

CENTRAL QUEENSLAND UNIVERSITY BILL 1997

Queensland



CENTRAL QUEENSLAND UNIVERSITY BILL 1997

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	DICTIONARY	

1997

A BILL

FOR

An Act about the Central Queensland University

The Parliament of Queensland enacts—

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1. This Act may be cited as the *Central Queensland University Act 1997*.

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Commencement

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2. This Act commences on a day to be fixed by proclamation.

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Definitions

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3. The dictionary in schedule 2 defines particular words used in this Act.¹

In some Acts, definitions are contained in a dictionary that appears as the last schedule and forms part of the Act—Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 14(4). Words defined elsewhere in the Act are generally signposted by entries in the dictionary. However, if a section has a definition applying only to the section, or a part of the section, it is generally not signposted by an entry in the dictionary and is generally set out in the last subsection of the section. Signpost definitions in the dictionary alert the reader to the terms defined

elsewhere in the Act and tell the reader where the definitions can be found. For example, the definition ' "designated purpose" see section 42.' tells the reader there is a definition of designated purpose in the section.

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PART 2—THE UNIVERSITY AND ITS COUNCIL 1 Division 1—University establishment and general functions and powers 2 **Establishment of university** 3 **4.**(1) The Central Queensland University is established. 4 (2) The university— 5 (a) is a body corporate; and 6 (b) has a seal; and 7 (c) may sue and be sued in its corporate name. 8 **Functions of university** 9 **5.** The university's functions are— 10 to provide education at university standard; and 11 (b) to provide facilities for, and encourage, study and research; and 12 (c) to encourage the advancement and development of knowledge, 13 and its application to government, industry, commerce and the 14 community; and 15 (d) to provide courses of study or instruction (at the levels of 16 achievement the council considers appropriate) to meet the needs 17 of the community; and 18 (e) to confer higher education awards; and 19 (f) to disseminate knowledge and promote scholarship; and 20 to provide facilities and resources for the wellbeing of the 21 (g) university's staff, students and other persons undertaking courses 22 23 at the university; and to exploit commercially, for the university's benefit, a facility or 24 resource of the university, including, for example, study, research 25 or knowledge, or the practical application of study, research or 26 knowledge, belonging to the university, whether alone or with 27 someone else: and 28

(i)	to perform other functions given to the university under this or another Act.	1 2
General	powers of university	3
6.(1) Example	The university has all the powers of an individual, and may, for	4 5
(a)	enter into contracts; and	6
(b)	acquire, hold, dispose of, and deal with property; and	7
(c)	appoint agents and attorneys; and	8
(d)	engage consultants; and	9
(e)	fix charges, and other terms, for services and other facilities it supplies; and	10 11
(f)	do anything else necessary or convenient to be done for, or in connection with, its functions.	12 13
	ithout limiting subsection (1), the university has the powers given er this or another Act.	14 15
(3) Th	e university may exercise its powers inside or outside Queensland.	16
, ,	Tithout limiting subsection (3), the university may exercise its outside Australia.	17 18
Divisio	on 2—Council establishment and general functions and powers	19
Establis	hment of council	20
7. The	ere is a council of the university.	21
Function	ns of council	22
8.(1)	The council is the university's governing body.	23
(2) Th Act.	ne council has the functions conferred on it under this or another	24 25

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Central	(Queensl	and U	niversity

Powers	of council	1
, ,	The council may do anything necessary or convenient to be done connection with, its functions.	2 3
	ithout limiting subsection (1), the council has the powers given to it s or another Act and, in particular—	4 5
(a)	to appoint the university's staff; and	6
(b)	to manage and control the university's affairs and property; and	7
(c)	to manage and control the university's finances.	8
Council	to promote university's interests	9
	ne council must act in the way that appears to it most likely to the university's interests.	10 11
Delegati	on	12
11.(1)	The council may delegate its powers under this Act to—	13
(a)	an appropriately qualified member of the council; or	14
(b)	an appropriately qualified committee that includes 1 or more members of the council; or	15 16
(c)	an appropriately qualified member of the university's staff.	17
(2) Ho	owever, the council may not delegate its power—	18
(a)	to make university statutes or rules; or	19
(b)	to adopt the university's annual budget; or	20
(c)	to approve spending of funds available to the university by way of bequest, donation or special grant.	21 22
	Division 3—Council membership	23
Member	rship of council	24
12.(1)	The council consists of official members, appointed members and	25

