vessel, or animal; and							
(b)	incl	udes, i	in relation to a trailer—	25					
	(i)		person driving or in charge of the vehicle to or hich the trailer is attached or drawn; and	26 27					
	(ii)	longe comb the c	chapter 3, part 3, if the trailer was, but is no er connected to the towing vehicle in a coination—the driver of the towing vehicle in combination to or by which the trailer was, or rently was, last attached or drawn.	28 29 30 31 32					
embo	argo	notice	see section 46B(2).	33					

_	•	means an individual who works under a contract of ent, apprenticeship or training.	1 2
emp	loyer	means a person who employs someone else under—	3
(a)	a co	ntract of employment, apprenticeship or training; or	4
(b)	a co	ntract for services.	5
exte	rnal p	public authority—	6
(a)	mea	ns—	7
	(i)	the Commonwealth, the State or another State; or	8
	(ii)	an entity established by or under a law of the Commonwealth, the State or another State for a public purpose; or	9 10 11
		Example—	12
		a local government	13
	(iii)	the holder of an office established by or under a law of the Commonwealth, the State or another State for a public purpose; or	14 15 16
	(iv)	a police force or police service of the Commonwealth or another State; but	17 18
(b)		s not include the department in which this Act is inistered or the Queensland Police Service.	19 20
		we a heavy vehicle or run or stop its engine, for a eans the person is—	21 22
(a)		arently physically and mentally fit to drive the cle; and	23 24
(b)		apparently affected by either or both of the owing—	25 26
	(i)	alcohol;	27
	(ii)	a drug that affects a person's ability to drive; and	28
(c)	conc	found at any relevant time to have an alcohol centration in the blood exceeding the amount nitted under this Act.	29 30 31
freig	ht co	ntainer—	32
(a)	mea	ns—	33

	(i)	a re-usable container of the kind mentioned in Australian/New Zealand Standard 3711.1 that is designed for repeated use for transporting goods; or	1 2 3 4
	(ii)	a re-usable container of the same or a similar design and construction to a container mentioned in paragraph (a) though of different dimensions; or	5 6 7
	(iii)	a container of a kind prescribed under a regulation; but	8 9
(b)		s not include anything declared under a regulation to be a freight container.	10 11
gara	ge ad	dress, of a heavy vehicle, means—	12
(a)		heavy vehicle normally kept at a depot when not in —the principal depot of the vehicle; or	13 14
(b)		a heavy vehicle not normally kept at a depot when in use—	15 16
	(i)	if the vehicle has only 1 registered operator—the registered operator's home address; or	17 18
	(ii)	if the vehicle has more than 1 registered operator—each of the home addresses of the registered operators.	19 20 21
good	s incl	ludes any of the following—	22
(a)	mer	chandise, wares, chattels and money;	23
(b)		d, metal, stone, timber, and any other article, stance, or material whatsoever;	24 25
(c)	live	or dead animals;	26
(d)	cont	ainers, whether empty or not.	27
gove	rnme	nt entity—	28
1	an instr an A	overnment entity means a government department or agency, authority, commission, corporation, rumentality, office or other entity, established under act for a public or official purpose and includes part government entity.	29 30 31 32 33
2		he reference is to a government entity of the monwealth or another State paragraph 1 applies as	34 35

	if the reference to an Act were a reference to an Act of the Commonwealth or the other State.	1 2	
gross mass means— 3			
(a)	for a heavy vehicle, other than a combination, the total of—	4 5	
	(i) the unladen mass of the vehicle; and	6	
	(ii) the mass of the load, if any, in the vehicle; or	7	
(b)	for a combination, the total of—	8	
	(i) the unladen mass of all the vehicles in the combination; and	9 10	
	(ii) the total mass of the load, if any, in the vehicles.	11	
	by vehicle means a vehicle with a GVM of more than 4.5t, combination that includes a vehicle with a GVM of more 4.5t.	12 13 14	
	y vehicle evidence preservation powers means powers may be exercised under section 26A, 26B, 30A or 40A.	15 16	
hom	e address, of a registered operator, means—	17	
(a)	for an individual—the individual's residential address in Australia; or	18 19	
(b)	for a body corporate with a registered office in Australia—the address of the registered office; or	20 21	
(c)	if neither paragraph (a) nor (b) applies—the address of the registered operator's principal or only place of business in Australia.	22 23 24	
of el vehic mon	digent transport system means a system involving the use ectronic or other technology, whether located in a heavy cle or on or near a road or elsewhere, that is able to itor, collect, store, display, analyse, transmit or report rmation about—	25 26 27 28 29	
(a)	any or all of the following—	30	
	(i) a heavy vehicle, its equipment or load;	31	
	(ii) the driver of a heavy vehicle;	32	
	(iii) the operator of a heavy vehicle:	33	

