

Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980

Building Units and Group Titles Regulation 1998

Reprinted as in force on 1 July 2005

Reprint No. 1E

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Information about this reprint

This regulation is reprinted as at 1 July 2005. The reprint shows the law as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before that day (Reprints Act 1992 s 5(c)).

The reprint includes a reference to the law by which each amendment was made—see list of legislation and list of annotations in endnotes. Also see list of legislation for any uncommenced amendments.

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This page is specific to this reprint. See previous reprints for information about earlier changes made under the Reprints Act 1992. A table of reprints is included in the endnotes.

Also see endnotes for information about—

- when provisions commenced
- editorial changes made in earlier reprints.

Dates shown on reprints

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Queensland

Building Units and Group Titles Regulation 1998

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Building Units and Group Titles Regulation 1998

[as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before 1 July 2005]

Part 1 **Preliminary**

1 Short title

s 1

This regulation may be cited as the *Building Units and Group* Titles Regulation 1998.

2 **Definitions**

In this regulation—

annual general meeting means an annual general meeting under section 29A(1)¹ of the Act.

approved form means a form approved by the chief executive under section 3(1).

books of account means the books of account required to be kept by a body corporate under section $38D(1)(b)^2$ of the Act.

notice of conversion means a notice of conversion under section 12³ of the Act.

other committee member, of a body corporate, means a member of the committee, other than the chairperson, secretary or treasurer of the committee.

¹ Section 29A (Meetings, other than first annual general meeting, of body corporate) of the Act

² Section 38D (Duty of body corporate as to keeping records, convening meetings etc.) of the Act

³ Section 12 (Conversion of lots into common property) of the Act

plan of amalgamation means a plan of amalgamation under section 11⁴ of the Act.

plan of resubdivision means a plan of resubdivision under section 10⁵ of the Act.

registrar see Land Title Act 1994, schedule 2.6

statement of accounts means a statement of accounts required to be prepared by a body corporate under section 38D(1)(c) of the Act.

Part 2 Forms and registration requirements

3 Forms

- (1) The chief executive may approve forms to be used under the Act.
- (2) For a provision of the Act mentioning a prescribed form, the prescribed form is the approved form.

4 Requirements for registration of relevant documents

- (1) A relevant document must be—
 - (a) in the approved form; and
 - (b) in conformity with directions of the registrar about the required format for a relevant document.
- (2) In this section—

relevant document means—

(a) a plan; or

⁴ Section 11 (Amalgamation of lots) of the Act

⁵ Section 10 (Resubdivision) of the Act

⁶ Land Title Act 1994, schedule 2, definition registrar—
registrar means the registrar of titles.

s 6

- (b) a plan of amalgamation; or
- (c) a notice of conversion.

5 Notification of registration of plans by registrar

- (1) The registrar must make appropriate notification of the registration of a plan of amalgamation, plan of resubdivision or notice of conversion—
 - (a) on the certificates of title for each lot the subject of the original plan for the plan of amalgamation, plan of resubdivision or notice of conversion (the *original plan*); and
 - (b) on the original plan.
- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the registrar must—
 - (a) chart the effect of registration on the diagram illustrating the lots, common property, or lots and common property, the subject of the original plan; and
 - (b) for a plan of amalgamation—amend the schedule of lot entitlements to record the effect of registration.

Part 3 Nominations and elections

6 Nominations and elections at first annual general meeting and other particular meetings

- (1) This section applies to the nomination and election of a chairperson, secretary, treasurer and other committee members of a body corporate—
 - (a) at the body corporate's first annual general meeting under section $29(1)^7$ of the Act; or
 - (b) at an annual general meeting of the body corporate if, because of a resolution of the body corporate under

⁷ Section 29 (First annual general meeting of body corporate) of the Act

- s 7
- section 41(1)8 of the Act or a referee's order under section 41(4) or (4A) of the Act—
- (i) schedule 2, part 2, section 1(4)(d), (5), (6), (7) or (10), 4(b), 5(b), 6 or 89 of the Act does not apply to the body corporate; or
- schedule 4, section 10(f)10 of the Act does not apply to the body corporate; or
- at an extraordinary general meeting of the body (c) corporate under section 42(5)(a)(i)¹¹ of the Act; or
- a meeting of the body corporate under section 43(3)12 of (d) the Act.
- (2) Schedule 1 applies to the nomination and election.

7 Nominations at second or subsequent annual general meetings

- This section applies to the nomination and election of a (1) chairperson, secretary, treasurer and other committee members of a body corporate at an annual general meeting of the body corporate other than an annual general meeting mentioned in section 6(1)(a) or (b).
- (2) Schedule 2 applies to the nomination and election.

