

Queensland



Queensland

Electricity Amendment Bill 2004

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2004

A Bill

for

An Act to amend the *Electricity Act 1994*

	The P	arliament of Queensland enacts—	1
Clause	1	Short title	2
		This Act may be cited as the <i>Electricity Amendment Act 2004</i> .	3
Clause	2	Commencement	4
		This Act commences on a day to be fixed by proclamation.	5
Clause	3	Act amended	6
		This Act amends the <i>Electricity Act 1994</i> .	7
Clause	4	Amendment of s 64A (Annual levy)	8
		Section 64A(1)(b)—	9
		omit, insert—	10
		'(b) a retail entity whose retail authority states a retail area or that supplies customers whose consumption of electricity has been less than 200 000 kWh in any 12 month period;'.	11 12 13 14
		•	
Clause	5	Insertion of new ss 113A and 113B	15
		After section 113—	16
		insert—	17
	'113A	Authority to transmit over land	18
		'(1) A transmission entity is authorised to operate works to transmit electricity across, over or through the following land—	19 20 21
		(a) land that it owns;	22
		(b) land over which it holds the benefit of an easement, licence or other agreement or a consent mentioned in section 112 in relation to the works.	23 24 25

		'(2)	Subsection (1)(b) applies whether or not the easement, licence, agreement or consent authorises the transmission.	1 2
	'113E	3 Au	thority to supply over land	3
		'(1)	A distribution entity is authorised to operate works to supply electricity using a supply network across, over or through the following land—	4 5 6
			(a) land that it owns;	7
			(b) land over which it holds the benefit of an easement, licence or other agreement or a consent mentioned in section 112 in relation to the works.	8 9 10
		'(2)	Subsection (1)(b) applies whether or not the easement, licence, agreement or consent authorises the supply.'.	11 12
Clause	6		nendment of s 114 (Compensation payable by ctricity entity for damage etc.)	13 14
			Section 114—	15
			insert—	16
		'(3)	Subsection (2) is subject to sections 97 and 97A.1'.	17
Clause	7	bet	nendment of s 117 (Resolution of certain disputes tween electricity entities or between electricity entities d public entities)	18 19 20
			Section 117(1A), after 'Market Code'—	21
			insert—	22
			'or to disputes that relate to chapter 5A (including a dispute about what is a chargeable amount under section 309)2'.	23 24

Sections 97 (Limitation of liability of electricity entities and special approval holders that are not code participants) and 97A (Limitation of liability for National Electricity (Queensland) Law)

² Chapter 5A (13% gas scheme) Section 309 (Existing electricity supply contracts)

Clause	8	Amendment of s 119 (Regulator's role in disputes between electricity entity and customers or occupiers)	1 2
		(1) Section 119(2)—	3
		insert—	4
		'(c) a dispute between an electricity entity and a customer if the customer's consumption of electricity has been more than 200 000 k Wh in any 12 month period;	5 6 7
		(d) a dispute that relates to chapter 5A.'.	8
		(2) Section 119(8)—	9
		insert—	10
		'(c) the regulator considers the subject of the dispute, as referred to the regulator, is frivolous or vexatious.'.	11 12
Clause	9	Amendment of s 120ZE (Notice of referral to parties to dispute)	13 14
		Section 120ZE(b)—	15
		omit, insert—	16
		'(b) the mediator's name.'.	17
Clause	10	Amendment of s 120ZS (Giving notice of referral to parties to dispute)	18 19
		Section 120ZS(2)(b)—	20
		omit, insert—	21
		'(b) the arbitrator's name.'.	22
Clause	11	Amendment of s 120ZZC (Party, other than electricity entity, to advise whether order accepted)	23 24
		Section 120ZZC(1), 'energy arbitrator'—	25
		omit, insert—	26
		'regulator'.	27

Clause	12 Insertion of new ch 5A					
			After	chapter 5—	2	
			inseri	<u>;</u>	3	
	'Cha	apto	er 5	A 13% gas scheme	4	
	'Part	1		Introduction	5	
	'Divis	ion	1	Purposes of chapter	6	
	'135A	Mai	n pur	poses of ch 5A	7	
			'The	main purposes of this chapter are to—	8	
				reduce the growth in greenhouse gases associated with electricity use in the State; and	9 10	
			(b)	contribute to the diversification of the State's energy mix towards the greater use of gas in electricity generation; and	11 12 13	
			, ,	encourage the development of new gas sources and gas infrastructure to meet the State's future energy requirements.	14 15 16	
	'135A	А Но	w ma	in purposes are achieved	17	
	•	(1)		main purposes of this chapter are achieved by providing certificate-based scheme.	18 19	
	•	(2)	The s	cheme consists of—	20	
			, ,	persons (called 'accredited generators') who generate, or who are involved in the generation of, particular gas-fired electricity that supports the State's electricity load; and	21 22 23 24	
				persons (called 'liable persons'), most of whom are retail entities and others who sell or use electricity in the State, who have a liability under the scheme.	25 26 27	
	4	(3)	Unde	r the scheme—	28	

	(a) accredited generators can create gas electricity certificates (each called a <i>GEC</i>) for each MWh of particular gas-fired electricity worked out under part 3 ³ (<i>eligible gas-fired electricity</i>) generated by the accredited power station; and	1 2 3 4 5
	(b) accredited generators may sell GECs to liable persons and anyone else registered under this chapter as a scheme participant who wishes to trade in GECs; and	6 7 8
	(c) liable persons must surrender to the regulator the number of GECs that, in general terms, equates to 13% of the electricity sold or used by them for each year from 2005 to 2019; and	9 10 11 12
	(d) accredited generators and persons registered under part 6 ⁴ as scheme participants may, subject to part 4, division 4, ⁵ sell, transfer or surrender their GECS.	13 14 15
'(4)	Accredited generators and persons registered under part 6 are collectively called a <i>scheme participant</i> . ⁶	16 17
'(5)	It is Parliament's expectation that income earned from the sale of GECs will help gas-fired electricity to compete with electricity generated from other more greenhouse-intensive energy sources.	18 19 20 21
'Division	2 Definitions for ch 5A	22
135AB <i>Po</i>	wer stations and their nameplate capacity	23
'(1)	A power station is an electricity generating plant or system.	24
'(2)	Power station also includes all buildings, components, equipment and infrastructure of the plant or system directly related to its operation or to its electricity production, including, for example, a thing needed—	25 26 27 28

³ Part 3 (Eligible gas-fired electricity)

Part 6 (Scheme participants) 4

Part 4, division 4 (Dealings with GECs) 5

For persons who are taken to be registered under part 6 as a scheme participant, see 6 sections 135BO (Effect of surrender), 135BZ (Effect of cancellation) and 135GH (Who obtains the benefit of liable load exemption).

(a)	to store, retrieve, measure, distribute or prepare the fuel or energy source for the plant or system; or	1 2
(b)	to combust, convert or otherwise use the fuel or energy source for the plant or system to generate electricity directly or to energise an intermediate medium; or	3 4 5
	Example of an intermediate medium—	6
	steam, produced from the burning of fuel in a boiler, that is used to drive a steam turbine to generate electricity	7 8
(c)	to convert the energy in an intermediate medium into electricity; or	9 10
(d)	to control, switch or transform the electricity generated; or	11 12
(e)	to control the processes involved in the main and auxiliary processes associated with the electricity generation; or	13 14 15
(f)	to control emissions to ensure compliance with a relevant environmental authority under the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i> if the thing is directly related to the electricity generation; or	16 17 18 19
(g)	to do any of the following for a matter or process mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (f)—	20 21
	(i) cooling;	22
	(ii) heating;	23
	(iii) preparing or distributing a fluid or gas to use in, or to control, the matter or process;	24 25
	(iv) distributing or controlling electricity used;	26
	(v) metering, recording or transmitting relevant parameters;	27 28
	(vi) waste disposal or removal; or	29
(h)	to comply with the <i>Workplace Health and Safety Act</i> 1995 or a requirement or standard under any other Act relating to safety if the thing is directly related to the electricity generation.	30 31 32 33
	vever, a thing mentioned in subsection (2) is not part of the er station if it—	34 35

'(3)

	(a)	is located more than 1 km from the boundary of the plant or system; or	1 2
	(b)	is only used to—	3
		(i) extract or mine a fuel source for the plant or system; or	4 5
		(ii) separate or process wastes only part of which form a fuel source for the power station.	6 7
'(4)	_	ower station's <i>nameplate capacity</i> is the capacity of its n generating unit or units, as stated by its manufacturer.	8 9
135AC W	ho is	the <i>economic operator</i> of a power station	10
	'The	e economic operator of a power station is—	11
	(a)	the person who, under the Market Code, is registered as the generator for the power station; or	12 13
	(b)	if no one is registered, or required to be registered, under the code as the generator for the power station—the person who has the physical control of the power station.	14 15 16 17
		Example for paragraph (b)—	18
		a person who has the physical control of a power station not connected to the national grid	19 20
'135AD W	hat is	s eligible fuel	21
'(1)	An e	eligible fuel is—	22
	(a)	natural gas formed naturally in the earth; or	23
		Examples—	24
		 liquefied natural gas or 'LNG' 	25
		 compressed natural gas or 'CNG' 	26
		 gas (commonly called 'coal seam gas') occurring naturally in association with coal and produced as a resource in its own right 	27 28 29
		 gas (commonly called 'waste mine gas') occurring naturally in association with coal and— 	30 31

		(a)	released during the process of coal mining, either directly or indirectly by disturbance of gas-bearing strata; or	1 2 3
		(b)	released before mining for the purpose of safety; or	4
		(c)	drained from underground areas previously mined for coal	5 6
(b)	a sul	bstanc	e that is—	7
	(i)	-	y-product of processes carried out at a leum refinery; and	8 9
	(ii)	_	at an absolute pressure of 101.325 kPa and at apperature of 15°C; or	10 11
(c)	_		formed naturally in the earth that consists ately of methane and—	12 13
	(i)	presc Act 1 (whe	the composition, characteristics and quality cribed, under the <i>Gas</i> (<i>Residual Provisions</i>) 1965, for natural gas as defined under that Act ther or not the gas is natural gas as defined r that Act); ⁷ or	14 15 16 17 18
	(ii)	is of	another quality approved under that Act;8 or	19
	(iii)	is of	a quality prescribed under a regulation; or	20
(d)	lique	efied p	petroleum gas.	21
energ		urce u	le fuel does not include an eligible renewable under the Renewable Energy (Electricity) Act	22 23 24
In th	is sec	tion—	-	25
arran of w	igeme hich i	ent of is to se	mery means an organised and coordinated manufacturing processes the primary purpose eparate and purify crude oil for the production d fuel products.	26 27 28 29

'(2)

'(3)

For the prescribed quality, see the *Gas (Residual Provisions) Regulation 1989*, section 10 (Composition, characteristics and quality of gas).

⁸ See the *Gas (Residual Provisions) Regulation 1989*, section 21 (Non-conforming gases).

135AE W	hat is <i>auxiliary load</i> for a power station	1
'(1)	Auxiliary load, for a power station, is—	2
	(a) electricity used within the power station as part of an electricity generation process; or	3 4
	(b) electricity—	5
	(i) used within its boundaries to power buildings, components, equipment or infrastructure that are not part of the power station; and	6 7 8
	(ii) that is not separately metered from electricity mentioned in paragraph (a); or	9 10
	(c) electricity used for a purpose mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) at any time from when the power station first sends out electricity to a grid; or	11 12 13
	(d) electricity used to run the power station in synchronous condenser mode if the electricity is able to be separately measured and is distinguishable from other energy uses for the power station.	14 15 16 17
'(2)	However, if electricity used within a power station as part of an electricity generation process is a pumping load for a pumped storage hydro power station, only the proportion of the load that is equal to the amount of the electricity generated that is sent out by the power station is auxiliary load.	18 19 20 21 22
'135AF WI	hat is a <i>major grid</i> and a <i>small grid</i>	23
'(1)	A major grid is—	24
	(a) a supply network or transmission grid if—	25
	(i) it is not interconnected with another transmission grid or supply network; and	26 27
	(ii) the power stations connected to it have a combined nameplate capacity of more than 100 MW; or	28 29
	(b) a network of interconnected transmission grids or supply networks the power stations connected to which have a combined nameplate capacity of more than 100 MW.	30 31 32 33
'(2)	A small grid is—	34

	(a)	a su	pply network or transmission grid if—	1
		(i)	it is not interconnected with another transmission grid or supply network; and	2 3
		(ii)	the power stations connected to it have a combined nameplate capacity of 100 MW or less; or	4 5
	(b)	supp	network of interconnected transmission grids or ply networks the power stations connected to which e a combined nameplate capacity of 100 MW or less.	6 7 8
'135 AG WI	hat is	์ a <i>รเ</i>	ubstantive traceable link to a major grid	9
	of e	lectri	ntive traceable link, to a major grid, is a connection c lines that allows electricity to be sent into or from the grid.	10 11 12
'135AH WI	hat is	a di	rect supply arrangement	13
	'A whice		supply arrangement is an arrangement under	14 15
	(a)	-	ower station supplies electricity to an end user in the e using a dedicated line; or	16 17
	(b)		tricity is supplied to a customer in the State through id if—	18 19
		(i)	the grid is not directly or indirectly connected to the national grid; and	20 21
		(ii)	90% or more of the annual electricity supplied to the grid is generated from eligible fuels.	22 23
'135Al Wh	at is	an <i>e</i>	lectricity load	24
'(1)			icity load is an amount of electricity to supply all or electricity of—	25 26
	(a)	a cu	stomer or a group of customers; or	27
	(b)	an e	and user, or a group of end users, of electricity.	28
'(2)	elect	tricity	tricity load of the State is the total amount of to supply the needs of end users of electricity who State.	29 30 31

133AU WI	io are the baseline customers of a power station	1
'(1)	A <i>baseline customer</i> , of a power station, is each person mentioned in subsection (2)—	2 3
	(a) who is a customer of the power station or to whom the power station supplies electricity; and	4 5
	(b) who is in the State; and	6
	(c) to whom the power station delivers electricity generated from eligible fuels.	7 8
'(2)	For subsection (1), the persons are—	9
	(a) a person to whom the power station supplies electricity under a direct supply arrangement; and	10 11
	(b) NEMMCO; and	12
	(c) if the power station is not directly or indirectly connected to the national grid—a retailer supplying electricity under a direct supply arrangement.	13 14 15
'(3)	Subsection (1) applies even if, under part 3, division 5, the amount of the baseline for the person is 0.	16 17
'135AK Ot	her definitions for ch 5A	18
	'In this chapter—	19
	13% liability see section 135EM(1).	20
	accreditation means accredited as an accredited generator under part 2.	21 22
	accredited generator means a person who holds an accreditation that is in force.	23 24
	accredited generator register see section 135JE(1)(a).	25
	accredited power station means the power station or the parts of the power station, as decided by the regulator under section 135AN, for which an accreditation is held.	26 27 28
	amended assessment see section 135FK(2).	29
	ancillary matters, for a power station, see section 135AM(2).	30
	annual loss factor, for a power station, see section 135CR(2).	31
	annual QUF, for a power station, see section 135CM(2).	32

applicant, for part 8, division 1, see section 135IX(a).	1
application, for part 8, division 1, see section 135IX(b).	2
<i>approved auditor</i> means a person who, under part 7, division 1, holds an appointment as an approved auditor.	3 4
approved form means the form approved, under section 135JV, by the regulator.	5 6
assessment, by the regulator, means an assessment by the regulator made under part 5, division 4, subdivision 2.	7 8
auditable person see section 135IO.	9
audit notice see section 135IP(1).	10
auxiliary load, for a power station, see section 135AE.	11
baseline, for an accredited power station, see section 135CV(1).	12 13
baseline customer, of a power station, see section 135AJ.	14
baseline loss factor, for a power station, see section 135CS(3).	15 16
baseline QUF, for a power station, see section 135CN(3).	17
baseline year, for a power station—	18
Generally, the <i>baseline year</i> for a power station is the period mentioned in section 135CY(2).	19 20
2 However, if, under section 135CY(3) or 135CZ(3), the regulator has fixed a sent out or delivered amount by reference to another period, the <i>baseline year</i> for the power station is the other period.	21 22 23 24
civil penalty means the civil penalty imposed under section 135EY.	25 26
complete suspension, of the right to create GECs, see section 135BT(2)(a).	27 28
compromise assessment see section 135FJ(2).	29
dedicated line means an electric line that supplies only 1 end user or only 1 group of interrelated end users.	30 31
default assessment see section 135FH(1).	32

	et method means direct method A or direct method B er section 135CD.	1 2
direc	et supply arrangement see section 135AH.	3
econ	<i>comic operator</i> , of a power station, see section 135AC.	4
elect	ricity load see section 135AI.	5
eligi	ble electricity guidelines see section 135CK.	6
eligi	ble fuel see section 135AD.	7
eligi	ble gas-fired electricity see section 135AA(3)(a).	8
eligi	ble renewable electricity see section 135GR(2).	9
end i	user, of electricity, means any one who uses it.	10
exen	npted load see section 135EM(4)(b).	11
GEC	C see section 135AA(3)(a).	12
GEC	Cregister see section 135JE(1)(b).	13
GEC	Creview see section 135B(1).	14
GEC	Esurrender direction see section 135DQ(2).	15
gene	eral method see section 135CC.	16
	rmation notice, for a decision, means a notice stating of the following—	17 18
(a)	the decision;	19
(b)	reasons for the decision;	20
(c)	all rights of review or appeal under this Act for the decision;	21 22
(d)	the period in which any review or appeal must be started;	23 24
(e)	how the rights of review or appeal must be exercised;	25
(f)	that a stay of a decision the subject of review or appeal under this Act may be applied for under this Act.	26 27
inter	rested person, for an electricity load, see section 135GG.	28
liabl	e load see section 135EM(5).	29
	<i>le load exemption</i> means an exemption granted under 5, division 6 that is in force.	30 31

liable load exemption register see section 135JE(1)(d).	1			
liable person see section 135EM(3).				
liable year, for the 13% liability, see section 135EM(6).	3			
limited suspension see section 135BT(2)(b).	4			
major grid see section 135AF(1).	5			
<i>measurement method</i> , for a power station, see section 135AM(3).	6 7			
nameplate capacity, for a power station, see section 135AB(4).	8 9			
non-liable load see section 135EM(4)(c).	10			
notice means a written notice.	11			
official, for part 8, division 4, see section 135JL.	12			
penalty imposition day, for the 13% liability, see section 135EY(2).	13 14			
power station see section 135AB.	15			
prescribed renewable energy source see section 135GR(1)(a).	16 17			
<i>proponent</i> , for a significant project, means the person who proposes or owns the project.	18 19			
reassessment see section 135FI.	20			
recognised program see section 135GR(1)(b).	21			
referrer see section 135FY(1).	22			
registered owner, of a GEC—	23			
The <i>registered owner</i> , of a GEC, is the person who, under section 135DN or 135DW, is or becomes its registered owner.	24 25 26			
2 However, the person ceases to be the registered owner if, under part 4, division 3, the GEC is cancelled.	27 28			
<i>registration</i> , for a GEC, means registration under section 135DJ.	29 30			
retailer means a person who holds a retail authority.	31			
scheme participant see section 135AA(4).	32			

self-assessment report see section 135FD.	1				
self-assessment report see section 135FD.significant project see section 135GI(1).					
special conditions, for accreditation, section $135AN(4)(a)$.	see 5 6				
standard accreditation conditions see section 133AU(2).	7				
State development exemption see section 135GI(4).	8				
substantive traceable link, to a major grid, section 135AG.	see 9				
<i>surrender application</i> , for a GEC, means an application m under part 4, division 4, subdivision 3.	ade 11 12				
transmission zone see section 135CO(2).	13				
<i>valid</i> , for the creation or purported creation of a GEC, me creation under the requirements of part 4, division 1.	eans 14 15				
vintage year, for a GEC, means the year in which it was	was 16				
registered.	17				
registered.	17				
Part 2 Accreditation Division 1 Applying for and obtaining	17 18 19				
Part 2 Accreditation Division 1 Applying for and obtaining accreditation	18 18 19 20 21 21 22				
Part 2 Accreditation Division 1 Applying for and obtaining accreditation 135AL Who may apply for accreditation (1) The following persons may apply to the regulator to become an accredited generator for a power station or proposed power.	18 19 20 21 ome 22 wer 23				
Part 2 Accreditation Division 1 Applying for and obtaining accreditation 135AL Who may apply for accreditation (1) The following persons may apply to the regulator to become an accredited generator for a power station or proposed postation—	18 19 20 21 0me 22 wer 23 24				

	(b) for a proposed power station—	1		
	(i) a person who proposes to become its economic operator; or	2 3		
	(ii) a person nominated by the proposed economic operator.	4 5		
'(2)	However, only 1 person can be nominated under subsection (1) for the same application.	6 7		
'(3)	If more than 1 person is the economic operator or proposed economic operator—	8 9		
	(a) the application must be made by them jointly; but	10		
	(b) only 1 of them can be the nominated accredited generator.	11 12		
'(4)	A person can not apply for an accreditation that applies for more than 1 power station or proposed power station.	13 14		
'(5)	However, subsection (4) does not prevent the same person holding more than 1 accreditation.	15 16		
'135AM Re	equirements for application	17		
'(1)	The application must—			
	(a) be in the approved form; and	19		
	(b) identify the power station or proposed power station, its location and each of its constituent parts; and	20 21		
	(c) state any relevant transmission zones known to the applicant; and	22 23		
	(d) state the nameplate capacity of the power station or proposed power station; and	24 25		
	(e) state details of the ownership of, and operating arrangements for, the power station or proposed power station; and	26 27 28		
	(f) state details of the fuels used or to be used by the power station or proposed power station; and	29 30		
	(g) give information that will allow the regulator to decide each of the following matters for the power station or proposed power station—	31 32 33		

1

its baseline customers;

(i)

	(i) the baseline for each of the customers; 2	
	(i	i) its annual and baseline loss factors; 3	
	(i	y) its approved measurement points; 4	
		Example of measurement points— 5	
		meters measuring sent out electricity or, if a direct method is used, electricity delivered 7	
	(1)) if the power station or proposed power station 8 generates or uses unmetered electricity—a 9 methodology to estimate the generation or use; and 10	
		ve information that will allow the regulator to decide, ader section 135JA, a method for working out—	
	(i	the amount of electricity sent out from the power station or proposed power station or, if the applicant proposes to apply to use a direct method, delivered to an end user under a direct supply arrangement; or	4 5 6
	(i) an amount incidental to subparagraph (i); and 1	8
	ga	ve information relevant to the working out of eligible 2: s-fired electricity generated by the power station or oposed power station; and 2:	0
	(j) be	e accompanied by—	2
	(i	evidence that, under section 135AL, the applicant is entitled to make the application; and 2	
	(i) the fee prescribed under a regulation. 2	5
'(2)		tters mentioned in subsection (1)(g) are the <i>ancillary</i> 2 for the power station or proposed power station.	
'(3)		nethod mentioned in subsection (1)(h) is the 2 ement method for the power station or proposed 2 tation.	9
135AN De	ciding	application 3	1
'(1)	The rea	gulator must decide whether to grant or refuse the 3 ion.	

