Queensland



# EDUCATION (QUEENSLAND STUDIES AUTHORITY) BILL 2001

#### Queensland



# EDUCATION (QUEENSLAND STUDIES AUTHORITY) BILL 2001

#### TABLE OF PROVISIONS

Section	Section	
	PART 1—PRELIMINARY	
	Division 1—Introduction	
1	Short title	8
2	Commencements	8
	Division 2—Objects	
3	Objects of Act	8
	Division 3—Guiding principles for achieving Act's objects	
4	Guiding principles	9
	Division 4—Interpretation	
5	Definitions	9
	PART 2—ESTABLISHMENT, FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF QUEENSLAND STUDIES AUTHORITY	
	Division 1—Establishment	
6	Establishment of authority.	10
	Division 2—Functions	
7	Authority's functions.	10
8	Development functions	10
9	Accreditation function.	11
10	Testing functions	11
11	Assessment functions	11
12	Moderation function	12
13	Certification functions	12
14	Vocational education and training functions	12
15	Tertiary entrance functions	13

16	Research function	14
17	Other functions	14
	Division 3—Authority's powers	
18	Powers of authority	14
	Division 4—Tests and notifications of syllabuses and preschool guidelines	
19	Tests	15
20	Notification of approved or accredited syllabus or preschool guideline	16
21	Notice to be given to nominated body	16
	PART 3—MINISTER'S POWERS IN RELATION TO AUTHORITY	
22	Minister may refer matter to authority	17
23	Minister's power to give directions in the public interest	17
24	Power to require production of document	18
	PART 4—MATTERS CONCERNING AUTHORITY	
	Division 1—Membership	
25	Membership of authority	18
26	Nomination by entities for membership of authority	20
27	Term of appointment	20
28	Chairperson of authority	20
29	Deputy chairperson of authority	21
30	Disqualification from membership	21
31	Vacation of office	22
32	When notice of resignation takes effect	23
33	Leave of absence	23
34	Remuneration of an appointed member	24
	Division 2—Authority business	
35	Conduct of business	24
36	Times and places of authority meetings	24
37	Quorum	24
38	Presiding at authority meetings	24
39	Official member may appoint nominee	25
40	Attendance by proxy by member	25
41	Participation of director in authority meetings	25

42	Conduct of meetings	26
43	Minutes	26
44	Disclosure of interest	26
	Division 3—Authority committees	
45	Executive committee	27
46	Participation of director in executive committee meetings	28
47	Other committees	28
48	Remuneration of authority committee members	29
	Division 4—Financial provisions	
49	Authority is statutory body under the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1977	29
50	Authority is statutory body under the Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	29
51	Budget	29
52	Compliance with approved budget	30
	Division 5—Other provisions about the authority	
53	Performance of authority	30
54	Change in requirements for certification	30
55	Delegation by authority	31
56	Time within which authority to do something under this Act	31
	PART 5—OFFICE OF THE QUEENSLAND STUDIES AUTHORITY	
	Division 1—Establishment	
57	Establishment of office	32
	Division 2—Office's function and powers	
58	Function and powers	32
	Division 3—The director	
59	Appointment of director	32
60	Terms of appointment	32
61	Function of director	33
62	Director must act independently etc	33
63	Delegation by director	33
64	Resignation	33

65	Ending of appointment	33
66	Preservation of rights	34
67	Superannuation for director who was previously a public service officer	34
68	Acting director	34
	Division 4—Staff of the office	
69	Office staff	35
	PART 6—MISCELLANEOUS	
70	Protecting persons from liability	35
71	Approval of forms	35
72	Delegation by Minister	35
73	Administrative support for authority	36
74	Authority's annual report.	36
75	Privacy	36
76	Powers of Minister administering vocational education and training departme	nt 36
77	Review of Act	37
78	Guidelines	37
79	Regulation-making power	38
	PART 7—REPEAL AND TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS	
	Division 1—Repeal of Acts	
80	Repeal	39
	Division 2—Transitional provisions	
81	Definitions for div 2.	39
82	Dissolution of former bodies	39
83	References to repealed Act or former body	40
84	Authority is the legal successor	40
85	Agreements and proceedings	40
86	Assets and liabilities	40
87	Preschool guidelines and syllabuses	40
88	Work program	41
89	Possible issue of certificate of achievement not to be jeopardised	41
	PART 8—AMENDMENTS OF ACTS	
90	Consequential and other amendments of Acts	42

SCHEDULE1	43
CONSEQUENTIAL AND OTHER AMENDMENTS OF ACTS	
EDUCATION (GENERAL PROVISIONS) ACT 1989	43
PUBLIC SERVICE ACT 1996	45
SCHEDULE 2	46
DICTIONARY	

## 2001

### A BILL

#### **FOR**

An Act to establish the Queensland Studies Authority, to confer functions on the authority including functions about developing and accrediting 1–12 syllabuses and preschool guidelines, testing, assessment, moderation, certification, vocational education and training and tertiary entrance, to establish the Office of the Queensland Studies Authority, and for other purposes

8	
Education (Queensland Studies Authority) B	ill 2001

T	The Parliament of Queensland enacts—		1
		PART 1—PRELIMINARY	2
		Division 1—Introduction	3
<b>1</b> <i>A</i>		rt title  .ct may be cited as the Education (Queensland Studies Authority) .	4 5 6
2		ct commences on a day to be fixed by proclamation.	7 8
		Division 2—Objects	9
3	Obj	ects of Act	10
	(1) Th	e objects of this Act are—	11
	(a)	to help schools to achieve quality learning outcomes for their students; and	12 13
	(b)	to facilitate the transition of students through the sectors of education; and	14 15
	(c)	to maintain public confidence in certificates of achievement.	16
	(2) Th	e objects are to be achieved mainly by—	17
	(a)	establishing the Queensland Studies Authority; and	18
	(b)	conferring on the authority functions about—	19
		(i) the development, and approval, of 1–12 syllabuses and preschool guidelines; and	20 21
		(ii) the accreditation of 1–12 syllabuses and preschool guidelines; and	22 23

		_
	(iii) the testing and assessment of persons; and	1
	(iv) moderation; and	2
	(v) the issue of certificates of achievement; and	3
	(vi) vocational education and training; and	4
	(vii) tertiary entrance; and	5
(c)	establishing the Office of the Queensland Studies Authority to help the authority in the performance of the authority's functions.	6 7
i	Division 3—Guiding principles for achieving Act's objects	8
4 Gu	iding principles	9
	principles intended to guide the achievement of this Act's objects following—	10 11
(a)	collaboration and consultation should be promoted—	12
	(i) across the sectors of education; and	13
	(ii) across State schools and non-State schools;	14
(b)	students should be encouraged, through flexible learning pathways, to gain—	15 16
	(i) a certificate of achievement on completion of secondary education; or	17 18
	(ii) an equivalent qualification as provided for under the Australian Qualifications Framework;	19 20
(c)	the professional role of teachers in schools should be recognised;	21
(d)	the diverse educational needs of students should be catered for;	22
(e)	students should be helped to achieve their educational career goals.	23 24
	Division 4—Interpretation	25
5 De	finitions	26
The d	ictionary in schedule 2 defines particular words used in this Act.	27