⁸ Section 41 (Exemption from certain provisions of Act) of the Act

Schedule 2 (Meetings of, and voting at meetings of, body corporate), part 2 9 (Meetings other than first annual general meeting) of the Act

Schedule 4 (Provisions applying to committees and office bearers), section 10 10 (Powers and duties of secretary) of the Act

¹¹ Section 42 (Constitution of committees) of the Act

¹² Section 43 (Vacation of office of member of committee) of the Act

s 10

Part 4 Miscellaneous

8 Cost of improvements—Act, s 37(2)(g)(i)

- (1) For section 37(2)(g)(i)¹³ of the Act, the prescribed amount, for the cost of improvements made to common property, is the higher of the following—
 - (a) \$1000;
 - (b) the amount calculated as follows— $\$200 \times L$.
- (2) In subsection (1)—

L means the number of lots the subject of the plan that includes the common property.

9 Retaining records—Act, s 38D(1)(b)

For section 38D(1)(b)¹⁴ of the Act, the prescribed time is—

- (a) for minutes of meetings of a body corporate—until the day the plan whose registration incorporated the body corporate is extinguished under section 25(1)¹⁵ of the Act; and
- (b) for books of account of a body corporate—6 years after the day a statement of accounts prepared from the books of account is adopted by a general meeting of the body corporate.

10 Ground for application for exemption—Act, s 41(2)

The prescribed ground on which a body corporate may make an application under section 41(2)¹⁶ of the Act is that the body corporate has received written notice from each proprietor

¹³ Section 37 (Duties and powers of body corporate regarding property etc.) of the Act

¹⁴ Section 38D (Duty of body corporate as to keeping records, convening meetings etc.) of the Act

¹⁵ Section 25 (Variation or extinguishment of plan) of the Act

¹⁶ Section 41 (Exemption from certain provisions of Act) of the Act

entitled to vote, but not voting, on a resolution under section 41(2) of the Act that the resolution is not opposed.

11 Restriction on expenditure by committee—Act, s 47(1)

For section $47(1)^{17}$ of the Act, the prescribed amount is \$40.

12 Amount of insurance cover—Act, s 56(2)

For section 56(2)¹⁸ of the Act, the prescribed amount of cover is \$10000000.

13 Classes of order—Act, s 117(a)(ii)

For section 117(a)(ii)¹⁹ of the Act, an order is of a prescribed class if the order is made by a referee about—

- (a) a body corporate; or
- (b) a committee; or
- (c) a proprietor or occupier of a lot about which an inquiry under section 117 of the Act is made; or
- (d) a proprietor or occupier of a lot other than a proprietor or occupier mentioned in paragraph (c) if the order is made no more than 12 months before the relevant inquiry under section 117 of the Act is made.

Part 5 Fees

14 Fees

(1) The fees payable under the Act to the registrar are stated in schedule 3, part 1.

¹⁷ Section 47 (Statutory restrictions on powers of committees) of the Act

¹⁸ Section 56 (Further insurance by body corporate) of the Act

¹⁹ Section 117 (Inquiries) of the Act

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- (2) The fees payable under the Act to the referee are stated in schedule 3, part 2.
- (3) The fees payable under the Act to a body corporate are stated in schedule 3, part 3.

15 Remission of referee's fees

- (1) The referee may excuse a person from paying a fee, or part of a fee, payable to the referee.
- (2) However, the referee may act under subsection (1) only if the referee is satisfied the person is suffering extreme financial hardship.

Part 6 Repeal

16 Repeal

The Building Units and Group Titles Regulation 1980 is repealed.

Schedule 1 Nomination and election of committee at first annual general meeting and other particular meetings

section 6(2)

Part 1 Nominations

1 Preliminary decisions

The meeting must decide—

- (a) if there are more than 3 proprietors, the number of other members required to make up a committee as required by section $42(4)^{20}$ of the Act; and
- (b) if the election of the committee will be by open ballot.²¹

2 Chairperson to call for nominations

The chairperson must call upon those present and entitled to nominate candidates for election as chairperson, secretary, treasurer and other committee members of the body corporate.

3 Consent for effective nominations

A nomination under section 2 has no effect unless—

- (a) the nominee's written consent is given to the chairperson before, or at, the meeting; or
- (b) the nominee's verbal consent is given to the chairperson at the meeting.

²⁰ If there are not more than 3 proprietors, section 42(3) of the Act applies to the constitution of the committee.