	(iv)	anyone else involved in road transport by use of a heavy vehicle; and	1 2
(b)	none	nout limiting paragraph (a), the compliance or compliance of the operation of a heavy vehicle er a transport Act.	3 4 5
jour	ney d	ocumentation—	6
(a)		ns a document, other than transport documentation, ny form—	7 8
	(i)	directly or indirectly associated with—	9
		(A) a transaction for the actual or proposed transport of goods by road by use of a heavy vehicle or any previous transport of the goods in any way; or	10 11 12 13
		(B) goods, to the extent the document is relevant to a transaction for their actual or proposed transport; and	14 15 16
	(ii)	whether relating to a particular journey or to journeys generally; and	17 18
(b)	incl	udes, for example, any or all of the following—	19
	(i)	a document kept, used or obtained by a responsible person for the heavy vehicle in connection with the transport of the goods;	20 21 22
	(ii)	a workshop, maintenance or repair record relating to a heavy vehicle used, or claimed to be used, for transporting the goods;	23 24 25
	(iii)	a subcontractor's payment advice relating to the goods or their transport;	26 27
	(iv)	records kept, used or obtained by the driver of the heavy vehicle used, or claimed to be used, for transporting the goods;	28 29 30
		Examples—	31
		• a driver's run sheet	32
		a logbook entry	33
		a fuel docket or receipt	34
		<ul> <li>a food receipt</li> </ul>	35

		a tonway receipt	1
		a pay record	2
		• a mobile or other phone record	3
	(v)	information reported through the use of an intelligent transport system;	4 5
	(vi)	a driver manual or instruction sheet;	6
	(vii)	an advice resulting from check weighing of the heavy vehicle's mass or load performed before, during or after a journey.	7 8 9
load	<i>er</i> , of	goods in a heavy vehicle, means a person who—	10
(a)	load	s the vehicle with the goods for road transport; or	11
(b)		s a bulk container, freight container, or tank that is of the vehicle, with the goods for road transport; or	12 13
(c)		s the vehicle with a freight container, whether or not ontains goods, for road transport; or	14 15
(d)	-	ervises an activity mentioned in any of paragraphs o (c); or	16 17
(e)		ages or controls an activity mentioned in any of graphs (a) to (d).	18 19
requi	ireme	requirement, for a heavy vehicle, means a ent of a transport Act relating to the restraint or g of a load or any part of it on the vehicle.	20 21 22
of a mass	trans	port Act relating to the mass of the vehicle or the r on any component of the vehicle, and includes the	23 24 25 26
(a)	a rec	quirement about mass limits relating to—	27
	(i)	the tare mass of a heavy vehicle (that is, the actual mass of the vehicle excluding any load in the vehicle); or	28 29 30
	(ii)	the gross mass of a heavy vehicle; or	31
	(iii)	the mass of the load in a heavy vehicle; or	32
	(iv)	the mass on a tyre, an axle or an axle group of a heavy vehicle;	33 34

(b)	a requirement of a transport Act about mass limits relating to axle spacing;	1 2
(c)	mass limits set out on signs erected or displayed under a transport Act.	3 4
	Example—	5
	a signposted bridge limit	6
min	or risk breach means—	7
(a)	for a mass or dimension requirement for a heavy vehicle—the subject matter of the breach is less than the substantial risk breach lower limit for the requirement; or	8 9 10 11
(b)	for a loading requirement for a heavy vehicle—a breach not involving—	12 13
	(i) a loss or shifting of the load; or	14
	(ii) a risk of harm to public safety, the environment, road infrastructure or public amenity.	15 16
	<i>ing expenses</i> , for a vehicle, for chapter 3, part 4C, sion 2 and chapter 7, part 10, see section 51H.	17 18
oper	rator, of a heavy vehicle, means—	19
(a)	for a vehicle, including a vehicle in a combination—the person responsible for controlling or directing the operations of the vehicle; or	20 21 22
(b)	for a combination—the person responsible for controlling or directing the operations of the towing vehicle in the heavy combination;	23 24 25
if the	e person does not merely do any or all of the following—	26
(c)	own or drive the vehicle;	27
(d)	maintain, or arrange for the maintenance of, the vehicle;	28
(e)	arrange for the registration of the vehicle.	29
pack	kaging—	30
(a)	means the container in which goods are received or held for road transport; and	31 32
(b)	includes anything that enables the container to receive	33

