

Queensland



#### Queensland

## **Fire and Rescue Service Amendment Bill 2006**

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### 2006

## **A Bill**

for

An Act to amend the *Fire and Rescue Service Act 1990* and for other purposes

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	The F	Parlia	ment of Queensland enacts—	1
	Part	:1	Preliminary	2
Clause	1	Sh	ort title	3
			This Act may be cited as the Fire and Rescue Service Amendment Act 2006.	4 5
Clause	2	Со	mmencement	6
		(1)	Sections 37, 38(1) and 52(1) commence on 1 July 2007.	7
		(2)	The remaining provisions, other than section 49(3) and (4) and parts 4 and 5, commence on a day fixed by proclamation.	8 9
	Part	2	Amendment of Fire and Rescue Service Act 1990	10 11
Clause	3	Act	t amended in pt 2	12
			This part amends the Fire and Rescue Service Act 1990.	13
Clause	4	Re	placement of s 7 (Extent to which Act binds the Crown)	14
			Section 7—	15
			omit, insert—	16
	<b>'7</b>	Act	t binds all persons	17
		<b>'</b> (1)	This Act binds all persons, including the State and, so far as the legislative power of the Parliament permits, the Commonwealth and the other States.	18 19 20

Clause	5				of s 53 (Powers of authorised officer in ituations)	1 2
		(1)	Sect	ion 53	3(1)(b), 'vehicle or building'—	3
			omit	, inse	rt—	4
			'pre	mises		5
		(2)	Sect	ion 53	3(2)(a), ', vehicle or vessel'—	6
			omit	•		7
		(3)	Sect	ion 53	3(2)(e), ', vehicle'—	8
			omit	•		9
Clause	6				of s 55 (Powers of authorised officer for or investigative purposes)	10 11
		(1)	Sect	ion 55	5, heading, after 'authorised'—	12
			inse	rt—		13
			'fire			14
		(2)	Sect	ion 55	5(1), ', vehicle or vessel'—	15
			omit	•		16
		(3)	Sect	ion 55	5(3)—	17
			omit	, inse	rt—	18
		'(3)		autho on ma	rised fire officer who enters premises under this ay—	19 20
			(a)	with	subsection (1)(a)—burn, remove or otherwise deal any vegetation or other material or substance ther flammable or inflammable at the premises; or	21 22 23
			(b)	for s	subsection (1) generally—	24
				(i)	search any part of the premises; or	25
				(ii)	inspect, measure, test, photograph or film any part of the premises or anything at the premises; or	26 27
				(iii)	take a thing, or a sample of or from a thing, at the premises for analysis or testing; or	28 29
				(iv)	copy a document at the premises; or	30

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			(v) make inquiries or conduct surveys and tests; or	1
			(vi) take into or onto the premises any persons, equipment and materials the authorised fire officer reasonably requires for exercising a power under this part.'.	2 3 4 5
Clause	7	Amendn	nent of s 56 (Extent of power of entry)	6
		Sect	ion 56(a), ', vehicle or vessel in respect of'—	7
		omit	, insert—	8
		'for'		9
Clause	8	Insertio	n of new ss 56A–56F	10
		Afte	r section 56—	11
		insei	rt—	12
	'56A	Power to	o seize evidence etc.	13
		55 n	authorised fire officer who enters premises under section nay seize a thing at the premises if the authorised fire er reasonably believes—	14 15 16
		(a)	the thing is evidence of an offence against this Act; or	17
		(b)	the thing has just been used in committing an offence against this Act; or	18 19
		(c)	the seizure is necessary to prevent the thing being hidden, lost or destroyed; or	20 21
		(d)	seizure of the thing is necessary for the purposes mentioned in section 55.	22 23
	'56B	Powers	supporting seizure	24
		'(1) Havi	ing seized a thing, an authorised fire officer may—	25
		(a)	move the thing from the premises where it was seized (the <i>premises of seizure</i> ); or	26 27
		(b)	leave the thing at the premises of seizure but take reasonable action to restrict access to it.	28 29

		Examples of restricting access to a thing—	1
		<ul> <li>sealing a thing and marking it to show access to it is restricted</li> </ul>	2 3
		<ul> <li>sealing the entrance to a room where the seized thing is situated and marking it to show access to it is restricted</li> </ul>	4 5
	'(2)	If an authorised fire officer restricts access to a seized thing, a person must not tamper, or attempt to tamper, with the thing or something restricting access to the thing without an authorised fire officer's approval.	6 7 8 9
		Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.	10
	'(3)	To enable a thing to be seized, an authorised fire officer may require the person in control of it—	11 12
		(a) to take it to a stated reasonable place by a stated reasonable time; and	13 14
		(b) if necessary, to remain in control of it at the stated place for a reasonable time.	15 16
	<b>'</b> (4)	The requirement—	17
		(a) must be made by notice in the approved form; or	18
		(b) if for any reason it is not practicable to give the notice, may be made orally and confirmed by notice in the approved form as soon as practicable.	19 20 21
	'(5)	The person must comply with the requirement unless the person has a reasonable excuse for not complying.	22 23
		Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.	24
	'(6)	A further requirement may be made under this section in relation to the same thing if it is necessary and reasonable to make the further requirement.	25 26 27
'56C	Red	ceipt for seized things	28
	'(1)	As soon as practicable after an authorised fire officer seizes a thing, the authorised fire officer must give a receipt for it to the person from whom it was seized.	29 30 31
	'(2)	However, if for any reason it is not practicable to comply with subsection (1), the authorised fire officer must leave the	32 33

		receipt in a conspicuous position and in a reasonably secure way at the premises of seizure.	1 2
	'(3)	The receipt must describe generally each thing seized and its condition.	3 4
	'(4)	This section does not apply to a thing if it is impracticable or would be unreasonable to give the receipt required by the section (given the thing's nature, condition and value).	5 6 7
56D	For	feiture of seized things	8
	'(1)	A seized thing is forfeited to the State if the authorised fire officer who seized the thing—	9 10
		(a) cannot find its owner after making reasonable inquiries; or	11 12
		(b) cannot return it to its owner, after making reasonable efforts.	13 14
	'(2)	Subsection (1)(a) does not require the authorised fire officer to make inquiries if it would be unreasonable to make inquiries to find the owner, and subsection (1)(b) does not require the authorised fire officer to make efforts if it would be unreasonable to make efforts to return the thing to its owner.	15 16 17 18 19 20
	'(3)	In deciding whether and, if so, what inquiries and efforts are reasonable about a thing, regard must be had to the thing's nature, condition and value.	21 22 23
56E	Ret	urn of seized things	24
	'(1)	If a seized thing has not been forfeited, the authorised fire officer must return it to its owner at the end of—	25 26
		(a) 6 months; or	27
		(b) if a proceeding for an offence involving it is started within 6 months—the proceeding and any appeal from the proceeding.	28 29 30
	'(2)	Despite subsection (1), unless the thing has been forfeited, the authorised fire officer must immediately return a thing seized as evidence to its owner if the authorised fire officer stops	31 32 33

			being satisfied its continued retention as evidence is necessary.	1 2
	'56F	Ac	cess to seized things	3
		'(1)	Until a seized thing is forfeited or returned, an authorised fire officer must allow its owner to inspect it and, if it is a document, to copy it.	4 5 6
		'(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if it is impracticable or would be unreasonable to allow the inspection or copying.'.	7 8
Clause	9		placement of s 57 (Power to require name and dress)	9 10
			Section 57—	11
			omit, insert—	12
	<b>'57</b>	Pov	wer to require name and address	13
		'(1)	This section applies if—	14
			(a) an authorised fire officer finds a person committing an offence against this Act; or	15 16
			(b) an authorised fire officer finds a person in circumstances that lead, or has information that leads, the authorised fire officer to reasonably suspect the person has just committed an offence against this Act.	17 18 19 20
		'(2)	The authorised fire officer may require the person to state the person's name and residential address.	21 22
		'(3)	When making the requirement, the authorised fire officer must warn the person it is an offence to fail to state the person's name or residential address, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	23 24 25 26
		'(4)	The authorised fire officer may require the person to give evidence of the correctness of the stated name or address if the authorised fire officer reasonably suspects the stated name or address is false.	27 28 29 30
		'(5)	A person must comply with a requirement under subsection (2) or (4), unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	31 32
			Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.	33

