Queensland



DISCRIMINATION LAW AMENDMENT BILL 2002

Queensland



DISCRIMINATION LAW AMENDMENT BILL 2002

TABLE OF PROVISIONS

Section		Page	
		PART 1—PRELIMINARY	
1	Short	title	10
2	Comr	mencement	10
	PAR'	T 2—AMENDMENT OF ACTS INTERPRETATION ACT 1954	
3	Act a	mended in pt 2	10
4	Insert	ion of new s 32DA	10
	32DA	Meaning of "de facto partner"	10
5	Amen	ndment of s 36 (Meaning of commonly used words and expressions) .	11
	PA	RT 3—AMENDMENT OF ADOPTION OF CHILDREN ACT 1964	
6	Act a	mended in pt 3	12
7	Amen	ndment of s 6 (Definitions)	12
8	Amen	ndment of s 39C (Entitlement to certain records etc.)	12
9	Insert	ion of new s 47A	13
	47A	Use of certified copy or extract	13
10	Insert	ion of new s 55A	14
	55A	Certified copy or extract.	14
	PAR	T 4—AMENDMENT OF ANTI-DISCRIMINATION ACT 1991	
11	Act a	mended in pt 4	15
12	Amen	ndment of s 4 (Definitions)	15
13	Insert	ion of new ss 4B-4C	16
	4B	Meaning of "de facto partner"	16
	4C	Meaning of "immediate family"	17

14	Amendment of s 7 (Discrimination on the basis of certain attributes prohibited)	17
15	Amendment of s 25 (Genuine occupational requirements)	18
16	Amendment of s 28 (Work with children)	18
17	Omission of s 29 (Educational or health-related institution with religious purposes)	19
18	Omission of s 42 (Non-State school authority)	19
19	Insertion of new s 45A	19
	45A Non-application of s 46 to provision of assisted reproductive technology services	19
20	Amendment of s 109 (Religious bodies)	20
21	Amendment of s 111 (Sport)	20
22	Amendment of s 124A (Racial or religious vilification unlawful)	20
23	Amendment of s 130 (Meaning of victimisation)	21
24	Amendment of s 131A (Offence of serious racial or religious vilification) .	21
25	Amendment of s 134 (Who may complain)	21
26	Amendment of s 136 (Making a complaint)	22
27	Amendment of s 143 (Respondent is to be notified of accepted complaint).	22
28	Amendment of s 153 (Dismissed worker lodges complaint first)	23
29	Insertion of new s 154A	24
	154A Investigation of complaint	24
30	Amendment of s 155 (Investigation of complaints)	24
31	Insertion of new s 164A	25
	164A Right of complainant to seek referral to tribunal after conciliation conference	25
32	Amendment of s 188 (Tribunal to refer complaint for conciliation)	25
33	Amendment of s 201 (Tribunal's powers relating to attendance at hearing and evidence)	25
34	Amendment of s 208 (Evaluation of evidence)	26
35	Amendment of s 209 (Orders the tribunal may make if complaint is proven)	26
36	Amendment of s 213 (Costs)	27
37	Insertion of new ch 7, pt 2, div 3A	28
	Division 3A—Offers to settle	
	213A Presumption of order for costs if offer to settle is rejected	28

	213B Offer to settle	29
	213C Acceptance of offer to settle	29
	213D Consequences if accepted offer is not complied with	30
38	Insertion of new s 215A	30
	215A Tribunal may dismiss frivolous and other complaints	30
39	Replacement of s 216 (Supreme Court opinions)	30
	216 Supreme Court opinion	30
40	Amendment of s 236 (Commissioner's powers)	31
41	Amendment of ch 10.	31
	PART 1—SERVICE	
	263A Definitions for pt 1.	31
	263B Operation of pt 1	31
	263C General requirement for address of service	32
	263D Advice to tribunal of address for service	32
	263E Change of address for service	32
	263F Use of address for service	32
	263G Communication effected by giving of document	33
	263H No address for service advised	34
	263I Email or fax address.	35
	PART 2—OTHER MATTERS'.	
42	Insertion of new ch 11 and pt hdg	35
43	Insertion of new ch 11, pt 2 and sch heading	35
	PART 2—TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS FOR DISCRIMINATION LAW AMENDMENT ACT 2002	
	Application of amendments made by Discrimination Law Amendment Act 2002	35
	Operation of service provisions for complaints received before commencement	36
	SCHEDULE	
	DICTIONARY	
	PART 5—AMENDMENT OF GUARDIANSHIP AND ADMINISTRATION ACT 2000	
44	Act amended in pt 5	37
45	Insertion of new ch 12, pt 5	37

	PART 5—TRANSITIONAL PROVISION FOR DISCRIMINATION LAW AMENDMENT ACT 2002	
	262B Application of amendments made by Discrimination Law Amendment Act 2002	37
	PART 6—AMENDMENT OF JUDGES (PENSIONS AND LONG LEAVE) ACT 1957	
46	Act amended in pt 6	38
47	Amendment of s 2 (Definitions)	38
48	Amendment of s 7 (Pension of spouse on death of judge)	38
49	Amendment of s 8 (Pension of spouse on death of retired judge)	39
50	Amendment of s 8A (Pension for children of deceased judge)	40
	PART 7—AMENDMENT OF LAND TAX ACT 1915	
51	Act amended in pt 7	41
52	Amendment of s 3 (Definitions)	41
53	Insertion of new s 3BA	41
	3BA Meaning of "spouse"	41
54	Amendment of s 11 (Taxable value)	41
55	Amendment of s 11B (Provisions relating to land comprised in a building units plan etc.)	42
56	Amendment of s 11BA (Provisions relating to scheme land for a community titles scheme)	42
57	Amendment of s 11C (Deduction—home unit companies)	42
	PART 8—AMENDMENT OF PROPERTY LAW ACT 1974	
58	Act amended in pt 8	42
59	Replacement of s 260 (Meaning of "de facto spouse")	42
	Extended meaning of "de facto partner" for pt 19	42
60	Amendment of s 323 (Effect of declaration)	43
	PART 9—AMENDMENT OF PUBLIC TRUSTEE ACT 1978	
61	Act amended in pt 9	44
62	Amendment of s 54 (Where residue may be paid to spouse)	44
63	Amendment of s 88 (Disposal of property on death where value under \$50 000)	44
64	Amendment of s 94 (Powers of public trustee)	45
65	Amendment of s 107 (Powers as administrator of unclaimed property)	45
66	Insertion of new pt 10, div 3	46

	Divis Act 20	ion 3—Transitional provision for Discrimination Law Amendment 002
	149	Application of amendments made by Discrimination Law Amendment Act 2002
	PA	ART 10—AMENDMENT OF REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES ACT 1962
67	Act a	mended in pt 10
68	Amer	ndment of s 5 (Interpretation)
69	Amer	ndment of s 22 (Searches and copies)
70	Amer	ndment of s 28 (Registration of name after registration of birth)
71	Amer	ndment of s 28A (Entry of change of surname of child)
72	Insert	ion of new ss 28B–28D
	28B	Application to record change of sex
	28C	Requirements for application
	28D	Change of register and reregistration
73	Amer	ndment of s 29B (Changing particulars in register of births)
74	Amer	ndment of s 29C (Application for reregistration of birth)
75	Amendment of s 29D (Notes about reregistration of births)	
76	Amer	ndment of s 29E (Commemorative birth certificates)
77	Insert	ion of new ss 43A–43C
	43A	Use of certificate or extract
	43B	Effect of reregistration
	43C	Effect of recognition certificate
		PART 11—AMENDMENT OF SUCCESSION ACT 1981
78	Act a	mended in pt 11
79	Insert	ion of new s 5AA
	5AA	Who is a person's "spouse"
80	Insert	ion of new pt 7, div 2
	Divis Act 20	ion 2—Transitional provision for Discrimination Law Amendment 002
	74	Application of amendments made by Discrimination Law Amendment Act 2002
81	Amer	ndment of sch 2 (Distribution of residual estate upon intestacy)

	PART 12—AMENDMENT OF SUPREME COURT ACT 1995
82	Act amended in pt 12
83	Amendment of s 18 (Actions how brought)
84	Amendment of s 81 (Property in possession of any codefendant or husband or wife)
85	Insertion of new s 303
	Transitional provision for Discrimination Law Amendment Act 2002
	PART 13—AMENDMENT OF WORKCOVER QUEENSLAND ACT 1996
86	Act amended in pt 13.
87	Replacement of s 31 (Meaning of "spouse")
	Who is the "spouse" of a deceased worker
88	Insertion of new ch 15
	CHAPTER 15—TRANSITIONAL PROVISION FOR DISCRIMINATION LAW AMENDMENT ACT 2002
	591 Spouse of worker dying within 1 year
89	Amendment of sch 3 (Dictionary)
	PART 14—OTHER AMENDMENT OF ACTS
90	Amendments in schedule
	SCHEDULE
	AMENDMENTS
	ABORIGINAL LAND ACT 1991
	ADOPTION OF CHILDREN ACT 1964
	AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS DISTRIBUTION CONTROL ACT 1966
	AMBULANCE SERVICE ACT 1991
	ANTI-DISCRIMINATION ACT 1991
	BURIALS ASSISTANCE ACT 1965
	CHILD CARE ACT 2002
	CHILD PROTECTION ACT 1999
	CORRECTIVE SERVICES ACT 2000
	CRIMINAL CODE
	DOMESTIC AND FAMILY VIOLENCE PROTECTION ACT 1989

DUTIES ACT 2001
EDUCATION (TEACHER REGISTRATION) ACT 1988
FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICE ACT 1990
FIRST HOME OWNER GRANT ACT 2000
FOSSICKING ACT 1994
HEALTH SERVICES ACT 1991
INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS ACT 1999
INTERACTIVE GAMBLING (PLAYER PROTECTION) ACT 1998
LAW REFORM ACT 1995
MAINTENANCE ACT 1965
MENTAL HEALTH ACT 2000
MOBILE HOMES ACT 1989
PARLIAMENTARY CONTRIBUTORY SUPERANNUATION ACT 1970
PARTNERSHIP ACT 1891
POWERS OF ATTORNEY ACT 1998
PROPERTY AGENTS AND MOTOR DEALERS ACT 2000
PROPERTY LAW ACT 1974
QUEENSLAND INVESTMENT CORPORATION ACT 1991
REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES ACT 1962
REPRINTS ACT 1992
RESIDENTIAL TENANCIES ACT 1994
RETIREMENT VILLAGES ACT 1999
SOUTH BANK CORPORATION ACT 1989
STATE DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC WORKS ORGANISATION ACT 1971
STATE HOUSING ACT 1945
STATUS OF CHILDREN ACT 1978
SUCCESSION ACT 1981
SUPERANNUATION (PUBLIC EMPLOYEES PORTABILITY) ACT 1985
SUPERANNUATION (STATE PUBLIC SECTOR) ACT 1990
TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER LAND ACT 1991
TOURISM OUEENSLAND ACT 1979

TRAINING AND EMPLOYMENT ACT 2000	87
TRANSPLANTATION AND ANATOMY ACT 1979	88
WATER ACT 2000	88

2002

A BILL

FOR

An Act to amend the *Anti-Discrimination Act 1991*, and for other purposes

s 1 10	s 4
--------	-----

		Discrimination	Law Amendment	Bill 2002
--	--	----------------	---------------	-----------

	The Parliament of Queensland enacts—	1
	PART 1—PRELIMINARY	2
Clause	1 Short title This Act may be cited as the <i>Discrimination Law Amendment Act</i> 2002.	3
Clause	2 Commencement This Act commences on a day to be fixed by proclamation.	5
	PART 2—AMENDMENT OF ACTS INTERPRETATION ACT 1954	7 8
Clause	3 Act amended in pt 2 This part amends the Acts Interpretation Act 1954.	9 10
Clause	4 Insertion of new s 32DA After section 32D— insert— '32DA Meaning of "de facto partner"	11 12 13 14
	'(1) In an Act, a reference to a "de facto partner" is a reference to either 1 of 2 persons who are living together as a couple on a genuine domestic basis but who are not married to each other or related by family.	15 16 17
	'(2) In deciding whether 2 persons are living together as a couple on a genuine domestic basis, any of their circumstances may be taken into account, including, for example, any of the following circumstances—	18 19 20
	(a) the nature and extent of their common residence;	21
	(b) the length of their relationship;	22

s 5

Discrimination Law Amendment Bill 2002

(c)	whether or not a sexual relationship exists or existed;	1
(d)	the degree of financial dependence or interdependence, and any arrangement for financial support;	2 3
(e)	their ownership, use and acquisition of property;	4
(f)	the degree of mutual commitment to a shared life, including the care and support of each other;	5 6
(g)	the care and support of children;	7
(h)	the performance of household tasks;	8
(i)	the reputation and public aspects of their relationship.	9
regarded	No particular finding in relation to any circumstance is to be as necessary in deciding whether 2 persons are living together as on a genuine domestic basis.	10 11 12
` ′	wo persons are not to be regarded as living together as a couple on e domestic basis only because they have a common residence.	13 14
'(5) Fo	or subsection (1)—	15
(a)	the gender of the persons is not relevant; and	16
(b)	a person is related by family to another person if the person and the other person would be within a prohibited relationship within the meaning of the <i>Marriage Act 1961</i> (Cwlth), section 23B, if they were parties to a marriage to which that section applies. ¹	17 18 19 20
reference	an an Act enacted before the commencement of this section, a e to a spouse includes a reference to a de facto partner as defined in on unless the Act expressly provides to the contrary.'.	21 22 23
	endment of s 36 (Meaning of commonly used words and ressions)	24 25
Sectio	n 36—	26
insert-	_	27
' "de fac	eto partner" see section 32DA.	28

