

Queensland



HEALTH LEGISLATION AMENDMENT ACT 1992

Act No. 66 of 1992

Queensland



HEALTH LEGISLATION AMENDMENT ACT 1992

TABLE OF PROVISIONS

Section		Page
PART 1—PRELIMINARY		
1	Short title	12
2	Commencement	12
PART 2—AMENDMENT OF CHIROPRACTORS AND OSTEOPATHS ACT 1979		
3	Amended Act	12
4	Amendment of s.4 (Meaning of terms)	12
5	Insertion of new section 4A	13
	4A Meaning of “chiropractic and osteopathy company”	13
6	Amendment of s.7 (Members of Board)	14
7	Insertion of new s.7A	14
	7A Increase in number of members	14
8	Amendment of s.11 (Meetings of Board)	15
9	Insertion of new s.25A	15
	25A Obligation on members of associations of persons	15
10	Insertion of new Part 3A	16
PART 3A—CHIROPRACTIC AND OSTEOPATHY COMPANIES		
	28A Formation of chiropractic and osteopathy companies	16
	28B Regulation of company names	16
	28C Offence by company	17
11	Amendment of s.38 (By-laws)	17
12	Insertion of new ss.40 and 41	17
	40 Savings—members of Board	17

41	Power of Board to make by-laws about fees	18
PART 3—AMENDMENT OF DENTAL ACT 1971		
13	Amended Act	18
14	Amendment of s.4 (Meaning of terms)	18
15	Amendment of s.7 (Members of Board)	18
16	Insertion of new s.7A	19
	7A Increase in number of members	19
17	Amendment of s.11 (Meetings of Board)	19
18	Amendment of s.35 (By-laws)	19
19	Insertion of new s.37A	20
	37A Power of Board to make by-laws about fees	20
PART 4—AMENDMENT OF DENTAL TECHNICIANS AND DENTAL PROSTHETISTS ACT 1991		
20	Amended Act	20
21	Amendment of s.3 (Interpretation)	20
22	Amendment of s.18 (Entitlements of members of Board and committees)	20
23	Insertion of new s.20A	21
	20A Transfer of fees	21
24	Insertion of new s.29A	21
	29A Provisional registration for purposes of examination mentioned in s.25(2) (b) (iii)	21
25	Amendment of s.53 (Appeals)	22
26	Amendment of s.58 (By-laws)	22
PART 5—AMENDMENT OF FOOD ACT 1981		
27	Amended Act	23
28	Amendment of s.5 (Interpretation)	23
29	Replacement of s.24 (Authorized officers)	24
	24 Authorised officers	24
30	Amendment of s.33 (Remedy in respect of articles seized)	25
31	Amendment of s.35 (Liability for costs and expenses of storage or destruction or other disposal of seized articles)	26
32	Insertion of new s.58	26
	58 Authorisation of certain officers	26

33	Minor amendments	27
PART 6—AMENDMENT OF HEALTH ACT 1937		
34	Amended Act	27
35	Amendment of s.5 (Interpretation)	27
36	Amendment of s.7 (Delegation of powers, etc.)	27
37	Amendment of s.64 (Private hospitals to be licensed)	27
38	Amendment of s.66 (Kinds of licences)	28
39	Insertion of new ss.71A and 71B	28
	71A Monthly reports	28
	71B Confidentiality	29
40	Amendment of s.152 (Regulations)	29
PART 7—AMENDMENT OF HEALTH RIGHTS COMMISSION ACT 1991		
41	Amended Act	30
42	Amendment of Schedule 2 (Declared Registration Boards)	30
PART 8—AMENDMENT OF HOSPITALS FOUNDATIONS ACT 1982		
43	Amended Act	30
44	Amendment of s.4 (Interpretation)	30
45	Replacement of s.25 (Interests to be disclosed)	31
	25 Disclosure of interests	31
46	Insertion of new s.25A	32
	25A Members to act honestly and with propriety	32
PART 9—AMENDMENT OF MEDICAL ACT AND OTHER ACTS (ADMINISTRATION) ACT 1966		
47	Amended Act	32
48	Omission of s.3 (Interpretation)	32
49	Amendment of s.4 (Contribution by Boards to Consolidated Revenue) ...	32
50	Amendment of s.14 (Powers of Inspectors)	34
51	Insertion of new s.17	34
	17 Regulations	34
PART 10—AMENDMENT OF OCCUPATIONAL THERAPISTS ACT 1979		
52	Amended Act	34

53	Amendment of s.4 (Meaning of terms)	34
54	Amendment of s.7 (Members of Board)	35
55	Insertion of new s.7A	35
	7A Increase in number of members	35
56	Amendment of s.11 (Meetings of Board)	36
57	Amendment of s.37 (By-laws)	36
58	Omission of s.38 (Procedural provisions re by-laws)	36
59	Insertion of new s.38	36
	38 Power of Board to make by-laws about fees	36
PART 11—AMENDMENT OF OPTOMETRISTS ACT 1974		
60	Amended Act	37
61	Amendment of s.5 (Meaning of terms)	37
62	Amendment of s.8 (Members of Board)	37
63	Insertion of new s.8A	38
	8A Increase in number of members	38
64	Amendment of s.12 (Meetings of Board)	38
65	Amendment of s.40 (By-laws)	38
66	Replacement of s.41 (Procedural provisions re by-laws)	38
	41 Savings—members of Board	39
	42 Power of Board to make by-laws about fees	39
PART 12—AMENDMENT OF PHARMACY ACT 1976		
67	Amended Act	39
68	Amendment of s.5 (Meaning of terms)	39
69	Amendment of s.8 (Members of Board)	40
70	Insertion of new s.8A	40
	8A Increase in number of members	40
71	Amendment of s.12 (Meeting of Board)	40
72	Amendment of s.40 (By-laws)	40
73	Insertion of new s.45	41
	45 Power of Board to make by-laws about fees	41
PART 13—AMENDMENT OF PHYSIOTHERAPISTS ACT 1964		
74	Amended Act	41

75	Amendment of s.4 (Meaning of terms)	41
76	Amendment of s.7 (Members of the Board)	42
77	Insertion of new s.7A	42
	7A Increase in number of members	42
78	Amendment of s.9 (Meetings of Board)	42
79	Amendment of s.31 (Regulations)	42
80	Replacement of s.32 (Publication of Proclamations and regulations)	43
	32 Power to make regulations about fees	43
PART 14—AMENDMENT OF PODIATRISTS ACT 1969		
81	Amended Act	43
82	Amendment of s.3 (Meaning of terms)	43
83	Amendment of s.6 (Members of Board)	44
84	Insertion of new s.6A	44
	6A Increase in number of members	44
85	Amendment of s.10 (Meetings of Board)	44
86	Amendment of s.31 (By-laws)	44
87	Omission of s.32 (Tabling of by-laws)	45
88	Insertion of new ss.32 and 33	45
	32 Savings—members of Board	45
	33 Power of Board to make by-laws about fees	45
PART 15—AMENDMENT OF PSYCHOLOGISTS ACT 1977		
89	Amended Act	46
90	Amendment of s.4 (Meaning of terms)	46
91	Amendment of s.7 (Members of Board)	46
92	Insertion of new s.7A	47
	7A Increase in number of members	47
93	Amendment of s.11 (Meetings of Board)	47
94	Amendment of s.18 (Qualification for registration)	47
95	Amendment of s.19 (Conditional registration)	48
96	Amendment of s.38 (By-laws)	48
97	Replacement of s.39 (Procedural provisions re by-laws)	48
	39 Savings—members of Board	49

40	Power of Board to make by-laws about fees	49
PART 16—AMENDMENT OF SPEECH THERAPISTS ACT 1979		
98	Amended Act	49
99	Amendment of s.4 (Meaning of terms)	49
100	Amendment of s.6 (Constitution of Board)	50
101	Amendment of s.7 (Members of Board)	50
102	Insertion of new s.7A	51
	7A Increase in number of members	51
103	Amendment of s.11 (Meetings of Board)	51
104	Amendment of s.37 (By-laws)	51
105	Omission of s.38 (Procedural provisions re by-laws)	52
106	Insertion of new ss. 38 and 39	52
	38 References to speech therapy etc.	52
	39 Power of Board to make by-laws about fees	53
107	Minor amendments	53
PART 17—AMENDMENT OF MEDICAL ACT 1939		
108	Amended Act	53
109	Omission of s.3 (Repeal of “The Medical Acts, 1925 to 1935”)	53
110	Amendment of s.4 (Meaning of terms)	53
111	Insertion of new ss.4A and 4B	54
	4A Meaning of “competent to practise medicine”	54
	4B Meaning of “impairment”	54
112	Omission of heading before s.5 (Regulations, Proclamations, etc.)	54
113	Omission of s.5	55
114	Amendment of s.8 (Constitution of Board; president)	55
115	Insertion of new s.8A	55
	8A Increase in number of members	55
116	Amendment of s.11 (Quorum)	55
117	Amendment of s.16 (Power to make by-laws)	56
118	Replacement of Part 4	56

PART 4—REGISTRATION

Division 1—Qualifications for registration

17	Entitlement to general registration based on qualifications and training	56
17A	Entitlement to conditional registration for interns	56
17B	Entitlement to general or conditional registration based on registration elsewhere in Australia	57
17C	Conditional registration at the discretion of the Board	57
17D	Interim registration available in certain cases	59
17E	Non-practising registration	60
17F	Conditions may be imposed in cases of impairment	60
17G	Entitlement to registration does not prevent conditions being imposed	60

Division 2—Specialists

18	Specialists	61
----	-----------------------	----

Division 3—Grounds for refusing registration

19	Registration may be refused despite entitlement or eligibility	61
19A	Applicants must be competent and of good character	61
19B	Restrictions on registration of deregistered persons	61
19C	Registration may be refused if applicant convicted of offence	62
19D	Registration may be refused if applicant deregistered on disciplinary grounds in another jurisdiction	62

Division 4—Suspension of registration for the protection of the public

20	Suspension or imposition of conditions to protect life	63
20A	Extension of suspension	63
20B	Expiration of suspension	63
20C	Effect of conditions imposed	64

Division 5—Appeals

21	Right of appeal	64
21A	Appeal to be lodged with Registrar	64
21B	Appeal from inquiry decision to be by way of rehearing	64
21C	Pending appeal does not affect Board's determination	65
21D	Determination of appeal	65

<i>Division 6—Notification to medical registration authorities</i>	
22	Notification of certain matters to other States 65
PART 4A—REGISTRATION PROCEDURES	
<i>Division 1—Applying for registration</i>	
23	Form etc. of application 66
23A	Application fee 66
23B	Evidence to accompany application 66
23C	Time within which application to be determined 66
<i>Division 2—Dealing with applications</i>	
24	Applications to be considered and determined 67
24A	Notice to applicant of decision on application 67
24B	How a person is registered 67
24C	Conditions on registration 67
<i>Division 3—Inquiries</i>	
25	Board may hold inquiry into eligibility 68
25A	Board must hold inquiry in certain cases 68
25B	Constitution of Board for inquiry 68
25C	Applicant to be notified of inquiry 68
25D	Practitioner entitled to attend 68
25E	Preliminary medical examinations of applicants for registration . . 69
25F	Decision of the Committee of Assessors in an inquiry 69
25G	Details of decision to be supplied to applicant 69
<i>Division 4—Keeping and alteration of the Register</i>	
26	Board is to keep the Register 69
26A	Additional information may be recorded in the Register 70
26B	Method of removal from the Register 70
26C	Surrender of certificates 70
26D	Making a recording in the Register—extended meaning 70
<i>Division 5—Annual registration fees</i>	
27	Annual registration fee payable 71
27A	Practitioner’s name may be removed from Register for non-payment 71
27B	Entitlement to restoration if fee paid 71

