

Current as at 20 March 2008

# Information about this reprint

This Act is reprinted as at 20 March 2008. The reprint—

- shows the law as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before that day (Reprints Act 1992 s 5(c))
- incorporates all necessary consequential amendments, whether of punctuation, numbering or another kind (Reprints Act 1992 s 5(d)).

The reprint includes a reference to the law by which each amendment was made—see list of legislation and list of annotations in endnotes. Also see list of legislation for any uncommenced amendments.

Minor editorial changes allowed under the provisions of the Reprints Act 1992 have also been made to use aspects of format and printing style consistent with current drafting practice (s 35).

This page is specific to this reprint. See previous reprints for information about earlier changes made under the Reprints Act 1992. A table of earlier reprints is included in the endnotes.

#### Also see endnotes for information about—

- when provisions commenced
- editorial changes made in earlier reprints.

#### **Dates shown on reprints**

**Reprints dated at last amendment** All reprints produced on or after 1 July 2002, hard copy and electronic, are dated as at the last date of amendment. Previously reprints were dated as at the date of publication. If a hard copy reprint is dated earlier than an electronic version published before 1 July 2002, it means the legislation was not further amended and the reprint date is the commencement of the last amendment.

If the date of a hard copy reprint is the same as the date shown for an electronic version previously published, it merely means that the electronic version was published before the hard copy version. Also, any revised edition of the previously published electronic version will have the same date as that version.

**Replacement reprint date** If the date of a hard copy reprint is the same as the date shown on another hard copy reprint it means that one is the replacement of the other.



# Queensland

# **Ambulance Service Act 1991**

# Contents

		Page		
Part 1	Preliminary			
1	Short title	7		
2	Definitions			
Part 2	Queensland Ambulance Service			
Division 1	Queensland Ambulance Service			
3A	Establishment of service	7		
3B	Membership of service	7		
3D	Service's functions	8		
3E	Chief executive's responsibility	8		
Division 3	Staff of the service			
4	Appointment of commissioner	9		
4A	Acting commissioner	9		
5	Disqualification from appointment			
6	Vacation of office	10		
9	Role of commissioner	11		
13	Employees	11		
14	Honorary ambulance officers	11		
15	Officers employed under this Act	12		
16	No additional remuneration	12		
17	Superannuation scheme			
18	Retrenchment and redundancy	12		
Division 4	Other matters about the service			
19	Fund	13		
22	Delegations	14		
Part 4	Local ambulance committees			
Division 1	Establishment and functions of committees			
26	Establishment of committees	14		

27	Functions of committees				
Division 2	Conduct of business and membership of committees				
28	Conduct of business				
29	Members of committees				
29A	Dealing with vacancy in office of a member				
30	Liability of members				
31	Protection of members				
Division 3	Other matters about committees				
31A	Minister may approve or amend constitution	18			
31B	Commissioner to give constitution to committees				
32	Committees are statutory bodies				
33	Application of laws				
34	Investigations	19			
35	Dissolution of committees				
36	Effect of dissolution				
Part 4A	Root cause analyses				
Division 1	Preliminary				
36A	Definitions for pt 4A	20			
36B	Meaning of root cause analysis	21			
36C	Purpose of pt 4A	22			
36D	Guiding principles for conduct of RCA of reportable event	22			
Division 2	RCA teams				
36E	Appointment of RCA team	23			
36F	Requirements for appointment	23			
Division 3	Reporting				
36G	RCA team's report and chain of events document				
36H	Reporting to commissioning authority				
Division 4	Stopping conduct of RCA of reportable event				
361	Definition for div 4	25			
36J	Stopping conduct of RCA of reportable event—RCA team	25			
36K	Stopping conduct of RCA of reportable event—commissioning authority	26			
Division 5	Disclosure or release of information				
36L	Definitions for div 5	27			
36M	Disclosure of information—RCA team member or relevant person 2				
36N	Disclosure of information—commissioning authority or relevant person	28			

36O	Release of information to Health Quality and Complaints Commission			
36P	Giving of copy of RCA report or chain of events document—medical director			
36Q	Giving of copy of RCA report etc.—investigation under the Coroners Act 2003			
36R	Giving of information to Minister or chief executive			
36S	Giving of copy of, or information contained in, RCA report—person who has sufficient personal or professional interest			
36T	Information not to be given in evidence			
36U	Information-provider can not be compelled to give particular information in evidence.			
Division 6	Protections			
36V	Protection from liability			
36W	Giving of information protected			
36X	Reprisal and grounds for reprisals			
36Y	Offence for taking reprisal			
36Z	Damages entitlement for reprisal			
Division 7	Miscellaneous			
36ZA	Application of provisions of this part			
36ZB	RCA report not admissible in evidence			
36ZC	Review of pt 4A			
Part 5	Administration and powers			
37	Authorised officers			
38	Powers of authorised officers			
39	Protection from certain liability			
40	Power to accept gifts etc			
41	Codes of practice			
Part 6	Offences			
42	Right of way to ambulances			
43	Unauthorised ambulance transport			
46	Obstruction			
47	False calls4			
48	Restricted use of words 'Ambulance Service'			
49	Confidentiality4			
50	Proceedings for offences			
50A	Proceedings for indictable offences			
50B	Limitation on who may summarily hear indictable offence 4			

Part 7	General				
51	Exemption from tolls				
52	Interstate assistance at accidents				
53A	Function of Emergency Services Advisory Council				
53B	Exemption from payment for ambulance service				
53C	Agreement about payment for ambulance service				
53D	Recovery of fees and charges				
54	Regulation-making power				
Part 8	Savings and transitional provisions				
Division 1	Provisions for Act before commencement of Emergency Services Legislation Amendment Act 1998				
54A	Definitions				
55	Superannuation entitlements				
56	References to the board and previous committees				
57	References to Ambulance Services Act 1967				
58	References to corporation and former service				
59	Vesting of assets				
60	Legal proceedings				
61	Ambulance officers				
62	Medical officers				
63	Administrative and service officers				
64	Conditions of employment of transferred officers 53				
65	Honorary ambulance officers				
66	Trusts				
67	Duty to assist transfer of property				
Division 2	Provision for Emergency Services Legislation Amendment Act 1998				
68	Board members go out of office				
Division 3	Provisions for Emergency Services Legislation Amendment Act 2001				
69	Definitions for div 3				
70	Former service dissolved				
71	Superannuation entitlements				
72	References to former service				
73	Vesting of assets				
74	Legal or disciplinary proceedings				
75	Suspension				
76	Service officers				

77	Conditions of employment of transferred officers			
78	Honorary ambulance officers			
79	Trusts			
80	Duty to help transfer of property	5		
81	Things taken to have been done etc. by commissioner	5		
82	Things taken to have been done etc. by chief executive	5		
83	Other things taken to have been done etc. by chief executive	5		
84	Other things taken to have been done etc. by the State	59		
85	Closure of Ambulance Service Fund	59		
Division 4	Provisions for Emergency Services Legislation Amendment Act 2002			
87	Definitions for div 4	60		
88	Former constitution ceases to apply	6		
89	Committee members continue in office	6		
90	Office holders continue to hold office	6		
91	Minister must notify approval day	6		
Division 5	Provisions for Community Ambulance Cover Act 2003			
92	Definitions for div 5	6		
93	Former subscriber's entitlement ends	6		
94	Charge not payable for particular ambulance service	6		
95	Continuation of written authority	6		
Schedule	Dictionary	6		
Endnotes				
1	Index to endnotes	6		
2	Date to which amendments incorporated	6		
3	Key			
4	Table of reprints			
5	Tables in earlier reprints			
6	List of legislation			
7	List of annotations			
8	Table of renumbered provisions	8		

[as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before 20 March 2008]

# An Act to establish the Queensland Ambulance Service and for other purposes

# Part 1 Preliminary

#### 1 Short title

This Act may be cited as the Ambulance Service Act 1991.

#### 2 Definitions

The dictionary in the schedule defines particular words used in this Act.

# Part 2 Queensland Ambulance Service

# Division 1 Queensland Ambulance Service

#### 3A Establishment of service

The Queensland Ambulance Service is established.

# 3B Membership of service

The service consists of—

(a) the commissioner; and

(b) ambulance officers, medical officers and other staff members employed under section 13.

#### 3D Service's functions

The functions of the service are—

- (a) to provide, operate and maintain ambulance services; and
- (b) for ambulance services provided during rescue and other related activities—to protect persons from injury or death, whether or not the persons are sick or injured; and
- (c) to provide transport for persons requiring attention at medical or health care facilities; and
- (d) to participate with other emergency services in counterdisaster planning; and
- (e) to coordinate all volunteer first aid groups for major emergencies or disasters; and
- (f) to adopt and put into effect all necessary measures (including systems of planning, management and quality control) to best ensure the efficient and economic operation and use of its resources in providing ambulance services; and
- (g) to provide casualty room services; and
- (h) to provide community and workplace education in first aid, cardiopulmonary resuscitation and other related matters; and
- (j) to identify and market products and services incidental to its other functions; and
- (k) to perform other functions given to the service under this Act or another Act; and
- (l) to perform functions incidental to its other functions.

# 3E Chief executive's responsibility

(1) The chief executive is responsible for the way the service performs its functions.

- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the chief executive is responsible for—
  - (a) defining the objectives, strategies and policies to be followed by the service; and
  - (b) ensuring the service performs its functions in an appropriate, effective and efficient way.

Example—

The chief executive could establish performance measures for the service.

(3) This section does not affect the chief executive's responsibilities for the department under another Act.

# Division 3 Staff of the service

# 4 Appointment of commissioner

- (1) The Governor in Council, acting on the recommendation of the Minister, is to appoint a commissioner of the service.
- (2) The commissioner is to be paid such salary and allowances and employed on such terms and conditions as the Governor in Council determines.

# 4A Acting commissioner

- (1) The Minister may appoint a person to act in the office of commissioner during—
  - (a) any vacancy, or all vacancies, in the office; or
  - (b) any period, or all periods, when the commissioner is absent from duty, or can not, for another reason, perform the functions of the office.
- (2) The Minister's power to appoint a person to act in the office of commissioner does not limit the Governor in Council's powers under the *Acts Interpretation Act 1954*, section 25(1)(b)(iv) and (v).<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Acts Interpretation Act 1954, section 25 (Powers of appointment imply certain incidental powers)

# 5 Disqualification from appointment

A person who—

- is an undischarged bankrupt or takes advantage of the laws in force for the time being relating to bankruptcy;
   or
- (b) is or attains the age of 65 years; or
- (c) has been or is convicted in Queensland of an indictable offence or has been or is convicted elsewhere in respect of an act or omission that if done or made by that person in Queensland would have constituted an indictable offence;

is not capable of being or continuing to be the commissioner.

#### 6 Vacation of office

- (1) The office of the commissioner becomes vacant if the commissioner—
  - (a) dies; or
  - (b) becomes incapable of continuing as the commissioner; or
  - (c) furnishes his or her written resignation to the Minister; or
  - (d) under section 5, ceases to be capable of continuing to be the commissioner; or
  - (e) is removed from office; or
  - (f) without the approval of the Minister, engages in any employment outside the duties of the commissioner under this Act; or
  - (g) is absent from duty for a period of 14 days without lawful excuse.
- (2) A resignation given under subsection (1)(c) is not effective until written acceptance of it is given by the Minister.

### 9 Role of commissioner

- (1) The commissioner must, in accordance with the objectives, strategies and policies defined by the chief executive—
  - (a) manage the service's operations; and
  - (b) perform the commissioner's functions and exercise the commissioner's powers under this Act.
- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the commissioner is to prepare an annual strategic plan incorporating performance targets approved by the Minister.

### 13 Employees

- (1) The chief executive may appoint and employ on salary or wages or engage and employ under contracts such persons—
  - (a) as ambulance officers; and
  - (b) as medical officers; and
  - (c) as other staff members;
  - as are necessary for the effectual administration of this Act.
- (2) Subject to any applicable decision within the meaning of the *Industrial Relations Act 1999*, persons employed under subsection (1) (other than on contract) are to be paid salaries, wages and allowances at such rates and are to be employed under such conditions of employment (including conditions as to occupational superannuation and leave entitlements) as the chief executive determines.

