

# YEAR 2000 INFORMATION DISCLOSURE BILL 1999

## Queensland



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## 1999

## A BILL

## **FOR**

An Act to encourage the voluntary disclosure and exchange of information about year 2000 computer problems and remediation efforts, and for other purposes

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The Par	liament of Queensland enacts—	1
	PART 1—PRELIMINARY	2
Short tit	le	3
<b>1.</b> This 1999.	s Act may be cited as the Year 2000 Information Disclosure Act	4 5
Comme	ncement	6
<b>2.</b> This	Act is taken to have commenced on 27 February 1999.	7
Dictiona	ry	8
3. The Act.	dictionary in the schedule defines particular words used in this	9 10
Attachm	nent	11
<b>4.</b> (1) T	The attachment to this Act contains—	12
(a)	definitions of words that, under the schedule, have the same meaning as they have in the <i>Trade Practices Act 1974</i> (Cwlth); and	13 14 15
(b)	provisions of the <i>Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 1989</i> (Cwlth) and <i>Trade Practices Act 1974</i> (Cwlth) that, under section 9, are applied for that section.	16 17 18
(2) Th	e attachment is not part of this Act.	19
	e attachment must be revised so that it is an accurate copy of the as and provisions as amended from time to time.	20 21
( <b>4</b> ) Th	e revision must happen in the first reprint of this Act after an	22

amendment of any of the definitions or the provisions.

Act bind	ds all persons	1
	is Act binds all persons, including the State, and, so far as the re power of Parliament permits, the other States.	2 3
PAR	T 2—YEAR 2000 DISCLOSURE STATEMENTS	4
Meaning	g of "year 2000 disclosure statements"	5
6. A "	year 2000 disclosure statement" is—	6
(a)	an original year 2000 disclosure statement; or	7
(b)	a republished year 2000 disclosure statement.	8
Meaning	g of "original year 2000 disclosure statements"	9
<b>7.</b> (1) that—	An "original year 2000 disclosure statement" is a statement	10 11
(a)	relates solely to any or all of the following—	12
	(i) year 2000 processing;	13
	(ii) the detection of problems relating to year 2000 processing;	14
	(iii) the prevention of problems relating to year 2000 processing;	15
	(iv) the remediation of problems relating to year 2000 processing;	16 17
	(v) the consequences or implications, for the supply of goods or services, of problems relating to year 2000 processing;	18 19
	<ul><li>(vi) contingency planning, risk management, remediation efforts or other arrangements for dealing with consequences or implications mentioned in subparagraph (v);</li></ul>	20 21 22
	(vii) the consequences or implications, for the activities or capabilities of a person, of problems relating to year 2000 processing;	23 24 25
	(viii)contingency planning, risk management, remediation efforts	26

	or other arrangements for dealing with consequences or implications mentioned in subparagraph (vii); and	2
(b)	includes words to the effect that the statement is a year 2000	3
	disclosure statement for the purposes of this Act or a	4
	corresponding law; and	:
(c)	includes words to the effect that a person may be protected by this Act or a corresponding law from liability for the statement in certain circumstances; and	3
(d)	is made after the commencement of this section and before 1 July 2001; and	10
(e)	identifies the person who authorised the statement; and	1
(f)	satisfies 1 of the following conditions—	12
	(i) the statement is made in writing;	1.
	(ii) the statement is made in a data storage device and is capable	14
	of being reproduced in writing from that device, with or	1
	without the aid of any other article or device;	10
	(iii) the statement is made by way of an electronic communication of writing.	1′ 18
(2) Th	e subparagraphs of subsection (1)(a) do not limit each other.	19
	statement is taken to comply with subsection (1)(b) and (c) if the t includes the following words—	20
'This sta	tement is a year 2000 disclosure statement for the purposes of the	2
	00 Information Disclosure Act 1999. A person may be protected	23
by that A	ct from liability for this statement in certain circumstances.'.	24
Meaning	g of "republished year 2000 disclosure statements"	2:
<b>8.</b> A that—	"republished year 2000 disclosure statement" is a statement	20
(a)	consists of the republication, retransmission, reproduction, recital or reading aloud of the whole of an original year 2000 disclosure statement; and	2 29 30
(b)	is made after the commencement of this section and before	3