27C	Board may waive registration fee	72
27D	How registration ceases	72
<i>Division 6—The practice of medicine</i>		
28	Right to practise medicine	72
29	Medical certificates	72
PART 4B—REMOVAL FROM AND ALTERATION OF THE REGISTER		
<i>Division 1—General powers to remove from or alter the Register</i>		
30	Removal of person wrongfully registered	73
30A	Amendment of incorrect particulars concerning qualifications	73
30B	Removal on death or at own request	73
30C	Removal or amendment under disciplinary order	74
30D	Board may hold inquiry into eligibility	74
30E	Constitution of Board for inquiry	74
30F	Medical practitioner to be notified of inquiry	74
30G	Medical practitioner entitled to attend	74
30H	Preliminary medical examination of medical practitioner	75
30I	Decision of the Committee of Assessors in an inquiry	75
30J	Details of decision to be supplied to medical practitioner	75
30K	Removal or imposition of conditions relating to competence to practise	75
30L	Medical practitioner to be notified of action	75
30M	Appeal	76
<i>Division 2—Powers resulting from action under foreign law</i>		
31	Meaning of “foreign law”	76
31A	Deregistration on basis of disciplinary action under foreign law	76
31B	Imposition of conditions imposed under foreign law	77
31C	Medical practitioner to be notified of action	77
31D	Appeal	77
<i>Division 3—Review of suspension, deregistration or conditions</i>		
32	Right of review	78
32A	The appropriate review body	78
32B	Powers on review	79

119	Insertion of new Parts 12 and 13	79
	PART 12—MISCELLANEOUS	
86	Regulations	79
	PART 13—SAVINGS AND TRANSITIONALS	
87	Power of Board to make by-laws about fees	80
88	Registration as medical practitioner	80
89	Meaning of “foreign medical practitioner”	80
90	Grounds for deregistration	80
91	Board’s duty to deregister practitioners liable to deregistration . . .	81
92	Special provision for practitioners removed for non-payment of fees	81
93	Registration with conditions	82
94	Consideration in respect of certain criteria	82
95	Regulations in force under previous section 5	82
120	Omission of Schedule (First Schedule)	83
	SCHEDULE 1	84
	MINOR AMENDMENTS TO THE FOOD ACT 1981	
	SCHEDULE 2	85
	MINOR AMENDMENTS TO THE SPEECH THERAPISTS ACT 1979	

Queensland



Health Legislation Amendment Act 1992

Act No. 66 of 1992

An Act to amend certain Acts administered by the Minister for Health

[Assented to 7 December 1992]

BE IT ENACTED by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of Queensland in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows.

PART 1—PRELIMINARY

Short title

1. This Act may be cited as the *Health Legislation Amendment Act 1992*.

Commencement

2. This Act commences on a day to be fixed by proclamation.

PART 2—AMENDMENT OF CHIROPRACTORS AND OSTEOPATHS ACT 1979

Amended Act

3. The *Chiropractors and Osteopaths Act 1979* is amended as set out in this Part.

Amendment of s.4 (Meaning of terms)

4.(1) Section 4 (heading)—

omit, insert—

'Definitions'.

(2) Section 4 (definitions "chiropractic and osteopathy" and "Minister")—

omit.

(3) Section 4—

insert—

‘ **“association of persons”** means an association of persons, whether or not incorporated;

“chiropractic and osteopathy” means the manipulation, mobilisation and management of the neuromusculoskeletal system of the human body;

“chiropractic and osteopathy company” has the meaning given by section 4A;

“fee” includes tax;’.

Insertion of new section 4A

5. After section 4—

insert—

‘Meaning of “chiropractic and osteopathy company”

‘4A. In this Act—

“chiropractic and osteopathy company” means a company incorporated in Queensland under the Corporations Law—

- (a) that is authorised by its memorandum and articles of association to engage in chiropractic and osteopathy; and
- (b) the memorandum and articles of which provide that—
 - (i) the company must not carry on the practice of chiropractic and osteopathy if less than half of its directors are chiropractors and osteopaths; and
 - (ii) at least—
 - (A) half of the shares included in all classes of shares that entitle the holder to vote at a meeting of the company; and
 - (B) half of the shares in each class specified in sub-subparagraph (A);

must be held by the following persons—

- (C) a chiropractor and osteopath;
 - (D) a spouse, child or grandchild of a chiropractor and osteopath;
 - (E) an executor or administrator of the estate of, or trustee of a trust for the benefit of, a person specified in sub-subparagraph (C) or (D); and
- (c) that engages in chiropractic and osteopathy through a chiropractor and osteopath.’.

Amendment of s.7 (Members of Board)

6.(1) Section 7(1)—

omit ‘seven’, insert ‘9’.

(2) Section 7(1)(a)—

*omit ‘one shall be a chiropractor and osteopath’,
insert ‘2 must be chiropractors and osteopaths’.*

(3) After section 7(1)(b)—

insert—

‘; and

- (c) 1 person representing users of the services of chiropractors and osteopaths; and
- (d) a barrister or solicitor of the Supreme Court.’.

Insertion of new s.7A

7. After section 7—

insert—

‘Increase in number of members

7A. If the number of members required to constitute the Board is increased, a vacancy is taken to exist in the office of a member or members to the number of the increase and—

- (a) each vacancy may be filled under section 10; and
- (b) the Governor in Council may nominate the term of appointment of the person appointed to fill each vacancy.’.

Amendment of s.11 (Meetings of Board)

8. Section 11(2)—

omit ‘four’, insert ‘5’.

Insertion of new s.25A

9. After section 25—

insert—

‘Obligation on members of associations of persons

‘25A.(1) Each member of an association of persons engaged in the practice of chiropractic and osteopathy must ensure that appropriate procedures are in place to ensure that a person who is an agent, employee or member of the association does not engage in discreditable conduct in the course of the person’s agency, employment or membership.

Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.

‘(2) In this section—

“engage in discreditable conduct” means to do or omit to do an act that, if the act had been done or omitted to be done by a chiropractor and osteopath, the chiropractor and osteopath would have been liable to be disciplined under this Act for conduct discreditable to a chiropractor and osteopath in the practice of the profession;

“member”, in relation to an association of persons, means—

- (a) in the case of an incorporated association—a member of the association’s governing body, by whatever name called; and
- (b) in the case of an unincorporated association—a member of the association.’.

Insertion of new Part 3A

10. After Part 3—

insert—

‘PART 3A—CHIROPRACTIC AND OSTEOPATHY COMPANIES

‘Formation of chiropractic and osteopathy companies

‘28A. Nothing in this Act prohibits the formation of a chiropractic and osteopathy company or the practice of chiropractic and osteopathy in the company’s name.

‘Regulation of company names

‘28B.(1) A chiropractic and osteopathy company must not practise chiropractic and osteopathy except under an approved name.

‘(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a chiropractic and osteopathy company incorporated at the commencement of this section for 6 months beginning on that commencement.

‘(3) A—

- (a) chiropractic and osteopathy company that has been given a notice under subsection (7); or
- (b) a chiropractor and osteopath who proposes to establish or join in establishing a chiropractic and osteopathy company;

must submit a list of proposed company names to the Board.

‘(4) The list must contain the number of names specified by the Board.

‘(5) The Board must consider the names on the list and must either—

- (a) select 1 or more names acceptable to the Board as approved names; or
- (b) reject the names as unacceptable.

‘(6) The Board must promptly give written notice to the company or the chiropractor and osteopath, as the case may be, of—

- (a) the Board's decision; and
- (b) if the Board has rejected the names—the reasons for the decision.

‘(7) The Board may give written notice to a chiropractic and osteopathy company requiring it to alter its name to an approved name within a reasonable time specified by the Board.

‘(8) In this section—

“**approved name**” means a name that—

- (a) is approved by the Board; and
- (b) is approved by any other person or authority that, under any other law, is required to approve the name of a company.

‘Offence by company

‘**28C.** A company must not engage in chiropractic and osteopathy unless it is a chiropractic and osteopathy company.’.

Amendment of s.38 (By-laws)

11. Section 38(g)—

omit, insert—

- ‘(g) the purposes for which fees are payable under this Act, the amounts of fees, the persons who are liable to pay fees, when fees are payable, the waiver of fees and the recovery of unpaid amounts of fees;
- (ga) the allowances payable under this Act and the purposes for which they are payable;’.

Insertion of new ss.40 and 41

12. After section 39—

insert—

‘Savings—members of Board

‘**40.** Despite section 6(2) of the *Health Legislation Amendment Act 1992*

(the “**amending section**”), a member of the Board mentioned in section 7(1)(a), as in force before the commencement of the amending section, continues in office for the remainder of the term of the member’s appointment, but any subsequent vacancy in the member’s office that is filled under section 10 must be filled having regard to section 7(1)(a) as in force after the commencement of the amending section.

‘Power of Board to make by-laws about fees

‘**41.** For the removal of doubt, it is declared that the Board has always had power to make by-laws in respect of the matters specified in section 38(g).’.

PART 3—AMENDMENT OF DENTAL ACT 1971

Amended Act

13. The *Dental Act 1971* is amended as set out in this Part.

Amendment of s.4 (Meaning of terms)

14.(1) Section 4(1) (definition “**Minister**”)—

omit.

(2) Section 4(1)—

insert—

‘**“fee”** includes tax;’.

Amendment of s.7 (Members of Board)

15.(1) Section 7(1)—

omit ‘seven’, insert ‘9’.

(2) After section 7(2)(b)—

insert—

‘; and

(c) 1 person representing users of the services of dentists; and

(d) a barrister or solicitor of the Supreme Court.’.

Insertion of new s.7A

16. After section 7—

insert—

‘Increase in number of members

‘7A. If the number of members required to constitute the Board is increased, a vacancy is taken to exist in the office of a member or members to the number of the increase and—

(a) each vacancy may be filled under section 10; and

(b) the Governor in Council may nominate the term of appointment of the person appointed to fill each vacancy.’.

Amendment of s.11 (Meetings of Board)

17. Section 11(2)—

omit ‘four’, insert ‘5’.

Amendment of s.35 (By-laws)

18. Section 35(h)—

omit, insert—

‘(h) the purposes for which fees are payable under this Act, the amounts of fees, the persons who are liable to pay fees, when fees are payable, the waiver of fees and the recovery of unpaid amounts of fees;

(ha) the allowances payable under this Act and the purposes for which they are payable;’.

Insertion of new s.37A

19. After section 37—

insert—

‘Power of Board to make by-laws about fees

‘37A. For the removal of doubt, it is declared that the Board has always had power to make by-laws in respect of the matters specified in section 35(h).’.

**PART 4—AMENDMENT OF DENTAL TECHNICIANS
AND DENTAL PROSTHETISTS ACT 1991****Amended Act**

20. The *Dental Technicians and Dental Prosthetists Act 1991* is amended as set out in this Part.

Amendment of s.3 (Interpretation)

21. Section 3(1)—

insert—

‘**“fee”** includes tax;’.

Amendment of s.18 (Entitlements of members of Board and committees)

22.(1) Section 18(1)—

omit, insert—

‘18.(1) Members of—

- (a) the Board; or
- (b) an advisory committee appointed by the Board; or
- (c) a committee mentioned in section 25(2)(b)(iii);

are to be paid such fees and allowances as are approved by the Governor in Council.’.

(2) Section 18(2)—

omit ‘an advisory committee’,

insert ‘a committee mentioned in subsection (1)’.

Insertion of new s.20A

23. After section 20—

insert—

‘Transfer of fees

‘20A.(1) All registration fees paid by or on behalf of dental technicians and dental prosthetists that, immediately before the commencement of this section, are held by or vested in the Dental Board of Queensland (the “**Dental Board**”) are, on that commencement, divested from the Dental Board and vested in the Board.

‘(2) The Dental Board must take all necessary action to pay the fees to the Board.’.

Insertion of new s.29A

24. After section 29—

insert—

‘Provisional registration for purposes of examination mentioned in s.25(2) (b) (iii)

‘29A. (1) An applicant for registration as a dental prosthetist may provide a dental prosthetic service for the purpose of completing that part of an examination mentioned in section 25(2)(b)(iii) that involves the provision of the service and, for that purpose only, the applicant is taken to be provisionally registered as a dental prosthetist.