# 14 Honorary ambulance officers

- (1) The commissioner may appoint such persons as the commissioner considers appropriate to be honorary ambulance officers.
- (2) Honorary ambulance officers—
  - (a) may carry out, without remuneration, such of the functions of the service as the commissioner may direct; and

(b) are subject to the control and supervision of the commissioner.

### 15 Officers employed under this Act

Service officers are to be employed under this Act, and not under the *Public Service Act* 1996.

#### 16 No additional remuneration

A service officer is not to seek or accept on account of anything done in the course of duty in the service any fee or reward not authorised by the chief executive.

# 17 Superannuation scheme

- (1) The Governor in Council may approve a superannuation scheme (other than the Queensland Ambulance Service Superannuation Scheme) for service officers or classes of service officers.
- (2) Every service officer (other than an honorary ambulance officer) must become a contributor to an approved superannuation scheme (if the officer is otherwise eligible under the terms of the scheme) and, while a service officer, must continue to contribute to the scheme in accordance with its terms.
- (3) A service officer who becomes a public service officer must, by written notice given to the chief executive within 2 months after starting employment with the public service, elect—
  - (a) to continue to contribute to an approved superannuation scheme; or
  - (b) to contribute to the superannuation scheme to which persons who become public service officers after the commencement of this section would usually contribute.

# 18 Retrenchment and redundancy

If the chief executive is satisfied that—

- (a) the duties and functions of a position in the service are no longer required; or
- (b) the duties of the position are to be incorporated with those of another position;

the chief executive may terminate the services of the officer in accordance with the retrenchment or redundancy arrangements approved by the Governor in Council.

# Division 4 Other matters about the service

#### 19 Fund

- (1) The Queensland Ambulance Service Fund is established.
- (2) The Financial Administration and Audit Act 1977 applies to the fund.
- (3) Accounts for the fund must be kept as part of the departmental accounts of the department.
- (4) Amounts received for the fund must be deposited in a departmental financial-institution account of the department but may be deposited in an account used for depositing other amounts of the department.
- (5) Amounts received for the fund include the following received by the service—
  - (a) amounts received as charges for the use of ambulance services:
  - (b) amounts received by the department from other sources for the fund or amounts that must be paid into the fund;
  - (c) amounts received for the disposal of an asset that the chief executive considers was purchased substantially with amounts paid from the fund or the previous fund;
  - (d) interest from investment of the fund.
- (6) An amount is payable from the fund for the purposes of this Act.
- (7) In this section—

departmental accounts, of the department, means the accounts of the department under the *Financial Administration and Audit Act 1977*, section 12.

departmental financial-institution account, of the department, means an account of the department kept under the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1977, section 18.

*other amounts*, of the department, means amounts received by the department other than amounts received for the fund.

*previous fund* means the Ambulance Service Fund mentioned in the *Financial Administration and Audit Act 1977*, schedule 2, immediately before the commencement of this section.

# 22 Delegations

- (1) The chief executive may delegate the chief executive's powers under this Act to the commissioner or an appropriately qualified service officer.
- (2) The commissioner may delegate the commissioner's powers under this Act to an appropriately qualified service officer.
- (3) In subsections (1) and (2)—

appropriately qualified includes having the qualifications, experience or standing appropriate to exercise the power.

Example of standing—

a person's classification level in the service

# Part 4 Local ambulance committees

# Division 1 Establishment and functions of committees

#### 26 Establishment of committees

(1) The Minister may authorise the establishment of local ambulance committees.

- (2) A local ambulance committee is to be called '(name of area) local ambulance committee'.
- (3) A claim or proceeding by or against a committee may be made and enforced by a proceeding by or against a committee in the name of the committee.

#### 27 Functions of committees

The functions of a committee are—

- (a) to liaise between the community it represents and the service; and
- (b) to promote community participation in and awareness of ambulance services; and
- (c) to provide advice to the commissioner in respect of ambulance services in the community it represents; and
- (d) to undertake fundraising activities for the benefit of ambulance services in the community it represents; and
- (e) to manage money held on trust for the benefit of ambulance services in the community it represents; and
- (f) such other functions as the Minister agrees to.

# Division 2 Conduct of business and membership of committees

#### 28 Conduct of business

- (1) Subject to its constitution, a committee may conduct its business, including its meetings, in the way it considers appropriate.
- (2) Any matter not conducted by a committee in accordance with its constitution or the Minister's directions is invalid.

#### 29 Members of committees

(1) Adults who permanently reside or work in the area served, or to be served, by a committee may, at a general meeting called for the purpose, elect the committee's members.

- (2) A person who—
  - (a) does not permanently reside in the area served by a committee; or
  - (b) is not an adult; or
  - (c) is a service officer; or
  - (d) is an undischarged bankrupt or takes advantage of the laws in force for the time being relating to bankruptcy; or
  - (e) has been or is convicted in Queensland of an indictable offence or has been or is convicted elsewhere in respect of an act or omission that if done or made by that person in Queensland would have constituted an indictable offence:

is not to be elected as or to continue to be a member of a committee.

- (2A) Also, a person is not eligible to be a member of a committee while the person is a member of another committee.
  - (3) Each committee is to consist of—
    - (a) a president; and
    - (b) a vice-president; and
    - (c) a secretary; and
    - (d) a treasurer;

and not less than 1 and not more than 11 other members.

- (3A) Despite subsection (3), a committee may consist of more than 11 other members if the Minister is satisfied additional members are required to ensure the community is adequately represented on the committee.
  - (4) Nominations for election to a committee are to be sought, in the way stated in the committee's constitution, from members of the public.
  - (5) The election of members is to be conducted in accordance with the committee's constitution.
  - (6) Members of a committee elected under this section hold office in accordance with the committee's constitution or for such

- longer period as the Minister may, in a particular case, specify.
- (7) A member of a committee must at all times act honestly in the exercise of the powers and the performance of duties that he or she has as a member of a committee.
- (8) A member of a committee must not make improper use of their office or position to gain, directly or indirectly, an advantage for himself, herself or any other person, or to cause detriment to the committee.
- (9) The Minister may remove a member of a committee from office if the Minister is satisfied it would be in the public interest to do so and has consulted the committee about the removal.

# 29A Dealing with vacancy in office of a member

- (1) This section applies if a vacancy arises in the office of a member of a committee (the *first member*).
- (2) Despite section 29(1), the remaining members of the committee may appoint a person who is eligible to be a member of a committee (a *replacement member*) to the office.
- (3) Subject to section 29(2), (2A) and (9) and section 35, a replacement member holds office for the balance of the first member's term of office.

# 30 Liability of members

- (1) A member of a committee is liable to repay to the committee any money that member—
  - (a) improperly used; or
  - (b) spent without the authorisation of or ratification by the committee.
- (2) The committee may recover any money referred to in subsection (1) by action in any court of competent jurisdiction, from the member who improperly used it or spent it without authorisation or ratification.

#### 31 Protection of members

- (1) The members of a committee are not personally liable to contribute toward the payment of debts and liabilities of, or any judgment against, the committee.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply in respect of a personal guarantee given by a member of a committee in respect of arrangements by a committee.

### Division 3 Other matters about committees

# 31A Minister may approve or amend constitution

- (1) The Minister may approve a constitution for the conduct of a committee's business.
- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the constitution may provide for the following—
  - (a) the election of committee members;
  - (b) the term of office of a committee member;
  - (c) the times and places of committee meetings;
  - (d) the quorum for meetings;
  - (e) other matters the Minister considers relevant to the conduct of a committee's business.
- (3) The Minister may amend the constitution approved under subsection (1).
- (4) The constitution as approved and amended from time to time under this section is the constitution for each committee.

# 31B Commissioner to give constitution to committees

- (1) The commissioner must give a copy of the constitution to each committee as soon as practicable after it is approved under section 31A(1).
- (2) Also, if a committee is established after the commencement of this section, the commissioner must give a copy of the constitution to the committee as soon as practicable after it is established.

- (3) If the Minister amends the constitution, the commissioner must, as soon as practicable after it is amended, give each committee—
  - (a) a written notice stating the amendment; or
  - (b) a copy of the amended constitution.

# 32 Committees are statutory bodies

- (1) Under the *Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act* 1982, a committee is a statutory body.
- (2) The Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982, part 2B sets out the way in which a committee's powers under this Act are affected by the Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982.

# 33 Application of laws

The *Collections Act 1966* does not apply to the fundraising activities of or the collecting of donations by a committee.

# 34 Investigations

- (1) The Minister may at any time cause an investigation to be made into any committee, including the exercise by that committee of its functions and the application of its funds.
- (2) The Minister may appoint a person to make the investigation on his or her behalf.
- (3) Officers of the committee are to produce to the person conducting the investigation all documents of the committee requested by the person conducting the investigation.
- (4) At the conclusion of an investigation the person conducting the investigation is to make a written report to the Minister.

#### 35 Dissolution of committees

The Minister may dissolve a committee if—

(a) the committee has voted that it should be dissolved and has requested the Minister to dissolve it; or

- (b) in the opinion of the Minister, it has exhibited gross neglect of its functions, finances or administration; or
- (c) the Minister is satisfied it would be desirable in the public interest to do so.

#### 36 Effect of dissolution

If a committee is dissolved under section 35, the funds of the committee vest in the State on trust for the community represented by the committee.

# Part 4A Root cause analyses

# Division 1 Preliminary

# 36A Definitions for pt 4A

In this part—

*chain of events document* see section 36G(2).

commissioning authority see section 36E.

coroner see the Coroners Act 2003, schedule 2.

notice means written notice.

**RCA report** see section 36G(1).

**RCA team** means a group of persons appointed under section 36E.

# relevant person—

- (a) for the commissioning authority, means a person who provides administrative or secretarial services to the authority to help it exercise its powers under this part; or
- (b) for an RCA team, means a person—
  - (i) who provides administrative or secretarial services to the RCA team; or

- (ii) who advises the RCA team about—
  - (A) conducting an RCA of a reportable event; or
  - (B) preparing an RCA report or chain of events document for a reportable event.

### reportable event—

- (a) generally, means any of the following events that happen while an ambulance service is being provided to a person—
  - (i) the death of the person, or permanent injury suffered by the person, while giving birth;
  - (ii) the death of the person caused by the incorrect management of the person's medication;
  - (iii) the death of the person, or neurological damage suffered by the person, caused by an intravascular gas embolism;
  - (iv) the death of the person, or permanent loss of function suffered by the person, unrelated to the natural course of the person's medical condition for which he or she was receiving the ambulance service:
  - (v) the death of the person, or permanent injury suffered by the person, contributed to by an unreasonable delay in the provision of the ambulance service or a failure to meet recognised standards for providing the ambulance service;
  - (vi) the wrong procedure being performed on the person or a procedure being performed on the wrong part of the person's body; or
- (b) in relation to an RCA report or chain of events document, means the reportable event to which the report or document relates.

# 36B Meaning of root cause analysis

(1) **Root cause analysis** or **RCA**, of a reportable event, means a systematic process of analysis under which—

- (a) factors that contributed to the happening of the event may be identified; and
- (b) remedial measures that could be implemented to prevent a recurrence of a similar event may be identified.
- (2) However, a *root cause analysis* or *RCA* of a reportable event does not include—
  - (a) investigating the professional competence of a person in relation to the event; or
  - (b) finding out who is to blame for the happening of the event.

# 36C Purpose of pt 4A

The purpose of this part is to facilitate the use of root cause analyses by the Queensland Ambulance Service as a quality improvement technique to assess and respond to reportable events that happen while ambulance services are being provided.

# 36D Guiding principles for conduct of RCA of reportable event

The principles intended to guide the conduct of an RCA of a reportable event are the following—

- (a) reporting and acknowledging errors happening while ambulance services are being provided are encouraged if people do not fear blame or reprisal;
- (b) people involved in providing ambulance services should be accountable for their actions:
- (c) the focus of the RCA should be on identifying and improving the policies, procedures or practices relating to the provision of the ambulance service that contributed to the happening of the event, rather than on the conduct of individuals;
- (d) participation in the RCA should be voluntary;
- (e) the benefits of conducting the RCA will be maximised—

- (i) in an environment oriented towards learning from analysing the event; and
- (ii) if the RCA is conducted in a timely way;
- (f) teamwork, good communication and sharing of information by people involved in providing ambulance services should be fostered.

### Division 2 RCA teams

# 36E Appointment of RCA team

The commissioner (the *commissioning authority*) may appoint persons to be members of an RCA team to conduct an RCA of a reportable event.