Section 42(15) of the Act provides for the election of the members of a committee and the chairperson, secretary and treasurer of a body corporate to be by secret ballot unless the body corporate otherwise resolves.

4 Sole nominees for election as chairperson, secretary or treasurer

- (1) If there is only 1 nominee for election as chairperson, the nominee is taken to be elected as chairperson.
- (2) If there is only 1 nominee for election as secretary, the nominee is taken to be elected as secretary.
- (3) If there is only 1 nominee for election as treasurer, the nominee is taken to be elected as treasurer.

5 Multiple nominees for election as chairperson, secretary or treasurer

- (1) If there are 2 or more nominees for election as chairperson, the election of the chairperson must be by ballot.
- (2) If there are 2 or more nominees for election as secretary, the election of the secretary must be by ballot.
- (3) If there are 2 or more nominees for election as treasurer, the election of the treasurer must be by ballot.

6 Required number of nominees for election as other committee members

If the number of nominees for election as other committee members is the same as the number of other committee members required to make up the committee, the nominees are taken to be elected as other committee members.

7 More than required number of nominees for election as other committee members

If the number of nominees for election as other committee members is more than the number of other committee members required to make up the committee, the election of other committee members must be by ballot.

Part 2 Elections

8 Elections must be separate

A body corporate must have a separate election for each of the following—

- (a) the chairperson of the body corporate;
- (b) the secretary of the body corporate;
- (c) the treasurer of the body corporate;
- (d) the other committee members.

9 Pre-ballot

Before each ballot the chairperson must—

- (a) announce—
 - (i) the names of the nominees; and
 - (ii) whether or not a nominee is a proprietor or a company nominee; and
 - (iii) if a nominee is not a proprietor or company nominee, by whom the nominee was nominated; and
- (b) give each individual present and entitled to vote, for each lot entitling an individual to vote, a blank paper to be used as a ballot paper; and
- (c) for a secret ballot—give each individual present and entitled to vote—
 - (i) a ballot paper envelope; and
 - (ii) a particulars envelope.

10 Opening envelopes

For a secret ballot, a ballot paper envelope must be opened by the chairperson, or an individual appointed by the chairperson, after—

- (a) all votes cast have been given to the chairperson; and
- (b) the chairperson, or an individual appointed by the chairperson, is satisfied that—
 - (i) the particulars envelope is properly completed; and
 - (ii) the individual who completed the particulars envelope is entitled to vote; and
- (c) the ballot paper envelope has been drawn randomly from a receptacle in open view of the meeting.

11 Counting ballot

The chairperson, or an individual appointed by the chairperson, must count the votes recorded on properly completed ballot papers.

12 Properly completed ballot papers

- (1) A ballot paper for an open ballot is properly completed if—
 - (a) it states—
 - (i) the name of the individual voting; and
 - (ii) the number of the lot entitling the individual to vote; and
 - (iii) the name of the proprietor of the lot; and
 - (iv) the capacity in which the individual is voting; and
 - (v) the name of one nominee for each of the members of the committee required to be elected and to which the ballot relates; and
 - (b) the signature of the individual appears on the paper; and
 - (c) the individual gives the paper to the chairperson.
- (2) A ballot paper for a secret ballot is properly completed if—
 - (a) it states the name of one nominee for each of the members of the committee required to be elected and to which the ballot relates; and

- (b) it is put into a ballot paper envelope and the envelope is sealed; and
- (c) the ballot paper envelope mentioned in paragraph (b) is—
 - (i) if separate from a particulars envelope—put into a properly completed particulars envelope; or
 - (ii) if attached to a particulars envelope—still attached to a properly completed particulars envelope; and
- (d) the properly completed particulars envelope is sealed and given to the chairperson.

13 Properly completed particulars envelope

A particulars envelope is properly completed if—

- (a) it states—
 - (i) the name of the individual voting; and
 - (ii) the number of the lot entitling the individual to vote; and
 - (iii) the name of the proprietor of the lot; and
 - (iv) the capacity in which the individual is voting; and
- (b) it contains, or is attached to, a sealed ballot paper envelope containing a properly completed ballot paper; and
- (c) the signature of the individual and the date of signing appears on the particulars envelope.

14 Result of ballot

- (1) For an election—
 - (a) of chairperson—the individual who receives the highest number of votes is elected as chairperson; or
 - (b) of secretary—the individual who receives the highest number of votes is elected as secretary; or

- (c) of treasurer—the individual who receives the highest number of votes is elected as treasurer; or
- (d) as other committee members—the individuals who receive the highest number of votes, in descending order, up to the number of persons required to be elected, are elected as the other committee members.
- (2) However, if 2 or more individuals receive the same number of votes and the number of individuals who would, under subsection (1)(a), (b), (c) or (d) be elected, is higher than the number required to be elected, the result of the election must be decided by chance in the way the meeting decides.