		'(6)	The p	person does not commit an offence against subsection (5)	1 2
				the person was required to state the person's name and address by an authorised fire officer who suspected the person had just committed an offence against this Act; and	3 4 5 6
			(b)	the person is not proved to have committed the offence.'.	7
Clause	10		issior npulsi	n of s 58 (Use of answer given under ion)	8 9
			Section	on 58—	10
			omit.		11
Clause	11		endm vided	ent of s 58A (Reasonable assistance to be	12 13
		(1)	Section	on 58A(2), 'requisition.'—	14
			omit,	insert—	15
			'requi	irement unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	16
			Maxi	mum penalty—10 penalty units.'.	17
		(2)	Section	on 58A—	18
			insert	<del>!</del>	19
		'(3)	with	not a reasonable excuse for the person to fail to comply the requirement that complying with it might tend to minate the person.	20 21 22
		'(4)	Howe	ever, if—	23
			(a)	the person is an individual; and	24
				the requirement is to give information or produce a document;	25 26
			the in the pe a civi offend	nce of, or evidence directly or indirectly derived from, aformation or document that might tend to incriminate erson is not admissible in evidence against the person in all or criminal proceeding, other than a proceeding for an acce about the falsity or misleading nature of the mation or document.	27 28 29 30 31 32

		'(5)	the c	person is convicted of an offence against subsection (2), court may, as well as imposing a penalty for the offence, r the person to comply with the requirement.'.	1 2 3
Clause	12	Ins	ertior	n of new ss 58B and 58C	4
			After	r section 58A—	5
			inser	<i>t</i> —	6
	'58B		Power to inquire into fire or hazardous materials emergency		
		'(1)	This	section—	9
			(a)	applies if an authorised fire officer becomes aware, or reasonably suspects, that a fire or hazardous materials emergency (the <i>emergency</i> ) has happened; and	10 11 12
			(b)	applies for section 55 and for this Act generally.	13
		'(2)		authorised fire officer may inquire into the circumstances probable causes of the emergency.	14 15
		'(3)	know suspe emer	authorised fire officer may require a person who has vledge, or whom the authorised fire officer reasonably ects to have knowledge, of the circumstances of the regency to give the authorised fire officer reasonable help, ated in the requirement, to inquire under subsection (2).	16 17 18 19 20
		'(4)	A rec	quirement under subsection (3) may be given orally or in ng.	21 22
		'(5)	(3)	erson must comply with a requirement under subsection unless the person has a reasonable excuse for not plying.	23 24 25
			Max	imum penalty—10 penalty units.	26
		'(6)	an ir other this comp	e requirement is to be complied with by a person who is advidual giving information or producing a document, at than a document required to be kept by the person under Act, it is a reasonable excuse for the person to fail to ply with the requirement if complying with the irement might tend to incriminate the person.	27 28 29 30 31 32

'58C		Pov	Power to require production of certain documents				
		'(1)	An authorised fire officer may require a person to make available for inspection by an authorised fire officer, or produce to the authorised fire officer for inspection, at a reasonable time and place stated by the authorised fire officer—	2 3 4 5 6			
			(a) a document issued to the person under this Act or required to be kept by the person under this Act; or	7 8			
			(b) a document about the person's obligations under this Act for fire safety, including about the maintenance of fire safety installations in a building.	9 10 11			
		'(2)	The person must comply with a requirement under subsection (1), unless the person has a reasonable excuse for not complying.	12 13 14			
			Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.	15			
		'(3)	If the person is an individual, it is a reasonable excuse for the person not to comply with the requirement under subsection (1) if complying with the requirement might tend to incriminate the person.	16 17 18 19			
		'(4)	The authorised fire officer may keep the document to copy it.	20			
		'(5)	If the authorised fire officer copies the document, or an entry in the document, the authorised fire officer may require the person responsible for keeping the document to certify the copy as a true copy of the document or entry.	21 22 23 24			
		'(6)	The person responsible for keeping the document must comply with the requirement, unless the person has a reasonable excuse for not complying.	25 26 27			
			Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	28			
		'(7)	The authorised fire officer must return the document to the person as soon as practicable after copying it.'.	29 30			
Clause	13	Am	nendment of s 62 (Offence to light unauthorised fire)	31			
			Section 62, at the end—	32			
			insert—	33			

			'Maximum penalty—50 penalty units or 6 months imprisonment.'.	1 2
Clause	14	Am	nendment of s 67 (Occupier to extinguish fire)	3
			Section 67, at the end—	4
			insert—	5
			'Maximum penalty—50 penalty units or 6 months imprisonment.'.	6 7
Clause	15		nendment of s 69 (Requisition by commissioner to luce fire risk)	8 9
		(1)	Section 69(5), 'subsection (6)'—	10
			omit, insert—	11
			'subsection (8)'.	12
		(2)	Section 69(6), 'subsection (5)'—	13
			omit, insert—	14
			'subsection (7)'.	15
		(3)	Section 69(7)(a), 'subsection (4)'—	16
			omit, insert—	17
			'subsection (6)'.	18
		(4)	Section 69(4) to (7)—	19
			renumber as section 69(6) to (9).	20
		(5)	Section 69(3)—	21
			renumber as section 69(4).	22
		(6)	Section 69—	23
			insert—	24
		'(3)	A person to whom a requisition is given must comply with the requisition.	25 26
			Maximum penalty—50 penalty units or 6 months imprisonment.'.	27 28
		(7)	Section 69—	29

			insert—		1
		'(5)	A notice u	under subsection (2)(a) must also state—	2
			(a) the	reason for the requisition; and	3
			(b) that and	the occupier may object to the giving of the notice;	4 5
				the occupier may make an objection, including the by which it must be made.'.	6 7
Clause	16	Am	endment	of s 72 (Offences re lighting fires)	8
			Section 72	2(1), at the end—	9
			insert—		10
			'Maximu	m penalty—	11
			(a)	if the offence is committed during a state of fire emergency at a place to which the declaration of emergency applies—250 penalty units or 1 year's imprisonment; or	12 13 14 15
			(b)	otherwise—50 penalty units or 6 months imprisonment.'.	16 17
Clause	17	Am	endment	of s 104A (Interpretation)	18
		(1)		04A, after 'In this part'—	19
			insert—		20
			(other tha	an division 5A)'.	21
		(2)	Section 10	04A, definition <i>building</i> , paragraph (c)—	22
			omit.		23
		(3)		04A, definitions building certifier, Building Code of and Standard Building Regulation—	24 25
			omit.		26
		(4)		04A, definition, <i>fire safety installation</i> , 'Standard Regulation'—	27 28
			omit, inse	rt—	29
			'Building	Act 1975'.	30

Clause	18	Amendment of s 104B (Application to prisons)	1
		Section 104B, 'to 57'—	2
		omit, insert—	3
		'to 58C'.	4
Clause	19	Amendment of s 104C (Occupier of building to maintain means of escape from building)	5 6
		Section 104C, at the end—	7
		insert—	8
		'Maximum penalty—	9
		(a) if the contravention causes multiple deaths—2000 penalty units or 3 years imprisonment; or	10 11
		(b) if the contravention causes death or grievous bodily harm—1000 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment; or	12 13
		(c) if the contravention causes bodily harm—750 penalty units or 1 year's imprisonment; or	14 15
		(d) otherwise—100 penalty units.'.	16
Clause	20	Amendment of s 104D (Occupier of building to maintain prescribed fire safety installations)	17 18
		Section 104D(1), at the end—	19
		insert—	20
		'Maximum penalty—	21
		(a) if the contravention causes multiple deaths—2000 penalty units or 3 years imprisonment; or	22 23
		(b) if the contravention causes death or grievous bodily harm—1000 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment; or	24 25
		(c) if the contravention causes bodily harm—750 penalty units or 1 year's imprisonment; or	26 27
		(d) if the contravention causes substantial property loss—500 penalty units or 6 months imprisonment; or	28 29
		(e) otherwise—100 penalty units.'.	30