‘(2) A person not registered as a dental prosthetist, who is appointed by a committee mentioned in section 25(2)(b)(iii) to conduct an examination mentioned in the provision, may provide a dental prosthetic service for the purpose of conducting the examination and, for that purpose only, is taken

to be provisionally registered as a dental prosthetist.’.

Amendment of s.53 (Appeals)

25. After section 53(1)—

insert—

‘**(1A)** The Judge may—

- (a) if the appeal is made under subsection (1)(a)—
 - (i) allow the appeal and order the Board to register the person as a dental technician or a dental prosthetist; or
 - (ii) dismiss the appeal; or
- (b) if the appeal is made under subsection (1)(b)—
 - (i) allow the appeal; or
 - (ii) allow the appeal and make any other order that the Board may make under section 49(1); or
 - (iii) dismiss the appeal; or
- (c) if the appeal is made under subsection (1)(c)—
 - (i) allow the appeal and order the Board to restore the person’s name and other particulars to the register or terminate the suspension, as the case may be; or
 - (ii) dismiss the appeal.’.

Amendment of s.58 (By-laws)

26.(1) Section 58(2)(f)—

omit, insert—

- ‘(f) the purposes for which fees are payable under this Act, the amounts of fees, the persons who are liable to pay fees, when fees are payable, the waiver of fees and the recovery of unpaid amounts of fees;
- ‘(fa) the allowances payable under this Act and the purposes for which they are payable;’.

(2) Section 58(4)—
omit.

PART 5—AMENDMENT OF FOOD ACT 1981

Amended Act

27. The *Food Act 1981* is amended as set out in this Part.

Amendment of s.5 (Interpretation)

28.(1) Section 5(1)—
insert—

‘ **“Chief Health Officer”** means the Chief Health Officer of the department;

“Regional Health Authority” has the same meaning as in the *Health Services Act 1991*;’.

(2) Section 5(1) (definition **“article”**, paragraph (e))—
omit ‘any thing’,
insert ‘anything, including a food vehicle,’.

(3) Section 5(1) (definition **“authorized officer”**)—
omit, insert—

‘ **“authorised officer”** means a person—

- (a) appointed by section 24(1); or
- (b) authorised under section 24(2) to exercise the powers of an authorised officer;’.

(4) Section 5(1) (definition **“Local Authority”**)—
omit.

Replacement of s.24 (Authorized officers)

29. Section 24—

omit, insert—

‘Authorised officers

‘24.(1) An inspector or medical officer of health under the *Health Act 1937* is an authorised officer.

‘(2) The Chief Health Officer may authorise any of the following to exercise the powers of an authorised officer—

- (a) an officer of the department; or
- (b) an officer of a Regional Health Authority nominated by the Authority; or
- (c) an officer of a local authority nominated by the authority.

‘(3) An authorisation under subsection (2)—

- (a) must be in writing; and
- (b) may be of general application or be limited to a particular purpose; and
- (c) may be revoked at any time by the Chief Health Officer.

‘(4) Each authorised officer must be issued with an identity card containing a recent photograph of the officer.

‘(5) The identity card must be issued by—

- (a) if the authorised officer is an officer of the department—the Chief Health Officer; and
- (b) if the authorised officer is an officer of a Regional Health Authority—the Regional Health Authority; and
- (c) if the authorised officer is an officer of a local authority—the local authority.

‘(6) An authorised officer exercising powers under this Act in relation to another person must produce the authorised officer’s identity card on demand by the other person.’.

Amendment of s.33 (Remedy in respect of articles seized)

30.(1) Section 33(1)—

omit ‘3’, *insert* ‘the prescribed number of’.

(2) After section 33(1)—

insert—

‘(1A) In subsection (1)—

“prescribed number” of days means, in the case of an article that is—

- (a) food—3; or
- (b) an appliance—14; or
- (c) a package—3; or
- (d) material used in packing food—14; or
- (e) the whole or a part of anything, including a food vehicle, used for or in connection with the sale or conveyance for sale of food—14; or
- (f) labelling or advertising material used, or capable of being used, in connection with the sale of food—14.’.

(3) Section 33(5)—

omit, insert—

‘(5) If an application—

- (a) is refused—then on the refusal; or
- (b) is not made under subsection (1)—then when the period in which the application could have been made under the subsection ends;

the seized article becomes—

- (c) if it was seized by an authorised officer who is an officer of the department—the property of the State; or
- (d) if it was seized by an authorised officer who is an officer of a Regional Health Authority—the property of the Regional Health Authority; or
- (e) if it was seized by an authorised officer who is an officer of a local authority—the property of the local authority.

‘(6) A seized article that becomes the property of the State may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of by the Chief Health Officer.

‘(7) A seized article that becomes the property of a Regional Health Authority or local authority may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of by the Regional Health Authority or local authority.’.

Amendment of s.35 (Liability for costs and expenses of storage or destruction or other disposal of seized articles)

31.(1) Section 35 (paragraph (b), 1st occurring)—

omit ‘33(5)’, *insert* ‘33(6) or (7)’.

(2) Section 35 (after paragraph (a), 2nd occurring)—

insert—

‘(aa) in the case of costs and expenses incurred by or on behalf of a Regional Health Authority—as a debt due and owing to the Regional Health Authority; or’.

(3) Section 35 (paragraph (b), 2nd occurring)—

omit ‘Department of Health, as a debt due and owing to Her Majesty’,

insert ‘department, as a debt due and owing to the State’.

Insertion of new s.58

32. After section 57—

insert—

‘Authorisation of certain officers

‘**58.(1)** To remove any doubt, it is declared that section 24(1) (as in force before the commencement of section 29 of the *Health Legislation Amendment Act 1992*) was not limited by section 24(2) or (3) as so in force.

‘**(2)** An authorisation in force under section 24(2) immediately before the commencement of section 29 of the *Health Legislation Amendment Act 1992* is, from that commencement, taken to be an authorisation under section 24(2) as in force after that commencement.’.

Minor amendments

33.(1) The *Food Act 1981* is further amended as specified in Schedule 1.

(2) In Schedule 1, each provision of the Act specified in column 1 is amended by omitting the expression (the “**relevant expression**”) opposite the provision in column 2 and inserting the expression opposite the relevant expression in column 3.

PART 6—AMENDMENT OF HEALTH ACT 1937

Amended Act

34. The *Health Act 1937* is amended as set out in this Part.

Amendment of s.5 (Interpretation)

35.(1) Section 5—

insert—

‘ **“Chief Health Officer”** means the Chief Health Officer of the department;

“day hospital” means a hospital that provides prescribed surgical or medical treatment by a medical specialist, within the meaning of the *Medical Act 1939*, that does not require overnight hospitalisation;’.

(2) Section 5 (definition “**Local Authority**”)—

omit.

Amendment of s.7 (Delegation of powers, etc.)

36. Section 7(4)—

omit ‘duly qualified’.

Amendment of s.64 (Private hospitals to be licensed)

37. After section 64(d)—

insert—

‘; or

(e) a day hospital.’.

Amendment of s.66 (Kinds of licences)

38.(1) Section 66—

omit ‘four’, *insert* ‘5’.

(2) Section 66 (after paragraph (d), 1st occurring)—

insert—

‘;

(e) a day hospital.’.

(3) Section 66 (after ‘licence for a general private hospital’, twice occurring)—

insert—

‘or a day hospital’.

(4) Section 66 (after ‘combined general private’)—

insert—

‘and maternity hospital or combined day’.

Insertion of new ss.71A and 71B

39. After section 71—

insert—

‘Monthly reports

‘71A.(1) The licensee of a private hospital must, for each month, give the Chief Health Officer 2 reports, in the forms approved by the Chief Health Officer, stating for the month—

- (a) in the case of one report—the details indicated in the approved form in relation to each patient whose stay in the hospital was terminated; and

- (b) in the case of the other report—a summary, in statistical form, of details of admissions, separations, patient type and occupied bed days.

‘(2) The reports must reach the Chief Health Officer by the end of the month following the month for which they are required to be given.

Maximum penalty—4 penalty units.

‘Confidentiality

‘71B.(1) A person must not record, disclose or use confidential information gained by the person through involvement in the administration of this Division unless the person does so—

- (a) for the purposes of this Act; or
 (b) when expressly authorised under an Act.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

‘(2) The Chief Health Officer may disclose confidential information mentioned in subsection (1)—

- (a) to a person if the information is in a statistical or similar form that does not disclose the identity of a patient; or
 (b) to—
 (i) a person conducting scientific research and study; or
 (ii) an official of any State or Territory or the Commonwealth; who has, in the opinion of the Chief Health Officer, a legitimate interest in the information.

‘(3) In this section—

“**confidential information**” includes the name, address, place of employment or any other particular likely to lead to the identification of a patient.’.

Amendment of s.152 (Regulations)

40. Section 152(1)(xxviii)—

omit, insert—

“(xxviii) creating offences and prescribing penalties of not more than 80 penalty units for the offences; and”.

PART 7—AMENDMENT OF HEALTH RIGHTS COMMISSION ACT 1991

Amended Act

41. The *Health Rights Commission Act 1991* is amended as set out in this Part.

Amendment of Schedule 2 (Declared Registration Boards)

42. Schedule 2 (item 12)—
omit ‘Therapists’, *insert* ‘Pathologists’.

PART 8—AMENDMENT OF HOSPITALS FOUNDATIONS ACT 1982

Amended Act

43. The *Hospitals Foundations Act 1982* is amended as set out in this Part.

Amendment of s.4 (Interpretation)

44.(1) Section 4 (heading)—
omit, insert—

‘Definitions’.

(2) Section 4 (definition “**Minister**”)—

omit.

Replacement of s.25 (Interests to be disclosed)

45. Section 25—

omit, insert—

‘Disclosure of interests

‘25.(1) If—

- (a) a member of a body corporate has a personal interest, or a direct or indirect pecuniary interest, in a matter being considered, or about to be considered, by the body corporate; and
- (b) the interest could conflict with the proper performance of the member’s duties in relation to consideration of the matter;

the member must, as soon as practicable after the relevant facts come to the member’s knowledge, disclose the nature of the interest to a meeting of the body corporate.

‘(2) A disclosure under subsection (1) must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting and, unless the body corporate otherwise determines, the member must not—

- (a) be present during any deliberation of the body corporate in relation to the matter; or
- (b) take part in any decision of the body corporate in relation to the matter.

‘(3) For the purpose of the making of a determination by the body corporate under subsection (2) in relation to the member, the member or another member who has a personal interest, or a direct or indirect pecuniary interest, in the matter to which the disclosure relates must not—

- (a) be present during any deliberation of the body corporate for the purpose of making the determination; or
- (b) take part in the making by the body corporate of the determination.’.

Insertion of new s.25A

46. After section 25—

insert—

‘Members to act honestly and with propriety

‘25A.(1) A member of a body corporate must at all times act honestly in the exercise of the member’s powers and the discharge of the member’s functions under this Act.

‘(2) A member of a body corporate must not make improper use of—

(a) the office of member; or

(b) information acquired by virtue of holding that office;

to gain, directly or indirectly, an advantage for the member or another person or to cause detriment to the body corporate.’.

**PART 9—AMENDMENT OF MEDICAL ACT AND
OTHER ACTS (ADMINISTRATION) ACT 1966****Amended Act**

47. The *Medical Act and Other Acts (Administration) Act 1966* is amended as set out in this Part.

Omission of s.3 (Interpretation)

48. Section 3—

omit.

**Amendment of s.4 (Contribution by Boards to Consolidated
Revenue)**

49.(1) Section 4 (heading)—

omit, insert—

‘Contributions by Boards to Consolidated Fund’.

(2) Section 4 (1st sentence)—

omit ‘Consolidated Revenue’ (wherever occurring),
insert ‘Consolidated Fund’.

(3) Section 4 (1st sentence)—

omit ‘Order in Council published in the Gazette’,
insert ‘regulation’.