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	1 July 2001; and	1
(c)	is made—	2
	(i) orally; or	3
	(ii) in writing; or	4
	(iii) in a data storage device; or	5
	(iv) by way of an electronic communication of writing; or	6
	(v) by way of an electronic communication of speech.	7
PAR'	T 3—PROTECTION FROM CIVIL LIABILITY	8
Protection	on from civil actions	9
	No civil action lies against a person for or in relation to any matter trising out of, or incidental to, the making of a year 2000 disclosure t.	10 11 12
	year 2000 disclosure statement is not admissible as evidence person in a civil action to which the person is a party.	13 14
Exceptio	ns	15
10.(1)	Section 9 does not apply to a person (the "first person") if—	16
(a)	the year 2000 disclosure statement is false or misleading in a material particular and the first person—	17 18
	(i) knew the statement was false or misleading in a material particular; or	19 20
	(ii) was reckless as to whether the statement was false or misleading in a material particular; or	21 22
(b)	all of the following conditions are satisfied—	23
	(i) the year 2000 disclosure statement was made to another person, otherwise than in the other person's capacity as a member of the public or of a section of the public, in	24 25 26

		connection with the formation of a contract;	1
	(ii)	the other person, or a representative of the other person, is a party to the civil action;	2
	(iii)	the civil action relates to the contract.	4
(2) Sec	ction	9 does not apply to a year 2000 disclosure statement if—	5
(a)		year 2000 disclosure statement was made in fulfilment of an gation imposed under a contract; or	7
(b)		year 2000 disclosure statement was made in fulfilment of an gation imposed under a law of the Commonwealth or a State.	8
( <b>3</b> ) Sec	ction	9 does not apply to a civil action if—	10
(a)	all c	of the following conditions are satisfied—	11
	(i)	a purpose for making the year 2000 disclosure statement was to induce persons to acquire goods or services identified in the statement;	12 13 14
	(ii)	any of those persons acquired the goods or services as a consumer;	15 16
	(iii)	the consumer concerned, or a representative of the consumer concerned, is a party to the civil action;	17 18
	(iv)	the civil action relates to the goods or services acquired by the consumer; or	19 20
(b)	all c	of the following conditions are satisfied—	21
	(i)	a purpose for making the year 2000 disclosure statement was to induce a particular consumer to acquire goods or services identified in the statement;	22 23 24
	(ii)	the consumer acquired the goods or services;	25
	(iii)	the consumer, or a representative of the consumer, is a party to the civil action;	26 27
	(iv)	the civil action relates to the goods or services acquired by the consumer.	28 29
( <b>4</b> ) Sec	ction	9 does not apply to a civil action to the extent to which—	30
(a)	the o	civil action consists of proceedings for a restraining injunction	3

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or for declaratory relief; or	1
(b) the civil action consists of proceedings started by an entity under a law of the Commonwealth or a State—	2 3
(i) in the performance of a regulatory or enforcement function conferred on the entity by the law; or	4 5
(ii) in the exercise of a regulatory or enforcement power conferred on the entity by the law; or	6 7
(c) the civil action is an action for infringement of copyright, a trade mark, a design or a patent.	8 9
(5) The paragraphs of subsections (1), (2), (3) and (4) do not limit each other.	10 11
<b>(6)</b> The <i>Trade Practices Act 1974</i> (Cwlth), section 4B, <sup>1</sup> applies for subsection (3)(a) and (b) in a corresponding way to the way in which it applies for the <i>Trade Practices Act 1974</i> (Cwlth).	12 13 14
(7) For subsection (6), it is to be assumed that a reference in the <i>Trade Practices Act 1974</i> (Cwlth), section 4B, to services does not include a reference to financial services within the meaning of that Act.	15 16 17
(8) The Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 1989 (Cwlth), section 12BC, <sup>2</sup> applies for subsection (3)(a) and (b) in a corresponding way to the way in which it applies for division 2 of part 2 of that Act.	18 19 20 21
False or misleading statement exception—explanatory statement to be given	22 23
11.(1) If a civil action is started against a person (the "first person") by another person (the "second person"), the first person is not entitled to	24 25

plead or otherwise rely on section 9(1) unless—

The Trade Practices Act 1974 (Cwlth), section 4B, states circumstances in which consumers acquire goods and services. The section is set out in the attachment to this Act.

The Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 1989 (Cwlth), section 12BC, states circumstances in which a person acquires financial services as a consumer. The section is set out in the attachment to this Act.

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(a)	the first person gives the second person a statement (the <b>"explanatory statement"</b> ) to the effect that the first person believes the exception in section 10(1)(a) is not applicable; and	1 2 3
(b)	the explanatory statement states the grounds for the belief; and	4
(c)	the explanatory statement satisfies 1 of the following conditions—	5
	(i) it is made in writing;	6
	(ii) it is made in a data storage device and is capable of being reproduced in writing from that device, with or without the aid of any other article or device;	7 8 9
	(iii) it is made by way of an electronic communication of writing.	10
mentione any civil	the first person gives the second person an explanatory statement and in subsection (1), the explanatory statement is not admissible in action except for the purposes of deciding whether subsection (1) complied with.	11 12 13 14
( <b>3</b> ) The	e second person may waive compliance with subsection (1).	15
False or	misleading statement exception—imputed knowledge	16
	Subsection (2) applies if, in any proceedings arising out of $O(1)(a)$ , it is necessary to establish—	17 18
(a)	whether a corporation knew a year 2000 disclosure statement was false or misleading in a material particular; or	19 20
(b)	whether a corporation was reckless as to whether a year 2000 disclosure statement was false or misleading in a material particular.	21 22 23
(2) It i	s sufficient to show—	24
(a)	a director, employee or agent of the corporation engaged in conduct in relation to the year 2000 disclosure statement; and	25 26
(b)	the director, employee or agent was, in engaging in that conduct, acting within the scope of his or her actual or apparent authority; and	27 28 29
(c)	the director, employee or agent—	30
	(i) knew the year 2000 disclosure statement was false or	31

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	misleading in a material particular; or	1
	(ii) was reckless as to whether the year 2000 disclosure	2
	statement was false or misleading in a material particular, as	3
	the case may be.	۷
( <b>3</b> ) Su	bsection (4) applies if, in any proceedings arising out of	5
section 10	O(1)(a), it is necessary to establish—	6
(a)	whether a person, other than a corporation, knew a year 2000	-
, ,	disclosure statement was false or misleading in a material	8
	particular; or	Ģ
(b)	whether a person other than a corporation was reckless as to	10
	whether a year 2000 disclosure statement was false or misleading	1
	in a material particular.	12
<b>(4)</b> It is	s sufficient to show—	13
(a)	an employee or agent of the person engaged in conduct in relation	14
	to the year 2000 disclosure statement; and	15
(b)	the employee or agent was, in engaging in that conduct, acting	16
	within the scope of his or her actual or apparent authority; and	17
(c)	the employee or agent—	18
	(i) knew the year 2000 disclosure statement was false or	19
	misleading in a material particular; or	20
	(ii) was reckless as to whether the year 2000 disclosure	21
	statement was false or misleading in a material particular, as	22
	the case may be.	23
( <b>5</b> ) A 1	reference in this section to a director includes a reference to a	24
	nt member of a body corporate incorporated for a public purpose	25
under a la	w of the Commonwealth or a State.	26

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PAR'.	OF CONTRACTS	1 2			
Presum	ption against amendment of contracts	3			
	The making of a year 2000 disclosure statement is taken not to contract unless—	4 5			
(a)	both—	6			
	(i) the parties to the contract have expressly agreed to the amendment; and	7 8			
	(ii) that agreement satisfies 1 of the conditions in subsection (2); or	9 10			
(b)	(b) the contract expressly provides for the amendment by way of the making of a year 2000 disclosure statement.				
( <b>2</b> ) Th	e conditions mentioned in subsection (1)(a)(ii) are as follows—	13			
(a)	the agreement is made in writing;				
(b)	ne agreement is embodied in a data storage device and is capable f being reproduced in writing from that device, with or without ne aid of any other article or device;				
(c)	the agreement is made by way of 1 or more electronic communications of writing.	18 19			
, ,	act under this section can not affect the operation of a condition or that is taken to form part of a contract under another Act.	20 21			
PART	5—EXEMPTION FROM SECTION 45 OF THE	22			
	COMPETITION CODE	23			
Exempt	on from section 45 of the Competition Code	24			
<b>14.(1)</b> made—	This section applies to an arrangement made or proposed to be	25 26			