elected n	nembers.]
(2) Th	e council may also include additional members.	2
Official	members	3
13.(1)	There are 5 official members.	۷
(2) Th	e official members are—	5
(a)	the chancellor; and	ϵ
(b)	the vice-chancellor; and	7
(c)	the chief executive of the department or the chief executive's nominee; and	9
(d)	the president of the academic board; and	10
(e)	the president of the student association.	11
Appoint	ed members	12
14.(1)	There are 8 appointed members.	13
(2) Th	e Governor in Council is to appoint the appointed members.	14
Elected 1	members	15
15. (1)	There are 7 elected members.	16
(2) Th	e elected members are—	17
(a)	3 members of the full-time academic staff; and	18
(b)	1 member of the full-time general staff; and	19
(c)	1 student; and	20
(d)	2 members of the convocation (other than persons eligible for membership under paragraph (a), (b) or (c)).	2) 22
(3) Ea	ch elected member is to be elected by a ballot at which—	23
(a)	for an elected member mentioned in subsection (2)(a)—all the members of the full-time academic staff may vote; or	24 25
(b)	for an elected member mentioned in subsection (2)(b)—all the	26

	members of the full-time general staff may vote; or	1
(c)	for an elected member mentioned in subsection (2)(c)—all the students may vote; or	2 3
(d)	for an elected member mentioned in subsection (2)(d)—all the members of the convocation may vote.	4 5
(4) De	spite subsection (3)—	6
(a)	the council may authorise the council of the student association to appoint the elected member mentioned in subsection (2)(c) at a meeting of the council of the student association; and	7 8 9
(b)	the council may authorise the convocation to appoint the elected members mentioned in subsection (2)(d) at a meeting of the convocation at which a quorum is present.	10 11 12
Addition	nal members	13
16.(1)	There may be 2 additional members.	14
(2) Th	e council may appoint the additional members.	15
(3) An	additional member must not be—	16
(a)	a member of the academic or general staff; or	17
(b)	a student.	18
When co	ouncil is taken to be properly constituted	19
	ne council is taken to be properly constituted when it has 12 or embers, whether they be additional, appointed, elected or official s.	20 21 22
Appoint	ed member's term of office	23
18. Ar 3 years.	a appointed member is to be appointed for a term of not more than	24 25

Elected member's term of office	1
19.(1) An elected member holds office for 3 years.	2
(2) An elected member's term of office starts—	3
(a) if the member is re-elected or reappointed—the day after the day when the member's previous term of office ends; or	4 5
(b) if paragraph (a) does not apply—the day after the day when the term of office of the member's predecessor ends.	6 7
Additional member's term of office	8
20. The appointment of an additional member is to be for a term of not more than 3 years decided by the council.	9 10
Failure to elect or appoint elected members	11
21.(1) If an entity permitted to elect or appoint elected members does not elect or appoint any or enough persons as elected members by a day fixed by the council by written notice given to the entity, the Minister may appoint to the council as many members of the entity as necessary to comply with section 15.2	12 13 14 15 16
(2) A person appointed under subsection (1) is taken to have been elected or appointed by the entity under section 15.	17 18
(3) This section applies to the periodic election or appointment of members and an election or appointment required because of a casual vacancy.	19 20 21
Casual vacancies	22
22. A person appointed or elected to fill a vacancy in the office of a member is appointed or elected for the balance of the term of office of the person's predecessor.	23 24 25

² Section 15 (Elected members)

Ineligibi	lity for membership of council	1
	A person is not eligible to become an elected, appointed or all member if—	2 3
(a)	the person is bankrupt or is taking advantage of the laws in force about bankruptcy; or	4 5
(b)	the person has been found guilty of an indictable offence.	6
(2) Su	bsection (1) has effect subject to sections 25 and 26.3	7
Vacation	n of office	8
24. (1) vacant if-	The office of an elected, appointed or additional member becomes	9 10
(a)	the member dies; or	11
(b)	for an elected or additional member—the member ceases to be an eligible person for the entity that elected or appointed the person; or	12 13 14
(c)	the member is absent without the council's leave and without reasonable excuse from every meeting of the council in a period of 6 months; or	15 16 17
(d)	the member becomes an official member; or	18
(e)	the member resigns from office by signed notice—	19
	(i) if the member is an appointed member—given to the Minister; or	20 21
	(ii) if the member is an elected or additional member—given to the vice-chancellor; or	22 23
(f)	the person becomes bankrupt or takes advantage of the laws in force about bankruptcy; or	24 25
(g)	the person is convicted of an indictable offence.	26
(2) Su	bsection (1) has effect subject to sections 25 and 26.	27

Sections 25 (Discretion where appointed member convicted of indictable offence) and 26 (Discretion where elected or additional member convicted of indictable offence)

to the Min	signation takes effect on the day the notice of resignation is given ister or the vice-chancellor or, if a later day of effect is stated in the later day.	1 2 3
(4) In th	is section—	4
	person" , for an entity, means a person whom the entity may elect point as a member.	5 6
Discretion	where appointed member convicted of indictable offence	7
the circum	f the Minister considers it would be reasonable, having regard to astances of the indictable offence of which a person has been the Minister may—	8 9 10
1	of the person was an appointed member when convicted—give written notice to the chancellor and the person that the person is restored as an appointed member, and may be subsequently reappointed, despite the conviction; or	11 12 13 14
` ′	otherwise—give written approval for the person to become an appointed member despite the conviction.	15 16
(2) On the	he day the chancellor receives a notice under subsection (1)(a)—	17
(a) t	he person is restored as an appointed member; and	18
	f another person has been appointed to fill the vacancy—the other person's appointment ends.	19 20
the person	person is restored as an appointed member under subsection (2), 's term of office as a member ends when it would have ended if had not been convicted of the offence.	21 22 23
Discretion offence	where elected or additional member convicted of indictable	24 25
the circum	f the council considers it would be reasonable, having regard to astances of the indictable offence of which a person has been the council may—	26 27 28
(f the person was an elected or additional member when convicted—give written notice to the person that the person is restored as an elected or additional member, and may be	29 30 31