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	ker, of goods, means a person who does any of the owing—	1 2
(a)	puts the goods in packaging for road transport;	3
(b)	assembles the goods in an outer packaging or unit load for road transport;	4 5
(c)	supervises an activity mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b);	6
(d)	manages or controls an activity mentioned in paragraph (a), (b) or (c).	7 8
pers	on in control, of a vehicle, includes the following—	9
(a)	the driver of the vehicle;	10
(b)	the person who reasonably appears to be the driver of the vehicle;	11 12
(c)	the person who appears to be, claims to be, or acts as if he or she is, in control of the vehicle;	13 14
(d)	for a heavy vehicle—a two-up driver of the heavy vehicle who is in or near the heavy vehicle.	15 16
post	-entry approval order see section 29A(1).	17
pres	cribed heavy vehicle—	18
(a)	means any of the following—	19
	(i) a vehicle with a GVM of more than 4.5t;	20
	(ii) a public passenger vehicle;	21
	(iii) another vehicle providing services on a road for which a licence is required under a transport Act;	22 23
	(iv) a vehicle transporting dangerous goods if a regulation applies to the transport of the dangerous goods;	24 25 26
	(vi) a vehicle used for driver training for reward; and	27
(b)	includes a combination that includes a vehicle mentioned in paragraph (a).	28 29
211,	cribed road, for chapter 3, part 4C and sections 210 and means a franchised road or a State-controlled road under Transport Infrastructure Act 1994.	30 31 32

	<i>ified</i> , to drive a heavy vehicle or run or stop its engine, for rson, means the person—	1 2
(a)	holds a driver licence that is of the appropriate class to drive the vehicle and is not suspended; and	3 4
(b)	is not prevented under a law, including, for example, by the conditions of the driver licence, from driving the vehicle at the relevant time.	5 6 7
	onable steps defence means the defence mentioned in on 57D.	8 9
	onably believe means believe on grounds that are onable in the circumstances.	10 11
	<b>conably suspect</b> means suspect on grounds that are conable in the circumstances.	12 13
respo	onsible entity, for a freight container, means—	14
(a)	the person who, in Australia, consigned the container for road transport in Queensland by use of a heavy vehicle; or	15 16 17
(b)	if there is no person as described in paragraph (a)—the person who, in Australia, for the consignor, arranged for the container's road transport in Queensland by use of a heavy vehicle; or	18 19 20 21
(c)	if there is no person as described in paragraph (a) or (b)—the person who, in Australia, physically offered the container for road transport in Queensland by use of a heavy vehicle.	22 23 24 25
havir with	onsible person, for a heavy vehicle, means a person ng, at a relevant time, a role or responsibility associated road transport by use of the vehicle, and includes any of ollowing—	26 27 28 29
(a)	an owner of the heavy vehicle or, if it is a heavy combination, the owner of a heavy vehicle forming part of the combination;	30 31 32
(b)	the person in control of the heavy vehicle;	33
(c)	a person who is instructing a learner driver of the heavy vehicle;	34 35
(d)	an operator or registered operator of the heavy vehicle:	36

(e)	a person in charge or apparently in charge of—	1
	(i) the heavy vehicle's garage address; or	2
	(ii) a base of a driver of the heavy vehicle;	3
(f)	a person appointed under an alternative compliance scheme to have monitoring or other responsibilities under the scheme, including, for example, responsibilities for certifying, monitoring or approving the heavy vehicle under the scheme;	4 5 6 7 8
(g)	a person who provides to the owner or the registered operator of the heavy vehicle an intelligent transport system for the vehicle;	9 10 11
(h)	other than in section 26A—a person in charge of a place entered by an authorised officer under this Act for exercising a power under this Act in relation to the heavy vehicle;	12 13 14 15
(i)	the consignor of goods for transport by use of the heavy vehicle;	16 17
(j)	the packer of goods in a freight container or other container or in a package or on a pallet for road transport by use of the heavy vehicle;	18 19 20
(k)	the loader of goods or a container on the heavy vehicle for road transport;	21 22
(1)	a person who unloads goods or a container containing goods consigned for road transport by use of the heavy vehicle;	23 24 25
(m)	a person to whom goods are consigned for road transport by use of the heavy vehicle;	26 27
(n)	a person who receives goods packed outside Australia in a freight container or other container or on a pallet for road transport in Australia by use of the heavy vehicle;	28 29 30
(0)	an owner or operator of a weighbridge or weighing facility used to weigh the heavy vehicle, or an occupier of the place where the weighbridge or weighing facility is located;	31 32 33 34
(p)	a responsible entity for a freight container on the heavy vehicle;	35 36