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(a)	after the commencement of this section; and	1
(b)	before 1 July 2001.	2
or in rela provides any or al	ection 45 of the Competition Code of Queensland <sup>3</sup> does not apply to ation to the arrangement or proposed arrangement to the extent it or would provide for the disclosure or exchange of information, by a lof the parties to it, for the sole purpose of facilitating any or all of ers mentioned in subsection (3).	5
( <b>3</b> ) Th	e matters are the following—	8
(a)	the detection of problems relating to year 2000 processing;	9
(b)	the prevention of problems relating to year 2000 processing;	10
(c)	the remediation of problems relating to year 2000 processing;	11
(d)	awareness of the consequences or implications, for the supply of goods or services, of problems relating to year 2000 processing;	12 13
(e)	contingency planning, risk management, remediation efforts or other arrangements for dealing with consequences or implications mentioned in paragraph (d);	14 15 16
(f)	awareness of the consequences or implications, for the activities or capabilities of a person, of problems relating to year 2000 processing;	17 18 19
(g)	contingency planning, risk management, remediation efforts or other arrangements for dealing with consequences or implications mentioned in paragraph (f).	20 21 22
<b>(4)</b> In	this section—	23
"arrange	ement" made, includes the following—	24
(a)	a contract made;	25
(h)	an understanding arrived at	26

The Code applies as a law of Queensland under the *Competition Policy Reform* (Queensland) Act 1996, part 2. Section 45 of the code deals with contracts, arrangements or understandings that restrict dealings or affect competition.

PART 6—MISCELLANEOUS	
Quarterly reports about year 2000 processing issues relating to departments	2 3
15.(1) The Minister must, at least once in each quarter, table in the	
Legislative Assembly a report about the progress of departments in	
detecting, preventing and remedying problems relating to year 2000	
processing.	7
(2) In this section—	8
"quarter" means—	9
(a) the period of 3 months beginning on the date of assent; and	10
(b) each subsequent period of 3 months, being a period that begin	s 11
before 1 July 2001.	12
Regulation-making power	13

## **Regulation-making power**

**16.** The Governor in Council may make regulations under this Act.

#### **SCHEDULE** 1 DICTIONARY 2 section 3 3 "acquire", for goods or services, see the Trade Practices Act 1974 4 (Cwlth), section 4. 5 "arrive at", for an understanding, includes reach or enter into. 6 "civil action" means a civil action in a court, and includes a civil proceeding 7 in a court. 8 "consequences" includes potential consequences. 9 "corresponding law" means a law of the Commonwealth or a State 10 corresponding to this Act. 11 "data storage device" means any article or material (for example, a disk) 12 from which information is capable of being reproduced, with or 13 without the aid of any other article or device. 14 "electronic communication of speech" means a communication of speech 15 by way of guided or unguided electromagnetic energy, including, for 16 example, a telephone call or a radio broadcast. 17 "electronic communication of writing" means a communication of 18 writing by way of guided or unguided electromagnetic energy, 19 including, for example, a facsimile transmission or electronic mail. 20 "goods" see the *Trade Practices Act 1974* (Cwlth), section 4. 21 "implications" includes potential implications. 22 "original year 2000 disclosure statement" see section 7. 23 "problems" includes potential problems. 24 "republished year 2000 disclosure statement" see section 8. 25 "services" see the *Trade Practices Act 1974* (Cwlth), section 4. 26

## SCHEDULE (continued)

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"statement" includes—			
(a)	a distinct part of a statement; and		
(b)	a statement made to the public or a section of the public.		
"supply	" see the Trade Practices Act 1974 (Cwlth), section 4.		
"year 2000 disclosure statement" see section 6.			
con	<b>000 processing</b> " means the processing (including calculating, paring, sequencing, displaying or storing), transmitting or eiving of date data (whether or not the date data relates to the r 2000).		