subsequently re-elected or reappointed, despite the conviction; or	1
(b) otherwise—give written approval for the person to become an elected or additional member despite the conviction.	2 3
(2) On the day the person receives a notice under subsection (1)(a)—	4
(a) the person is restored as an elected or additional member; and	5
(b) if another person has been elected or appointed to fill the vacancy—the other person's membership of the council ends.	6 7
(3) If a person is restored as an elected or additional member under subsection (2), the person's term of office as a member ends when it would have ended if the person had not been convicted of the offence.	8 9 10
Division 4—Meetings of the council	11
Who is to preside at meetings	12
27.(1) The chancellor must preside at meetings of the council.	13
(2) However, if the chancellor and deputy chancellor are both absent from a meeting of the council or the offices are vacant, the members present must elect a member to preside at the meeting.	14 15 16
Quorum	17
28. A quorum exists at a meeting of the council if at least half its members are present.	18 19
Conduct of meetings	20
29. The council may otherwise regulate its proceedings as it considers appropriate.	21 22

PART 3—CERTAIN OFFICERS OF THE UNIVERSITY	1
Chancellor	3
30.(1) There is a chancellor of the university.	4
(2) The council must elect a chancellor whenever there is a vacancy in the office.	5
(3) The person elected need not be a member.	7
(4) The chancellor holds office for the term, not longer than 5 years, fixed by the council.	9
Deputy chancellor	10
31. (1) There is a deputy chancellor of the university.	11
(2) The council must elect a member as deputy chancellor whenever there is a vacancy in the office.	12 13
(3) The deputy chancellor holds office for the term, not longer than 3 years, fixed by the council.	14 15
(4) The deputy chancellor is to act as chancellor—	16
(a) when there is a vacancy in the office of chancellor; and	17
(b) while the chancellor is absent from the State or, for another reason, can not perform the functions of the office.	18 19
Vice-chancellor	20
32.(1) There is a vice-chancellor of the university.	21
(2) The council must appoint a vice-chancellor whenever there is a vacancy in the office.	22 23
(3) The terms of appointment are as decided by the council.	24
(4) The vice-chancellor is the chief executive officer of the university and may exercise the powers and perform the functions conferred on the vice-chancellor by this or another Act or the council.	25 26 27

	ne vice-chancellor may delegate powers of the vice-chancellor under mother Act to an appropriately qualified member of the university's	1 2 3
P	PART 4—BODIES CONNECTED WITH THE UNIVERSITY	4 5
	Division 1—Convocation	6
Establis	hment of convocation	7
33.(1)	A convocation of the university is established.	8
	he council is to decide the membership of the convocation by y statute.	9 10
(3) Th	ne council is to decide—	11
(a)	how meetings of the convocation are to be called; and	12
(b)	how the convocation is to conduct its proceedings; and	13
(c)	if and how members of the convocation are to be appointed as members of the council; and	14 15
(d)	the quorum of a meeting of the convocation; and	16
(e)	the powers and functions of the convocation.	17
	Division 2—Student association	18
Establis	hment of student association	19
34.(1) establish	The Central Queensland University Student Association is ed.	20 21
(2) Th	ne student association—	22
(a)	is a body corporate with perpetual succession; and	23

(b)	has a common seal; and	1
(c)	may sue and be sued in its corporate name.	2
Compos	ition	3
35. T	he persons who are eligible to be members of the student on are—	4 5
(a)	students; and	6
(b)	persons eligible for membership under the student association's constitution.	7 8
Role		9
36. (1) constituti	The student association has the role and powers stated in its on.	10 11
(2) Th council.	e student association also has the role and powers decided by the	12 13
(3) Ho council.	wever, the student association is not the employee or agent of the	14 15
General	powers	16
powers o	Tithout limiting section 36, the student association has all the f an individual, including, for example, the power to acquire, hold, of, and deal with, property.	17 18 19
Constitu	ntion	20
38.(1)	The student association must have a written constitution.	21
, ,	e student association's constitution, and each amendment of the on, must be submitted to the council for its approval.	22 23
(3) Th council.	e constitution or amendment has no effect until approved by the	24 25