Schedule 2 Nomination and election of committee at second and subsequent annual general meetings

section 7(2)

Part 1 Nominations

1 Secretary to give notices calling for nominations

- (1) The secretary must give a written notice to each proprietor inviting the proprietor to nominate individuals for election as chairperson, secretary, treasurer and other committee members of the body corporate.
- (2) The notice must be given 35 days before the anniversary of the first annual general meeting.

2 Properly completed nominations

The nomination of an individual eligible for election as chairperson, secretary, treasurer or other committee member is properly completed if—

- (a) it is in writing; and
- (b) it states—
 - (i) the name of the proprietor making the nomination, or on whose behalf the nomination is being made; and
 - (ii) the name of the nominee; and
 - (iii) whether the nominee is—
 - (A) a proprietor; or
 - (B) a company nominee; or
 - (C) neither a proprietor nor a company nominee; and

- (c) it is signed by—
 - (i) the proprietor making the nomination or the individual making the nomination on the proprietor's behalf; and
 - (ii) the nominee.

3 Absence of nominees

Schedule 1 applies instead of this schedule—

- (a) if there is no nominee for chairperson—to the nomination and election of the chairperson; and
- (b) if there is no nominee for secretary—to the nomination and election of the secretary; and
- (c) if there is no nominee for treasurer—to the nomination and election of the treasurer; and
- (d) if there are no nominees for other committee members—to the nomination and election of the other committee members.

4 Sole nominees for election as chairperson, secretary or treasurer

- (1) If there is only 1 nominee for election as chairperson, the nominee is taken to be elected as chairperson.
- (2) If there is only 1 nominee for election as secretary, the nominee is taken to be elected as secretary.
- (3) If there is only 1 nominee for election as treasurer, the nominee is taken to be elected as treasurer.

5 Multiple nominees for election as chairperson, secretary or treasurer

- (1) If there are 2 or more nominees for election as chairperson, the election of the chairperson must be by ballot.
- (2) If there are 2 or more nominees for election as secretary, the election of the secretary must be by ballot.

(3) If there are 2 or more nominees for election as treasurer, the election of the treasurer must be by ballot.

6 Required number of nominees for election as other committee members

If the number of nominees for election as other committee members is the same as the number of other committee members required to make up the committee, the nominees are taken to be elected as other committee members.

7 Less than required number of nominees for election as other committee members

If the number of nominees for election as other committee members is less than the number of other committee members required to make up the committee—

- (a) the nominees are taken to be elected as other committee members of the committee; and
- (b) schedule 1 applies instead of this schedule to the nomination and election of the number of committee members, other than those mentioned in paragraph (a), required to make up the committee.

8 More than required number of nominees for election as other committee members

If neither section 6 nor 7 applies, the election of the other committee members must be by ballot.

Part 2 Elections

9 Elections must be separate

A body corporate must have a separate election for each of the following—

- (a) the chairperson of the body corporate;
- (b) the secretary of the body corporate;
- (c) the treasurer of the body corporate;
- (d) the other committee members.

10 Pre-ballot

- (1) Before each ballot the secretary must give to each proprietor—
 - (a) for an open ballot—
 - (i) a ballot paper; and
 - (ii) a ballot paper envelope addressed to the secretary; or
 - (b) for a secret ballot—
 - (i) a ballot paper; and
 - (ii) a ballot paper envelope; and
 - (iii) a particulars envelope addressed to the secretary.
- (2) If a ballot paper is not available for use for any reason, a secretary must give a replacement ballot paper to the proprietor or the individual voting on the proprietor's behalf.
- (3) A secretary who gives a replacement ballot paper under subsection (2) must—
 - (a) make a written record of—
 - (i) the reason the ballot paper is not available for use; and
 - (ii) the individual to whom the replacement paper is given; and
 - (iii) when the replacement paper is given; and
 - (b) show the record to the chairperson before the votes are counted.

11 Ballot papers

A ballot paper must state—

- (a) the number of individuals required to be elected; and
- (b) the names of the nominees nominated by properly completed nominations; and
- (c) whether a nominee is—
 - (i) a proprietor; or
 - (ii) a company nominee; or
 - (iii) neither a proprietor nor a company nominee; and
- (d) by whom each nominee was nominated.