# 36F Requirements for appointment

- (1) Before appointing persons to be members of an RCA team to conduct an RCA of a reportable event, the commissioning authority must be satisfied that—
  - (a) the persons—
    - (i) have the appropriate skills, knowledge and experience to conduct an RCA of the event, having regard to the nature of the event; and
    - (ii) were not directly involved in providing the ambulance service during the provision of which the event happened; and
  - (b) the conduct by the proposed RCA team of an RCA of the event would be assisted by the provision of immunities and protections provided to persons under divisions 5 and 6; and
  - (c) the potential benefit in disclosing relevant information is outweighed by the potential benefit of restricting disclosure of the information under division 5.
- (2) In this section—

*relevant information* means information that will be compiled by the proposed RCA team in the conduct of an RCA of the reportable event.

# Division 3 Reporting

### 36G RCA team's report and chain of events document

- (1) An RCA team must, as soon as practicable after conducting an RCA of a reportable event, prepare a report (the *RCA report*) stating the following—
  - (a) a description of the event;
  - (b) a statement of the factors the RCA team considers contributed to the happening of the event;
  - (c) any recommendations about changes or improvements in a policy, procedure or practice relating to the provision of ambulance services, to reduce the likelihood of, or prevent, the same type of event happening again during the provision of ambulance services.
- (2) In addition to the RCA report, the RCA team may prepare a document (the *chain of events document*) that details, or pictorially represents, the chain of events identified by the RCA team as having led to the happening of the reportable event.
- (3) The RCA report or chain of events document must not contain the name or address of—
  - (a) a person involved in providing the relevant ambulance service; or
  - (b) the person who received the relevant ambulance service; or
  - (c) a member of the RCA team.
- (4) In this section—

*relevant ambulance service* means the ambulance service during the provision of which the reportable event happened.

# 36H Reporting to commissioning authority

- (1) The RCA team must, as soon as practicable after preparing the RCA report, give the report to the commissioning authority.
- (2) If the RCA team prepares a chain of events document for the reportable event, it must at the time of giving the RCA report under subsection (1) also give the document to the commissioning authority.

# Division 4 Stopping conduct of RCA of reportable event

#### 36l Definition for div 4

In this division—

blameworthy act means any of the following—

- (a) an intentionally unsafe act;
- (b) deliberate abuse of a person receiving an ambulance service:
- (c) conduct that constitutes a criminal offence.

# 36J Stopping conduct of RCA of reportable event—RCA team

- (1) This section applies if, while conducting an RCA of a reportable event, the RCA team conducting the RCA reasonably believes—
  - (a) the event involves a blameworthy act; or
  - (b) the capacity of a person who was directly involved in providing the relevant ambulance service to safely and effectively provide the service was impaired by alcohol consumed, or a drug taken, by the person.
- (2) The RCA team must—
  - (a) stop conducting the RCA; and
  - (b) give notice to the commissioning authority that the RCA team has stopped conducting the RCA.

- (3) For subsection (2)(b), the notice—
  - (a) must be in the form approved by the chief executive; and
  - (b) must not contain any information about why the RCA team stopped conducting the RCA.
- (4) In this section—

**relevant ambulance service** means the ambulance service during the provision of which the reportable event happened.

# 36K Stopping conduct of RCA of reportable event—commissioning authority

- (1) This section applies if—
  - (a) the commissioning authority has appointed persons to be members of an RCA team to conduct an RCA of a reportable event; and
  - (b) the commissioning authority—
    - (i) receives information that leads the commissioning authority to reasonably believe—
      - (A) the event involves a blameworthy act; or
      - (B) the capacity of a person who was directly involved in providing the relevant ambulance service to safely and effectively provide the service was impaired by alcohol consumed, or a drug taken, by the person; or
    - (ii) becomes aware that a relevant entity has started an investigation or assessment of, or enquiry into, the event; or
    - (iii) later comes to the view that the event the basis of the appointment is not a reportable event.
- (2) If subsection (1)(b)(i) or (iii) applies, the commissioning authority must, by notice given to the RCA team, direct it to stop conducting the RCA.
- (3) If subsection (1)(b)(ii) applies, the commissioning authority may, by notice given to the RCA team, direct it to stop conducting the RCA.

- (4) For subsection (2) or (3), the notice given to the RCA team must be in the form approved by the chief executive.
- (5) Before acting under subsection (3), the commissioning authority may consult with any relevant entity.
- (6) In this section—

*relevant ambulance service* means the ambulance service during the provision of which the reportable event happened.

#### relevant entity means—

- (a) the Health Quality and Complaints Commission; or
- (b) a coroner; or
- (c) a board under the *Health Practitioner (Professional Standards) Act 1999*; or
- (d) the Queensland Nursing Council; or
- (e) the commissioner of the police service; or
- (f) another entity that has the power under an Act of the State, the Commonwealth or another State to investigate the event.

# Division 5 Disclosure or release of information

#### 36L Definitions for div 5

In this division—

*information* includes a document.

*medical director* means the Queensland Ambulance Service officer with the title 'medical director' or, if from time to time the title is changed, the changed title.

# 36M Disclosure of information—RCA team member or relevant person

(1) A person who is or was a member of an RCA team must not disclose to someone else information acquired by the person as a member of the RCA team, other than for the purpose (an *authorised purpose*) of—

- (a) the RCA team conducting an RCA of a reportable event; or
- (b) the RCA team preparing an RCA report or chain of events document; or
- (c) the RCA team giving the commissioning authority—
  - (i) an RCA report or chain of events document under section 36H; or
  - (ii) a notice under section 36J.

Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.

(2) Also, a person who is or was a relevant person for an RCA team must not disclose to someone else information acquired by the person as a relevant person for the RCA team, other than for an authorised purpose.

Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.

- (3) If information that may be disclosed under subsection (1) or (2) for an authorised purpose is information to which section 49(1)<sup>2</sup> applies, the information is for the purposes of section 49(2)(a) information that is expressly authorised or permitted to be given under this Act.
- (4) In this section—

# information includes—

- (a) the identity of a member of the RCA team; and
- (b) information from which a member of the RCA team could be identified.

# 36N Disclosure of information—commissioning authority or relevant person

(1) A person who is or was the commissioning authority must not disclose to someone else information contained in an RCA report or chain of events document, or give someone else a copy of an RCA report or chain of events document, received by the person under section 36H, other than—

<sup>2</sup> Section 49 (Confidentiality)

- (a) as required or permitted under sections 36O to 36S; or
- (b) as permitted under subsection (2).

Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.

- (2) The commissioning authority may give a safety and quality report prepared by the commissioning authority to an entity with responsibilities for the management of safety initiatives and programs for the Queensland Ambulance Service.
- (3) Also, a person who is or was the commissioning authority must not disclose to someone else—
  - (a) the identity of a member of an RCA team; or
  - (b) information from which a member of the RCA team could be identified.

Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.

- (4) Subsections (1) and (3) do not apply to the disclosure of information by the commissioning authority that is necessary or incidental to the exercise by the authority of its powers under this part.
- (5) Also, a person who is or was a relevant person for the commissioning authority must not disclose to someone else information acquired by the person as a relevant person for the authority.

Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.

- (6) Subsection (5) does not apply to the disclosure of information by a relevant person for the commissioning authority for the purpose of helping the authority exercise its powers under this part.
- (7) If information that may be disclosed under this section is information to which section 49(1)<sup>3</sup> applies, the information is for the purposes of section 49(2)(a) information that is expressly authorised or permitted to be given under this Act.
- (8) This section does not authorise the attachment of a copy of an RCA report or chain of events document to a safety and quality report.

<sup>3</sup> Section 49 (Confidentiality)

### (9) In this section—

safety and quality report means a report about the safety and quality of the ambulance service to which an RCA report relates that is based on information contained in the RCA report.

# 360 Release of information to Health Quality and Complaints Commission

The commissioning authority must, as soon as practicable after receiving an RCA report under section 36H, give the Health Quality and Complaints Commission—

- (a) a copy of the report; and
- (b) details of the place where the reportable event happened.

# 36P Giving of copy of RCA report or chain of events document—medical director

- (1) The commissioning authority may give a copy of each RCA report or chain of events document received by the authority under section 36H to the medical director for an authorised purpose.
- (2) At the time of giving a copy of an RCA report or chain of events document to the medical director under section 36H, the commissioning authority must also give the medical director—
  - (a) details of the reportable event; and
  - (b) details of the place where the event happened.
- (3) The medical director—
  - (a) must not give a copy of the report or document to anyone else, other than a person who performs functions relating to the authorised purpose for the medical director; and
  - (b) must not disclose any information contained in the copy of the report or document, or information mentioned in subsection (2), to anyone else other than for the authorised purpose for which the copy of the report or document was given; and

(c) must not use the copy of the report or document, and the information mentioned in subsection (2), other than for the authorised purpose for which the copy of the report or document was given.

Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.

- (4) A person who performs functions relating to the authorised purpose for the medical director—
  - (a) must not give a copy of the report or document to anyone else; and
  - (b) must not disclose any information contained in the copy of the report or document, or information mentioned in subsection (2), to anyone else other than for the authorised purpose for which the copy of the report or document was given; and
  - (c) must not use the copy of the report or document, and the information mentioned in subsection (2), other than for the authorised purpose for which the copy of the report or document was given.

Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.

- (5) An authorised purpose mentioned in subsection (3)(b) or (c) or subsection (4)(b) or (c) does not include the disclosure of information contained in the copy of the RCA report or chain of events document, or information mentioned in subsection (2), that may lead to the identification of—
  - (a) a person involved in providing the relevant ambulance service; or
  - (b) the person who received the relevant ambulance service.
- (6) In this section—

authorised purpose means a purpose relating to the planning, implementation, management and evaluation of safety initiatives and programs for the Queensland Ambulance Service.

*relevant ambulance service* means the ambulance service during the provision of which the reportable event happened.

# 36Q Giving of copy of RCA report etc.—investigation under the Coroners Act 2003

- (1) This section applies if—
  - (a) a coroner is investigating the death of a person; and
  - (b) the death is a reportable event that happened while an ambulance service was being provided to the person.
- (2) This section also applies if—
  - (a) a coroner is investigating the death of a person; and
  - (b) the coroner considers that a reportable event that happened while an ambulance service was being provided to the person may be relevant to the investigation; and
  - (c) the event is not the death.
- (3) If the coroner, or a police officer helping the coroner to investigate the death, asks the commissioning authority whether an RCA team has conducted or is conducting an RCA of the reportable event, the commissioning authority must respond to the query as soon as practicable.

Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.

- (4) Subsection (5) applies if—
  - (a) an RCA of the reportable event has been conducted by an RCA team; and
  - (b) an RCA report relating to the event has been given under section 36H to the commissioning authority; and
  - (c) the commissioning authority has under subsection (3) received a query from the coroner or a police officer helping the coroner to investigate the death.
- (5) The commissioning authority must—
  - (a) if the commissioning authority received the report before receiving the query under subsection (3)—give a copy of the report to the coroner or police officer as soon as practicable after receiving the query; or
  - (b) if the commissioning authority had not received the report before receiving the query under subsection

(3)—give a copy of the report to the coroner or police officer as soon as practicable after receiving the report.

Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.

- (6) Subsection (7) applies if—
  - (a) an RCA has been started by an RCA team in relation to the reportable event; and
  - (b) the RCA team has, under section 36J(2) or 36K(2) or (3), stopped conducting the RCA; and
  - (c) the commissioning authority has under subsection (3) received a query from the coroner or a police officer helping the coroner to investigate the death.
- (7) The commissioning authority must—
  - (a) if the RCA team stopped conducting the RCA before the commissioning authority received the query under subsection (3)—give the coroner or police officer a stop notice as soon as practicable after receiving the query; or
  - (b) otherwise—give the coroner or police officer a stop notice as soon as practicable.
- (8) In this section—

stop notice means a notice stating—

- (a) if the RCA team stopped conducting the RCA under section 36J(2)—that fact; or
- (b) if the RCA team stopped conducting the RCA because of a direction given by the commissioning authority under section 36K(2) or (3)—
  - (i) that fact; and
  - (ii) the reasons for giving the direction.