Clause	21 Ins	sertion of new s 104DA				
		Part 9A, division 2, subdivision 1—	2			
		insert—	3			
	'104DA Additional requirement for monitored systems					
	'(1)	The occupier of a building must maintain each monitored system for the building to ensure an unacceptable number of unwanted alarms are not signalled from the system.	5 6 7			
	'(2)	For subsection (1), the number of unwanted alarms signalled from a monitored system is unacceptable if the number signalled since the end of the last financial year is—	8 9 10			
		(a) more than 4; and	11			
		(b) more than the average number for the last financial year published under subsection (4).	12 13			
	'(3)	However, the commissioner may decide that, despite subsection (2), the number of unwanted alarms signalled from a monitored system is acceptable, having regard to—	14 15 16			
		(a) the size and other characteristics of the building; and	17			
		(b) how the building is used; and	18			
		(c) the number of detector heads in the building; and	19			
		(d) whether the system also relates to other buildings.	20			
	'(4)	As soon as practicable after 30 June each year, the commissioner must calculate, and notify in the gazette, the average number of unwanted alarms for monitored systems for the last financial year.	21 22 23 24			
	'(5)	The number must be calculated by dividing the total number of unwanted alarms signalled from all monitored systems during the last financial year by the total number of monitored systems in operation during the last financial year.	25 26 27 28			
	'(6)	In this section—	29			
		detector head means a part of a monitored system that detects smoke or heat and sends a signal to another part of the system.	30 31			
		<i>emergency</i> means a situation in which there is danger of harm to persons or property from a fire or hazardous materials emergency.	32 33 34			

				<b>gency alarm</b> means an alarm, from a monitored system building, signalled to the service to attend the building.	1 2
			main	ntain, a monitored system, includes—	3
			(a)	ensure the system is in good repair; and	4
			(b)	ensure each part of the system is properly installed and appropriately located; and	5 6
			(c)	ensure the system is able to distinguish between a fire and normal conditions in the building; and	7 8
			(d)	implement measures for avoiding unwanted alarms from the system.	9 10
				Examples of implementing measures for paragraph (d)—	11
				<ul> <li>establishing requirements for persons working near the system to isolate the system while using tools that may cause an unwanted alarm</li> </ul>	12 13 14
				<ul> <li>giving information sheets to guests in the building about the sensitivity of the system and how to avoid causing an unwanted alarm</li> </ul>	15 16 17
				<ul> <li>for a building used to provide residential accommodation that has a high level of unwanted alarms, installing an alarm acknowledgement facility under AS1670.1—2004</li> </ul>	18 19 20
				itored system, for a building, means an automatic smoke ction and alarm system—	21 22
			(a)	that is a prescribed fire safety installation for the building; and	23 24
			(b)	that is monitored by the service.	25
			time	when the commissioner is satisfied there was no regency requiring the attendance of the service.'.	26 27 28
Clause	22	Am	endn	nent of s 104E (Fire and evacuation plan)	29
		(1)	Secti	on 104E(a), after 'safety'—	30
			inser	<i>t</i> —	31
			'(a <i>fi</i>	re and evacuation plan)'.	32
		(2)	Secti	on 104E(b), 'persons working or residing'—	33
			omit,	insert—	34

			'prescribed persons'.	1
		(3)	Section 104E, after paragraph (b)—	2
			insert—	3
			'Maximum penalty—	4
			(a) if the contravention causes multiple deaths—2000 penalty units or 3 years imprisonment; or	5 6
			(b) if the contravention causes death or grievous bodily harm—1000 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment; or	y 7 8
			(c) if the contravention causes bodily harm—750 penalty units or 1 year's imprisonment; or	y 9 10
			(d) otherwise—100 penalty units.	11
		'(2)	In this section—	12
			<b>prescribed person</b> means a person who works or resides in o visits the building for more than a total time, during a period prescribed under a regulation.'.	
Clause	23		nendment of s 104FA (Obligation to prepare fire safety nagement plan)	16 17
			Section 104FA(2), penalty—	18
			omit, insert—	19
			'Maximum penalty—	20
			(a) if the contravention causes multiple deaths—2000 penalty units or 3 years imprisonment; or	21 22
			(b) if the contravention causes death or grievous bodily harm—1000 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment; or	y 23 24
			(c) if the contravention causes bodily harm—750 penalty units or 1 year's imprisonment; or	y 25 26
			(d) otherwise—100 penalty units.'.	27
Clause	24		nendment of s 104FB (Other obligations about fire ety management plan)	28 29
		(1)	Section 104FB(1), 'section 12Q(2)'—	30
		` ′		

			'sect	ion 27'.	1
		(2)	Secti	ion 104FB(1), penalty—	2
			omit,	, insert—	3
			'Max	ximum penalty—	4
			(a)	if the contravention causes multiple deaths—2000 penalty units or 3 years imprisonment; or	5 6
			(b)	if the contravention causes death or grievous bodily harm—1000 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment; or	7 8
			(c)	if the contravention causes bodily harm—750 penalty units or 1 year's imprisonment; or	9 10
			(d)	otherwise—100 penalty units.'.	11
		(3)	Secti	ion 104FB(3), penalty—	12
			omit,	, insert—	13
			'Max	ximum penalty for subsection (3)—	14
			(a)	if the contravention causes multiple deaths—2000 penalty units or 3 years imprisonment; or	15 16
			(b)	if the contravention causes death or grievous bodily harm—1000 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment; or	17 18
			(c)	if the contravention causes bodily harm—750 penalty units or 1 year's imprisonment; or	19 20
			(d)	otherwise—100 penalty units.'.	21
Clause	25	Ins	ertior	n of new pt 9A, div 2, sdiv 3A	22
			Part	9A, after division 2, subdivision 3—	23
			inser	<i>†</i> —	24
	'Sub	divi	sion	3A Matters relating to particular proceedings under this division	25 26
	'104F	GA I	Provi	sions applying for particular proceedings	27
		'(1)		section applies for sections 104C, 104D, 104E, 104FA 104FB (each <i>the section</i> ).	28 29

	'104KA D	efinitions		27
	'Subdivi	sion 1	Preliminary	26
	'Division	3 <b>A</b>	Occupancy limits for particular licensed buildings	24 25
		insert—		23
		Part 9A, a	fter division 3—	22
Clause	27 Ins	ertion of r	new pt 9A, div 3A	21
		'Commiss	sioner's'.	20
		omit, inse	rt—	19
		Part 9A, commission	division 2, subdivision 5, heading, 'Chief oner's'—	17 18
Clause	cor		of pt 9A, div 2, sdiv 5 hdg (Chief er's notice about occupier's and owner's	14 15 16
	'(5)	contraven	s defence in a proceeding against a person for a tion of the section for the person to prove the tion was due to causes over which the person had no	10 11 12 13
	'(4)	contravent took reaso	defence in a proceeding against a person for a stion of the section for the person to prove the person onable precautions and exercised proper diligence to be contravention.	6 7 8 9
	'(3)	The section and 24.	on applies despite the Criminal Code, sections 23(1)	4 5
	'(2)	person's a	causes something mentioned in the section if the ct or omission is a substantial or significant cause of or substantially contributes to the thing.	1 2 3

	which there is nothing that would unduly restrict a person in	2
	features, and procedures established for the building,	4 5 6
		7 8
	(b) safe evacuation of the building's occupants;	9
		10 11
	that comprises particular licensed premises under the Liquor	12 13 14
	occupancy notice see section 104KF.	15
	number stated in an occupancy notice in force for the	16 17 18
	occupants of the building would be able to safely evacuate if a	19 20 21
'104KB O	bject of div 3A	22
'(1)	The object of this division is to help ensure the occupants of licensed buildings can safely evacuate if a fire or hazardous	23 24 25
'(2)	The object is to be achieved by—	26
		27 28
	implementing a safe limit on the number of persons who	29 30 31