	PART 2—ESTABLISHMENT, FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF QUEENSLAND STUDIES AUTHORITY	1 2
	Division 1—Establishment	3
6	Establishment of authority	4
	(1) The Queensland Studies Authority is established.	5
	(2) The authority—	6
	(a) is a body corporate; and	7
	(b) has a common seal; and	8
	(c) may sue and be sued in its corporate name.	9
	Division 2—Functions	10
7	Authority's functions	11
	This division states the authority's functions.	12
8	B Development functions	13
	The authority has the following functions—	14
	(a) to develop and revise 1–12 syllabuses and preschool guidelines;	15
	(b) to approve 1–12 syllabuses and preschool guidelines, developed or revised by the authority, for implementation at schools;	16 17
	(c) to develop and revise documents to support the implementation at schools of approved syllabuses or approved preschool guidelines;	18 19 20
	(d) to develop resources and services for the professional development of teachers, in support of the implementation at schools of approved syllabuses or approved preschool guidelines.	21 22 23

9	Acc	reditation function	1
guid	leline	thority has the function to accredit 1–12 syllabuses and preschool es, developed by entities other than the authority, for intation at schools.	2 3 4
10	Test	ing functions	5
	he au	athority has, for a test required under a regulation, the following	6 7
	(a)	to develop, revise and mark the test;	8
	(b)	to develop procedures for the administration of the test by schools or the authority;	9 10
	(c)	to analyse systemic information about the performance of persons who undertook the test and to report the results of the analysis to the Minister, the chief executive, AISQ and QCEC;	11 12 13
	(d)	to give the principal of a school individual results of the school's students who undertook the test;	14 15
	(e)	to give a person who undertook the test the person's results in the test.	16 17
11	Ass	essment functions	18
out	arran	gements, for the assessment of persons in an area of learning for e results may be recorded on a certificate of achievement.	19 20 21
-	-	so, the authority has, for an assessment prescribed under a n, the following functions—	22 23
	(a)	to develop and revise documents for the assessment;	24
	(b)	to develop procedures for the administration of the assessment.	25
(3	3) In a	addition, the authority has the following functions—	26
	(a)	to collect, and analyse, assessment data;	27
	(b)	to report the results of the analysis to the Minister, the chief executive, AISQ and QCEC.	28 29

<sup>1</sup> See section 19(1) (Tests).

12	Mo	dera	tion function	1
			ity has the function to decide on procedures, and to make , for moderation.	2 3
13	Cer	tifica	ation functions	4
(	<b>1</b> ) Th	e aut	hority has the following functions—	5
	(a)		ssue certificates of achievement of the type provided for under gulation;	6 7
	(b)		eview, and to make recommendations to the Minister about, requirements for issuing certificates of achievement;	8 9
	(c)	to i	nform the public about—	10
		(i)	each type of certificate of achievement; and	11
		(ii)	the requirements for issuing each type of certificate of achievement.	12 13
area	a of	learn	the authority has the function to approve work programs for an ing, for which the results may be recorded on a type of achievement prescribed under a regulation.	14 15 16
per	son, i	in a	ion, the authority has the function to recognise the results of a non-authority area of learning, that may be recorded on a achievement.	17 18 19
14	Voc	atior	nal education and training functions	20
Τ	The au	ithori	ity has the following functions—	21
	(a)	Rec	exercise powers delegated to the authority, by the Training cognition Council, under the <i>Training and Employment Act</i> 10, section 186; <sup>2</sup>	22 23 24
	(b)	to i	nform the public about—	25
		(i)	vocational education and training courses accredited under the delegation; and	26 27
		(ii)	vocational placement schemes recognised under the delegation; and	28 29

<sup>2</sup> Training and Employment Act 2000, section 186 (Delegation by council)

		(iii) training organisations registered under the delegation;	1
(6	c)	to advise the Minister administering the vocational education and training department about vocational education and training matters relevant to the authority's functions.	2 3 4
15 T	ert	iary entrance functions	5
The	au	thority has the following functions—	6
(8	a)	after consulting with the Minister, to decide the authority's tertiary entrance procedures and requirements;	7 8
(1	b)	to rank persons as a basis for tertiary entrance as provided for under the authority's tertiary entrance procedures and requirements;	9 10 11
(0	c)	to issue tertiary entrance statements;	12
((	d)	to monitor, review, and recommend to the Minister changes to, the tertiary entrance requirements of tertiary institutions established in the State;	13 14 15
(6	e)	to inform the public about tertiary entrance procedures and requirements;	16 17
(1	f)	to confer and collaborate about tertiary entrance with the following, and other, entities having an interest in tertiary education—	18 19 20
		(i) universities;	21
		(ii) TAFE institute councils of TAFE institutes established under the <i>Training and Employment Act 2000</i> ;	22 23
		(iii) Queensland Tertiary Admissions Centre Ltd ACN 050 542 633;	24 25
		(iv) the department in which the <i>Education (General Provisions)</i> Act 1989 is administered;	26 27
		(v) AISQ and QCEC;	28
		(vi) the principals of schools;	29
		(vii) the vocational education and training department;	30
		(viii)industry training advisory bodies, and group training organisations, recognised under the <i>Training and Employment Act 2000</i> ;	31 32 33

<b>s</b> 1	

	(g)	to review, and to make recommendations to the Minister about, tertiary entrance.	1 2		
	The a	earch function uthority has the function to undertake research about matters to its functions stated in sections 8 to 15 and 17.	3 4 5		
17	Oth	ner functions	6		
Τ	The au	athority also has the following functions—	7		
	(a)	to decide the equivalent level of school education, or school qualification, in the State of a level of education reached, or qualification obtained, by a person at an educational institution established outside the State;	8 9 10 11		
	(b)	to give a person, on request, a copy of a certificate, about the completion of the person's studies, under the <i>Education Act 1964</i> or the <i>Education (Senior Secondary School Studies) Act 1988</i> , or a certificate of achievement, that was issued to the person;	12 13 14 15		
	(c)	to advise the Minister, and inform the public, about matters relevant to the authority's functions;	16 17		
	(d)	to give information, obtained by the authority in the performance of its functions, to the Commonwealth, a State or an entity of the Commonwealth or a State;	18 19 20		
	(e)	to perform other functions conferred on the authority under this, or another, Act.	21 22		
		Division 3—Authority's powers	23		
18	Pov	vers of authority	24		
	1) Th mple-	e authority has all the powers of an individual, and may, for	25 26		
	(a)	enter into contracts; and	27		
	(b)	acquire, hold, dispose of, and deal with, property; and	28		
	(c) appoint agents and attorneys; and				

Education (Queensland Studies Authority) Bill 2001

(d)	engage consultants; and	1
(e)	produce documents in performing its functions; and	2
(f)	charge for advertising in the documents; and	3
(g)	fix charges, and other terms, for services and other facilities it supplies; and	4 5
(h)	do anything else necessary or convenient to be done in performing its functions.	6 7
property,	wever, the authority must not enter into an agreement about real including, for example, leasing premises for its accommodation, e Minister has approved its entering into the agreement.	8 9 10
	thout limiting subsection (1), the authority has the powers given r this, or another, Act.	11 12
( <b>4</b> ) The	e authority may exercise its powers inside or outside Queensland.	13
	thout limiting subsection (4), the authority may exercise its utside Australia.	14 15
Divi	sion 4—Tests and notifications of syllabuses and preschool guidelines	16 17
Divi	guidelines	
19 Test	guidelines	17
19 Test	guidelines  s regulation may require the authority to develop tests for the nt of particular skills or knowledge of persons.	17 18 19
19 Test (1) A assessme Examples of	guidelines  s regulation may require the authority to develop tests for the nt of particular skills or knowledge of persons.	18 18 19 20
19 Test (1) A assessme Examples of	guidelines  s regulation may require the authority to develop tests for the nt of particular skills or knowledge of persons.  of a test—	17 18 19 20 21
19 Test (1) A assessme Examples of 1. A to 2. A c (2) Af	guidelines  s regulation may require the authority to develop tests for the nt of particular skills or knowledge of persons.  of a test— est to assess the literacy skills of students in the year 5 year of schooling.	15 18 19 20 21 22
19 Test (1) A assessme Examples of 1. A to 2. A co (2) Afregulation	guidelines  s regulation may require the authority to develop tests for the nt of particular skills or knowledge of persons.  of a test—  est to assess the literacy skills of students in the year 5 year of schooling.  ore skills test.  ter the authority develops or revises a test required under the	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