¹ Marriage Act 1961 (Cwlth), section 23B (Grounds on which marriages are void)

		o relationship" means the relationship existing between 2 persons a couple because each is the de facto partner of the other.	1 2
		" includes de facto partner.'.	3
	PART	3—AMENDMENT OF ADOPTION OF CHILDREN ACT 1964	4 5
Clause	6 Act	amended in pt 3	6
	This p	part amends the Adoption of Children Act 1964.	7
Clause	7 Am	nendment of s 6 (Definitions)	8
	Section	on 6—	9
	insert-	<u> </u>	10
	_	tion entry", of an adopted person, means the particulars about the pted person that are—	11 12
	(a)	stated in a schedule to an adoption order for, or a schedule to a memorandum or copy of an adoption order for, the adopted person, and entered in the Adopted Children Register; or	13 14 15
	(b)	if there is no schedule to an adoption order for, or no schedule to a memorandum or copy of an adoption order for, the adopted person—	16 17 18
		(i) stated in the adoption order, memorandum or copy; and	19
		(ii) entered in the Adopted Children Register; or	20
	(c)	stated in the register kept by the registrar general titled 'Record of Children whose Births have been registered in the State of Queensland and who have been transferred under Deed of Adoption'.'.	21 22 23 24
Clause	8 Am	nendment of s 39C (Entitlement to certain records etc.)	25
	(1) Se	ction 39C(b)(i), 'amended birth entry'—	26
	omit,	insert—	27

s 9

'adoption er	ntry'.	1
(2) Section 3	39C(b)—	2
insert—		3
ʻ(iii)	if the adopted person's adoption has been reregistered under the <i>Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages Act 1962</i> and 1 or more changes of the person's name have been entered in the Adopted Children Register after the reregistration—a certified copy of the reregistered adoption entry.'.	4 5 6 7 8 9
(3) Section 3	39C—	10
insert—		11
under the <i>Re</i> section 29B(2)	tion (1)(b)(i) applies even if the adoption entry is closed egistration of Births, Deaths and Marriages Act 1962, b(b)(i) or (4)(b) or 29C(6)(a), and access to it is restricted 55A of this Act. ² '.	12 13 14 15
9 Insertion	of new s 47A	16
After section	n 47—	17
insert—		18
'47A Use of co	ertified copy or extract	19
person") has	ction applies if the adoption of a person (the "reregistered been reregistered under the <i>Registration of Births, Deaths Act 1962</i> , section 29B(4).3	20 21 22
reregistration (the "relevant Commonwealt shows the rere	n, whether or not the reregistered person, who is aware of the must not produce to another person, for a purpose purpose ") of a law of another State or of the ch, a certified copy or extract obtained under this Act that egistered person's sex as recorded in the Adopted Children the reregistration unless—	23 24 25 26 27

² Section 55A (Certified copy or extract)

³ Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages Act 1962, section 29B (Changing particulars in register of births or adopted children register)

(a)	the laws of the other State or of the Commonwealth expressly allow the certified copy or extract to be produced for the relevant purpose; or	1 2 3
(b)	the person, when producing the certified copy or extract, informs the person to whom it is produced that a change of the reregistered person's sex has been entered in the Adopted Children Register.	4 5 6 7
Maximu	m penalty—100 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment.	8
another another of	ne reregistered person must not, with intent to deceive, produce to person a certified copy or extract obtained under this Act, or locument, however obtained, showing the reregistered person's sex led in the Adopted Children Register before the reregistration.	9 10 11 12
Maximu	m penalty—100 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment.	13
'(4) In	this section—	14
	d copy or extract", obtained under this Act, includes a copy of the ified copy or extract.'.	15 16
10 Inse	ertion of new s 55A	17
After	section 55—	18
insert-	<u> </u>	19
'55A Ce	rtified copy or extract	20
person"; section 2	fter the reregistration of the adoption of a person (the "relevant) under the <i>Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages Act 1962</i> , 9B(4), a certified copy or extract obtained under this Act from the general—	21 22 23 24
(a)	must show the relevant person's sex in accordance with the reregistration; and	25 26
(b)	must not include a statement or other clear indication to the effect that a change of the relevant person's sex has been entered in the Adopted Children Register.	27 28 29
appropria Marriage	lowever, any of the following persons may, on payment of the late fee prescribed under the <i>Registration of Births, Deaths and les Act 1962</i> , apply to the registrar general for a certified copy from potion entry of the relevant person that was closed on the lation—	30 31 32 33 34

	(a) the relevant person;	1
	(b) a child of the relevant person;	2
	(c) a parent of the relevant person, if the relevant person is a child;	3
	(d) a person prescribed under a regulation.'.	4
	PART 4—AMENDMENT OF ANTI-DISCRIMINATION	5
	ACT 1991	6
Clause	11 Act amended in pt 4	7
	This part amends the Anti-Discrimination Act 1991.	8
Clause	12 Amendment of s 4 (Definitions)	9
	(1) Section 4—	10
	insert—	11
	"de facto partner" see section 4B.	12
	"family responsibilities" , of a person, means the person's responsibilities to care for or support—	13 14
	(a) a dependant child of the person; or	15
	(b) any other member of the person's immediate family who is in need of care or support.	16 17
	"gender identity", in relation to a person, means that the person—	18
	(a) identifies, or has identified, as a member of the opposite sex by living or seeking to live as a member of that sex; or	19 20
	(b) is of indeterminate sex and seeks to live as a member of a particular sex.	21 22
	"immediate family" see section 4C.	23
	"lawful sexual activity" means a person's status as a lawfully employed sex worker, whether or not self-employed.	24 25
	"religious activity" means engaging in, not engaging in or refusing to engage in a lawful religious activity.	26 27

	"religiou	us belief" means holding or not holding a religious belief.	1
	"sexuali	ty" means heterosexuality, homosexuality or bisexuality.'.	2
	(2) Se	ction 4, 'In this Act—'—	3
	omit, i	insert—	4
	'The Act.'.	dictionary in the schedule defines particular words used in this	5 6
	(3) Se	ction 4, definitions, as amended—	7
	reloca	tte to the schedule, as inserted by this part.	8
Clause	13 Inse	ertion of new ss 4B–4C	9
	After	section 4A—	10
	insert-	<u> </u>	11
	'4B Me	aning of "de facto partner"	12
	either 1	of 2 persons who are living together as a couple on a genuine basis but who are not married to each other or related by family.	13 14 15
	genuine	deciding whether 2 persons are living together as a couple on a domestic basis, any of their circumstances may be taken into including, for example, any of the following circumstances—	16 17 18
	(a)	the nature and extent of their common residence;	19
	(b)	the length of their relationship;	20
	(c)	whether or not a sexual relationship exists or existed;	21
	(d)	the degree of financial dependence or interdependence, and any arrangement for financial support;	22 23
	(e)	their ownership, use and acquisition of property;	24
	(f)	the degree of mutual commitment to a shared life, including the care and support of each other;	25 26
	(g)	the care and support of children;	27
	(h)	the performance of household tasks;	28
	(i)	the reputation and public aspects of their relationship.	29

regard	No particular finding in relation to any circumstance is to be ed as necessary in deciding whether 2 persons are living together as ble on a genuine domestic basis.	1 2 3
	Two persons are not to be regarded as living together as a couple on tine domestic basis only because they have a common residence.	4 5
'(5)	For subsection (1)—	6
(8	a) the gender of the persons is not relevant; and	7
(ł	a person is related by family to another person if the person and the other person would be within a prohibited relationship within the meaning of the <i>Marriage Act 1961</i> (Cwlth), section 23B, if they were parties to a marriage to which that section applies. ⁴	8 9 10 11
'4C N	Ieaning of "immediate family"	12
	For this Act, the following persons are members of the "immediate " of a person—	13 14
(2	a) the person's spouse;	15
(ł	a child of the person or the person's spouse, including an exnuptial child, stepchild, adopted child, or past or present foster child of the person or the person's spouse;	16 17 18
(0	a parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of the person or the person's spouse.	19 20
'(2)	In this section—	21
"spou	se", of a person, includes—	22
(2	a) a former spouse of the person; and	23
(8	a) a de facto partner of the person.'.	24
	Amendment of s 7 (Discrimination on the basis of certain ttributes prohibited)	25 26
(1) \$	Section 7(1)(i)—	27
omi	t, insert—	28
'((i) religious belief or religious activity;'.	29

⁴ Marriage Act 1961 (Cwlth), section 23B (Grounds on which marriages are void)

	(2) Section 7(1)(m)—	1
	renumber as section 7(p).	2
	(3) Section 7(1)—	3
	insert—	4
	'(m) gender identity;	5
	(n) sexuality;	6
	(o) family responsibilities;'.	7
	(4) Section 7(2)—	8
	omit.	9
Clause	15 Amendment of s 25 (Genuine occupational requirements)	10
	Section 25, examples—	11
	insert—	12
	Example 4—	13
	Employing persons of a particular religion to teach in a school established for students of the particular religion.'.	14 15
Clause	16 Amendment of s 28 (Work with children)	16
	(1) Section 28, after 'lawful sexual activity'—	17
	insert—	18
	'or gender identity'.	19
	(2) Section 28—	20
	insert—	21
	'(2) It is not unlawful to discriminate against a person with respect to a matter that is otherwise prohibited under subdivision 1 if—	22 23
	(a) the work involves the care or instruction of minors; and	24
	(b) whether before of after the commencement of this subsection, the person has been—	25 26
	(i) convicted in Queensland or elsewhere of an offence of a sexual nature involving a child; or	27 28

	(ii) disqualified from working with children under an Act of a State or of the Commonwealth.'.	1 2
Clause	17 Omission of s 29 (Educational or health-related institution with religious purposes)	3 4
	Section 29—	5
	omit.	6
Clause	18 Omission of s 42 (Non-State school authority)	7
	Section 42—	8
	omit.	9
Clause	19 Insertion of new s 45A	10
	After section 45—	11
	insert—	12
	'45A Non-application of s 46 to provision of assisted reproductive technology services	13 14
	'(1) Section 46 does not apply to the provision of assisted reproductive technology services if the discrimination is on the basis of marital status or sexuality.	15 16 17
	'(2) In this section—	18
	"assisted reproductive technology services" means—	19
	(a) services provided in the course of, or for the purpose of, any of the following—	20 21
	(i) in-vitro fertilisation;	22
	(ii) artificial insemination;	23
	(iii) gamete, zygote or embryo transfer; or	24
	(b) any other services provided for the purpose of assisting in artificial fertilisation?	25 26

s 22

Clause	20 Amendment of s 109 (Religious bodies)	1
	(1) Section 109(d), 'section 29 (Educational or health-related institution with religious purposes) or'—	2 3
	omit.	4
	(2) Section 109—	5
	insert—	6
	'(2) An exemption under subsection (1)(d) does not apply in the work or work related area or in the education area.'.	7 8
Clause	21 Amendment of s 111 (Sport)	9
	(1) Section 111(3)—	10
	renumber as section 111(4).	11
	(2) Section 111—	12
	insert—	13
	'(3) Subsection (1) does not stop participation in a competitive sporting activity being restricted on the basis of gender identity, if the restriction is reasonable having regard to the strength, stamina or physique requirements of the activity.'.	14 15 16 17
Clause	22 Amendment of s 124A (Racial or religious vilification unlawful)	18
	(1) Section 124A, heading—	19
	omit, insert—	20
	'124A Vilification on grounds of race, religion, sexuality or gender identity unlawful'.	21 22
	(2) Section 124A(1), 'race or religion'—	23
	omit, insert—	24
	'race, religion, sexuality or gender identity'.	25

Clause	23 Amendment of s 130 (Meaning of victimisation)	1
	Section 130(1)(a)(ii), ', for the purposes of a proceeding under the	2
	Act,'—	3
	omit.	4
Clause	24 Amendment of s 131A (Offence of serious racial or religious vilification)	5 6
	(1) Section 131A, heading, 'racial or religious'—	7
	omit, insert—	8
	'racial, religious, sexuality or gender identity'.	9
	(2) Section 131A(1), 'race or religion'—	10
	omit, insert—	11
	'race, religion, sexuality or gender identity'.	12
Clause	25 Amendment of s 134 (Who may complain)	13
	Section 134—	14
	insert—	15
	'(3) A relevant entity may complain to the commissioner about a relevant alleged contravention.	16 17
	'(4) However, the commissioner may accept the relevant entity's complaint under section 141 ⁵ only if the commissioner is satisfied that—	18 19
	(a) the complaint is made in good faith; and	20
	(b) the relevant alleged contravention is about conduct that has affected or is likely to affect relevant persons for the relevant entity; and	21 22 23
	(c) it is in the interests of justice to accept the complaint.	24
	'(5) In this section—	25