(4) Section 4 (1st sentence)—

omit—

‘The Speech Therapists Board of Queensland constituted under the *Speech Therapists Act 1979*’;

insert—

‘The Speech Pathologists Board constituted under the *Speech Pathologists Act 1979*’.

(5) Section 4 (1st sentence)—

omit ‘Dental Prosthetists Registration Board’,
insert ‘Dental Prosthetists Board’.

(6) Section 4 (1st sentence)—

renumber as subsection (1).

(7) Section 4 (2nd sentence)—

omit.

(8) Section 4 (3rd sentence)—

omit ‘Under Secretary, Department of Health’,
insert ‘chief executive of the department’.

(9) Section 4 (3rd sentence)—

omit ‘Consolidated Revenue’,
insert ‘Consolidated Fund’.

(10) Section 4 (3rd sentence)—

renumber as subsection (2).

(11) After section 4(2)—

insert—

‘**(3)** An order in council in force under this section immediately before the commencement of this subsection continues to have effect after the commencement, and may be repealed or amended, as if it were a regulation.’.

Amendment of s.14 (Powers of Inspectors)

50. Section 14(1)(i)—

omit ‘Speech Therapy’, *insert* ‘Speech Pathology’.

Insertion of new s.17

51. After section 16—

insert—

‘Regulations

‘**17.** The Governor in Council may make regulations for the purposes of this Act.’.

PART 10—AMENDMENT OF OCCUPATIONAL THERAPISTS ACT 1979

Amended Act

52. The *Occupational Therapists Act 1979* is amended as set out in this Part.

Amendment of s.4 (Meaning of terms)

53.(1) Section 4 (heading)—

omit, insert—

‘Definitions’.

(2) Section 4—

insert—

‘**“fee”** includes tax;’.

(3) Section 4 (definition **“Minister”**)—

omit.

Amendment of s.7 (Members of Board)

54.(1) Section 7(1)—

omit ‘seven’, insert ‘9’.

(2) After section 7(1)(b)—

insert—

‘; and

(c) 1 person representing users of the services of occupational therapists; and

(d) a barrister or solicitor of the Supreme Court.’.

Insertion of new s.7A

55. After section 7—

insert—

‘Increase in number of members

‘7A. If the number of members required to constitute the Board is increased, a vacancy is taken to exist in the office of a member or members to the number of the increase and—

(a) each vacancy may be filled under section 10; and

(b) the Governor in Council may nominate the term of appointment of the person appointed to fill each vacancy.’.

Amendment of s.11 (Meetings of Board)

56.(1) Section 11(2)—

omit ‘four’, insert ‘5’.

(2) Section 11(2) (3rd sentence)—

omit ‘he shall be taken to have cast is’,

insert ‘the member is taken to have cast the member’s’.

Amendment of s.37 (By-laws)

57. Section 37(g)—

omit, insert—

‘(g) the purposes for which fees are payable under this Act, the amounts of fees, the persons who are liable to pay fees, when fees are payable, the waiver of fees and the recovery of unpaid amounts of fees;

(ga) the allowances payable under this Act and the purposes for which they are payable;’.

Omission of s.38 (Procedural provisions re by-laws)

58. Section 38—

omit.

Insertion of new s.38

59. After section 37—

insert—

‘Power of Board to make by-laws about fees

‘38. For the removal of doubt, it is declared that the Board has always had power to make by-laws in respect of the matters specified in section 37(g).’.

PART 11—AMENDMENT OF OPTOMETRISTS ACT 1974

Amended Act

60. The *Optometrists Act 1974* is amended as set out in this Part.

Amendment of s.5 (Meaning of terms)

61.(1) Section 5 (heading)—

omit, insert—

‘Definitions’.

(2) Section 5—

insert—

‘**“fee”** includes tax;’.

(3) Section 5 (definition **“Minister”**)—

omit.

Amendment of s.8 (Members of Board)

62.(1) Section 8(1)—

omit ‘seven’, insert ‘9’.

(2) Section 8(1)(a) (after ‘Minister’)—

insert—

‘of whom at least 2 are to be optometrists’.

(3) After section 8(1)(b)—

insert—

‘; and

(c) 1 person representing users of the services of optometrists; and

(d) a barrister or solicitor of the Supreme Court.’.

Insertion of new s.8A

63. After section 8—

insert—

‘Increase in number of members

‘8A. If the number of members required to constitute the Board is increased, a vacancy is taken to exist in the office of a member or members to the number of the increase and—

- (a) each vacancy may be filled under section 11; and
- (b) the Governor in Council may nominate the term of appointment of the person appointed to fill each vacancy.’.

Amendment of s.12 (Meetings of Board)

64. Section 12(2)—

omit ‘four’, insert ‘5’.

Amendment of s.40 (By-laws)

65. Section 40(1)(h)—

omit, insert—

- ‘(h) the matters in respect of which fees are payable for the purposes of this Act, the amounts of fees, the persons who are liable to pay fees, when fees are payable, the waiver of fees and the recovery of unpaid amounts of fees;
- (ha) the allowances payable under this Act and the purposes for which they are payable;’.

Replacement of s.41 (Procedural provisions re by-laws)

66. Section 41—

omit, insert—

‘Savings—members of Board

‘41. Despite section 62(2) of the *Health Legislation Amendment Act 1992* (the “**amending section**”), a member of the Board mentioned in section 8(1)(a), as in force before the commencement of the amending section, continues in office for the remainder of the term of the member’s appointment, but any subsequent vacancy in the member’s office that is filled under section 11 must be filled having regard to section 8(1)(a) as in force after the commencement of the amending section.

‘Power of Board to make by-laws about fees

‘42. For the removal of doubt, it is declared that the Board has always had power to make by-laws with respect to the matters specified in section 40(1)(h).’.

PART 12—AMENDMENT OF PHARMACY ACT 1976**Amended Act**

67. The *Pharmacy Act 1976* is amended as set out in this Part.

Amendment of s.5 (Meaning of terms)

68.(1) Section 5 (heading)—

omit, insert—

‘Definitions’.

(2) Section 5—

insert—

‘“fee” includes tax;’.

(3) Section 5 (definition “**Minister**”)—

omit.

Amendment of s.8 (Members of Board)

69.(1) Section 8(1)—

omit ‘seven’, insert ‘9’.

(2) After section 8(1)(b)—

insert—

‘; and

(c) 1 person representing users of the services of pharmacists; and

(d) a barrister or solicitor of the Supreme Court.’.

Insertion of new s.8A

70. After section 8—

insert—

‘Increase in number of members

‘8A. If the number of members required to constitute the Board is increased, a vacancy is taken to exist in the office of a member or members to the number of the increase and—

(a) each vacancy may be filled under section 11; and

(b) the Governor in Council may nominate the term of appointment of the person appointed to fill each vacancy.’.

Amendment of s.12 (Meeting of Board)

71. Section 12(2)—

omit ‘four’, insert ‘5’.

Amendment of s.40 (By-laws)

72. Section 40(1)(h)—

omit, insert—

‘(h) the matters in respect of which fees are payable for the purposes of this Act, the amounts of fees, the persons who are liable to pay

fees, when fees are payable, the waiver of fees and the recovery of unpaid amounts of fees;

- (ha) the allowances payable under this Act and the purposes for which they are payable;’.

Insertion of new s.45

73. After section 44—

insert—

‘Power of Board to make by-laws about fees

‘45. For the removal of doubt, it is declared that the Board has always had power to make by-laws with respect to the matters specified in section 40(1)(h).’.

PART 13—AMENDMENT OF PHYSIOTHERAPISTS ACT 1964

Amended Act

74. The *Physiotherapists Act 1964* is amended as set out in this Part.

Amendment of s.4 (Meaning of terms)

75.(1) Section 4 (heading)—

omit, insert—

‘Definitions’.

(2) Section 4—

insert—

‘“fee” includes tax;’.

(3) Section 4 (definitions **“Minister”** and **“Part”**)—

omit.

Amendment of s.7 (Members of the Board)

76.(1) Section 7(1)—

omit ‘seven’, *insert* ‘9’.

(2) After section 7(1)(b)—

insert—

‘; and

(c) 1 person representing users of the services of physiotherapists;
and

(d) a barrister or solicitor of the Supreme Court.’.

Insertion of new s.7A

77.(1) After section 7—

insert—

‘Increase in number of members

‘7A. If the number of members required to constitute the Board is increased, a vacancy is taken to exist in the office of a member or members to the number of the increase and—

(a) each vacancy may be filled under section 7(4); and

(b) the Governor in Council may nominate the term of appointment of the person appointed to fill each vacancy.’.

Amendment of s.9 (Meetings of Board)

78. Section 9(2)—

omit ‘Four’, *insert* ‘Five’.

Amendment of s.31 (Regulations)

79. Section 31(1)(iv) and (v)—

omit, insert—

‘(iv) the fees payable for the purposes of this Act, the amounts of fees, the persons who are liable to pay fees, when fees are payable, the waiver of fees and the recovery of unpaid amounts of fees;’.

Replacement of s.32 (Publication of Proclamations and regulations)

80. Section 32—

omit, insert—

‘Power to make regulations about fees

‘**32.** For the removal of doubt, it is declared that the Governor in Council has always had power to make regulations in respect of the matters specified in section 31(1)(iv).’.

PART 14—AMENDMENT OF PODIATRISTS ACT 1969

Amended Act

81. The *Podiatrists Act 1969* is amended as set out in this Part.

Amendment of s.3 (Meaning of terms)

82.(1) Section 3 (heading)—

omit, insert—

‘Definitions’.

(2) Section 3—

insert—

‘**“fee”** includes tax;’.

(3) Section 3 (definition **“Minister”**)—

omit.

Amendment of s.6 (Members of Board)

83.(1) Section 6(1)—

omit ‘seven’, insert ‘9’.

(2) Section 6(1)(a)—

omit, insert—

‘(a) 4 persons of whom at least 2 are podiatrists; and’.

(3) After section 6(1)(b)—

insert—

‘; and

(c) 1 person representing users of the services of podiatrists; and

(d) a barrister or solicitor of the Supreme Court.’.

Insertion of new s.6A

84. After section 6—

insert—

‘Increase in number of members

‘6A. If the number of members required to constitute the Board is increased, a vacancy is taken to exist in the office of a member or members to the number of the increase and—

(a) each vacancy may be filled under section 9; and

(b) the Governor in Council may nominate the term of appointment of the person appointed to fill each vacancy.’.

Amendment of s.10 (Meetings of Board)

85. Section 10(2)—

omit ‘four’, insert ‘5’.

Amendment of s.31 (By-laws)

86. Section 31(g)—

omit, insert—

‘(g) the purposes for which fees are payable under this Act, the amounts of fees, the persons who are liable to pay fees, when fees are payable, the waiver of fees and the recovery of unpaid amounts of fees;’.

Omission of s.32 (Tabling of by-laws)

87. Section 32—

omit.

Insertion of new ss.32 and 33

88. After section 31—

insert—

‘Savings—members of Board

‘32. Despite section 83(2) of the *Health Legislation Amendment Act 1992* (the “**amending section**”), a member of the Board mentioned in section 6(1)(a), as in force before the commencement of the amending section, continues in office for the remainder of the term of the member’s appointment, but any subsequent vacancy in the member’s office that is filled under section 9 must be filled having regard to section 6(1)(a) as in force after the commencement of the amending section.

‘Power of Board to make by-laws about fees

‘33. For the removal of doubt, it is declared that the Board has always had power to make by-laws in respect of the matters specified in section 31(g).’.

PART 15—AMENDMENT OF PSYCHOLOGISTS ACT 1977

Amended Act

89. The *Psychologists Act 1977* is amended as set out in this Part.

Amendment of s.4 (Meaning of terms)

90.(1) Section 4 (heading)—

omit, insert—

‘Definitions’.

(2) Section 4—

insert—

‘**“fee”** includes tax;’.