<ul><li>(3) If a school administers an approved test, the school's principal must give the authority the test script of each of the school's students who undertook the test.</li><li>(4) This section is subject to section 21.</li></ul>	1 2 3 4
20 Notification of approved or accredited syllabus or preschool guideline	5 6
(1) This section applies if the authority—	7
(a) approves a 1–12 syllabus or preschool guideline developed or revised by it under this Act; or	8 9
(b) accredits a 1–12 syllabus or preschool guideline under this Act.	10
(2) The authority must, after the approval or accreditation, give notice about the approved syllabus, approved preschool guideline, accredited syllabus or accredited preschool guideline to—	11 12 13
(a) the Minister; and	14
(b) the governing body of each non-State school.	15
(3) This section is subject to section 21.	16
21 Notice to be given to nominated body	17
(1) If a non-State school's governing body gives the authority a notice asking that notices mentioned in this division be given to a nominated body instead of the governing body, the authority must comply with the request.	18 19 20
(2) If the authority complies with the request, it is taken to have complied with the requirement that a notice mentioned in this division be given by it to the governing body.	21 22 23

PAR	T 3—MINISTER'S POWERS IN RELATION TO AUTHORITY	1 2
22 Min	nister may refer matter to authority	3
functions	the Minister considers there is a matter relevant to the authority's that the authority should investigate, the Minister may, by notice the authority, refer the matter to the authority for its investigation.	4 5 6
	ne authority must, after completing the investigation, give the a written report about the matter.	7 8
23 Min	nister's power to give directions in the public interest	9
matter re	e Minister may give the authority a written direction about a levant to its functions if the Minister is satisfied it is necessary to direction in the public interest.	10 11 12
	thout limiting subsection (1), the direction may be that the must comply with—	13 14
(a)	a policy, standard or other instrument applying to a public sector unit; or	15 16
(b)	another document, including, for example, another policy, standard or instrument.	17 18
( <b>3</b> ) The	e authority must comply with the direction.	19
( <b>4</b> ) The	e direction can not be about—	20
(a)	the content of a 1-12 syllabus or preschool guideline; or	21
(b)	the approval of a 1–12 syllabus or preschool guideline developed or revised by the authority; or	22 23
(c)	the accreditation, under this Act, of a 1–12 syllabus or preschool guideline; or	24 25
(d)	the approval, under this Act, of a work program for an area of learning; or	26 27
(e)	the recording of the results of a particular person, in an area of learning, on a certificate of achievement.	28 29

(5) In the authority's annual report for a financial year, the authority must include copies of all directions given to it under this section in the financial year.	1 2 3
(6) This section is subject to section 76(3).	4
24 Power to require production of document	5
(1) The Minister may, by notice given to the authority, require it to make available for inspection by the Minister, or produce to the Minister for inspection, a stated Act document in the possession or control of the authority.	6 7 8 9
(2) The Act document must be made available for inspection, or produced, at a reasonable time and place stated in the notice.	10 11
(3) The Minister may copy the Act document and must return it to the authority after copying it.	12 13
(4) In the authority's annual report for a financial year, the authority must include copies of all notices given to it under this section in the financial year.	14 15 16
(5) In this section—	17
"Act document" means a document relevant to the authority's functions.	18
PART 4—MATTERS CONCERNING AUTHORITY	19
Division 1—Membership	20
25 Membership of authority	21
(1) The authority consists of the following—	22
(a) the chief executive;	23
(b) the chief executive of the vocational education and training department;	24 25
(c) the persons appointed under subsection (2).	26

		overnor in Council is to appoint the following persons as ne authority—	1 2
(a)	1 nc	ominee of the Minister;	3
(b)	1 nc	ominee of AISQ;	4
(c)	1 nc	ominee of QCEC;	5
(d)		ominees of the Higher Education Forum, at least 1 of whom at have expertise relating to tertiary entrance;	6 7
(e)		ersons who, at the time of appointment, are parents or rdians of students enrolled at a school, of whom—	8 9
	(i)	one is to be nominated by the Queensland Council of Parents' and Citizens' Associations Incorporated; and	10 11
	(ii)	one is to be nominated jointly by the Federation of Parents and Friends Associations of Catholic Schools, Queensland and the Independent Parents and Friends Council of Queensland;	12 13 14 15
(f)	-	rimary school principal and 1 secondary school principal, of om—	16 17
	(i)	one is to be nominated by the chief executive; and	18
	(ii)	one is to be nominated jointly by AISQ and QCEC;	19
(g)		eacher of primary education and 1 teacher of secondary cation, neither of whom is a school principal, of whom—	20 21
	(i)	one is to be nominated by the chief executive; and	22
	(ii)	one is to be nominated jointly by AISQ and QCEC;	23
(h)	1 nc	ominee of the Queensland Teachers' Union;	24
(i)		ominee of the Queensland Independent Education Union of ployees;	25 26
(j)		ominee of the Minister administering the vocational education training department;	27 28
(k)	3 nc	ominees of the Minister, of whom—	29
	(i)	one is to have expertise in the provision of special education; and	30 31
	(ii)	one is to have expertise in the education of Aborigines or Torres Strait Islanders; and	32 33

29

(iii) and is to be representative of industry.
(iii) one is to be representative of industry;
(l) one other person who may be nominated by the Minister.
(3) The Minister's nominees must have the qualifications, experience or standing the Minister considers appropriate for membership of the authority.
(4) The person appointed to be the director may not be an appointed member.
26 Nomination by entities for membership of authority
(1) This section applies to the nomination of a person for membership of the authority by an entity or entities mentioned in section $25(2)(b)$ to (j).
(2) The Minister must give the entity or entities a notice stating a reasonable time within which it or they may nominate a person for the membership.
(3) If the entity does not nominate, or the entities do not nominate jointly, a person within the time stated in the notice, the Minister may nominate a person for the membership and the nomination is taken to have been made by the entity or entities.
(4) A person nominated under subsection (3) must be a person whom the entity or entities may nominate for membership of the authority as stated in section 25(2).
27 Term of appointment
An appointed member must be appointed for a term of not more than 4 years.
28 Chairperson of authority
(1) The Governor in Council is to appoint the member mentioned in section $25(2)(a)$ to be the chairperson of the authority.
(2) A person may be appointed as the chairperson at the same time the person is appointed as a member.

(3) The chairperson holds office while a member under section 25(2)(a).