⁵ Section 141 (Time limit on acceptance or rejection of complaints)

	"relevant alleged contravention" means an alleged contravention of section 124A. ⁶	1 2
	"relevant entity" means a body corporate or an unincorporated body, a primary purpose of which is the promotion of the interests or welfare of persons of a particular race, religion, sexuality or gender identity.	3 4 5
	"relevant persons", for a relevant entity, means persons the promotion of whose interests or welfare is a primary purpose of the relevant entity.'.	6 7
Clause	26 Amendment of s 136 (Making a complaint)	8
	(1) Section 136(c)—	9
	renumber as section 136(d).	10
	(2) Section 136—	11
	insert—	12
	'(c) state the complainant's address for service; and'.	13
Clause	27 Amendment of s 143 (Respondent is to be notified of accepted complaint)	14 15
	Section 143—	16
	insert—	17
	'(2) The notice to the respondent must also state the following—	18
	(a) the complainant's address for service;	19
	(b) that the respondent must advise the commissioner of the respondent's address for service;	20 21
	(c) that the respondent may give a written response to the allegations included in the complaint;	22 23
	(d) that within 28 days after the respondent receives the notice, the respondent must, if giving a written response—	24 25
	(i) give the written response to the commissioner; and	26

⁶ Section 124A (Vilification on grounds of race, religion, sexuality or gender identity unlawful)

the respondent must include, with the written response given the commissioner, advice as to whether it has been given to the implainant;	2 3
t the respondent may ask the commissioner for an early nciliation conference whether or not the respondent gives a itten response;	4 5 6
t if the respondent does not, within the 28 days mentioned in ragraph (d), give the commissioner a written response or ask commission to arrange for an early conciliation conference, a neiliation conference will be held on a date stated in the notice.	7 8 9 10
e respondent does not, within the 28 days mentioned in $(2)(d)$, give the commissioner a written response or ask the to arrange for an early conciliation conference, the notice has rection under section $(159(1))^7$ to the respondent to take part in a conference on the date stated in the notice under $(2)(g)$.	11 12 13 14 15
giving of the notice to the respondent does not stop the er from exercising, at any time, the commissioner's power in 159(1) to direct the complainant and the respondent to take ciliation conference—	17 18 19 20
ether or not the 28 days mentioned in subsection (2)(d) has pired; and	21 22
ether or not the commissioner has received any mmunication from the respondent.	23 24
ated date for subsection (2)(g) must be not more than 14 days lays mentioned in subsection (2)(d).'.	25 26
ment of s 153 (Dismissed worker lodges complaint first)	27
3(b), after 'complaint'—	28
	29
g notified under section 141 that the complaint has been	30 31
	the commissioner, advice as to whether it has been given to the implainant; t the respondent may ask the commissioner for an early inciliation conference whether or not the respondent gives a litten response; t if the respondent does not, within the 28 days mentioned in ragraph (d), give the commissioner a written response or ask commission to arrange for an early conciliation conference, a inciliation conference will be held on a date stated in the notice. The respondent does not, within the 28 days mentioned in (2)(d), give the commissioner a written response or ask the to arrange for an early conciliation conference, the notice has rection under section 159(1)? to the respondent to take part in a conference on the date stated in the notice under (d)(g). The giving of the notice to the respondent does not stop the refrom exercising, at any time, the commissioner's power in 159(1) to direct the complainant and the respondent to take conficient of the complainant and the respondent to take conficient of the commissioner has received any mentioned in subsection (2)(d) has bired; and The ether or not the commissioner has received any mentioned in subsection (2)(g) must be not more than 14 days lays mentioned in subsection (2)(d).'. The respondent first the complaint first of the respondent first of the respondent first of the respondent first of the complaint'—

⁷ Section 159 (Attendance at conciliation conference)

Clause	29 Insertion of new s 154A	1
	Chapter 7, part 1, division 2—	2
	insert—	3
	'154A Investigation of complaint	4
	'The commissioner may investigate a complaint accepted under section 141.8'.	5 6
Clause	30 Amendment of s 155 (Investigation of complaints)	7
	(1) Section 155, heading—	8
	omit, insert—	9
	'155 Requirement to initiate investigation'.	10
	(2) Section 155(1)(c)—	11
	omit.	12
	(3) Section 155(4)—	13
	omit.	14
	(4) Section 155(5) and (6)—	15
	renumber as section 155(4) and (5).	16
	(5) Section 155(4), as renumbered, 'If the matter'—	17
	omit, insert—	18
	'If a matter'.	19
	(6) Section 155(5), as renumbered, 'subsection (5)'—	20
	omit, insert—	21
	'subsection (4)'.	22
	(7) Section 155—	23
	insert—	24
	'(6) This section does not apply to complaints accepted under section 141.'.	25 26

⁸ Section 141 (Time limit on acceptance or rejection of complaints)

Clause	31 Insertion of new s 164A	1
	Chapter 7, part 1, division 4—	2
	insert—	3
	'164A Right of complainant to seek referral to tribunal after conciliation conference	4 5
	'(1) This section applies if—	6
	(a) a conciliation conference has been held under division 3 in relation to a complaint; and	7 8
	(b) the complaint has not been resolved by conciliation.	9
	'(2) The complainant may give the commissioner a written notice requiring the commissioner to refer the complaint to the tribunal.	10 11
	'(3) The commissioner must promptly—	12
	(a) refer the complaint to the tribunal; and	13
	(b) give the respondent a copy of the complaint.	14
	'(4) However the commissioner is not required to act under subsection (3) if the commissioner decides to act under section 1689 in relation to the complaint.	15 16 17
	'(5) If the complainant acts under subsection (2), sections 165 to 167 stop applying in relation to the complaint.'.	18 19
Clause	32 Amendment of s 188 (Tribunal to refer complaint for conciliation)	20
	Section 188(b), after 'commissioner'—	21
	insert—	22
	'or the registrar'.	23
Clause	33 Amendment of s 201 (Tribunal's powers relating to attendance at hearing and evidence)	24 25
	Section 201—	26
	insert—	27

⁹ Section 168 (Frivolous etc. complaint lapses)

	any	perso	ne reference to any person in subsection (1) includes a reference to on the tribunal considers should attend the hearing, whether or not of the hearing requires the person as a witness.'.	1 2 3
Clause	34	Am	endment of s 208 (Evaluation of evidence)	4
	(1) Sec	etion 208(1)(c) to (i)—	5
	re	num	ber as section 208(e) to (k).	6
	(2) Sec	ction 208(1)(a) and (b)—	7
	or	nit, i	nsert—	8
		'(a)	must have regard to the reasons for the enactment of this Act as stated in the preamble; and	9 10
		(b)	may inform itself on any matter as it considers appropriate; and	11
		(c)	must act according to equity, good conscience and the substantial merits of the case without regard to technicalities and legal forms; and	12 13 14
		(d)	must conduct itself in a way that will enable costs or delay to be reduced and will help to achieve a prompt hearing of the matters at issue between the parties; and'.	15 16 17
Clause	35		endment of s 209 (Orders the tribunal may make if complaint roven)	18 19
	(1) Sec	ction 209(1)(d)—	20
	re	num	ber as section 209(1)(h).	21
	(2) Sec	ction 209(1)—	22
	in	sert-	_	23
		'(d)	an order requiring the respondent to make a private apology or retraction;	24 25
		(e)	an order requiring the respondent to make a public apology or retraction by publishing the apology or retraction in the way, and in the form, stated in the order;	26 27 28
		(f)	an order requiring the respondent to implement programs to eliminate unlawful discrimination;	29 30

		an order compens	requiring a party to pay interest on an amount of ation;'.	1 2
	(3) Sec	tion 209(2), 'subsection (1)(a), (b) or (c)'—	3
	omit, in	isert—		4
	'subsec	etion (1)(a	a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) or (g)'.	5
Clause	36 Ame	endment	of s 213 (Costs)	6
	Section	213—		7
	insert–	_		8
	District C tribunal i	Court und s satisfie	osts must be assessed using the scale of costs for the er the <i>Uniform Civil Procedure Rules 1999</i> unless the ed that, because of the complexity of the matter, or reason, costs should be assessed using a higher scale.	9 10 11 12
	'(3) In have regard	_	whether to order a party to pay costs, the tribunal may	13 14
	, ,	preamble	ons for the enactment of this Act as stated in the e, and whether these reasons would be compromised or in ordering the party to pay costs; and	15 16 17
	(b)	the fairne	ess of a costs order, having regard to the following—	18
		unn	ether a party has conducted the proceeding in a way that ecessarily disadvantaged another party to the ceeding, including, for example, by—	19 20 21
		(A)	failing to comply with an order or direction of the tribunal without reasonable excuse; or	22 23
		(B)	failing to comply with this Act; or	24
		(C)	asking for an adjournment as a result of subsubparagraph (A) or (B); or	25 26
		(D)	causing an adjournment; or	27
		(E)	attempting to deceive another party or the tribunal; or	28
		(F)	vexatiously conducting the proceeding;	29
			ether a party has been responsible for prolonging easonably the time taken to complete the proceeding;	30 31

		parties;	2
		(iv) whether a party reasonably believed there had been a contravention of this Act;	3 4
		(v) the nature and complexity of the proceeding;	5
		(vi) any other matter the tribunal considers relevant.	6
	'(4) St	ubsection (3) does not limit subsection (1).	7
	Example o	f operation of this section—	8
	involve	ounal may consider it not to be appropriate to order costs if the subject matter is issues of particular complexity or if the decision may establish important ents in the interpretation or application of this Act.'.	9 10 11
Clause	37 Inse	ertion of new ch 7, pt 2, div 3A	12
	Chapte	er 7, part 2—	13
	insert-	_	14
		'Division 3A—Offers to settle	15
	'213A P	resumption of order for costs if offer to settle is rejected	16
	'(1) Tl	nis section applies if—	17
	(a)	a party to a proceeding before the tribunal gives another party an offer in writing to settle the proceeding; and	18 19
	(b)	the other party does not accept the offer while the offer is open; and	20 21
	(c)	the offer complies with any requirements of this division for an offer to settle; and	22 23
	(d)	in the tribunal's opinion, the orders made by the tribunal in the proceeding are not more favourable to the other party than the offer.	24 25 26
	in favour	the tribunal considers it reasonable to do so, it may make an order of the party who made the offer requiring the other party to pay incurred by the offering party after the offer was made.	27 28 29
		n making an order under subsection (2), the tribunal may have the matters mentioned in section 213(3).	30 31

s 37

'(4) In deciding whether its orders are or are not more favourable to a party than an offer, the tribunal—	1 2
(a) must take into account any costs it would have ordered on the date the offer was made; and	3 4
(b) must disregard any interest or costs it orders for any period after the date the offer was received.	5 6
'213B Offer to settle	7
'(1) An offer to settle is taken to have been made without prejudice.	8
'(2) The tribunal is not able to be told of the making of the offer to settle until after it has made its orders under section 209 or 210.10	9 10
'(3) A party may give more than 1 offer to settle.	11
'(4) If an offer to settle provides for the payment of money, the offer must state when the money is to be paid.	12 13
'213C Acceptance of offer to settle	14
'(1) An offer to settle must be open for acceptance until immediately before the tribunal makes any order under section 209 or 210, or until the expiry of a stated period after the offer is made, whichever happens first.	15 16 17
'(2) The stated period must be at least 14 days.	18
'(3) Without the permission of the tribunal, an offer to settle can not be withdrawn, whether or not to make a new offer, while it is open for acceptance.	19 20 21
'(4) For the decision of whether to give permission under subsection (3)—	22 23
 (a) the tribunal must be constituted by a member who is not the member constituting the tribunal for the proceeding generally; and 	24 25 26
(b) the tribunal may examine the offer to settle.	27
'(5) A party can only accept an offer to settle by giving the party who made it a signed notice of acceptance.	28 29

¹⁰ Section 209 (Orders the tribunal may make if complaint is proven) or 210 (Tribunal may dismiss complaint)