# 36R Giving of information to Minister or chief executive

- (1) The Minister or chief executive may, in relation to an RCA of a reportable event, ask the commissioning authority—
  - (a) whether an RCA report has been received by the authority under section 36H; and

- (b) if an RCA report has been received by the authority under section 36H—for a copy of the report.
- (2) The authority must comply with the request as soon as practicable.

# 36S Giving of copy of, or information contained in, RCA report—person who has sufficient personal or professional interest

The commissioning authority may give a copy of an RCA report received by the authority under section 36H, or information contained in the report, to a person who the authority reasonably believes has a sufficient personal or professional interest in the reportable event.

# 36T Information not to be given in evidence

- (1) A stated person is neither competent nor compellable—
  - (a) to produce in a proceeding, or in compliance with a requirement under an Act or legal process, any document in the person's possession or under the person's control created—
    - (i) by, or at the request of, a person under this part; or
    - (ii) solely for the conduct of an RCA of a reportable event; or
  - (b) to divulge or communicate in a proceeding, or in compliance with a requirement under an Act or legal process, information that came to the person's notice as a stated person.

#### Example—

Under subsection (1), a stated person is neither competent nor compellable to produce a document or give information mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) of the subsection to an authorised person under a notice given to the stated person under the *Health Quality and Complaints Commission Act* 2006, section 123.

- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a requirement made in proceedings for an alleged offence against this part or section 49<sup>4</sup> by the stated person.
- (3) In this section—

### *information* includes—

- (a) the identity of a member of an RCA team; and
- (b) information from which a member of an RCA team could be identified.

stated person means a person who is or was any of the following—

- (a) a member of an RCA team;
- (b) the commissioning authority;
- (c) a relevant person for an RCA team or the commissioning authority;
- (d) a person who performs functions for the medical director.

# 36U Information-provider can not be compelled to give particular information in evidence

A person can not be compelled to divulge or communicate in a proceeding, or in compliance with a requirement under an Act or legal process, any of the following information—

- (a) whether or not the person gave information to an RCA team for its conduct of an RCA of a reportable event;
- (b) what information the person gave to an RCA team for its conduct of an RCA of a reportable event;
- (c) information given by the person to an RCA team that was created by the person or another person solely for its conduct of an RCA of a reportable event;
- (d) information the person was given, or questions the person was asked, by an RCA team during its conduct of an RCA of a reportable event.

<sup>4</sup> Section 49 (Confidentiality)

# Division 6 Protections

# 36V Protection from liability

- (1) A person who is or was a member of an RCA team, or relevant person for an RCA team, is not civilly liable for an act done, or omission made, honestly and without negligence under this part.
- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), if the act or omission involves giving information—
  - (a) in a proceeding for defamation, the person has a defence of absolute privilege for publishing the information; and
  - (b) if the person would otherwise be required to maintain confidentiality about the information given under an Act, oath, or rule of law or practice, the person—
    - (i) does not contravene the Act, oath, or rule of law or practice by giving the information; and
    - (ii) is not liable to disciplinary action for giving the information.
- (3) If a person who is or was a member of an RCA team, or relevant person for an RCA team, incurs costs in defending proceedings relating to a liability against which the person is protected under this section, the person must be indemnified by the State.

# 36W Giving of information protected

(1) This section applies to a person who honestly and on reasonable grounds gives information to an RCA team, or a relevant person for an RCA team, for the RCA team's conduct of an RCA of a reportable event.

Examples of persons who may give information under subsection (1)—

- the commissioning authority
- a relevant person for the commissioning authority
- (2) The person is not subject to any liability for giving the information and no action, claim or demand may be taken or made of or against the person for giving the information.

- (3) Also, merely because the person gives the information, the person can not be held to have—
  - (a) breached any code of professional etiquette or ethics; or
  - (b) departed from accepted standards of professional conduct.
- (4) Without limiting subsections (2) and (3)—
  - (a) in a proceeding for defamation, the person has a defence of absolute privilege for publishing the information; and
  - (b) if the person would otherwise be required to maintain confidentiality about the information under an Act, oath, or rule of law or practice, the person—
    - (i) does not contravene the Act, oath, or rule of law or practice by giving the information; and
    - (ii) is not liable to disciplinary action for giving the information.

# 36X Reprisal and grounds for reprisals

- (1) A person must not cause, or attempt or conspire to cause, detriment to another person because, or in the belief that, anybody has provided, or may provide, assistance to an RCA team in its conduct of an RCA of a reportable event.
- (2) An attempt to cause detriment includes an attempt to induce a person to cause detriment.
- (3) A contravention of subsection (1) is a reprisal or the taking of a reprisal.
- (4) A ground mentioned in subsection (1) as the ground for a reprisal is the unlawful ground for the reprisal.
- (5) For the contravention to happen, it is sufficient if the unlawful ground is a substantial ground for the act or omission that is the reprisal, even if there is another ground for the act or omission.

# 36Y Offence for taking reprisal

(1) A person who takes a reprisal commits an offence.

Maximum penalty—167 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment.

(2) The offence is a misdemeanour.

# 36Z Damages entitlement for reprisal

- (1) A reprisal is a tort and a person who takes a reprisal is liable in damages to any person who suffers detriment as a result.
- (2) Any appropriate remedy that may be granted by a court for a tort may be granted by a court for the taking of a reprisal.
- (3) If the claim for damages goes to trial in the Supreme Court or the District Court, it must be decided by a judge sitting without a jury.

# Division 7 Miscellaneous

# 36ZA Application of provisions of this part

If the commissioning authority acts or purports to act under section  $36E^5$  and it transpires the event the basis of the action is not a reportable event, the provisions of this part apply as if the event were a reportable event.

# 36ZB RCA report not admissible in evidence

- (1) An RCA report is not admissible in evidence in any proceedings, including, for example—
  - (a) a civil proceeding; or
  - (b) a criminal proceeding; or
  - (c) a disciplinary proceeding under the *Health Practitioners* (*Professional Standards*) *Act 1999*.
- (2) However, a copy of an RCA report given to a coroner under section 36Q may be admitted in evidence by a coroner in an inquest under the *Coroners Act 2003* into the death of a person—

<sup>5</sup> Section 36E (Appointment of RCA team)

- (a) if section 36Q(1) applies—if the reportable event is the death; or
- (b) if section 36Q(2) applies—if the reportable event happened while an ambulance service was being provided to the person.
- (3) Subsection (1) applies subject to section 36T(2).6

# 36ZC Review of pt 4A

- (1) The Minister must, before the second anniversary of the commencement of section 36E, start a review of this part to ensure it is adequately meeting community expectations and its provisions remain appropriate.
- (2) The Minister must, as soon as practicable after the review is finished, cause a report of the outcome of the review to be laid before the Legislative Assembly.

# Part 5 Administration and powers

#### 37 Authorised officers

The commissioner may authorise a service officer, or service officers of a class of service officers, to exercise—

- (a) all the powers conferred by this Act on an authorised officer; or
- (b) any power or class of power conferred by this Act on an authorised officer.

### 38 Powers of authorised officers

(1) An authorised officer, in providing ambulance services, may take any reasonable measures—

<sup>6</sup> Section 36T (Information not to be given in evidence)

- (a) to protect persons from any danger or potential danger associated with an emergency situation; and
- (b) to protect persons trapped in a vehicle, receptacle, vessel or otherwise endangered; and
- (c) to protect themselves or other officers or persons from danger, potential danger or assault from other persons.
- (2) Without limiting the measures that may be taken for a purpose specified in subsection (1)(a) or (b), an authorised officer may, for that purpose—
  - (a) enter any premises, vehicle or vessel; and
  - (b) open any receptacle, using such force as is reasonably necessary; and
  - (c) bring any apparatus or equipment onto premises; and
  - (d) remove from or otherwise deal with, any article or material in the area; and
  - (e) destroy (wholly or partially) or damage any premises, vehicle, vessel or receptacle; and
  - (f) cause the gas or electricity supply or motor or any other source of energy to any premises, vehicle, vessel or receptacle to be shut off or disconnected; and
  - (g) request any person to take all reasonable measures to assist the authorised officer; and
  - (h) administer such basic life support and advanced life support procedures as are consistent with the training and qualifications of the authorised officer.
- (3) Without limiting the measures that may be taken for a purpose specified in subsection (1)(c), an authorised officer may, for that purpose, require any person not to enter into or remain within a specified area around the site of the danger to a patient.

# 39 Protection from certain liability

(1) The State is to indemnify every service officer against all actions, proceedings and claims in relation to—

- (a) acts done, or omitted to be done, by the officer under section 38; or
- (b) acts done, or omitted to be done, by the officer in good faith for the purposes of section 38.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1), a service officer includes a person required under section 38(2)(g) to assist an authorised officer.

# 40 Power to accept gifts etc.

- (1) The State and each committee may acquire, for any purpose connected with—
  - (a) the provision of ambulance services; or
  - (b) any of its functions;
  - any property by gift, devise or bequest and may agree to carry out the conditions of the gift, devise or bequest.
- (2) If the gift, devise or bequest is of property other than money and is given or made to a committee, the property vests in the State on trust for the committee.

# 41 Codes of practice

- (1) The commissioner may issue codes of practice, not inconsistent with this Act, relating to—
  - (a) the functions, powers, conduct, discipline and appearance of service officers; and
  - (b) the performance of duties and the training of service officers; and
  - (c) any functions imposed or powers conferred by this Act.
- (2) The commissioner may amend or revoke a code of practice.
- (3) Wilful failure to comply with a code of practice is grounds for disciplinary action.

# Part 6 Offences

# 42 Right of way to ambulances

- (1) Despite the provisions of the *Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995*, a driver of a vehicle (other than a train), to the extent practicable, is to give clear and uninterrupted passage to—
  - (a) any ambulance with warning devices sounding or warning lights activated; and
  - (b) any service officer or any person acting under the direction of a service officer who appears to be doing any act for the purposes of assisting at an accident or other emergency.
- (2) A person is not to fail to comply with subsection (1).

Maximum penalty for subsection (2)—50 penalty units or 6 months imprisonment.

# 43 Unauthorised ambulance transport

(1) A person, other than the chief executive or the commissioner, is not to directly or indirectly imply that the person provides or participates in providing ambulance transport without the approval of the Minister and except in accordance with such conditions (if any) as the Minister may impose.

# Maximum penalty—

- (a) in the case of an individual—16 penalty units; or
- (b) in the case of a corporation—50 penalty units.
- (2) The Minister may revoke any approval given, or revoke or vary any condition imposed, under this section.
- (3) This section does not apply to—
  - (a) the Royal Flying Doctor Service of Australia; and
  - (b) an ambulance service conducted under the *Health* Services Act 1991.

### 46 Obstruction

A person must not wilfully obstruct or hinder any person acting under the authority of this Act.

Maximum penalty—16 penalty units.

### 47 False calls

- (1) A person must not—
  - (a) by conduct; or
  - (b) by statements (oral or written); or
  - (c) by conduct and statements (oral or written);

falsely and with knowledge of the falsity represent that circumstances exist that result in the utilisation of any resources of the service.

Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.

# (2) A court—

- (a) by which a person is found guilty; or
- (b) before which a person pleads guilty;

of an offence defined in subsection (1), whether or not it imposes a penalty in respect of the offence, may order the person to pay to the chief executive, a reasonable sum for the expenses of or incidental to any utilisation of its resources as a result of the false representation.

# 48 Restricted use of words 'Ambulance Service'

- (1) A person must not—
  - (a) without the written authority of the Minister—use the words 'Ambulance Service' or any similar name, title or description; or
  - (b) represent that the person is associated with the service unless such an association exists; or
  - (c) without the written authority of the Minister—use the word 'Ambulance' on any vehicle that is not operated by the service; or

- (d) impersonate a service officer; or
- (e) without the written authority of the Minister—use any insignia of the service in any manner contrary to the manner approved by the Minister.

# Maximum penalty—

- (a) in the case of an individual—16 penalty units; or
- (b) in the case of a corporation—50 penalty units.
- (2) This section does not apply to—
  - (a) an ambulance service conducted under the *Health* Services Act 1991; and
  - (b) the use of the word 'Ambulance' by St John Ambulance Australia-Queensland as part of its name; and
  - (c) the use of the words 'animal ambulance' on a vehicle owned or operated by an animal welfare organisation for the transport of sick or injured animals.