(2)	The r	eguia	tor may grant the application only if—	1
	(a)	the re	egulator is satisfied—	2
			the power station or proposed power station generates, or will generate, eligible gas-fired electricity; and	3 4 5
		(ii)	the amount of the eligible gas-fired electricity is, or will be, able to be worked out from time to time; and	6 7 8
	(b)	the re	egulator is able to decide—	9
			the parts of the power station or proposed power station that are relevant to the accreditation; and	10 11
			the ancillary matters for the power station or proposed power station.	12 13
'(3)	transi the d allow	missio lecidii a tra r stati	ver station or proposed power station is not in a control zone under a regulation, the regulator may defer any of the application for a reasonable period to ansmission zone to be prescribed that includes the control or proposed power station, and for the fixing of UFs.	14 15 16 17 18 19
'(4)	If the	regul	ator decides to grant the application—	20
	(a)		regulator may impose conditions (<i>special itions</i>) on the accreditation the regulator considers ssary or desirable; ⁹ and	21 22 23
	(b)	the re	egulator must decide the ancillary matters.	24
	ovisio ver st		or deciding ancillary matters for	25 26
'(1)			on applies if the regulator is deciding the ancillary the power station or proposed power station.	27 28
'(2)	loss	factor	tor need not decide its annual loss factor or baseline if the regulator has, under section 135CD(3), 10 direct method A for working out the eligible	29 30 31

⁹ See also division 3 (Standard accreditation conditions).

¹⁰ Section 135CD (Alternate methods for direct supply arrangement)

		gas-fired electricity generated by the power station or proposed power station.	1 2
	'(3)	Different measurement methods may be approved for different measurement points for the power station or proposed power station.	3 4 5
	'(4)	If the regulator is satisfied arrangements for an approved measurement point comply with any relevant requirements under the Market Code, the regulator must approve the arrangements as the measurement methods for the measurement point.	6 7 8 9 10
135 <i>A</i>	AP Pro	ovisional decision to grant	11
	'(1)	This section applies if the regulator is deciding the application and the regulator is unable to decide whether or not the regulator is satisfied about a matter mentioned in section 135AN(2) ¹¹ (the <i>undecided matter</i>).	12 13 14 15
	'(2)	The regulator may—	16
		(a) defer the deciding of the application; and	17
		(b) give the applicant a notice stating that, subject to being satisfied about the undecided matter as required under section 135AN(2), the regulator will grant the application.	18 19 20 21
	'(3)	If after giving the notice the applicant satisfies the regulator about the undecided matter as required under section 135AN(2), the regulator must grant the application.	22 23 24
	'(4)	However, subsection (3) ceases to apply if, because of a change in circumstances, the regulator is no longer satisfied about another matter mentioned in section 135AN(2).	25 26 27
1354	NO Sta	eps after deciding application	28
. 567	'(1)	If the regulator decides to grant the application, the regulator	29
	(1)	must issue the accreditation as soon as practicable.	30
	'(2)	The accreditation must—	31

¹¹ Section 135AN (Deciding application)

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¹² Division 5, subdivision 3 (Other amendments, cancellation and suspension)

'(2)	The economic operator of the power station may, by notice to the regulator, withdraw the nomination given for the person to become the accredited generator. ¹³		
'(3)	A change in the economic operator of the power station does not, of itself, affect the nomination.	4 5	
'Division	2 Accredited generator's rights	6	
'135AT Rig	ht to create, mortgage and transfer GEC	7	
'(1) An accredited generator has, from when the accredite generator's accreditation takes effect, ¹⁴ the following rights—			
	(a) to create, under part 4,15 GECs for eligible gas-fired electricity generated by the power station on and from the day the accreditation takes effect until—	10 11 12	
	(i) the accreditation is cancelled or surrendered; or	13	
	(ii) the end of 31 December 2019;	14	
	(b) to mortgage or transfer GECs of which the accredited generator is the owner up to and including 31 December 2020. ¹⁶	15 16 17	
'(2)	However—	18	
	(a) the rights are subject to part 4; and	19	
	(b) the right to create GECs is subject to any suspension under division 5, subdivision 3. ¹⁷	20 21	

¹³ See also section 135BU(2)(c) (Conditions for other amendments and for cancellation or suspension by regulator).

¹⁴ For when an accreditation takes effect, see section 135AR (Term of accreditation)

¹⁵ Part 4 (GECs)

For the transfer of GECs by accredited generators or scheme participants see part 4, division 4 (Dealings with GECs).For mortgages of GECS, see section 135DY (Mortgage of GEC).

¹⁷ Division 5, subdivision 3 (Other amendments, cancellation and suspension)

'Division	3 Standard accreditation conditions	1
'135 AU Op	eration of div 3	2
'(1)	This division imposes conditions on each accreditation.	3
'(2)	Conditions imposed under this division are the <i>standard accreditation conditions</i> .	4 5
'(3)	The standard accreditation conditions apply as well as any special conditions stated in the accreditation.	6 7
'(4)	If a standard accreditation condition conflicts with any of the special conditions, the standard accreditation condition prevails to the extent of the inconsistency.	8 9 10
'(5)	As well as imposing a condition, section 135BI¹8 also imposes a penalty for not complying with the conditions.	11 12
'135 AV Ob	ligation to give information when GEC created	13
	'If an accredited generator creates a GEC, the generator must immediately give the regulator the following information—	14 15
	(a) information relevant to the calculation of the eligible gas-fired electricity for which the GEC was created;	16 17
	(b) information that shows the accredited power station's baseline has been exceeded.	18 19
'135AW Ob	oligation to keep documents used for GEC creation	20
	'An accredited generator must, unless the generator has a reasonable excuse, keep all documents the generator uses to work out eligible gas-fired electricity for the creation of a GEC by the generator for 5 years after the creation of the GEC.	21 22 23 24 25

¹⁸ Sections 135BI (Accreditation conditions must not be contravened)

135AX Co	mpli	ance with directions by regulator	1			
	or a	'If an accredited generator is given a GEC surrender direction or a direction under section 135CF or 135JC(2), ¹⁹ the generator must comply with the direction.				
'135AY Co	nditio	on not to improperly create GECs	5			
	'An	accredited generator must comply with section 135DO. ²⁰	6			
'135AZ No	tice t	o regulator of particular matters	7			
		accredited generator must give the regulator notice within usiness days after—	8 9			
	(a)	a change in the economic operator of the power station; or	10 11			
	(b)	a change to the accredited power station that may affect the generation of electricity or the working out of eligible gas-fired electricity generated by the power station; or	12 13 14 15			
	(c)	the happening of an arrangement or circumstance that may, under part 3, division 5, subdivision 4, ²¹ change the baseline for the power station's baseline customers; or	16 17 18			
	(d)	a change in a factor used to work out eligible gas-fired electricity generated by the power station.	19 20			
'135B Per	iodic	GEC reviews	21			
'(1)	end accre of in eligi	of each of the following periods during which the editation is in force, review (a <i>GEC review</i>) the accuracy aformation the accredited generator has used to work out ble gas-fired electricity generated by the power station in year to date—	22 23 24 25 26 27			

¹⁹ Sections 135CF (Directions for working out eligible gas-fired electricity) and 135JC (Decided method must be applied)

²⁰ Section 135DO (Offence of improper creation of GEC)

²¹ Part 3, division 5, subdivision 4 (Changes to baseline)

	(a)	the period notified by the regulator to the accredited generator;	1 2
	(b)	if no period has been notified—each quarter.	3
'(2)		arrying out a GEC review, the accredited generator must ply with the eligible electricity guidelines. ²²	4 5
		ion to take action because of improper of GECs or GEC review	6 7
'(1)	This	section applies if—	8
	(a)	an accredited generator discovers the generator has not complied with section 135DO; ²³ or	9 10
	(b)	the result of a GEC review is that the information an accredited generator has used to work out eligible gas-fired electricity is not accurate.	11 12 13
'(2)	The	generator must take appropriate action—	14
	(a)	to correct the working out of the relevant eligible gas-fired electricity; and	15 16
	(b)	to ensure the generator does not create more than 1 GEC for each MWh of eligible gas-fired electricity; and	17 18
	(c)	if the generator did not comply with section 135DO before carrying out the review—to correct the effect of the failure to comply.	19 20 21
	Exam	aples of appropriate action—	22
	•	when the accredited generator next creates GECs, the generator creates less GECs than the generator is entitled to create, to ensure the entitlement is not exceeded at that time	23 24 25
	•	acquiring enough GECs (either by creation or transfer) to surrender the number of GECs equivalent to the number of GECS the accredited generator created improperly and that have since been transferred to others	26 27 28 29

²² See section 135CK (Guidelines).

Section 135DO (Offence of improper creation of GEC)See also section 135DP (Defence to proceeding for improper creation of GEC).

'(3)	After taking the action, the accredited generator must give the regulator a notice describing the action taken and the reasons for taking it.			
'135BB Ob	oligation to keep GEC review documents	4		
	'An accredited generator must, unless the generator has a reasonable excuse, keep the following documents in relation to a GEC review for 5 years after the end of the year in which the review was carried out—	5 6 7 8		
	(a) documents the generator used to make the GEC review;	9		
	(b) if, because of the review, action was taken under section 135BA—documents showing what the action was and the reasons for taking it.	10 11 12		
'135BC Ac	cess to power station	13		
	'An accredited generator must, on the giving of reasonable notice, allow, or make arrangements that allow, safe access to the accredited power station by an approved auditor, an inspection officer or a person authorised by the regulator to—	14 15 16 17		
	(a) obtain information relevant to the accreditation; or	18		
	(b) monitor compliance with this chapter or the conditions of the accreditation.	19 20		
'135BD Ok	oligation to provide information for annual loss factor	21		
	'An accredited generator must, as soon as practicable after receiving a request from the regulator, give the regulator information the generator has that the regulator reasonably requires to allow the regulator to decide the accredited power station's annual loss factor.	22 23 24 25 26		
'135BE A n	nnual fee and return	27		
'(1)	An accredited generator must, on or before the relevant day in each year during which the accreditation is in force (the <i>current year</i>), give the regulator the following for each power station for which the generator is accredited—	28 29 30 31		

	(a) an annual electricity generation return for the last year, in the approved form;	1 2
	(b) the annual fee for the current year, as prescribed under a regulation.	3 4
'(2)	In this section—	5
	relevant day means—	6
	(a) generally—the last business day in April; or	7
	(b) if the regulator has, by notice to all accredited generators given before the day mentioned in paragraph (a), fixed a later day—the later day.	8 9 10
135BF Ob	oligation to keep documents used to make annual	11 12
	'An accredited generator must, unless the generator has a reasonable excuse, keep all documents the generator uses to make each electricity generation return given under section 135BE for 5 years after the giving of the return.	13 14 15 16
135BG C	onditions imposed under a regulation	17
	'An accredited generator must comply with any conditions of accreditation prescribed under a regulation.	18 19
'135 BH A r	nounts payable under chapter or accreditation	20
	'An accredited generator must pay the regulator all amounts that this chapter or the accreditation requires the accredited generator to pay the regulator.	21 22 23
135BI Ac	creditation conditions must not be contravened	24
	'An accredited generator must comply with the conditions of the accreditation.	25 26
	Maximum penalty—500 penalty units.	27

Division 4		Dealings with accreditation	1
'Subdivi	sion	1 Transfers	2
'135BJ Tra	ınsfe	r only by application	3
'(1)		accreditation may be transferred only under this livision.	4 5
'(2)	-	urported transfer of an accreditation not made under this livision is of no effect.	6 7
'135ВК Ар	plyin	ng for transfer	8
'(1)		accredited generator may apply to the regulator to transfer accreditation.	9 10
'(2)	The	application must—	11
	(a)	be in the approved form; and	12
	(b)	be made by the accredited generator and the proposed transferee; and	13 14
	(c)	state reasons for the proposed transfer; and	15
	(d)	if the accredited generator is not the economic operator of the accredited power station—be accompanied by a written nomination of the proposed transferee by the economic operator; and	16 17 18 19
	(e)	if the proposed transferee is, or proposes to become, the economic operator of the accredited power station—be accompanied by evidence that the transferee is, or will become, the economic operator; and	20 21 22 23
	(f)	be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	24 25
'135BL De	cidin	g transfer application	26
'(1)	The	regulator must decide whether to make or refuse to make ransfer.	27 28

'(2)	If the regulator decides to refuse to make the transfer, the regulator must, as soon as practicable, give the applicants an information notice about the decision.	1 2 3
'(3)	The regulator may impose conditions on giving the approval.	4
'Subdivi	sion 2 Surrenders	5
135BM A _l	oplying to surrender	6
'(1)	An accredited generator may apply to surrender the accreditation.	7 8
'(2)	The application must—	9
	(a) be in the approved form; and	10
	(b) state reasons for the proposed surrender; and	11
	(c) be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	12 13
'135BN De	eciding surrender application	14
'(1)	The regulator must decide whether to approve or refuse the surrender.	15 16
'(2)	The regulator may impose conditions on giving the approval.	17
	Example of a possible condition—	18
	a requirement that the regulator be given a final electricity generation return	19 20
'(3)	If the regulator decides to refuse the surrender or impose a condition on the surrender, the regulator must, as soon as practicable, give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	21 22 23 24
'(4)	Subsection (3) does not apply for a condition that is the same, or is to the same effect, as a condition agreed to or requested by the applicant.	25 26 27

135BO Eff	fect of surrender	1
'(1)	This section applies if the surrender of an accreditation is approved and all conditions of the approval have been	2 3
	complied with.	4
'(2)	The accreditation ceases to have effect.	5
'(3)	If, immediately before this section applies, the former	6
	accredited generator was the registered owner of a GEC, the former accredited generator is taken to be registered under	7 8
	part 6 as a scheme participant immediately after this section	9
	applies.	10
'Division	,	11
	suspension of accreditation	12
'Subdivis	sion 1 Amendment by application	13
'135BP Ap	plying for amendment	14
'(1)	An accredited generator may apply to the regulator to amend the accreditation in a stated way, other than to—	15 16
	(a) amend a condition imposed under division 3; or	17
	(b) add another power station to the accreditation.	18
'(2)	The application must—	19
	(a) be in the approved form; and	20
	(b) state reasons for the proposed amendment; and	21
	(c) be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	22 23
'135BQ De	eciding application	24
'(1)	The regulator must decide to make or refuse to make the amendment.	25 26
'(2)	If the decision is to make the amendment, the regulator must, as soon as practicable, make the amendment to the accreditation and give the applicant notice of the decision.	27 28 29

(3)	If the decision is to refuse to make the amendment, the regulator, must, as soon as practicable, give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	1 2 3
'Subdivi	sion 2 Amendment by regulator without proposed action notice	4 5
	mendments for which proposed action notice not juired	6 7
	'The regulator may amend an accreditation at any time by giving the accredited generator notice of the amendment and recording particulars of the amendment in the register if the amendment—	8 9 10 11
	(a) is to correct a clerical or formal error; or	12
	(b) does not significantly affect the interests of the accredited generator or anyone else and the accredited generator has, in writing, agreed to the amendment.	13 14 15
'Subdivi	sion 3 Other amendments, cancellation and suspension	16 17
'135BS Pa	ertial suspension for non-payment of annual fee	18
'(1)	This section applies if an accredited generator does not pay an annual fee as required under section 135BE.	19 20
'(2)	While the annual fee remains unpaid, the accreditation is suspended.	21 22
'(3)	If the annual fee is paid, the suspension ends.	23
'(4)	The suspension is a complete suspension of the right to create GECs.	24 25
'(5)	Also, until the suspension ends, the accredited generator can not—	26 27
	(a) transfer any GECs; or	28
	(b) accept the transfer of any GECs.	29

'(6)	The suspension does not—	1
	(a) affect the accredited generator's ownership of any GEC the generator owned immediately before the suspension; ²⁴ or	2 3 4
	(b) prevent the accredited generator from making a surrender application for a GEC mentioned in paragraph (a).	5 6 7
'(7)	This section does not limit the regulator's powers under section 135BT.	8 9
'135BT Re	gulator's power to amend, cancel or suspend	10
'(1)	The regulator may, if the conditions under section 135BU have been met, amend or cancel an accreditation or suspend an accredited generator's right, under section 135AT(1)(a), ²⁵ to create GECs.	11 12 13 14
'(2)	The suspension must be one of the following types—	15
	(a) a suspension that has the effect that, until it ends, the accredited generator can not create any GECs for eligible gas-fired electricity generated by the accredited power station during the period of the suspension (a <i>complete suspension</i> of the right to create GECs);	16 17 18 19 20
	(b) a suspension that does not affect the right to, after the suspension ends, create GECs for eligible gas-fired electricity generated by the accredited power station during the period of the suspension, subject to section 135DG (a <i>limited suspension</i> of the right to create GECs). ²⁶	21 22 23 24 25 26
'(3)	A complete or limited suspension of the right to create GECs does not—	27 28

²⁴ See sections 135DN (Ownership of GEC on registration) and 135DW (Ownership of GEC on transfer).

²⁵ Section 135AT (Right to create, mortgage and transfer GECs)

²⁶ Section 135DG (Time limitation on creation right)

	(a)	affect the accredited generator's ownership of any GEC the generator owned immediately before the suspension; ²⁷ or	1 2 3
	(b)	prevent the accredited generator from—	4
		(i) making a surrender application for a GEC mentioned in paragraph (a); or	5 6
		(ii) transferring a GEC mentioned in paragraph (a); or	7
		(iii) accepting a transfer of a GEC.	8
'(4)		omplete or limited suspension is subject to any suspension er section 135BS.	9 10
		ons for other amendments and for ation or suspension by regulator	11 12
'(1)	For	section 135BT(1), the conditions are that—	13
	(a)	the regulator considers the amendment, cancellation or suspension necessary or desirable; and	14 15
	(b)	an event mentioned in subsection (2) has happened; and	16
	(c)	the procedure under sections 135BV to 135BY is followed.	17 18
'(2)		subsection (1)(b), an event is that the accredited erator—	19 20
	(a)	obtained the accreditation because of a materially false or misleading declaration or representation, made orally or in writing; or	21 22 23
	(b)	has not complied with a provision of this chapter or a condition of the accreditation; or	24 25
	(c)	has not complied with a provision of the <i>Trade Practices Act</i> 1974 (Cwlth), part IV, ²⁸ in relation to the accreditation or the creation or transfer of GECs; or	26 27 28
	(d)	has created GECs under the accreditation and—	29

²⁷ See sections 135DN (Ownership of GEC on registration) and 135DW (Ownership of GEC on transfer).

²⁸ Trade Practices Act 1974 (Cwlth), part IV (Restrictive trade practices)

		(i)	_	generator is not the economic operator of the edited power station; and	1 2
		(ii)	eithe	r—	3
			(A)	the generator has not been nominated by the economic operator; or	4 5
			(B)	any nomination of the generator by the economic operator has been withdrawn. ²⁹	6 7
'135BV No	otice o	of pr	opos	ed action	8
'(1)				must give the accredited generator notice he following—	9 10
	(a)			(the <i>proposed action</i>) the regulator proposes der this division;	11 12
	(b)	the g	ground	ds for the proposed action;	13
	(c)		facts inds;	and circumstances that are the basis for the	14 15
	(d)		he pr	oposed action is to amend—the proposed nt;	16 17
	(e)	if th	e prop	oosed action is to suspend—	18
		(i)	the p	roposed suspension period; and	19
		(ii)		her the proposed suspension is a complete or ed suspension of the right to create GECs;	20 21
	(f)	peri	od, w	ecredited generator may make, within a stated ritten submissions to show why the proposed ould not be taken.	22 23 24
'(2)			d perio given.	od must end at least 20 business days after the	25 26
'135BW C	onsid	erin	g sub	missions	27
'(1)	unde	r sec	tion 13	must consider any written submission made 35BV(1)(f) by the accredited generator within d in the notice.	28 29 30

²⁹ See section 135AS (Withdrawal of nomination to be accredited generator).

'(2)	If the regulator at any time decides not to take the proposed action, the regulator must, as soon as practicable, give the accredited generator notice of the decision.			
'135BX De	ecision on proposed action	4		
'(1)	If, after complying with section 135BW, the regulator still believes a ground exists to take the proposed action, the regulator may decide to—	5 6 7		
	(a) if the proposed action was to amend—make the amendment; or	8 9		
	(b) if the proposed action was to suspend for a stated period—suspend for no longer than the proposed suspension period; or	10 11 12		
	(c) if the proposed action was to cancel—	13		
	(i) cancel the accreditation; or	14		
	(ii) suspend it for a stated period.	15		
'(2)	If the regulator decides to suspend the accreditation under subsection $(1)(c)(ii)$, the regulator must decide whether it is a complete or limited suspension.			
'135BY No	tice and taking of effect of proposed action decision	19		
'(1)	The regulator must, as soon as practicable after making a decision under section 135BX, give the accredited generator an information notice about the decision.			
'(2)	The decision takes effect on the later of the following—	23		
	(a) the day the information notice is given;	24		
	(b) a later day of effect stated in the notice.	25		
'(3)	However, if the decision was to amend, cancel or suspend because of a conviction, the amendment, cancellation or suspension—	26 27 28		
	(a) does not take effect until—	29		
	(i) the period to appeal against the conviction ends; and	30 31		

	(ii) if an appeal is made against the conviction—the appeal is finally decided or is otherwise ended; and	1 2
	(b) has no effect if the conviction is quashed on appeal.	3
135BZ Eff	fect of cancellation	4
'(1)	This section applies if an accreditation is cancelled.	5
'(2)	The accreditation ceases to have effect.	6
'(3)	If, immediately before the cancellation, the former accredited generator was the registered owner of a GEC, the former accredited generator is taken to be registered under part 6 as a scheme participant immediately after the cancellation.	7 8 9 10
135C Fin	al return on cancellation	11
	'If the accreditation is cancelled, the former accredited generator must, as soon as practicable, give the regulator an annual electricity generation return under section 135BE(1)(a) for the period from the end of the last year to the day the cancellation took effect.	12 13 14 15 16
	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	17
'Part 3	Eligible gas–fired electricity	18
'Division	3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 -	19
	electricity	20
'Subdivi	sion 1 Preliminary	21
135CA Op	peration of div 1	22
'(1)	This part provides for what is the eligible gas-fired electricity generated by an accredited power station.	23 24

'(2)	If the power station has more than 1 baseline customer, the eligible gas-fired electricity must be worked out separately for each of the customers who have a baseline other than 0.	1 2 3
'(3)	For applying subsection (2), a reference in this division to the power station is taken to be a reference to the power station to the extent it supplies gas-fired electricity to each of its customers.	4 5 6 7
'Subdivis	sion 2 Power stations with nameplate capacity of more than 500 kW	8 9
135 CB Ap	plication of sdiv 2	10
	'This subdivision applies if the power station's nameplate capacity is more than 500 kW.	11 12
135CC Ge	eneral method	13
	'Subject to sections 135CD to 135CF, the eligible gas-fired electricity is worked out using the following formula (the <i>general method</i>)—	14 15 16
	$EE = (SO Gen \times \%EF \times QUF \times LF) - BL$	
	where—	17
	EE is the eligible gas-fired electricity, measured in MWh.	18
	SO Gen is electricity sent out from the power station, less electricity imported into the power station, measured in MWh.	19 20
	%EF is the proportion of electricity generated from an eligible fuel.	21 22
	QUF is the power station's annual QUF.	23
	<i>LF</i> is the power station's annual loss factor.	24
	BL is the baseline for the baseline customer of the power station.	25 26

135CD AI	ternate methods for direct supply arrangement	1		
'(1)	This section applies if a power station sends out electricity to someone else under a direct supply arrangement.	2 3		
'(2)	The accredited generator for the power station, or an applicant for the accreditation, may apply in writing to the regulator for approval to use direct method A or direct method B to work out the eligible gas-fired electricity to the extent it is sent out under the arrangement.			
'(3)	The regulator must decide—	9		
	(a) whether to grant or refuse the approval; and	10		
	(b) if the regulator decides to grant the approval—whether direct method A or direct method B must be used for the working out.	11 12 13		
'(4)	If the regulator grants the approval, the direct method as decided by the regulator must be used to work out the eligible gas-fired electricity to the extent it is sent out under the direct supply arrangement.			
'(5)	If the regulator decides to refuse to grant the approval, the regulator must, as soon as practicable, give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	18 19 20		
'(6)	In this section—	21		
	direct method A means using the formula—	22		
	$EE = (ED \times \%EF \times QUF) - BL$			
	direct method B means using the formula—	23		
	$EE = (ED \times \%EF \times QUF \times LF) - BL$			
	EE means the eligible gas-fired electricity, measured in MWh.	24 25		
	ED means the electricity delivered to the person mentioned in subsection (1), less electricity imported into the power station multiplied by any relevant annual loss factor decided by the regulator, measured in MWh.	26 27 28 29		
	% EF means the proportion of electricity generated from an eligible fuel.	30 31		

	QUF means the power station's annual QUF.	1	
	BL means the baseline for the baseline customer of the power station.	2 3	
	LF means any annual loss factor the regulator decides for the power station.	4 5	
'135CE Ac	djustment for general method if a direct method used	6	
'(1)	This section applies if—	7	
	(a) the regulator has approved the use of a direct method for a direct supply arrangement; and	8 9	
	(b) electricity is sent out from the power station other than under the arrangement.	10 11	
'(2)	The eligible gas-fired electricity sent out from the power station other than under the arrangement must be worked out under the general method.	12 13 14	
'(3)	However, in applying the general method, all amounts of electricity used in the application of the direct method must be deducted from the electricity sent out from the power station.		
135CF Di	rections for working out eligible gas-fired electricity	18	
'(1)	The regulator may give an accredited generator written directions about how to work out any factor used to work out the eligible gas-fired electricity under this subdivision.	19 20 21	
'(2)	In working out the factor, the direction must be complied with. ³⁰	22 23	
'(3)	The directions must be accompanied by or include an information notice about the decision to give the directions.	24 25	
'(4)	Subsection (3) does not apply if the accredited generator has agreed to the working out as required under the direction.	26 27	
'Subdivi		28	
	capacity of 500 kW or less	29	

³⁰ See also section 135AX (Compliance with directions by regulator).