	Division 3—Colleges	1
Establish	ment of colleges	2
39.(1) Statute.	The council may establish colleges of the university by university	3 4
	e Governor in Council must approve the establishment of the efore the council makes the university statute establishing it.	5 6
	e council may establish an advisory council for each college and membership and functions.	7 8
	the establishment of a college, property vested in or acquired by a trust for the college vests in the university on trust for the college.	9 10
	council must manage and supervise the college and property held y the university for the college.	11 12
	Division 4—Academic board	13
Establish	ment of academic board	14
40.(1)	The council may establish an academic board of the university.	15
(2) The	council must determine the membership of the academic board.	16
(3) The	academic board must—	17
` '	advise the council about teaching, scholarship and research matters concerning the university; and	18 19
` ′	formulate proposals for the academic policies of the university; and	20 21
(c)	monitor the academic activities of the university's faculties; and	22
(d)	promote and encourage scholarship and research at the university.	23

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PART 5—PROPERTY AND FINANCE 1 Division 1—Property held on trust or conditions 2 **Definition for div 1** 3 **41.** In this division— 4 "property" includes income from property and a part or residue of the 5 property. 6 Amendment of terms of trusts and gifts 7 **42.(1)** This section applies if— 8 property is held by the university on terms requiring the property 9 to be used for a particular purpose (the "donor's purpose"); and 10 the council is satisfied— 11 (i) the donor's purpose— 12 (A) has been wholly or substantially achieved; or 13 (B) no longer exists; or 14 (C) has been adequately provided for in another way; or 15 (D) is uncertain, can not be identified, or is insufficiently 16 defined: or 17 (E) becomes impossible, impractical or inexpedient to carry 18 out; or 19 (ii) the property is inadequate for the donor's purpose. 20 (2) The council may set up and maintain a scheme for the use of the 21 property for another purpose (the "designated purpose"). 22 (3) The scheme must be in writing. 23 (4) The university must without charge give a copy of the scheme to 24

anyone who asks for it.

Selection of designated purpose	1
43.(1) In selecting the designated purpose, the council must prefer a purpose that—	2 3
(a) is as nearly similar as practicable to the donor's purpose; and	4
(b) can practically and conveniently be achieved.	5
(2) However, the scheme is not invalid merely because another designated purpose may have been more properly selected under subsection (1).	6 7 8
Property to be held for designated purpose	9
44. Property to which the scheme applies is to be held by the university for the property's designated purpose instead of the donor's purpose.	10 11
Certain persons to be given notice of scheme	12
45. If the scheme applies to land, the university must, as soon as practicable after the scheme is set up, give a copy of the scheme to the registrar of titles.	13 14 15
Amendment of scheme	16
46.(1) The council may amend the scheme.	17
(2) Sections 42 to 45 apply to the amendment of a scheme as if a reference to the donor's purpose is a reference to the designated purpose of the scheme that is to be amended.	18 19 20
University's powers under other laws not limited	21
47. This division does not limit the university's powers and rights under any other law about property held on trust by the university.	22 23
University may carry out conditions of gift etc.	24
48. The university may agree to and carry out any conditions of a gift, grant, bequest or devise of property to the university.	25 26

Division 2—Dealing with State land by council	1
Application of Land Act 1994	2
49.(1) State land is held and may be disposed of under the <i>Land Act</i> 1994.	3 4
(2) However, the university may grant an interest in State land only by way of lease.	5 6
(3) Also, the lease must not be for more than 25 years.	7
Division 3—Finance	8
University is statutory body under the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1977	9 10
50. To remove any doubt, it is declared that the university is a statutory body under the <i>Financial Administration and Audit Act 1977</i> .	11 12
University is statutory body under the Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982	13 14
51.(1) Under the <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i> , the university is a statutory body.	15 16
(2) The Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982, part 2B ⁴ sets out the way in which the university's powers under this Act are affected by the Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982.	17 18 19
Trust funds	20
52. The university may establish or administer trust funds.	21

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Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982, part 2B (Powers under this Act and relationship with other Acts)

(c)

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	Central Queensland University	
Investment	t common fund	
	ne university may establish an investment common fund for the avestment of trust funds or other amounts held by it.	2
	university may add amounts to or withdraw amounts from the common fund, without incurring any liability for breach of trust.	2
investment common fu	university must periodically distribute the income of the common fund among each of the funds forming the investment nd (a "component fund") having regard to the share of each fund in the investment common fund.	6 5 9
received for used for the amount in the	ite subsection (3), if a component fund consists of an amount ruse for a stated purpose and the amount can not or will not be purpose immediately, income attributable to the share of the he investment common fund may be paid into the general funds ersity if the income is not needed immediately for the stated	10 11 12 13 14 15
(5) Also,	despite subsection (3), the university may—	16
	dd a part of the income of the investment common fund to the and's capital; or	13 18
m	se a part of the income to establish or augment another fund to take provision against capital depreciation or reduction of acome.	19 20 21
Application	n of revenue	22
	bject to the terms of a relevant trust, amounts received by the rom any source are to be applied solely to university purposes.	23 24
(2) To repurpose—	move any doubt, each of the following purposes is a university	25 26
m	nabling a student or staff member, or former student or staff nember, of the university to undertake study or research at the niversity or elsewhere;	27 28 29
(b) th	e advancement of learning generally;	30

helping a body affiliated or associated with the university.