(3) Section 4 (definition “**Minister**”)—

omit.

Amendment of s.7 (Members of Board)

91.(1) Section 7(1)—

omit ‘seven’, insert ‘9’.

(2) Section 7(1)(a)—

omit, insert—

‘(a) 4 persons of whom at least—

(i) 2 are psychologists; and

(ii) another is a psychologist engaged in teaching psychology in a higher educational institution; and’.

(3) After section 7(1)(b)—

insert—

‘; and

- (c) 1 person representing users of the services of psychologists; and
- (d) a barrister or solicitor of the Supreme Court.’.

(4) After section 7(2)—

insert—

‘(3) In this section—

“**higher educational institution**” has the meaning given by section 68(e) of the *Education (General Provisions) Act 1989*.’.

Insertion of new s.7A

92. After section 7—

insert—

‘Increase in number of members

‘7A. If the number of members required to constitute the Board is increased, a vacancy is taken to exist in the office of a member or members to the number of the increase and—

- (a) each vacancy may be filled under section 10; and
- (b) the Governor in Council may nominate the term of appointment of the person appointed to fill each vacancy.’.

Amendment of s.11 (Meetings of Board)

93. Section 11(2)—

omit ‘four’, insert ‘5’.

Amendment of s.18 (Qualification for registration)

94.(1) After section 18(1)—

insert—

‘(1A) Despite subsection (1), a person is entitled to be registered as a psychologist only if, in addition to the qualification specified in subsection (1)(a), (b) or (c), the person also satisfies the Board that the person has had 2 years’ supervised experience in the practice of psychology.’.

(2) After section 18(2)—

insert—

‘(2A) An application made under this section before the commencement of section 94 of the *Health Legislation Amendment Act 1992* is to be dealt with as if that section had not commenced.’

(3) Section 18(3) (words beginning ‘who may include’ and ending ‘Queensland’)—

omit.

Amendment of s.19 (Conditional registration)

95. Section 19(1)—

omit, insert—

‘19.(1) If a person has applied to the Board for registration under section 18(1)(a), (b) or (c) and the person is qualified except for the requirement set out in section 18(1A), the Board may grant the person a certificate of conditional registration.’

Amendment of s.38 (By-laws)

96. Section 38(g)—

omit, insert—

‘(g) the purposes for which fees are payable under this Act, the amounts of fees, the persons who are liable to pay fees, when fees are payable, the waiver of fees and the recovery of unpaid amounts of fees;

(ga) the allowances payable under this Act and the purposes for which they are payable.’

Replacement of s.39 (Procedural provisions re by-laws)

97. Section 39—

omit, insert—

‘Savings—members of Board

‘39. Despite section 91(2) of the *Health Legislation Amendment Act 1992* (the “**amending section**”), a member of the Board mentioned in section 7(1)(a), as in force before the commencement of the amending section, continues in office for the remainder of the term of the member’s appointment, but any subsequent vacancy in the member’s office that is filled under section 10 must be filled having regard to section 7(1)(a) as in force after the commencement of the amending section.

‘Power of Board to make by-laws about fees

‘40. For the removal of doubt, it is declared that the Board has always had power to make by-laws in respect of the matters specified in section 38(g).’.

PART 16—AMENDMENT OF SPEECH THERAPISTS ACT 1979

Amended Act

98. The *Speech Therapists Act 1979* is amended as set out in this Part.

Amendment of s.4 (Meaning of terms)

99.(1) Section 4 (heading)—

omit, insert—

‘Definitions’.

(2) Section 4 (definition “**Board**”)—

omit, insert—

‘ **“Board”** means the Speech Pathologists Board constituted under this Act;’.

(3) Section 4—

insert—

‘**“fee”** includes tax;’.

(4) Section 4 (definition “**Minister**”)—

omit.

Amendment of s.6 (Constitution of Board)

100.(1) Section 6(1)—

omit ‘The Speech Therapists Board of Queensland’,

insert ‘the Speech Pathologists Board’.

(2) After section 6(1)—

insert—

‘**(1A)** The change of name of The Speech Therapists Board of Queensland to the Speech Pathologists Board effected by section 100 of the *Health Legislation Amendment Act 1992* does not affect—

- (a) its identity; or
- (b) the exercise of rights, or the enforcement of obligations, by or against it; or
- (c) the continuation of any legal proceedings by or against it.

‘**(1B)** Any legal proceedings that might have been continued or started by or against the Board in its former name may be continued or started in its new name.’.

Amendment of s.7 (Members of Board)

101.(1) Section 7(1)—

omit ‘seven’, *insert* ‘9’.

(2) After section 7(1)(b)—

insert—

‘; and

(c) 1 person representing users of the services of speech pathologists;
and

(d) a barrister or solicitor of the Supreme Court.’.

(3) Section 7(1)—

omit ‘(1)’.

(4) Section 7(2)—

omit.

Insertion of new s.7A

102. After section 7—

insert—

‘Increase in number of members

‘7A. If the number of members required to constitute the Board is increased, a vacancy is taken to exist in the office of a member or members to the number of the increase and—

(a) each vacancy may be filled under section 10; and

(b) the Governor in Council may nominate the term of appointment of the person appointed to fill each vacancy.’.

Amendment of s.11 (Meetings of Board)

103. Section 11(2)—

omit ‘four’, insert ‘5’.

Amendment of s.37 (By-laws)

104. Section 37(g)—

omit, insert—

‘(g) the purposes for which fees are payable under this Act, the amounts of fees, the persons who are liable to pay fees, when fees are payable, the waiver of fees and the recovery of unpaid amounts of fees;

- (ga) the allowances payable under this Act and the purposes for which they are payable;’.

Omission of s.38 (Procedural provisions re by-laws)

105. Section 38—

omit.

Insertion of new ss. 38 and 39

106. After section 37—

insert—

‘References to speech therapy etc.

‘38.(1) A reference in an Act or other document in force immediately before the commencement of this section, to—

- (a) speech therapy; or
- (b) a speech therapist; or
- (c) the Speech Therapists Board of Queensland; or
- (d) the *Speech Therapists Act 1979*;

is, on the commencement of this section, taken to be a reference to—

- (e) speech pathology; or
- (f) a speech pathologist; or
- (g) the Speech Pathologists Board; or
- (h) the *Speech Pathologists Act 1979*;

respectively.

‘(2) A person who, immediately before the commencement of section 106 of the *Health Legislation Amendment Act 1992*, was a speech therapist is, from that commencement and subject to this Act, a speech pathologist.

‘Power of Board to make by-laws about fees

‘39. For the removal of doubt, it is declared that the Board has always had power to make by-laws in respect of the matters specified in section 37(g).’.

Minor amendments

107.(1) The *Speech Therapists Act 1979* is further amended as specified in Schedule 2.

(2) In Schedule 2, each provision of the Act specified in column 1 is amended by omitting the expression (the “**relevant expression**”) opposite the provision in column 2 and inserting the expression opposite the relevant expression in column 3.

PART 17—AMENDMENT OF MEDICAL ACT 1939**Amended Act**

108. The *Medical Act 1939* is amended as set out in this Part.

Omission of s.3 (Repeal of “The Medical Acts, 1925 to 1935”)

109. Section 3—

omit.

Amendment of s.4 (Meaning of terms)

110.(1) Section 4 (definitions “**By-Laws**”, “**Minister**”, “**Prescribed**” and “**This Act**”)—

omit.

(2) Section 4—

insert—

“**competent to practise medicine**” has the meaning given by section 4A;

“**fee**” includes tax;

“**general registration**” means registration that is not subject to a condition;

“**impairment**” has the meaning given by section 4B;

“**Register**” includes the Register of Medical Practitioners, Queensland and the Register of Specialists, Queensland;’.

Insertion of new ss.4A and 4B

111. After section 4—

insert—

‘Meaning of “competent to practise medicine”

‘**4A.** A person is competent to practise medicine only if the person—

- (a) has sufficient physical capacity, mental capacity and skill to practise medicine; and
- (b) has sufficient communication skills for the practice of medicine, including an adequate command of the English language.

‘Meaning of “impairment”

‘**4B.(1)** A person is considered to suffer from impairment if the person suffers from a physical or mental impairment, disability, condition or disorder that detrimentally affects or is likely to detrimentally affect the person’s physical or mental capacity to practise medicine.

‘**(2)** Habitual drunkenness or addiction to a deleterious drug is considered to be a physical or mental disorder.’.

Omission of heading before s.5 (Regulations, Proclamations, etc.)

112. Heading before section 5—

omit.

Omission of s.5

113. Section 5—

omit.

Amendment of s.8 (Constitution of Board; president)

114.(1) Section 8(1)—

omit ‘seven’, insert ‘9’.

(2) Section 8(1) (after paragraph (iii))—

insert—

- ‘(iv) 1 member representing users of the services of medical practitioners;
- (v) a barrister or solicitor of the Supreme Court.’.

Insertion of new s.8A

115. After section 8—

insert—

‘Increase in number of members

‘8A. If the number of members required to constitute the Board is increased, an extraordinary vacancy is taken to exist in the office of a member or members to the number of the increase and—

- (a) each extraordinary vacancy may be filled under section 8(5); and
- (b) the Governor in Council may nominate the term of appointment of the person appointed to fill each vacancy.’.

Amendment of s.11 (Quorum)

116. Section 11(5)—

omit ‘four’, insert ‘5’.

Amendment of s.16 (Power to make by-laws)**117.** Section 16(1)(vi)—*omit, insert—*

‘(vi) the purposes for which fees are payable under this Act, the amounts of fees, the persons who are liable to pay fees, when fees are payable, the waiver of fees and the recovery of unpaid amounts of fees;’.

Replacement of Part 4**118.** Part 4—*omit, insert—***‘PART 4—REGISTRATION*****‘Division 1—Qualifications for registration*****‘Entitlement to general registration based on qualifications and training**

‘**17.(1)** A person is entitled to general registration as a medical practitioner if the person has recognised medical qualifications and has successfully completed a period of internship or supervised training required by the Board.

‘**(2)** A person has “**recognised medical qualifications**” if the person is a graduate of a Medical School (whether within or outside Australia) accredited by the Australian Medical Council or has successfully completed examinations held by the Council for the purposes of registration as a medical practitioner.

‘Entitlement to conditional registration for interns

‘**17A.(1)** A person is entitled to be registered as a medical practitioner subject to appropriate conditions if the person would be entitled to registration under section 17 except for the fact that the person has not completed a period of internship or supervised training required by the

Board.

‘(2) The “**appropriate conditions**” of registration are the conditions that the Board considers appropriate for the purpose of enabling the person to complete the internship or training.

‘Entitlement to general or conditional registration based on registration elsewhere in Australia

‘**17B.(1)** A person who is licensed or registered as a medical practitioner under the law in force in another State or a Territory is entitled to be registered as a medical practitioner under this Act.

‘(2) If the person’s licence or registration in the other State or the Territory is not subject to a condition or restriction, the person’s entitlement to registration under this Act is an entitlement to general registration.

‘(3) If the person’s licence or registration in the other State or the Territory is subject to a condition or restriction, the person’s entitlement to registration under this Act is an entitlement to registration subject to—

- (a) the conditions to which the licence or registration is subject in the other State or the Territory; or
- (b) the conditions appropriate to give effect to the condition or restriction to which the licence or registration is subject in the other State or the Territory.