	'(6) A party may accept an offer to settle even though it has made a counteroffer.	1 2
	'213D Consequences if accepted offer is not complied with	3
	'If an offer to settle is accepted, but the party who made the offer does not comply with its terms, the tribunal, on the application of the party who accepted the offer, may—	4 5 6
	(a) make an order giving effect to the terms of the offer; or	7
	(c) if the party who accepted the offer is the complainant—make orders it could have made under section 209 if the proceeding had been finished; or	8 9 10
	(b) if the party making the offer was the complainant—dismiss the complaint.'.	11 12
Clause	38 Insertion of new s 215A	13
	Chapter 7, part 2, division 4—	14
	insert—	15
	'215A Tribunal may dismiss frivolous and other complaints	16
	'(1) If, at any stage of a proceeding, the tribunal is satisfied that a complaint is frivolous, vexatious, misconceived or lacking in substance, or that for any other reason the complaint should not be further considered, it may dismiss the complaint.	17 18 19 20
	'(2) The tribunal may act under subsection (1) on its own initiative or on the application of a party to the proceeding.'.	21 22
Clause	39 Replacement of s 216 (Supreme Court opinions)	23
	Section 216—	24
	omit, insert—	25
	'216 Supreme Court opinion	26
	'(1) The tribunal may, at any stage of a proceeding, and on the terms it considers appropriate, state a written case for the opinion of the Supreme Court on a question of law relevant to the proceeding.	27 28 29
	'(2) The court may—	30

	(a) hear and decide the matter raised by the case stated; and	1
	(b) remit the case, with its opinion, to the tribunal.	2
	'(3) The tribunal must give effect to the court's opinion.'.	3
Clause	40 Amendment of s 236 (Commissioner's powers)	4
	Section 236—	5
	insert—	6
	'(3) If the commissioner, in exercising its powers, asks a person to give the commissioner a document or other material, the commissioner may include with the request a requirement that the giving of the document or other material be done within the time stated in the requirement.'.	7 8 9 10
Clause	41 Amendment of ch 10	11
	Chapter 10, before section 264—	12
	insert—	13
	'PART 1—SERVICE	14
	'263A Definitions for pt 1	15
	'In this part—	16
	"document" includes a copy of a document.	17
	"give" includes provide.	18
	"relevant party", for a complaint, means the complainant or respondent in relation to the complaint.	19 20
	'263B Operation of pt 1	21
	'This part, and not the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 39, ¹¹ applies for the giving of documents under this Act to a relevant party for a complaint.	22 23 24

¹¹ Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 39 (Service of documents)

'263C G	eneral requirement for address of service	1
the comr	address for service of a relevant party for a complaint as advised to missioner or the tribunal must be a residential or business address office box address.	2 3 4
'263D A	dvice to tribunal of address for service	5
to the co	n address for service of a relevant party for a complaint, as notified ommissioner, may be used by both the commissioner and the as the relevant party's address for service for the complaint.	6 7 8
commiss the tribu	lowever, if a relevant party for a complaint has not given the ioner the party's address for service, the relevant party must advise nal of the relevant party's address for service if the complaint is to the tribunal.	9 10 11 12
'263E C	hange of address for service	13
complair	relevant party for a complaint may, at any time before the at is finally dealt with by the commissioner, give written notice to missioner of a change in the relevant party's address for service.	14 15 16
complair	relevant party for a complaint may, at any time before the at is finally dealt with by the tribunal, advise the tribunal of a nother relevant party's address for service.	17 18 19
'(3) A	relevant party for a complaint—	20
(a)	must give all other relevant parties for the complaint a copy of a written notice given under subsection (1) or (2); and	21 22
(b)	must give the commissioner a copy of a written notice given under subsection (2).	23 24
'263F Us	se of address for service	25
` '	or a complaint, the address for service of a relevant party for the at is the relevant party's address for service—	26 27
(a)	for the commissioner or the tribunal—as most recently notified to the commissioner or the tribunal; or	28 29
(b)	for another relevant party for the complaint—as most recently notified to the other relevant party.	30 31

for a com	a document is required or permitted to be given to a relevant party plaint, the document is taken to be given to the relevant party if 1 lowing applies—	1 2 3
(a)	the relevant party is an individual, and the document is handed to the relevant party personally;	4 5
(b)	the document is posted to the relevant party's address for service;	6
(c)	the relevant party's address for service is a residential address, and the document is left with someone apparently living at the address who is apparently at least 16 years;	7 8 9
(d)	the relevant party is a body corporate, its address for service is a business address, and the document is left at the address for service.	10 12 12
service is area to vidocument	espite subsection (2)(c) and (d), if the relevant party's address for a residential or business address and is a place in a building or which a person delivering a document is denied access, the is taken to be given to the relevant party if it is left at the building a position where it is reasonably likely to come to the attention of int party.	13 14 15 16 17 18
that the r	bsection (2)(b) does not stop the relevant party from establishing relevant party was not given the document by proving that the twas not delivered to the address for service.	19 20 21
or (d) or (the document is given to a relevant party under subsection (2)(c) (3), the giving of the document is taken to have been effected on ess day after the document is left in the way required.	22 23 24
'263G C o	ommunication effected by giving of document	25
permitted	is section applies if the commissioner or tribunal is required or under this Act, in relation to a complaint, to communicate with a earty for the complaint including, for example, by doing any of the	26 27 28 29
(a)	notifying the relevant party of something, whether or not in writing;	30 31
(b)	asking or telling the relevant party something, whether or not in writing;	32 33
	giving the relevant party reasons for something, whether or not in writing;	34 35

(d)	giving the relevant party a direction, or otherwise ordering the relevant party to do something, whether or not in writing;	1 2
(e)	writing to the relevant party to tell the relevant party something.	3
'(2) Th	ne commissioner or tribunal may effect the communication by—	4
(a)	putting the substance of the communication into a document; and	5
(b)	giving the document to the relevant party in a way provided for under this part for the giving of a document to a relevant party for a complaint.	6 7 8
Example—	-	9
writing complai about tl	169(1) ¹² includes a requirement for the commissioner to tell a complainant in that a complaint will lapse unless the complainant indicates that the mant wishes to continue with it. The commissioner may tell the complainant me lapsing of the complaint by including the information in a document and the document to the complainant's address for service.	10 11 12 13 14
'263H N	o address for service advised	15
	nis section applies if the address for service of a relevant party for int is not known—	16 17
(a)	because of the relevant party's failure to comply with a requirement for advising an address for service; or	18 19
(b)	because the relevant party is a respondent, and has not yet been notified under section 143. ¹³	20 21
'(2) Th	ne relevant party's address for service is taken to be—	22
(a)	for an individual—the individual's last known place of business or residence; or	23 24
(b)	for a body corporate—the body corporate's head office or its principal or registered office.	25 26
'(3) For subsection (1)(a), a relevant party's failure to comply with a requirement for advising an address for service includes a respondent's failure to advise the commissioner of the respondent's address for service after receiving a notice under section 143.		

¹² Section 169 (Complaint may lapse if complainant loses interest)

¹³ Section 143 (Respondent is to be notified of accepted complaint)

	'263I Email or fax address	1
	'(1) A relevant party for a complaint may, as well as advising the relevant party's address for service, also advise an email address or fax number for the relevant party.	2 3 4
	'(2) If a relevant party for a complaint, in advising an address for service, has also advised an email address or fax number and has stated a preference for the use of the email address or fax number for the service of documents, a document to be given to the relevant party in relation to the complaint may be, but is not required to be, given to the relevant party by using the email address or fax number.	5 6 7 8 9 10
	'PART 2—OTHER MATTERS'.	11
Clause	42 Insertion of new ch 11 and pt hdg	12
	Before section 268—	13
	insert—	14
	'CHAPTER 11—TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS	15
	'PART 1—TRANSITIONAL PROVISION FOR ACT NO. 29 OF 1994'.	16 17
Clause	43 Insertion of new ch 11, pt 2 and sch heading	18
	After section 268—	19
	insert—	20
	'PART 2—TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS FOR	21
	DISCRIMINATION LAW AMENDMENT ACT 2002	22
	'269 Application of amendments made by Discrimination Law Amendment Act 2002	23 24
	'(1) The following provisions of this Act, as inserted, or to the extent amended, by the <i>Discrimination Law Amendment Act</i> 2002, do not apply	25 26

for the purposes of a complaint received by the commissioner befor commencement of this section—	re the 1 2
(a) section 136;	3
(b) section 143(2) to (5);	4
(c) section 153;	5
(d) section 154A;	6
(e) section 155;	7
(f) section 164A.	8
'(2) The provisions of this Act, as inserted, or to the extent amende the <i>Discrimination Law Amendment Act 2002</i> , other than the provimentioned in subsection (1), apply for the purposes of a comp whether the complaint was received by the commissioner before or the commencement of this section.	sions 10 laint, 11
'270 Operation of service provisions for complaints received befor commencement	re 14 15
'(1) This section provides for the application of chapter 10, part 1 complaint received by the commissioner before the commencement of section.	
'(2) Despite section 269(2), nothing in chapter 10, part 1 requirelevant party for the complaint to advise the commissioner, the triburanother relevant party for the complaint of the relevant party's addresservice.	nal or 20
'(3) However—	23
(a) a relevant party for the complaint may at any time advise address for service in the same way a relevant party to complaint may advise a change of the relevant party's address service under section 263E; ¹⁴ and	for a 25
(b) if a relevant party for the complaint has not advised an adfor service, the relevant party's address for service is taken the address mentioned for the party in section 263H(2). ¹⁵	
'(4) In this section—	31

¹⁴ Section 263E (Change of address for service)

¹⁵ Section 263H (No address for service advised)

	"relevant party", for a complaint, means the complainant or respondent in relation to the complaint.	1 2
	'SCHEDULE	3
	'DICTIONARY	4
	section 4'.	5
	PART 5—AMENDMENT OF GUARDIANSHIP AND ADMINISTRATION ACT 2000	6 7
Clause	44 Act amended in pt 5 This part amends the <i>Guardianship and Administration Act 2000</i> .	8
Clause	45 Insertion of new ch 12, pt 5	10
	After section 262A—	11
	insert—	12
	'PART 5—TRANSITIONAL PROVISION FOR DISCRIMINATION LAW AMENDMENT ACT 2002	13 14
	'262B Application of amendments made by Discrimination Law Amendment Act 2002	15 16
	'(1) This section applies for the reference to a community visitor's spouse in section 231(7) if—	17 18
	(a) the community visitor was appointed before the commencement of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 32DA ¹⁶ ("section 32DA"); and	19 20 21

¹⁶ Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA (Meaning of "de facto partner")

	(b) the spouse was, immediately before the commencement, a de facto partner of the person as defined under section 32DA.	1 2
	'(2) While the spouse continues to be a de facto partner of the person, section 231(7) does not apply for the spouse.	3
	'(3) However, subsection (2) applies only for the person's term of holding office as a community visitor that was current at the commencement of section 32DA.'.	5 6 7
	PART 6—AMENDMENT OF JUDGES (PENSIONS AND LONG LEAVE) ACT 1957	8 9
Clause	46 Act amended in pt 6	10
	This part amends the Judges (Pensions and Long Leave) Act 1957.	11
Clause	47 Amendment of s 2 (Definitions)	12
	Section 2—	13
	insert—	14
	"live together as a couple" means live together as a couple on a genuine domestic basis within the meaning of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 32DA. ¹⁷ .	15 16 17
Clause	48 Amendment of s 7 (Pension of spouse on death of judge)	18
	Section 7—	19
	insert—	20
	'(2) However—	21
	(a) if the spouse is a de facto partner, the spouse is entitled to a pension under subsection (1) only if the judge and the spouse had lived together as a couple—	22 23 24

¹⁷ Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA (Meaning of "de facto partner")

		(i)	for a continuous period of at least 2 years ending on the death; or	1 2
		(ii)	for a shorter period ending on the death, if the circumstances of the de facto relationship of the judge and the spouse evidenced a clear intention that the relationship be a long term, committed relationship; and	3 4 5 6
	(b)	if th	ne judge died leaving more than 1 spouse—	7
		(i)	the pensions of all the spouses are limited to the pension (the "total pension") that would have been payable had the judge died leaving only 1 spouse; and	8 9 10
		(ii)	the total pension must be apportioned between the spouses in the way the Minister considers appropriate.	11 12
	'(3) Su section 3		tion (2)(a) applies despite the Acts Interpretation Act 1954, (6).'.	13 14
Clause	49 Am	endn	nent of s 8 (Pension of spouse on death of retired judge)	15
	(1) Se retiremen		n 8, 'whose marriage to the judge happened before the	16 17
	omit.			18
	(2) Se	ction	8—	19
	insert-	_		20
	'(2) H	owev	er—	21
	(a)	pen	ne spouse is a husband or wife, the spouse is entitled to a sion under subsection (1) only if his or her marriage to the red judge happened before the judge's retirement; and	22 23 24
	(b)		ne spouse is a de facto partner, the spouse is entitled to a sion under subsection (1) only if—	25 26
		(i)	the spouse was a spouse of the retired judge both when the judge retired and when the judge died; and	27 28
		(ii)	the retired judge and the spouse had lived together as a couple—	29 30
			(A) for a continuous period of at least 2 years ending on the death; or	31 32

		(B) for a shorter period ending on the death, if t circumstances of the de facto relationship of the jud and the spouse evidenced a clear intention that t relationship be a long term, committed relationship and	ge 2 he 3
	(c)	if the retired judge died leaving more than 1 spouse—	6
		(i) the pensions of all the spouses are limited to the pension (the "total pension") that would have been payable had to judge died leaving only 1 spouse; and	
		(ii) the total pension must be apportioned between the spous in the way the Minister considers appropriate.	ses 10 11
		ubsection (2)(b) applies despite the <i>Acts Interpretation Act</i> 195 32DA(6).'.	54, 12 13
Clause	50 Am	nendment of s 8A (Pension for children of deceased judge)	14
	(1) Se	ection 8A(1), definitions "eligible child" and "spouse"—	15
	omit.		16
	(2) Se	ection 8A(1)—	17
	insert-	<u>. </u>	18
	ʻ "eligib	ole child", of a judge, means—	19
	(a)	if the judge died before retirement—a person who is und 16 years or, if the person is receiving full-time education at school, college or university, is under 25 years and who—	
		(i) is a child of the judge; or	23
		(ii) when the judge died, was a child of a person who, on t death of the judge, became a person entitled to receive pension under section 7; or	
	(b)	if the judge died after retirement—a person who is und 16 years or, if the person is receiving full-time education at school, college or university, is under 25 years and who—	
		(i) is a child of the judge; or	30
		(ii) when the judge retired, was a child of a person who, on t death of the judge, became a person entitled to receive pension under section 8.'.	