135CG Ap	oplication of sdiv 3	1
	'This subdivision applies if the power station's nameplate capacity is 500 kW or less.	2 3
'135CH Po	wer to prescribe method	4
	'If the baseline for all baseline customers of the power station is 0, a regulation may prescribe what is the eligible gas-fired electricity.	5 6 7
'135Cl Ob	taining approval to use method for working out	8
'(1)	This section applies only if the eligible gas-fired electricity is not prescribed.	9 10
'(2)	The accredited generator for the power station, or an applicant for the accreditation, may apply in writing to the regulator for approval to use a proposed method to work out the eligible gas-fired electricity.	11 12 13 14
'(3)	The proposed method may involve—	15
	(a) the use of averages or estimates; or	16
	(b) the application of annual or baseline loss factors or QUFs for the power station.	17 18
'(4)	The regulator must decide whether to grant or refuse the approval.	19 20
'(5)	The regulator may grant the approval only if satisfied the proposed method is generally consistent with the approach of the general method or, to the extent the proposed method relates to a direct supply arrangement, a direct method.	21 22 23 24
'(6)	If the regulator grants the approval the proposed method must be used to work out the eligible gas-fired electricity.	25 26
'(7)	If the regulator decides to refuse to grant the approval, the regulator must, as soon as practicable, give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	27 28 29

135CJ Me	thods that otherwise apply	1
	'If the eligible gas-fired electricity is not prescribed and no method is approved under section 135CI for the power station, the eligible gas-fired electricity is worked out under subdivision 2 as if the power station's nameplate capacity is more than 500 kW.	2 3 4 5 6
'Division	2 Eligible electricity guidelines	7
'135CK Gu	iidelines	8
	'The regulator may issue guidelines (<i>eligible electricity guidelines</i>) about the data that must be used under division 1 to work out eligible gas-fired electricity. ³¹	9 10 11
'135CL Pu	blication of guidelines	12
'(1)	The regulator must give each accredited generator to whom the eligible electricity guidelines apply a copy of the guidelines.	13 14 15
'(2)	The guidelines do not take effect for an accredited generator to whom they apply until the later of the following days—	16 17
	(a) their day of effect, as stated in the guidelines;	18
	(b) the day the accredited generator's accreditation takes effect.	19 20
'Division	3 Queensland usage factors	21
'135CM Ar	nnual QUFs	22
'(1)	Subject to section 135CP, the regulator must, for each financial year during which a power station is accredited, fix an estimated proportion of electricity sent out from the power	23 24 25

³¹ For the effect of the guidelines for the generators, see sections 135DP (Defence to proceeding for improper creation of GEC) and 135EK(2) (Decision on proposed action).

	station that will be used during that year for the State's electricity load and not the electricity load of any other State.	1 2
'(2)	The estimated proportion is the power station's annual QUF.	3
'(3)	The annual QUF must be fixed by gazette notice.	4
'(4)	Until the notice is gazetted, the last annual QUF fixed for the power station continues to apply.	5 6
135CN Ba	aseline QUFs	7
'(1)	Subject to section 135CP, the regulator must, for each accredited power station, fix the proportion of electricity sent out from the power station that was, during the baseline year, used for the State's electricity load and not the electricity load of any other State.	8 9 10 11 12
'(2)	However, subsection (1) does not apply if, under section 135DA, ³² the power station's baseline is 0 for all of its baseline customers.	13 14 15
'(3)	The proportion is the power station's baseline QUF.	16
'(4)	The baseline QUF must be fixed by gazette notice.	17
'(5)	In fixing the baseline QUF, the regulator must consider relevant data for the baseline year for the power station.	18 19
135CO Tr	ansmission zones	20
'(1)	A regulation may, for the purpose of fixing annual or baseline QUFs, prescribe areas based on electricity grid areas in which incoming and outgoing electricity is predominately transported by high voltage transmission lines that are heavily loaded compared with their capacity.	21 22 23 24 25
'(2)	An area prescribed under subsection (1) is called a <i>transmission zone</i> .	26 27
'(3)	The area may be all of any State or include part of any State.	28

³² Section 135DA (Baseline for other customers)

		stations connected to national grid within ansmission zone	1 2
'(1)	The that-	same annual QUF must be fixed for each power station	3 4
	(a)	supplies electricity into the same transmission grid or supply network within the same transmission zone; and	5 6
	(b)	is directly or indirectly connected to the national grid.	7
'(2)	The that-	same baseline QUF must be fixed for each power station	8 9
	(a)	has the same baseline year; and	10
	(b)	supplies electricity into the same transmission grid or supply network within the same transmission zone; and	11 12
	(c)	is directly or indirectly connected to the national grid.	13
'(3)		ixing the annual and baseline QUF, the regulator must sider each of the following matters—	14 15
	(a)	the electricity generated within the transmission zone;	16
	(b)	the electricity imported into the transmission zone;	17
	(c)	electricity sent out of the transmission zone and the relevant annual or baseline QUFs of the transmission zones to which it is initially sent out;	18 19 20
	(d)	the electricity load and losses within the transmission zone;	21 22
	(e)	whether end users in the transmission zone are located in the State or another State.	23 24
'(4)	regu	onsidering the matters for fixing the annual QUF, the lator must use estimates or forecasts of relevant data for next financial year.	25 26 27
'(5)		vever, the regulator may use data for the previous financial if—	28 29
	(a)	the estimates or forecasts are not available to the regulator; or	30 31
	(b)	the regulator considers the estimates or forecasts are inconsistent with the basis on which the transmission zone was prescribed.	32 33 34

'135CQ QU	IFs may be differential as to time	1
	'In fixing an annual or baseline QUF, the regulator may fix a different proportion for different periods.	2 3
'Division	4 Loss factors	4
'135CR An	nual loss factor	5
'(1)	Subject to section 135AO(2), ³³ the regulator must, for each financial year during which a power station is accredited, fix a factor that represents the power station's estimated contribution during that year to electricity losses in the transmission grid or supply network through which it supplies electricity.	6 7 8 9 10 11
'(2)	The factor is the power station's <i>annual loss factor</i> .	12
' (3)	The annual loss factor for a particular financial year—	13
	(a) must be fixed by an information notice given to the accredited generator; and	14 15
	(b) takes effect on the day of effect stated in the notice, or if it states no day of effect, the day the notice is given.	16 17
'(4)	Until the annual loss factor for a particular financial year takes effect, the last annual loss factor fixed for the power station continues to apply for that year.	18 19 20
135CS Bas	seline loss factor	21
'(1)	The regulator must, for each accredited power station, fix a factor that represents the power station's contribution, during its baseline year, to electricity losses in the transmission grid or supply network through which it supplies electricity.	22 23 24 25
'(2)	However, subsection (1) does not apply if—	26
	(a) under section 135DA, ³⁴ the baseline is 0; or	27

³³ Section 135AO (Provisions for deciding ancillary matters for power station)

³⁴ Section 135DA (Baseline for other customers)

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	(b) under section 135AO(2), ³⁵ the regulator need not work out the baseline loss factor.	1 2
'(3)	The factor is the power station's baseline loss factor.	3
'(4)	The baseline loss factor —	4
	(a) must be fixed by an information notice given to the accredited generator; and	5 6
	(b) takes effect on the day of effect stated in the notice, or if it states no day of effect, the day the notice is given.	7 8
135CT Pr	ovisions for working out loss factors	9
'(1)	If the overall effect of a power station's supply to a transmission grid or supply network is to reduce electricity losses in the grid, its annual or baseline loss factor may be fixed as 1 or more than 1.	10 11 12 13
'(2)	In fixing an annual or baseline loss factor for a power station the regulator may apply a relevant loss factor decided under the Market Code.	
'(3)	If a power station supplies electricity through a transmission grid and a supply network, its annual or baseline loss factor may consist of different components for each grid or network.	17 18 19
135CU P	ublication of loss factors	20
	'If the regulator fixes a loss factor under this division, the regulator must, as soon as practicable, publish the loss factor by gazette notice.	21 22 23

³⁵ Section 135AO (Provisions for deciding ancillary matters for power station)

'Division	Baselines for baseline customers	1
'Subdivi	sion 1 Introduction	2
	hat is a power station's <i>baseline</i> for a baseline stomer	3 4
'(1)	An accredited power station's <i>baseline</i> , for a baseline customer of the power station, is the figure as provided for under this division, that, as at 24 May 2000, represented the power station's annual generation of electricity from eligible fuels delivered to the customer.	5 6 7 8 9
'(2)	The figure must be in MWh.	10
'135CW P	urpose of baseline	11
	'The purpose of the baseline is to ensure only new or additional gas-fired electricity generated after 24 May 2000 can be used to create GECs.	12 13 14
'Subdivi	sion 2 Baseline for existing baseline customers	15 16
'135CX Ap	pplication of sdiv 2	17
'(1)	This subdivision applies for working out the baseline for a baseline customer of an accredited power station, or of a power station the subject of an application for accreditation, to whom the power station supplies electricity generated from eligible fuels under an arrangement that was in force on 24 May 2000.	18 19 20 21 22 23
'(2)	However, the baseline worked out under this subdivision is subject to subdivision 4.36	24 25

³⁶ Subdivision 4 (Changes to baseline)

'135CY Ge	eneral method for working out baseline	1
'(1)	This section applies subject to section 135CZ.	2
'(2)	The regulator must work out an amount (the <i>sent out amount</i>) that fairly represents the amount of electricity the power station generated from eligible fuels and sent the customer during the following period—	3 4 5 6
	(a) generally—the 1999–2000 financial year;	7
	(b) if the power station was commissioned or first started to generate electricity from eligible fuels during the 1999–2000 financial year—its first 12 months of commercial operation.	8 9 10 11
'(3)	However, if the regulator considers the period does not represent the power station's typical annual generation for the customer as at 24 May 2000, the regulator may fix the sent out amount by—	12 13 14 15
	(a) reference to another 12 month period that the regulator considers is more representative of its typical annual generation as at 24 May 2000; or	16 17 18
	(b) extrapolating the average monthly generation from a part of the period that the regulator considers is more representative of its typical annual generation as at 24 May 2000.	19 20 21 22
'(4)	The baseline for the customer is worked out using the following formula—	23 24
	$BL = SO Gen \times \%EF \times QUF^{B} \times LF^{B}$	
	where—	25
	BL is the baseline for the baseline customer.	26
	SO Gen is the electricity sent out from the power station, less electricity imported into the power station, measured in MWh in the baseline year.	27 28 29
	% <i>EF</i> is the proportion of electricity generated from an eligible fuel in the baseline year.	30 31
	QUF^{B} is the power station's baseline QUF.	32
	LF^{B} is the power station's baseline loss factor.	33

'(5)	For subsection (2)(b), a power station was commissioned—	1
	(a) when, under the relevant contract to build the power station, it reached a stage by which the building of the station was, in a practical sense, complete; or	2 3 4
	(b) if there was no stage as mentioned in paragraph (a)—4 months after the power station first sent out electricity.	5 6 7
135CZ A	ternate method for direct supply arrangement	8
'(1)	This section applies if—	9
	(a) the supply to the customer is under a direct supply arrangement; and	10 11
	(b) the accredited generator for the power station, or an applicant for the accreditation, has agreed with the regulator to work out the customer's baseline on the basis of electricity delivered to the customer.	12 13 14 15
'(2)	The regulator must work out an amount (the <i>delivered amount</i>) that fairly represents the amount of electricity the power station generated from eligible fuels and delivered to the customer during the period mentioned in section 135CY(2).	16 17 18 19 20
'(3)	However, if the regulator considers the period does not represent the power station's typical annual delivered amount for the customer as at 24 May 2000, the regulator may fix the delivered amount by—	21 22 23 24
	(a) reference to another 12 month period that the regulator considers is more representative of its typical annual delivery as at 24 May 2000; or	25 26 27
	(b) extrapolating the average monthly generation from a part of the period that the regulator considers is more representative of its typical annual delivery as at 24 May 2000.	28 29 30 31
'(4)	The baseline for the customer is worked out using the following formula—	32 33

	(a) If the regulator has fixed a baseline loss factor for the power station—	1 2
	$BL = ED \times \%EF \times QUF^B \times LF^B$	
	(b) if the regulator has not fixed a baseline loss factor for the power station—	3
	$\mathbf{BL} = \mathbf{ED} \times \% \mathbf{EF} \times \mathbf{QUF}^{B}$	
'(5)	In this section—	5
	BL means the baseline for the baseline customer.	6
	ED means the electricity delivered to the customer, less electricity imported into the power station multiplied by any relevant baseline loss factor decided by the regulator, measured in MWh, in the baseline year.	7 8 9 10
	% <i>EF</i> means the proportion of electricity generated from an eligible fuel in the baseline year.	11 12
	LF^{B} means the power station's baseline loss factor.	13
	QUF^{B} means the power station's baseline QUF.	14
135D Info	ormation notice about decision	15
	'The regulator must give the customer an information notice about the baseline worked out under this subdivision.	16 17
Subdivi	sion 3 Baseline for other baseline customers	18 19
135DA Ba	aseline for other customers	20
'(1)	This section applies if an accredited power station, or a power station the subject of an application for accreditation, sends electricity generated from eligible fuels to a person who was not a baseline customer of the power station on 24 May 2000.	21 22 23 24
'(2)	Subject to subdivision 4, the baseline for the customer is 0.	25

'Subdivi	ision 4 Changes to baseline	1
'135DB Ce	essation of supply	2
'(1)	If a baseline customer of an accredited power station ceases to be a customer of the station, the power station ceases to have a baseline for the customer.	
'(2)	The power station's baselines for its other baseline customers do not change.	6 7
	djustment for customer transfer to another credited power station	8 9
'(1)	This section applies if—	10
	(a) a baseline customer ceases to be a customer of an accredited power station (the <i>first power station</i>); and	11 12
	(b) within 12 months of the cessation, the customer becomes a customer of another accredited power station under a direct supply arrangement that provides for the supply of electricity generated from eligible fuels (the <i>second station</i>).	14 15
'(2)	The second station has a separate baseline for the customer.	18
'(3)	The amount of the separate baseline is the amount of the first station's baseline for the customer immediately before the customer ceased to be a customer of the first station.	
'135DD Ac	djustment for other customer transfers	22
	'If—	23
	(a) a baseline customer (the <i>former customer</i>) ceases to be a customer of an accredited power station; and	24 25
	(b) within 12 months of the cessation, the customer becomes a customer of another customer (the <i>other customer</i>) of the power station, other than NEMMCO;	
	the baseline for the other customer increases by the amount of the power station's baseline for the former customer immediately before the former customer ceased to be a customer of the power station.	30

'Part 4		GECs	1
'Division	1	Creation and registration of GECs	2
135DE Ele	ctric	city required to create GEC	3
	gas-	GEC may be created for each whole MWh of eligible fired electricity, other than auxiliary load for a power on. ³⁷	4 5 6
		tion on creation if certificate created under onding law	7 8
	gas-i	spite section 135DE, a GEC can not be created for eligible fired electricity if any of the following certificates has a created in relation to the generation of the electricity—	9 10 11
	(a)	an abatement certificate under the <i>Electricity Supply Act</i> 1995 (NSW), part 8A; ³⁸	12 13
	(b)	a certificate (however called) under a law of the Commonwealth or another State the purposes of which include the promotion of the reduction of greenhouse gases.	14 15 16 17
'135DG Tin	ne lii	mitation on creation right	18
	elect	GEC may be created only if the month in which the tricity was generated was no more than 12 months before month in which the GEC is created.	19 20 21
'135DH Ho	w a (GEC is created	22
'(1)	A G	EC is created—	23
	(a)	either—	24

³⁷ See also section 135AT (Right to create, mortgage and transfer GECs).

³⁸ Electricity Supply Act 1995 (NSW), part 8A (Reduction of greenhouse gas emissions)

	(i)	by paying the regulator the fee prescribed under a regulation to decide whether the GEC was validly created; or	1 2 3
	(ii)	if, under section 135DL, the regulator decides to make the decision required under section 135DJ, without payment of the prescribed fee; ³⁹ and	4 5 6
		electronically noting in the GEC register, in the way proved by the regulator, the creation of the GEC.	7 8
'(2)	The apprint	roved way must require the giving of the following ion—	9 10
		accreditation code for the accredited generator and ver station;	11 12
		amount of eligible gas-fired electricity generated for ich the GEC was created;	13 14
	` '	period within which the eligible gas-fired electricity s generated.	15 16
'135DI Wh	en GEC t	takes effect	17
		takes effect and continues to be in force only if it has stered by the regulator.	18 19
'135DJ De	ciding or	n validity and registration	20
'(1)	_	alator must, as soon as practicable after a GEC is decide whether it was validly created.	21 22
'(2)	In deciding whether it is practicable for the regulator to make the decision, regard must be had to any need to seek, under section 135IZ, ⁴⁰ information and whether any information sought under the section has been given.		
'(3)		g the decision the regulator may have regard to any eligible electricity guidelines.	27 28

³⁹ Sections 135DL (Power to register GEC without prescribed fee) and 135DJ (Deciding on validity and registration)

⁴⁰ Section 135IZ (Additional information or inspection may be required)

(4)	If the regulator decides the GEC was validly created, the regulator must, as soon as practicable—	1 2
	(a) register the GEC in the GEC register by complying with section 135JG; ⁴¹ and	3 4
	(b) give the accredited generator who created it a notice stating—	5 6
	(i) that the GEC has been registered; and	7
	(ii) the information about the GEC that, under section 135JG, the regulator must record in the GEC register.	8 9 10
'(5)	If the regulator decides the GEC was not validly created, the regulator must, as soon as practicable give the accredited generator an information notice about the decision. ⁴²	11 12 13
'135DK Aւ	utomatic registration	14
'(1)	The regulator may establish a system under which the following are done or made automatically by electronic means—	15 16 17
	(a) the decision under section 135DJ about whether a GEC was validly created;	18 19
	(b) if the decision is that the GEC was validly created—the steps under section 135DJ(4).	20 21
'(2)	However, the use of the automated system may allow a decision that the GEC was validly created only if the information noted under section 135DH on its face shows that the requirements under this chapter for the creation of a GEC have been met.	22 23 24 25 26
'(3)	For chapter 10 and schedule 1,43 a decision made under the automated system is taken to be a decision of the regulator under section 135DJ.	27 28 29

⁴¹ Section 135JG (Required information for GEC register)

⁴² See also section 135JJ(1) (General provisions for register keeping).

Chapter 10 (Review of and appeals against decisions) and schedule 1 (Appeals against administrative decisions)

'135DL Po	wer to register GEC without prescribed fee	1
'(1)	The regulator may decide whether a GEC was validly created even if the prescribed fee under section 135DH(1)(a)(i) has not been paid.	2 3 4
'(2)	If the regulator makes a decision under subsection (1), the regulator may recover the amount of the prescribed fee as a debt.	5 6 7
'135DM Ef	fect of registration	8
	'If a GEC is registered, it is, other than for the following provisions, taken to have been validly created—	9 10
	(a) part 2, division 3;	11
	(b) divisions 2, 3 and 5.44	12
'135DN Ov	wnership of GEC on registration	13
'(1)	If a GEC is registered, the accredited generator that created it becomes its registered owner.	14 15
'(2)	The ownership is subject to—	16
	(a) a mortgage of the GEC created by the accredited generator or to which the accredited generator is a party; and	17 18 19
	(b) a transfer or surrender of the GEC made under division 4.	20 21
'(3)	This section is subject to sections 135DO(4), 135DW and division 5.45	22 23

⁴⁴ Part 2, division 3 (Standard accreditation conditions)

Divisions 2 (Improper creation or receipt of GECs), 3 (Term of GECs) and 5 (Amendment, cancellation and suspension of GECs)

⁴⁵ Sections 135DO (Offence of improper creation of GEC) and 135DW (Ownership of GEC on transfer) and division 5 (Amendment, cancellation and suspension of GECs)

'Division	2 Improper creation or receipt of GECs	1 2
'135DO Of	fence of improper creation of GEC	3
'(1)	A person must not create, or purport to create, a GEC if the person—	4 5
	(a) is not an accredited generator; or	6
	(b) knows that the creation or purported creation of the GEC is not, or would not be, valid.	7 8
	Maximum penalty—750 penalty units or 6 months imprisonment.	9 10
'(2)	A person must not, unless the person has a reasonable excuse—	11 12
	(a) create a GEC if the creation of the GEC is not valid; or	13
	(b) purport to create a GEC the creation of which would not be valid.	14 15
	Maximum penalty—500 penalty units.	16
'(3)	In a proceeding for an offence against subsection (1), if the court is not satisfied the defendant is guilty of the offence charged but is satisfied the defendant is guilty of an offence against subsection (2), the court may find the defendant guilty of the offence against subsection (2). ⁴⁶	
'(4)	In a proceeding for an offence against this section, the fact that the GEC has been registered must be disregarded.	22 23
'135DP De	fence to proceeding for improper creation of GEC	24
	'It is a defence in a proceeding against a person for a failure to comply with section 135DO(1)(b) or (2) for the person to prove that, to the extent they are relevant, the person complied with the eligible electricity guidelines.	25 26 27 28

⁴⁶ See also section 240A (Executive officers must ensure corporation complies with Act).