# 49 Confidentiality

(1) A service officer or agent of the service must not give, directly or indirectly, to any other person any information acquired as such an officer or agent in respect of a person who could be identified from the information as a person who has received prehospital care or ambulance services.

Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.

- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply—
  - (a) to information that an officer or agent is expressly authorised or permitted to give under this or any other Act or that is required by operation of law; or
  - (b) to information given with the prior consent of the person to whom it relates or, if the person has died, with the consent of the spouse or senior available next of kin of the person; or
  - (c) to information concerning the condition of a person who has received ambulance services if the information is communicated by an ambulance officer to—

- (i) a member of the medical staff of a hospital; or
- (ii) a medical practitioner; or
- (iii) another ambulance officer or a member of an ambulance service (or similar body providing ambulance services) from outside Queensland; or
- (iv) the next of kin or a near relative, including a spouse, of the person;

in accordance with the recognised standards of medical practice; or

- (d) to information given to the Australian Red Cross Society for the purpose of tracing blood, or blood products derived from blood, infected with any disease or the donor or recipient of any such blood; or
- (e) to information required in connection with the further treatment of a patient in accordance with the recognised standards of the medical profession; or
- (f) to information used in the conduct of research which has the approval of an appropriate ethics committee which will not identify individual patients.
- (3) In subsection (2)—

*medical practitioner* includes a person registered under a law of another State that provides for the same matter as the *Medical Practitioners Registration Act 2001* or a provision of that Act.

# 50 Proceedings for offences

- (1) A prosecution for an offence against this Act is to be by way of summary proceedings under the *Justices Act 1886* on complaint of—
  - (a) a person authorised by the chief executive for that purpose, either generally or in a particular case; or
  - (b) a police officer.
- (2) The authority of a person referred to in subsection (1)(a) to make a complaint is to be presumed until the contrary is proved.

(3) The requirement to proceed in a summary way is subject to section 50B.

# 50A Proceedings for indictable offences

- (1) A proceeding for an indictable offence against this Act may be taken, at the election of the prosecution—
  - (a) by way of summary proceeding under the *Justices Act* 1886; or
  - (b) on indictment.
- (2) A magistrate must not hear an indictable offence summarily if—
  - (a) the defendant asks at the start of the hearing that the charge be prosecuted on indictment; or
  - (b) the magistrate considers the charge should be prosecuted on indictment.
- (3) If subsection (2) applies—
  - (a) the magistrate must proceed by way of an examination of witnesses for an indictable offence; and
  - (b) a plea of the person charged at the start of the proceeding must be disregarded; and
  - (c) evidence brought in the proceeding before the magistrate decided to act under subsection (2) is taken to be evidence in the proceeding for the committal of the person for trial or sentence; and
  - (d) before committing the person for trial or sentence, the magistrate must make a statement to the person as required by the *Justices Act 1886*, section 104(2)(b).<sup>7</sup>

# 50B Limitation on who may summarily hear indictable offence

(1) The proceeding must be before a magistrate if it is a proceeding—

<sup>7</sup> *Justices Act 1886*, section 104 (Proceedings upon an examination of witnesses in relation to an indictable offence)

- (a) for the summary conviction of a person on a charge for an indictable offence; or
- (b) for an examination of witnesses for a charge for an indictable offence.
- (2) However, if the proceeding is brought before a justice who is not a magistrate, jurisdiction is limited to taking or making a procedural action or order within the meaning of the *Justices of the Peace and Commissioners for Declarations Act 1991*.

# Part 7 General

# 51 Exemption from tolls

A service officer driving an ambulance, and the vehicle, are exempt from the payment of any toll in respect of the use of any road, bridge or vehicular ferry.

### 52 Interstate assistance at accidents

- (1) In this section
  - *officer in charge* means the person who, under a direction of the commissioner, is in charge at an accident.
- (2) Every member of an ambulance service (or similar body providing ambulance services) from outside Queensland who assists at an accident in Queensland and any plant and equipment in the member's charge is at the disposal of the officer in charge and is taken to be under the control and direction of that officer.
- (3) If there is no officer in charge, the member of the ambulance service or similar body from outside Queensland who is in charge of other members of that ambulance service or similar body has—
  - (a) the control and direction of all persons assisting at the accident; and
  - (b) all the powers conferred by or under this Act on an authorised officer.

# 53A Function of Emergency Services Advisory Council

- (1) For this Act, the council's function is to advise the Minister about—
  - (a) the extent to which current service delivery by the service—
    - (i) satisfies community needs; and
    - (ii) contributes to the achievement of the Government's desired outcomes for the community; and
    - (iii) satisfies the performance targets mentioned in the service's annual strategic plan; and
  - (b) anything else relevant to the functions of the service, referred to the council by the Minister.
- (2) In this section—

*council* means the Emergency Services Advisory Council established under the *Fire and Rescue Service Act 1990*.

# 53B Exemption from payment for ambulance service

- (1) Subject to subsection (3), the following persons are not liable to pay a charge under this Act for the use of an ambulance service—
  - (a) an individual whose principal place of residence is in Queensland;
  - (b) another individual who is—
    - (i) a dependant of a person mentioned in paragraph (a); or
    - (ii) under 25 and a full-time student at an educational institution in the State; or
    - (iii) under 25 and a full-time student at an educational institution in another State or a Territory if the student is a child of a person mentioned in paragraph (a).
- (2) In deciding whether an individual's principal place of residence is in Queensland, all of the person's circumstances

may be taken into account, including, for example, any of the following circumstances—

- (a) the individual's address as shown on the individual's driver's licence or an electoral roll for an electoral district under the *Electoral Act 1992*;
- (b) whether the individual is living outside of the State.
- (3) If an ambulance service is provided to a person, a fee prescribed under a regulation is payable by the person if the person is entitled to recover the amount of the fee under any of the following—
  - (a) the Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003;
  - (b) the Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986 (Cwlth);
  - (c) another law of a State, a Territory or the Commonwealth

# 53C Agreement about payment for ambulance service

The chief executive may enter into an agreement with any of the following entities about the payment of an amount for ambulance services provided to a person under this Act—

- (a) WorkCover Queensland established under the *Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003*;
- (b) the Repatriation Commission continued in existence under the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (Cwlth), section 179;
- (c) the chief executive of the department in which the *Health Services Act 1991* is administered;
- (d) another entity the chief executive considers appropriate.

# 53D Recovery of fees and charges

A fee or charge payable under this Act and not paid is a debt due to the State and may be recovered by the chief executive in a court having jurisdiction for the recovery of the amount claimed.

# 54 Regulation-making power

- (1) The Governor in Council may make regulations under this Act.
- (2) A regulation may be made for or about—
  - (a) charges to be made for the use of ambulance services; and
  - (b) the entitlements of persons who use ambulance services; and
  - (c) all matters that arise in connection with the entitlements of and the conditions of employment, occupational superannuation, retrenchment or redundancy of service officers; and
  - (d) the procedures to be followed by an RCA team in its conduct of an RCA of a reportable event.
- (4) The chief executive may set fees for the special use of ambulance services and vehicles not otherwise provided for under subsection (2).
- (5) A regulation may impose a penalty not exceeding 16 penalty units for a breach of the regulation.
- (6) A regulation may, where a breach of it is a continuing breach, impose a daily penalty for the breach not exceeding 3 penalty units.

# Part 8 Savings and transitional provisions

### Division 1

Provisions for Act before commencement of Emergency Services Legislation Amendment Act 1998

s 55

### 54A Definitions

In this division—

amendment Act means the Ambulance Service Amendment Act 1997.

*commencement* means the commencement of the amendment Act, section 5.

*corporation* means the corporation sole under this Act as in force immediately before the commencement.

*former service* means the Queensland Ambulance Service in existence immediately before the commencement.

*transferred officer* means a person taken to be employed as an ambulance, medical or administrative officer of the service under section 61, 62 or 63.

# 55 Superannuation entitlements

- (1) The Queensland Ambulance Service Superannuation Scheme is continued in existence.
- (2) A person who, under section 8.28 becomes an employee of the Queensland Ambulance Service—
  - (a) retains all entitlements accrued or accruing to that person as a contributor to or member of the superannuation scheme to which that person contributed

<sup>8</sup> Section 8.2 (Employment of staff of Board and previous Committees) was omitted by the *Statute Law Revision Act 1995* but provided for the transfer of employees of the board and previous committees to the Queensland Ambulance Service.

- and was a member of immediately prior to the commencement of this Act; and
- (b) is entitled to payments and other benefits from it in respect of that person.
- (3) A person who becomes an employee of the Queensland Ambulance Service is to continue to contribute to the scheme referred to in subsection (1).
- (4) The trustees may amend the scheme.
- (5) However, an amendment prejudicing a right accrued or accruing to a person under the scheme may be made only if the person has given written consent to the amendment.

# 56 References to the board and previous committees

- (1) A reference in any Act, will, document or writing to the State Council of the Queensland Ambulance Transport Brigade, the board or a previous committee is to be construed as a reference to the service or the relevant committee, as the case may require.
- (2) In subsection (1)—

**board** means the Queensland Ambulance Services Board constituted under the *Ambulance Services Act* 1967, section 6.

*previous committee* means a committee constituted under the *Ambulance Services Act 1967*, section 19.

### 57 References to Ambulance Services Act 1967

In an Act or document, a reference to the *Ambulance Services Act 1967* is taken to be a reference to this Act.

# 58 References to corporation and former service

A reference in an Act or document in existence immediately before the commencement to the corporation or former service is a reference to the service.

# 59 Vesting of assets

On the commencement, the assets, rights and liabilities of the corporation or former service vest in the service.

# 60 Legal proceedings

A legal proceeding that could have been started or continued by or against the corporation or the former service before the commencement may be started or continued by or against the service.

### 61 Ambulance officers

- (1) A person who, immediately before the commencement, was employed as an ambulance officer of the former service is, on the commencement, taken to be employed as an ambulance officer of the service.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a person holding office as an honorary ambulance officer.

### 62 Medical officers

A person who, immediately before the commencement, was employed as a medical officer of the former service is, on the commencement, taken to be employed as a medical officer of the service.

### 63 Administrative and service officers

A person who, immediately before the commencement, was employed as an administrative or service officer of the former service is, on the commencement, taken to be employed as an administrative officer of the service.

# 64 Conditions of employment of transferred officers

(1) The conditions of employment applying to a transferred officer must be no less favourable than the conditions that applied to the officer immediately before the commencement.

- (2) A transferred officer remains entitled to all rights accrued or accruing to the officer as an employee of the former service.
- (3) Without limiting subsection (2), a transferred officer is entitled to receive annual, sick and long service leave and any similar entitlements accrued or accruing to the officer as an employee of the former service.
- (4) The recognised service of a transferred officer is taken to be service as an employee of the service for the purpose of any law dealing with rights or entitlements mentioned in this section.
- (5) In subsection (4)—

**recognised service** of a transferred officer means the officer's service as an employee of the former service, and includes any previous service of the officer taken to be service with the former service.

# 65 Honorary ambulance officers

A person who, immediately before the commencement, was an honorary ambulance officer with the former service is taken to be appointed as an honorary ambulance officer for the service.

#### 66 Trusts

On the commencement, any property that, immediately before the commencement, was held in trust by the former service or the corporation vests in the service on the same trusts to which the property was subject immediately before the vesting.

# 67 Duty to assist transfer of property

- (1) The registrar of titles and all persons who keep registers of dealings in property must, if asked by the service, make in the register all entries necessary to record the vesting of property in the service by this division.
- (2) A request under this section is not liable to fees or stamp duty.

# Division 2 Provision for Emergency Services Legislation Amendment Act 1998

# 68 Board members go out of office

- (1) On the commencement of this section the members of the board go out of office.
- (2) In this section—

**board** means the service's board under this Act as in force immediately before the commencement of the *Emergency Services Legislation Amendment Act 1998*.

# Division 3 Provisions for Emergency Services Legislation Amendment Act 2001

### 69 Definitions for div 3

In this division—

Act after amendment means the Ambulance Service Act 1991 as in force immediately after the commencement.

Act before amendment means the Ambulance Service Act 1991 as in force immediately before the commencement.

amendment Act means the Emergency Services Legislation Amendment Act 2001.

*commencement* means the commencement of the amendment Act.

*former service* means the Queensland Ambulance Service in existence immediately before the commencement.

*transferred officer* means a person taken to be employed as a service officer under section 76.