104KC A	pplic	ation	of div 3A to a part of a licensed building	1
	part	of a	where it states otherwise, this division applies to a licensed building in the same way it applies to a nsed building.	2 3 4
	Exan	ıple—		5
	roo the mu	om in a level o st have	ction 104KD(1), the commissioner may decide a particular licensed building is an at risk licensed building. In deciding of the risk of overcrowding for the room, the commissioner e regard to the matters stated in section 104KD(2) as if a in that subsection to the building were a reference to the room.	6 7 8 9 10
'Subdivi	sion	2	Occupancy notices	11
104KD D	ecidi	ng if a	a building is an at risk licensed building	12
'(1)	licer	ised b	nissioner may decide a licensed building is an at risk uilding if the commissioner is satisfied there is an ble risk of overcrowding for the building.	13 14 15
'(2)			ng the level of the risk of overcrowding, the oner must have regard to the following matters—	16 17
	(a)	the b	ouilding's characteristics, including—	18
		(i)	the number and location of exits in the building; and	19 20
		(ii)	the clear floor surface areas in the building; and	21
		(iii)	the flammability of the fixtures and fittings in the building; and	22 23
		(iv)	the prescribed fire safety installations in the building; and	24 25
		(v)	whether occupants of the building can exit directly into open space or another place of safety;	26 27
	(b)		the building is used, including its classification or the Building Code of Australia;	28 29
	(c)		number of persons that use, or are likely to use, the ling at any given time;	30 31

	(d)	the mobility and other characteristics of the persons who use, or are likely to use, the building;	1 2
	(e)	any fire safety system for the building.	3
'104KE D	ecidi	ng an occupancy number	4
'(1)		section applies to a licensed building that the missioner has decided is an at risk licensed building.	5 6
'(2)	com	leciding an occupancy number for the building, the missioner must have regard to the building's acteristics and other matters stated in section 104KD(2).	7 8 9
'(3)	The	occupancy number must not be more than—	10
	(a)	the maximum number that may be accommodated under—	11 12
		(i) for a budget accommodation building to which the <i>Building Act 1975</i> , chapter 7, part 3 applies—the Queensland Development Code, part 14, items P3 and A3; or	13 14 15 16
		(ii) otherwise—the Building Code of Australia, part D1.13; or	17 18
	(b)	the maximum number that allows compliance with the Building Code of Australia, part D1.6.	19 20
	ommi cupie	issioner may give occupancy notice to r	21 22
	licer com	the commissioner decides under section 104KD that a used building is an at risk licensed building, the missioner may give the occupier of the building a notice occupancy notice) stating the following—	23 24 25 26
	(a)	that the commissioner has decided the building is an at risk licensed building;	27 28
	(b)	the occupancy number for the building decided under section 104KE;	29 30
	(c)	the day, not less than 30 days after the occupancy notice is given, on which it takes effect;	31 32
	(d)	the occupier's obligations under subdivision 3:	33

	(e)	the reasons for the decisions mentioned in paragraphs (a) and (b);	1 2
	(f)	that the occupier may object to the giving of the occupancy notice;	3 4
	(g)	how the occupier may make an objection, including the time by which it must be made.	5 6
		ancy number applying during particular uses nstances	7 8
	build used	ne commissioner considers the risk of overcrowding for a ling varies because of the different ways the building is from time to time, the commissioner may give the pier an occupancy notice stating—	9 10 11 12
	(a)	an occupancy number for the building that applies only when the building is used in a stated way or in stated circumstances; or	13 14 15
	(b)	2 or more occupancy numbers for the building, each of which applies only when the building is used in a stated way or in stated circumstances.	16 17 18
		Example for paragraph (b)—	19
		A building used occasionally for concerts may be given an occupancy number that applies only for that use and another occupancy number that applies for its usual uses.	20 21 22
"104KH A	pplica	ation and currency of occupancy notice	23
	relati occu	occupancy notice applies to the person stated in it, in ion to the licensed building stated in it, until the pancy notice is revoked or the person stops being the pier of the building.	24 25 26 27
'104KI Re	-asse	essment of risk of overcrowding	28
'(1)		section applies to a licensed building for which an pancy notice (the <i>current occupancy notice</i> ) is in force.	29 30
'(2)	comi	any time, on request by the occupier or on the missioner's own initiative, the commissioner may carry re-assessment for the building.	31 32 33

'(3)		commissioner must carry out a re-assessment for the ding if—	1 2
	(a)	since the current occupancy notice was given, any of the matters stated in section 104KD(2) <sup>1</sup> has changed in a way that is relevant to the risk of overcrowding for the building; and	3 4 5 6
	(b)	the occupier gives the commissioner a written notice of the change and asks the commissioner to carry out the re-assessment.	7 8 9
'(4)	com revo give	on a request mentioned in subsection (3)(b), the missioner carries out a re-assessment and decides not to ke the current occupancy notice, the commissioner must the occupier a notice (a <i>decision notice</i> ) stating the owing—	10 11 12 13 14
	(a)	the decision not to revoke the current occupancy notice;	15
	(b)	the reason for the decision;	16
	(c)	that the occupier may object to the giving of the decision notice;	17 18
	(d)	how the occupier may make an objection, including the time by which it must be made.	19 20
'(5)	In th	is section—	21
	carr	y out a re-assessment, for the building, means—	22
	(a)	re-assess the level of the risk of overcrowding for the building under this division; and	23 24
	(b)	decide whether to revoke the current occupancy notice and, if revoking the notice, whether to give another occupancy notice for the building.	25 26 27

<sup>1</sup> Section 104KD (Deciding if a building is an at risk licensed building)

30

'Subdivi	sion 3 Obligations of occupiers of at risk licensed buildings	1 2
"104KJ A	pplication of sdiv 3	3
'(1)	This subdivision applies if an occupancy notice is in force for a licensed building.	4 5
'(2)	A reference in this subdivision to the occupier is a reference to each occupier of the building to whom the occupancy notice states it applies.	6 7 8
104KK E	nsuring the occupancy number is not exceeded	9
	'The occupier must ensure the number of persons in the building at any one time is not more than the occupancy number for the building.	10 11 12
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	13
'104KL Eı	nsuring staff are aware of the occupancy number	14
'(1)	The occupier must ensure each relevant staff member is aware of the occupancy number for the building.	15 16
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	17
'(2)	In this section—	18
	<i>relevant staff member</i> means an employee of the occupier who is present in the building when members of the public may enter the building.	19 20 21
'104KM In	mplementing a counting system	22
'(1)	This section does not apply if—	23
	(a) the building is only a part of a licensed building; or	24
	(b) the occupancy number for the building is less than 200.	25
'(2)	The occupier must ensure the required counting system is implemented at all times the building is open to the public.	26 27
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units	28

(3)	The required counting system is—	1
	(a) if the occupancy number is at least 200 but less than 1000—a manual counting system or an automatic counting system; or	2 3 4
	(b) if the occupancy number is at least 1000—an automatic counting system.	5 6
'(4)	In this section—	7
	automatic counting system means a counting system capable of operating without human intervention.	8 9
	Example—	10
	a machine that counts the number of persons passing through an entrance after detecting them by way of a lightbeam across the doorway or a sensor under the floor	11 12 13
	counting system means a system for counting the number of persons entering or leaving a building.	14 15
	<i>manual counting system</i> means a counting system other than an automatic counting system.	16 17
	Examples of manual counting systems—	18
	• a staff member issuing a numbered ticket to each person entering the building and a passout to each person leaving the building	19 20
	a staff member clicking a counting device once for each person entering or leaving the building	21 22
104KN D	isplaying signs stating the occupancy number	23
'(1)	This section does not apply if—	24
	(a) the building is only a part of a licensed building; or	25
	(b) the occupancy number for the building is less than 200.	26
'(2)	The occupier must display conspicuously above each public entrance to the building a sign stating the occupancy number for the building.	27 28 29
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	30

	cluding the occupancy number in the fire and cuation plan	1 2
	'The occupancy number must be stated in the occupier's fire and evacuation plan.	3 4
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	5
104KP N	otifying the commissioner of relevant changes	6
'(1)	If any of the matters stated in section $104KD(2)^2$ changes in a way that may increase the risk of overcrowding for the building, the occupier must immediately give written notice to the commissioner.	7 8 9 10
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	11
'(2)	If a person stops being the occupier of the building, the person must immediately give written notice to the commissioner.	12 13
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	14
	ction if an officer knows or suspects the occupancy nber is being exceeded	15 16
'(1)	This section applies if, at any time, an authorised fire officer knows or reasonably suspects the number of persons in the building is more than the occupancy number for the building.	17 18 19
'(2)	The officer may require the occupier to do, or stop doing, a stated thing for the purpose of reducing the number of persons in the building or reducing the risk to the safety of persons in the building.	20 21 22 23
'(3)	The officer may, for example, ask the occupier to—	24
	(a) stop anyone else entering the building; or	25
	(b) stop serving alcohol in the building; or	26
	(c) turn on the lights in the building; or	27
	(d) stop music being played or other entertainment happening in the building; or	28 29
	(e) ask persons in the building to leave.	30