Financia	al review	
55. (1) for the no	The council must, in each year, adopt a budget for the university ext year.	3
	framing the budget the council need not take account of amounts ed in subsection (4).	2
	e council must control its spending as nearly as possible within the the approved budget.	6
(4) Th	e council must undertake an annual review of—	8
(a)	amounts available, or expected to be available, to the university by way of bequest, donation or special grant; and	9 10
(b)	the spending of the amounts.	11
Universi	ity's financial year	12
56. Th	ne university's financial year is a calendar year.	13
	PART 6—UNIVERSITY STATUTES	14
Making	of university statutes	15
57. (1)	The council may make university statutes.	16
(2) A	university statute may only be made about the following matters—	17
(a)	the admission and enrolment of students;	18
(b)	the entitlement to degrees and other awards;	19
(c)	the disciplining of students and other persons undertaking courses at the university;	20 21
(d)	the fees to be paid—	22
	(i) for examinations; or	23
	(ii) for attendance at lectures and classes of the university; or	24
	(iii) for the use of the university's facilities:	25

the conduct of a ballot for the election of elected members;

1

2

the membership of the convocation;

(e)

(f)

(g)	the establishment of colleges;	3
(h)	the ownership and exploitation of intellectual property brought into existence by the university's staff or as a result of using the university's facilities;	4 5 6
(i)	making and notifying university rules;	7
(j)	a direction, indication or requirement for a regulatory notice.	8
_	ithout limiting subsection (2)(c), a university statute may—	9
(a)	authorise the council to impose a penalty of not more than 10 penalty units for a breach of a university statute about the disciplining of persons mentioned in subsection (2)(c); and	10 11 12
(b)	provide for its recovery and enforcement.	13
Univers	ity statute's status	14
58. A	university statute—	15
(a)	is subordinate legislation; and	16
(b)	is an exempt instrument under the Legislative Standards Act 1992.	17 18
Universi	ity statutes affecting student association	19
	A university statute affecting the student association's role or nay be made only if the council—	20 21
(a)	has given the student association a copy of the proposed statute at least 28 days before making it; and	22 23
(b)	has considered any comments given to it by the student association under subsection (2).	24 25
	e student association may give the council written comments about osed university statute within 14 days after receiving the copy.	26 27
	ne council may amend the proposed university statute to take of any of the comments.	28 29

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of any of	the council amends the proposed university statute to take account f the comments, it does not have to give the student association a he proposed statute before making it.	1 2 3
Universi	ity rules	4
60.(1)	The council may make university rules under a university statute.	5
	a university rule is inconsistent with this Act or a university statute, s invalid to the extent of the inconsistency.	6 7
(3) A 1	university rule—	8
(a)	must be notified in the way required by university statute; and	9
(b)	takes effect on the day of its notification or, if a later day or time is fixed in the rule, on the day or at the time fixed.	10 11
soon as pobtained	the day a university rule is notified under subsection (3)(a) or as practicable after that day, copies of the rule must be available to be (by purchase or otherwise) at the place, or at each of the places, the notice.	12 13 14 15
	ilure to comply with subsection (4) does not affect the validity of cation under subsection (3)(a).	16 17
	PART 7—MISCELLANEOUS	18
Forming	g and taking part in corporations	19
	The university may be a member of, form, take part in forming or a corporation whose objects include the following—	20 21
(a)	making available facilities for study, research or education;	22
(b)	providing teaching, research, development, consultancy or other services for public or private entities;	23 24
(c)	helping or engaging in the development or promotion of the university's research or the application or use of the results of the research;	25 26 27

(d)	preparing, publishing, distributing or licensing the use of literary or artistic work, audio or audiovisual material or computer software;	1 2 3
(e)	exploiting commercially a facility or resource of the university, including, for example, study, research or knowledge, or the practical application of study, research or knowledge, developed by or belonging to the university, whether alone or with someone else;	4 5 6 7 8
(f)	seeking or encouraging gifts to the university or for the university's purposes;	9 10
(g)	another object, consistent with this Act, that the council considers is appropriate in the circumstances.	11 12
which the arrangement	ne university, or a corporation managed by the university or of the university is a member, may enter into an agreement or ment with a corporation whose objects include an object mentioned etion (1) for achieving the object.	13 14 15 16
Use of fa	ncilities and staff	17
entity for	e university may enter into a contract or other arrangement with an r the use of the university's facilities and the provision of services niversity's staff.	18 19 20
Control	of traffic and conduct on university land	21
63. Sc	hedule 1 has effect.	22
Regulati	ion-making power	23
64. Th	e Governor in Council may make regulations under this Act.	24
Repeale	d Act references	25
	an Act or document, a reference to the <i>Central Queensland</i> ty Act 1989 may, if the context permits, be taken to be a reference ct.	26 27 28