29 Deput	ty chairperson of authority	1
(1) The the authorit	authority must appoint a member as the deputy chairperson of ty.	2 3
(2) The authority.	deputy chairperson holds office for the term decided by the	4 5
holding the	acancy occurs in the office of deputy chairperson if the person e office resigns the office by signed notice of resignation given ester or ceases to be a member.	6 7 8
	rever, a person resigning the office of deputy chairperson may be a member.	9 10
( <b>5</b> ) The <b>6</b>	deputy chairperson is to act as chairperson—	11
(a) d	luring a vacancy in the office of chairperson; and	12
	during all periods when the chairperson is absent from duty or, for another reason, can not perform the functions of the office.	13 14
	subsection (5), "deputy chairperson" includes a member under section 33(7), <sup>3</sup> to act in the deputy chairperson's office.	15 16
30 Disqu	alification from membership	17
(1) A per person—	rson can not become, or continue as, an appointed member if the	18 19
(a) is	s, or has been, convicted of an indictable offence; or	20
(b) is	s affected by bankruptcy action.	21
regard to the	rever, if the Minister considers it would be reasonable, having the circumstances of the indictable offence of which a person has ceted or the circumstances in which a person has been affected by action, the Minister may—	22 23 24 25
a a n	f the person was an appointed member when convicted or affected by bankruptcy action—give notice to the chairperson and the person that the person is restored as an appointed number, and may be later reappointed, despite the conviction or being affected by bankruptcy action; or	26 27 28 29 30

<sup>3</sup> Section 33 (Leave of absence)

(b) otherwise—give written approval for the person to become an appointed member despite the conviction or being affected by bankruptcy action.	1 2 3
(3) On the day the chairperson receives a notice under subsection (2)(a)—	4 5
(a) the person is restored as an appointed member; and	6
(b) if another person has been appointed to fill the vacancy—the other person's appointment ends.	7 8
(4) If a person is restored as an appointed member under subsection (3), the person's term of office as an appointed member ends when it would have ended if the person had not been convicted of the offence or affected by bankruptcy action.	9 10 11 12
31 Vacation of office	13
(1) The office of an appointed member becomes vacant if the member—	14
(a) resigns his or her office by signed notice of resignation given to the Minister; or	15 16
(b) can not continue as a member under section 30; or	17
(c) is absent, without the authority's permission, from 3 consecutive meetings of which proper notice has been given.	18 19
(2) Also, the office of an appointed member becomes vacant if the member was nominated for membership of the authority under a nomination provision and the member stops being a person mentioned in that provision.	20 21 22 23
(3) In this section—	24
"meeting" means—	25
(a) if the member does not attend—an authority meeting with a quorum present; or	26 27
(b) if the member attends—an authority meeting with or without a quorum present.	28 29
"nomination provision" means section 25(2)(f) or (g).4	30

<sup>4</sup> Section 25 (Membership of authority)

32 When notice of resignation takes effect	1
A notice of resignation mentioned in section 29(3) or 31(1)(a) takes effect when the notice is given to the Minister or, if a later time is stated in the notice, the later time.	2 3 4
33 Leave of absence	5
(1) The Minister may approve a leave of absence for an appointed member (the "approved absent member").	6 7
(2) The Minister may appoint someone else to act in the office of the approved absent member while the member is absent on the leave.	8 9
(3) If the approved absent member is an eligible person for a nominating entity, the Minister must, before making the appointment, give the entity a notice stating a reasonable time within which it may nominate someone else to act in the office of the approved absent member while the member is absent on the leave.	10 11 12 13 14
(4) If the entity does not make the nomination within the time stated in the notice, the Minister may proceed to appoint a person who is an eligible person for the entity.	13 16 17
(5) A person is taken to be an appointed member during the term of the person's appointment to act in the office of an approved absent member.	18 19
(6) The Minister's power to appoint a person to act in the office of an approved absent member does not limit the Governor in Council's powers under the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 25(1)(b)(v). <sup>5</sup>	20 21 22
(7) If the approved absent member is the deputy chairperson, the authority may appoint another member to act in the deputy chairperson's office while the deputy chairperson is absent on the leave.	23 24 25
(8) In this section—	26
"eligible person", for a nominating entity, means a person whom the entity may nominate for membership of the authority as stated in section 25(2)(b) to (j).	27 28 29
"nominating entity" means an entity or entities that, under section 25(2)(b) to (j), may nominate, or nominate jointly, a person to be a member.	30 31 32

<sup>5</sup> Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 25 (Powers of appointment imply certain incidental powers)

34 Remuneration of an appointed member	1
An appointed member is entitled to be paid the fees and allowances decided by the Governor in Council.	2 3
Division 2—Authority business	4
35 Conduct of business	5
Subject to this division, the authority must conduct its business, including its meetings, in the way it considers appropriate.	6 7
36 Times and places of authority meetings	8
(1) Meetings of the authority must be held at the times and places the executive committee decides.	9 10
(2) However, the executive committee must call a meeting if asked, in writing, to do so by the Minister or at least the number of members required to form a quorum for the authority.	11 12 13
(3) The authority must meet as often as necessary for it to perform its functions.	14 15
(4) Without limiting subsection (3), the authority must meet at least 6 times a year.	16 17
37 Quorum	18
A quorum for the authority is the number equal to one-half of the number of its members or, if one-half is not a whole number, the next highest whole number.	19 20 21
38 Presiding at authority meetings	22
(1) The chairperson must preside at all authority meetings at which the chairperson is present.	23 24
(2) If the chairperson is absent from an authority meeting, but the deputy chairperson is present, the deputy chairperson must preside.	25 26

(3) If the chairperson and deputy chairperson are both absent from an authority meeting or the offices are vacant, a member chosen by the members present must preside.	1 2 3
(4) In this section—	4
<b>"deputy chairperson"</b> includes a member appointed, under section 33(7),6 to act in the deputy chairperson's office.	5 6
39 Official member may appoint nominee	7
(1) An official member may, in writing, appoint a person (the "official member's nominee") to attend authority meetings and executive committee meetings in place of the official member during any period, or during all periods, when the official member can not attend for any reason.	8 9 10 11
(2) When making the appointment, if practicable, the official member must appoint a person who has previously attended the meetings as the official member's nominee.	12 13 14
(3) The official member's nominee must be a public service officer who is appropriately qualified to exercise the official member's powers.	15 16
(4) The official member must give the chairperson notice of—	17
(a) the appointment; and	18
(b) if the instrument of appointment is amended or revoked—the amendment or revocation.	19 20
40 Attendance by proxy by member	21
(1) A member may, not more than twice in a year, attend an authority meeting by proxy.	22 23
(2) A member is not entitled to preside at an authority meeting merely because the member is the proxyholder for another member who, if present, would be entitled to preside.	24 25 26
41 Participation of director in authority meetings	27
(1) The director may participate in any of the authority's deliberations, but has no voting rights at an authority meeting.	28 29

<sup>6</sup> Section 33 (Leave of absence)