<sup>2</sup> Section 104KD (Deciding if a building is an at risk licensed building)

	<b>'</b> (4)	The requirement may be made orally or in writing.	1
	'(5)	If the requirement is made orally, the officer must confirm the requirement in writing as soon as practicable.	2 3
	'(6)	The occupier must comply with the requirement unless the occupier has a reasonable excuse.	4 5
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	6
	'(7)	This section does not limit another power of the officer under this Act.	7 8
	'(8)	In this section—	9
		<i>occupier</i> includes a person in charge, or apparently in charge, of the building.	10 11
	'Subdivi '104KR C	sion 4 Miscellaneous commissioner may give copies of notices to chief ecutive (liquor licensing)	12 13 14
	'104KR C	ommissioner may give copies of notices to chief	13
	'104KR C exc	commissioner may give copies of notices to chief ecutive (liquor licensing)  'The commissioner may give copies of occupancy notices to	13 14 15
	'104KR C exc	commissioner may give copies of notices to chief ecutive (liquor licensing)  'The commissioner may give copies of occupancy notices to the chief executive (liquor licensing).	13 14 15 16
Clause	'104KR C exe '104KS C	'The commissioner may give copies of notices to chief ecutive (liquor licensing)  'The commissioner may give copies of occupancy notices to the chief executive (liquor licensing).  ommissioner may publish occupancy numbers  'For the performance of the service's functions, the commissioner may publish the occupancy numbers for	13 14 15 16 17 18 19
Clause	'104KR C exe '104KS C	commissioner may give copies of notices to chief ecutive (liquor licensing)  'The commissioner may give copies of occupancy notices to the chief executive (liquor licensing).  ommissioner may publish occupancy numbers  'For the performance of the service's functions, the commissioner may publish the occupancy numbers for buildings to the public.'.	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

s 29 34 s 31

Clause	29	Amendment of s 104L (Persons aggrieved by notice may object)	1 2
		(1) Section 104L(1), 'this part'—	3
		omit, insert—	4
		'section 69(2)(a) or part 9A'.	5
		(2) Section 104L(1), 'regional commander'—	6
		omit, insert—	7
		'commissioner'.	8
		(3) Section 104L(2), after 'fee'—	9
		insert—	10
		', if any,'.	11
		(4) Section 104L(3)—	12
		omit.	13
Clause	30	Amendment of s 104M (Panel of referees to be convened)	14
		(1) Section 104M, 'a regional commander'—	15
		omit, insert—	16
		'the commissioner'.	17
		(2) Section 104M, 'division'—	18
		omit, insert—	19
		'part'.	20
Clause	31	Amendment of s 104N (Membership of panel of referees)	21
		(1) Section 104N(1)—	22
		insert—	23
		'(d) for an objection relating to an occupancy notice or to a decision notice under section 104KI, 1 person nominated by the chief executive (liquor licensing).'.	24 25 26

		(2)	Section 104N—	1
			insert—	2
		'(4)	Subsection (3) does not apply to an objection relating to a notice given under section 69(2)(a) that relates to premises other than a building.'.	3 4 5
		(3)	Section 104N(5), 'the chief executive of the department administering the <i>Building Act 1975</i> '—	6 7
			omit, insert—	8
			'a chief executive mentioned in subsection (1)(c) or (d)'.	9
		(4)	Section 104N(5), 'or (c)'—	10
			omit, insert—	11
			'to (d)'.	12
Clause	32	Am	nendment of s 104O (Determination of objection)	13
		(1)	Section 104O(1), 'section 104M'—	14
			omit, insert—	15
			'section 104SC'.	16
		(2)	Section 104O(6) to (8)—	17
			renumber as section 104O(7) to (9).	18
		(3)	Section 104O—	19
			insert—	20
		'(6)	If the panel has 4 members and the votes are equal, the chair referee has a casting vote.'.	21 22
Clause	33	Am det	nendment of s 104P (Relief from penalty pending termination of objection)	23 24
		(1)	Section 104P, 'section 104L'—	25
			omit, insert—	26
			'section 104SB'.	27

	(2	) Section 104P, 'this part'—	1
		omit, insert—	2
		'section 104G or 104I(8) or an occupancy notice'.	3
	(3	) Section 104P(a), after 'section 104G'—	4
		insert—	5
		'or an occupancy notice'.	6
Clause	34 Ir	nsertion of new s 104PA	7
		After section 104P—	8
		insert—	9
	104PA	Stay of operation of s 69 notice	10
	'(1	This section applies if the objection relates to a notice given under section 69(2)(a).	11 12
	'(2	) The objection does not stay the notice.	13
	'(3	However, on application by the objector, the panel may stay the notice to secure the effectiveness of the objection and any later appeal under section 104SH.	14 15 16
	'(4	The stay may be granted on conditions the panel considers appropriate and has effect for the period stated by the panel.	17 18
	'(5	The period of the stay must not extend past the time when the panel decides the objection and any later period the panel allows to enable the objector to appeal under section 104SH.'.	19 20 21
Clause	35 A	mendment of s 104Q (Appeal from panel of referees)	22
		Section 104Q(1), 'section 104O'—	23
		omit, insert—	24
		'section 104SE'.	25

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Clause	36 Am	endment of s 104R (Injunctions)	1
		Section 104R(1), after 'event of fire'—	2
		insert—	3
		', or in the event of a hazardous materials emergency,'.	4
Clause	37 Inse	ertion of new pt 9A, div 5A	5
		After part 9A, division 5—	6
		insert—	7
	'Division	5A Smoke alarms for domestic dwellings	8 9
	'104RA De	efinitions for div 5A	10
		'In this division—	11
		<i>chief executive (land)</i> means the chief executive of the department in which the <i>Land Act 1994</i> is administered.	12 13
		<i>class 1a building</i> means a building that, under the 2005 edition of the Building Code of Australia, part A3.2, is classified as a class 1a building.	14 15 16
		<i>class 2 building</i> means a building that, under the 2005 edition of the Building Code of Australia, part A3.2, is classified as a class 2 building.	17 18 19
		date of possession, for residential land, means the date the transferee of the land enters into possession of the land.	20 21
		domestic dwelling means—	22
		(a) a class 1a building; or	23
		(b) a sole-occupancy unit in a class 2 building.	24
		form of assignment see the Manufactured Homes (Residential Parks) Act 2003, section 47(1).	25 26
		home owner see the Manufactured Homes (Residential Parks) Act 2003, section 8.	27 28

statement given to the tenant under the <i>Residential Tenancies</i> Act 1994, section 43.	2 3
<i>lessor</i> means a lessor within the meaning of the <i>Residential Tenancies Act 1994</i> , but does not include a tenant who has given, or is to give, the right to occupy residential premises to a subtenant.	4 5 6 7
manufactured home see the Manufactured Homes (Residential Parks) Act 2003, section 10.	8 9
<i>manufacturer's instructions</i> , for a smoke alarm, means the instructions from the manufacturer, packaged with the alarm, dealing with the operation, testing and maintenance of the alarm.	10 11 12 13
property transfer information form means a form that—	14
(a) gives smoke alarm information and information about a change of ownership required under other Acts; and	15 16
(b) may be given to the chief executive (land) or the registrar.	17 18
registrar see the Land Title Act 1994, schedule 2.	19
<i>residential land</i> means land on which a domestic dwelling is constructed.	20 21
residential park see the Manufactured Homes (Residential Parks) Act 2003, section 12.	22 23
site see the Manufactured Homes (Residential Parks) Act 2003, section 13.	24 25
site agreement see the Manufactured Homes (Residential Parks) Act 2003, section 14.	26 27
smoke alarm information see section 104RL.	28
sole-occupancy unit means a room or other part of a building that, under the 2005 edition of the Building Code of Australia, part A1.1, is defined as a sole-occupancy unit.	29 30 31
<b>tenant</b> means a person to whom the right to occupy residential premises is given under a residential tenancy agreement to which the <i>Residential Tenancies Act 1994</i> applies, and includes the subtenant of a tenant.	32 33 34 35