PART 8—REPEAL AND TRANSITIONAL

1

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Definitions for pt 8	2
66. In this part—	3
"appointed member" means an appointed member, under the repealed Act, of the council.	4 5
"commencing day" means the day on which this part commences.	6
"continuing corporation", for a former corporation, means—	7
(a) for the university established under the repealed Act—the university established under section 4; or	8 9
(b) for the union—the student association.	10
"ex-officio member" means an ex-officio member, under the repealed Act, of the council.	11 12
"former corporation" means the university established under the repealed Act or union.	13 14
"repealed Act" means the Central Queensland University Act 1989.	15
"union" means the union established under the repealed Act.	16
Repeal	17
67. The Central Queensland University Act 1989 is repealed.	18
Continuation of university and union	19
68. (1) The university established under the repealed Act is continued as the university established under section 4.	20 21
(2) The union is continued as the student association established under section 34.	22 23
Assets and liabilities	24

69. On the commencing day—

 (a) the assets and liabilities of a former corporation continue to be the assets and liabilities of the continuing corporation for the former corporation; and 	1 2 3
(b) any property that, immediately before the commencing day, was held in trust by a former corporation continues to be held by the continuing corporation for the former corporation on the same trusts.	4 5 6 7
Contracts	8
70. Any contracts entered into by or on behalf of a former corporation and all guarantees, undertakings and securities given by or on behalf of or to a former corporation, in force immediately before the commencing day are taken to have been entered into or given by or to the continuing corporation for the former corporation and may be enforced against or by the continuing corporation accordingly.	9 10 11 12 13 14
Proceedings	15
71. A proceeding that could have been started or continued by or against a former corporation before the commencing day may be started or continued by or against the continuing corporation for the former corporation.	16 17 18 19
Offices held under repealed Act	20
72. A person holding office as the chancellor, deputy chancellor or vice-chancellor under the repealed Act immediately before the commencing day holds office until the end of the person's term of office or earlier vacating office.	21 22 23 24
Membership of council	25
73.(1) The council consists of the ex officio and appointed members holding office immediately before the commencing day.	26 27
(2) An appointed member holds office as a member of the council until	28

29

11 June 1998 or earlier vacating office.

	r subsections (1) and (2), the following provisions of the repealed any definitions relevant to the provisions, continue to have effect—	1 2
•	section 8	3
•	part 2, division 2, subdivision 1 (other than sections 19, 22 and 25 to 33). ⁵	4 5
(4) Th	is section has effect despite the repeal of the repealed Act.	6
(5) Th	is section expires on 11 June 1998.	7
Staff's r	ights and entitlements	8
	This section applies to a person who immediately before the cing day was a staff member of a former corporation.	9 10
continuir	the commencing day, the person is taken to be employed by the ag corporation for the former corporation on the same conditions the person was employed by the former corporation.	11 12 13
(3) In	addition, the person—	14
(a)	keeps all rights accrued or accruing to the person as a staff member of the former corporation; and	15 16
(b)	is entitled to receive long service, recreation and sick leave and any similar entitlements accrued or accruing to the person as a staff member of the former corporation.	17 18 19
	so, if the person is a member of the superannuation scheme under rannuation (State Public Sector) Act 1990—	20 21
(a)	the person keeps all entitlements accrued or accruing to the person as a member of the scheme; and	22 23
(b)	the person's membership of the scheme is not affected.	24
Universi	ity statutes and rules	25
75. (1)	An existing instrument (to the extent that it is consistent with this	26

26

The provisions of the repealed Act mentioned in the subsection deal with the constitution of, and disqualification from office and vacancies of members of, the council.

Act) continues in force under this Act.	1
(2) However, the instrument expires 1 year after the commencing day, unless sooner repealed.	2 3
(3) In this section—	4
"existing instrument" means a university statute or rule made under the repealed Act and in force immediately before the commencing day.	5 6
Convocation	7
76. The convocation established under the repealed Act and in existence immediately before the commencing day is taken to be the convocation established under this Act.	8 9 10
Student association's constitution	11
77. The union's constitution in force immediately before the commencing day continues in force as the student association's constitution under this Act.	12 13 14
References to university or union	15
78. A reference in an Act or document in existence immediately before the commencing day to a former corporation is a reference to the continuing corporation for the former corporation.	16 17 18
Expiry	19
79. This part (other than section 73) expires 1 year after it commences.	20

	SCHEDULE 1	1
	TRAFFIC AND CONDUCT ON NIVERSITY LAND	2
	section 63	4
PART 1—	-AUTHORISED PERSONS	5
Appointment		6
1. The vice-chancellor may, in writing, appoint a person who the		7
	d has the necessary training, or knowledge and ised person under this Act.	8 9
Limitation of authorised	person's powers	10
2.(1) The powers of an a	authorised person may be limited—	11
(a) under a condition	n of appointment; or	12
(b) by written notic person.	e of the vice-chancellor given to the authorised	13 14
(2) Notice under subseconfirmed in writing as so	ection (1)(b) may be given orally, but must be on as possible.	15 16
Terms of appointment		17
3.(1) An authorised per instrument of appointment	rson holds office on the conditions stated in the	18 19
(2) An authorised person	n—	20
	nt provides for a term of appointment—ceases to authorised person at the end of the term; and	21 22
(b) may resign by sig	gned notice given to the vice-chancellor.	23