### 70 Former service dissolved

The corporate entity that is the former service is dissolved.

# 71 Superannuation entitlements

The amendment Act does not—

- (a) affect the continuation of a transferred officer as an employed member for the purposes of the *Superannuation (State Public Sector) Deed 1990*; or
- (b) otherwise affects any superannuation of a transferred officer.

### 72 References to former service

A reference in an Act or document in existence immediately before the commencement to the former service is, if the context permits, taken to be a reference to the State.

# 73 Vesting of assets

On the commencement, the assets, rights and liabilities of the former service vest in the State.

# 74 Legal or disciplinary proceedings

- (1) A legal proceeding relating to something that happened before the commencement that could have been started or continued by or against the former service if the Amendment Act had not been passed may from the commencement be started or continued by or against the State.
- (2) A disciplinary proceeding relating to something that happened before the commencement that could have been started or continued by the former service if the Amendment Act had not been passed may from the commencement be started or continued by the chief executive.

# 75 Suspension

The suspension of a service officer in force immediately before the commencement is taken, from the commencement, to continue in force under this Act.

### 76 Service officers

A person who, immediately before the commencement, was employed as a service officer of the former service is, on the commencement, taken to be employed as a service officer of an equivalent class for the service.

# 77 Conditions of employment of transferred officers

- (1) The conditions of employment applying to a transferred officer must be no less favourable than the conditions that applied to the officer immediately before the commencement.
- (2) A transferred officer remains entitled to all rights accrued or accruing to the officer as an employee of the former service.
- (3) Without limiting subsection (2), a transferred officer is entitled to receive annual, sick and long service leave and any similar entitlements accrued or accruing to the officer as an employee of the former service.
- (4) Subsection (1) does not limit section 13.

# 78 Honorary ambulance officers

A person who, immediately before the commencement, was an honorary ambulance officer with the former service is taken, on the commencement, to be appointed as an honorary ambulance officer for the service.

### 79 Trusts

Any property that, immediately before the commencement, was held in trust by the former service, on the commencement, vests in the State on the same trusts to which the property was subject immediately before the vesting.

# 80 Duty to help transfer of property

(1) The registrar of titles and all persons who keep registers of dealings in property must, if asked by the chief executive,

make in the register all entries necessary to record the vesting of property in the State by this division.

(2) A request under this section is not liable to fees or stamp duty.

# 81 Things taken to have been done etc. by commissioner

- (1) Anything declared, done, given, granted, made or issued by the commissioner under a commissioner's section and in force, or having effect, immediately before the commencement is, from the commencement, taken to have been declared, done, given, granted, made or issued by the commissioner.
- (2) If the action mentioned in subsection (1) involves a period of time, the subsection must not be taken to extend or otherwise affect the period.
- (3) In this section—

commissioner's section means a section that, immediately before the commencement, referred to action of the commissioner as commissioner of the former service and after the commencement refers to action of the commissioner of the service.

# Things taken to have been done etc. by chief executive

- (1) Anything declared, done, given, granted, made or issued by the commissioner under a chief executive's section and in force, or having effect, immediately before the commencement is, from the commencement, taken to have been declared, done, given, granted, made or issued by the chief executive.
- (2) If the action mentioned in subsection (1) involves a period of time, the subsection must not be taken to extend or otherwise affect the period.
- (3) In this section—

*chief executive's section* means a section that, immediately before the commencement, referred to action of the commissioner and after the commencement refers to action of the chief executive.

# Other things taken to have been done etc. by chief executive

- (1) Anything declared, done, given, granted, made or issued by the former service under a chief executive's section and in force, or having effect, immediately before the commencement is, from the commencement, taken to have been declared, done, given, granted, made or issued by the chief executive.
- (2) If the action mentioned in subsection (1) involves a period of time, the subsection must not be taken to extend or otherwise affect the period.
- (3) In this section—

chief executive's section means a section that, immediately before the commencement, referred to action of the former service and after the commencement refers to action of the chief executive.

# 84 Other things taken to have been done etc. by the State

- (1) Anything declared, done, given, granted, made or issued by the former service under a State's section and in force, or having effect, immediately before the commencement is, from the commencement, taken to have been declared, done, given, granted, made or issued by the State.
- (2) If the action mentioned in subsection (1) involves a period of time, the subsection must not be taken to extend or otherwise affect the period.
- (3) In this section—

*State's section* means a section that, immediately before the commencement, referred to action of the former service and after the commencement refers to action by the State.

### 85 Closure of Ambulance Service Fund

- (1) On the commencement—
  - (a) the Ambulance Service Fund is closed; and

- (b) the chief executive must record the closing balance of the accounts for the Ambulance Service Fund as the opening balance of the accounts for the new fund.
- (2) An entry that, apart from subsection (1), would need to be made in the accounts for the Ambulance Service Fund must be made in the accounts for the new fund.
- (3) In this section—

Ambulance Service Fund means the Ambulance Service Fund mentioned in the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1977, schedule 2, immediately before the commencement of this section.

**new fund** means the Queensland Ambulance Service Fund established under section 19.

# Division 4 Provisions for Emergency Services Legislation Amendment Act 2002

### 87 Definitions for div 4

In this division—

approval day means the day the Minister approves, under section 31A(1), the constitution for the conduct of a committee's business.

*former constitution*, of a committee, means the committee's constitution immediately before the approval day.

# 88 Former constitution ceases to apply

On the approval day, a committee's former constitution ceases to apply to the committee.

### 89 Committee members continue in office

(1) This section applies to a person who, immediately before the approval day, is a member of a committee.

- (2) Subject to section 29(2), (2A) and (9) and section 35,9 the person continues as a member of the committee, unless the person earlier resigns—
  - (a) for the period the person would have been a member under the committee's former constitution; or
  - (b) until the end of any longer period specified under section 29(6).

### 90 Office holders continue to hold office

- (1) This section applies to a person who, immediately before the approval day, holds an office mentioned in section 29(3)(a) to (d) for a committee.
- (2) Subject to section 29(2), (2A) and (9) and section 35, the person continues to hold the office, unless the person earlier resigns—
  - (a) for the period the person would have been a member of the committee under the committee's former constitution; or
  - (b) until the end of any longer period specified under section 29(6).

# 91 Minister must notify approval day

The Minister must notify the approval day by a gazette notice.

# Division 5 Provisions for Community Ambulance Cover Act 2003

### 92 Definitions for div 5

In this division—

**commencement** means the commencement of this section.

<sup>9</sup> Sections 29 (Members of committees) and 35 (Dissolution of committees)

*former subscriber* means a person who, immediately before the commencement, is a subscriber under the pre-amended Act.

pre-amended Act means this Act as in force before the commencement.

### 93 Former subscriber's entitlement ends

On the commencement, a former subscriber's entitlement to ambulance services under the pre-amended Act ends.

# 94 Charge not payable for particular ambulance service

- (1) This section applies to an ambulance service provided to a person mentioned in section 53B(1) if the provision of the service began before the commencement and ended after the commencement.
- (2) The person is not liable to pay a charge under this Act for the use of the ambulance service.

# 95 Continuation of written authority

- (1) This section applies to a written authority of the commissioner mentioned in section 48(1)(a), (c) or (e) of the pre-amended Act if the authority is in force immediately before the commencement.
- (2) After the commencement, the written authority is taken to be a written authority of the Minister under section 48(1)(a), (c) or (e).

# Schedule Dictionary

section 2

ambulance officer means an ambulance officer appointed under section 13 and an honorary ambulance officer appointed under section 14.

*ambulance service* means service relating to the work of rendering emergency treatment and prehospital patient care to, and the transport of, sick and injured persons.

### approved superannuation scheme means—

- (a) the Queensland Ambulance Service Superannuation Scheme; or
- (b) another superannuation scheme approved by the Governor in Council under section 17.

*authorised officer* means an officer authorised under section 37.

blameworthy act, for part 4A, division 4, see section 36I.

*chain of events document*, for part 4A, see section 36A.

*commissioner* means the commissioner of the service appointed under section 4.

commissioning authority, for part 4A, see section 36A.

*committee* means a local ambulance committee established under section 26.

*constitution*, of a committee, means the committee's constitution under this Act.

*conviction* includes a plea of guilty or a finding of guilt by a court even though a conviction is not recorded.

coroner, for part 4A, see section 36A.

information, for part 4A, division 5, see section 36L.

medical director, for part 4A, division 5, see section 36L.

notice, for part 4A, see section 36A.

# Schedule (continued)

*RCA report*, for part 4A, see section 36A.

**RCA team** see section 36A.

relevant person, for part 4A, see section 36A.

reportable event see section 36A.

*reprisal* means a reprisal mentioned in section 36X(3).

root cause analysis or RCA see section 36B.

service means the Queensland Ambulance Service.

service officer means a person employed under section 13(1).

*takes a reprisal* means the taking of a reprisal as mentioned in section 36X(3).

# **Endnotes**

# 1 Index to endnotes

		Page
2	Date to which amendments incorporated	65
3	Key	66
4	Table of reprints	66
5	Tables in earlier reprints	67
6	List of legislation	67
7	List of annotations	70
8	Table of renumbered provisions	80

# 2 Date to which amendments incorporated

This is the reprint date mentioned in the Reprints Act 1992, section 5(c). Accordingly, this reprint includes all amendments that commenced operation on or before 20 March 2008. Future amendments of the Ambulance Service Act 1991 may be made in accordance with this reprint under the Reprints Act 1992, section 49.

# 3 Key

Key to abbreviations in list of legislation and annotations

Key		Explanation	Key		Explanation
AIA	=	Acts Interpretation Act 1954	(prev)	=	previously
amd	=	amended	proc	=	proclamation
amdt	=	amendment	prov	=	provision
ch	=	chapter	pt	=	part
def	=	definition	pubd	=	published
div	=	division	R[X]	=	Reprint No. [X]
exp	=	expires/expired	RA	=	Reprints Act 1992
gaz	=	gazette	reloc	=	relocated
hdg	=	heading	renum	=	renumbered
ins	=	inserted	rep	=	repealed
lap	=	lapsed	(retro)	=	retrospectively
notfd	=	notified	rv	=	revised edition
num	=	numbered	S	=	section
o in c	=	order in council	sch	=	schedule
om	=	omitted	sdiv	=	subdivision
orig	=	original	SIA	=	Statutory Instruments Act 1992
р	=	page	SIR	=	Statutory Instruments Regulation 2002
para	=	paragraph	$\mathbf{SL}$	=	subordinate legislation
prec	=	preceding	sub	=	substituted
pres	=	present	unnum	=	unnumbered
prev	=	previous			

# 4 Table of reprints

Reprints are issued for both future and past effective dates. For the most up-to-date table of reprints, see the reprint with the latest effective date.

If a reprint number includes a letter of the alphabet, the reprint was released in unauthorised, electronic form only.