	<i>transfer date</i> , for residential land, means the date the transferee of the land is entitled to possession of the land.	1 2
	<i>transferee</i> , of residential land, means the person who, on becoming entitled to possession of the land, may lodge an application for registration—	3 4 5
	(a) under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> , as a lessee, or personal representative of a deceased lessee, of the land; or	6 7
	(b) under the <i>Land Title Act 1994</i> , as an owner, or personal representative of a deceased owner, of the land.	8 9
	transferor, of residential land, means—	10
	(a) if, immediately before the transfer date for the residential land, a mortgagee in possession under the <i>Property Law Act 1974</i> is in possession of the land—the mortgagee in possession; or	11 12 13 14
	(b) otherwise—the person registered, immediately before the transfer date for the land—	15 16
	(i) under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> , as a lessee, or personal representative of a deceased lessee, of the land; or	17 18
	(ii) under the <i>Land Title Act 1994</i> , as an owner, or the personal representative of a deceased owner, of the land.	19 20 21
104RB O	wner must install smoke alarm	22
'(1)	The owner of a domestic dwelling must install smoke alarms in the dwelling in compliance with this section.	23 24
	Maximum penalty—5 penalty units.	25
'(2)	Each smoke alarm must comply with AS 3786-1993 and must be installed in accordance with—	26 27
	(a) for a sole-occupancy unit in a class 2 building—specification E 2.2a, clause 3(c)(i) of the Building Code of Australia; or	28 29 30
	(b) for a class 1a building—specification 3.7.2.3 of the Building Code of Australia.	31 32
'(3)	An owner of a sole-occupancy unit complies with this section if the owner installs a heat alarm or an alarm	33 34

s 37 40 s 37 Fire and Rescue Service Amendment Bill 2006

	acknowledgement facility in accordance with specification E 2.2a, clause 3(b) of the Building Code of Australia.	1 2
'(4)	If it is impracticable for an owner of a domestic dwelling to put a smoke alarm at the location required under subsection (2), the owner may put the alarm at another location that will provide a warning to occupants of the dwelling.	3 4 5 6
	Example for subsection (4)—	7
	A smoke alarm that is regularly activated by steam from a bathroom or smoke or fumes from a kitchen may be moved to another appropriate location.	8 9 10
'104RC Lo	essor must replace smoke alarm	11
'(1)	This section applies during a tenancy in a domestic dwelling.	12
'(2)	The lessor must replace a smoke alarm in the dwelling before it reaches the end of its service life.	13 14
	Maximum penalty—5 penalty units.	15
'(3)	If a smoke alarm in the dwelling reaches the end of its service life before it is replaced, the lessor must replace it immediately.	16 17 18
	Maximum penalty—5 penalty units.	19
'104RD Te	esting smoke alarms	20
'(1)	Within 30 days before the start of a tenancy in a domestic dwelling, the lessor must test each smoke alarm in the dwelling in compliance with this section.	21 22 23
	Maximum penalty—5 penalty units.	24
'(2)	During a tenancy in a domestic dwelling, the tenant must test each smoke alarm in the dwelling, in compliance with this section, at least once every 12 months.	25 26 27
	Maximum penalty—5 penalty units.	28
'(3)	An alarm must be tested as follows—	29
	(a) for an alarm that can be tested by pressing a button or other device to indicate whether the alarm is capable of detecting smoke—by pressing the button or other device:	30 31 32 33

		(b)	othe	rwise—	1
			(i)	for the lessor—by testing the alarm in the way stated in the manufacturer's instructions; or	2 3
			(ii)	for the tenant—by testing the alarm in the way stated in the information statement.	4 5
'104F	RE R	eplac	ing t	he batteries	6
	'(1)			on applies to batteries in smoke alarms installed in a dwelling.	7 8
	'(2)	the l	essor ruction	days before the start of a tenancy in the dwelling, must replace, in accordance with the manufacturer's as, each battery that is spent or that the lessor is lmost spent.	9 10 11 12
		Max	imum	penalty—5 penalty units.	13
	'(3)	acco	rdanc	tenancy in the dwelling, the tenant must replace, in the with the information statement, each battery that that the tenant is aware is almost spent.	14 15 16
		Max	imum	penalty—5 penalty units.	17
		Note-	_		18
				alarm may emit a warning signal (for example, a chirping hen its battery is almost spent.	19 20
'104F		enant olacin		t advise lessor if smoke alarm needs	21 22
	'(1)	This	section	on applies during a tenancy in a domestic dwelling.	23
	'(2)	or is	abou	ant is aware a smoke alarm in the dwelling has failed at to fail, other than because the battery is spent or ent, the tenant must advise the lessor as soon as e.	24 25 26 27
		Max	imum	penalty—5 penalty units.	28

104RG C	leani	ng smoke alarms	1
'(1)	dwe	nin 30 days before the start of a tenancy in a domestic lling, the lessor must clean each smoke alarm in the lling in the way stated in the manufacturer's instructions.	2 3 4
	Max	imum penalty—5 penalty units.	5
'(2)	clear	ing a tenancy in a domestic dwelling, the tenant must n each smoke alarm in the dwelling, in the way stated in nformation statement, at least once every 12 months.	6 7 8
	Max	timum penalty—5 penalty units.	9
	Exam	ıple—	10
	cle	e manufacturer's instructions or information statement may require caning with a vacuum cleaner to remove dust and other materials that by hinder smoke alarm performance.	11 12 13
'104RH Pe	ersor	n must not interfere with smoke alarm	14
'(1)	A pe	erson must not—	15
	(a)	remove a smoke alarm installed in a domestic dwelling; or	16 17
	(b)	remove the battery from a smoke alarm installed in a domestic dwelling; or	18 19
	(c)	do anything that would reduce the effectiveness of the warning provided by a smoke alarm installed in a domestic dwelling.	20 21 22
	Max	cimum penalty—5 penalty units.	23
'(2)		vever, nothing in this section stops a person from doing of the following—	24 25
	(a)	removing a smoke alarm to comply with section 104RC;	26
	(b)	removing a smoke alarm to put it in a location that complies with this division;	27 28
	(c)	removing the battery from a smoke alarm to comply with section 104RE.	29 30

'104RI D	ivision applies for all alarms	1
'(1)	This division, other than section 104RB, applies in relation to a smoke alarm installed in a domestic dwelling even though the smoke alarm is not required to be installed under section 104RB.	2 3 4 5
'(2)	However, nothing in this division stops the owner of a domestic dwelling from removing a smoke alarm that is not required to be installed under section 104RB.	6 7 8
'104RJ A	agent may act for owner	9
'(1)	A requirement imposed on an owner to comply with this division in relation to a smoke alarm at a domestic dwelling may be complied with for the owner by the owner's agent.	10 11 12
'(2)	However, if the owner is a lessor, subsection (1) does not permit the lessor's tenant to be, and the lessor's tenant must not be, the lessor's agent for the purpose of complying with this division.	13 14 15 16
	Notice to transferee of residential land about smoke arms	17 18
'(1)	The transferor of residential land must, on or before the date of possession for the land, give the transferee of the land written notice of whether smoke alarms complying with this division are installed in the domestic dwelling on the land.	19 20 21 22
	Maximum penalty—5 penalty units.	23
'(2)	However, subsection (1) does not apply if—	24
	(a) the transferor became transferor of the residential land under an agreement to transfer the land; and	25 26
	(b) the date of the agreement is before 1 July 2007.	27
'(3)	The transferor must not state anything in the notice that the transferor knows is false or misleading in a material particular.	28 29
	Maximum penalty for subsection (3)—5 penalty units.	30