‘Conditional registration at the discretion of the Board

‘**17C.** The Board may register a person as a medical practitioner under any of the following paragraphs and may impose such conditions on the registration as the Board considers appropriate—

- (a) **Graduates from non-accredited institutions—postgraduate training**
 - A person who is a graduate of medicine from an institution which is not accredited by the Australian Medical Council may be registered on a temporary basis to enable the person to undertake a period of postgraduate training in medicine approved by the Board;

(b) Candidates for Council examinations approved for supervised training

- A person who is a candidate for an examination held by the Australian Medical Council and has been approved by the Council to undertake a period of supervised training approved by the Board before sitting for the examination may be registered for the purpose of enabling the person to undertake the training;

(c) Medical teaching or research

- A person may be registered for the purpose of enabling the person to fill a medical teaching or research position if the person has qualifications that the Board recognises for the purpose;

(d) Unmet areas of need

- A person may be registered for the purpose of enabling an unmet area of need to be met if the Board is satisfied that the person has suitable qualifications and experience to practise medicine in the area of need;

(e) Recognised specialist qualifications and experience

- A person may be registered if the Board is satisfied that the person has specialist qualifications and experience in medicine recognised by the relevant Australian specialist college or institution and registration is for the purpose of enabling the person to practise within that specialty;

(f) Foreign specialist qualifications and experience—further training

- A person may be registered if the Board is satisfied that the person has specialist qualifications and experience in medicine obtained outside Australia that are not recognised by the relevant Australian specialist college or institution, and that registration is for the purpose of enabling the person to undergo further specialist training or examination before being assessed for recognition by the college or institution;

(g) Temporary registration in the public interest

- A person may be registered on a temporary basis if the Board is satisfied that it is in the public interest to do so.

‘Interim registration available in certain cases

‘17D.(1) An applicant for registration may be granted interim registration in either of the following cases—

- (a) if the applicant is entitled to registration under section 17 but it is not practicable to wait until the Board can consider the application;
- (b) if the applicant would be entitled to registration under section 17A except for the fact that a degree or award to which the applicant is entitled has not yet been conferred or granted by the institution concerned.

‘(2) A person authorised by the Board for the purposes of this section may grant an applicant interim registration under this section.

‘(3) A person’s interim registration is in force from the time of its grant until the person is given written notice that any of the following things has happened—

- (a) the Board has granted the person registration;
- (b) the Board has refused the application for registration;
- (c) the Board has cancelled the interim registration.

‘(4) The Board may cancel a person’s interim registration for a reason that it considers appropriate.

‘(5) If the Board acts under subsection (4), it must immediately give the person written notice of the cancellation.

‘(6) A person who holds interim registration is, for all purposes, taken to be registered as a medical practitioner.

‘(7) If a person was the holder of interim registration immediately before the person is registered, the person’s registration is taken to have commenced on the day on which interim registration was granted.

‘(8) Interim registration granted under this section is taken to have been granted by the Board.

‘Non-practising registration

‘17E.(1) A person who is entitled to, or eligible for, registration under another provision of this Part, but who does not intend to practise, may elect to be registered subject to the condition that the person is not to practise medicine.

‘(2) The Board may register the person mentioned in subsection (1) subject to such a condition.

‘Conditions may be imposed in cases of impairment

‘17F.(1) The Board may impose conditions on a person’s registration if the Board is satisfied that the person suffers from an impairment and the conditions are reasonably required having regard to the impairment.

‘(2) A medical practitioner who has had conditions imposed on the person’s registration under this section (including on a review under this section) may apply to the Board for a review of the conditions.

‘(3) The Board may decline to review the conditions if the application is made within 6 months after the conditions were last reviewed under this section.

‘(4) On a review of conditions, the Board may alter or remove conditions or impose new conditions, as it considers appropriate.

‘(5) If the Board acts under subsection (3) or (4), it must immediately give the medical practitioner written notice of the conditions imposed, altered or removed.

‘Entitlement to registration does not prevent conditions being imposed

‘17G. An entitlement to registration under this Act does not prevent conditions being imposed on that registration under this Act.

Division 2—Specialists**‘Specialists**

‘18.(1) A medical practitioner who has general registration is entitled to specialist registration if the medical practitioner has recognised specialist qualifications in a prescribed speciality of medicine.

‘(2) A person has **“recognised specialist qualifications in a prescribed speciality of medicine”** if the person satisfies the Board that the person—

- (a) has gained special skill in the particular speciality, with respect to which the application relates, by adequate experience in the speciality gained in the prescribed way; and
- (b) is the holder of a qualification in a prescribed speciality of medicine; and
- (c) satisfies the prescribed conditions that relate to the qualification.

Division 3—Grounds for refusing registration**‘Registration may be refused despite entitlement or eligibility**

‘19. This Division overrides an entitlement to, or eligibility for, registration under Divisions 1 and 2.

‘Applicants must be competent and of good character

‘19A. The Board may register a person as a medical practitioner only if it is satisfied that the person—

- (a) is competent to practise medicine; and
- (b) is of good character.

‘Restrictions on registration of deregistered persons

‘19B.(1) The Board must reject an application for registration by a person who has been deregistered under this Act.

‘(2) A person is **“deregistered”** when—

- (a) the person's name is removed from the Register under an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court; or
- (b) the Tribunal or the Supreme Court orders that the person not be re-registered.

‘(3) The only way such a person can again be registered is on a review under Division 3 of Part 4B of the order by which the person was deregistered.

‘Registration may be refused if applicant convicted of offence

‘19C.(1) The Board may refuse an application for registration if—

- (a) the applicant has been convicted in Queensland of an offence or has been convicted elsewhere by a court for or in respect of an act or omission that would, had it taken place in Queensland, have constituted an offence; and
- (b) the Board is of the opinion that the conviction renders the person unfit in the public interest to practise medicine.

‘(2) In making a decision under this section, the Board is to have regard to the nature of the offence (such as, for example, whether it is of a trivial nature) and the circumstances in which it was committed.

‘Registration may be refused if applicant deregistered on disciplinary grounds in another jurisdiction

‘19D.(1) The Board may refuse an application for registration if the applicant's name has been removed or erased from a foreign medical register for a reason relating to conduct of the person amounting to misconduct in a professional respect, or on a basis relating to the person's physical or mental capacity to practise medicine.

‘(2) In this section—

“foreign medical register” means a register or roll established or kept under a law of another State or a Territory or of a foreign country providing for the registration, licensing or certification of medical practitioners under an authority established by a law of the State, Territory or country.

‘Division 4—Suspension of registration for the protection of the public**‘Suspension or imposition of conditions to protect life**

‘20.(1) If the Board is satisfied that such action is necessary for the purpose of protecting the life or the physical or mental health of a person, the Board may—

- (a) by order, suspend a medical practitioner from practising medicine for such period (not longer than 30 days) as is specified in the order; or
- (b) impose on a medical practitioner’s registration, conditions, relating to the practitioner’s practising medicine, that it considers appropriate.

‘(2) The Board may take the action whether or not a complaint has been made to the Board about the medical practitioner.

‘(3) The Board must refer the matter to the Tribunal, together with details of the action taken by the Board under this section.

‘(4) This Division does not affect the provisions of the *Health Rights Commission Act 1991* relating to the investigation of complaints against registered providers (within the meaning of that Act).

‘Extension of suspension

‘20A.(1) A period of suspension imposed under this Division may be extended by order of the Board for further periods, each of which is not longer than 30 days.

(2) Subsection (1) applies only if the matter has not been disposed of.

‘Expiration of suspension

‘20B. On the expiry of a period of suspension imposed under this Division, the person’s rights and privileges as a medical practitioner are revived, subject to any order of the Tribunal on the complaint that is referred to the Tribunal.

‘Effect of conditions imposed

‘20C.(1) Conditions imposed under this Division have effect until the matter is disposed of.

‘(2) This section does not prevent conditions being imposed under another provision of this Act.

Division 5—Appeals**‘Right of appeal**

‘21.(1) A person may appeal to the Tribunal against any of the following determinations of the Board—

- (a) a determination to refuse a person’s application for registration;
- (b) a determination imposing a condition on the person’s registration;
- (c) a determination in respect of a review under section 17F of the conditions to which a person’s registration is subject;
- (d) a determination made under section 30, 30K(1), 31A(3) or 91 to remove a medical practitioner’s name from the Register;
- (e) a determination made under section 30A, 30K(2) or 31B(3) to alter the records of the Register in respect of a medical practitioner.

‘(2) An appeal must be made within 28 days (or such longer period as the Registrar may allow in a particular case) after notice of the determination or action is given to the person.

‘Appeal to be lodged with Registrar

‘21A. An appeal must be lodged with the Registrar who is to refer it to the Tribunal.

‘Appeal from inquiry decision to be by way of rehearing

‘21B.(1) If the determination in respect of which an appeal is made was made because of an inquiry held by the Board, the appeal is to be dealt with

by way of rehearing.

‘(2) Fresh evidence or evidence in addition to or in substitution for the evidence received at the inquiry may be given at the rehearing.

‘Pending appeal does not affect Board’s determination

‘21C. An appeal does not affect a determination with respect to which it is made until the appeal is determined.

‘Determination of appeal

‘21D.(1) When it determines an appeal, the Tribunal may dismiss the appeal or order that the determination of the Board be revoked and replaced by a different determination made by the Tribunal and specified in the order.

‘(2) The Tribunal may also make such ancillary orders as it considers appropriate.

‘(3) The Tribunal’s decision—

- (a) is taken to be the determination of the Board; and
- (b) does not confer a right of appeal under this Division in respect of the decision.

‘(4) The Board is to give effect to an order made by the Tribunal.

‘Division 6—Notification to medical registration authorities

‘Notification of certain matters to other States

‘22. The Board must give medical registration authorities in other States or in a Territory such notice and details of the following matters as the Board considers appropriate or desirable in the particular case—

- (a) a complaint made against a medical practitioner under this Act, unless it is determined that no further action should be taken in respect of the complaint;
- (b) an order made under this Act in respect of such a complaint;

- (c) the removal of the name of a person from the Register and the reasons for the removal;
- (d) the placing of conditions on a person's registration.

‘PART 4A—REGISTRATION PROCEDURES

‘Division 1—Applying for registration

‘Form etc. of application

‘23. An application for registration must be in a form approved by the Board and must be lodged with the Registrar.

‘Application fee

‘23A.(1) The application is to be accompanied by the prescribed fee.

‘(2) The Board may waive the requirement for a fee in a particular case.

‘Evidence to accompany application

‘23B. The application is to be accompanied by such evidence as the Board requires.

‘Time within which application to be determined

‘23C.(1) For the purposes of an appeal under this Act, the Board is taken to have determined that an applicant for registration is not entitled to be registered and to have refused the application if the Board does not consider and determine the application within 3 months after the application is lodged with the Registrar.

‘(2) The Board and the applicant may agree on a longer period than 3 months for the purposes of this section, in which case the agreed longer period applies.

Division 2—Dealing with applications**‘Applications to be considered and determined**

‘24. The Board is to consider and determine all applications for registration by either—

- (a) registering the applicant (unconditionally or subject to conditions);
or
- (b) refusing the application.

‘Notice to applicant of decision on application

‘24A.(1) The Board is to give an applicant for registration written notice of the Board’s decision on the application as soon as practicable after the decision is made.

‘(2) If the decision is to grant registration, the Board is to issue to the applicant a certificate of registration in a form approved by the Board and stating the particulars recorded in the Register with respect to the applicant.

‘How a person is registered

‘24B. The Board registers a person by recording in the Register the particulars that the Board considers appropriate and any conditions to which the registration is subject.

‘Conditions on registration

‘24C. The conditions that may be imposed on registration under this Act at the time of registration include—

- (a) conditions relating to the duration of registration; and
- (b) the aspects of the practice in which the person who is registered may be engaged; and
- (c) conditions relating to any other matter that the Board considers appropriate.

‘Division 3—Inquiries**‘Board may hold inquiry into eligibility**

‘25.(1) The Board may hold an inquiry, in such cases as it considers appropriate, into the eligibility of an applicant to be registered as a medical practitioner.

‘(2) The inquiry may include an inquiry into the applicant’s competence to practise medicine.

‘Board must hold inquiry in certain cases

‘25A. If the Board is not satisfied as to the eligibility of an applicant to be registered after considering the application for registration, the Board is to hold an inquiry under this Division for the purpose of satisfying itself as to eligibility.

‘Constitution of Board for inquiry

‘25B. For the purposes of conducting an inquiry under this Part, the Board may appoint a Committee of Assessors comprised of medical practitioners (whether or not they are members of the Board).