Education (Q	Dueensland	Studies	Authority	) Bill 2001
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(b)	the interest could conflict with the proper performance of the interested member's duties for considering the issue.	1 2
member'	soon as practicable after the relevant facts come to the interested s knowledge, the interested member must disclose the nature of est to an authority meeting.	3 4 5
(3) Ur not—	aless the authority otherwise directs, the interested member must	6 7
(a)	be present when the authority considers the issue; or	8
(b)	take part in a decision of the authority about the issue.	9
	ne interested member must not be present when the authority is ing whether to give a direction under subsection (3).	10 11
	there is another member who must, under subsection (2), also an interest in the issue, the other member must not—	12 13
(a)	be present when the authority is considering whether to give a direction mentioned in subsection (3) about the interested member; or	14 15 16
(b)	take part in making the decision about giving the direction.	17
<b>(6)</b> If–	_	18
(a)	because of this section, a member is not present at an authority meeting for considering or deciding an issue, or for considering or deciding whether to give a direction under subsection (3); and	19 20 21
(b)	there would be a quorum if the member were present;	22
consider	aining members present are a quorum of the authority for ing or deciding the issue, or for considering or deciding whether to direction, at the meeting.	23 24 25
	disclosure under subsection (2) must be recorded in the authority's of its meetings.	26 27
	Division 3—Authority committees	28
45 Exe	ecutive committee	29
(1) Th	ere is an executive committee of the authority.	30
( <b>2</b> ) Th	e members of the executive committee are as follows—	31

Education (Queensland Studies Authority) Bill 2001

(a) the chairperson;	1
(b) the official members;	2
(c) the members mentioned in section 25(2)(b) and (c). <sup>7</sup>	3
(3) The executive committee must set the agenda for each meeting of the authority held under section 36(1).8	4 5
(4) Also, the executive committee must perform functions conferred on the committee by the authority and report to the authority as required by the authority.	6 7 8
46 Participation of director in executive committee meetings	9
(1) The director may participate in any of the executive committee's deliberations, but has no voting rights at an executive committee meeting.	10 11
(2) For subsection (1), the chairperson must give the director timely notice of an executive committee meeting.	12 13
(3) A meeting of the executive committee is not invalid merely because the chairperson has not, for the meeting, complied with subsection (2).	14 15
47 Other committees	16
(1) The authority may establish committees of the authority for effectively and efficiently performing the authority's functions.	17 18
(2) A committee may include a person who is not a member of the authority.	19 20
(3) The authority must decide the terms of reference of a committee.	21
(4) The functions of a committee are—	22
(a) to advise and make recommendations to the authority about matters, relevant to the authority's functions, referred by the authority to the committee; and	23 24 25
(b) to exercise powers delegated to it by the authority.9	26

<sup>7</sup> Section 25 (Membership of authority)

<sup>8</sup> Section 36 (Times and places of authority meetings)

<sup>9</sup> See section 55 (Delegation by authority) for the authority's power of delegation.

<ul><li>(5) A committee must keep a record of the decisions it makes when exercising a power delegated to it by the authority.</li><li>(6) The authority may decide matters about a committee that are not provided for under this Act, including, for example, the way a committee must conduct meetings.</li></ul>	1 2 3 4 5
48 Remuneration of authority committee members	6
A member of an authority committee is entitled to be paid the fees and allowances decided by the Governor in Council.	7 8
Division 4—Financial provisions	9
49 Authority is statutory body under the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1977	10 10
The authority is a statutory body under the <i>Financial Administration and Audit Act 1977</i> .	12 13
50 Authority is statutory body under the Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	14 15
(1) The authority is a statutory body under the <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i> .	10 17
(2) The Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982, part 2B <sup>10</sup> sets out the way in which the authority's powers under this Act are affected by the Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982.	18 19 20
51 Budget	2
(1) The authority must, for each financial year, develop, adopt and give to the Minister a budget by the day the Minister directs.	22 23
(2) A budget has no effect until approved by the Minister.	24

<sup>10</sup> Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982, part 2B (Powers under this Act and relationship with other Acts)

(3) In a financial year, the authority may develop, adopt and give to the Minister amendments to its approved budget for the financial year.	1 2
(4) An amendment has no effect until approved by the Minister.	3
52 Compliance with approved budget	4
(1) The authority must comply with its approved budget for a financial year.	5 6
(2) If the authority makes a disbursement in a financial year that is not provided for in its approved budget for the financial year, the members who knowingly agreed to the disbursement (the "relevant members") are jointly and severally liable to repay the amount of the disbursement to the authority.	7 8 9 10 11
(3) A person appointed in writing by the Minister for the purpose may recover, on the authority's behalf, the amount from the relevant members as a debt.	12 13 14
Division 5—Other provisions about the authority	15
53 Performance of authority	16
(1) The Minister has responsibility to ensure the authority operates to best practice standards.	17 18
(2) To help the Minister discharge the responsibility, the authority must report to the Minister, when and in the way required by the Minister, on the efficiency, effectiveness, economy and timeliness of the authority and its systems and processes, including operational processes.	19 20 21 22
(3) The authority must comply with a Ministerial request under this section.	23 24
(4) In the authority's annual report for a financial year, the authority must include copies of all Ministerial requests made under this section in the financial year.	25 26 27
54 Change in requirements for certification	28
In effecting a change in the requirements for the issue of a type of certificate of achievement, the authority must ensure a person who is	29 30

subject the chan	to the requirements that are to be changed is not disadvantaged by ge.	1 2
55 De	legation by authority	3
(1) Th	ne authority may delegate its powers under this Act to—	4
(a)	a member; or	5
(b)	an authority committee; or	6
(c)	the director; or	7
(d)	an appropriately qualified member of the office's staff.	8
<b>(2)</b> H	owever, the authority may not delegate its power under this Act—	9
(a)	to approve a 1-12 syllabus or preschool guideline; or	10
(b)	to accredit a 1–12 syllabus or preschool guideline.	11
56 Tir	ne within which authority to do something under this Act	12
<b>(1)</b> Th	nis section applies if—	13
(a)	the authority is to do something under this Act after the happening of an event; and	14 15
(b)	the Act does not state a time within which the authority must do the thing.	16 17
(2) The happens	ne authority must do the thing as soon as practicable after the event.	18 19

PART 5—OFFICE OF THE QUEENSLAND STUDIES AUTHORITY	1 2
Division 1—Establishment	3
57 Establishment of office	4
(1) The Office of the Queensland Studies Authority is established.	5
(2) The office consists of the director and the staff of the office.	6
Division 2—Office's function and powers	7
58 Function and powers	8
(1) The office's function is to help the authority in the performance of its functions.	9 10
(2) The office may do anything necessary or convenient to be done in performing its function.	11 12
Division 3—The director	13
59 Appointment of director	14
(1) There is to be a director of the office.	15
(2) The director is to be appointed by the Governor in Council.	16
(3) The director is appointed for the term stated in the instrument of appointment, and is eligible for reappointment.	17 18
(4) The stated term must not be longer than 5 years.	19
(5) The <i>Public Service Act 1996</i> does not apply to the appointment of the director.	20 21
60 Terms of appointment	22
(1) The director is to be paid the remuneration and allowances decided by the Governor in Council	23 24

	The director holds office on terms, not provided for by this Act, ed by the Governor in Council.	1 2		
61	unction of director	3		
(1) Subject to direction by the authority, the director is to control the office and is responsible for its efficient and effective administration and operation.				
dep adm	Subsection (1) does not prevent the attachment of the office to the ment for the purpose of ensuring the office is supplied with the istrative support services that it requires to carry out its functions vely and efficiently.	7 8 9 10		
62	Director must act independently etc.	11		
In performing the director's functions and exercising the director's powers, the director—				
	a) must act independently, impartially, fairly and in the public interest; and	14 15		
	b) is not under the control or direction of the Minister.	16		
63	Delegation by director	17		
	director may delegate the director's powers under this Act to an priately qualified member of the office's staff.	18 19		
64	Resignation	20		
T	director may resign by signed notice given to the Minister.	21		
65	Ending of appointment	22		
	The Governor in Council may end the appointment of the director if the director—			
	a) is convicted of an indictable offence; or	25		
	b) is guilty of misconduct that could warrant dismissal from the public service if the director were a public service officer; or	26 27		
	c) is guilty of neglect of duty or incompetence; or	28		