		to chief executive about smoke alarms and atters	1 2		
'(1)	The transferor of residential land must, within 90 days after the date of possession for the land, give the chief executive a written notice stating the following information ( <i>smoke alarm information</i> )—				
	(a)	the full names of the transferor and transferee;	7		
	(b)	the addresses of the transferor and transferee immediately after the date of possession for the land;	8 9		
	(c)	the property details of the land;	10		
	(d)	the current use of the land;	11		
	(e)	if there was an agreement for the transfer of the land—the date of the agreement;	12 13		
	(f)	the date of possession for the land;	14		
	(g)	whether smoke alarms complying with section 104RB were installed in the domestic dwelling on the land at the date of possession;	15 16 17		
	(h)	whether the transferor has given the transferee written notice of whether smoke alarms complying with section 104RB were installed in the domestic dwelling on the land at the date of possession.	18 19 20 21		
	Max	imum penalty—5 penalty units.	22		
'(2)	How	vever, subsection (1) does not apply if—	23		
	(a)	the transferor became transferor of the residential land under an agreement to transfer the land; and	24 25		
	(b)	the date of the agreement is before 1 July 2007.	26		
'(3)	(1)	o, the transferor is not required to comply with subsection if a properly completed property transfer information in, together with an application for registration, is given	27 28 29 30		
	(a)	for an application for registration under the <i>Land Act</i> 1994—the chief executive (land); or	31 32		
	(b)	for an application for registration under the <i>Land Title</i>	33		

		'(4)	If a property transfer information form is given under subsection (3), the chief executive may be given access to the form but may use only the smoke alarm information on the form.	1 2 3 4
	'104F	_	tice to buyer of manufactured home about smoke	5 6
		'(1)	This section applies if the home owner for a site in a residential park (the <i>seller</i> ) on which a manufactured home is positioned proposes—	7 8 9
			(a) to sell the home to a person (the <i>buyer</i> ); and	10
			(b) to assign the seller's interest in the site agreement for the site to the buyer.	11 12
		'(2)	The seller must give the buyer a written notice in the form of assignment of whether smoke alarms complying with this division are installed in the manufactured home.	13 14 15
			Maximum penalty—5 penalty units.	16
		'(3)	However, the seller does not have to give written notice if the form of assignment is signed by the seller and the buyer before 1 July 2007.	17 18 19
		'(4)	The seller must not state anything in the notice that the seller knows is false or misleading in a material particular.	20 21
			Maximum penalty for subsection (4)—5 penalty units.'.	22
Clause	38	Am	endment of s 104S (Regulations relating to this part)	23
		(1)	Section 104S—	24
			insert—	25
			'(ba) regulating the installation and maintenance of smoke alarms;'.	26 27
		(2)	Section 104S(k)—	28
			omit, insert—	29
			'(k) matters necessary to protect persons, property and the environment from fire and hazardous materials emergencies;'.	30 31 32

Clause	39	Ins	ertion of new pt 9B	1
			After part 9A—	2
			insert—	3
	<b>'Part</b>	9E	Objections to notices	4
	'104S	<b>A A</b>	pplication of pt 9B to notices under s 69	5
			'This part applies to an objection relating to a notice given under section 69(2)(a) as if a reference in this part to a building were a reference to premises.'.	6 7 8
Clause	40	Rei	numbering and relocation of ss 104L–104Q	9
			Sections 104L to 104Q—	10
			relocate and renumber, in part 9B as sections 104SB to 104SH.	11 12
Clause	41		nendment of s 115 (Annual contribution etc. deemed to rates)	13 14
		(1)	Section 115(2), 'subsection'—	15
			omit, insert—	16
			'section'.	17
		(2)	Section 115(2), definition <i>relevant provisions</i> , paragraph (a), second dot point, '997'—	18 19
			omit, insert—	20
			'1051A'.	21
Clause	42		nendment of s 137 (Inspection of records of local vernments)	22 23
		(1)	Section 137, heading, after 'governments'—	24
			insert—	25
			'and building certifiers'.	26
		(2)	Section 137(1)(a), after 'government'—	27
			insert—	28

		'or building certifier'.	1
	(3)	Section 137(1)(b), all words after 'relating to'—	2
		omit, insert—	3
		<u>-</u>	4
		(i) for a local government's premises—a function of the local government under this Act or a function of the commissioner; or	5 6 7
		(ii) for a building certifier's premises—something done by the building certifier under the following Acts, if the document or record is not available from a local government—	8 9 10 11
		(A) Building Act 1975;	12
		(B) Integrated Planning Act 1997;'.	13
	(4)	Section 137(3), at the end—	14
		insert—	15
		'Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.'.	16
	(5)	Section 137—	17
		insert—	18
	<b>'</b> (4)	Nothing in this section authorises an authorised fire officer to enter any part of premises that are a dwelling if the part is not also a workplace within the <i>Workplace Health and Safety Act</i> 1995.'.	19 20 21 22
Clause 43	An	nendment of s 142A (Confidentiality)	23
		Section 142A(1), after paragraph (a)—	24
		insert—	25
		'(aa) the disclosure relates to fire safety at premises and is made to 1 or more of the following—	26 27
		(i) the owner of the premises;	28
		(ii) a person with an interest in the premises;	29
		(iii) an occupier of the premises; or	30

29

		The that Research Service Hillenament But 2000
		(ab) the disclosure is reasonably necessary for enforcement of the criminal law; or'.
lause	44	Amendment of s 144 (Charges for services)
	(	1) Section 144(1), 'by the chief executive'—
		omit, insert—
		'under this Act'.
	(2	2) Section 144(7), after 'endangering that property'—
		insert—
		', other than an unwanted alarm charge'.
	(.	3) Section 144(11A), definition <i>unauthorised</i> —
		relocate to section 144(12).
	(4	4) Section 144(11A), as amended—
		omit.
	(.	5) Section 144(12)—
		insert—
		'prescribed property see section 105.
		unwanted alarm see section 104DA.
		unwanted alarm charge means a charge for a service of attending a property in response to an unwanted alarm.'.
	(	Section 144(12), as amended—
		relocate and renumber as section 144(14).
	(	7) Section 144—
		insert—
	'(1)	2) The chief executive may waive all or part of a charge for which a person is liable under this section if satisfied it would be reasonable in all the circumstances to do so.'.
ause	45	Amendment of s 147 (Offences)
	(	1) Section 147(1), at the end—

insert—

			'Ma	xımuı	n penalty—	1
			(a)	_	paragraphs (a) and (b)—50 penalty units or 6 months risonment; or	2 3
			(b)	for p	paragraph (c)—30 penalty units; or	4
			(c)	for p	paragraphs (d), (e) and (g)—	5
				(i)	if the offence is committed during a state of fire emergency at a place to which the declaration of emergency applies—250 penalty units or 1 year's imprisonment; or	6 7 8 9
				(ii)	otherwise——50 penalty units or 6 months imprisonment; or	10 11
			(d)	for p	paragraph (f)—	12
				(i)	if the offence is committed during a state of fire emergency at a place to which the declaration of emergency applies—250 penalty units or 1 year's imprisonment; or	13 14 15 16
				(ii)	otherwise—100 penalty units or 6 months imprisonment.'.	17 18
		(2)	Sect	ion 14	47(2)—	19
			omit	•		20
lause	46	Re	place	men	t of ss 148 and 149	21
			Sect	ions 1	48 and 149—	22
			omit	, inse	rt—	23
	<b>'148</b>	Ind	lictab	le an	d summary offences	24
		'(1)	whic	h the	e subsection (2), an offence against this Act for maximum penalty of imprisonment is 2 years or indictable offence that is a misdemeanour.	25 26 27
		'(2)	An c	offenc	e against section 146 is a crime.	28
		'(3)	Othe	erwise	e, an offence against this Act is a summary offence.	29