	PART 7—AMENDMENT OF LAND TAX ACT 1915	1
Clause	51 Act amended in pt 7	2
	This part amends the Land Tax Act 1915.	3
Clause	52 Amendment of s 3 (Definitions)	4
	insert—	5
	"spouse" see section 3BA.'.	6
Clause	53 Insertion of new s 3BA	7
	After section 3B—	8
	insert—	9
	'3BA Meaning of "spouse"	10
	'(1) A person's "spouse" is the person's—	11
	(a) husband or wife; or	12
	(b) de facto partner. ¹⁸	13
	'(2) However, for subsection (1)(b), a person is a de facto partner of another person only if they are living together as a couple on a genuine domestic basis within the meaning of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 32DA, and, for at least 2 years, have so lived together as a couple.	14 15 16 17
	'(3) This section applies despite the Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA(6).'.	18 19
Clause	54 Amendment of s 11 (Taxable value)	20
	Section 11(6F), 'husband, wife'—	21
	omit, insert—	22
	'spouse'.	23

¹⁸ See the Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA (Meaning of "de facto partner").

s 59

Clause	Amendment of s 11B (Provisions relating to land comprised in a building units plan etc.)	1 2
	Section 11B(3B), 'husband, wife'—	3
	omit, insert—	4
	'spouse'.	5
Clause	56 Amendment of s 11BA (Provisions relating to scheme land for a community titles scheme)	6 7
	Section 11BA(5), 'husband, wife'—	8
	omit, insert—	9
	'spouse'.	10
Clause	57 Amendment of s 11C (Deduction—home unit companies)	11
	Section 11C(2A) and (2B), 'husband, wife'—	12
	omit, insert—	13
	'spouse'.	14
	PART 8—AMENDMENT OF PROPERTY LAW ACT 1974	15
Clause	58 Act amended in pt 8	16
	This part amends the <i>Property Law Act 1974</i> .	17
Clause	59 Replacement of s 260 (Meaning of "de facto spouse")	18
	Section 260—	19
	omit, insert—	20
	'260 Extended meaning of "de facto partner" for pt 19	21
	'(1) A reference to a "de facto partner" is a reference to either 1 of 2 persons who—	22 23

 (b) have been, or would have been had section 32DA been in force de facto partners of each other, but who are no longer living together as a couple on a genuine domestic basis within the meaning of section 32DA. '(2) Subsection (1)(b) applies despite the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> section 32DA(6).'. Clause 60 Amendment of s 323 (Effect of declaration) (1) Section 323(2), after 'de facto relationship'—	1 2
Clause 60 Amendment of s 323 (Effect of declaration) (1) Section 323(2), after 'de facto relationship'— insert— 'and to have been or not to have been de facto partners for this part and the Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA ("section 32DA"),20'. (2) Section 323(3)— omit, insert— '(3) The declaration— (a) only has effect for the persons, and for the date or during the period, stated in it; and	4
 (1) Section 323(2), after 'de facto relationship'— insert—	7 8
 insert— 'and to have been or not to have been de facto partners for this part and the Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA ("section 32DA"),²⁰'. (2) Section 323(3)— omit, insert— '(3) The declaration— (a) only has effect for the persons, and for the date or during the period, stated in it; and 	9
'and to have been or not to have been de facto partners for this part and the Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA ("section 32DA"), ²⁰ '. (2) Section 323(3)— omit, insert— '(3) The declaration— (a) only has effect for the persons, and for the date or during the period, stated in it; and	10
the Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA ("section 32DA"), ²⁰ . (2) Section 323(3)— omit, insert— '(3) The declaration— (a) only has effect for the persons, and for the date or during the period, stated in it; and	11
omit, insert—'(3) The declaration—(a) only has effect for the persons, and for the date or during the period, stated in it; and	12 13
(3) The declaration—(a) only has effect for the persons, and for the date or during the period, stated in it; and	14
(a) only has effect for the persons, and for the date or during the period, stated in it; and	15
period, stated in it; and	16
(b) has affect for the purposes of another Act only to establish	17 18
(b) has effect for the purposes of another Act only to establish whether the persons were, on the stated date or during the stated period, de facto partners of each other, as defined in section 32DA. ²¹ '.	20

¹⁹ Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA (Meaning of "de facto partner")

²⁰ Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA (Meaning of "de facto partner")

²¹ See the example and note for section 316 (Purpose of div 5).

	PART 9—AMENDMENT OF PUBLIC TRUSTEE ACT 1978	1 2
Clause	61 Act amended in pt 9	3
	This part amends the <i>Public Trustee Act 1978</i> .	4
Clause	62 Amendment of s 54 (Where residue may be paid to spouse)	5
	Section 54—	6
	insert—	7
	'(3) For subsections (1) and (2), the spouse of the intestate includes a de facto partner of the intestate only if the intestate and the de facto partner had lived together as a couple on a genuine domestic basis within the meaning of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 32DA ²² for a continuous period of at least 2 years ending on the intestate's death.	8 9 10 11 12
	'(4) Subsection (3) applies despite the <i>Acts Interpretation Act</i> 1954, sections 32DA(6).'.	13 14
Clause	63 Amendment of s 88 (Disposal of property on death where value under \$50 000)	15 16
	(1) Section 88(1)(d), 'husband, wife'—	17
	omit, insert—	18
	'spouse'.	19
	(2) Section 88—	20
	insert—	21
	'(4) For subsection (1)(d), the spouse of the incapacitated person includes a de facto partner of the person only if the person and the de facto partner had lived together as a couple on a genuine domestic basis within the meaning of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 32DA ²³ for a continuous period of at least 2 years ending on the person's death.	22 23 24 25 26

²² Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA (Meaning of "de facto partner")

²³ Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA (Meaning of "de facto partner")

	'(5) Subsection (4) applies despite the <i>Acts Interpretation Act</i> 1954, sections 32DA(6).'.	1 2
Clause	64 Amendment of s 94 (Powers of public trustee)	3
	Section 94—	4
	insert—	5
	'(5) The reference in subsection (1)(d) to the prisoner's spouse includes a reference to—	6 7
	(a) if the prisoner was already imprisoned when this subsection commenced—a person who would have been, immediately before the prisoner was imprisoned, the prisoner's de facto partner had the Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA ²⁴ been in force; or	8 9 10 11 12
	(b) otherwise—a person who was, immediately before the prisoner was imprisoned, the prisoner's de facto partner.'.	13 14
Clause	65 Amendment of s 107 (Powers as administrator of unclaimed property)	15 16
	Section 107—	17
	insert—	18
	'(5) The reference in subsection (1)(c) to the spouse of the owner includes a reference to—	19 20
	(a) if the last known contact with the owner happened before this subsection commenced—a person who would have been, when the last known contact happened, the owner's de facto partner had the Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA ²⁵ been in force; or	21 22 23 24 25
	(b) otherwise—a person who was, immediately before the last known contact with the owner happened, the owner's de facto partner.'.	26 27 28

²⁴ Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA (Meaning of "de facto partner")

²⁵ Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA (Meaning of "de facto partner")

s 66 46 **s 68**

Discrimination Law Amendment R	:11 2002	

Clause	66 Insertion of new pt 10, div 3	1
	After section 148—	2
	insert—	3
	Division 3—Transitional provision for Discrimination Law Amendment Act 2002	4 5
	'149 Application of amendments made by Discrimination Law Amendment Act 2002	6 7
	'The amendments of this Act and the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> made by the <i>Discrimination Law Amendment Act 2002</i> do not apply in relation to this Act for—	8 9 10
	(a) a will executed before the amendments commenced; or	11
	(b) the estate of a person who died before the amendments commenced.'.	12 13
	PART 10—AMENDMENT OF REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES ACT 1962	14 15
Clause	67 Act amended in pt 10	16
	This part amends the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages Act 1962.	17 18
Clause	68 Amendment of s 5 (Interpretation)	19
	Section 5(1)—	20
	insert—	21
	"adopted children register" means the Adopted Children Register kept under the <i>Adoption of Children Act 1964</i> .	22 23
	"recognition certificate" means a certificate issued under the law of another State that identifies the person who is the subject of the certificate as having undergone sexual reassignment surgery and as being the sex stated in the certificate.	24 25 26 27

	"sexual reassignment surgery" means a surgical procedure involving the alteration of a person's reproductive organs carried out—	1 2
	(a) to help the person to be considered to be a member of the opposite sex; or	3
	(b) to correct or eliminate ambiguities about the sex of the person.'.	5
Clause	69 Amendment of s 22 (Searches and copies)	6
	Section 22—	7
	insert—	8
	'(3E) After the reregistration of the birth of a person (the "relevant person") under section 29B(4), a certificate or extract obtained from the registrar general under subsection (1)—	9 10 11
	(a) must show the relevant person's sex in accordance with the reregistration; and	12 13
	(b) must not include a statement or other clear indication to the effect that a change of the relevant person's sex has been entered in the register of births.	14 15 16
	'(3F) However, any of the following persons may, on payment of the prescribed fee, apply to the registrar general for a certificate from the entry for the relevant person that was closed on the reregistration—	17 18 19
	(a) the relevant person;	20
	(b) a child of the relevant person;	21
	(c) a parent of the relevant person, if the relevant person is a child;	22
	(d) a person prescribed under a regulation.'.	23
Clause	70 Amendment of s 28 (Registration of name after registration of birth)	24 25
	(1) Section 28, heading, after 'birth"—	26
	insert—	27
	'or adoption'.	28
	(2) Section 28(2), 'the register'—	29
	omit, insert—	30

24

'a register'.	1
(3) Section 28(2), after 'birth registration'—	2
insert—	3
'or registration entered in the adopted children register'.	4
(4) Section 28(3), 'the register'—	5
omit, insert—	6
'a register'.	7
(5) Section 28(3), after 'under subsection (1)'—	8
insert—	9
'unless the altered or additional entry is made in conjunction with the entering of a change of sex for the child under section 28D. ²⁶ '.	10 11
(6) Section 28(4)(b), after 'register of births'—	12
insert—	13
'or adopted children register'.	14
71 Amendment of s 28A (Entry of change of surname of child)	15
(1) Section 28A(1)(a), after 'Act'—	16
insert—	17
'or whose adoption has been registered under the Adoption of Children Act 1964'.	18 19
(2) Section 28A(1)(f), 'kept under the Adoption of Children Act 1964'—	20
omit.	21
72 Insertion of new ss 28B–28D	22
After section 28A—	23
	 (3) Section 28(2), after 'birth registration'— insert— 'or registration entered in the adopted children register'. (4) Section 28(3), 'the register'— omit, insert— 'a register'. (5) Section 28(3), after 'under subsection (1)'— insert— 'unless the altered or additional entry is made in conjunction with the entering of a change of sex for the child under section 28D.26'. (6) Section 28(4)(b), after 'register of births'— insert— 'or adopted children register'. 71 Amendment of s 28A (Entry of change of surname of child) (1) Section 28A(1)(a), after 'Act'— insert— 'or whose adoption has been registered under the Adoption of Children Act 1964'. (2) Section 28A(1)(f), 'kept under the Adoption of Children Act 1964'— omit. 72 Insertion of new ss 28B-28D

insert—

²⁶ Section 28D (Change of register and reregistration)

s 72

'28B Ap]	plicat	ion to record change of sex	1
adoption	has b	on whose birth has been registered under this Act or whose een registered under the <i>Adoption of Children Act 1964</i> may gistrar general—	2 3 4
(a)		nter a change of the person's sex in the register of births or oted children register; and	5 6
(b)	to re	register the person's birth or adoption.	7
'(2) A person—	perso	on may make an application under subsection (1) only if the	8 9
(a)	is 18	years or more; and	10
(b)	has t	undergone sexual reassignment surgery; and	11
(c)	is no	t married.	12
under thi	s Act	rents or guardian of a child whose birth has been registered or whose adoption has been registered under the <i>Adoption of 964</i> may apply to the registrar general—	13 14 15
(a)		nter a change of the child's sex in the register of births or oted children register; and	16 17
(b)	to re	register the child's birth or adoption.	18
'(4) A child—	perso	on may make an application under subsection (3) only if the	19 20
(a)	has u	undergone sexual reassignment surgery; and	21
(b)	is no	t married.	22
'(5) Ai form.	n appl	ication under subsection (1) or (3) must be in the prescribed	23 24
'(6) Aı	ı appl	ication under subsection (3) may be made by 1 parent if—	25
(a)		applicant is the sole parent named in the registration of the l's birth or adoption; or	26 27
(b)	the o	other parent is dead; or	28
(c)	the r	egistrar general is satisfied that—	29
	(i)	the other parent's whereabouts are unknown; or	30
	(ii)	the other parent is unable to sign the application; or	31