Education (Queensland Studies Authority) Bill 2001

(d)		omes incapable of satisfactorily performing the director's tions.	1 2
66 Pre	eserva	tion of rights	3
(1) Tl director.	nis sec	ction applies if a public service officer is appointed as the	4 5
person baccrue in	ecaus	son retains and is entitled to all rights that have accrued to the e of employment as a public service officer, or that would uture to the person because of that employment, as if service were a continuation of service as a public service officer.	6 7 8 9
( <b>3</b> ) At	the en	nd of the person's term of appointment or on resignation—	10
(a)	the p	person is entitled to be employed as a public service officer—	11
	(i)	at the classification level at which the person would have been employed if the person had continued in employment as a public service officer; and	12 13 14
	(ii)	on the remuneration to which the person would have been entitled if the person had continued in employment as a public service officer; and	15 16 17
(b)	natu	person's service as the director is taken to be service of a like re in the public service for deciding the person's rights as a ic service officer.	18 19 20
67 Suj offi		nuation for director who was previously a public service	21 22
director was a m	and in ember	etion applies if a public service officer is appointed as the immediately before the appointment the public service officer of the State Public Sector Superannuation Scheme under the in (State Public Sector) Act 1990.	23 24 25 26
(2) The scheme.	ne pers	son continues to be eligible to be, and to be, a member of the	27 28
68 Act	ting di	irector	29
The Minister may appoint a person to act as the director—			
(a)	duri	ng a vacancy in that office; or	31

(b) during any period, or during all periods, when the director is absent from duty or can not, for another reason, perform the functions of that office.	
Division 4—Staff of the office	4
69 Office staff	5
The staff of the office are to be employed under the <i>Public Service Act</i> 1996.	t 6 7
PART 6—MISCELLANEOUS	8
70 Protecting persons from liability	9
(1) The following persons are not civilly liable for an act done, or omission made, honestly and without negligence under this Act—	10 11
(a) the Minister;	12
(b) a member;	13
(c) a member of a committee of the authority, established under section 47(1), who is not a member of the authority.	14 15
(2) If subsection (1) prevents a civil liability attaching to a person, the liability attaches instead to the State.	e 16 17
71 Approval of forms	18
The authority may approve forms for use under this Act.	19
72 Delegation by Minister	20
(1) The Minister may delegate the Minister's powers under this Act to an appropriately qualified person	21

(2) However, the Minister may not delegate the Minister's power under section 22(1), 23(1), 24(1) or 53(2). <sup>11</sup>	1 2
73 Administrative support for authority	3
(1) The authority may make arrangements for administrative support services for the authority.	4 5
(2) If the authority makes arrangements with the chief executive to provide 1 or more services for the authority, the arrangement must include a provision about the authority paying the department a reasonable amount for the service.	6 7 8 9
74 Authority's annual report	10
In the authority's annual report for a financial year, the authority must include details of any powers delegated by the Training Recognition Council to the authority, in the financial year, under the <i>Training and Employment Act 2000</i> , section 186. <sup>12</sup>	11 12 13 14
75 Privacy	15
In performing a function to give information to an entity, the authority must be satisfied there are arrangements in place sufficient to ensure the privacy of individuals is protected.	16 17 18
76 Powers of Minister administering vocational education and training department	19 20
(1) The purpose of this section is to confer on the Minister administering the vocational education and training department powers in relation to the authority's functions mentioned in section 14.	21 22 23
(2) Sections 22 and 24 apply as if—	24

Section 22 (Minister may refer matter to authority), 23 (Minister's power to give directions in the public interest), 24 (Power to require production of document) or 53 (Performance of authority)

<sup>12</sup> Training and Employment Act 2000, section 186 (Delegation by council)

(a)	the reference to the Minister were a reference to the Minister administering the vocational education and training department; and	1 2 3
(b)	the reference to the authority's functions were a reference to the authority's functions mentioned in section 14.	4 5
	r a direction mentioned in section 23(1) about the authority's mentioned in section 14—	6 7
(a)	the direction must be given jointly by the Minister and the Minister administering the vocational education and training department; and	8 9 10
(b)	the Minister and the Minister administering the vocational education and training department must be jointly satisfied it is necessary to give the direction in the public interest.	11 12 13
<b>77 Rev</b> i	iew of Act	14
of this A	e Minister must, before the third anniversary of the date of assent ct, start a review of this Act to ensure it is adequately meeting ty expectations and its provisions remain appropriate.	15 16 17
	e Minister must, as soon as practicable after the review is finished, eport of the outcome of the review to be laid before the Legislative y.	18 19 20
78 Gui	delines	21
( <b>1</b> ) The	e authority may make guidelines as provided under a regulation.	22
	a guideline is inconsistent with this Act or the regulation, the is invalid to the extent of the inconsistency.	23 24
(3) A g	guideline—	25
(a)	must be notified in the way required by the regulation; and	26
(b)	takes effect on the day of its notification or, if a later day or time is fixed in the guideline, on the day or at the time fixed.	27 28
as practic obtained,	the day a guideline is notified under subsection (3)(a) or as soon able after that day, copies of the guideline must be available to be by purchase or otherwise, at the place or at each of the places the notice.	29 30 31 32

(5) Failure to comply with subsection (4) does not affect the validity of the notification under subsection (3)(a).		1 2
ine notin	cation under subsection (3)(a).	2
79 Reg	gulation-making power	3
(1) Th	e Governor in Council may make regulations under this Act.	4
(2) A 1	regulation may be made about the following—	5
(a)	the accreditation by the authority of 1–12 syllabuses or preschool guidelines, for implementation at schools;	6 7
(b)	the approval by the authority of work programs for an area of learning, for which the results may be recorded on a type of certificate of achievement mentioned in section 13(2); <sup>13</sup>	8 9 10
(c)	the recognition of a person's results, in a non-authority area of learning, that may be recorded on a certificate of achievement;	11 12
(d)	the issuing of certificates of achievement;	13
(e)	the testing of persons;	14
(f)	deciding the equivalence, in the State, of a level of school education reached, or a school qualification obtained, by a person at an educational institution established outside the State;	15 16 17
(g)	the assessment of persons;	18
(h)	tertiary entrance procedures and requirements, and the issuing of tertiary entrance statements;	19 20
(i)	the review of decisions, under this Act, of the authority or an authority committee;	21 22
(j)	the review by the authority of information contained in a tertiary entrance statement issued to a person under this Act;	23 24
(k)	the verification of information contained in a certificate of achievement issued to a person;	25 26
(1)	fees, including the refunding of fees, for this Act.	27

<sup>13</sup> Section 13 (Certification functions)