148A	Pro	ceed	lings for indictable offences	1
	'(1)	-	roceeding for an indictable offence against this Act may iken, at the election of the prosecution—	2 3
		(a)	by way of summary proceedings under the <i>Justices Act</i> 1886; or	4 5
		(b)	on indictment.	6
	'(2)	A m if—	agistrate must not hear an indictable offence summarily	7 8
		(a)	the defendant asks at the start of the hearing that the charge be prosecuted on indictment; or	9 10
		(b)	the magistrate considers the charge should be prosecuted on indictment.	11 12
	<b>'</b> (3)	If su	bsection (2) applies—	13
		(a)	the magistrate must proceed by way of an examination of witnesses for an indictable offence; and	14 15
		(b)	a plea of the person charged at the start of the proceeding must be disregarded; and	16 17
		(c)	evidence brought in the proceeding before the magistrate decided to act under subsection (2) is taken to be evidence in the proceeding for the committal of the person for trial or sentence; and	18 19 20 21
		(d)	before committing the person for trial or sentence, the magistrate must make a statement to the person as required by the <i>Justices Act 1886</i> , section 104(2)(b). <sup>3</sup>	22 23 24
	'(4)	indic	maximum penalty that may be summarily imposed for an etable offence is 150 penalty units or 2 years risonment.	25 26 27
148B			on on who may summarily hear indictable proceedings	28 29
	'(1)		proceeding must be before a magistrate if it is a eeding—	30 31

<sup>3</sup> *Justices Act 1886*, section 104 (Proceedings upon an examination of witnesses in relation to an indictable offence)

		(a) for the summary conviction of a person on a charge for an indictable offence; or	1 2
		(b) for an examination of witnesses for a charge for an indictable offence.	3 4
	'(2)	However, if a proceeding for an indictable offence is brought before a justice who is not a magistrate, jurisdiction is limited to taking or making a procedural action or order within the meaning of the <i>Justices of the Peace and Commissioners for Declarations Act 1991</i> .	5 6 7 8 9
'148C	Pro	ceeding for offences	10
		'A proceeding for an offence against this Act, other than an indictable offence, must be taken in a summary way under the <i>Justices Act 1886</i> .	11 12 13
'148D	Wh	en proceeding may start	14
		'A proceeding for a summary offence against this Act must start within the later of the following periods to end—	15 16
		(a) 1 year after the commission of the offence;	17
		(b) 6 months after the offence comes to the complainant's knowledge, but within 2 years after the offence is committed.	18 19 20
'148E		egations of false or misleading information or cument	21 22
		'In any proceeding for an offence against this Act defined as involving false or misleading information, or a false or misleading document, it is enough for a charge to state that the information or document was, without specifying which, 'false or misleading'.	23 24 25 26 27
'148F	For	feiture on conviction	28
	'(1)	On conviction of a person for an offence against this Act, a court may order the forfeiture to the State of—	29 30
		(a) anything used to commit the offence; or	31

			(b) anything else the subject of the offence.	1
		'(2)	The court may make the order—	2
			(a) whether or not the thing has been seized; and	3
			(b) if the thing has been seized, whether or not the thing has been returned to its owner.	4 5
		'(3)	The court may make any order to enforce the forfeiture it considers appropriate.	6 7
		'(4)	This section does not limit the court's powers under the <i>Penalties and Sentences Act 1992</i> or another law.	8 9
	<b>'149</b>	Dea	aling with forfeited thing	10
		'(1)	On the forfeiture of a thing to the State, the thing becomes the State's property and may be dealt with by the State as the State considers appropriate.	11 12 13
		'(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the State may destroy the thing.'.	14 15
Clause	47	On	nission of s 150 (Continuing offences)	16
			Section 150—	17
			omit.	18
Clause	48	Am	nendment of s 153 (Evidentiary)	19
		(1)	Section 153(1)(a), 'the commissioner or chief commissioner'—	20 21
			omit, insert—	22
			'the chief executive or the commissioner'.	23
		(2)	Section 153(1)—	24
			insert—	25
			'(h) a certificate purporting to be signed by the chief executive and stating any of the following matters is evidence of the matter—	26 27 28
			(i) that a stated service was provided under this Act to a stated person on a stated day;	29 30

			(ii	that a stated person was charged a stated amount for a stated service;	1 2
			(ii	) that a stated amount mentioned in subparagraph (ii) has not been paid.'.	3 4
Clause	49	Am	nendmen	t of s 154 (Regulation-making power)	5
		(1)	Section	154(2)(d)—	6
			renumbe	r as section 154(2)(f).	7
		(2)	Section	154(2)—	8
			insert—		9
				e institution and determination of objections under et 9B and appeals from determinations;	10 11
				es and charges payable under this Act and the matters which fees and charges are payable;'.	12 13
		(3)	Section	154(3)—	14
			renumbe	r as section 154(4).	15
		(4)	Section	154—	16
			insert—		17
		'(3)		ation may, and it is declared always could, prescribe able to the service for—	18 19
				e assessment and inspection of special fire services thin the meaning of the <i>Building Act 1975</i> ; or	20 21
			. ,	e assessment of proposed alternative solutions within e meaning of the Building Code of Australia.'.	22 23
Clause	50	Am	nendmen	t of sch 6 (Dictionary)	24
		(1)	Schedul	e 6, definition <i>premises</i> —	25
			omit.		26
		(2)	Schedul	e 6—	27
			insert—		28
			'hodily l	narm see the Criminal Code, section 1.	29

1

building certifier see the Building Act 1975, section 8.

	<b>Building Code of Australia</b> see the <i>Building Act 1975</i> , section 12.	2 3
	chief executive (liquor licensing) means the chief executive of the department in which the Liquor Act 1992 is administered.	4 5 6
	<i>clear floor surface area</i> , for part 9A, division 3A, see section 104KA.	7 8
	fire and evacuation plan see section 104E(1)(a).	9
	<i>fire safety system</i> , for part 9A, division 3A, see section 104KA.	10 11
	grievous bodily harm see the Criminal Code, section 1.	12
	<i>licensed building</i> , for part 9A, division 3A, see section 104KA.	13 14
	occupancy notice see section 104KF.	15
	<i>occupancy number</i> , for part 9A, division 3A, see section 104KA.	16 17
	premises—	18
	(a) means any land or building; and	19
	(b) for part 6, includes a vehicle or vessel.	20
	premises of seizure see section 56B.	21
	<i>risk of overcrowding</i> , for part 9A, division 3A, see section 104KA.'.	22 23
D. 10	A consideration of Desired and the	
Part 3	Amendment of Residential Tenancies Act 1994	24 25
Clause 51 Ac	t amended in pt 3	26
	This part amends the Residential Tenancies Act 1994.	

Clause	52	Am	nendment of s 109 (Grounds for entry)	1
		(1)	Section 109—	2
			insert—	3
			'(ba) to comply with the <i>Fire and Rescue Service Act 1990</i> in relation to smoke alarms; or'.	4 5
		(2)	Section 109—	6
			insert—	7
			'(bb) to comply with the <i>Electrical Safety Act 2002</i> in relation to approved safety switches; or'.	8 9
	Part	4	Amendment of Building Act	10
			1975	11
Clause	53	Act	t amended in pt 4	12
			This part amends the Building Act 1975.	13
Clause	54		nendment of s 216 (Meaning of <i>budget accommodation</i> ilding)	14 15
		(1)	Section 216(1), 'building that'—	16
			omit, insert—	17
			'building'.	18
		(2)	Section 216(1)(a)—	19
			omit, insert—	20
			'(a) whose occupants have shared access to a bathroom or sanitary facilities, other than a laundry; and'.	21 22
		(3)	Section 216(1)(b), before 'provides accommodation'—	23
			insert—	24
			'that'	25

s 55	56	s 56

## Fire and Rescue Service Amendment Bill 2006

		(4)	Section 216(3)—	1
			renumber as section 216(4).	2
		(5)	Section 216—	3
			insert—	4
	٠	f(3)	For subsection (1)(b), evidence that the building has beds available for use by persons is evidence that it provides accommodation to persons, whether or not the persons are present at the building.'.	5 6 7 8
	Part	5	Amendment of Building and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2006	9 10 11
Clause	55	Act	amended in pt 5	12
			This part amends the <i>Building and Other Legislation Amendment Act</i> 2006.	13 14
Clause	56		endment of schedule (Consequential and minor endments of other Acts)	15 16
			Schedule, amendments 1 to 3 of the <i>Fire and Rescue Service Act 1990</i> —	17 18
			omit.	19

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