	(ii)	there is another reason that justifies the making of the application by 1 parent.	1 2
	-	plication under this section must be for both entering the and the reregistration of the birth or adoption.	3 4
'28C Red	quire	ements for application	5
'(1) Ar	n app	lication under section 28B must be accompanied by—	6
(a)	eith	er—	7
	(i)	statutory declarations by 2 doctors verifying that the person the subject of the application has undergone sexual reassignment surgery; or	8 9 10
	(ii)	a recognition certificate for the person the subject of the application; and	11 12
(b)	othe	er documents and information prescribed under a regulation.	13
'(2) In	this	section—	14
of a	anoth	udes a person registered as a medical practitioner under a law her State or New Zealand corresponding to the <i>Medical ners Registration Act 2001</i> .	15 16 17
'28D Ch	ange	of register and reregistration	18
'(1) Th by—	ne re	gistrar general must decide an application under section 28B	19 20
(a)		ering the change of sex in the register of births or adopted dren register and reregistering the birth or adoption; or	21 22
(b)		sing to enter the change of sex in the register of births or pted children register and reregister the birth or adoption.	23 24
change or reregister	of sex	rer, before the registrar general decides whether to enter the x in the register of births or adopted children register and birth or adoption, the applicant must give the registrar general information and documents the registrar general reasonably	25 26 27 28 29
register o	of bin	gistrar general must refuse to enter the change of sex in the rths or adopted children register and reregister the birth or experson the subject of the application is married.'.	30 31

Clause	73 Am	endn	nent of s 29B (Changing particulars in register of births)	1		
	(1) Se	ction	29B, heading, after 'births'—	2		
	insert—					
	or ad	lopte	d children register'.	4		
	(2) Se	ction	29B(1)—	5		
	omit, i	insert	<u>;</u>	6		
	'(1) St	'(1) Subsection (2) applies if the registrar general proposes to enter—				
	(a)	in tl	he register of births—	8		
		(i)	a change of a child's surname under section 27B(1), 27C(1), 27D(1)(c) or 28A(1)(e); or	9 10		
		(ii)	a change of a person's name by deed poll or other legal process under section 28(4); or	11 12		
	(b)	in tl	he adopted children register—	13		
		(i)	a change of a child's surname under section 28A(1)(f); or	14		
		(ii)	a change of a person's name by deed poll or other legal process under section 28(4).'.	15 16		
	(3) Section 29B(2)(b), after 'birth'—					
	insert—					
	'or adoption'.					
	(4) Section 29B—					
	insert—					
	'(3) St	ubsec	etion (4) applies if the registrar general proposes—	22		
	(a)	on a	an application under section 28B(1)—	23		
		(i)	to enter a change of a person's sex in the register of births or adopted children register; and	24 25		
		(ii)	to reregister the person's birth or adoption; or	26		
	(b)	on a	an application under section 28B(3)—	27		
		(i)	to enter a change of a child's sex in the register of births or adopted children register; and	28 29		
		(ii)	to reregister the child's birth or adoption.	30		
	'(4) Tl	he reg	gistrar general must—	31		

	(a)	enter the change of sex by making a note in the margin, or in the place set aside for notes, in the relevant entry in the register of births or adopted children register; and	1 2 3
	(b)	close the relevant entry in the way the registrar general considers appropriate; and	4 5
	(c)	reregister the birth or adoption.'.	6
Clause	74 Am	nendment of s 29C (Application for reregistration of birth)	7
	(1) Se	ction 29C, after 'birth'—	8
	insert-	<u> </u>	9
	or ad	option'.	10
	(2) Se	ction 29C(1)(a) and (2), after 'register of births'—	11
	insert-	<u> </u>	12
	'or ad	opted children register'.	13
Clause	75 Am	nendment of s 29D (Notes about reregistration of births)	14
	(1) Se	ction 29D, heading, 'births"—	15
	omit, i	insert—	16
	'birth	or adoption'.	17
	(2) Se	ction 29D(1), after 'birth'—	18
	insert-	<u> </u>	19
	or ad	option'.	20
Clause	76 Am	nendment of s 29E (Commemorative birth certificates)	21
	Section	on 29E(2), definition "adopted children register"—	22
	omit.		23
Clause	77 Ins	ertion of new ss 43A–43C	24
	After	section 43—	25
	insert-	<u> </u>	26

s 77 53 s 77

'43A Use of certificate or extract	1
'(1) This section applies if the birth of a person (the "reregistered person") has been reregistered under section 29B(4). ²⁷	2 3
'(2) A person, whether or not the reregistered person, who is aware of the reregistration must not produce to another person, for a purpose (the "relevant purpose") of a law of another State or of the Commonwealth, a certificate or extract obtained from the registrar general under section 2228 that shows the reregistered person's sex as recorded in the register of births after the reregistration unless—	4 5 6 7 8 9
(a) the laws of the other State or of the Commonwealth expressly allow the certificate or extract to be produced for the relevant purpose; or	10 11 12
(b) the person, when producing the certificate or extract, informs the person to whom it is produced that a change of the reregistered person's sex has been entered in the register of births.	13 14 15
Maximum penalty—100 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment.	16
'(3) The reregistered person must not, with intent to deceive, produce to another person a certificate or extract obtained from the registrar general under section 22, or another document, however obtained, showing the reregistered person's sex as recorded in the register of births before the reregistration.	17 18 19 20 21
Maximum penalty—100 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment.	22
'(4) In this section—	23
"certificate or extract", obtained under this Act, includes a copy of the certificate or extract.	24 25
'43B Effect of reregistration	26
'(1) A person whose birth or adoption has been reregistered under section 29B(4) is taken to be, for the purposes of, but subject to, the laws of Queensland, a person of the sex as recorded in the register of births or adopted children register after the reregistration.	27 28 29 30
'(2) If, under the law of another State, a person's change of sex has been entered in a corresponding register, the person is taken to be, for the	31 32

²⁷ Section 29B (Changing particulars in register of births or adopted children register)

²⁸ Section 22 (Searches and copies)

	purposes of, but subject to, the laws of Queensland, a person of the sex as recorded in the corresponding register after the entry of the change.	1 2
	'(3) In this section—	3
	"corresponding register" means a register kept under the law of another State that corresponds to the register of births or adopted children register.	4 5 6
	'43C Effect of recognition certificate	7
	'(1) A person who is the subject of a recognition certificate is taken to be, for the purposes of, but subject to, the laws of Queensland, a person of the sex as stated in the recognition certificate.	8 9 10
	'(2) Despite subsection (1), the requirements of sections 28B to 28D ²⁹ must be complied with if a recognised person wishes to have the recognised person's change of sex entered in the register of births or adopted children register and the person's birth or adoption reregistered.	11 12 13 14
	'(3) In the section—	15
	"recognised person" means a person—	16
	(a) who is the subject of a recognition certificate; and	17
	(b) whose birth has been registered under this Act, or whose adoption has been registered under the <i>Adoption of Children Act</i> 1964.'.	18 19 20
	PART 11—AMENDMENT OF SUCCESSION ACT 1981	21
Clause	78 Act amended in pt 11	22
	This part amends the Succession Act 1981.	23
Clause	79 Insertion of new s 5AA	24
	After section 5—	25

²⁹ Sections 28B (Application to record change of sex), 28C (Requirements for application) and 28D (Change of register and reregistration)

insert-	_		1
'5AA W	ho is	a person's "spouse"	2
'(1) G	enera	ally, a person's "spouse" is the person's—	3
(a)	hus	band or wife; or	4
(b)		facto partner, as defined in the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> e "AIA"), section 32DA. ³⁰	5 6
'(2) Hodeceased		ver, a person is a " spouse " of a deceased person only if, on the ath—	7 8
(a)	the	person was the deceased's husband or wife; or	9
(b)	the	following applied to the person—	10
	(i)	the person was the deceased's de facto partner, as defined in the AIA, section 32DA;	11 12
	(ii)	the person and the deceased had lived together as a couple on a genuine domestic basis within the meaning of the AIA, section 32DA for a continuous period of at least 2 years ending on the deceased's death; or	13 14 15 16
(c)	for	part 4, 31 the person was—	17
	(i)	a person mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b); or	18
	(ii)	the deceased's dependant former husband or wife.	19
'(3) St	ıbsec	etion (2) applies—	20
(a)		pite the AIA, section 32DA(6) and section 36, definition ouse"; and	21 22
(b)	whe	ether the deceased died testate or intestate.	23
'(4) In	this	section—	24
_	ant i	former husband or wife", of a deceased person, means a ho—	25 26
(a)		divorced by or from the deceased at any time, whether ore or after the commencement of this Act; and	27 28
(b)	had	not remarried before the deceased's death; and	29

³⁰ Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA (Meaning of "de facto partner")

³¹ Part 4 (Family provision)

	(c) was on the deceased's death receiving, or entitled to receive, maintenance from the deceased.'.	1 2
Clause	80 Insertion of new pt 7, div 2	3
	After section 73—	4
	insert—	5
	'Division 2—Transitional provision for Discrimination Law Amendment Act 2002	6 7
	'74 Application of amendments made by Discrimination Law Amendment Act 2002	8 9
	'The amendments of this Act and the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> made by the <i>Discrimination Law Amendment Act 2002</i> do not apply in relation to this Act for—	10 11 12
	(a) a will executed before the amendments commenced; or	13
	(b) the estate of a person who died before the amendments commenced.'.	14 15
Clause	81 Amendment of sch 2 (Distribution of residual estate upon intestacy)	16 17
	Schedule 2, part 1—	18
	omit, insert—	19
	'PART 1—INTESTATE SURVIVED BY SPOUSE	20
	Circumstance Way in which the intestate's residuary estate is to be distributed	
	 If the intestate is not survived by issue If there is only 1 surviving spouse, the spouse is entitled to the whole of the residuary estate. 	

- **2.** If there is more than 1 surviving spouse, they are entitled to the whole of the residuary estate in accordance with section 36.1
- **2.** If the intestate is survived by issue
- **1.** If there is only 1 surviving spouse, the spouse is entitled to—
- (a) \$150 000 and the household chattels; and
- (b) the following part of the residuary estate then remaining—
 - (i) if there is only 1 child of the intestate who survived, or who did not survive but left issue who survived, the intestate—1/2;
 - (ii) otherwise— $\frac{1}{3}$.
- **2.** If there is more than 1 surviving spouse, they are entitled, in accordance with section 36, to—
- (a) \$150 000 and the household chattels; and
- (b) the following part of the residuary estate then remaining—
 - (i) if there is only 1 child of the intestate who survived, or who did not survive but left issue who survived, the intestate—1/2;
 - (ii) otherwise—1/3.

3. The issue of the intestate are entitled to the balance of the residuary estate in accordance with section 36A.'.

 $1\,$ For when there may be more than 1 surviving spouse, see section 5AA (Who is a person's "spouse").