(q)	a person who controls or directly influences the loading or operation of the heavy vehicle;	1 2
(r)	an agent, employer, employee or subcontractor of a person referred to in any of paragraphs (a) to (q).	3 4
	category, for a contravention of a mass, dimension or ng requirement, means 1 of the following categories—	5 6
(a)	minor risk breach;	7
(b)	substantial risk breach;	8
(c)	severe risk breach.	9
road	-related area has the meaning given under a regulation.	10
Edite	r's note—	11
Se	section 13 of the Queensland Road Rules.	12
seve	re risk breach—	13
(a)	of a mass requirement for a heavy vehicle—see section 162A; or	14 15
(b)	of a dimension requirement for a heavy vehicle—see section 162B; or	16 17
(c)	of a loading requirement for a heavy vehicle—see section 162C.	18 19
seve	re risk breach lower limit means—	20
(a)	for a mass requirement for a heavy vehicle, a gross mass equalling 120% of the maximum mass (rounded up to the nearest 0.1t) permitted for the vehicle under this Act; or	21 22 23 24
(b)	for a dimension requirement for a heavy vehicle—	25
	(i) relating to its length—the length equalling the maximum length permitted for the vehicle under this Act plus 60mm; or	26 27 28
	(ii) relating to its width—the width equalling the maximum width permitted for the vehicle under this Act plus 80mm; or	29 30 31
	(iii) relating to its height—the height equalling the maximum height permitted for the vehicle under this Act plus 300mm; or	32 33 34

	(iv)	relating to its load projection—the projection of any load on the vehicle equalling the maximum load projection permitted from either side of the vehicle under this Act plus 80mm.	1 2 3 4
subs	tantic	al risk breach means—	5
(a)		a mass or dimension requirement for a heavy cle, a contravention of the requirement that is—	6 7
	(i)	equal to or greater than a substantial risk breach lower limit for the requirement; and	8 9
	(ii)	less than the severe risk breach lower limit for the requirement; or	10 11
(b)	for a	a loading requirement for a heavy vehicle—	12
	(i)	a contravention of the requirement involving a loss or shifting of the load not involving a risk of harm to public safety, the environment, road infrastructure or public amenity; or	13 14 15 16
	(ii)	a contravention of the requirement not involving, but likely to involve, a loss or shifting of the load involving a risk of harm to public safety, the environment, road infrastructure or public amenity.	17 18 19 20
subs	tantic	al risk breach lower limit means—	21
(a)	equa	a mass requirement for a heavy vehicle, a gross mass alling 105% of the maximum mass (rounded up to nearest 0.1t) permitted for the vehicle under this Act;	22 23 24 25
(b)	for a	a dimension requirement for a heavy vehicle—	26
	(i)	relating to its length—the length equalling the maximum length permitted for the vehicle under this Act plus 35mm; or	27 28 29
	(ii)	relating to its width—the width equalling the maximum width permitted for the vehicle under this Act plus 40mm; or	30 31 32
	(iii)	relating to its height—the height equalling the maximum height permitted for the vehicle under this Act plus 150mm; or	33 34

	(iv)	relating to its load projection—the projection of any load on the vehicle equalling the maximum load projection permitted from either side of the vehicle under this Act plus 40mm.	1 2 3 4
trans	sport	documentation means—	5
(a)		n contractual document directly or indirectly ciated with—	6 7
	(i)	a transaction for the actual or proposed road transport of goods or any previous transport of the goods by any transport method; or	8 9 10
	(ii)	goods, to the extent the document is relevant to the transaction for their actual or proposed road transport; or	11 12 13
(b)	each	document—	14
	(i)	contemplated in a contractual document mentioned in paragraph (a); or	15 16
	(ii)	required by law, or customarily given, in connection with a contractual document or transaction mentioned in paragraph (a).	17 18 19
Exam	ples—	_	20
•	a bill	of lading	21
•	a con	signment note	22
•	a con	ntainer weight declaration	23
•	a con	stract of carriage	24
•	a deli	ivery order	25
•	an ex	port receival advice	26
•	an in	voice	27
•	a load	d manifest	28
•	a sea	carriage document	29
•	a ven	dor declaration	30
acco	mpan ney, v	driver, for a heavy vehicle, means a person lying the vehicle's driver on a journey or part of a who has been, is or will be, sharing the task of e vehicle during the journey.	31 32 33 34