'135DQ Di	rection to accredited generator to surrender GECs	1	
'(1)	This section applies if an accredited generator has not complied with section 135AY or 135BA and, to the extent they are relevant, the generator did not comply with the eligible electricity guidelines. ⁴⁷	2 3 4 5	
'(2)	The regulator may give the accredited generator a notice (a <i>GEC surrender direction</i>) directing the generator to—	6 7	
	(a) make a surrender application for the number of GECs equivalent to the number of invalidly created GECS; and	8 9	
	(b) if the accredited generator does not own enough GECs to make the application—acquire, by creation or transfer under part 4, enough GECs to do so.	10 11 12	
'(3)	The notice must be accompanied by or include an information notice about the decision to make the direction.	13 14	
'(4)	The accredited generator must comply with the direction.	15	
	Maximum penalty—500 penalty units.	16	
'(5)	The giving of the direction does not limit the regulator's powers under part 2, division 5 or division 5 of this part. ⁴⁸		
'135DR Im	proper receipt of invalidly created GEC	19	
'(1)	A person must not give the regulator a notice accepting the transfer of a GEC if the person knows the GEC was not validly created.	20 21 22	
	Maximum penalty—500 penalty units.	23	
'(2)	A person must not give the regulator a notice accepting the transfer of a GEC if the person ought reasonably to have known that the GEC was not validly created.	24 25 26	
	Maximum penalty—300 penalty units.	27	
'(3)	In a proceeding for an offence against subsection (1), if the court is not satisfied the defendant is guilty of the offence	28 29	

⁴⁷ Sections 135AY (Condition not to improperly create GECs) and 135BA (Obligation to take action because of improper creation of GECs or GEC review)

Part 2, division 5 (Amendment, cancellation and suspension of accreditation) and division 5 (Amendment, cancellation and suspension of GECs)

	charged but is satisfied the defendant is guilty of an offence against subsection (2), the court may find the defendant guilty of the offence against subsection (2). ⁴⁹	1 2 3
'(4)	In a proceeding for an offence against this section, the fact that the GEC has been registered must be disregarded.	4 5
'Division	3 Term of GECs	6
'135DS Au	tomatic expiry	7
	'A GEC expires at the end of the second year after its vintage year.	8 9
	Example—	10
	A GEC registered on 1 May 2006 (2006 vintage) expires at the end of 2008.	11 12
'135DT Su	rrender and cancellation	13
'(1)	A registered GEC ceases to be in force if it is surrendered under division 4, subdivision 3, or cancelled under division 5.	14 15
'(2)	A registered GEC has no force during any period in which it is suspended under division 5.	
'Division	4 Dealings with GECs	18
'Subdivis	sion 1 Transfers	19
'135DU Co	enditions for transfer	20
'(1)	The registered owner of a GEC may transfer the GEC only if—	21 22
	(a) it is in force; and	23
	(b) the transferee is a scheme participant; and	24

⁴⁹ See also section 240A (Executive officers must ensure corporation complies with Act).

	(c) section 135BS(4) or 135ID(4) ⁵⁰ does not prevent the registered owner from transferring the GEC.	1 2			
'(2)	A purported transfer of a GEC that does not comply with subsection (1) is of no effect.				
'135DV No	tice and taking effect of transfer	5			
'(1)	A person who transfers a GEC must immediately give the regulator notice (a <i>transfer notice</i>) of the transfer.	6 7			
'(2)	The transfer notice must—	8			
	(a) state the names of the transferor and transferee; and	9			
	(b) identify the GEC; and	10			
	(c) be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	11 12			
'(3)	The transfer does not take effect until—	13			
	(a) the transfer notice has been given; and	14			
	(b) the transferee has given the regulator notice stating that the transferee accepts the transfer. ⁵¹	15 16			
'135DW O	wnership of GEC on transfer	17			
'(1)	When the transfer of a GEC takes effect, the transferee becomes its registered owner. ⁵²	18 19			
'(2)	Subsection (1) applies even if the person who created, or purported to create the GEC, was not entitled to create it under this chapter.				
'(3)	The ownership—	23			
	(a) is taken to be absolute and free of any other legal or equitable interest, or purported legal or equitable interest, in the GEC; but	24 25 26			

⁵⁰ Section 135BS and 135ID (Partial suspension for non-payment of annual fee)

⁵¹ See however section 135DR (Improper receipt of invalidly created GEC).

For the requirement to record the transfer in the GEC register, see section 135JJ (General provisions for register keeping).

⁵² See also section 135JJ(3) and (4) (General provisions for register keeping).

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	(b)	is subject to—	1
		(i) a mortgage of the GEC created by the transfer to which the transferree is a party; and	ee or 2
		(ii) an equity arising from the act of the regis owner; and	tered 4 5
		(iii) a transfer or surrender of the GEC made unde division.	r this 6
'(4)	Subs	section (3)(a) applies—	8
	(a)	even if the transferee had actual or constructive noti the interest or purported interest; and	ce of 9 10
	(b)	whether or not valuable consideration has been give the transfer.	n for 11 12
'(5)		sections (1) to (3) do not apply if there has been frautransferee in relation to the transfer or the registration	•
'(6)	This	s section applies subject to division 5.53	15
ʻ135DX Ma	arket	operating rules and arrangements	16
	'A re	egulation may—	17
	(a)	make rules for the operation of services or systems relate to the selling and buying of GECs; or	s that 18 19
	(b)	provide for arrangements that apply to persons provide or use the services or systems; or	who 20 21
	(c)	impose stated terms on the arrangements; or	22
	(d)	provide for the legal effect or enforcement of the to including, for example by dispute resolution, arbitr or court proceedings.	

⁵³ Division 5 (Amendment, cancellation and suspension of GECs)

'Subdivi	sion 2 Mortgages	1
'135DY Mo	ortgage of GEC	2
	'The registered owner of a GEC may mortgage it without the approval of, or notice to, the regulator.	3 4
'135DZ No	otice of intention to exercise powers under mortgage	5
'(1)	This section applies if a registered owner of a GEC has mortgaged it and the owner has defaulted under the mortgage.	6 7
'(2)	The mortgagee may exercise its powers under the mortgage only if the mortgagee has given the regulator notice of the mortgagee's intention to exercise powers under the mortgage that relate to the GEC.	8 9 10 11
'(3)	Any purported exercise of a power under the mortgage relating to the GEC that does not comply with subsection (2) is of no effect.	12 13 14
135E Co	nsequence of exercising powers under mortgage	15
	'If a mortgagee under a mortgage over a GEC exercises any power under the mortgage relating to the GEC, this chapter applies to the mortgagee as if the mortgagee were the registered owner of the GEC.	16 17 18 19
'Subdivi	sion 3 Surrenders	20
'135EA Su	ırrender only by approval	21
	'A GEC is surrendered only if an application to surrender the GEC has been made under this subdivision and the regulator has accepted the surrender.	22 23 24
'135EB WI	ho may apply for surrender	25
'(1)	The owner of a GEC may apply to surrender it.	26

'(2)	The accredited generator who creates a GEC may, when the generator creates the GEC, apply to surrender it. ⁵⁴	1 2
135EC Ma	aking surrender application	3
'(1)	The application must be made by—	4
	(a) paying the regulator the fee prescribed under a regulation to decide whether to accept the surrender; and	5 6
	(b) electronically noting in the GEC register, in the way approved by the regulator, an application to surrender the GEC.	7 8 9
'(2)	The application must state the purpose of the proposed surrender.	10 11
	Examples—	12
	• to meet all or part of the 13% liability	13
	• to comply with section 135BA(2)(c) ⁵⁵	14
	• to comply with a GEC surrender direction	15
'135ED Po	wer to accept application without prescribed fee	16
'(1)	Despite section 135EC, the regulator may decide to accept the application and decide it even if the application is not accompanied by the prescribed fee required under the section.	17 18 19
'(2)	If the regulator decides the application under subsection (1), the regulator may recover the amount of the prescribed fee as a debt.	20 21 22
'135EE De	ciding surrender application	23
'(1)	The regulator may accept the surrender only if the GEC is in force or was in force when the surrender application was made. ⁵⁶	24 25 26

⁵⁴ See section 135DH (How a GEC is created).

⁵⁵ Section 135BA (Obligation to take action because of improper creation of GECs or GEC review)

⁵⁶ See section 135DI (When GEC takes effect).

(2)	Subs	section (3) applies if—	1
	(a)	the purpose of the application is a purpose mentioned in the examples for section 135EC; and	2 3
	(b)	the regulator considers the applicant has applied to surrender too many GECs to achieve that purpose.	4 5
'(3)		regulator may accept the proposed surrender to the extent led to achieve the purpose and—	6 7
	(a)	refuse to accept the rest of the proposed surrender; or	8
	(b)	defer the deciding of the rest of the application for an appropriate period.	9 10
'(4)	surre	he regulator decides not to accept all or part of the ender the regulator must, as soon as practicable, give the icant an information notice about the decision.	11 12 13
	_	Amondanant agreelletien and	4.4
Division	15	Amendment, cancellation and suspension of GECs	14 15
Division Subdivi		suspension of GECs	
Subdivi	sion	suspension of GECs	15
Subdivi	sion plica	suspension of GECs 1 Preliminary	15 16
Subdivi	sion plica	suspension of GECs 1 Preliminary Ition of div 5	15 16
Subdivi	sion plica	suspension of GECs 1 Preliminary Ition of div 5 It division applies if—	15 16 17 18
Subdivi	plica This	suspension of GECs 1 Preliminary Ition of div 5 It division applies if— a GEC is registered; and because of information the regulator receives after the registration of the GEC, the regulator reasonably	15 16 17 18 19 20 21
Subdivi	sion plica This (a) (b)	suspension of GECs 1 Preliminary Ition of div 5 Idivision applies if— a GEC is registered; and because of information the regulator receives after the registration of the GEC, the regulator reasonably believes it was not validly created; and	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

'(2)	Also, if an accredited generator has not complied with a GEC surrender direction, this division applies for each GEC of which the generator is the registered owner up to the number of GECs that the direction required the generator to apply to surrender.	1 2 3 4 5
'(3)	This division also applies if the registered owner of a GEC gives the regulator notice asking the regulator to cancel the GEC.	6 7 8
'Subdivi	sion 2 Immediate suspension	9
'135 EG Im	nmediate suspension	10
'(1)	The regulator may, by notice to the registered owner, immediately suspend the GEC if the regulator reasonably suspects the owner may attempt to transfer the GEC.	11 12 13
'(2)	The notice must—	14
	(a) identify the GEC; and	15
	(b) state each of the following—	16
	(i) that the GEC is suspended immediately;	17
	(ii) that the regulator believes the GEC was not validly created;	18 19
	(iii) the facts and circumstances forming the basis for the belief;	20 21
	(iv) the suspension period;	22
	(v) that the registered owner may make written submissions to the regulator to show why the suspension should end; and	23 24 25
	(c) include, or be accompanied by, an information notice about the decisions to give the notice and to fix the suspension period.	26 27 28
'(3)	The suspension period must not be more than 40 business days.	29 30
'(4)	The suspension has effect immediately after the registered owner is given the suspension notice.	31 32

'(5)	This section does not limit the power to suspend under subdivision 3.	1 2
'(6)	Section 216 ⁵⁷ does not apply to a decision under this section.	3
'Subdivi	sion 3 Amendment, cancellation or suspension (other than immediate suspension)	4 5 6
'135EH Po	wer to amend, cancel or suspend	7
'(1)	If the registered owner of the GEC has given the regulator notice asking the regulator to cancel the GEC, the regulator may cancel it.	8 9 10
'(2)	Otherwise, the regulator may amend, cancel or suspend the GEC only by following the procedure under this subdivision.	11 12
'(3)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that if the accredited generator has not complied with a GEC surrender direction, the cancellation may be made for any GEC.	13 14 15
'(4)	However, the regulator may cancel a GEC with a different vintage year to the relevant vintage year only if the generator has no GECs of the relevant vintage year other than GECs that the regulator proposes to cancel under this subdivision.	16 17 18 19
'(5)	In this section—	20
	<i>relevant vintage year</i> means the vintage year for the GECs that the direction required the generator to apply to surrender.	21 22
'135EI No	tice of proposed action	23
'(1)	The regulator must give the registered owner notice stating each of the following—	24 25
	(a) the action (the <i>proposed action</i>) the regulator proposes to take under this division;	26 27
	(b) that the regulator believes the GEC was not validly created;	28 29

⁵⁷ Section 216 (Stay of operation of decision etc.)

	(c) the facts and circumstances forming the basis for the belief;	1 2
	(d) if the proposed action is to amend—the proposed amendment;	3
	(e) if the proposed action is to suspend—the proposed suspension period;	5 6
	(f) that the registered owner may make, within a stated period, written submissions to show why the proposed action should not be taken.	7 8 9
'(2)	The stated period must end at least 20 business days after the notice is given.	10 11
135EJ Co	nsidering submissions	12
'(1)	The regulator must consider any written submission made under section 135EI(1)(f) by the registered owner within the period stated in the notice.	13 14 15
'(2)	If the regulator at any time decides not to take the proposed action, the regulator must, as soon as practicable, give the registered owner notice of the decision.	16 17 18
'135EK De	ecision on proposed action	19
'(1)	If, after complying with section 135EJ, the regulator still believes the GEC was not validly created, the regulator may decide to—	20 21 22
	(a) if the proposed action was to amend—make the amendment; or	23 24
	(b) if the proposed action was to suspend for a stated period—suspend for no longer than the proposed suspension period; or	25 26 27
	(c) if the proposed action was to cancel—	28
	(i) cancel the GEC; or	29
	(ii) suspend it for a stated period.	30
'(2)	However, the regulator can not take the proposed action if the regulator is satisfied that, to the extent they are relevant, the	31 32

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	person who created the GEC complied with the eligible electricity guidelines.	1 2
'(3)	Section 216 ⁵⁸ does not apply to a decision to suspend under this section.	3 4
'135EL No	tice and taking of effect of proposed action decision	5
'(1)	The regulator must, as soon as practicable after making a decision under section 135EK, give the registered owner an information notice about the decision.	6 7 8
'(2)	The decision takes effect on the later of the following—	9
	(a) the day the information notice is given;	10
	(b) a later day of effect stated in the notice.	11
'(3)	However, if the decision was to amend or cancel because of a conviction, the amendment or cancellation—	12 13
	(a) does not take effect until—	14
	(i) the period to appeal against the conviction ends; and	15 16
	(ii) if an appeal is made against the conviction—the appeal is finally decided or is otherwise ended; and	17 18
	(b) has no effect if the conviction is quashed on appeal.	19
'(4)	Also, if the decision was to suspend because of a conviction, the suspension ends if the conviction is quashed on appeal.	20 21

'Part 5	13% liability	1
'Division	1 Preliminary	2
'135EM Sir	mplified explanation of pt 5	3
'(1)	Sections 135EP and 135ET impose an annual liability (the 13% liability) on particular persons who sell or use electricity loads to surrender GECs to the regulator.	4 5 6
'(2)	The liability only applies to—	7
	(a) particular persons who have a relationship with a major grid; or	8 9
	(b) an accredited generator for a power station connected to a small grid.	10 11
'(3)	The liability only attaches to 1 person, the <i>liable person</i> , as provided for in section 135ES and division 5.59	12 13
'(4)	The liability under subsection (2)(a) applies to all electricity loads, other than any of the following loads—	14 15
	(a) a load for which, under division 5, there is no liable person;	16 17
	(b) a load (an <i>exempted load</i>) the subject of a liable load exemption; ⁶⁰	18 19
	(c) a load that, under division 7, is not a liable load (a <i>non-liable load</i>).	20 21
'(5)	An electricity load to which the liability applies as mentioned in subsection (4) is called a <i>liable load</i> .	22 23
'(6)	The relevant year to which the 13% liability attaches is the <i>liable year</i> for that liability.	24 25

⁵⁹ Section 135ES (Liable persons) and division 5 (Liable persons in relation to major grids)

⁶⁰ See division 6 (Exempted loads).

'Division	2	The 13% liability	1
'Subdivis	sion 1	Imposition of 13% liability in relation to major grids	2 3
'135EN Ap	plication	of sdiv 1	4
	liable per	division applies, subject to section 135EM(4), to a rson for a liable load, other than an accredited for a power station connected to a small grid.	5 6 7
'135EO Lia	able perso	on	8
	'Division load.	5 provides for who is the liable person for the liable	9 10
'135EP Lia	bility		11
'(1)		e person has, for each year from 2005, an annual of the regulator that equates to—	12 13
	fuels was liabl	the person's liable loads generated from eligible is supplied under a direct supply arrangement that in force on 24 May 2000—13% of the total of the le loads, in MWh, above the baseline fixed for the load is supplied; and	14 15 16 17 18
		the person's other liable loads—13% of the total of iable loads, in MWh.	19 20
'(2)	of MWhs	ction (1), if 13% of the total liable loads is a number that ends in a fraction, the number is taken to be the mber of MWhs, disregarding the fraction.	21 22 23
'135EQ Ho	w and wh	en liability must be met	24
'(1)		liability must be met by surrendering, under part 4, subdivision 3, the number (the <i>required number</i>)	25 26

	of GECs that equates to 13% of the person's liable load for the liable year. ⁶¹	1 2
'(2)	The surrenders must be made on or before the final surrender day for the next year after the liable year.	3
'(3)	However, the 13% liability is taken to be complied with if—	5
	(a) the liable person has, on or before the final surrender day made a surrender application for GECs; and	6 7
	(b) should the surrenders be accepted, the required number of GECs are surrendered.	8 9
'(4)	In this section—	10
	final surrender day means—	11
	(a) generally—the last business day in April; or	12
	(b) if the regulator has, by notice given to the liable person, fixed a day between the last business day in April and the next penalty imposition day—that fixed day.	13 14 15
'Subdivi	sion 2 Imposition of 13% liability in relation to small grids	16 17
'135ER Ap	plication of sdiv 2	18
	'This subdivision applies for a power station connected to a	19
	small grid.	20
ʻ135ES Lia		
'135ES Lia	the person 'If there is an accredited generator for the power station and the generator creates GECs, the generator is the liable person.	21 22 23
	able person 'If there is an accredited generator for the power station and	21 22

⁶¹ See however section 135FO (Credit to future 13% liability for over surrender).

	year	Cs created by the person and registered during the liable	1 2
'(2)		surrenders must be made on or before the final surrender for the next year after the liable year.	3 4
'(3)	How	vever, the 13% liability is taken to be complied with if—	5
	(a)	the liable person has, on or before the final surrender day made a surrender application for GECs; and	6 7
	(b)	should the surrenders be accepted, the required number of GECs are surrendered.	8 9
'(4)	In th	is section—	10
	final	surrender day means—	11
	(a)	generally—the last business day in April; or	12
	(b)	if the regulator has, by notice given to the liable person, fixed a day between the last business day in April and the next penalty imposition day—that fixed day.	13 14 15
'Subdivi	sion	3 General provisions for 13% liability	16
		3 General provisions for 13% liability hat can not be used to meet 13% liability	16 17
	ECs tl 'In d		
	ECs tl 'In d	hat can not be used to meet 13% liability deciding whether the 13% liability has been met for a e year the surrender of a GEC must be disregarded if the	17 18 19
	ECs the 'In or liable surre	hat can not be used to meet 13% liability deciding whether the 13% liability has been met for a e year the surrender of a GEC must be disregarded if the ender is—	17 18 19 20
'135EU GI	'In classification (a) (b)	hat can not be used to meet 13% liability deciding whether the 13% liability has been met for a e year the surrender of a GEC must be disregarded if the ender is— to comply with section 135BA; ⁶³ or	17 18 19 20 21

⁶² See however section 135FO (Credit to future 13% liability for over surrender).