**ATTACHMENT** 1 section 4 2 DEFINITIONS IN TRADE PRACTICES ACT 1974 3 (CWLTH) "acquire" includes: 5 in relation to goods—acquire by way of purchase, exchange or 6 taking on lease, on hire or on hire-purchase; and 7 (b) in relation to services—accept; 8 "goods" includes: 9 (a) ships, aircraft and other vehicles; 10 (b) animals, including fish; 11 (c) minerals, trees and crops, whether on, under or attached to land or 12 not; and 13 (d) gas and electricity; 14 "services" includes any rights (including rights in relation to, and interests 15 in, real or personal property), benefits, privileges or facilities that are, 16 or are to be, provided, granted or conferred in trade or commerce, and 17 without limiting the generality of the foregoing, includes the rights, 18 benefits, privileges or facilities that are, or are to be, provided, granted 19 or conferred under: 20 a contract for or in relation to: 21 (a) the performance of work (including work of a professional (i) 22 nature), whether with or without the supply of goods; 23 (ii) the provision of, or the use or enjoyment of facilities for, 24 amusement, entertainment, recreation or instruction: or 25 26 (iii) the conferring of rights, benefits or privileges for which remuneration is payable in the form of a royalty, tribute, levy 27 or similar exaction; 28

(b)	a contract of insurance;	1
(c)	a contract between a banker and a customer of the banker entered into in the course of the carrying on by the banker of the business of banking; or	2 3 4
(d)	any contract for or in relation to the lending of moneys;	5
	not include rights or benefits being the supply of goods or the nce of work under a contract of service;	7
"supply"	, when used as a verb, includes:	8
(a)	in relation to goods—supply (including re-supply) by way of sale, exchange, lease, hire or hire-purchase; and	9 10
(b)	in relation to services—provide, grant or confer;	11
	n used as a noun, has a corresponding meaning, and supplied and have corresponding meanings.	12 13

APPLIED PROVISIONS OF AUSTRALIAN SECURITIES AND INVESTMENTS COMMISSION ACT 1989 (CWLTH)		1 2 3
Consum	ners	4
appears,	(1) For the purposes of this Division, unless the contrary intention a person is taken to have acquired particular financial services as a r if, and only if:	5 6 7
(a)	the price of the services did not exceed the prescribed amount; or	8
(b)	if the price of the services exceeded the prescribed amount the services were of a kind ordinarily acquired for personal, domestic or household use; or	9 10 11
(c)	if the services were acquired by a person within the meaning of subsection (2) and the price of the services exceeded the prescribed amount the services were of a kind ordinarily acquired for business use.	12 13 14 15
<b>(2)</b> Fo	r the purposes of this Division, "person" includes:	16
(a)	a person or corporation employing fewer than 20 people; or	17
(b)	if the person or corporation is engaged in the manufacture of any goods a person or corporation employing fewer than 100 people.	
<b>(3)</b> Fo	r the purposes of subsection (1):	20
(a)	the prescribed amount is:	21
	(i) \$40,000; or	22
	(ii) if a greater amount is prescribed for the purposes of this paragraph that greater amount; and	23 24
(b)	subject to paragraph (c), the price of services purchased by a person is taken to have been the amount paid or payable by the	25 26

if a person purchased services together with other property or

services, or with both other property and services, and a specified

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person for the services; and

price was not allocated to the services in the contract under which they were purchased, the price of the services is taken to have been:

- (i) the price at which, at the time of the acquisition, the person could have purchased the services from the supplier without the other property or services; or
- (ii) if, at the time of the acquisition, the services were only available for purchase from the supplier together with the other property or services but, at that time, services of the kind acquired were available for purchase from another supplier without other property or services the lowest price at which the person could, at that time, reasonably have purchased services of that kind from another supplier; or
- (iii) if, at the time of the acquisition, services of the kind acquired were not available for purchase from any supplier except together with other property or services the value of the services at that time; and
- (d) if a person acquired services otherwise than by way of purchase, the price of the services is taken to have been:
  - (i) the price at which, at the time of the acquisition, the person could have purchased the services from the supplier; or
  - (ii) if, at the time of the acquisition, the services were not available for purchase from the supplier, or were available only together with other property or services, but, at that time, services of the kind acquired were available for purchase from another supplier the lowest price at which the person could, at that time, reasonably have purchased services of that kind from another supplier; or
  - (iii) if services of the kind acquired were not available, at the time of the acquisition, for purchase from any supplier, or were not available except together with other property or services the value of the services at that time; and
- (e) without limiting by implication the meaning of the expression "services" in subsection 12BA(1), the obtaining of credit by a