		<i>tenae</i> , meai	ns—	2
	(a)		e is no-one in or near the vehicle who appears to be river; or	3 4
	(b)		e is a person in or near the vehicle who appears to be river but the person is—	5 6
		(i)	unwilling, or not qualified or fit, to drive the vehicle; or	7 8
		(ii)	not authorised by the operator of the vehicle to drive it; or	9 10
		(iii)	subject to a requirement under section 38(2) not to drive it.	11 12
	unit	load	means a load of goods that are—	13
	(a)	-	oped in plastic and strapped or otherwise secured to llet or other base and to each other for transport; or	14 15
	(b)	-	ed together in a protective outer container, other a freight container, for transport; or	16 17
	(c)	secu	red together in a sling for transport.'.	18
(3)		edule ng'—	4, definition <i>owner</i> , paragraph (b)(ii), before	19 20
	inse	rt—		21
	'cred	dit agr	reement,'.	22
(4)	Sche	edule 4	4, definition <i>private vehicle</i> , before 'heavy'—	23
	inse	rt—		24
	'pre	scribe	ď.	25
(5)	Sche	edule 4	4, definition registered operator, after 'operator'—	26
	inse	rt—		27
	ʻ, of	a veh	icle,'.	28

	Div	vision	3 Other amendments	1
Clause	78	Am	endment of s 62 (Proceedings for offences)	2
		(1)	Section 62(2), 'The'—	3
			omit, insert—	4
			'Subject to subsection (2A), the'.	5
		(2)	Section 62—	6
			insert—	7
		'(2A)	If the proceeding is for an offence against section 92(1) in relation to an incident that happened after the commencement of this subsection that involves injury to or death of a person, the proceeding must start within 3 years after the offence was committed.'.	8 9 10 11 12
Clause	79	Am dise	endment of s 79B (Immediate suspension or qualification)	13 14
		(1)	Section 79B(1)(ca), after '79(2)'—	15
			insert—	16
			', (2AA)'.	17
		(2)	Section 79B(1)(d), from 'and the following' to 'no alcohol limit'—	18 19
			omit.	20
Clause	80		endment of s 118 (Photographic dence—inspection and challenges)	21 22
			Section 118—	23
			insert—	24
		'(5)	A notice under subsection (4) must be in the approved form and must also state the grounds on which the person intends to rely to challenge the image from the photographic detection device.'.	25 26 27 28

Clause	81			nent of s 119 (Notice of dispute about traffic device or sign)	1 2
			Sect	ion 119—	3
			inse	rt—	4
		'(2)	and rely	otice under subsection (1) must be in the approved form must also state the grounds on which the person intends to to dispute that a traffic control device or sign was etioning without defect or was visible.'.	5 6 7 8
Clause	82	Am	endr	ment of s 124 (Facilitation of proof)	9
			Sect	ion 124(5)—	10
			omi	t, insert—	11
		'(5)	The	notice must be in the approved form and must—	12
			(a)	be signed by the defendant; and	13
			(b)	state the grounds on which the defendant intends to rely to challenge a matter mentioned in subsection (4)(a) or (b); and	14 15 16
			(c)	be given at least 14 days before the day fixed for the hearing.'.	17 18
Clause	83	Ins	ertio	n of new s 124A	19
			Afte	er section 124—	20
			inse	rt—	21
	'124 <i>i</i>			nal ground of challenge not stated in written equired under particular provisions	22 23
		'(1)	has	s section applies to a hearing in relation to which a person given a written notice under section 80(27), 118(4), (1) or 124(4).	24 25 26
		'(2)	1190 which in th	requirement mentioned in section 80(27)(c), 118(5), (2) or 124(5) to state in the written notice the grounds on the person intends to challenge the evidence mentioned that subsection does not prevent the person from raising a find at the hearing to challenge the evidence if—	27 28 29 30 31

			(a) the person did not know the ground before the hearing; and	; 1 2
			(b) as far as the ground was able to be found out by the person—the person took all reasonable steps to find out the ground before the hearing.	
		'(3)	If a person raises a ground at the hearing that was not stated in a written notice under section 80(27), 118(4), 119(1) or 124(4), the court may adjourn the hearing to the time, and on the terms as to costs, the court considers appropriate.	r 7
		'(4)	Subsection (3) does not limit the powers of the court.'.	10
Clause	84	Am	nendment of s 171 (Regulation-making power)	11
			Section 171(4)—	12
			omit, insert—	13
		'(4)	A regulation may enact provisions for the State that are the same as, or substantially similar to, model legislation or road transport legislation within the meaning of the <i>National Transport Commission Act</i> 2003 (Cwlth).'	1 15
Clause	85	Am	nendment of ch 7 hdg (Transitional provisions)	18
			Chapter 7, heading, after 'Transitional'—	19
			insert—	20
			'and validation'.	21
Clause	86	Ins	sertion of new ch 7, pt 11	22
			Chapter 7—	23
			insert—	24
	'Paı	rt 11	Validating provisions	25
	<b>'213</b>	Val	lidation provision for section 171(4)	26
		'(1)	A regulation made under section 171(4) that was in force immediately before the commencement of this section, including a regulation made after the repeal of the <i>National</i>	e 27 , 28