	PART 12—AMENDMENT OF SUPREME COURT ACT 1995				
Clause	82	Act	ame	ended in pt 12	3
	Т	his p	art aı	mends the Supreme Court Act 1995.	4
Clause	83	Am	endn	ment of s 18 (Actions how brought)	5
	()	1) Se	ction	18(3)—	6
	re	enum	ber a	s section 18(4).	7
	(2	2) Se	ction	18(2)—	8
	0	mit, i	insert	· <u> </u>	9
	fact live	o pai d tog	rtner gether	bsection (1), the spouse of a deceased person includes a de of the deceased only if the deceased and the de facto partner as a couple on a genuine domestic basis within the meaning terpretation Act 1954, section 32DA—32	10 11 12 13
		(a)	gen	erally—	14
			(i)	for a continuous period of at least 2 years ending on the deceased's death; or	15 16
			(ii)	for a shorter period ending on the deceased's death, if the circumstances of the de facto relationship of the deceased and the de facto partner evidenced a clear intention that the relationship be a long term, committed relationship; or	17 18 19 20

³² Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA (Meaning of "de facto partner")

s 84 59 s 85

Discrimination Law Amendment Bill 2002

	(b) if the deceased left a dependant who is a child of the relationship—immediately before the deceased's death.	1 2
	'(3) Subsection (2) applies despite the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 32DA(6).'.	3 4
	(3) Section 18(4) as renumbered, 'For subsection (2)'—	5
	omit, insert—	6
	'In this section'.	7
	(4) Section 18(4) as renumbered, definition "child of the relationship", 'other person'—	8 9
	omit, insert—	10
	'de facto partner'.	11
Clause	84 Amendment of s 81 (Property in possession of any codefendant or husband or wife)	12 13
	(1) Section 81, heading, 'husband or wife'—	14
	omit, insert—	15
	'spouse'.	16
	(2) Section 81, 'husband wife'—	17
	omit, insert—	18
	'spouse'.	19
Clause	85 Insertion of new s 303	20
	After section 302—	21
	insert—	22
	'303 Transitional provision for Discrimination Law Amendment Act 2002	23 24
	'(1) This section applies in relation to a death of a person that happens in the period of 1 year after the commencement of this section.	25 26
	'(2) For applying section 18(1), the spouse of the deceased person includes a person who, although not legally married to the deceased person—	27 28 29

	(a) lived with the person as the person's husband or wife for a continuous period of at least 1 year immediately before the commencement of this section; and	1 2 3
	(b) continued to live with the person as the person's husband or wife until the deceased person died.'.	4 5
	PART 13—AMENDMENT OF WORKCOVER	6
	QUEENSLAND ACT 1996	7
Clause	86 Act amended in pt 13	8
	This part amends the WorkCover Queensland Act 1996.	9
Clause	87 Replacement of s 31 (Meaning of "spouse")	10
	Section 31—	11
	omit, insert—	12
	'31 Who is the "spouse" of a deceased worker	13
	'(1) The "spouse", of a deceased worker, includes the worker's de facto partner only if the worker and the de facto partner lived together as a couple on a genuine domestic basis within the meaning of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 32DA— ³³	14 15 16 17
	(a) generally—	18
	(i) for a continuous period of at least 2 years ending on the worker's death; or	19 20
	(ii) for a shorter period ending on the deceased's death, if the circumstances of the de facto relationship of the deceased and the de facto partner evidenced a clear intention that the relationship be a long term, committed relationship; or	21 22 23 24
	(b) if the deceased left a dependant who is a child of the relationship—immediately before the worker's death.	25 26

³³ Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA (Meaning of "de facto partner")

	'(2) This section applies despite the <i>Acts Interpretation Act</i> 1954, section 32DA(6).	1 2
	'(3) In this section—	3
	"child of the relationship" means a child of the worker and the de facto partner, and includes a child born after the worker's death.	4 5
	"dependant" includes a child born after the worker's death who would have been completely or partly dependent on the worker's earnings after the child's birth if the worker had not died.'.	6 7 8
Clause	88 Insertion of new ch 15	9
	After section 590—	10
	insert—	11
	'CHAPTER 15—TRANSITIONAL PROVISION FOR DISCRIMINATION LAW AMENDMENT ACT 2002	12 13
	'591 Spouse of worker dying within 1 year	14
	'(1) This section applies in relation to a death of a worker that happens in the period of 1 year after the commencement of this section.	15 16
	'(2) For this Act, the spouse of the deceased worker includes a person who, although not legally married to the deceased worker—	17 18
	(a) lived with the worker as the worker's husband or wife for a continuous period of at least 1 year immediately before the commencement of this section; and	19 20 21
	(b) continued to live with the worker as the worker's husband or wife until the worker died.'.	22 23
Clause	89 Amendment of sch 3 (Dictionary)	24
	Schedule 3, definition "spouse"—	25
	omit, insert—	26
	"spouse", of a deceased worker, see section 31.'.	27

Discrimination Law Amendment Bill 2002				
		PART 14—OTHER AMENDMENT OF ACTS	1	
Clause	90	Amendments in schedule	2	

The schedule amends the Acts mentioned in it.

62

s 90

3

s 90

SCHEDULE	1
AMENDMENTS	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
section 90	3
ABORIGINAL LAND ACT 1991	4
1 Sections 39(3)(a) and 76(3)(a), 'spouse or former spouse'—	5
omit, insert—	6
'husband or wife, or former husband or wife,'.	7
ADOPTION OF CHILDREN ACT 1964	8
1 Section 6—	9
insert—	10
"spouse" see section 67A.".	11
2 Part 6, after section 67—	12
insert—	
'67A Meaning of "spouse"	
'(1) The Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA(6) ³⁴ does not apply to a reference to a spouse in this Act.	
'(2) Also, the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 36, definition "spouse" does not apply for this Act.'.	

³⁴ Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA (Meaning of "de facto partner")

	AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS DISTRIBUTION CONTROL ACT 1966	1 2
1	Section 6, definition, "relative", paragraph (a)—	3
	omit, insert—	4
	'(a) spouse;'.	5
	AMBULANCE SERVICE ACT 1991	6
1	Section 49(2)(b), before 'senior'—	7
	insert—	8
	'spouse or'.	9
2	Section 49(2)(c)(iv), 'of the patient'—	10
	omit, insert—	11
	', including a spouse, of the person'.	12
	ANTI-DISCRIMINATION ACT 1991	13
1	Sections 4B and 4C—	14
	omit.	15
2	Section 7(b)—	16
	omit, insert—	17
	'(b) relationship status;'.	18

3	Section 31(1), 'marital status'—	1
	omit, insert—	2
	'relationship status'.	3
4	Section 31(1)(f), after 'married couple'—	4
	insert—	5
	'or by 2 persons each of whom is the de facto partner of the other'.	6
5	Section 31(2)—	7
	omit.	8
6	Section 45A(1), 'marital status'—	9
	omit, insert—	10
	'relationship status'.	11
7	Section 59, 'marital status'—	12
	omit, insert—	13
	'relationship status'.	14
8	Section 91, 'marital status'—	15
	omit, insert—	16
	'relationship status'.	17
9	Schedule, definitions "de facto partner", "de facto spouse", "immediate family" and "marital status"—	18 19
	omit.	20

10	Sch	edule—	1
i	nsert-	_	2
' "i	immediate family", of a person, means—		
	(a)	the person's spouse or former spouse; or	4
	(b)	a child of the person or the person's spouse or former spouse, including an exnuptial child, stepchild, adopted child, or past or present foster child of the person or the person's spouse or former spouse; or	5 6 7 8
	(c)	a parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of the person or the person's spouse or former spouse.	9 10
"re	lation	nship status" means whether a person is—	11
	(a)	single; or	12
	(b)	married; or	13
	(c)	married to another person, but living separately and apart from the other person; or	14 15
	(d)	divorced; or	16
	(e)	widowed; or	17
	(f)	a de facto partner.'.	18
		BURIALS ASSISTANCE ACT 1965	19
1	Sec	tion 2—	20
C	mit.		21
2	Sec	tion 4(2A) and (3)—	22
r	enum	ber as section 4(3) and (4).	23
3	Sec	tion 4—	24
i	nsert-	<u> </u>	25

(5) In this section—	1
""relative", of a deceased person, means—	2
(a) for an adult—the person's spouse; or	3
(b) for a child—the person's parents.'.	4
CHILD CARE ACT 2002	5
1 Schedule 2, definitions "de facto spouse" and "spouse"—	6
omit.	7
CHILD PROTECTION ACT 1999	8
1 Section 131(3)—	9
omit, insert—	10
'(3) A person living with his or her spouse may only hold a certificate jointly with the spouse.'.	11 12
CORRECTIVE SERVICES ACT 2000	13
1 Schedule 3—	14
insert—	15
""relative", of a prisoner, includes a person who—	16
(a) if the prisoner was already imprisoned when this definition commenced—would have been, immediately before the prisoner was imprisoned, the prisoner's de facto partner had the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 32DA ³⁵ been in force; or	17 18 19 20
(b) otherwise—was, immediately before the prisoner was imprisoned, the prisoner's de facto partner.'.	21 22

³⁵ Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA (Meaning of "de facto partner")

	CRIMINAL CODE	1
1	Section 119A(1)(a), ', including a de facto partner,'—	2
	omit.	3
2	Section 119A(2)—	4
	omit.	5
3	Section 119A(3)—	6
	renumber as section 119A(2).	7
4	Section 219(1), 'spouse'—	8
	omit, insert—	9
	'husband or wife'.	10
5	Section 442C(1) and (2), headings, 'wife'—	11
	omit, insert—	12
	'spouse'.	13
6	Section 442C(1) and (2), 'husband, wife'—	14
	omit, insert—	15
	'spouse'.	16
	DOMESTIC AND FAMILY VIOLENCE PROTECTION ACT 1989	17 18
		-0
1	Section 12(2), (3) and (4)—	19
	omit, insert—	20

	(2) A "spouse" includes—	1
	(a) a former spouse; and	2
	(b) either 1 of the biological parents of a child.	3
re	'(3) For subsection (2)(b), it is irrelevant whether there is or was any elationship between the biological parents of the child.'.	4 5
2	Schedule, definition "spouse", 'to (4)'—	6
	omit, insert—	7
	'and (3)'.	8
	DUTIES ACT 2001	9
1	Section 3—	10
	insert—	11
In	'(2) The definition "spouse" in schedule 6 applies despite the <i>Acts</i> sterpretation <i>Act 1954</i> , section 32DA(6).'.	12 13
2	Sections 423 and 425(2), 'spouses'—	14
	omit, insert—	15
	'partners'.	16
3	Section 425(1)(a)(ii), 'spouse'—	17
	omit, insert—	18
	'partner'.	19
4	Schedule 6, definitions, "de facto relationship", "de facto spouse" and "spouse"—	20 21
	omit.	22

5	Schedule 6—	1
	insert—	2
• • •	fde facto partner" means 1 of 2 persons who is a de facto partner within the meaning of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 32DA, if the persons are living, and for at least 2 years have lived, together as a couple on a genuine domestic basis within the meaning of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 32DA, or have so lived together as a couple for at least 2 years.	3 4 5 6 7 8
"d	e facto relationship' means the relationship between de facto partners.	9
"S]	pouse" includes a de facto partner.'.	10
]	EDUCATION (TEACHER REGISTRATION) ACT 1988	11
1	Section 84(b), 'his widow or her widower'—	12
	omit, insert—	13
	'his or her surviving spouse'.	14
	FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICE ACT 1990	15
1	Schedule 4, section 9(2)(d), ', or lives' to 'a person,'—	16
	omit.	17
	FIRST HOME OWNER GRANT ACT 2000	18
1	Section 9(1), 'subsections (4) and (5)'—	19
	insert—	20
	'subsections (2) to (6)'.	21

2	Section 9(1)(b)—	1
	omit, insert—	2
	'(b) a de facto partner. ³⁶ '.	3
3	Section 9(2) and (3)—	4
	omit, insert—	5
of	'(2) A person is a de facto partner of another person only if they are ving together as a couple on a genuine domestic basis within the meaning the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 32DA, and, for at least 2 years, we so lived together as a couple.'.	6 7 8 9
4	Section 9(4), 'Subsection (5)'—	10
	omit, insert—	11
	'Subsection (4)'.	12
5	Section 9(6), 'Subsection (7)'—	13
	omit, insert—	14
	'Subsection (6)'.	15
6	Section 9(6)(a), 'subsection (2)'—	16
	omit, insert—	17
	'this section'.	18
7	Section 9(6)(a), 'spouse'—	19
	omit, insert—	20
	'partner'.	21

³⁶ See the Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA (Meaning of "de facto partner").