PA	PART 7—REPEAL AND TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS		1
		Division 1—Repeal of Acts	2
80	Rep	peal	3
Τ	he fo	ollowing Acts are repealed—	4
	•	Education (School Curriculum P-10) Act 1996 (1996 Act No. 65)	5
	•	Education (Senior Secondary School Studies) Act 1988 (1988 Act No. 95)	6 7
	•	Education (Tertiary Entrance Procedures Authority) Act 1990 (1990 Act No. 92).	8 9
		Division 2—Transitional provisions	10
81	Def	initions for div 2	11
I	n this	division—	12
"co	mme	encement" means commencement of this section.	13
"fo	rmer	body" means—	14
	(a)	the Queensland School Curriculum Council (P-10) under the <i>Education (School Curriculum P-10) Act 1996</i> ; or	15 16
	(b)	the Board of Senior Secondary School Studies under the Education (Senior Secondary School Studies) Act 1988; or	17 18
	(c)	the Tertiary Entrance Procedures Authority under the <i>Education</i> (Tertiary Entrance Procedures Authority) Act 1990.	19 20
"re	peale	ed Act" means any of the following Acts—	21
	•	Education (School Curriculum P-10) Act 1996	22
	•	Education (Senior Secondary School Studies) Act 1988	23
	•	Education (Tertiary Entrance Procedures Authority) Act 1990.	24
82	Dis	solution of former bodies	25
т	he fo	armer hodies are dissolved and their members go out of office	26

83 References to repealed Act or former body	1
(1) In an Act or document, a reference to a repealed Act may, if the context permits, be taken as a reference to this Act.	2 3
(2) A reference in an Act or document to a former body may, if the context permits, be taken as a reference to the authority.	4 5
84 Authority is the legal successor	6
(1) The authority is the successor in law of each former body.	7
(2) Sections 85 and 86 do not limit subsection (1).	8
85 Agreements and proceedings	9
(1) An agreement or arrangement, in force immediately before the commencement, between a former body and another entity is taken to be an agreement or arrangement between the authority and the entity.	10 11 12
(2) A proceeding that could have been started or continued by or against a former body before the commencement may be started or continued by or against the authority.	13 14 15
86 Assets and liabilities	16
On the commencement, an asset or liability of a former body immediately before the commencement becomes an asset or liability of the authority.	17 18 19
87 Preschool guidelines and syllabuses	20
(1) A preschool guideline that immediately before the commencement is an approved syllabus under the <i>Education (School Curriculum P-10) Act</i> 1996 for the preschool year of schooling is taken to be an approved preschool guideline for the preschool year of schooling.	21 22 23 24
(2) A syllabus that immediately before the commencement is an approved syllabus under the <i>Education</i> ( <i>School Curriculum P-10</i> ) <i>Act 1996</i> for a subject is taken to be an approved syllabus for the subject.	25 26 27
(3) A syllabus developed and approved by the Board of Senior Secondary School Studies under the <i>Education (Senior Secondary School Studies) Act</i> 1988 for a subject, the approval of which is current	28 29 30

immediately before the commencement, is taken to be an approved syllabus for the subject.	1 2
(4) A study area specification approved by the Board of Senior Secondary School Studies under the <i>Education (Senior Secondary School Studies) Act 1988</i> for a subject, the approval of which is current immediately before the commencement, is taken to be an approved syllabus for the subject.	3 4 5 6 7
(5) A syllabus developed by an entity other than the Board of Senior Secondary School Studies under the <i>Education (Senior Secondary School Studies) Act 1988</i> and approved by the Board under that Act for a subject, the approval of which is current immediately before the commencement, is taken to be an accredited syllabus for the subject.	8 9 10 11 12
(6) A syllabus developed and approved by the Board of Senior Secondary School Studies under the <i>Education (Senior Secondary School Studies) Act 1988</i> for a vocational education program for students in years 11 and 12 years of schooling, the approval of which is current immediately before the commencement, is taken to be an approved syllabus for the program.	13 14 15 16 17 18
88 Work program	19
A work program approved by the Board of Senior Secondary School Studies under the <i>Education (Senior Secondary School Studies) Act 1988</i> for a subject, the approval of which is current immediately before the commencement, is taken to be a work program approved under this Act for the corresponding area of learning.	20 21 22 23 24
89 Possible issue of certificate of achievement not to be jeopardised	25
(1) This section applies to a person who, immediately before the commencement, was undertaking the study of an area of learning that may have led to the issue of a certificate of achievement to the person under a repealed Act.	26 27 28 29
(2) The person must not be disadvantaged because of the transition from the repealed Act to this Act.	30 31

s 90	42	s 90	
	Education (Queensland Studies Authority) Bill 2001		
	PART 8—AMENDMENTS OF ACTS		1
90 Con	sequential and other amendments of Acts		2
Schedu	lle 1 amends the Acts mentioned in it.		3

SCHEDULE 1	1
CONSEQUENTIAL AND OTHER AMENDMENTS OF ACTS	2 3
section 90	4
EDUCATION (GENERAL PROVISIONS) ACT 1989	5
1 Section 19—	6
omit, insert—	7
'19 Curriculum framework for State educational institutions	8
'(1) The Minister may decide on a curriculum framework that is to apply to each educational institution established under section 16, 17 or 18(1)(c).	9 10
(2) In this section—	11
"curriculum framework" means the framework under which the principal of the institution may decide the range of learning experiences to be offered to students enrolled at the institution.	12 13 14
'19A Development and revision of 1–12 syllabuses and preschool guidelines	15 16
'(1) The Minister may develop and revise 1–12 syllabuses and preschool guidelines.	17 18
'(2) In this section—	19
<b>"1–12 syllabuses"</b> means syllabuses for areas of learning in 1 or more of the years 1 to 12 years of schooling.	20 21
"preschool guidelines" means guidelines for the preschool year of schooling.	22 23

educational institution	2
'(1) In providing education in an area of learning, a relevant State educational institution may only implement an approved syllabus or accredited syllabus for the area of learning.	3 4 5
'(2) The Minister may direct the principal of a relevant State educational institution to ensure that the institution provides education in a stated area of learning.	6 7 8
'(3) The Minister may direct the principal of a relevant State educational institution that, in providing education in an area of learning, the institution must implement a stated approved syllabus or accredited syllabus for the area of learning.	9 10 11 12
'(4) The Minister may direct the principal of a relevant State educational institution that, in providing education in the preschool year of schooling, the institution must implement a stated approved preschool guideline or accredited preschool guideline.	13 14 15 16
'(5) In this section—	17
"accredited preschool guideline" means a preschool guideline accredited, by the authority under the <i>Education (Queensland Studies Authority)</i> Act 2001, for the preschool year of schooling.	18 19 20
"accredited syllabus", for an area of learning, means a 1–12 syllabus, accredited by the authority under the <i>Education (Queensland Studies Authority) Act 2001</i> , for the area of learning.	21 22 23
"approved preschool guideline" means a preschool guideline approved, by the authority under the <i>Education (Queensland Studies Authority)</i> **Act 2001*, for the preschool year of schooling.	24 25 26
"approved syllabus", for an area of learning, means a 1–12 syllabus developed or revised, and approved, by the authority under the <i>Education (Queensland Studies Authority) Act 2001</i> for the area of learning.	27 28 29 30
"area of learning" includes—	31
(a) a subject; and	32
(b) a vocational education program.	33

"relevant State educational institution" means a established under section 16, 17 or 18(1)(c).		1
'19C Direction by Minister about tests		3
'(1) The Minister may direct the principal of a established under section 16, 17 or 18(1)(c), students in the year of schooling to which an a administer the test at the institution.	providing education to approved test relates, to	4 5 6 7
'(2) In this section—	:	8
"approved test" means a test, relating to a year of revised by the authority under the <i>Education Authority</i> ) Act 2001."	on (Queensland Studies	9 10 11
PUBLIC SERVICE ACT	1996	12
2 Schedule 1—		13
insert—		14
'9A Office of the Queensland Studies Authority	Director'.	