⁶³ Section 135BA (Obligation to take action because of improper creation of GECs or GEC review)

'135EW O l	oligation to keep documents relating to 13% liability	1
'(1)	The liable person must, unless the person has a reasonable excuse, keep during the relevant period all documents that will allow the person's 13% liability for a liable year to be worked out.	2 3 4 5
	Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	6
'(2)	In this section—	7
	<i>relevant period</i> means the period that ends 5 years after the giving of a self-assessment report for the 13% liability.	8 9
'Division	Civil penalty for not meeting 13% liability	10 11
'135EX Ap	plication of div 3	12
	'This division applies if a liable person does not meet the 13% liability for any liable year.	13 14
135EY lm	position of civil penalty for not meeting 13% liability	15
'(1)	Subject to section 135EZ, the liable person must, on the later of the following days, pay the regulator a civil penalty—	16 17
	(a) the next 30 June after the 13% liability was not met;	18
	(b) if the regulator has, by notice given to the liable person before the next 30 June, fixed a later day—the later day.	19 20
'(2)	The day mentioned in subsection (1) is the <i>penalty imposition day</i> for the 13% liability.	21 22
'(3)	If the liable person meets the 13% liability before the penalty imposition day, the obligation to pay the civil penalty ends.	23 24
'(4)	If the liable person does not meet the 13% liability before the penalty imposition day, the obligation to pay the penalty applies whether or not the liable person later meets the liability.	25 26 27 28
'(5)	However, if the penalty is paid the 13% liability for the liable year ends.	29 30

(Subsection (5) is subject to any assessment, under division 4,64 that increases the amount of the penalty or the 13% liability.	1 2 3			
	mption to allow for meter data revisions or stments	4 5			
] i	Despite the liable person not having met all of the 13% liability for a particular liable year before the penalty imposition day for the 13% liability, the obligation to pay the civil penalty ends if—	6 7 8 9			
	(a) the person has given the regulator a self-assessment report for that year; and	10 11			
((b) the person gives the regulator evidence that the failure to meet the 13% liability was because of meter data revisions or adjustments that were not available to the person when the report was given; and				
((c) before the penalty imposition day the person met the 13% liability other than to the extent it relates to the revisions or adjustments; and				
((d) the person meets all of the 13% liability on or before the next final surrender day under—	19 20			
	(i) if division 2, subdivision 1 applies—section 135EQ; or	21 22			
	(ii) if division 2, subdivision 2 applies—section 135ET. ⁶⁵	23 24			
'135F Amo	ount of civil penalty	25			
	'The amount of the civil penalty is worked out using the following formula—	26 27			
]	$P = (13\% LL - GECs surrendered) \times SC$				

⁶⁴ Division 4 (Assessments)

Division 2, subdivisions 1 (Imposition of 13% liability in relation to major grids) and 2 (Imposition of 13% liability in relation to small grids)
 Sections 135EQ and 135ET (How and when liability must be met)

	whe	re—	1			
	P is	the amount of the penalty.	2			
		LL is 13% of the liable load, in MWh, for which the 13% dlity was imposed.	3 4			
	GEO	Cs surrendered is the total number of—	5			
	(a)	GECs surrendered to meet the 13% liability for the liable year; and	6 7			
	(b)	GECs the subject of a surrender application under section 135EQ(3) or 135ET(3).66	8 9			
		is the amount of the shortfall charge for the liable year, as d under section 135FA.	10 11			
135 FA Sh	ortfa	II charge	12			
'(1)		For section 135F, the amount of the shortfall charge is the following—				
	(a)	for 2005—\$11;	15			
	(b)	for 2006—\$11, CPI indexed;	16			
	(c)	for 2007—the shortfall charge for 2006, CPI indexed;	17			
	(d)	for 2008—the shortfall charge for 2007, CPI indexed;	18			
	(e)	for 2009—the shortfall charge for 2008, CPI indexed;	19			
	(f)	for 2010—the shortfall charge for 2009, CPI indexed;	20			
	(g)	for 2011—the shortfall charge for 2010, CPI indexed;	21			
	(h)	for 2012 to 2019—the shortfall charge for 2011.	22			
'(2)	an a	wever, if the amount provided for under subsection (1) is mount that is or includes a fraction of a dollar, the amount ken to be the amount that is the nearest 5c, rounded up.	23 24 25			
'(3)	In this section—					
	CPI	means—	27			
	(a)	the all groups index for Brisbane published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics; or	28 29			

⁶⁶ Section 135EQ or 135ET (How and when liability must be met)

	(b) if the index ceases to be published, another similar index prescribed under a regulation.	1 2
	<i>CPI indexed</i> , for a stated year, means the addition of an amount that equates to the percentage increase in the CPI from the December quarter for the previous year and the December quarter for the stated year.	3 4 5 6
135FB Int	erest on unpaid civil penalty	7
'(1)	The liable person must pay interest on an amount owing for the civil penalty unpaid from time to time.	8 9
'(2)	Interest accrues daily at the rate of 10% a year on the unpaid amount on and from the day after it is owing until it is paid in full.	10 11 12
'(3)	The regulator may waive payment of the interest.	13
'(4)	The liability to pay the amount waived is extinguished.	14
135FC Re	covery of unpaid civil penalty and interest	15
'(1)	If the liable person does not pay an amount owing under this division, the State may recover the amount from the person as a debt.	16 17 18
'(2)	Despite the <i>Limitation of Actions Act 1974</i> , section 10(5), ⁶⁷ the proceeding may be started within 6 years after the penalty imposition day for the relevant 13% liability.	19 20 21
'Division	4 Assessments	22
'Subdivi	sion 1 Self-assessment	23
'135FD Se	If-assessment report	24
'(1)	Each liable person must, on or before the report day in each year from 2006, give the regulator a report (a <i>self-assessment</i>	25 26

Limitation of Actions Act 1974, section 10 (Actions of contract and tort and certain other actions)

	report) that complies with subsection (2) about the person's 13% liability for the previous year.	1 2		
	Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	3		
'(2)	The report must—	4		
	(a) be in the approved form; and	5		
	(b) for an accredited generator for a power station connected to a small grid—state how many registered GECs the person created during the previous year; and	6 7 8		
	(c) for a liable person other than an accredited generator for a power station connected to a small grid—give all information needed to work out the person's liable load for the previous year, including, for example, any electricity loads the person claims were exempt or non-liable loads; and	9 10 11 12 13 14		
	(d) the liable person's 13% liability for the previous year, as worked out by the person; and	15 16		
	(e) state how many GECs the person has surrendered to meet the 13% liability. ⁶⁸	17 18		
'(3)	In this section—	19		
	report day means—	20		
	(a) generally—the last business day in April; or	21		
	(b) if the regulator has, by notice given to the liable person before the day mentioned in paragraph (a), fixed a later day—the later day.	22 23 24		
'135FE De	erivative use immunity for self-assessment report	25		
'(1)	It is not a defence to a proceeding for an offence against section 135FD(1) that the giving of the report or information it contains might tend to incriminate the liable person.	26 27 28		
'(2)	However, if the liable person is an individual evidence of, or evidence directly or indirectly derived from, the report or information it contains that might tend to incriminate the			

⁶⁸ See also section 135JS (Additional information about reports and other matters).

	liable person is not admissible in evidence against the person in a civil or criminal proceeding, other than a proceeding—	1 2
	(a) for an offence for which the falsity or misleading nature of the answer is relevant; or	3 4
	(b) to recover an amount under section 135FC. ⁶⁹	5
	ligation to keep documents used to ke self-assessment report	6 7
	'If a liable person gives the regulator a self-assessment report, the person must, unless the person has a reasonable excuse, keep all documents the person used to make the report for 5 years after the giving of the report.	8 9 10 11
	Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	12
'Subdivi	sion 2 Assessments by regulator	13
'135FG Pւ	rpose of sdiv 2	14
'(1)	This subdivision gives the regulator power to make assessments of the 13% liability and any civil penalty for not meeting it.	15 16 17
'(2)	Subdivision 4 provides for the evidentiary effect of the assessments in proceedings relating to the liability or the penalty.	18 19 20
'135FH De	fault assessment	21
'(1)	If a liable person has not given the regulator a self-assessment report as required under section 135FD, the regulator may make an assessment (a <i>default assessment</i>) for the following that the regulator reasonably believes is outstanding—	22 23 24 25
	(a) the 13% liability for the year for which the report ought to have been given;	26 27

⁶⁹ Section 135FC (Recovery of unpaid civil penalty and interest)

	(b) if the penalty imposition day for the 13% liability has passed—the civil penalty for not meeting the 13% liability.	1 2 3	
'(2)	A default assessment must state—	4	
	(a) the amount of the 13% liability or civil penalty; and	5	
	(b) when, under section 135EY, the civil penalty became payable; and	6 7	
	(c) any interest payable, under section 135FB, on the civil penalty. ⁷⁰	8 9	
135FI Rea	assessment	10	
	'If the regulator is not satisfied about the accuracy or completeness of a self-assessment report the regulator may make an assessment (a <i>reassessment</i>) for the following that the regulator reasonably believes is outstanding—	11 12 13 14	
	(a) the 13% liability for the year for which the report was given;	15 16	
	(b) if the penalty imposition day for the 13% liability has passed—the civil penalty for not meeting the 13% liability.	17 18 19	
'135FJ Co	mpromise assessment	20	
'(1)	This section applies if, because of a complexity or uncertainty or for another reason, it is difficult or impracticable for the liable person or the regulator to properly work out the amount of the liable person's 13% liability for any year.		
'(2)	The regulator may, under a written agreement with the liable person, make an assessment (a <i>compromise assessment</i>) of the 13% liability.	25 26 27	
'(3)	A compromise assessment must also state—	28	

⁷⁰ Sections 135EY (Imposition of civil penalty for not meeting 13% liability) and 135FB (Interest on unpaid civil penalty)

	(a) if the penalty imposition day for the 13% liability has passed—the amount of the civil penalty for not meeting the 13% liability; and	1 2 3
	(b) when, under section 135EY, the civil penalty became payable; and	4 5
	(c) any interest payable, under section 135FB, on the civil penalty.	6 7
'(4)	Nothing in this part requires the regulator to make a compromise assessment for a liable person.	8 9
'135FK An	nended assessment	10
'(1)	The regulator may amend a default assessment, reassessment or compromise assessment in any way the regulator considers is reasonably necessary to correct the relevant 13% liability or civil penalty.	11 12 13 14
'(2)	An amendment under subsection (1) is called an <i>amended</i> assessment.	15 16
'(3)	An amended assessment must state—	17
	(a) the 13% liability or the amount of the civil penalty; and	18
	(b) for the civil penalty—	19
	(i) when, under section 135EY, it became payable; and	20 21
	(ii) any interest payable on it under section 135FB.	22
'(4)	However, a compromise assessment may be amended only—	23
	(a) with the written agreement of the relevant liable person; or	24 25
	(b) if the regulator reasonably believes the compromise was agreed to by the regulator because of fraud or a false or misleading statement; or	26 27 28
	(c) if, when the compromise was made, the regulator was unaware of information material to the making of the compromise.	29 30 31

135FL As	sessments made on available relevant information	1
	'The regulator may make an assessment on the available information the regulator considers relevant.	2 3
'135FM No	otice of assessment and when it takes effect	4
'(1)	As soon as practicable after making an assessment, the regulator must give the relevant liable person notice of the assessment.	5 6 7
'(2)	The assessment takes effect on the later of the following—	8
	(a) the day the notice is given;	9
	(b) a later day of effect stated in the notice.	10
'(3)	If the assessment is an assessment other than a compromise assessment, the notice must include or be accompanied by an information notice about the decision to make the assessment.	11 12 13
'135FN Tir	me for assessment by regulator	14
	'An assessment by the regulator may be made only within 5 years after the final surrender day under section 135EQ or 135ET for the relevant 13% liability. ⁷¹	15 16 17
'Subdivi	sion 3 Credits and refunds	18
'135FO Cr	edit to future 13% liability for over surrender	19
'(1)	This section applies if—	20
	(a) under an amended assessment, compromise assessment or reassessment, a liable person's 13% liability for a year is decreased; and	21 22 23
	(b) the liable person has, for that year, surrendered more than the number of GECs that the assessment states was required to meet the liability.	24 25 26

⁷¹ Section 135EQ or 135ET (How and when liability must be met)

'(2)	The amount of the over surrender is taken to have been made for the next year or years for which the liable person must meet the 13% liability.	1 2 3			
'(3)	Subsection (2) is subject to section 135DS. ⁷²				
'135FP Re	gulator to refund overpaid civil penalty and interest	5			
'(1)	An entitlement to a refund of an amount paid for the civil penalty and interest on the penalty arises if, under an amended assessment, compromise assessment or reassessment, a liable person's liability for the civil penalty is decreased.	6 7 8 9			
'(2)	The regulator must refund the overpaid amount.	10			
'(3)	The liable person is not entitled to—	11			
	(a) a refund of any civil penalty or interest on the penalty paid, or purportedly paid, other than under this section; or	12 13 14			
	(b) interest on the overpaid amount.	15			
'Subdivi	sion 4 Evidentiary provisions for assessments	16 17			
'135FQ Ev	ridentiary provisions	18			
'(1)	This section applies to any proceeding under or in relation to this chapter.	19 20			
'(2)	Production of a document signed by the regulator purporting to be a copy of an assessment by the regulator—	21 22			
	(a) is conclusive evidence of the proper making of the assessment; and	23 24			
	(b) for a proceeding on an appeal against a decision to make the assessment, is evidence that the amount and all particulars of the assessment are correct; and	25 26 27			
	(c) for another proceeding, is conclusive evidence—	28			

⁷² Section 135DS (Automatic expiry)

	((i)	of the 13% liability and any civil penalty and interest on the penalty as stated in the assessment; and	1 2 3
	((ii)	that all particulars of the assessment are correct.	4
'(3)		y be	ty of an assessment by the regulator is not affected cause a provision of this chapter has not been with.	5 6 7
'Division	5		Liable persons in relation to major grids	8 9
'Subdivis	sion 1		Liability hierarchy	10
'135FR Op	eratio	n of	sdiv 1	11
'(1)		load	vision provides for who is the liable person for a other than in relation to a power station connected grid. ⁷³	12 13 14
'(2)	The ge	enera	al principle of this subdivision is—	15
	(a) t	hat t	he liable person is—	16
	((i)	any relevant retailer for the load; or	17
	((ii)	if there is no relevant retailer for the load—the relevant special approval holder for the load; or	18 19
	((iii)	if there is no relevant retailer or relevant special approval holder for the load—any other person who, in effect, acts as a retailer in relation to the load; but	20 21 22 23
		_	person mentioned in paragraph (a) is not the liable on for the load if—	24 25
	((i)	the person sells the load to NEMMCO; or	26
	((ii)	NEMMCO later acquires the load.	27

For who is the liable person in relation to a power station connected to a small grid, see division 2, subdivision 2 (Imposition of 13% liability in relation to small grids).

'(3)	If no liable person is provided for the load, the 13% liability does not apply to anyone.		
'135FS Re	ailer		3
'(1)	If the liable load is electricity generated or used at premises with a substantive traceable link to a major grid and a retailer sells the electricity to any of the following in the State, the retailer is the liable person for the load—		
	(a) a custome	r of the retailer, other than another retailer;	8
	(b) an on-supp	plier;	9
	(c) a special a	approval holder.	10
'(2)	However—		11
	(a) the retaile	r is not the liable person for the load if—	12
	(i) the re	etailer sells the load to NEMMCO; or	13
	(ii) NEM	MCO later acquires the load; and	14
		r ceases to be the liable person for the load if it er by another retailer.	15 16
'135FT Sp	cial approval	holder	17
'(1)	A special appro if—	val holder is a liable person for the liable load	18 19
		e load is electricity generated or used at with a substantive traceable link to a major	20 21 22
	(b) the power	station that generated the electricity—	23
	(i) can r	not be identified; or	24
	an	a nameplate capacity of more than 5 MW and annual generation output of more than MWh; and	25 26 27
	(c) no retailer	is the liable person for the load; and	28
		l approval holder sells the electricity to any of ring in the State—	29 30
	(i) a cus	stomer of the special approval holder;	31

		(ii) an on-supplier;	1
		(iii) another special approval holder; and	2
	(e)	the load has not previously been sold by another special approval holder.	3 4
'(2)	for t	special approval holder continues to be the liable person the load even though another special approval holder later is it to someone else.	5 6 7
'(3)	-	pite subsections (1) and (2), the special approval holder is the liable person for the load if—	8 9
	(a)	the special approval holder sells the load to NEMMCO; or	10 11
	(b)	NEMMCO later acquires the load.	12
'135FU Տր	oecifi	c circumstance generator	13
'(1)	This	s section applies if—	14
	(a)	a power station has a substantive traceable link to a major grid; and	15 16
	(b)	the liable load is electricity sold directly from the power station to an end user in the State; and	17 18
	(c)	the power station has—	19
		(i) a nameplate capacity of more than 5 MW; and	20
		(ii) an annual generation output of more than 100 MWh; and	21 22
	(d)	a dedicated line is used for the supply; and	23
	(e)	no retailer or special approval holder is the liable person for the load.	24 25
'(2)		person who sells the electricity to the end user is the le person for the load.	26 27
'135FV Sເ	ıbstaı	ntial on-site generator	28
	'If—	_	29
	(a)	the liable load is electricity—	30

		(1) generated in the State; and	1
		(ii) generated or used at premises with a substantive traceable link to a major grid; and	2 3
	(b)	the power station at which the electricity is generated has—	4 5
		(i) a nameplate capacity of more than 5 MW; and	6
		(ii) an annual generation output of more than 100 MWh; and	7 8
	(c)	the person who generated the electricity (the <i>generator</i>) also uses it in the State; and	9 10
	(d)	no retailer or special approval holder is the liable person for the load;	11 12
	the g	generator is the liable person for the load.	13
40 55 \4\	h - l	and an analysis of the management of the second of the sec	
ISSEW W		sale purchaser from spot market	14
	'If—	-	15
	(a)	the liable load is, under the Market Code, electricity bought directly from NEMMCO by someone (the <i>purchaser</i>) for their own use; and	16 17 18
	(b)	the premises at which the electricity is used has a substantive traceable link to a major grid; and	19 20
	(c)	no retailer or special approval holder is the liable person for the load;	21 22
	the p	burchaser is the liable person for the load.	23
Subdivi	sion	2 Resolving disputes about who is	24
Subulvi	51011	the liable person	24 25
135FX Ap	plica	tion of sdiv 2	26
	liabl	s subdivision applies if a dispute exists about who is the e person for a liable load and the regulator is not a party e dispute.	27 28 29

ferral to regulator	1
Any party to the dispute (the <i>referrer</i>) may refer it to the regulator to decide who is the liable person.	2 3
The referral must—	4
(a) be written; and	5
(b) include submissions about who the referrer believes is the liable person; and	6 7
(c) state the grounds for the belief; and	8
(d) include all documents or information the referrer has that will allow the regulator to resolve the dispute.	9 10
bmissions by other affected parties	11
'Before deciding who is the liable person the regulator must—	12
(a) give each party to the dispute other than the referrer a copy of the referral; and	13 14
(b) invite each other party to make written submissions about the dispute; and	15 16
(c) give the referrer a reasonable opportunity to give the regulator a written response to the submissions; and	17 18
(d) consider the referral, submissions and response.	19
gulator's power to require documents or information	20
The regulator may, by notice, require a party to the dispute to give the regulator a stated document or information the regulator reasonably requires to decide who is the liable person.	21 22 23 24
The notice must be accompanied by, or include, an information notice about the decision to make the requirement.	25 26 27
The document or information must be given within a reasonable period after giving the notice, unless the party has a reasonable excuse.	28 29 30
Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	31
	Any party to the dispute (the <i>referrer</i>) may refer it to the regulator to decide who is the liable person. The referral must— (a) be written; and (b) include submissions about who the referrer believes is the liable person; and (c) state the grounds for the belief; and (d) include all documents or information the referrer has that will allow the regulator to resolve the dispute. bmissions by other affected parties 'Before deciding who is the liable person the regulator must— (a) give each party to the dispute other than the referrer a copy of the referral; and (b) invite each other party to make written submissions about the dispute; and (c) give the referrer a reasonable opportunity to give the regulator a written response to the submissions; and (d) consider the referral, submissions and response. gulator's power to require documents or information The regulator may, by notice, require a party to the dispute to give the regulator a stated document or information the regulator reasonably requires to decide who is the liable person. The notice must be accompanied by, or include, an information notice about the decision to make the requirement. The document or information must be given within a reasonable period after giving the notice, unless the party has a reasonable excuse.

'(4)	It is not a reasonable excuse not to give the document or information because it is confidential or because the party has agreed with another party or someone else not to give it to anyone else.	1 2 3 4
'135GA Re	egulator may require confidentiality to be observed	5
'(1)	A person who gives the regulator information, or produces a document, may ask the regulator to keep the information or the contents of the document confidential.	6 7 8
'(2)	After considering representations from the parties to the dispute, the regulator may impose conditions limiting access to, or disclosure of, the information or document.	9 10 11
	Example of a condition that may be imposed—	12
	a condition that the parties, or a stated party, may use the information or document only for the mediation	13 14
'(3)	A person to whom a condition under subsection (2) applies must comply with the condition.	15 16
	Maximum penalty for subsection (3)—200 penalty units.	17
'135GB Re	egulator may require mediation	18
	'Before deciding who is the liable person the regulator may require the parties to the dispute to undergo mediation of a stated type.	19 20 21
135GC Ci	riteria for decision	22
	'The matters the regulator must consider in deciding who is the liable person include each of the following—	23 24
	(a) each relevant agreement between the parties;	25
	(b) the purpose of each relevant agreement;	26

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	(c)	the ability of any party to the dispute to pass on the cost of meeting the 13% liability; ⁷⁴	1 2
	(d)	the main purposes of this chapter; ⁷⁵	3
	(e)	the general principle of subdivision 1.76	4
'135GD Ex	clusi	on of other jurisdictions	5
'(1)	matt	e dispute has been referred to the regulator, the following ers are not justiciable by a court or tribunal at the gation of a party to the dispute—	6 7 8
	(a)	an issue in the dispute;	9
	(b)	any issue that arises in the course of the regulator's deciding of the dispute.	10 11
'(2)	befo	rever, subsection (1) does not apply if the proceeding re the court or tribunal was started before the dispute was red to the regulator.	12 13 14
'135GE No	otice	of decision	15
		er deciding who is the liable person, the regulator must each party to the dispute an information notice about the sion.	16 17 18
'135GF De	cisio	n binds parties to the dispute	19
		regulator's decision about who is the liable person binds party to the dispute.	20 21

⁷⁴ See section 309 (Existing electricity supply contracts).

⁷⁵ See section 135A (Main purposes of ch 5A).

⁷⁶ See section 135FR (Operation of sdiv 1).