		Road Transport Commission Act 1991 (Cwlth), is, and always has been, as effective as it would be if the National Road Transport Commission Act 1991 (Cwlth) had not been repealed.	1 2 3 4
	'(2)	From the commencement of this section, a regulation that is effective under subsection (1) is taken to be the same as, or substantially similar to, model legislation or road transport legislation within the meaning of the <i>National Transport Commission Act 2003</i> (Cwlth).	5 6 7 8 9
<b>'214</b>	Val	idation of particular codes of practice	10
	'(1)	The Code of Practice—Light Vehicles as originally made is, and is taken to have always been, as valid as it would be if the Code of Practice had been approved by the chief executive on 1 January 1992.	11 12 13 14
	'(2)	The Code of Practice—Commercial Motor Vehicle Modifications as originally made is, and is taken to have always been, as valid as it would be if the Code of Practice had been approved by the chief executive on 1 July 1990.	15 16 17 18
	'(3)	The National Code of Practice—Heavy Vehicle Modifications as originally made is, and is taken to have always been, as valid as it would be if the Code of Practice had been approved by the chief executive on 1 December 1993.	19 20 21 22
<b>'215</b>		idation of amendments of particular codes of	23
	μια	'To remove any doubt, it is declared that an amendment of a code of practice mentioned in section 214 that was made after 1 July 1990 and before 26 July 2006 and was not approved by the chief executive is, and is taken to have always been, as valid as it would be if the amendment had been approved by the chief executive on the date the amendment was made.	24 25 26 27 28 29 30
<b>'216</b>	Val	idation of certain acts etc.	31
		'To remove any doubt, it is declared that all acts, matters and things done in reliance on a code of practice mentioned in section 214 or an amendment of a code of practice mentioned	32 33 34

			valid ame	l and ndme	215, are taken to be, and always to have been, as effective as they would be if the code of practice or nt had been approved by the chief executive on the entioned in section 214 or 215.'.	1 2 3 4
Clause	87	Am	nendn	nent	of sch 4 (Dictionary)	5
		(1)	Sche	edule	4, definition <i>bicycle</i> —	6
			omit	•		7
		(2)	Sche	edule	4—	8
			insei	rt—		9
			be p	ropel	neans a vehicle with 2 or more wheels that is built to led by human power through a belt, chain or gears, r not it has an auxiliary motor, and—	10 11 12
			(a)	incl	udes a pedicab, penny-farthing and tricycle; but	13
			(b)		s not include a wheelchair, wheeled recreational ce, wheeled toy, or any vehicle with—	14 15
				(i)	an auxiliary motor capable of generating a power output over 200 watts, whether or not the motor is operating; or	16 17 18
				(ii)	an auxiliary motor that is an internal combustion engine.'.	19 20
		(3)	Sche	edule	4—	21
			inser	rt—		22
			more	e elec	d scooter means a scooter that is propelled by 1 or extric motors and complies with the requirements in (e) of the definition scooter.	23 24 25
			scoo	<i>ter</i> m	eans a device that—	26
			(a)		2 or more wheels and a footboard supported by the els; and	27 28
			(b)	is st	eered by handlebars; and	29
			(c)	is de	esigned to be used by a single person; and	30
			(d)	is p	ropelled by any 1 or more of the following—	31
				(i)	gravity;	32

		(ii)	the user pushing 1 foot against the ground;	1
		(iii)	an electric motor or motors; and	2
	(e)	the	is fitted with an electric motor or motors (whether motor or motors are part of, or attached to, the ce), complies with the following requirements—	3 4 5
		(i)	the maximum power output of the motor, or the combined maximum power output of the motors, is not more than 200 watts;	6 7 8
		(ii)	when propelled only by the motor or motors, the scooter is not capable of going faster than 10 km/h on level ground.'.	9 10 11
(4)		dule nd (ii)	4, definition <i>scooter</i> , paragraph (e), subparagraphs	12 13
	omit,	, inse	rt—	14
		'(i)	its maker certifies (either by means of a plate attached to the motor or each motor, or by means of engraving on the motor or each motor) the ungoverned power output of the motor, or each motor;	15 16 17 18 19
		(ii)	the maximum power output of the motor, or the combined maximum power output of the motors, is not more than 200 watts;	20 21 22
		(iii)	when propelled only by the motor or motors, the scooter is not capable of going faster than 10 km/h on level ground.'.	23 24 25
(5)	Sche	dule	4, definition <i>motor vehicle</i> , after 'a vehicle'—	26
	inser	т—		27
	', oth	ner th	an a motorised scooter,'.	28
(6)	Sche	dule	4, definition transport Act, paragraph (c)—	29
	inser	rt—		30
		<b>'•</b>	section 40 (Power to seize evidence)	31
		•	section 43 (Forfeiture of seized things)'.	32
(7)			4, definition wheeled recreational device, paragraph '(whether' to 'operating)'—	33 34