‘Applicant to be notified of inquiry

‘25C. The Committee of Assessors is to fix a time and place for the holding of an inquiry and is to give the applicant concerned at least 14 days’ written notice of the time and place for the inquiry.

‘Practitioner entitled to attend

‘25D. The applicant concerned is entitled to attend and to be accompanied by a barrister or solicitor or another adviser, but is not entitled to be represented by a barrister or solicitor or other adviser.

‘Preliminary medical examinations of applicants for registration

‘25E. Before or during an inquiry under this Division, the Board may require the applicant for registration, by written notice given to the applicant, to undergo, at the Board’s expense, a medical examination by a specified medical practitioner, at a specified reasonable time and place.

‘Decision of the Committee of Assessors in an inquiry

‘25F. On completion of the inquiry, the Committee of Assessors is to advise the Board of its decision about the eligibility of the applicant to be registered as a medical practitioner.

‘Details of decision to be supplied to applicant

‘25G.(1) The Board must give written notice of the decision on an inquiry to the applicant and must do so within 1 month after the decision is made.

‘(2) The notice must give the reasons for the decision.

‘(3) The Board may also give written notice of a decision to such other persons as the Board considers appropriate.

‘Division 4—Keeping and alteration of the Register**‘Board is to keep the Register**

‘26.(1) The Board is to keep—

- (a) a register called the Register of Medical Practitioners, Queensland; and
- (b) a register called the Register of Specialists, Queensland.

‘(2) The Register must be made available, at all reasonable times, for inspection at the office of the Board by any person on payment of the prescribed fee.

‘(3) The Board may carry out a search of the Register on a person’s behalf and is entitled to charge such fee as it determines for the search.

‘Additional information may be recorded in the Register

‘26A.(1) On application by a medical practitioner and payment of the prescribed fee, the Board may record in the Register any particulars, in addition to those required to be recorded in the Register, as the Board approves.

‘(2) The Board must make other recordings in the Register necessary for the purpose of maintaining the Register as an accurate record of the particulars relating to each medical practitioner.

‘Method of removal from the Register

‘26B.(1) The name of a medical practitioner is removed from the Register by the making in the Register of the recording the Board directs.

‘(2) If a person’s name is removed from the Register otherwise than in accordance with an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court, the Board must give written notice to the person.

‘Surrender of certificates

‘26C.(1) The Board may, by written notice, require a person who has ceased to be registered to give to the Board within a specified reasonable time a certificate issued to the person under this Act in respect of the registration.

‘(2) The person must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with the notice.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

‘Making a recording in the Register—extended meaning

‘26D. A reference in this Act to **“the making of a recording in the Register”** includes a reference to amending, cancelling or deleting a recording in the Register.

‘Division 5—Annual registration fees**‘Annual registration fee payable**

‘27. A medical practitioner must, on or before a day notified in writing to the practitioner at least 1 month in advance, pay to the Board the prescribed annual registration fee.

‘Practitioner’s name may be removed from Register for non-payment

‘27A.(1) The Board must give written notice to a medical practitioner who does not pay the annual registration fee on or before the due day that, if the fee is not paid on or before a later specified day, the practitioner’s name will be removed from the Register.

‘(2) The Board may remove from the Register the name of a medical practitioner who has been so notified and fails to pay the fee on or before the later day.

‘Entitlement to restoration if fee paid

‘27B.(1) A person whose name has been removed from the Register for failure to pay the annual registration fee is entitled to have their name restored to the Register if the person pays to the Board the unpaid annual registration fee or fees together with the prescribed restoration fee.

‘(2) The Board may waive payment of the restoration fee in a particular case.

‘(3) The entitlement of a person to have their name restored to the Register is an entitlement to registration on the same terms and subject to the same conditions (if any) as applied to the person’s registration immediately before the removal of the person’s name from the Register.

‘(4) A person registered under an entitlement to have their name restored to the Register under this section is taken to have been so registered on and from the day the person’s name was removed from the Register or on and from such later day as the Board determines and notifies to the person.

‘(5) The entitlement of a person to have their name restored to the Register under this section does not override any other provision of this Act

under which the person's name is authorised or required to be removed from the Register.

'Board may waive registration fee

'27C. The Board may, for such reason as it considers appropriate, waive the requirement that an annual registration fee be paid by a medical practitioner in a particular year.

'How registration ceases

'27D. A medical practitioner ceases to be registered when—

- (a) the Board gives the person written notice that the person's name has been removed from the Register under this Act; or
- (b) if registration is conditional and the period of the registration is specified in a condition—the period of the registration expires.

'Division 6—The practice of medicine

'Right to practise medicine

'28. A person other than a medical practitioner may not hold an appointment as—

- (a) a physician, surgeon or other medical officer—
 - (i) in a passenger or other vessel leaving a port and registered in Queensland; or
 - (ii) in a public or private hospital or other institution or society for affording medical relief in sickness, infirmity or old age; or
- (b) a medical inspector, medical officer of health or health officer.

'Medical certificates

'29.(1) A person who is not a medical practitioner must not sign a medical certificate of the cause of death of a deceased person.

‘(2) A certificate required by law to be signed by a physician, surgeon or medical practitioner is invalid if the person signing the certificate is not a medical practitioner.

‘PART 4B—REMOVAL FROM AND ALTERATION OF THE REGISTER

‘Division 1—General powers to remove from or alter the Register

‘Removal of person wrongfully registered

‘30. The Board may remove from the Register the name of a person who—

- (a) has been registered because of a false or fraudulent representation or declaration, made either verbally or in writing; or
- (b) is not entitled or eligible to be registered.

‘Amendment of incorrect particulars concerning qualifications

‘30A.(1) The Board may remove particulars from, or otherwise amend, the Register if the particulars appearing on the Register in respect of the qualifications of a medical practitioner are proved to the satisfaction of the Board to be, or are to the Board’s knowledge, false or erroneous in any respect.

‘(2) This requirement applies even if the practitioner had the relevant qualifications or the entry was otherwise correct when the entry was made in the Register.

‘Removal on death or at own request

‘30B. The Board must remove the name of a medical practitioner from the Register if the practitioner has died or has requested the Board to remove his or her name.

‘Removal or amendment under disciplinary order

‘30C.(1) The Board must remove the name of a person from the Register if removal of the person’s name is required by an order under this Act of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court.

‘(2) The Board is to make the recordings in the Register necessary to give effect to an order under this Act of the Board, the Tribunal or the Supreme Court about the conditions to be imposed on a person’s registration.

‘Board may hold inquiry into eligibility

‘30D.(1) If the Board is concerned that a person whose name is on the Register may be unfit to practise medicine, the Board may hold an inquiry into the eligibility of the person to remain registered as a medical practitioner.

‘(2) The inquiry may include an inquiry into the medical practitioner’s competence to practise medicine.

‘Constitution of Board for inquiry

‘30E. For the purposes of conducting an inquiry under this Part, the Board may appoint a Committee of Assessors consisting of medical practitioners (whether or not they are members of the Board).

‘Medical practitioner to be notified of inquiry

‘30F. The Committee of Assessors is to fix a time and place for the holding of an inquiry and is to cause the medical practitioner concerned to be given at least 14 days’ written notice of the time and place for the inquiry.

‘Medical practitioner entitled to attend

‘30G. The medical practitioner in relation to whom an inquiry is being held is entitled to attend and to be accompanied by a barrister or solicitor or another adviser, but is not entitled to be represented by a barrister or solicitor or other adviser.

‘Preliminary medical examination of medical practitioner

‘30H. Before or during an inquiry under this Part, the Board may require the medical practitioner, by written notice given to the practitioner, to undergo at the Board’s expense a medical examination by a specified medical practitioner at a reasonable specified time and place.

‘Decision of the Committee of Assessors in an inquiry

‘30I. On completion of the inquiry, the Committee of Assessors must advise the Board of its decision about the medical practitioner’s eligibility to remain registered as a medical practitioner, with or without conditions.

‘Details of decision to be supplied to medical practitioner

‘30J.(1) The Board must give a written notice of the decision on an inquiry to the medical practitioner concerned within 1 month after the decision is made.

‘(2) The notice must give the reasons for the decision.

‘(3) The Board may also give written notice of a decision to any other persons the Board considers appropriate.

‘Removal or imposition of conditions relating to competence to practise

‘30K.(1) If, because of the inquiry, the Board is of the opinion that the medical practitioner is not competent to practise medicine, the Board may remove the medical practitioner’s name from the Register.

(2) If, because of the inquiry, the Board is of the opinion that conditions should be imposed on the medical practitioner’s registration to practise medicine, the Board may make the necessary recordings in the Register.

‘Medical practitioner to be notified of action

‘30L. The Board must give the medical practitioner concerned written notice of action taken by the Board under this Division and the action does not take effect until the notice is given.

‘Appeal**‘30M.** A person—

- (a) whose name has been removed from the Register under section 30 or 30K(1); or
- (b) in respect of whom, conditions, to which the person’s registration is subject to, have been altered under section 30A or 30K(2);

may appeal to the Tribunal against the removal or alteration

‘Division 2—Powers resulting from action under foreign law**‘Meaning of “foreign law”****‘31.** in this Division—

“foreign law” means a law of another State, a Territory or a foreign country providing for the registration, licensing or certification of medical practitioners under an authority established by a law of the State, Territory or country.

‘Deregistration on basis of disciplinary action under foreign law

‘31A.(1) This section applies if it is proved to the satisfaction of the Board that the name of a person has, after the person was registered under this Act, been removed from a register or roll under a foreign law—

- (a) for a reason relating to conduct of the person amounting to misconduct in a professional respect; or
- (b) for a reason relating to the person’s physical or mental capacity to practise medicine.

‘(2) If this section applies and the foreign law concerned is a law of a place in Australia, the Board must remove the name of the person from the Register.

‘(3) If the foreign law is a law of a place outside Australia, the Board may remove the name of the person from the Register.

‘(4) The Board may restore a name removed from the Register.

‘Imposition of conditions imposed under foreign law

‘31B.(1) This section applies if it is proved to the satisfaction of the Board that, after a person was registered under this Act, a condition has been placed on the person’s registration, licensing or certification under a foreign law.

‘(2) If this section applies and the foreign law concerned is a law of a place in Australia, the Board must make such recordings in the Register as are necessary to impose the condition on the person’s registration under this Act.

‘(3) If the foreign law is a law of a place outside Australia, the Board may make those recordings in the Register.

‘Medical practitioner to be notified of action

‘31C. The Board must give the medical practitioner concerned written notice of action taken by the Board under this Division and the action does not take effect until the notice is given.

‘Appeal

‘31D.(1) Subject to subsection (2), a person—

- (a) whose name has been removed from the Register under this Division; or
- (b) in respect of whom, conditions to which the person’s registration is subject to have been altered under this Division;

may appeal to the Tribunal against the removal or alteration.

‘(2) There is no right of appeal when the Board is required under section 31A(2) or 31B(2) to remove the person’s name.

‘(3) The institution of an appeal does not affect the removal of a person’s name from the Register unless the Tribunal orders that it be restored to the Register.

‘(4) If the Tribunal dismisses the appeal, it may, by order, fix a time after which the person may apply to be re-registered.

‘(5) If the Tribunal fixes a time under subsection (4), the person is not entitled to be re-registered before the time specified by the Tribunal (despite an entitlement under this Act to be re-registered).

‘Division 3—Review of suspension, deregistration or conditions

‘Right of review

‘32.(1) A person may apply to the appropriate review body for a review of an order of the Board, the Tribunal or the Supreme Court—

- (a) that the person is suspended from practising medicine; or
- (b) that the person’s name be removed from the Register or that the person not be re-registered; or
- (c) that conditions be placed on the person’s registration.

‘(2) A person may also apply to the appropriate review body for a review of an order made under this Division.

‘(3) An application for review of an order may not be made—

- (a) while the terms of the order provide that an application for review may not be made; or
- (b) while an appeal to the Tribunal or the Supreme Court in respect of the same matter is pending.