Identity cards	1
4.(1) The vice-chancellor must issue an identity card to each authorised person.	2 3
(2) The identity card must—	4
(a) contain a recent photograph of the authorised person; and	5
(b) be in a form approved by the vice-chancellor; and	6
(c) be signed by the authorised person.	7
(3) A person who ceases to be an authorised person must, as soon as practicable, return the person's identity card to the vice-chancellor, unless the person has a reasonable excuse for not returning it.	8 9 10
Maximum penalty for subsection (3)—10 penalty units.	11
Proof of authority	12
5.(1) An authorised person may exercise a power under this Act in relation to someone else only if the authorised person—	13 14
(a) first produces his or her identity card for inspection by the other person; or	15 16
(b) has his or her identity card displayed so that it is clearly visible.	17
(2) If, for any reason, it is not practicable to comply with subsection (1), the authorised person must produce the identity card for inspection by the person at the first reasonable opportunity.	18 19 20
(3) If subsection (2) is relevant and is complied with by an authorised person, the exercise of a power in relation to someone else by the authorised person is not invalid merely because of subsection (1).	21 22 23

PART 2—TRAFFIC CONTROL

Persons authorised to control traffic on university's land	2
6.(1) An authorised person may control traffic on the university's land and, for this purpose, may give directions to persons on the land.	3
(2) A person must not fail to comply with a direction given under subsection (1), unless the person has a reasonable excuse for not complying with it.	5 6 7
Maximum penalty for subsection (2)—10 penalty units.	8
Regulatory notice	Ģ
7.(1) The university may erect or display at or near any vehicular entrance to the university's land, a notice (a " regulatory notice ") regulating the driving, parking or standing of vehicles on the land, including, for example—	10 11 12 13
(a) fixing a maximum speed limit; or	14
(b) indicating a pedestrian crossing; or	15
(c) indicating a place where the driving, parking or standing of a vehicle is restricted or prohibited.	16 17
(2) A person on the university's land must comply with a regulatory notice, unless the person has a reasonable excuse for not complying with it.	18 19
Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.	20
(3) A regulatory notice—	21
(a) must state the limits of the area to which the notice applies; and	22
(b) may state that a contravention of a requirement of the notice is an offence against the Act and the penalty for the offence.	23 24
(4) Without limiting subsection (1), the university may erect and display regulatory notices in the form of official traffic signs.	25 26

(5) Evidence that a regulatory notice was erected or displayed at a place

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mentioned in subsection (1) is evidence that the notice was erected or displayed by the university.	1 2
(6) A regulatory notice erected or displayed under this section must be easily visible to passers by.	3
Information notices	5
8.(1) This section applies if a regulatory notice does not state that a contravention of a requirement of the notice is an offence against this Act and the penalty for the offence.	6 7 8
(2) The university must erect or display at or near each vehicular entrance to the university's land to which the regulatory notice relates, and other places the vice-chancellor considers appropriate, information notices stating that a contravention of a requirement of a regulatory notice is an offence and the penalty for the offence.	9 10 11 12 13
(3) An information notice may contain any other information the vice-chancellor considers appropriate.	14 15
(4) An information notice erected or displayed under this section must be easily visible to passers by.	16 17
(5) In this section—	18
"regulatory notice" does not include an official traffic sign.	19
Removal and detention of illegally parked or abandoned vehicles	20
9.(1) An authorised person may seize, remove and hold, a vehicle that the authorised person believes on reasonable grounds—	21 22
(a) is parked in contravention of a regulatory notice; or	23
(b) is abandoned.	24
(2) The vehicle must be held at a safe place.	25
(3) An authorised person may exercise the powers given under subsection (1)(a) only if—	26 27

1

(a)	the authorised person believes on reasonable grounds that it is necessary or desirable to seize and remove the vehicle having regard to the safety and convenience of traffic on the university's land; and			
(b)	the authorised person—			
	(i) can r	not immediately locate the driver of the vehicle; or	ϵ	
	` ′	ves on reasonable grounds that the driver of the vehicle twilling or able to remove the vehicle immediately.	8	
seized, th	e universit	practicable and no later than 14 days after the vehicle is y must give to the owner of the vehicle a written notice er may recover the vehicle.		
vehicle is	(5) If the owner can not be ascertained or located within 14 days after the vehicle is seized, the notice may be given by publishing it in a newspaper circulating generally in the State.			
owner of	the vehicle	was parked in contravention of a regulatory notice, the e must pay to the university the amount demanded by it g, removing, holding and returning the vehicle.		
(7) In t	his section		18	
	includes ained in, th	a part of the vehicle and anything attached to, or evehicle.	19 20	
Disposal	of unclair	ned vehicles	21	
recover th	10.(1) This section applies if the owner of a seized vehicle does not ecover the vehicle within 2 months after notice is given to the owner under ection 9(4) or (5).			
		ing a notice in a newspaper circulating generally in the may sell the vehicle by public auction.	25 26	
(3) The	notice mu	nst—	27	
(a)	identify th	e vehicle; and	28	
(b)	state that t	he vehicle is to be sold by auction; and	29	