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			omit, insert—	1
			'(other than a motorised scooter) whether or not the motor is operating'.	2 3
		(8)	Schedule 4, definition wheeled toy, after 'scooter'—	4
			insert—	5
			'(other than a motorised scooter)'.	6
	Part	7	Amendment of Transport	7
			Planning and Coordination Act 1994	8 9
Clause	88	Act	t amended in pt 7	10
			This part amends the <i>Transport Planning and Coordination Act 1994</i> .	11 12
Clause	89	Am	endment of s 3 (Definitions)	13
		(1)	Section 3—	14
		(-)		
		(-)	insert—	15
		(1)	insert— 'franchised road see the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994, schedule 6.	15 16 17
			'franchised road see the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994,	16
		(2)	'franchised road see the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994, schedule 6.  toll road see the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994, section	16 17 18
			'franchised road see the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994, schedule 6.  toll road see the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994, section 92.'.	16 17 18 19
			'franchised road see the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994, schedule 6.  toll road see the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994, section 92.'.  Section 3, definition transport land, paragraph (b)(ii)—	16 17 18 19 20
Clause	90	(2)	'franchised road see the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994, schedule 6.  toll road see the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994, section 92.'.  Section 3, definition transport land, paragraph (b)(ii)—  omit, insert—	16 17 18 19 20 21
Clause	90	(2)	'franchised road see the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994, schedule 6.  toll road see the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994, section 92.'.  Section 3, definition transport land, paragraph (b)(ii)— omit, insert— '(ii) franchised road or toll road purposes; or'.	16 17 18 19 20 21 22

			purposes—to any person for franchised road or toll road purposes; or'.	2 3
		(2)	Section 27(1)(c), from 'paragraph (a)' to 'franchisee'—	4
			omit, insert—	5
			'paragraph (aa), (a) or (b)—to a transport GOC'.	6
		(3)	Section 27—	7
			insert—	8
		'(3)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that the power of the chief executive to acquire land by resumption or otherwise under this part applies even if the acquisition is carried out with the intention of disposing of land—	9 10 11 12
			(a) under subsection (1); or	13
			(b) as mentioned in subsection (1)(aa) to (c) under the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i> , section 84C, 240 or 355.	14 15 16
		'(4)	Subsection (3) does not limit the power to acquire land under this part.'.	17 18
Clause	91	Am	nendment of s 28B (Busway land acquisition)	19
			Section 28B(4) to (6)—	20
			omit.	21
Clause	92	Ins	ertion of new s 28BA	22
			After section 28B—	23
			insert—	24
	'28B	-	rther provisions relating to land acquisitions for sways on or after 13 October 2000	25 26
		'(1)	This section applies to a land acquisition that—	27
			(a) happened on or after 13 October 2000 and before the relevant date; or	28 29
			(b) happens after the relevant date if—	30

	(i) the notice of intention to resume for the land acquisition was served on or after 13 October 2000 and before the relevant date; or	1 2 3
	(ii) the date of the agreement for the land acquisition was on or after 13 October 2000 and earlier than the relevant date.	4 5 6
'(2)	It is declared that the validity and effectiveness of the land acquisition was not, and is not, affected by—	7 8
	(a) whether the constructing authority was or is, or purported or purports to be—	9 10
	(i) the chief executive with administrative responsibilities concerning matters connected with transport infrastructure; or	11 12 13
	(ii) the chief executive with administrative responsibilities concerning matters connected with roads; or	14 15 16
	(b) for the application of the Acquisition Act, section 9 or 15—whether the person assuming the role of Minister was or is the Minister mentioned in the Acquisition Act, section 9(1), definition <i>Minister</i> , paragraph (b) or another Minister.	17 18 19 20 21
'(3)	It is declared that, despite anything done for the land acquisition, the constructing authority for the acquisition is taken to be, and always to have been, the chief executive with administrative responsibilities concerning matters connected with roads.	22 23 24 25 26
'(4)	In this section—	27
	<i>relevant date</i> means the date of the commencement of this section.'.	28 29