‘The appropriate review body

‘32A.(1) The “appropriate review body” is—

- (a) the Tribunal; or
- (b) if the order being reviewed provides that it may be reviewed by the Board—the Board.

‘(2) An application for review must be lodged with the Registrar who is to refer it to the appropriate review body.

‘Powers on review

‘32B.(1) The appropriate review body is to conduct an inquiry into an application for review and may then do any of the following—

- (a) dismiss the application;
- (b) by its order, terminate or shorten the period of the suspension concerned;
- (c) make a reinstatement order;
- (d) make an order altering the conditions to which the person’s registration is subject (including by imposing new conditions).

‘(2) A **“reinstatement order”** is an order that the person be re-registered subject to the same conditions and limitations (if any) to which the person’s registration was subject to immediately before the person ceased to be registered.

‘(3) The appropriate review body may also impose conditions on the person’s registration or alter the conditions to which the person’s registration is to be subject to under the reinstatement order.

‘(4) The Board must make the recordings in the Register necessary to give effect to a reinstatement order.

‘(5) The order on a review under this section may also provide that the order is not to be reviewed under this Division until after a specified time.’.

Insertion of new Parts 12 and 13

119. After Part 11—

insert—

‘PART 12—MISCELLANEOUS**‘Regulations**

‘86. The Governor in Council may make regulations for the purposes of this Act.

‘PART 13—SAVINGS AND TRANSITIONALS

‘Power of Board to make by-laws about fees

‘87. For the removal of doubt, it is declared that the Board has always had power to make by-laws in respect of the matters specified in section 16(1)(vi).

‘Registration as medical practitioner

‘88.(1) A person who was registered as a medical practitioner immediately before the commencement of this section is taken to be registered under this Act.

‘(2) The person’s registration under this Act is taken to be subject to the same limitations (as to time or otherwise) and conditions (if any) to which it was subject to immediately before the commencement of this section.

‘Meaning of “foreign medical practitioner”

‘89. In this Part—

“foreign medical practitioner” means a medical practitioner who is not a graduate of a Medical School accredited by the Australian Medical Council and who has not successfully completed examinations held by the Council for the purposes of registration as a medical practitioner.

‘Grounds for deregistration

‘90.(1) For the purposes of this Part, a foreign medical practitioner is liable to deregistration unless the practitioner was—

- (a) unconditionally registered, domiciled and practising medicine in Australia on 31 January 1992; or
- (b) unconditionally registered and had practised medicine in Australia for 3 out of the last 6 years before 31 January 1992; or
- (c) unconditionally registered and had practised medicine in Australia for a total of 6 years before 31 January 1992.

‘(2) A medical practitioner is considered to have been unconditionally registered in Australia at a particular time if the medical practitioner is or was registered at the time under this Act, or licensed or registered as a medical practitioner under the law in force in another State or a Territory, without condition or limitation on the entitlement to practise medicine.

‘Board’s duty to deregister practitioners liable to deregistration

‘91.(1) If the Board is of the opinion that a foreign medical practitioner is or may be liable to deregistration under this Part, the Board must, by written notice to the practitioner, require the practitioner to establish, to the satisfaction of the Board, that the practitioner is not liable to deregistration.

‘(2) The Board must remove the name of the practitioner from the Register if the practitioner fails to satisfy the Board that the practitioner is not liable to deregistration.

‘(3) Subsection (2) does not apply if the Board is of the opinion that there is good reason why the practitioner’s name should not be removed.

‘(4) The Board is to give a foreign medical practitioner who is liable to deregistration an opportunity to make submissions to the Board on the question of whether the practitioner’s name should be removed from the Register and the Board is to consider any such submissions.

‘(5) The Board must give the practitioner concerned written notice of action taken by the Board under this Part and the action does not take effect until the notice is given.

‘(6) A person whose name has been removed from the Register under this section may appeal to the Tribunal against the removal.

‘Special provision for practitioners removed for non-payment of fees

‘92.(1) This section applies to a foreign medical practitioner whose name has been removed from the Register for failure to pay the annual registration fee.

‘(2) A practitioner to whom subsection (1) applies has the entitlement to be re-registered that would otherwise be conferred by payment of the unpaid fees (together with any restoration fee that is payable) only if the practitioner satisfies the Board that—

- (a) the practitioner is not liable to deregistration under this Part; or
- (b) there is good reason why the practitioner should not lose the entitlement to re-registration.

‘Registration with conditions

‘93. The Board may register a foreign medical practitioner as a medical practitioner with conditions if, immediately before the commencement of this section, the person—

- (a) was domiciled in Australia; and
- (b) was, and still is, practising medicine in Australia; and
- (c) held provisional registration that was granted by the Board after 31 January 1992.

‘Consideration in respect of certain criteria

‘94. The Board may register a foreign medical practitioner as a medical practitioner if the person—

- (a) was eligible for general registration immediately before the commencement of this section; and
- (b) is a permanent resident within the meaning of the *Australian Citizenship Act 1948* of the Commonwealth; and
- (c) holds provisional registration granted by the Board; and
- (d) had sought advice from the Board in respect of registration as a medical practitioner and emigrated to Australia on the basis of the advice given by the Board.

‘Regulations in force under previous section 5

‘95. A regulation in force under section 5 immediately before the commencement of this section continues to have effect after the commencement as if it had been made under section 86.’.

Omission of Schedule (First Schedule)

120. Schedule—

omit.

SCHEDULE 1

MINOR AMENDMENTS TO THE FOOD ACT 1981

Section 33

	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
1.	section 9	\$2 500	50 penalty units
2.	section 10(1)	\$5 000	100 penalty units
3.	section 10(2)	\$3 000	60 penalty units
4.	section 11 (1)	\$2 500	50 penalty units
5.	section 11(2)	\$2 000	40 penalty units
6.	section 12(1)	\$2 000	40 penalty units
7.	section 12(2)	\$2 000	40 penalty units
8.	section 13	\$2 000	40 penalty units
9.	section 14(1)	\$3 000	60 penalty units
10.	section 14(2)	\$2 500	50 penalty units
11.	section 14(3)	\$2 000	40 penalty units
12.	section 14(4)	\$2 000	40 penalty units
13.	section 15(1)	\$3 000	60 penalty units
14.	section 16	\$2 500	50 penalty units
15.	section 20(2)	\$5 000	100 penalty units
16.	section 21(7)	\$5 000	100 penalty units
17.	section 30	\$5 000	100 penalty units
18.	section 38	\$1 000	20 penalty units
19.	section 40(1)	\$2 000	40 penalty units
20.	section 44(3)	\$2 000	40 penalty units
21.	section 44(4)	\$5 000	100 penalty units
22.	Schedule 2		
	clause 30	\$2 500	50 penalty units

SCHEDULE 2

MINOR AMENDMENTS TO THE SPEECH THERAPISTS ACT 1979

Section 107

	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
1.	long title	Speech Therapists	Speech Pathologists
2.	long title	speech therapists	speech pathologists
3.	long title	speech therapy	speech pathology
4.	section 1	<i>Speech Therapists</i>	<i>Speech Pathologists</i>
5.	section 4	Speech Therapists (2nd occurring)	Speech Pathologists
6.	section 4	speech therapist (twice occurring)	speech pathologist
7.	section 7(1)(a)	speech therapists	speech pathologists
8.	section 7(1)(b)	speech therapists (twice occurring)	speech pathologists
9.	section 7(1) (3rd sentence)	speech therapists	speech pathologists
10.	heading to Part 3	SPEECH THERAPISTS	SPEECH PATHOLOGISTS
11.	section 17(1)	Speech Therapists	Speech Pathologists
12.	section 17(1)	speech therapists	speech pathologists
13.	section 7(3)(a)	Speech Therapists	Speech Pathologists
14.	section 18(1) (before paragraph (a))	speech therapist	speech pathologist
15.	section 18(1) (before paragraph (a))	speech therapy	speech pathology
16.	section 18(1)(a)	speech therapists Board	speech pathologists board
17.	section 18(1)(a)	speech therapy	speech pathology

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

18.	section 18(1)(b)(ii)	speech therapy	speech pathology
19.	section 18(1)(c)(i)	speech therapy	speech pathology
20.	section 18(1)(c)(ii)	speech therapy (twice occurring)	speech pathology
21.	section 18(1)(d)	speech therapy (twice occurring)	speech pathology
22.	section 18(1) (after paragraph (d))	speech therapy (twice occurring)	speech pathology
23.	section 18(2)(b)	speech therapy	speech pathology
24.	section 18(2)(c)(ii)	speech therapy	speech pathology
25.	section 18(3)	speech therapy	speech pathology
26.	section 18(4)	speech therapy	speech pathology
27.	section 19(2)	speech therapy	speech pathology
28.	section 19(2)	speech therapist (3 times occurring)	speech pathologist
29.	section 20(1) (before paragraph (a))	speech therapy	speech pathology
30.	section 20(1)(a)	speech therapists	speech pathologists
31.	section 20(1)(b)	speech therapy	speech pathology
32.	section 20(1) (after paragraph (b))	speech therapist	speech pathologist
33.	section 21(1)	speech therapist (3 times occurring)	speech pathologist
34.	section 21(2)	speech therapist (4 times occurring)	speech pathologist
35.	section 21(3)	speech therapist	speech pathologist
36.	section 22(1)	speech therapist	speech pathologist
37.	section 22(2)	speech therapist	speech pathologist
38.	section 23(1)	speech therapist (twice occurring)	speech pathologist
39.	section 23(2)	speech therapist	speech pathologist
40.	section 24(1) (before paragraph (a))	speech therapist	speech pathologist
41.	section 24(1)(b)	speech therapists	speech pathologists

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

42.	section 24(2)(a)	speech therapy (twice occurring)	speech pathology
43.	section 24(2)(b)	speech therapy	speech pathology
44.	section 25(1) (before paragraph (a))	speech therapist	speech pathologist
45.	section 25(1)(d)	speech therapist	speech pathologist
46.	section 25(1)(e)	speech therapist	speech pathologist
47.	section 25(1) (after paragraph (e))	speech therapist (3 times occurring)	speech pathologist
48.	section 25(2)(a)	speech therapist	speech pathologist
49.	section 25(3)(b)	speech therapist	speech pathologist
50.	section 25(4)	speech therapist (twice occurring)	speech pathologist
51.	section 26(1)	speech therapists (twice occurring)	speech pathologists
52.	section 26(2)	speech therapist	speech pathologist
53.	section 27	speech therapist	speech pathologist
54.	section 28(1)(a)	speech therapist	speech pathologist
55.	section 29(1) (before paragraph (a))	speech therapist	speech pathologist
56.	section 29(1)(a)	speech therapist or speech pathologist	speech pathologist or speech therapist
57.	section 29(1)(a)	speech therapist (2nd occurring)	speech pathologist
58.	section 29(1)(a)	speech therapy	speech pathology
59.	section 29(1)(b)(i)	speech therapy	speech pathology
60.	section 29(1)(b)(ii)	speech therapy	speech pathology
61.	section 29(1)(b)(iii)	speech therapy	speech pathology
62.	section 29(1)(b)(iv)	speech therapy	speech pathology
63.	section 30(1)	speech therapy	speech pathology
64.	section 30(1)	speech therapist (twice occurring)	speech pathologist
65.	section 30(2)	speech therapist	speech pathologist
66.	section 31(1)	speech therapist	speech pathologist
67.	section 32(1)(b)	speech therapy	speech pathology

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

68.	section 35(a)	speech therapist	speech therapist or speech pathologist
69.	section 37(f)	speech therapist	speech pathologist
70.	section 37(f)	speech therapy	speech pathology
71.	section 37(j)	speech therapists (3 times occurring)	speech pathologists
72.	section 37(j)	speech therapist	speech pathologist
73.	section 37(j)	speech therapy (3 times occurring)	speech pathology
74.	section 37(k)	speech therapists	speech pathologists