Reprint No.	Amendments to	Effective	Reprint date
1	1992 Act No. 36	2 July 1992	1 August 1992
2	1995 Act No. 57	28 November 1995	21 December 1995
2A	1996 Act No. 54	1 December 1996	4 December 1996
2B	1996 Act No. 61	20 December 1996	15 April 1997
2C	1997 Act No. 6	1 August 1997	12 August 1997
3	1997 Act No. 6	1 August 1997	20 January 1998
4	1998 Act No. 37	13 November 1998	1 December 1998
4A	1999 Act No. 19	30 April 1999	10 May 1999
4B	1999 Act No. 33	1 July 1999	23 July 1999
4C	1999 Act No. 42	1 December 1999	1 December 1999
4D	2000 Act No. 16	1 July 2000	14 July 2000
5	2000 Act No. 16	1 July 2000	25 July 2000
5A	2001 Act No. 45	15 July 2001	27 July 2001
5B	2001 Act No. 76	13 November 2001	23 November 2001
5C	2001 Act No. 76	28 February 2002	28 February 2002
5D	2001 Act No. 76	1 March 2002	15 March 2002

Reprint No.	Amendments included	Effective	Notes
5DA	_	14 November 2002	prov exp 13 November 2002
5E rv	2002 Act No. 60	6 December 2002	
5F rv	2002 Act No. 74	1 April 2003	
5G rv	2003 Act No. 19	9 May 2003	
5H rv	2003 Act No. 34	1 July 2003	R5H rv withdrawn, see R6 rv
6 rv	_	1 July 2003	Revision notice issued for R6
6A rv	2004 Act No. 53	29 November 2004	
6B	2005 Act No. 48	1 December 2005	
7	2007 Act No. 28	20 March 2008	

# 5 Tables in earlier reprints

Name of table	Reprint No.
Corrected minor errors	1
Obsolete and redundant provisions	2
Renumbered provisions	2

# 6 List of legislation

# Ambulance Service Act 1991 No. 36

date of assent 12 June 1991 ss 1, 1.2 commenced on date of assent remaining provisions commenced 1 July 1991 (proc pubd gaz 22 June 1991 p 976) amending legislation—

# Statute Law (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1991 No. 97 ss 1-3 sch 2

date of assent 17 December 1991 commenced on date of assent

### Statute Law (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1992 No. 36 ss 1-2 sch 2

date of assent 2 July 1992 commenced on date of assent

### Local Government Act 1993 No. 70 ss 1-2, 804 sch

date of assent 7 December 1993 ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent remaining provisions commenced 26 March 1994 (see s 2(5))

### Statute Law (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1994 No. 15 ss 1-3 sch 2

date of assent 10 May 1994 commenced on date of assent

### Statute Law (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act (No. 2) 1994 No. 87 ss 1–3 sch 1

date of assent 1 December 1994 commenced on date of assent

# Statutory Authorities Superannuation Legislation Amendment Act 1995 No. 36 ss 1-2, 9 sch 2

date of assent 16 June 1995 commenced on date of assent

### Statute Law Revision Act 1995 No. 57 ss 1-2, 4 sch 1

date of assent 28 November 1995 commenced on date of assent

#### Public Service Act 1996 No. 37 ss 1–2, 147 sch 2

date of assent 22 October 1996 ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent remaining provisions commenced 1 December 1996 (1996 SL No. 361)

# Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Amendment Act 1996 No. 54 ss 1–2, 9 sch

date of assent 20 November 1996

ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent s 9 sch amdt 1 commenced 1 August 1997 (1997 SL No. 229) remaining provisions commenced 1 June 1997 (1997 SL No. 128)

### Health Legislation Amendment Act (No. 2) 1996 No. 61 ss 1-2, 15 sch

date of assent 9 December 1996 ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent remaining provisions commenced 20 December 1996 (1996 SL No. 402)

#### Ambulance Service Amendment Act 1997 No. 6

date of assent 15 May 1997 ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent remaining provisions commenced 13 July 1997 (1997 SL No. 216)

#### Emergency Services Legislation Amendment Act 1998 No. 37 pts 1-2, s 2 sch

date of assent 13 November 1998 commenced on date of assent

#### Statute Law (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1999 No. 19 ss 1-3 sch

date of assent 30 April 1999 commenced on date of assent

#### Charitable and Non-Profit Gaming Act 1999 No. 26 ss 1–2, 196 sch 1

date of assent 16 June 1999 ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent

remaining provisions commenced 1 December 1999 (1999 SL No. 282)

#### Industrial Relations Act 1999 No. 33 ss 1, 2(2), 747 sch 3

date of assent 18 June 1999 ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent

remaining provisions commenced 1 July 1999 (1999 SL No. 159)

### Road Transport Reform Act 1999 No. 42 ss 1-2(1), 54(3) sch pt 3

date of assent 2 September 1999

ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent remaining provisions commenced 1 December 1999 (see s 2(1))

# Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000 No. 5 ss 1-2, 461 (prev 373) sch 3

date of assent 23 March 2000

ss 1-2 commenced on date of assent

remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2000 (see s 2(1), (3) and 2000 SL No. 174)

#### Mental Health Act 2000 No. 16 ss 1-2, 590 sch 1 pt 2

date of assent 8 June 2000

ss 1–2, 590 commenced on date of assent (see s 2(1))

remaining provisions commenced 28 February 2002 (2002 SL No. 27)

#### Medical Practitioners Registration Act 2001 No. 7 ss 1–2, 302 sch 2

date of assent 11 May 2001

ss 1-2 commenced on date of assent

remaining provisions commenced 1 March 2002 (2002 SL No. 30)

### Corporations (Ancillary Provisions) Act 2001 No. 45 ss 1-2, 29 sch 3

date of assent 28 June 2001

ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent

sch 3 commenced 15 July 2001 (see s 2(2) of Act 2001 No. 45 (Qld) and Corporations Act 2001 No. 50 (Cwlth) and proc pubd Cwlth of Australia gaz 13 July 2001, No. S285)

remaining provision commenced immediately before 15 July 2001 (see s 2(1) of Act 2001 No. 45 (Qld) and Corporations Act 2001 No. 50 (Cwlth) and proc pubd Cwlth of Australia gaz 13 July 2001, No. S285)

### Emergency Services Legislation Amendment Act 2001 No. 76 pts 1-2, s 2 sch 1

date of assent 13 November 2001

commenced on date of assent

### Emergency Services Legislation Amendment Act 2002 No. 60 pts 1–2, s 23 sch

date of assent 14 November 2002

ss 1-2 commenced on date of assent

remaining provisions commenced 6 December 2002 (2002 SL No. 333)

#### Discrimination Law Amendment Act 2002 No. 74 ss 1-2, 90 sch

date of assent 13 December 2002

ss 1-2 commenced on date of assent

s 90 commenced 31 March 2003 (2003 SL No. 51)

remaining provisions commenced 1 April 2003 (2003 SL No. 51)

#### Statute Law (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2003 No. 19 ss 1, 3 sch

date of assent 9 May 2003

commenced on date of assent

### Community Ambulance Cover Act 2003 No. 34 ss 1-2, pt 12

date of assent 29 May 2003

ss 1-2 commenced on date of assent

remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2003 (see s 2)

### Statute Law (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2004 No. 53

date of assent 29 November 2004 commenced on date of assent

#### Public Health Act 2005 No. 48 ss 1-2, 492 sch 1

date of assent 2 November 2005 ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent remaining provisions commenced 1 December 2005 (2005 SL No. 280)

### Health and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2007 No. 28 pts 1, 6

date of assent 28 May 2007 ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent remaining provisions commenced 20 March 2008 (2008 SL No. 68)

### 7 List of annotations

This reprint has been renumbered—see table of renumbered provisions in endnote 8.

#### PART 1—PRELIMINARY

#### Commencement

**1.2** om R2 (see RA s 37)

#### **Definitions**

**prov hdg** sub 1997 No. 6 s 4(1) **s 2** amd 2002 No. 60 s 4(1)

Note—s 2 contained definitions for this Act. Definitions are now located in the schedule—Dictionary.

#### **Administration of Act**

s 3 amd 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch om 1998 No. 37 s 4

### PART 2—QUEENSLAND AMBULANCE SERVICE

Division 1—Queensland Ambulance Service

**div hdg** ins 1997 No. 6 s 5

#### **Establishment of service**

**s 3A** ins 1997 No. 6 s 5 sub 2001 No. 76 s 4

#### Membership of service

**s 3B** ins 1997 No. 6 s 5 sub 2001 No. 76 s 4

#### Service represents the State

**s 3C** ins 1997 No. 6 s 5

amd 2001 No. 45 s 29 sch 3 om 2001 No. 76 s 4

#### Service's functions

s **3D** ins 1997 No. 6 s 5 amd 2001 No. 76 s 5

### Chief executive's responsibility

s 3E ins 1997 No. 6 s 5 sub 2001 No. 76 s 6

Division 2—Control of service

div hdg ins 1997 No. 6 s 5

sub 1998 No. 37 s 5 om 2001 No. 76 s 6

#### Chief executive officer of service

**s 3F** ins 1997 No. 6 s 5

sub 1998 No. 37 s 5 om 2001 No. 76 s 6

### Minister's powers to give directions

**s 3G** ins 1997 No. 6 s 5

sub 1998 No. 37 s 5 om 2001 No. 76 s 6

### Minister's power to give directions

**s 3H** ins 1997 No. 6 s 5

om 1998 No. 37 s 5

### Membership of board

**s 3I** ins 1997 No. 6 s 5

om 1998 No. 37 s 5

### Term of office of appointed members

s 3J ins 1997 No. 6 s 5 om 1998 No. 37 s 5

### Remuneration and allowances of appointed members

**s 3K** ins 1997 No. 6 s 5 om 1998 No. 37 s 5

### Time and place of meetings

**s 3L** ins 1997 No. 6 s 5

om 1998 No. 37 s 5

### Conduct of proceedings

**s 3M** ins 1997 No. 6 s 5

om 1998 No. 37 s 5

#### **Authentication of documents**

**s 3N** ins 1997 No. 6 s 5

om 1998 No. 37 s 5

#### Disclosure of interests

**s 30** ins 1997 No. 6 s 5

om 1998 No. 37 s 5

#### **Minutes**

**s 3P** ins 1997 No. 6 s 5

om 1998 No. 37 s 5

Division 3—Staff of the service

**div hdg** ins 1997 No. 6 s 5

**Appointment of commissioner** 

**s 4** amd 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch

**Acting commissioner** 

**s 4A** ins 1997 No. 6 s 6

amd 2002 No. 60 s 5

Disqualification from appointment

**s 5** amd 2000 No. 16 s 590 sch 1 pt 2

**Queensland Ambulance Service** 

**s 7** om 1997 No. 6 s 7

**Functions of Queensland Ambulance Service** 

**s 8** om 1997 No. 6 s 7

Role of commissioner

**s 9** sub 1997 No. 6 s 8

amd 1998 No. 37 s 2 sch; 2001 No. 76 s 7

**Finance** 

**s 10** om 1997 No. 6 s 9

**Authentication of documents** 

**s 11** om 1997 No. 6 s 9

Delegation

**s 12** om 1997 No. 6 s 9

**Employees** 

s 13 amd 1996 No. 37 s 147 sch 2; 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch; 1998 No. 37 s 2 sch; 1999

No. 33 s 747 sch 3; 2001 No. 76 s 8

Honorary ambulance officers

**s 14** amd 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch; 2001 No. 76 s 2 sch 1

Officers employed under this Act

**s 15** sub 1996 No. 37 s 147 sch 2

amd 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch

No additional remuneration

**s 16** amd 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch; 2001 No. 76 s 2 sch 1

Superannuation scheme

**s 17** sub 1997 No. 6 s 10

amd 2001 No. 76 s 2 sch 1

Retrenchment and redundancy

**s 18** amd 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch: 2001 No. 76 s 2 sch 1

PART 3—THE CORPORATION

**pt hdg** om 1997 No. 6 s 12

Division 4—Other matters about the service

**div hdg** ins 1997 No. 6 s 11

Fund

**s 19** prev s 19 om 1997 No. 6 s 12

pres s 19 ins 1997 No. 6 s 11 amd 1998 No. 37 s 2 sch sub 2001 No. 76 s 9 amd 2003 No. 34 s 157

**Application of certain Acts** 

**s 20** prev s 20 amd 1996 No. 54 s 9 sch

om 1997 No. 6 s 12

pres s 20 ins 1997 No. 6 s 11

amd 1998 No. 37 s 6 om 2001 No. 76 s 9

Seal

**s 21** prev s 21 om 1997 No. 6 s 12

ins 1997 No. 6 s 11 om 2001 No. 76 s 9

**Delegations** 

**s 22** prev s 22 om 1997 No. 6 s 12

pres s 22 ins 1997 No. 6 s 11 amd 2001 No. 76 s 2 sch 1

Director may exercise powers of the corporation

**s 23** om 1997 No. 6 s 12

Relationship to the Crown

**s 24** om 1997 No. 6 s 12

Restriction on power to acquire or dispose of land

s **25** om 1997 No. 6 s 12

Property not subject to rates

**s 3.8** om 1993 No. 70 s 804 sch

PART 4—LOCAL AMBULANCE COMMITTEES

Division 1—Establishment and functions of committees

**div hdg** ins 2002 No. 60 s 23 sch

**Functions of committees** 

s 27 amd 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch

Division 2—Conduct of business and membership of committees

**div hdg** ins 2002 No. 60 s 23 sch

**Conduct of business** 

**prov hdg** sub 2002 No. 60 s 6(1) **s 28** amd 2002 No. 60 s 6(2)–(3)

Members of committees

s 29 amd 1991 No. 97 s 3 sch 2; 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch; 2000 No. 16 s 590 sch 1 pt 2;