Schedule		Minor amendments of Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995	1 2 3
		section 33	4
1	Section 18-	_	5
	insert—		6
	'(2) In this se	ection—	7
	operator	see section 15(1).'.	8
2	Section 20(4	4), 'person'—	9
	omit, insert—		10
	'officer'.		11
3	Chapter 3, p	part 3, heading, after 'officers'—	12
	insert—		13
	'and other pe	ersons'.	14
4	Chapter 3, p	part 3, division 2, before section 31—	15
	insert—		16
'Su	bdivision 1	Stopping vehicles'.	17
5	(3)(b), 38(3)( <i>offence</i> , par 150(1)(g)(i) a	, 33(4)(b) and (5), 35(1)(b) and (e), 37(2)(b) and (b), 39(3)(b), 50(1), definition <i>information</i> agraph (a)(i), 148, example, paragraph (a) and and schedule 4, definition <i>transport Act</i> , entry 32, before 'heavy'—	18 19 20 21 22
	insert—		23
	'prescribed'.		24

6	Section 32(4), examples—	
	omit, insert—	2
	'Examples—	3
	• a requirement to change lanes	4
	<ul> <li>a requirement to exit a motorway at a particular exit</li> </ul>	5
	• a requirement to enter a prescribed heavy vehicle inspection site'.	6
7	Before section 33—	7
	insert—	8
'Sul	odivision 2 Moving vehicles'.	9
8	Before section 34—	10
	insert—	11
'Sul	odivision 3 Other powers for vehicles'.	12
9	Section 35(2)(c), after 'measure,'—	
	insert—	14
	'weigh,'.	15
10	Section 35(2)(e), 'copy'—	
	omit, insert—	17
	'copy, or take an extract from,'.	18
11	Section 37(1)(b), examples—	19
	omit, insert—	20
	'Examples of action that may be reasonable for paragraph (b)—	21
	<ul> <li>adjusting or moving the vehicle's load</li> </ul>	22
	<ul> <li>carrying out stated repairs to the vehicle and having the vehicle inspected at a stated place to ensure it complies with this Act'.</li> </ul>	23 24 25

12	Section 41(1)(b), examples—		
	omit, insert—	2	
	'Examples of restricting access to a thing—	3	
	<ul> <li>sealing a thing and marking it to show access to it is restricted</li> </ul>	4 5	
	<ul> <li>sealing the entrance to a room where the seized thing is situated and marking it to show access to it is restricted'.</li> </ul>	6 7	
13	Section 48(1)(b), 'suspect, on reasonable grounds,'—		
	omit, insert—		
	'reasonably suspect'.	10	
14	Section 48(4), 'suspects, on reasonable grounds,'—	11	
	omit, insert—		
	'reasonably suspects'.	13	
15	Section 50, heading—	14	
	omit, insert—	15	
<b>'50</b>	Authorised officer's power to require information for information offence'.	16 17	
16	Chapter 3, part 5, division 1, before section 52—	18	
	insert—	19	
'Suk	odivision 1 General'.	20	
17	Sections 57(4)(a) and 57A(3)(a), 'exercised reasonable diligence and took'—	21 22	
	omit, insert—	23	
	'took all'.	24	

18	Section 57B(2A), 'driver or other person'—		1
	omit, insert—		2
	'person in cont	rol'.	3
19	Section 63(1)(b), after 'direction'—		
	insert—		
	'or authorisation	on'.	6
20	Section 80(2), (2A) and (6)(aa), 'suspects on reasonable grounds'—		7 8
	omit, insert—		
	'reasonably suspects'.		
21	Section 100(1)—		11
	insert—		12
	'Editor's note—		13
		section 51G which deals with the chief executive's power to chicle on a prescribed road.'.	14 15
22	Chapter 5B, heading—		16
	omit, insert—		17
'Chapter 5B		Severe risk breach of mass,	18
	-	dimension or loading	19
		requirement for heavy	20
		vehicle'.	21
23	Section 167(1)(f), after 'direction'—		
	insert—		
	'or authorisation'.		

24	Section 170(1)—		
	insert—	2	
	'Editor's note—	3	
	See chapter 5, part 7, division 2 for other provisions about camera-detected offences.'.	4 5	
25	Section 170(2), 'operator', second mention—		
	omit, insert—	7	
	'operator,'.	8	
26	Chapter 7, part 8, heading, 'provisions'—	9	
	omit, insert—	10	
	'nrovision'	11	

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