'Division 6			Exempted loads		
'Subdivis	sion	1	Preliminary	2	
'135GG WI	ho is	an <i>i</i>	nterested person for an electricity load	3	
'(1)	An i	ntere	sted person for an electricity load is—	4	
	(a)		n person who is, or may become, the liable person the load; and	5 6	
	(b)	the j	person who generates or uses the load.	7	
'(2)	proje	ect, th	business or enterprise is, or is part of a significant ne proponent of the project is an <i>interested person</i> city loads supplied to the business or enterprise.	8 9 10	
'135GH WI	no ob	tain	s the benefit of liable load exemption	11	
'(1)	for i	t has	e load exemption is granted, the person who applied is the benefit of the exemption and is taken to be under part 6 as a scheme participant.	12 13 14	
'(2)	perso	_	person who is a scheme participant and an interested or the load may also claim the benefit of the n.	15 16 17	
'Subdivis	sion	2	State development exemption	18	
'135GI App	olicat	ion a	and operation of sdiv 2	19	
'(1)			division applies if a business or enterprise is, or is y of the following projects (a <i>significant project</i>)—	20 21	
	(a)	Wor	roject that, under the <i>State Development and Public eks Organisation Act 1971</i> , part 4, ⁷⁷ has been lared to be a significant project;	22 23 24	

⁷⁷ State Development and Public Works Organisation Act 1971, part 4 (Environmental coordination)

		(b)	will	her project that the regulator decides provides, or provide, substantial strategic and economic benefits e State.	1 2 3		
	'(2)	ment	tioned	the decision, the regulator may consider any matter in the <i>State Development and Public Works ion Act 1971</i> , section 27.	4 5 6		
	'(3)	load supp enter	exen lied, prise	ivision gives the regulator power to grant a liable aption for the proportion of all electricity loads or proposed to be supplied, to the business or that is not eligible gas-fired electricity if the total of s, or will be, more than 750 GWh a year.	7 8 9 10 11		
	'(4)			pad exemption granted under this division is a <i>State</i> ent exemption.	12 13		
1350	J Ma	king	appli	cation	14		
	'(1)	Any interested person for any of the loads may apply for the exemption.					
	'(2)	The	application must—				
		(a)	be in	the approved form; and	18		
		(b)	iden	tify each of the following—	19		
			(i)	the business or enterprise;	20		
			(ii)	each relevant premises;	21		
			(iii)	the electricity loads;	22		
			(iv)	the proponent of the significant project; and	23		
		(c)	state	each of the following—	24		
			(i)	the applicant's estimate of the proportion of the electricity supply or proposed supply that is not eligible gas-fired electricity;	25 26 27		
			(ii)	each interested person for the electricity loads;	28		
			(iii)	if the supply started before the 3 years before the making of the application—details of the electricity consumption of the business or enterprise during the 3 years;	29 30 31 32		

		(iv)	maki electr enter	supply started during the 3 years before the ng of the application—details of the ricity consumption of the business or prise from when the supply started to the ng of the application; and	1 2 3 4 5
	(d)	be a	ccomp	panied by each of the following—	6
		(i)		ence that the business or enterprise is, or will art of the significant project;	7 8
		(ii)	evide will b	ence that the supply or proposed supply is, or be—	9 10
			(A)	more than 750 GWh a year; and	11
			(B)	carried out as part of the same business or enterprise;	12 13
		(iii)		supply has not started or has not exceeded GWh a year—	14 15
			(A)	the parts of any environmental impact statement for the project, as made under another Act, that are relevant to the business or enterprise; and	16 17 18 19
			(B)	a schedule by the applicant for bringing the supply over 750 GWh a year;	20 21
		(iv)	the fe	ee prescribed under a regulation.	22
135GK No	otice 1	to otl	ner in	terested persons	23
	'The	appli	icant 1	must give any other interested person for any loads—	24 25
	(a)	a co	py of t	he application; and	26
	(b)	with notic	in 20	tating that the interested person may make, business days after the person is given the itten submissions to the regulator about the n.	27 28 29 30
135GL De	cidin	g ap _l	plicat	ion	31
'(1)		regul cation		must decide whether to grant or refuse the	32 33

'(2)	How	ever, if section 135GK applies, the regulator—	1
	(a)	must not make the decision until the applicant has complied with that section; and	2 3
	(b)	must consider any written submissions made under that section.	4 5
'(3)		, the regulator may grant the application only if satisfied sch of the following—	6 7
	(a)	the business or enterprise is, or is part of, a significant project;	8 9
	(b)	the total of the electricity loads supplied, or proposed to be supplied, to the business or enterprise is, or will be—	10 11
		(i) more than 750 GWh a year; and	12
		(ii) carried out as part of the same business or enterprise;	13 14
	(c)	if the total of the supply is currently 750 GWh a year or less—that the period to bring it over 750 GWh a year will not be more than 4 years from when the business or enterprise first consumes or consumed electricity for production;	15 16 17 18 19
	(d)	all of the business or enterprise is carried out in the same locality;	20 21
	(e)	the supply or proposed supply does, or will, include a proportion of electricity that is not eligible gas-fired electricity.	22 23 24
'135GM St	eps a	ifter deciding application	25
'(1)	•	e regulator decides to grant the application, the regulator	26 27
	(a)	decide the extent to which the liable load exemption is granted; and	28 29
	(b)	decide the term of the exemption; and	30
	(c)	give the applicant a certificate in the approved form about the exemption; and	31 32

	(d) give each interested person for any of the electricity loads a copy of the certificate.	1 2
'(2)	The term of the exemption—	3
	(a) must not be more than 15 years; and	4
	(b) may start at any day not before 1 January 2005; and	5
	(c) is subject to any cancellation or suspension under subdivision 8.	6 7
'(3)	If the regulator makes any of the following decisions, the regulator must give the applicant and each interested person an information notice about the decision—	8 9 10
	(a) a decision to refuse the application;	11
	(b) a decision about the extent to which the liable load exemption is granted, other than an extent to which the applicant has agreed.	12 13 14
135GN C	ondition for proposed supply	15
'(1)	This section applies if the State development exemption is granted and, when it is granted, the total of the electricity loads supplied to the business or enterprise is 750 GWh a year or less.	16 17 18 19
'(2)	It is a condition of the exemption that the supply must comply with—	20 21
	(a) the schedule that accompanied the application for the exemption; or	22 23
	(b) if, under section 135GO, the schedule has been amended—the amended schedule.	24 25
'(3)	If the schedule or amended schedule is complied with, the condition under section 135GP applies.	26 27
'135GO Ar	mendment of applicant's supply schedule	28
'(1)	If the State development exemption is granted, the proponent	29
	of the significant project may apply in writing to the regulator to amend either of the following (the <i>earlier schedule</i>)—	30 31

	(a)	1 11	1 2
	(b)		3 4
'(2)	If the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5 6
	(a)	the applicant must give the interested person—	7
		(i) a copy of the application; and	8
		make, within 20 business days after the person is given the notice, written submissions to the	9 10 12
	(b)	the regulator—	1.
			14 13
		•	1(1'
' (3)			18 19
	(a)		20 21
	(b)	relevant business or enterprise to more than 750 GWh a year has not been, and will not be, more than 4 years from when the business or enterprise first consumes or	22 22 24 23 24
	(c)	either—	2
		.,	28 29
		was caused by a circumstance or event beyond the proponent's control that the proponent took all	3(3) 3(3)

	sig		in circumstances for the sunavoidably caused a need chedule.		
'(4)	must, as soon interested pers	as practicable, giveson for any of the	the application, the regulator re the applicant and any other exempted loads of whom the n notice about the decision.	r 5	
135GP C	ondition for co	ontinuity of sup	oly	8	
'(1)	is granted, the	e total of the elec	cation is granted and, when intricity loads supplied to the an 750 GWh a year.		
'(2)	supply must n		velopment exemption that the 50 GWh a year or less unless		
	(a) energy efficiency initiatives and the production of the business or enterprise has not declined; or				
	(b) an unavo	oidable act of natur	re; or	17	
	(c) a circum	stance or event tha	at—	18	
		s beyond the con nificant project; ar	trol of the proponent of the	e 19 20	
	(ii) the	proponent took al	l reasonable steps to avoid.	21	
	Example o	of an event—		22	
		rgency water prohibiti section 22 ⁷⁸	on or reduction under the Water Ac	23 24	
'135GQ R	eporting cond	lition		25	
'(1)	for the exemple event as follow notice of the e	ted load becomes ws, the interested p vent as soon as pra		n 27 r 28 29	
	(a) the supp	ly falls to 750 GW	h a year or less;	30	

⁷⁸ Water Act 2000, section 22 (Limiting or prohibiting taking, or interfering with, water during emergencies)

	(b) another material change in the circumstances under which the exemption was granted.	1 2
'(2)	The notice must also state the reasons for the happening of the event. ⁷⁹	3 4
'Subdivis	sion 3 Renewable energy exemption	5
'135GR Op	peration of sdiv 3	6
'(1)	This subdivision gives the regulator power to grant a liable load exemption for an electricity load supplied by an on-site generator or under a direct supply arrangement under which a power station supplies electricity to an end user in the State using a dedicated line to the extent the electricity is generated from a renewable energy source—	7 8 9 10 11 12
	(a) of a type prescribed under a regulation (a <i>prescribed renewable energy source</i>); or	13 14
	(b) recognised under a law or program prescribed under a regulation about renewable energy (a <i>recognised program</i>).	15 16 17
'(2)	An electricity load mentioned in subsection (1) is called <i>eligible renewable electricity</i> .	18 19
'(3)	Sections 135GV(2) and 135GW ⁸⁰ adjust the extent mentioned in subsection (1) to allow for minor supplementation of electricity generation from fuels that are not a prescribed renewable energy source or under a recognised program.	20 21 22 23
'135GS Ma	king application	24
'(1)	Any interested person for the load may apply for the exemption.	25 26
'(2)	The application must—	27
	(a) be in the approved form; and	28

⁷⁹ See also section 135JS (Additional information about reports and other matters).

⁸⁰ Sections 135GV (Steps after deciding application) and 135GW (Ineligible fuel allowance)

	(b)	identify the electricity load; and	1
	(c)	be accompanied by evidence—	2
		(i) that the electricity is supplied by an on-site generator or of the direct supply arrangement; and	3 4
		(ii) that the electricity load is generated from a prescribed renewable energy source or under a recognised program; and	5 6 7
	(d)	include information that will allow the regulator to decide the extent to which the electricity is eligible renewable electricity; and	8 9 10
	(e)	be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	11 12
135GT No	otice	to other interested persons	13
		e applicant must give any other interested person for the tricity load—	14 15
	(a)	a copy of the application; and	16
	(b)	a notice stating that the interested person may make, within 20 business days after the person is given the notice, written submissions to the regulator about the application.	17 18 19 20
135GU De	ecidir	ng application	21
'(1)		regulator must decide whether to grant or refuse the ication.	22 23
'(2)	How	vever, if section 135GT applies, the regulator—	24
	(a)	must not make the decision until the applicant has complied with that section; and	25 26
	(b)	must consider any written submissions made under that section.	27 28
'(3)		o, the regulator may grant the application only if satisfied electricity is—	29 30
	(a)	supplied by an on-site generator or under a direct supply arrangement using a dedicated line; and	31 32

	(b)	gene	erated—	1
		(i)	from a prescribed renewable energy source; or	2
		(ii)	under a recognised program.	3
135GV St	eps a	fter	deciding application	4
'(1)	If the	_	ulator decides to grant the application, the regulator	5 6
	(a)		de the extent to which the electricity is eligible ewable electricity; and	7 8
	(b)	deci	de the term of the exemption; and	9
	(c)	_	the applicant a certificate in the approved form at the exemption; and	10 11
	(d)	_	e each interested person for the load a copy of the ificate.	12 13
'(2)	If—			14
	(a)	deci	t from this subsection, the regulator would have ded that the electricity is 90% or more eligible ewable electricity; and	15 16 17
	(b)		of the electricity is supplied by an on-site generator nder a direct supply arrangement;	18 19
		_	ator must decide that 100% of the electricity is enewable electricity.	20 21
'(3)	The	term	of the exemption—	22
	(a)	mus	t not be more than 15 years; and	23
	(b)	may	start at any day not before 1 January 2005; and	24
	(c)		subject to any cancellation or suspension under division 8.	25 26
'(4)	regu	lator	gulator makes any of the following decisions, the must give the applicant and each interested person ation notice about the decision—	27 28 29
	(a)	a de	cision to refuse the application;	30

	(b)	a decision about the extent to which the electricity is eligible renewable electricity, other than an extent to which the applicant has agreed.	1 2 3
'135GW I	neligi	ble fuel allowance	4
	'If—	-	5
	(a)	under section 135GV, the regulator has decided an extent to which the electricity is eligible renewable electricity; and	6 7 8
	(b)	the extent is less than 90%;	9
	the 1	percentage is adjusted by an allowance of 1.112.	10
	Exan	nple—	11
		e decided extent is 80%. The adjusted percentage is 89% 80 x 1.112).	12 13
'135GX G	ienera	l conditions of exemption	14
		s a condition of the exemption that the electricity load the ect of the exemption must continue to be—	15 16
	(a)	supplied by an on-site generator or under a direct supply arrangement; and	17 18
	(b)	generated from a prescribed renewable energy source or under a recognised program.	19 20
135GY R	eport	ing condition	21
	for t	s a condition of the exemption that, if an interested person the exempted load becomes aware of the happening of an at as follows the interested person must give the regulator ce of the event as soon as practicable—	22 23 24 25
	(a)	the electricity load the subject of the exemption ceases to be—	26 27
		(i) supplied by an on-site generator or under a direct supply arrangement; or	28 29
		(ii) generated from a prescribed renewable energy source or under a recognised program:	30

	(b)	a change in the energy source for the electricity that relevant to the extent of eligible renewable electricity decided by the regulator. ⁸¹	
'Subdivi	ision	1 4 Power station auxiliary load exemption	4 5
135GZ O	perati	ion of sdiv 4	6
	load	is subdivision gives the regulator power to grant a liab d exemption for an electricity load used for an auxiliar d for a power station.	
'135H Ma	king	application	10
'(1)	•	y interested person for the load may apply for the mption.	ne 11 12
'(2)	The	application must—	13
	(a)	be in the approved form; and	14
	(b)	identify the power station and the electricity load; and	15
	(c)	state each person who is an interested person for the load; and	ne 16 17
	(d)	include information that will allow the regulator decide the extent to which the electricity is an auxiliar load; and	
	(e)	be accompanied by—	21
		(i) evidence that the load is an auxiliary load for the power station; and	ne 22 23
		(ii) the fee prescribed under a regulation.	24
'135HA N	otice	to other interested persons	25
		e applicant must give any other interested person for the tricity load—	ne 26 27

⁸¹ See also section 135JS (Additional information about reports and other matters).

	(a)	a copy of the application; and	1
	(b)	a notice stating that the interested person may make, within 20 business days after the person is given the notice, written submissions to the regulator about the application.	2 3 4 5
135HB De	cidir	ng application	6
'(1)		regulator must decide whether to grant or refuse the ication.	7 8
'(2)	How	vever, if section 135HA applies, the regulator—	9
	(a)	must not make the decision until the applicant has complied with that section; and	10 11
	(b)	must consider any written submissions made under that section.	12 13
'(3)		regulator may grant the application only if satisfied the tricity load is an auxiliary load for the power station.	14 15
135HC St	eps a	after deciding application	16
'(1)	If th	e regulator decides to grant the application, the regulator t—	17 18
	(a)	decide the extent to which the liable load exemption is granted; and	19 20
	(b)	decide the term of the exemption; and	21
	(c)	give the applicant a certificate in the approved form about the exemption; and	22 23
	(d)	give each interested person for the auxiliary load a copy of the certificate.	24 25
'(2)	The	term of the exemption—	26
	(a)	must not be more than 15 years; and	27
	(b)	may start at any day after 31 December 2004; and	28
	(c)	is subject to any cancellation or suspension under subdivision 8.	29 30

'(3)	If the regulator decides to refuse the application or grant the exemption for a load less than the load sought in the application, the regulator must give the applicant and each interested person an information notice about the decision.	1 2 3 4
'135HD Ge	eneral condition of exemption	5
	'It is a condition of the exemption that the electricity load the subject of the exemption must continue to be an auxiliary load.	6 7 8
'135HE Re	eporting condition	9
	'It is a condition of the exemption that if an interested person for the exempted load becomes aware of a material change in the circumstances under which the exemption was granted, the interested person must give the regulator notice of the event as soon as practicable. ⁸²	10 11 12 13 14
'Subdivi	sion 5 General conditions of liable load exemptions	15 16
'135HF An	nual fee and exemption compliance report	17
'(1)	It is a condition of each liable load exemption that each interested person for the exempted load must, on or before the relevant day in each year during which the exemption is in force (the <i>current year</i>), ensure the regulator is given the following for the previous year—	18 19 20 21 22
	(a) an exemption compliance report for the last year, in the approved form;	23 24
	(b) the annual fee prescribed for the current year, as prescribed under a regulation.	25 26
'(2)	However, if there is more than 1 interested person for the load, only 1 exemption compliance report and only 1 annual fee need be given by them jointly.	27 28 29

⁸² See also section 135JS (Additional information about reports and other matters).

'(3)	In this section—	1
	relevant day means—	2
	(a) generally—the last business day in April; or	3
	(b) if the regulator has, by notice given to each of the interested persons, fixed a later day—the later day.	4 5
'135HG OI	oligation to keep documents relating to exemption	6
'(1)	It is a condition of each liable load exemption that each interested person for the exempted load must ensure documents relevant to the exemption and compliance with its conditions are kept by an interested person for the exempted load for at least the required period.	7 8 9 10
'(2)	Each interested person for the exempted load must comply with the condition unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	12 13
	Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	14
'(3)	In this section—	15
	required period means 5 years from the giving of the exemption compliance report under section 135HF to which the documents relate.	16 17 18
'Subdivi	sion 6 Amending liable load exemption by application	19 20
'135HH А р	oplying for amendment	21
'(1)	An interested person for an exempted load may, in the approved form, apply to the regulator to amend the exemption in a stated way, other than to change a condition imposed under this division.	22 23 24 25
'(2)	The application must be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	26 27
'135HI No	tice to other interested persons	28
	'The applicant must give any other interested person for the exempted load—	29 30

	(a)	a copy of the application; and	1
	(b)	a notice stating that the interested person may make, within 20 business days after the person is given the notice, written submissions to the regulator about the application.	2 3 4 5
'135HJ De	cidin	g application	6
'(1)		regulator must decide to make or refuse to make the ndment.	7 8
'(2)	How	vever, if section 135HI applies, the regulator—	9
	(a)	must not make the decision until the applicant has complied with that section; and	10 11
	(b)	must consider any written submissions made under that section.	12 13
'(3)		e decision is to make the amendment, the regulator must, on as practicable—	14 15
	(a)	give the applicant an amended certificate of exemption that reflects the amendment; and	16 17
	(b)	give any interested person a copy of the amended certificate.	18 19
'(4)	regu	ne decision is to refuse to make the amendment, the lator, must, as soon as practicable, give the applicant and interested person an information notice about the sion.	20 21 22 23
'Subdivi	sion	7 Amendment of liable load exemption by regulator without proposed action notice	24 25 26
	nend uired	ments for which proposed action notice not	27 28
'(1)	The by t	regulator may amend a liable load exemption at any time taking the action mentioned in subsection (2) if the andment—	29 30 31

	(a)	is to correct a clerical or formal error; or	1
	(b)	does not significantly affect the interests of any interested person for the relevant exempted load and each interested person has, in writing, agreed to the amendment.	2 3 4 5
'(2)	for t	subsection (1), the action is giving each interested person he load an amended certificate of exemption that reflects amendment.	6 7 8
'Subdivi	sion	8 Other amendments, cancellation and suspension of liable load exemption	9 10 11
	ndition spens	ons for other amendments, cancellation or sion	12 13
'(1)		regulator may amend, cancel or suspend a liable load nption if—	14 15
	(a)	the regulator considers it necessary or desirable; and	16
	(b)	an event mentioned in subsection (2) has happened; and	17
	(c)	the procedure under sections 135HM to 135HP is followed.	18 19
'(2)	For s	subsection (1)(b), the event is that—	20
	(a)	the exemption was obtained because of a materially false or misleading declaration or representation, made orally or in writing; or	21 22 23
	(b)	a condition of the exemption has not been complied with; or	24 25
	(c)	there has been a material change in the circumstances under which the exemption was granted.	26 27
135HM No	otice	of proposed action	28
'(1)	The sexen	regulator must give each interested person for the relevant npted load of whom the regulator is aware, notice stating of the following—	29 30 31

	(a)	to take under this division;	2
	(b)	the grounds for the proposed action;	3
	(c)	the facts and circumstances that are the basis for the grounds;	4 5
	(d)	if the proposed action is to amend—the proposed amendment;	6 7
	(e)	if the proposed action is to suspend—the proposed suspension period;	8 9
	(f)	that the interested person may make, within a stated period, written submissions to show why the proposed action should not be taken.	10 11 12
'(2)		stated period must end at least 20 business days after the ce is given.	13 14
'135HN Co	onsid	ering submissions	15
'(1)		regulator must consider any written submission made er section 135HM(1)(f) within the period stated in the ce.	16 17 18
'(2)	actic inter	the regulator at any time decides not to take the proposed on, the regulator must, as soon as practicable, give each rested person of whom the regulator is aware notice of the sion.	19 20 21 22
'135HO De	ecisio	on on proposed action	23
	belie	after complying with section 135HN, the regulator still eves a ground exists to take the proposed action, the lator may decide to—	24 25 26
	(a)	if the proposed action was to amend—make the amendment; or	27 28
	(b)	if the proposed action was to suspend for a stated period—suspend for no longer than the proposed suspension period; or	29 30 31
	(c)	if the proposed action was to cancel—	32

		(i) cancel the exemption; or	1
		(ii) suspend it for a stated period.	2
'135HP No	otice a	and taking of effect of proposed action decision	3
'(1)	The decis	regulator must, as soon as practicable after making a sion under section 135HO, give each interested person for relevant exempted load of whom the regulator is aware, an exempted about the decision.	4 5 6 7
'(2)		ect to subdivision 9, the decision takes effect on the later are following—	8 9
	(a)	the day the information notice is given;	10
	(b)	a later day of effect stated in the notice.	11
'Subdivi	sion	9 Consequences of particular cancellations	12 13
	abla I	load avenuation obtained because of false or	
		oad exemption obtained because of false or ing declaration or representation	14 15
		ing declaration or representation	
	slead	ing declaration or representation	15
	ilead 'If—	ing declaration or representation	15 16
	'If— (a) (b)	a liable load exemption is cancelled; and a ground for the cancellation is that the exemption was obtained because of a materially false or misleading	15 16 17 18 19
'135HR Ca	'If— (a) (b) the contained	a liable load exemption is cancelled; and a ground for the cancellation is that the exemption was obtained because of a materially false or misleading declaration or representation; cancelled exemption is, other than for section 135FD,83	15 16 17 18 19 20 21
'135HR Ca	'If— (a) (b) the contained	a liable load exemption is cancelled; and a ground for the cancellation is that the exemption was obtained because of a materially false or misleading declaration or representation; cancelled exemption is, other than for section 135FD,83 in never to have had any effect.	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

⁸³ Section 135FD (Self-assessment report)

	(b) a ground for the cancellation is that the condition under section 135GN has been not been complied with. ⁸⁴	1 2
'(2)	The liable load exemption is, other than for section 135FD, taken never to have had any effect.	3 4
'(3)	Despite any other provision of this part, the user of the relevant electricity load is taken to have always been the liable person for the liable loads that were, other than for subsections (1) or (2), the subject of the cancelled liable load exemption.	5 6 7 8 9
'(4)	Subsection (3) does not affect who, after the cancellation, is the liable person for the liable loads.	10 11
ex	onsequence of cancellation of State development emption for contravention of condition for ontinuity of supply	12 13 14
' (1)	This section applies if—	15
	(a) a State development exemption is cancelled; and	16
	(b) a ground for the cancellation is that the condition under section 135GP ⁸⁵ has not been complied with.	17 18
'(2)	The cancelled exemption is, other than for section 135FD, taken never to have had any effect from the beginning of the year in which the failure to comply happened.	19 20 21
'(3)	Despite any other provision of this part, the user of the relevant electricity load is taken to have always been the liable person for the liable loads that were, other than for subsections (1) and (2), the subject of the cancelled liable load exemption for the year in which the failure to comply happened.	22 23 24 25 26 27
' (4)	Subsection (3) does not affect who, for any later year, is the liable person for the liable loads.	28 29

⁸⁴ Section 135GN (Condition for proposed supply)

⁸⁵ Section 135GP (Condition for continuity of supply)

		uence of cancellation of other exemptions ravention of general condition	1 2
	'If—	-	3
	(a)	a liable load exemption granted under subdivision 3 or 4^{86} is cancelled; and	4 5
	(b)	a ground for the cancellation is that the condition under section 135GX or 135HD has not been complied with; ⁸⁷	6 7
	takeı	cancelled exemption is, other than for section 135FD, in never to have had any effect after the failure to comply bened.	8 9 10
'Division	7	Non-liable loads	11
'135HU Em	erge	ency stand-by plant	12
'(1)		tricity generated by emergency stand-by plant is a liable load if—	13 14
	(a)	the generation happened during an emergency; or	15
	(b)	an electricity restriction regulation or emergency rationing order applies to the person generating the electricity and the purpose of the generation was to supplement electricity supply limited under the regulation or order.	16 17 18 19 20
'(2)	In th	is section—	21
	emei	rgency stand-by plant means generation plant that—	22
	(a)	supplements the supply (the <i>normal supply</i>) of electricity from another generation plant or a major grid; and	23 24 25
	(b)	does not generate electricity as part of the normal operating cycle of the other plant or supply from the grid; and	26 27 28

⁸⁶ Subdivisions 3 (Renewable energy exemption) and 4 (Power station auxiliary load exemption)

⁸⁷ Section 135GX (General condition of exemption) or 135HD (General condition of exemption)

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	(c)	only generates electricity—	1
		(i) while all or part of the normal supply has failed; or	2
		(ii) for start-up proving tests.	3
'135HV Im	mate	erial loads	4
	which	other than for this section, the total of all liable loads for ch a person would be the liable person is 100 MWh or less year the loads are non-liable loads.	5 6 7
		city sold under special remote area ment	8
	spec	electricity load is a non-liable load if it is sold under tial approval number 6/98 to the property called 'Naryilco oral Station'.	10 11 12
		city sold under retailer of last resort scheme or scheme	13 14
'(1)	cust	electricity load is a non-liable load if it is sold to a omer under a retailer of last resort scheme made under ion 131A.	15 16 17
'(2)	If—		18
	(a)	under a provision of a regulation, a retailer (the <i>host retailer</i>) is taken to have entered into a customer sale contract with a customer because of the suspension of another retailer from trading under the Market Code; and	19 20 21 22 23
	(b)	under the contract, the host retailer sells an electricity load to the customer;	24 25
	the e	electricity load is a non-liable load 88	26

⁸⁸ See the regulation, section 70 (Statutory customer sale contract).