2002 No. 60 s 7; 2003 No. 34 s 158

Dealing with vacancy in office of a member

**s 29A** ins 2002 No. 60 s 8

amd 2003 No. 34 s 159

Division 3—Other matters about committees

**div hdg** ins 2002 No. 60 s 9

Minister may approve or amend constitution

**s 31A** ins 2002 No. 60 s 9

Commissioner to give constitution to committees

**s 31B** ins 2002 No. 60 s 9

Committees are statutory bodies

sub 1996 No. 54 s 9 sch

Application of laws

s 33 amd 1995 No. 57 s 4 sch 1; 1998 No. 37 s 2 sch; 1999 No. 26 s 196 sch 1

Effect of dissolution

s 36 amd 1992 No. 36 s 2 sch 2; 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch; 2001 No. 76 s 2 sch 1

PART 4A—ROOT CAUSE ANALYSES

**pt hdg** ins 2007 No. 28 s 50

**Division 1—Preliminary** 

div 1 (ss 36A-36D) ins 2007 No. 28 s 50

**Division 2—RCA teams** 

div 2 (ss 36E-36F) ins 2007 No. 28 s 50

**Division 3—Reporting** 

div 3 (ss 36G-36H) ins 2007 No. 28 s 50

Division 4—Stopping conduct of RCA of reportable event

div 4 (ss 36I-36K) ins 2007 No. 28 s 50

Division 5—Disclosure or release of information

div 5 (ss 36L-36U) ins 2007 No. 28 s 50

**Division 6—Protections** 

div 6 (ss 36V-36Z) ins 2007 No. 28 s 50

**Division 7—Miscellaneous** 

div 7 (ss 36ZA-36ZC) ins 2007 No. 28 s 50

PART 5—ADMINISTRATION AND POWERS

**Authorised officers** 

**s 37** amd 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch

Powers of authorised officers

s 38 amd 1998 No. 37 s 2 sch

Protection from certain liability

**s 39** amd 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch; 2001 No. 76 s 2 sch 1

Power to accept gifts etc.

**s 40** amd 1997 No. 6 ss 13, 3 sch; 2001 No. 76 s 2 sch 1

**Codes of practice** 

**s 41** amd 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch; 1998 No. 37 s 2 sch

PART 6—OFFENCES

Right of way to ambulances

s 42 amd 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch; 1998 No. 37 s 2 sch; 1999 No. 19 s 3 sch; 1999 No. 42 s 54(3) sch pt 3

**Unauthorised ambulance transport** 

**s 43** amd 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch; 2001 No. 76 s 2 sch 1

Unauthorised teaching of first aid

s 44 amd 1991 No. 97 s 3 sch 2; 1996 No. 61 s 15 sch; 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch; 2001 No. 7 s 302 sch 2 om 2003 No. 34 s 160

**Unauthorised collections** 

s **45** amd 1991 No. 97 s 3 sch 2; 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch om 2003 No. 34 s 161

Obstruction

**s 46** amd 2000 No. 5 s 461 sch 3

False calls

s 47 amd 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch; 2001 No. 76 s 2 sch 1

Restricted use of words 'Ambulance Service'

s 48 amd 1991 No. 97 s 3 sch 2; 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch; 2001 No. 76 s 2 sch 1; 2003 No. 34 s 162

Confidentiality

**s 49** amd 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch; 2001 No. 7 s 302 sch 2; 2002 No. 74 s 90 sch

**Proceedings for offences** 

s 50 amd 2001 No. 76 s 2 sch 1: 2007 No. 28 s 51

**Proceedings for indictable offences** 

**s 50A** ins 2007 No. 28 s 52

Limitation on who may summarily hear indictable offence

**s 50B** ins 2007 No. 28 s 52

PART 7—GENERAL Exemption from tolls

**s 51** amd 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch

**Service of documents** 

s 53 amd 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch om 2001 No. 76 s 2 sch 1

**Function of Emergency Services Advisory Council** 

s **53A** ins 1998 No. 37 s 7 amd 2003 No. 19 s 3 sch

**Exemption from payment for ambulance service** 

s 53B ins 2003 No. 34 s 163 amd 2004 No. 53 s 2 sch

Agreement about payment for ambulance service

**s 53C** ins 2003 No. 34 s 163

amd 2004 No. 53 s 2 sch; 2005 No. 48 sch 1

Recovery of fees and charges

**s 53D** ins 2003 No. 34 s 163

Regulation-making power

**prov hdg** amd 2003 No. 34 s 164(1)

s 54 amd 1995 No. 57 s 4 sch 1; 1997 No. 6 s 3 sch; 2001 No. 76 s 2 sch 1; 2003

No. 34 s 164(2)–(6); 2007 No. 28 s 53

PART 8—SAVINGS AND TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

**pt hdg** sub 1997 No. 6 s 14

Division 1—Provisions for Act before commencement of Emergency Services Legislation Amendment Act 1998

**div hdg** ins 1998 No. 37 s 2 sch

**Definitions** 

**s 54A** ins 1997 No. 6 s 15

amd 1998 No. 37 s 2 sch

Superannuation entitlements

s 55 amd 1994 No. 87 s 3 sch 1; 1995 No. 36 s 9 sch 2

References to the board and previous committees

**s 56** amd 1997 No. 6 s 16

Dissolution of board

**s 8.1** om 1991 No. 97 s 3 sch 2

Employment of staff of board and previous committees

s 8.2 om 1995 No. 57 s 4 sch 1

Honorary ambulance officers

**s 8.3** om 1991 No. 97 s 3 sch 2

**Previous committees** 

**s 8.4** om 1991 No. 97 s 3 sch 2

Transfer of assets and liabilities of the board

**s 8.6** om 1991 No. 97 s 3 sch 2

Transfer of assets and liabilities of previous committees

**s 8.7** om 1991 No. 97 s 3 sch 2

References to Ambulance Services Act 1967

s 57 ins 1994 No. 15 s 3 sch 2

Numbering and renumbering of Act

**s 8.9** prev s 8.9 om 1991 No. 97 s 3 sch 2

pres s 8.9 ins 1995 No. 57 s 4 sch 1

om R2 (see RA s 37)

Duty to facilitate transfer of property etc.

**s 8.10** om 1995 No. 57 s 4 sch 1

Savings and transitional

**s 8.11** om 1995 No. 57 s 4 sch 1

Repeals

**s 8.12** om 1991 No. 97 s 3 sch 2

References to corporation and former service

**s 58** ins 1997 No. 6 s 17

Vesting of assets

**s 59** ins 1997 No. 6 s 17

Legal proceedings

**s 60** ins 1997 No. 6 s 17

**Ambulance officers** 

**s 61** ins 1997 No. 6 s 17

**Medical officers** 

**s 62** ins 1997 No. 6 s 17

Administrative and service officers

**s 63** ins 1997 No. 6 s 17

Conditions of employment of transferred officers

**s 64** ins 1997 No. 6 s 17

Honorary ambulance officers

**s 65** ins 1997 No. 6 s 17

**Trusts** 

**s 66** ins 1997 No. 6 s 17

Duty to assist transfer of property

**s 67** ins 1997 No. 6 s 17

amd 1998 No. 37 s 2 sch

Division 2—Provision for Emergency Services Legislation Amendment Act 1998

**div hdg** ins 1998 No. 37 s 8

Board members go out of office

**s 68** prev s 68 ins 1997 No. 6 s 17

exp 13 July 1998 (see s 68(2)) pres s 68 ins 1998 No. 37 s 8

Division 3—Provisions for Emergency Services Legislation Amendment Act 2001

**div hdg** ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

**Definitions for div 3** 

s 69 ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

Former service dissolved

s **70** ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

**Superannuation entitlements** 

**s 71** ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

References to former service

**s 72** ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

Vesting of assets

**s 73** ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

Legal or disciplinary proceedings

**s 74** ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

Suspension

**s 75** ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

Service officers

**s 76** ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

Conditions of employment of transferred officers

s 77 ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

Honorary ambulance officers

s 78 ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

**Trusts** 

**s 79** ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

**Duty to help transfer of property** 

**s 80** ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

Things taken to have been done etc. by commissioner

**s 81** ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

Things taken to have been done etc. by chief executive

**s 82** ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

Other things taken to have been done etc. by chief executive

**s 83** ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

Other things taken to have been done etc. by the State

**s 84** ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

Closure of Ambulance Service Fund

**s 85** ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

Transitional regulation-making power

**s 86** ins 2001 No. 76 s 10

exp 13 November 2002 (see s 86(3))

Division 4—Provisions for Emergency Services Legislation Amendment Act 2002

div 4 (ss 87-91) ins 2002 No. 60 s 10

Division 5—Provisions for Community Ambulance Cover Act 2002

div 5 (ss 92-95) ins 2003 No. 34 s 165

SCHEDULE—DICTIONARY

**sch hdg** ins 2002 No. 60 s 23 sch

Note—definitions for this Act were originally located in prev s 2.

def "ambulance officer" reloc 2002 No. 60 s 4(3)

def "ambulance service" reloc 2002 No. 60 s 4(3)

```
def "appointed member" ins 1997 No. 6 s 4(3)
  om from prev s 2 1998 No. 37 s 2 sch
def "approved superannuation scheme" ins 1997 No. 6 s 4(3)
  reloc 2002 No. 60 s 4(3)
def "authorised officer" reloc 2002 No. 60 s 4(3)
def "blameworthy act" ins 2007 No. 28 s 54
def "board" sub 1997 No. 6 s 4(2)–(3)
  om from prev s 2 1998 No. 37 s 2 sch
def "chain of events document" ins 2007 No. 28 s 54
def "chief executive officer" ins 1998 No. 37 s 2 sch
   om from prev s 2 2001 No. 76 s 3
def "commissioner" amd 1997 No. 6 s 4(4)
  reloc 2002 No. 60 s 4(3)
def "commissioning authority" ins 2007 No. 28 s 54
def "committee" reloc 2002 No. 60 s 4(3)
def "constitution" ins 2002 No. 60 s 4(2)
   reloc 2002 No. 60 s 4(3)
def "conviction" ins 1997 No. 6 s 4(3)
  reloc 2002 No. 60 s 4(3)
def "coroner" ins 2007 No. 28 s 54
def "corporation" om from prev s 2 1997 No. 6 s 4(2)
def "director" om from prev s 2 1997 No. 6 s 4(2)
def "employee of a previous committee" om from prev s 2 1997 No. 6 s 4(2)
def "employee of the board" om from prev s 2 1997 No. 6 s 4(2)
def "information" ins 2007 No. 28 s 54
def "medical director" ins 2007 No. 28 s 54
def "notice" ins 2007 No. 28 s 54
def "officer of the Queensland Ambulance Service" om from prev s 2 1997
  No. 6 s 4(2)
def "previous committee" om from prev s 2 1997 No. 6 s 4(2)
def "RCA report" ins 2007 No. 28 s 54
def "RCA team" ins 2007 No. 28 s 54
def "relevant person" ins 2007 No. 28 s 54
def "repealed Act" om from prev s 2 1997 No. 6 s 4(2)
def "reportable event" ins 2007 No. 28 s 54
def "reprisal" ins 2007 No. 28 s 54
def "root cause analysis" or "RCA" ins 2007 No. 28 s 54
def "service" ins 1997 No. 6 s 4(3)
  reloc 2002 No. 60 s 4(3)
def "service officer" ins 1997 No. 6 s 4(3)
  reloc 2002 No. 60 s 4(3)
def "subscriber" amd 1997 No. 6 s 4(4); 1998 No. 37 s 3
  reloc 2002 No. 60 s 4(3)
  om 2003 No. 34 s 166
def "takes a reprisal" ins 2007 No. 28 s 54
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# 8 Table of renumbered provisions

under the Reprints Act 1992 s 43 as required by the Ambulance Service Act 1991 s 8.9 [Reprint No. 2]

Previous	Renumbered as
1.1	2
2.2	5 6 7
2.5	9 10 11
2.9	13 14 15
2.13	17 18 19
3.2	21 22 23
3.6	25
4.3	29
4.7	33
4.11	36 37 38
5.5 5.5 6.1 6.2	40 41 42

Previous	Renumbered as
6.3	
6.5	
6.7	
6.8	
7.1	
7.3	53
7.4	
8.8	

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