and (c) state now the owner may recover the vehicle before the auction;	2			
(d) state the time and place of the auction.	3			
(4) Compensation is not recoverable against the university for the sale of vehicle under this section.				
(5) In this section—	ϵ			
"vehicle" includes a part of the vehicle and anything attached to, or contained in, the vehicle.	7 8			
Application of proceeds of sale	g			
11.(1) The proceeds of the sale must be applied in the following order—	10			
(a) in payment of the reasonable expenses incurred in the sale;	11			
(b) in payment of the reasonable cost of seizing, removing and holding the vehicle;	12 13			
(c) in payment of any balance to the owner.	14			
(2) Compensation is not recoverable against the university for a payment under this section.	15 16			
PART 3—CONDUCT ON UNIVERSITY LAND	17			
Conduct causing a public nuisance	18			
12. A person must not be disorderly or create a disturbance on the university's land.	19 20			
Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	21			

Power to	deal with persons causing a public nuisance	J
13.(1)	This section applies if an authorised person—	2
(a)	finds a person contravening section 12; or	3
(b)	finds a person in circumstances that leads the authorised person to suspect on reasonable grounds that the person has just contravened section 12; or	4 5
(c)	has information that leads the authorised person to suspect on reasonable grounds that a person has just contravened section 12; or	7 8 9
(d)	reasonably believes, having regard to the way a person is behaving, that the person's presence may pose a threat to the safety of someone else on, entering or leaving the land; or	10 11 12
(e)	has information that leads the authorised person to believe, on reasonable grounds, that a person's presence may pose a threat to the safety of someone else on, entering or leaving the land; or	13 14 15
(f)	reasonably believes that a person is on the land without lawful justification or excuse.	16 17
	e authorised person may direct the person to leave the university's part of the university's land.	18 19
	person must comply with a direction given to the person under on (2), unless the person has a reasonable excuse for not complying	20 21 22
Maximur	m penalty—10 penalty units.	23

SCHEDULE 2 1 DICTIONARY 2 section 3 3 "academic board" means the academic board of the university. 4 "academic staff", of the university, means— 5 the university's teaching and research staff, other than research 6 assistants: and 7 (b) staff of the university whose instrument of appointment by the 8 council states they are members of the academic staff. 9 "additional member" means a member of the council appointed under 10 section 16. 11 "appointed member" means a member of the council appointed under 12 section 14. 13 "appropriately qualified", for a delegate for a power, includes having the 14 qualifications, experience or standing appropriate to exercise the 15 power. 16 "authorised person" means a person holding office as an authorised 17 person because of an appointment under schedule 1, section 1. 18 "chancellor" means the chancellor of the university. 19 "convocation" means the convocation of the university. 20 "college" means a college established under section 39. 21 "council" means the council of the university. 22 "deputy chancellor" means the deputy chancellor of the university. 23 "designated purpose" see section 42. 24 "donor's purpose" see section 42. 25 "elected member" means a member of the council elected or appointed 26 under section 15. 27

"general staff" , of the university, means staff of the university, other than academic staff.	1 2
"higher education award" has the meaning given by the <i>Higher Education (General Provisions) Act 1993.</i>	3 4
"land" , of the university, means land and buildings owned by or under the control of the university.	5 6
"member" means a member of the council.	7
"official member" means a person who is an official member of the council under section 13.	8 9
"official traffic sign" has the meaning given by the Traffic Act 1949.	10
"owner" , of a vehicle, includes the person registered as the owner of the vehicle under—	11 12
(a) the Transport Infrastructure (Roads) Act 1991; or	13
(b) the corresponding law of another State or a Territory.	14
"regulatory notice" see schedule 1, section 7.	15
"requirement", of a regulatory notice, includes—	16
(a) a direction on a regulatory notice; and	17
(b) a direction, indication or requirement, declared by university statute as being a requirement of the notice.	18 19
"State land" means land—	20
(a) granted in trust, or reserved and set apart for a purpose, under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> ; and	21 22
(b) vested in or placed under the control of the university.	23
"student" means a student enrolled in the university.	24
"student association" means the Central Queensland University Student Association.	25 26
"university" means the Central Queensland University.	27
"university rule" means a university rule made under section 60.	28

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

"university statute" means a university statute made under section 57.
"vehicle" has the meaning given by the Traffic Act 1949.
"vice-chancellor" means the vice-chancellor of the university.
"vice-chancellor" means the vice-chancellor of the university.

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