'135HY	' Ele	ctricity sold under s 49A(3) contract	1
۱	(1)	This section applies if, under section 49A(3), a contestable customer and a host retail entity are taken to have entered into a contract and the contract is not, under section 49A(5), taken to have ended.	2 3 4 5
•	(2)	An electricity load sold under the contract is a non-liable load if it is supplied within 3 months after the contract is taken to have been made under section 49A(1) and (3).	6 7 8
'135HZ	. Ele	ctricity sold or supplied to Boyne Island Smelter	9
٠,	(1)	An electricity load is a non-liable load if it is directly or indirectly sold or supplied to the smelter as defined under the State agreement.	10 11 12
٠,	(2)	Subsection (1) ceases to apply if clause 1289 of the State agreement ceases to be in force.	13 14
۲	(3)	In this section—	15
		State agreement means the State agreement as defined under the Gladstone Power Station Agreement Act 1993.	16 17
'Part	6	Scheme participants	18
'135I	App	olying for registration	19
٠	(1)	Any person may, in the approved form, apply to the regulator to be registered as a scheme participant.	20 21
•	(2)	The application must state—	22
		(a) whether the applicant is an interested or a liable person for an electricity load; and	23 24
		(b) if the application states that the applicant is not an interested or a liable person—	25 26
		(i) the applicant's primary business; and	27

⁸⁹ Clause 12 (No State electricity taxes) of the State agreement

	(ii) the applicant's reasons for seeking the registration.	1
'(3)	The application must be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	2 3
'135IA Rig	ht to registration	4
	'If the regulator is satisfied the application complies with section 135I, the regulator must, by complying with section 135JH, 90 register the person as a scheme participant in the scheme participant register. 91	5 6 7 8
'135IB Ter	m of registration	9
'(1)	Registration as a scheme participant takes effect on the day of effect as stated in the scheme participant register, or if the register states no day of effect, the day the participant is registered.	10 11 12 13
'(2)	The day of effect may be any day after 31 December 2004.	14
'(3)	Subject to suspension under section 135ID, the registration continues in force until 31 December 2020, unless it is sooner surrendered under section 135IE.	15 16 17
'135IC Anı	nual fee for particular scheme participants	18
'(1)	This section applies to a scheme participant, other than—	19
	(a) an accredited generator; or	20
	(b) a person who, under section 135GH(1), is taken to be registered under part 6 as a scheme participant. ⁹²	21 22
'(2)	The scheme participant must, on or before the last business day in April in each year, pay the regulator the annual fee for that year, as prescribed under a regulation.	23 24 25

⁹⁰ Section 135JH (Required information for scheme participant register)

⁹¹ For the rights of scheme participants to own, mortgage or transfer GECs, see part 4, division 4, subdivisions 1 (Transfers) and 2 (Mortgages).

⁹² Section 135GH (Who obtains the benefit of liable load exemption)

135ID Pai	tial suspension for non-payment of annual fee	1
'(1)	This section applies if a scheme participant does not comply with section 135IC.	2 3
'(2)	While the scheme participant continues not to comply with section 135IC, the participant's registration as a scheme participant is suspended.	4 5 6
'(3)	The suspension ends if the failure to comply ends.	7
'(4)	The effect of the suspension is that until it ends the scheme participant can not—	8 9
	(a) transfer any GECs; or	10
	(b) accept the transfer of any GECs.	11
'(5)	The suspension does not—	12
	(a) affect the scheme participant's ownership of any GEC the participant owned immediately before the suspension; ⁹³ or	13 14 15
	(b) prevent the scheme participant from making a surrender application for a GEC mentioned in paragraph (a).	16 17
135IE Su	rrender of registration	18
'(1)	A scheme participant, other than an accredited generator, may by notice to the regulator, surrender the participant's registration as a scheme participant.	19 20 21
'(2)	However—	22
	(a) the notice can not be given if the scheme participant is the registered owner of a GEC; and	23 24
	(b) if the scheme participant owes the regulator an amount for an annual or other fee under this chapter, the participant may give the notice only if it is accompanied by payment of the amount.	25 26 27 28

⁹³ See sections 135DN (Ownership of GEC on registration) and 135DW (Ownership of GEC on transfer).

'Part 7			Monitoring	1
'Division	1		Approved auditors	2
135IF App	oint	ment	and qualifications	3
'(1)	or n	ot th	ator may, by instrument, appoint a person, whether e person is an officer of the department, as an auditor.	4 5 6
'(2)			the regulator may appoint a person as an approved ly if—	7 8
	(a)		person makes application for appointment in the way cribed under a regulation; and	9 10
	(b)	eithe	er—	11
		(i)	the regulator is satisfied the person is qualified for appointment because the person has the necessary expertise or experience to carry out an audit under this part; or	12 13 14 15
		(ii)	the person has satisfactorily finished training approved by the regulator.	16 17
'(3)	audit appro	tor or oved	regulator may appoint a corporation as an approved ally if satisfied it has employees or officers who are auditors and who are appropriate to carry out audits part for the corporation.	18 19 20 21
'135 IG A pp	oint	ment	conditions and limit on powers	22
'(1)	An a	appro	ved auditor holds office on any conditions stated	23 24
	(a)	the a	auditor's instrument of appointment; or	25
	(b)	a sig	aned notice given to the auditor; or	26
	(c)	a reg	gulation. ⁹⁴	27

⁹⁴ See also section 135IV (Who may carry out audit).

	'(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the instrument of appointment, a signed notice given to the approved auditor or a regulation may impose a condition that—	1 2 3
		(a) the approved auditor must hold, and continue to hold another stated office; and	4 5
		(b) if the approved auditor ceases to hold the other office the auditor's appointment ceases.	6 7
	'(3)	The instrument of appointment, a signed notice given to the auditor or a regulation may limit the auditor's powers or functions under this Act.	8 9 10
	'(4)	In this section—	11
		signed notice means a notice signed by the regulator.	12
135		plying for and obtaining appointment as an proved auditor	13 14
	'(1)	A person may apply to the regulator for appointment under section 135IF as an approved auditor.	15 16
	'(2)	The application must be—	17
		(a) in the approved form; and	18
		(b) accompanied by—	19
		(i) evidence that the applicant is qualified as mentioned in section 135IF(2)(b)(i) or has satisfactorily finished training as mentioned in section 135IF(2)(b)(ii); and	20 21 22 23
		(ii) the fee prescribed under a regulation.	24
	'(3)	The regulator must decide whether to grant or refuse the application.	25 26
	'(4)	If the regulator decides to grant the application, the regulator must issue the approved auditor's instrument of appointment as soon as practicable.	27 28 29
	'(5)	If the regulator makes any of the following decisions, the regulator must, as soon as practicable, give the applicant an information notice about the decision—	30 31 32
		(a) a decision to refuse the application;	33

	(b) a decision under section 135IG(1)(a) or (b) to impose a condition on the applicant's instrument of appointment as an approved auditor.	1 2 3
'(6)	However, subsection (5)(b) does not apply for a condition that is the same, or is to the same effect, as a condition agreed to or requested by the applicant.	4 5 6
'135II Iss	sue of identity card	7
'(1)	The regulator must issue an identity card to each approved auditor.	8 9
'(2)	The identity card must—	10
	(a) contain a recent photo of the auditor; and	11
	(b) contain a copy of the auditor's signature; and	12
	(c) identify the person as an approved auditor under this Act; and	13 14
	(d) state an expiry date for the card.	15
'(3)	This section does not prevent the issue of a single identity card to a person for this Act and for other purposes.	16 17
'135IJ Pro	oduction or display of identity card	18
'(1)	In exercising a power or performing a function under this Act in relation to a person, an approved auditor must produce the auditor's identity card for the person's inspection if asked by the person.	19 20 21 22
'(2)	However, if it is not practicable to comply with subsection (1), the auditor must produce the identity card for the person's inspection at the first reasonable opportunity.	23 24 25
'135IK Wh	nen approved auditor ceases to hold office	26
'(1)	An approved auditor ceases to hold office if any of the following happens—	27 28
	(a) the term of office stated in a condition of office ends;	29
	(b) under another condition of office, the auditor ceases to hold office;	30 31

	(c) t	he auditor's resignation takes effect.	1
'(2)		ction (1) does not limit the ways an approved auditor ease to hold office.	2 3
'(3)	In this	section—	4
	condit holds	ion of office means a condition on which the auditor office.	5 6
'135IL Re	vocatio	on of approved auditor's appointment	7
'(1)		egulator may revoke a person's appointment as an ved auditor's only if—	8 9
	(a) 6	either—	10
	(the person obtained the appointment because of a materially false or misleading declaration or representation, made orally or in writing; or	11 12 13
	((ii) the person has not complied with a provision of this chapter or a condition of the appointment; or	14 15
	(the person is a corporation and it does not have employees or officers who are approved auditors and who are appropriate to carry out audits under this part for the corporation; and	16 17 18 19
	(b) s	subsections (2) to (4) have been complied with.	20
'(2)	The re	gulator must give the person notice stating—	21
		that the regulator proposes to revoke the appointment; and	22 23
	(b) t	the grounds for the proposed revocation; and	24
	S	that the person may make, within a stated period, written submissions to show why the appointment should not be revoked.	25 26 27
'(3)		ated period must end at least 20 business days after the is given.	28 29
'(4)	appoir	egulator must, before deciding whether to revoke the atment, consider any written submission made under etion (2)(c) by the person within the stated period.	30 31 32

(5)	appointment, the regulator must, as soon as practicable, give the person notice of the decision.	2 3
'(6)	The regulator must, as soon as practicable after deciding to revoke the appointment, give the person an information notice about the decision.	4 5 6
'(7)	A decision to revoke the appointment takes effect on the later of the following—	7 8
	(a) the day the information notice is given;	9
	(b) a later day of effect stated in the notice.	10
'(8)	However, if the decision was to revoke because of a conviction, the revocation—	11 12
	(a) does not take effect until—	13
	(i) the period to appeal against the conviction ends; and	14 15
	(ii) if an appeal is made against the conviction—the appeal is finally decided or is otherwise ended; and	16 17
	(b) has no effect if the conviction is quashed on appeal.	18
'135IM Res	signation	19
	'An approved auditor may resign by signed notice given to the regulator.	20 21
'135IN Ret	turn of identity card	22
	'A person who ceases to be an approved auditor must return the person's identity card to the regulator within 20 business days after ceasing to be an approved auditor, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	23 24 25 26
	Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.	27

'Division 2		Required audits	1
'135IO Who	o is a	an <i>auditable person</i>	2
	'Eac	h of the following is an <i>auditable person</i> —	3
	(a)	an accredited generator;	4
	(b)	a liable person;	5
	(c)	a person the regulator reasonably suspects may be a liable person;	6 7
	(d)	an interested person for an exempted load;	8
	(e)	a person who has made an application under this chapter that has not been decided.	9 10
135IP Reg	julate	or may require audit	11
'(1)	secti	regulator may, by written notice that complies with on 135IQ (an <i>audit notice</i>) require an auditable person to mission an approved auditor to—	12 13 14
	(a)	carry out an audit by an approved auditor about a stated matter relevant to this chapter; and	15 16
		Example of a stated matter—	17
		GEC creation by the accredited generator	18
	(b)	give the regulator within a stated reasonable period a report about the audit that contains the information prescribed under a regulation and any other information required in the audit notice. ⁹⁵	19 20 21 22
'(2)	with	subsection (1), the regulator may, to monitor compliance this chapter, give an audit notice on a random or another s not directly connected with the auditable person.	23 24 25
'135IQ Req	uire	d contents for audit notice	26
' (1)	An a	audit notice must state—	27

⁹⁵ See also section 135JS (Additional information about reports and other matters).

	(a)	the and	name of the person who must commission the audit;	1 2
	(b)	each	n matter for which the audit is required; and	3
	(c)	that	the person must—	4
		(i)	commission an approved auditor to carry out an audit about each of the matters; and	5 6
		(ii)	give the regulator a report by the auditor about the audit within a stated reasonable period.	7 8
'(2)	info	matio	audit notice must be accompanied by or include an on notice about the decision to give the notice and to ted period.	9 10 11
'135IR Fai	lure t	о со	mply with audit notice	12
		ply w	n to whom an audit notice has been given must with the notice, unless the person has a reasonable	13 14 15
	Max	imun	n penalty—200 penalty units.	16
'135IS Co	sts of	con	nplying with audit notice	17
	any		to whom an audit notice has been given must pay incurred by the person in relation to complying with .	18 19 20
'Division	3		Audits by regulator	21
'135IT Reg	gulate	or ma	ay carry out audit	22
'(1)	The to—	regul	ator may decide to commission an approved auditor	23 24
	(a)		y out an audit about a stated matter concerning an itable person; and	25 26
	(b)	repo	the regulator within a stated reasonable period a ort about the audit that contains the information cribed under a regulation and any other information fired in the audit notice.	27 28 29 30

'(2)	The regulator may, to monitor compliance with this chapter, make a decision under subsection (1) on a random or another basis not directly connected with the auditable person.	1 2 3
'(3)	If the regulator makes a decision under subsection (1), the regulator must give the auditable person an information notice about the decision.	4 5 6
'(4)	The regulator must, within 10 business days after receiving the report, give the auditable person a copy.	7 8
'135IU Re	gulator's costs of audit or report	9
'(1)	This section applies if the regulator has incurred costs in commissioning an audit under section 135IT, including, for example, the approved auditor's costs of carrying out the audit or giving the regulator a report about the audit.	10 11 12 13
'(2)	The auditable person must pay the amount of the costs if—	14
	(a) the costs were properly and reasonably incurred; and	15
	(b) the regulator has by notice asked the party to pay the amount.	16 17
'(3)	The regulator may recover the amount as a debt.	18
'Divisior	1 4 General provisions for audits	19
'135IV Wh	no may carry out audit	20
	'A person must not carry out, or purport to carry out, an audit under this part unless—	21 22
	(a) the person is an approved auditor; and	23
	(b) the conditions of the person's appointment as an approved auditor do not prevent the person from carrying out the audit; and	24 25 26
	(c) the person complies with the conditions. ⁹⁶	27
	Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	28

⁹⁶ For conditions of appointment, see section 135IG (Appointment conditions and limit on powers).

135IW Fals	se o	r misleading statement in audit report	1
'(1)	an a	approved auditor must not give the regulator a report about audit that contains a statement that the auditor knows is e or misleading in a material particular.	2 3 4
	Max	cimum penalty—300 penalty units.	5
'(2)	enou	proceeding for an offence against subsection (1), it is agh for a charge to state that the statement was, without effying which, 'false or misleading'.	6 7 8
Part 8		Miscellaneous provisions	9
Division	1	Additional provisions for applications	10 11
135IX Mea	ning	g of <i>application</i> and <i>applicant</i> for div 1	12
	'In t	his division—	13
	(a)	the <i>applicant</i> , for the creation of a GEC that the regulator must make a decision about under section 135DJ, ⁹⁷ means the accredited generator who created the GEC; and	14 15 16 17
	(b)	an <i>application</i> includes the creation of a GEC that the regulator must make a decision about under section 135DJ.	18 19 20
	uirer	ntial compliance with application ments may be accepted	21 22
	'If—		23
	(a)	a person has made, or purported to make, an application under this chapter; and	24 25

⁹⁷ Section 135DJ (Deciding of validity and registration)

	(b) the requirements under this chapter for making the application have not been complied with; and	1 2
	(c) the regulator is reasonably satisfied the information provided in or with the application is enough to allow the regulator to decide the application in the way required under this chapter;	3 4 5 6
	the regulator may decide to allow the application to proceed as if it did comply with the requirements.	7 8
135IZ Ad	ditional information or inspection may be required	9
'(1)	This section applies if the regulator is deciding, or is required to decide, an application under this chapter.	10 11
'(2)	The regulator may, by notice, require the applicant to—	12
	(a) give the regulator within a stated reasonable period—	13
	(i) additional information about, or a document relevant to, the application; or	14 15
	(ii) a statutory declaration or independent evidence of a stated type verifying any information included in the application or any additional information required under subparagraph (i); and	16 17 18 19
	Example of independent evidence—	20
	a chemical analysis, by a chemist independent of the applicant, of gases the applicant claims are eligible fuel	21 22
	(b) allow a stated person authorised by the regulator to, at any reasonable time, inspect any power station or other premises relating to the application.	23 24 25
'(3)	If the applicant does not comply with the notice, the regulator may refuse the application.	26 27
'(4)	The applicant must pay any costs incurred in complying with the notice.	28 29
'135J Re	gulator's costs of inspection	30
'(1)	This section applies if the regulator has incurred costs—	31
	(a) in the carrying out of an inspection mentioned in section 135IZ(2)(b); or	32 33

	(b) in obtaining a report about the inspection.	1
'(2)	The applicant to whom the notice under that section was given must pay the amount of the costs if—	2 3
	(a) the costs were properly and reasonably incurred; and	4
	(b) the regulator has by notice asked the applicant to pay the amount.	5 6
'(3)	The regulator may recover the amount as a debt.	7
'(4)	Subsection (3) applies whether or not the regulator decides to grant the application.	8 9
'Division	2 Measurement of electricity	10
'135JA Re	gulator's power to decide measurement method	11
'(1)	The regulator may, under section 135JB, decide a method for working out—	12 13
	(a) the amount of an electricity load, including a liable electricity load; or	14 15
	(b) the amount of electricity sent out from a power station or delivered to an end user; or	16 17
	(c) an amount incidental to a matter mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b).	18 19
'(2)	In making a decision under subsection (1), the regulator may fix—	20 21
	(a) if the electricity is metered—	22
	(i) its approved measurement points; and	23
	(ii) measurement arrangements for the meter; or	24
	Examples of measurement arrangements—	25
	 requirements for meter's tolerance for error 	26
	 required intervals to test the meter 	27
	(b) if the electricity is unmetered—a methodology to estimate the amount.	28 29
'(3)	For subsection (2)(a)—	30

	(a) if the electricity is metered at periods that the regulator does not consider appropriate, the regulator may decide a method that, in part, uses estimates based on previous meter readings; and	1 2 3 4
	(b) different measurement arrangements may be approved for different measurement points; and	5 6
	(c) if the regulator is satisfied arrangements for an approved measurement point comply with any relevant requirements under the Market Code, the regulator must approve the arrangements as the measurement arrangements for the measurement point.	7 8 9 10 11
135JB Pro	ocedure for deciding measurement method	12
'(1)	Before making the decision, the regulator must—	13
	(a) give any person of which the regulator is aware who will, under section 135JC, be required to use the method—	14 15 16
	(i) notice of the proposed decision; and	17
	(ii) a reasonable opportunity to make written submissions about the proposed decision; and	18 19
	(b) consider any submissions made under paragraph (a)(ii).	20
'(2)	If the person has not agreed to the decision, the notice must include, or be accompanied by, an information notice about the decision.	21 22 23
'135JC De	ecided method must be applied	24
·(1)	If—	25
()	(a) for the purposes of this chapter, it is necessary to measure electricity; and	26 27
	(b) the regulator has, under section 135JA, decided a method for measuring the electricity;	28 29
	only the decided method may be used to make the measurement.	30 31

'(2)	an in with	e regulator reasonably believes an accredited generator or atterested person ⁹⁸ for an electricity load is not complying the decided method, the regulator may give the generator erson a written direction stating—	1 2 3 4
	(a)	the decided method; and	5
	(b)	how the regulator believes the generator or person is not complying with the decided method; and	6 7
	(c)	that the generator or person is directed to comply with the decided method.	8 9
'(3)		accredited generator or interested person must comply the direction. ⁹⁹	10 11
	Max	imum penalty—200 penalty units.	12
		on to notify regulator of change in tances for decided measurement method	13 14 15
	(a)	the regulator has, under section 135JA, decided a method for measuring an amount of electricity; and	16 17
	(b)	a person who has been given an information notice about the decision becomes aware of a change in circumstances that may affect the appropriateness of the method;	18 19 20 21
		person must, as soon as practicable, give the regulator the of the change.	22 23
	Max	imum penalty—60 penalty units.	24
Division	3	Registers	25
135JE Reg	giste	rs	26
' (1)	The	regulator must keep the following registers—	27

⁹⁸ See section 135GG (Who is an *interested person* for an electricity load).

⁹⁹ For an accredited generator, see also section 135AX (Compliance with directions by regulator).

	(a)	a register of accredited generators (the accredited generator register);	1 2
	(b)	a register of GECs (the GEC register);	3
	(c)	a register of scheme participants (the scheme participant register);	4 5
	(d)	a register of liable load exemptions (the <i>liable load exemption register</i>).	6 7
'(2)	chap	regulator may also keep other registers relating to this oter that the regulator considers appropriate, including, for apple, registers about undecided applications under this oter.	8 9 10 11
135JF Re	quire	d information for accredited generator register	12
	inclu	e regulator must in the accredited generator register ude the following information about each accredited erator—	13 14 15
	(a)	the generator's name and accreditation code;	16
	(b)	the name of the accredited power station;	17
	(c)	the power station's accreditation code;	18
	(d)	the name of the economic operator of the power station.	19
135JG Re	quire	ed information for GEC register	20
'(1)		regulator must, for each GEC that is in force, 100 record the owing information in the GEC register—	21 22
	(a)	its registered owner;	23
	(b)	the day or period the relevant electricity was generated;	24
	(c)	its vintage year and the month in that year in which the GEC was registered;	25 26
	(d)	when, under section 135DS, ¹⁰¹ the GEC automatically expires;	27 28

¹⁰⁰ For when a GEC is in force see part 4, divisions 3 (Term of GECs) and 5 (Amendment, cancellation and suspension of GECs).

¹⁰¹ Section 135DS (Automatic expiry)

	(e) the accreditation code of the power station that generated the relevant eligible gas-fired electricity.	1 2
'(2)	If, under section 135DJ, ¹⁰² the regulator decides a GEC was not validly created, the regulator may remove its notation from the GEC register.	3 4 5
'(3)	Sections 135DI, 135DN and 135DW provide for the effect of registration. ¹⁰³	6 7
'135JH Re	quired information for scheme participant register	8
	'The regulator must record in the scheme participant register—	9 10
	(a) the name of each scheme participant; and	11
	(b) a unique scheme code for each scheme participant.	12
135.II Re	quired information for liable load exemption register	13
10001 116	'The regulator must in the liable load exemption register include the following for each liable load exemption—	14 15
	(a) the name and the scheme code of—	16
	(i) the person who applied for the exemption; and	17
	(ii) each interested person for the exempted load of whom the regulator is aware;	18 19
	(b) the type of liable load exemption;	20
	(c) the name of the relevant project or premises.	21
'135JJ Ge	neral provisions for register keeping	22
'(1)	If an accreditation, GEC, liable load exemption or a scheme participant's registration is cancelled, suspended or surrendered the regulator must, as soon as practicable, record in the appropriate register—	23 24 25 26

¹⁰² Section 135DJ (Deciding of validity and registration)

Sections 135DI (When GEC takes effect), 135DN (Ownership of GEC on registration) and 135DW (Ownership of GEC on transfer)
 See also section 135JT (General evidentiary aids for ch 5A).