land; and

1 1	person in connection with the person's acquisition of services is taken to be the acquisition by the person of a service and any amount by which the amount paid or payable by the person for the services is increased by reason of the person's so obtaining credit is taken to be paid or payable by the person for that service.	1 2 3 4 5
(4) If it is alleged in a proceeding under this Division, or in any other proceeding in respect of a matter arising under this Division, that a person was a consumer in relation to particular services, it is presumed that the person was a consumer in relation to those services unless the contrary is established.		6 7 8 9 10
APPLII	ED PROVISIONS OF TRADE PRACTICES ACT 1974 (CWLTH)	11 12
Consume	rs	13
<b>4B.(1)</b> H	For the purposes of this Act, unless the contrary intention appears:	14
	a person shall be taken to have acquired particular goods as a consumer if, and only if:	15 16
(	(i) the price of the goods did not exceed the prescribed amount; or	17 18
(	(ii) where that price exceeded the prescribed amount the goods were of a kind ordinarily acquired for personal, domestic or household use or consumption or the goods consisted of a commercial road vehicle;	19 20 21 22
1	and the person did not acquire the goods, or hold himself or herself out as acquiring the goods, for the purpose of re-supply or for the purpose of using them up or transforming them, in trade or commerce, in the course of a process of production or	23 24 25 26

manufacture or of repairing or treating other goods or fixtures on

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		(11 1 11 11 1)	
(b)	_	erson shall be taken to have acquired particular services as a sumer if, and only if:	1 2
	(i)	the price of the services did not exceed the prescribed amount; or	3 4
	(ii)	where that price exceeded the prescribed amount the services were of a kind ordinarily acquired for personal, domestic or household use or consumption.	5 6 7
<b>(2)</b> For	r the j	purposes of subsection (1):	8
(a)		prescribed amount is \$40,000 or, if a greater amount is cribed for the purposes of this paragraph, that greater amount;	9 10
(b)	by a	ect to paragraph (c), the price of goods or services purchased a person shall be taken to have been the amount paid or able by the person for the goods or services;	11 12 13
(c)	prop a sp cont	re a person purchased goods or services together with other perty or services, or with both other property and services, and ecified price was not allocated to the goods or services in the tract under which they were purchased, the price of the goods ervices shall be taken to have been:	14 15 16 17 18
	(i)	the price at which, at the time of the acquisition, the person could have purchased from the supplier the goods or services without the other property or services;	19 20 21
	(ii)	if, at the time of the acquisition, the goods or services were not available for purchase from the supplier except together with the other property or services but, at that time, goods or services of the kind acquired were available for purchase from another supplier without other property or services the lowest price at which the person could, at that time, reasonably have purchased goods or services of that kind from another supplier; or	22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29
	(iii)	if, at the time of the acquisition, goods or services of the kind acquired were not available for purchase from any supplier except together with other property or services the value of the goods or services at that time;	30 31 32 33

- (d) where a person acquired goods or services otherwise than by way of purchase, the price of the goods or services shall be taken to have been:
  - (i) the price at which, at the time of the acquisition, the person could have purchased the goods or services from the supplier;
  - (ii) if, at the time of the acquisition, the goods or services were not available for purchase from the supplier or were so available only together with other property or services but, at that time, goods or services of the kind acquired were available for purchase from another supplier the lowest price at which the person could, at that time, reasonably have purchased goods or services of that kind from another supplier; or
  - (iii) if goods or services of the kind acquired were not available, at the time of the acquisition, for purchase from any supplier or were not so available except together with other property or services the value of the goods or services at that time; and
- (e) without limiting by implication the meaning of the expression "services" in subsection 4(1), the obtaining of credit by a person in connection with the acquisition of goods or services by him or her shall be deemed to be the acquisition by him or her of a service and any amount by which the amount paid or payable by him or her for the goods or services is increased by reason of his or her so obtaining credit shall be deemed to be paid or payable by him or her for that service.
- (3) Where it is alleged in any proceeding under this Act or in any other proceeding in respect of a matter arising under this Act that a person was a consumer in relation to particular goods or services, it shall be presumed, unless the contrary is established, that the person was a consumer in relation to those goods or services.

## ATTACHMENT (continued)

(4) In this section, "commercial road vehicle" means a vehicle or trailer acquired for use principally in the transport of goods on public roads.

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