8 Sec	ction 9(6)(b)—	1
omit,	insert—	2
'(b) they intend to again live together as a couple on a genu domestic basis within the meaning of the <i>Acts Interpretation 1954</i> , section 32DA.'.		3 4 5
9 Sec	ction 9—	6
inseri	<i>t</i> —	7
	This section applies despite the <i>Acts Interpretation Act</i> 1954, 32DA(6).'.	8 9
10 Sec	ction 9(4) to (8)—	10
renun	nber as section 9(3) to (7).	11
	FOSSICKING ACT 1994	12
1 Sec	ction 6(4)(a)—	13
om	iit, insert—	14
'(a) the licensee's spouse; or'.	15
	HEALTH SERVICES ACT 1991	16
1 Sec	ction 63(2)(b), from 'if that'—	17
omit,	insert—	18
	e person has died, with the consent of the person's spouse or, if the is not reasonably available, the senior available next of kin of the or'.	19 20 21

2 Section 63(2)(c)(ii), after 'relative'—	1
insert—	2
', including a spouse,'.	3
INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS ACT 1999	4
1 Schedule 5, definition "spouse"—	5
omit, insert—	6
"spouse", of an employee, includes a former spouse of the emplo	yee.'. 7
INTERACTIVE GAMBLING (PLAYER PROTECT ACT 1998	TION) 8 9
1 Schedule 3, definition "spouse"—	10
omit.	11
LAW REFORM ACT 1995	12
1 Section 2(2), 'spouses'—	13
omit, insert—	14
'persons whose relationship is husband and wife'.	15
2 Section 8, definition "spouse"—	16
omit, insert—	17
"spouse" has the meaning given by section 18 of the 1995 includes a spouse as provided for under section 303 of that Ac	

3	Parts 4 and 7, heading, 'SPOUSES'—	1
	omit, insert—	2
'P	PERSONS WHOSE RELATIONSHIP IS HUSBAND AND WIFE'.	
4	Section 18, heading—	5
	omit, insert—	6
'18	8 Capacity'.	7
5	Section 18(1), 'spouse'—	8
	omit, insert—	9
	'husband or wife'.	10
	MAINTENANCE ACT 1965	11
1	Section 112, 'spouse'—	12
	omit, insert—	13
	'husband or wife'.	14
	MENTAL HEALTH ACT 2000	15
1	Schedule 2, definitions "de facto spouse" and "spouse"—	16
	omit.	17
	MOBILE HOMES ACT 1989	18
1	Section 3, definition "spouse"—	19
	omit.	20

2 Schedule 1, part 1, section 7(2)(b)—	1
omit, insert—	2
'(b) a child or grandchild of the occupier; and	3
(c) a child of the spouse of the occupier.'.	4
PARLIAMENTARY CONTRIBUTORY SUPERANNUATION ACT 1970	5 6
1 Section 5B—	7
omit, insert—	8
'5B Meaning of "widow"	9
'(1) A person is the "widow" of a member if the person was the member's spouse on the day the member died.	10 11
'(2) A person is the "widow" of a former member if the person was the former member's spouse on both of the following days—	12 13
(a) the day the former member ceased to be a member;	14
(b) the day the former member died.	15
'(3) For this section, the gender of the member, former member or other person is not relevant.	16 17
'(4) For this section, the spouse of a person on the day the person died includes a de facto partner of the person on the day of the death only if the person and the de facto partner lived together as a couple on a genuine domestic basis within the meaning of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 32DA ³⁷ —	18 19 20 21 22
(a) for a continuous period of at least 2 years ending on the day of the death; or	23 24
(b) for a shorter period ending on the day of the death, if the circumstances of the de facto relationship of the person and the de facto partner evidenced a clear intention that the relationship be a long term, committed relationship.	25 26 27 28

³⁷ Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA (Meaning of "de facto partner")

'(5) Subsection (4) applies despite the <i>Acts Interpretation Act</i> 1954, etion 32DA(6).'.	1 2
Section 21(4), after 'a person'—	3
insert—	4
', or of a de facto relationship entered into by a person,'.	5
PARTNERSHIP ACT 1891	6
Section $6(c)(iii)$, 'the widower, widow or child of a deceased partner'—	7 8
omit, insert—	9
'a deceased partner's child or spouse'.	10
POWERS OF ATTORNEY ACT 1998	11
Section 52, 'spouse'—	12
omit, insert—	13
'husband or wife'.	14
Schedule 3, definitions "de facto spouse" and "spouse"—	15
omit.	16
ROPERTY AGENTS AND MOTOR DEALERS ACT 2000	17
Schedule 3, definition "associate"—	18
omit, insert—	19
'associate'', of a person, means—	20
	Section 21(4), after 'a person'— insert— ', or of a de facto relationship entered into by a person,'. PARTNERSHIP ACT 1891 Section 6(c)(iii), 'the widower, widow or child of a deceased partner'— omit, insert— 'a deceased partner's child or spouse'. POWERS OF ATTORNEY ACT 1998 Section 52, 'spouse'— omit, insert— 'husband or wife'. Schedule 3, definitions "de facto spouse" and "spouse"— omit. ROPERTY AGENTS AND MOTOR DEALERS ACT 2000 Schedule 3, definition "associate"— omit, insert—

	(a) a spouse, parent, brother, sister or child of the person; or	1
	(b) a child of the person's spouse.'.	2
	PROPERTY LAW ACT 1974	3
1	Sections 255, 256, 259, definition "child", 261, 264(1)(a), 265(1)(a), 266, 269, 270, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 282, 283, 284, 286, 287, 288, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 297, 298, 299, 300, 303, 304, 306, 310, 311, 322, 327, 333(1)(i), 334, 337 and schedule 6, definition "child", 'spouses'—	4 5 6 7 8
	omit, insert—	9
	'partners'.	10
2	Sections 258, 259, definition "child", 266, 273, 280, 283, 287, 290, 294, 295, 299, 300, 301, 302, 304, 307, 308, 311, 314, 322 and 333, 'spouse'—	11 12 13
	omit, insert—	14
	'partner'.	15
3	Sections 259, definition "child", 262, 264(1)(b), 265(1)(b) and 333(1)(h), 'spouses' '—	16 17
	omit, insert—	18
	'partners' '.	19
4	Sections 259 and schedule 6, definition "de facto spouse", 'spouse'—	20 21
	omit, insert—	22
	'partner'.	23

5	Part 19, division 2, subdivision 2, heading—	1
	omit, insert—	2
	'Subdivision 2—De facto partner and relationship concepts'.	3
6	Sections 266, 273 and 311, 'spouse's'—	4
	omit, insert—	5
	'partner's'.	6
7	Part 19, division 3, heading—	7
	omit, insert—	8
	'Division 3—Resolution of financial matters by de facto partners'.	9
8	Section 316(2), example—	10
	omit.	11
	QUEENSLAND INVESTMENT CORPORATION ACT 1991	12 13
1	Section 3, definition "spouse"—	14
	omit.	15
	REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS, DEATHS AND	16
	MARRIAGES ACT 1962	17
1	Section 30, '(including a relative by marriage)'—	18
	omit.	19

2	Section 30—	1
	insert—	2
	'(4) In this section—	3
"]	relative" , of the deceased, includes a spouse and a relative by marriage of the deceased.'.	4 5
	REPRINTS ACT 1992	6
1	Section 24, examples 2 and 3—	7
	omit.	8
2	Section 24, examples 4 and 5—	9
	renumber as section 24, examples 2 and 3.	10
	RESIDENTIAL TENANCIES ACT 1994	11
1	Schedule 3, definition "spouse"—	12
	omit.	13
	RETIREMENT VILLAGES ACT 1999	14
1	Section 89(2)(a), 'relative'—	15
	omit, insert—	16
	'spouse or other relative'.	17

	SOUTH BANK CORPORATION ACT 1989	1
1	Section 37I(3)(b)—	2
	omit, insert—	3
	'(b) is the child's spouse; or'.	4
	STATE DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC WORKS ORGANISATION ACT 1971	5 6
1	Section 119(4)(d), ', or lives in a de facto relationship with a person,'—	7 8
	omit.	9
	STATE HOUSING ACT 1945	10
1	Sections 23(2)(c), 24(2)(b) and 26(1A)(b), 'wife or husband'—	11
	omit, insert—	12
	'spouse'.	13
2	Section 25, heading before subsection (2)—	14
	omit.	15
3	Section 25(2), 'husband or wife thereof'—	16
	omit, insert—	17
	'person's spouse'.	18

4	Section 25B(3), 'widow'—	1
	omit, insert—	2
	'spouse'.	3
5	Section 25B(3), from 'or, where' to 'widower,' first mention—	4
	omit.	5
6	Section 25B(3), from 'or leaving' to 'widower,' second mention—	6
	omit.	7
7	Section 26(3)(b), 'husband or wife'—	8
	omit, insert—	9
	'spouse'.	10
8	Section 30A, 'wife or husband of the applicant, as the case may be,' first mention—	11 12
	omit, insert—	13
	'applicant's spouse'.	14
9	Section 30A, 'wife or husband of the applicant, as the case may be,' second mention—	15 16
	omit, insert—	17
	'applicant's spouse, even though married to each other,'.	18
1(Section 30A, 'as husband and wife'—	19
	omit, insert—	20

'as a couple on a genuine domestic basis within the manufer Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA(2) to (4) ³⁸ '.	neaning of the Acts	1 2
11 Section 33(10), 'husband, wife'—		3
omit, insert—		4
'spouse'.		5
12 Before the schedule—		6
insert—		7
'52 Transitional provision for Discrimination Law A 2002	mendment Act	8
'Despite the amendment of section 25B made by the Law Amendment Act 2002, that section as in force immediately commencement of this section continues to apply in insurance cover provided under that section before the continues to apply in the continues	ediately before the n relation to any	10 11 12 13
13 Schedule, section 1(1), 'wife, husband, widow or	widower'—	14
omit, insert—		15
'spouse, surviving spouse'.		16
14 Schedule, section 26, 'husband or wife'—		17
omit, insert—		18
'spouse'.		19

³⁸ Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 32DA (Meaning of "de facto partner")

	STATUS OF CHILDREN ACT 1978	
1	Section 14A(2), 'spouse'—	2
(omit, insert—	3
•	'husband or wife'.	4
	SUCCESSION ACT 1981	5
1	Section 5, definition "de facto spouse"	6
(omit.	7
2	Section 5—	8
i	insert—	9
٠ د ر	spouse' see section 5AA.'.	10
3	Section 18, 'spouse'—	11
(omit, insert—	12
•	former husband or wife'.	13
4	Sections 34, 34B and 39A to 39D and part 3, division 3, heading, 'matrimonial home'—	14 15
(omit, insert—	16
•	'shared home'.	17
5	Section 36, heading—	18
(omit, insert—	19
'36	Distribution of entitlement if more than 1 spouse'.	20

6	Secti	ion 36(1), 'a spouse and a de facto spouse'—	1
(omit, in	asert—	2
•	more t	han 1 spouse'.	3
7	Secti	ion 36(1)(a), (b) and (c), 'spouse and de facto spouse'—	4
(omit, in	asert—	5
•	spouse	es'.	6
8	Secti	ion 36(3)—	7
(omit, in	asert—	8
'(3) The personal representative may give the spouses a notice stating the personal representative may be entitled to distribute any entitlement of the spouses equally if they do not, within 3 months after the notice is given—		9 10 11 12	
	` ,	enter into a written agreement about distributing the entitlement between them and give the personal representative written notice of the agreement; or	13 14 15
	, ,	apply to the court for an order distributing the entitlement between them and give the personal representative written notice of the application.'.	16 17 18
9	Secti	ion 36(4), 'a spouse or de facto spouse'—	19
(omit, in	asert—	20
•	any of	the spouses'.	21
10	Secti	ion 36(5), ', de facto spouse'—	22
(omit.		23

11	Section 36(9), 'a spouse or solely to a de facto spouse'—	1
Ó	omit, insert—	2
6	1 of the spouses'.	3
12	Section 36(12), 'a spouse and de facto spouse'—	4
Ó	omit, insert—	5
4	the spouses'.	6
13	Sections 39A to 39D—	7
6	or de facto spouse'—	8
Ó	omit.	9
14	Section 40, definition "dependant", paragraph (c), '; or'—	10
C	omit, insert—	11
4	.39'.	12
15	Section 40, definition "dependant", paragraph (d)—	13
ć	omit.	14
16	Section 40, definition "spouse"—	15
C	omit.	16
17	Section 44(1), 'wife, husband'—	17
C	omit, insert—	18
4	spouse'.	19

³⁹ For the extended meaning of "spouse" for this part, see section 5AA(2)(c) (Who is a person's spouse).

18	After section 72—	1
ì	insert—	2
	'PART 7—TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS	3
	'Division 1—Transitional provision for Succession Amendment Act 1997'.	4 5
19	Schedule 2, part 2, heading—	6
(omit, insert—	7
	'PART 2—INTESTATE NOT SURVIVED BY ANY SPOUSE'.	8 9
	SUPERANNUATION (PUBLIC EMPLOYEES PORTABILITY) ACT 1985	10 11
1	Section 4(1), definition "relict"—	12
(omit.	13
S	SUPERANNUATION (STATE PUBLIC SECTOR) ACT 1990	14 15
1	Section 13—	16
	insert—	17
	'(6A) A notice under subsection (6)(a) may be limited in its application particular classes of spouse or by reference to factors stated in the notice.	18 19

'(6B) Subsection (6A) does not limit the <i>Statutory Instruments Act 1992</i> , section 24 or 25. ⁴⁰ '.		1 2
2	Section 13(11), definition "spouse"— omit.	3
	TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER LAND ACT 1991	5
1	Sections 36(3)(a) and 73(3)(a), 'spouse or former spouse'—	6
	omit, insert—	7
	'husband or wife, or former husband or wife,'.	8
	TOURISM QUEENSLAND ACT 1979	9
1	Section 17(2)(b), 'widow or widower'—	10
	omit, insert—	11
	'surviving spouse'.	12
	TRAINING AND EMPLOYMENT ACT 2000	13
1	Section 121(6), definition "impairment", 'section 4'—	14
	omit, insert—	15
	'schedule'.	16

⁴⁰ Statutory Instruments Act 1992, sections 24 (Statutory instrument may be of general or limited application) and 25 (Statutory instrument may make different provision for different categories)

TRANSPLANTATION AND ANATOMY ACT 1979		1
1	Section 4—	2
i	insert—	3
per	'(4) If more than 1 person is a spouse of a deceased person, only the rson who most recently became the deceased person's spouse is the ceased person's spouse for the definition "senior available next of kin".'.	4 5 6
	WATER ACT 2000	7
1	Schedule 4, definitions, "de facto spouse" and "spouse"—	8
	omit.	9
2	Schedule 4, definition, "indirect financial or personal interest", ', partner'—	10 11
	omit.	12
		13
		14

© State of Queensland 2002