	(a) the cancellation, suspension or surrender, and when it took effect; and	1 2
	(b) for a suspension—when the suspension started, and if it is for a period, when the period is to end.	3 4
'(2)	The regulator may include in a register other information relevant to this chapter if it is not exempt matter under the <i>Freedom of Information Act 1992</i> .	5 6 7
'(3)	If under this chapter there is a transfer or other change relating to information kept in a register the regulator must—	8 9
	(a) amend the register to reflect the change; and	10
	(b) record in the register when the information was amended.	11 12
'(4)	For subsection (3), the change is made on the later of the following—	13 14
	(a) if the change requires approval under this chapter—when it was approved;	15 16
	(b) when it takes effect.	17
'(5)	In this section—	18
	<i>cancellation</i> , of a GEC, does not include a decision under section 135DJ ¹⁰⁴ that the GEC was not validly created.	19 20
'135JK Ac	cess to registers	21
'(1)	The regulator must keep a register open for inspection by the public during office hours on business days.	22 23
'(2)	Subsection (1) may be complied with by placing a link to the register on the department's web site on the internet. ¹⁰⁵	24 25

¹⁰⁴ See also part 4, division 5 (Amendment, cancellation and suspension of GECs).

¹⁰⁵ At the commencement of this section, the department's web site on the internet could be located at <www.energy.qld.gov.au>.

'Division	4	General offences for ch 5A ¹⁰⁶	1
'135JL Wh	o is a	an <i>official</i>	2
	'In tl	his division, an <i>official</i> is any of the following—	3
	(a)	the regulator;	4
	(b)	an approved auditor;	5
	(c)	an inspection officer;	6
	(d)	a public service officer performing functions under this Act.	7 8
'135JM Co	nfide	entiality of particular information	9
'(1)	infor	section applies if a person gives any of the following rmation that is not a type that may or must be recorded in gister under this chapter—	10 11 12
	(a)	information for an application made under this chapter;	13
	(b)	information in response to a requirement under this chapter.	14 15
'(2)	as ar	official acquires the information in the official's capacity official, the official must not disclose it to any one else, ss the disclosure is—	16 17 18
	(a)	made with the person's consent; or	19
	(b)	to another person carrying out functions under this Act; or	20 21
	(c)	expressly permitted or required under the <i>Freedom of Information Act 1992</i> or another Act; or	22 23
	(d)	under a direction, order or requirement made in a proceeding.	24 25
	Max	imum penalty—100 penalty units.	26
'(3)	conti	remove any doubt, it is declared that subsection (2) inues to apply to the official even if the person ceases to a official.	27 28 29

¹⁰⁶ For other relevant offences, see chapter 11, part 1 (Offences).

'135JN Fal	lse or misleading statement	1
'(1)	A person must not state anything to an official the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular.	2 3
	Maximum penalty—60 penalty units.	4
'(2)	In a proceeding for an offence against this section, it is enough for a charge to state that the statement was, without specifying which, 'false or misleading'.	5 6 7
'135JO Fa	lse or misleading document	8
'(1)	A person must not give an official a document containing information the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular.	9 10 11
	Maximum penalty—60 penalty units.	12
'(2)	A person must not make an entry in a document required or permitted to be made or kept under this chapter knowing the entry to be false or misleading in a material particular.	13 14 15
	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	16
'(3)	In a proceeding for an offence against this section, it is enough for a charge to state that the information or entry was, without specifying which, 'false or misleading'.	17 18 19
'135JP Ob	structing approved auditor	20
'(1)	A person must not obstruct an approved auditor in the exercise of a power under this chapter, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	21 22 23
	Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.	24
'(2)	If a person has obstructed an approved auditor and the auditor decides to proceed with the exercise of the power, the auditor must warn the person that—	25 26 27
	(a) it is an offence to obstruct the auditor unless the person has a reasonable excuse; and	28 29
	(b) the auditor considers the person's conduct an obstruction; and	30 31

	(c) if the person continues to obstruct the auditor, the auditor may ask a police officer to help the auditor exercise the power.	1 2 3
'(3)	In this section—	4
	obstruct includes hinder and attempt to obstruct.	5
ʻ135JQ lm _l	personating approved auditor	6
	'A person must not pretend to be an approved auditor.	7
	Maximum penalty—80 penalty units.	8
'135JR No	tice of change from small grid to major grid	9
	'If a small grid becomes a major grid, the person who operates the grid must, within 20 business days, give the regulator notice of the change.	10 11 12
	Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	13
'Division	5 Other miscellaneous provisions	14
'135JS Add	ditional information about reports and other matters	15
'(1)	This section applies if—	16
	(a) a person is required under this chapter to give the regulator a notice or copy of a document, a report or information (the <i>advice</i>); and	17 18 19
	(b) the person gives the advice.	20
'(2)	The regulator may, by notice, require the person to give, within the reasonable time stated in the notice, written information about the matter for which the advice was given.	21 22 23
'(3)	The person must comply with the notice unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	24 25
	Maximum penalty for subsection (3)—30 penalty units.	26

135JT G	ienera	ll evidentiary aids for ch 5A	1		
'(1)	any	A certificate purporting to be signed by the regulator stating any of the following matters is, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, evidence of the matter—			
	(a)	a stated document is any of the following things made, given, or issued under this chapter—	5 6		
		(i) an accreditation;	7		
		(ii) the eligible electricity guidelines;	8		
		(iii) a certificate for a liable load exemption;	9		
		(iv) an appointment as an approved auditor;	10		
		(v) a measurement method decided under section 135JA; ¹⁰⁷	11 12		
		(vi) an approval under this chapter;	13		
		(vii) a register under this chapter;	14		
	(b)	a stated document is a copy of a thing mentioned in paragraph (a);	15 16		
	(c)	on a stated day, or during a stated period, an accreditation, GEC, registration as a scheme participant, liable load exemption or appointment as an approved auditor—	17 18 19 20		
		(i) was, or was not, in force; or	21		
		(ii) was, or was not, subject to a stated condition; or	22		
		(iii) was, or was not, cancelled;	23		
	(d)	on a stated day, a stated requirement was made of a stated person.	24 25		
'(2)) Thi	s section does not limit section 135FQ or 248. ¹⁰⁸	26		

¹⁰⁷ Section 135JA (Regulator's power to decide measurement method)

¹⁰⁸ Section 135FQ (Evidentiary provisions) or 248 (Evidentiary certificates by regulator)

ʻ135J			on of State to indemnify particular ion-givers	1 2
	'(1)	This	section applies if—	3
		(a)	at the request of the regulator, a relevant entity gives the regulator a document or information; and	4 5
		(b)	the document or information was given for the purpose of fixing a QUF or the loss factor for a power station; and	6 7 8
		(c)	the entity or anyone else incurs a cost, damage or loss because of the giving of the information or document.	9 10
	'(2)	If—		11
		(a)	in a proceeding, the entity is found to be civilly liable for the cost, damage or loss; and	12 13
		(b)	the information was given honestly and without negligence;	14 15
		the S	State must indemnify the entity for the liability.	16
	'(3)	In th	is section—	17
			<i>liability</i> includes liability for the payment of costs red to be paid in a proceeding.	18 19
		relev	eant entity means—	20
		(a)	NEMMCO; or	21
		(b)	a distribution entity; or	22
		(c)	a transmission entity.	23
ʻ135J	JV Ap	prove	ed forms	24
		'The	regulator may approve forms for use under this chapter.	25

	'Part 9	Expiry of chapter	1		
	'135JW Ex	piry	2		
		'This chapter expires on 31 December 2020.	3		
	ʻ135JX Sa	ving of operation of chapter	4		
		'This chapter is declared to be a law to which the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 20A applies. ¹⁰⁹ '.	5 6		
Clause	13 Ins	ertion of new ss 140A and 140B	7		
		Chapter 6, part 1—	8		
		insert—	9		
	'140A Entry to place to carry out remedial work				
	'(1)	Subject to subsections (2) to (4), an electricity officer for an electricity entity may enter a place to fix damage or harm to the place caused by, or in connection with, works or an electrical installation of the entity.	11 12 13 14		
	'(2)	The entry may be made only if it is made at a reasonable time and—	15 16		
		(a) any occupier of the place to be entered has consented to the entry; or	17 18		
		(b) the entity has given any occupier of the place to be entered at least 7 days written notice of the proposed entry.	19 20 21		
	'(3)	The notice must state—	22		
		(a) the time or times or period of the proposed entry; and	23		
		(b) the purpose of the proposed entry; and	24		

¹⁰⁹ Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 20A (Repeal does not end saving, transitional or validating effect etc.)

	(c) that the proposed entry is, at the time or times or during the period, permitted under this Act without the occupier's consent.	1 2 3
'(4)	This section does not authorise entry to a residence.	4
140B Ent	ry to place to carry out urgent remedial work	5
'(1)	Subject to subsections (3), (4) and (6), an electricity officer for an electricity entity may enter a place to fix damage or harm to the place caused by, or in connection with, works or an electrical installation of the entity if the entity is satisfied, on reasonable grounds—	6 7 8 9 10
	(a) the damage or harm is, or is likely to be, serious; and	11
	(b) the need to fix the damage or harm is urgent.	12
'(2)	The power under subsection (1) may be exercised—	13
	(a) at any time; and	14
	(b) without the consent of, or notice to, the occupier of the place to be entered.	15 16
'(3)	However, if the occupier is present at the place, before entering the place, the officer must do, or make a reasonable attempt to do, the following things—	17 18 19
	(a) identify himself or herself to the occupier, in the way stated in section 70; ¹¹⁰	20 21
	(b) tell the occupier the purpose of the entry;	22
	(c) seek the consent of the occupier to the entry;	23
	(d) tell the occupier the officer is permitted under this Act to enter the place without the occupier's consent.	24 25
'(4)	Also, if the occupier is not present at the place, the officer must take reasonable steps to advise the occupier of the officer's intention to enter the place.	26 27 28

¹¹⁰ Section 70 (Production or display of electricity officer's identity card)

	•	(5)	that t	ections (3) and (4) do not require the officer to take a step the officer reasonably believes may frustrate or otherwise er the fixing of the damage or harm.	1 2 3
	4	(6)	This	section does not authorise entry to a residence.'.	4
Clause	14	Ine	ertion	n of new s 141A	5
Jiaacc	• •	1115		oter 6, part 3—	6
			-	•	
	(4 A 4 A	D4	inser		7
	141A	Dut	-	avoid damage	8
			must little	xercising a power under this chapter, an electricity officer take all reasonable steps to ensure the officer causes as inconvenience, and does as little damage as is ticable.	9 10 11 12
			Exam	ple of a reasonable step—	13
			rea	or an entry to a place, under section 140A, complying with any sonable requirement of the owner or occupier of the place about ing the damage or harm.'.	14 15 16
Clause	15	Am	endn	nent of s 152A (Power to enter place)	17
			Secti	on 152A(1)—	18
			inser	·t	19
			'(d)	the purpose of the entry is to help an approved auditor carry out an audit commissioned under section 135IT ¹¹¹ and the occupier of the place is a person to whom the audit relates.'.	20 21 22 23
Clause	16	Am plac		nent of s 152G (General powers after entering	24 25
		(1)	Secti	on 152G(3), words before paragraph (a)—	26
			omit,	insert—	27
	4	(3)	The	inspection officer may, for a prescribed purpose—'.	28
		(2)	Secti	ion 152G—	29

¹¹¹ Section 135IT (Regulator may carry out audit)

			inser	<i>t</i> —	1
		'(8)	In thi	is section—	2
			presc	cribed purpose means—	3
			(a)	for monitoring and enforcing compliance with this Act; or	4 5
			(b)	if the purpose of the entry was to help an approved auditor carry out an audit commissioned under section 135IT ¹¹² and the occupier of the place is a person to whom the audit relates—for the carrying out of the audit.'.	6 7 8 9 10
lause	16A			nent of s 259A (Regulation may declare a State by entity)	11 12
			Secti	on 259A—	13
			inser	<i>t</i> —	14
		'(2)	a GC	gulation may also declare an entity that is a subsidiary of DC but is not a State electricity entity to be a State ricity entity for—	15 16 17
			(a)	awards, or a stated award, under the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1999</i> ; or	18 19
			(b)	employment conditions, or stated employment conditions, of its employees. ¹¹³ '.	20 21
lause	17	Ins	ertion	n of new ch 14, pt 7	22
			Chap	oter 14—	23
			inser	<i>t</i> —	24

¹¹² Section 135IT (Regulator may carry out audit)

For employment conditions of State electricity entities, see chapter 7 (Employment in government owned electricity industry) of the regulation.

'Paı	Part 7 Transitional provisions for Electricity Amendment Act 2004			1 2 3
'309	Exi	isting	g electricity supply contracts	4
	'(1)	This	s section applies if—	5
		(a)	immediately before 1 January 2003, a contract was in force for the sale of electricity from a liable person to a contestable customer; and	6 7 8
		(b)	under chapter 5A, the 13% liability is imposed on the liable person for electricity sold under the contract.	9 10
	'(2)	revi	wever, this section does not apply, or ceases to apply, if a ew opportunity arose or arises for the contract on or after nuary 2003.	11 12 13
	'(3)		liable person may, by notice to the customer, charge the omer all or any of the following (<i>chargeable amounts</i>)—	14 15
		(a)	the amount of the liable person's reasonable costs incurred in meeting or managing the 13% liability for electricity sold under the contract; and	16 17 18
			Examples of reasonable costs that may be incurred in meeting the liability—	19 20
			 the cost of working out the relevant liable load 	21
			• the cost of acquiring GECs to surrender to meet the liability	22
			 any fee paid to surrender the GECs 	23
			 an appropriate proportion of the costs of giving the relevant self-assessment report 	24 25
			 if the liable person is an accredited generator—an appropriate proportion of the relevant annual fee 	26 27
			 if the liable person is not an accredited generator—an appropriate proportion of the fee to apply to become a scheme participant and the relevant annual fee 	28 29 30
			Example of a reasonable cost that may be incurred in managing the liability—	31 32
			 the cost of setting up an internal information technology system to manage the liability 	33 34

	(b)	an amount equivalent to the amount of any civil penalty paid to meet the 13% liability and any reasonable costs of paying the civil penalty. ¹¹⁴	1 2 3
'(4)	char	notice must state the amount of each chargeable amount ged to the customer separately from any other amount ged for the sale of the electricity.	4 5 6
'(5)	the notic	the customer does not pay a chargeable amount charged to customer within a reasonable period after receiving the ce, the liable person may recover the chargeable amount in the customer as a debt.	7 8 9 10
'(6)		leciding what is a reasonable period for subsection (5), and must be had to the provisions of the contract.	11 12
'(7)	Sub	sections (3) to (6)—	13
	(a)	apply despite any other provision of this Act; but	14
	(b)	do not apply for a particular chargeable amount if the contract, by express words, provides for who is liable to pay that amount.	15 16 17
'(8)	In th	nis section—	18
	the l	ew opportunity, for a contract, means an opportunity for liable person, acting either alone or with the agreement of more of the other parties to the contract—	19 20 21
	(a)	to change how much the customer must pay for electricity sold under the contract; or	22 23
	(b)	to carry out a general review, renegotiation or alteration of how much the customer must pay for electricity sold under the contract.'.	24 25 26
	endr cisio	ment of sch 1 (Appeals against administrative	27 28
(1)	Sch	edule 1, part 2—	29
	renu	umber as schedule 1, part 3.	30
(2)	Sche	edule 1—	31

Clause 18

¹¹⁴ See section 135EY(4) (Imposition of civil penalty for not meeting 13% liability).

insert—

'Part 2

Decisions under chapter 5A

1

2

Section	Description of decision	Court
135AN(1)	Refusal of accreditation application	District
135AN(4)(a)	Imposition of accreditation condition, other than a condition mentioned in section 135AQ(3)	District
135AN(4)(b)	Deciding of ancillary matter, other than an ancillary matter mentioned in section 135AQ(3)	District
135BL(1)	Refusal to transfer accreditation	District
135BN(1)	Refusal to accept surrender of accreditation .	District
135BQ(1)	Refusal to amend accreditation	District
135BX	Decision to take proposed action in relation to accreditation	District
135CD(3)	Refusal to approve a direct method to work out eligible gas-fired electricity	District
135CF(1)	Decision to give directions about how to work out factor used to work out eligible gas-fired electricity	District
135CI(4)	Refusal to approve method to work out eligible gas-fired electricity	District
135CR(1)	Fixing of annual loss factor	District
135CS(1)	Fixing of baseline loss factor	District
135CY or 135CZ	Fixing of baseline for baseline customer of accredited power station	District
135DJ(1)	Decision that GEC was not validly created	District
135DQ	Decision to give GEC surrender direction	District
135EE	Refusal to accept surrender of GEC	District

Electricity Amendment Bill 2004

Section	Description of decision	Court
135EG(1)	Decision to immediately suspend GEC	District
135EG(2)	Fixing of suspension period for GEC	District
135EK(1)	Decision to take proposed action in relation to GEC	District
135FH	Decision to make default assessment	District
135FI	Decision to make reassessment	District
135FK	Decision to make amended assessment	District
135FY	Decision about who is the liable person for liable load	District
135G(1)	Decision to require party to dispute to give stated document or information	District
135GL	Refusal of application for State development exemption application	District
135GM(1)	Decision about extent to which liable load exemption is granted, other than an extent to which the applicant has agreed	District
135GO	Refusal of application to amend schedule for State development exemption	District
135GU	Refusal of liable load exemption application under part 5, division 6, subdivision 3	District
135GV(1)	Decision about extent to which liable load exemption is granted, other than an extent to which the applicant has agreed	District
135HB	Refusal of liable load exemption application under part 5, division 6, subdivision 4	District
135HC(1)	Decision to grant liable load exemption application under part 5, division 6, subdivision 4 for a load less than the load sought in the application	District
135HJ	Refusal to amend liable load exemption	District

Description of decision

Court

Electricity Amendment Bill 2004

Section

	135HO	Decision to take proposed action in relation to liable load exemption Disc	trict
	135IH(3)	Refusal of application for approval as an auditor Discontinuous Discontinuou	trict
	135IG(1)(a) and 135IH	Imposition of condition on instrument of appointment as an approved auditor, other than a condition mentioned in section 135IH(6) Discontinuous discontinuous de la condition de	trict
	135IL(1)	Revocation of approved auditor's appointment Disc	trict
	135IP(1)	Decision to give audit notice Disc	trict
	135IT(1)	Decision to carry out audit Disc	trict
	135JA	Decision about method for working out amount of electricity load or amount of electricity sent out from a power station or delivered to an end user	trict'.
Clause	19 Amend	lment of sch 5 (Dictionary)	1
	Sch	nedule 5—	2
	ins	ert—	3
	<i>'13</i>	% liability see section 135EM(1).	4
	acc	ereditation see section 135AK.	5
	acc	credited generator see section 135AK.	6
	acc	eredited generator register see section 135JE(1)(a).	7
	acc	eredited power station see section 135AK.	8
	am	ended assessment see section 135FK(2).	9
	and	cillary matters, for a power station, see section 135Al	M(2). 10
	anı	nual loss factor, for a power station, see section 1350	CR(2). 11
	anı	nual QUF, for a power station, see section 135CM(2)). 12

<i>applicant</i> , for chapter 5A, part 8, division 1, see section 135IX(a).	1 2
<i>application</i> , for chapter 5A, part 8, division 1, see section 135IX(b).	3 4
approved auditor see section 135AK.	5
approved form, for chapter 5A, see section 135AK.	6
assessment, by the regulator, see section 135AK.	7
auditable person see section 135IO.	8
audit notice see section 135IP(1).	9
auxiliary load, for a power station, see section 135AE.	10
baseline, for an accredited power station, see section 135CV(1).	11 12
baseline customer, of a power station, see section 135AJ.	13
baseline loss factor, for a power station, see section 135CS(3).	14 15
baseline QUF, for a power station, see section 135CN(3).	16
baseline year, for a power station, see section 135AK.	17
civil penalty means the civil penalty imposed under section 135EY.	18 19
<i>complete suspension</i> , of the right to create GECs, see section 135BT(2)(a).	20 21
compromise assessment see section 135FJ(2).	22
damage or harm includes likely damage or harm.	23
dedicated line see section 135AK.	24
default assessment see section 135FH(1).	25
direct method see section 135AK.	26
direct supply arrangement see section 135AH.	27
economic operator, of a power station, see section 135AC.	28
electricity load see section 135AI.	29
eligible electricity guidelines see section 135CK.	30
eligible fuel see section 135AD.	31

eligible gas-fired electricity see section 135AA(3)(a).	1
eligible renewable electricity see section 135GR(2).	2
end user, of electricity, see section 135AK.	3
exempted load see section 135EM(4)(b).	4
fix, damage or harm, includes—	5
(a) minimising the damage or harm; and	6
(b) if the damage or harm has not yet happened—preventing it from being caused.	7 8
GEC see section 135AA(3)(a).	9
GEC register see section 135JE(1)(b).	10
GEC review see section 135B(1).	11
GEC surrender direction see section 135DQ(2).	12
general method see section 135CC.	13
information notice, for chapter 5A, see section 135AK.	14
interested person, for an electricity load, see section 135GG.	15
liable load see section 135EM(5).	16
liable load exemption see section 135AK.	17
liable load exemption register see section 135JE(1)(d).	18
liable person see section 135EM(3).	19
liable year for the 13% liability, see section 135EM(6).	20
limited suspension see section 135BT(2)(b).	21
major grid see section 135AF(1).	22
<i>measurement method</i> , for a power station, see section 135AM(3).	23 24
<i>nameplate capacity</i> , for a power station, see section 135AB(4).	25 26
non-liable load see section 135EM(4)(c).	27
notice, for chapter 5A, see section 135AK.	28
official, for chapter 5A, part 8, division 4, see section 135JL.	29

penalty imposition day, for the 13% liability, see section 135EY(2).	1 2
power station see section 135AB.	3
prescribed renewable energy source see section 135GR(1)(a).	4 5
<i>proponent</i> , for a significant project, see section 135AK.	6
reassessment see section 135FI.	7
recognised program see section 135GR(1)(b).	8
referrer see section 135FY(1).	9
registered owner, of a GEC, see section 135AK.	10
registration, for a GEC, see section 135AK.	11
residence means a structure or a part of a structure where a person resides.	12 13
retailer see section 135AK.	14
scheme participant see section 135AA(4).	15
scheme participant register see section 135JE(1)(c).	16
self-assessment report see section 135FD.	17
significant project see section 135GI(1).	18
small grid see section 135AF(2).	19
special conditions, for accreditation, see section 135AN(4)(a).	20 21
standard accreditation conditions see section 135AU(2).	22
State development exemption see section 135GI(4).	23
substantive traceable link, to a major grid, see section 135AG.	24 25
surrender application, for a GEC, see section 135AK.	26
transmission zone see section 135CO(2).	27
valid, for the creation or purported creation of a GEC, see section 135AK.	28 29
vintage year, for a GEC, see section 135AK.'.	30

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