SCHEDULE 2	1
DICTIONARY	2
section 5	3
"1–12 syllabus" means a syllabus for an area of learning in 1 or more of the years 1 to 12 years of schooling.	4 5
"accredited preschool guideline" means a preschool guideline accredited, by the authority under this Act, for the preschool year of schooling.	6 7
"accredited syllabus", for an area of learning, means a 1-12 syllabus accredited, by the authority under this Act, for the area of learning.	8 9
"affected by bankruptcy action", in relation to a person, means the person—	10 11
(a) is bankrupt; or	12
(b) has compounded with creditors; or	13
(c) as a debtor, has otherwise taken, or applied to take, advantage of any law about bankruptcy.	14 15
"AISQ" means The Association of Independent Schools of Queensland Inc.	16 17
<b>"annual report"</b> , of the authority, means the authority's annual report under the <i>Financial Administration and Audit Act 1977</i> .	18 19
"appointed member" means a person appointed as a member under section 25(2).	20 21
"appropriately qualified", in relation to a power, means having the qualifications, experience or standing appropriate to exercise the power.	22 23 24
"approved preschool guideline" means a preschool guideline developed or revised, and approved, by the authority under this Act for the preschool year of schooling.	25 26 27
"approved syllabus", for an area of learning, means a 1–12 syllabus developed or revised, and approved, by the authority under this Act for the area of learning	28 29

"area of learning" includes—	1
(a) a subject; and	2
(b) a vocational education program.	3
"assessment data" means the results of school-based assessment of persons' achievement in an area of learning.	4 5
"Australian Qualifications Framework" means the national framework of educational qualifications—	6 7
(a) approved by the Ministerial Council for Education, Employment, Training and Youth Affairs; and	8 9
(b) stated in the implementation handbook for that framework published by the Australian Qualifications Framework Advisory Board, as in force from time to time. <sup>14</sup>	10 11 12
"Australian Qualifications Framework Advisory Board" means the board by that name established by the Ministerial Council for Education, Employment, Training and Youth Affairs.	13 14 15
"authority" means the Queensland Studies Authority.	16
"authority committee" means—	17
(a) the executive committee; or	18
(b) a committee of the authority established under section 47(1).	19
"certificate of achievement" means a certificate, issuable under this Act, recording details of a person's achievement in the study of an area of learning.	20 21 22
"chairperson" means the chairperson of the authority appointed under section 28(1).	23 24
"convicted" means found guilty, or having a plea of guilty accepted by a court, whether or not a conviction is recorded.	25 26
"deputy chairperson" means the deputy chairperson of the authority appointed under section 29(1).	27 28
"director" means the director of the office appointed under section 59.	29

<sup>14</sup> The implementation handbook may be inspected during business hours at the office from which the Office of the Queensland Studies Authority operates or viewed at the website at http://www.curriculum.edu.au/aqfab.htm

"executive committee" means the committee established under section 45.	1
<b>"guardian"</b> , of a student, means a person who is recognised in law as having all the duties, powers, responsibilities and authority that, by law, parents have in relation to their children. <sup>15</sup>	2 3 4
"Higher Education Forum" means the entity by that name whose membership includes the following—	5 6
(a) the vice-chancellors of universities established in the State;	7
(b) the chief executive;	8
(c) a nominee of the Minister administering the vocational education and training department.	9 10
"member" means—	11
(a) an official member; or	12
(b) an appointed member.	13
"moderation" means the process under which assessment data is moderated to ensure comparability, across the State, of the assessing teachers' judgments in deciding results.	14 15 16
"non-authority area of learning" means an area of learning—	17
(a) in which a person's results are not subject to the authority's procedures for moderation; and	18 19
(b) for which the authority does not, under this Act, approve work programs.	20 21
"non-State school" means a school that is provisionally accredited, or accredited, under the <i>Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools)</i> Act 2001.	22 23 24
"notice" means written notice.	25
"office" means the Office of the Queensland Studies Authority.	26
"official member" means a member mentioned in section 25(1)(a) or (b).	27
"parent", of a student, includes—	28

<sup>15</sup> See the *Family Law Act 1975* (Cwlth), part 7 (Children), division 2 (Parental responsibility).

(a)	in relation to a student who is an Aboriginal child—a person who, under Aboriginal tradition, is regarded as a parent of the child; and	1 2 3
(b)	in relation to a student who is a Torres Strait Islander child—a person who, under Island custom, is regarded as a parent of the child.	4 5 6
	<b>cool education''</b> see <i>Education (General Provisions) Act 1989</i> , sion 2(1). <sup>16</sup>	7 8
_	<b>pool guideline"</b> means a guideline for the preschool year of pooling.	9 10
-	y education' see Education (General Provisions) Act 1989, ion 2(1). <sup>17</sup>	11 12
-	<b>cy school</b> " means a school, other than a special school, offering cation in years 1 to 7 years of schooling.	13 14
"princip	al", of a school, means the individual in charge of the school.	15
"QCEC	" means the Queensland Catholic Education Commission.	16
"school"	'means—	17
(a)	an educational institution established under the <i>Education</i> ( <i>General Provisions</i> ) Act 1989, section 16, 17 or 18(1)(c); <sup>18</sup> or	18 19
(b)	a non-State school.	20

<sup>16</sup> Education (General Provisions) Act 1989, section 2(1) provides—

**<sup>&</sup>quot;preschool education"** means educational programs appropriate to the needs of children below the age of compulsory attendance and before enrolment in year 1.

<sup>17</sup> Education (General Provisions) Act 1989, section 2(1) provides—

**<sup>&</sup>quot;primary education"** means education offered in years numbered 1 to 7, both inclusive.

<sup>18</sup> Education (General Provisions) Act 1989, section 16 (Power to establish State schools), 17 (Power to establish other ways of educational instruction) or 18 (Establishment of certain centres, student hostels, student residential colleges and other State educational institutions)

"secondary education" see Education (General Provisions) Act 1989, section 2(1).19	1 2
"secondary school" means a school, other than a special school, offering education in years 8 to 12 years of schooling.	3 4
"sectors of education" means preschool education, primary education, secondary education, special education and tertiary education.	5 6
"special education" see Education (General Provisions) Act 1989, section 3(2).20	7 8
"special school" means a school providing special education.	9
"State school" see Education (General Provisions) Act 1989, section 2(1).21	10 11
"students" means persons studying an area of learning within a sector of education.	12 13
"syllabus" includes standards of learning, and standards of assessment, for an area of learning.	14 15
"teacher" means a person who—	16
(a) is registered as a teacher under the <i>Education (Teacher Registration) Act 1988</i> ; and	17 18
(b) is a member of the educational staff of a school.	19
"tertiary entrance" means the entrance by persons to tertiary education in Queensland.	20 21

<sup>19</sup> Education (General Provisions) Act 1989, section 2(1) provides—

<sup>&</sup>quot;secondary education" means education offered in years numbered 8 to 12, both inclusive.

<sup>20</sup> Education (General Provisions) Act 1989, section 3(2) provides—

**<sup>&</sup>quot;Special education"** is the educational programs and services appropriate to the needs of persons with a disability.

<sup>21</sup> Education (General Provisions) Act 1989, section 2(1) provides—

<sup>&</sup>quot;State school" means a school at which primary, secondary or special education is provided by the State.

"vocational education and training department" means the department	1
in which the <i>Training and Employment Act 2000</i> is administered.	2

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