12 Opening envelopes

A ballot paper envelope must be opened—

- (a) for an open ballot—by the secretary, after all votes cast have been given to the secretary; and
- (b) for a secret ballot—by the chairperson, or an individual appointed by the chairperson, after—
 - (i) all votes cast have been given to the secretary; and
 - (ii) the chairperson, or an individual appointed by the chairperson, is satisfied that—
 - (A) the particulars envelope for the ballot paper envelope is properly completed; and
 - (B) the individual who completed the particulars envelope is entitled to vote; and
 - (iii) the ballot paper envelope has been drawn randomly from a receptacle in open view of the meeting.

13 Counting ballot

The chairperson, or an individual appointed by the chairperson, must count the votes recorded on properly completed ballot papers.

14 Properly completed ballot papers

- (1) A ballot paper for an open ballot is properly completed if—
 - (a) it states—
 - (i) the name of the individual voting; and
 - (ii) the number of the lot entitling the individual to vote; and
 - (iii) the name of the proprietor of the lot; and
 - (iv) the capacity in which the individual is voting; and
 - (v) the name of 1 nominee for each member of the committee required to be elected and to which the ballot relates; and
 - (b) the signature of the individual appears on the paper; and
 - (c) if the paper is given to the secretary before the annual general meeting—it is put into a ballot paper envelope and the envelope is sealed; and
 - (d) the individual gives the paper to the secretary before or at the annual general meeting.
- (2) A ballot paper for a secret ballot is properly completed if—
 - (a) it states the name of 1 nominee for each member of the committee required to be elected and to which the ballot relates; and
 - (b) it is put into a ballot paper envelope and the envelope is sealed; and
 - (c) the ballot paper envelope mentioned in paragraph (b) is—
 - (i) if separate from a particulars envelope—put into a properly completed particulars envelope; or
 - (ii) if attached to a particulars envelope—still attached to a properly completed particulars envelope; and
 - (d) the properly completed particulars envelope is sealed and given to the secretary before or at the annual general meeting.

15 Properly completed particulars envelope

A particulars envelope is properly completed if—

- (a) it states—
 - (i) the name of the individual voting; and
 - (ii) the number of the lot entitling the individual to vote; and
 - (iii) the name of the proprietor of the lot; and
 - (iv) the capacity in which the individual is voting; and
- (b) it contains, or is attached to, a sealed ballot paper envelope containing a properly completed ballot paper; and
- (c) the signature of the individual and the date of signing appears on the particulars envelope.

16 Result of ballot

- (1) For an election—
 - (a) as chairperson—the individual who receives the highest number of votes is elected as chairperson; and
 - (b) as secretary—the individual who receives the highest number of votes is elected as secretary; and
 - (c) as treasurer—the individual who receives the highest number of votes is elected as treasurer; and
 - (d) as other committee members—the individuals who receive the highest number of votes, in descending order, up to the number of persons required to be elected, are elected as the other committee members.
- (2) However, if 2 or more individuals receive the same number of votes and the number of individuals who would, under subsection (1)(a), (b), (c) or (d) be elected, is higher than the number required to be elected, the result of the election must be decided by chance in the way the meeting decides.

Schedule 3 Fees

section 14

Part 1 Fees payable to the registrar

		\$
1	Lodging a plan or plan of amalgamation for registration (Act, s 9(16))	
2	Additional fee for each lot in a plan or plan of amalgamation mentioned in item 1	
3	Lodging for registration—	17.40
	(a) a notice of conversion (Act, s 9(16))	81.80
	(b) a request to register an order, made under section 25(7A)(c) of the Act, amending a building units plan	81.80
	(c) a notification of proposed extinguishment under section 26(1) of the Act	81.80
4	Recording—	
	(a) an order (Act, s 112(1)(b))	81.80
	(b) an amendment of, addition to or repeal of by-laws (Act, s 30(3))	81.80
5	Furnishing copies of registered plan or amendment of registered plan (Act, s 14)	
6	Application to—	
	(a) reserve a name (Act, s 120(1))	58.40
	(b) extend the period for which a name is reserved (Act, s 120(3))	58.40
7	Lodging another document under the Act	

Part 2 Fees payable to the referee

		\$
8	Fee for an application for an order under section 41(2) of the Act	23.20
9	Fee for an application for an order under section 77(1) of the Act—	
	(a) if the applicant requests an interim order under section 76(2) of the Act	58.00
	(b) otherwise	23.20
10 11	Fee for issuing a summons under section 103(2) of the Act Fee for lodging a notice of appeal under section 106(1) of	23.20
12	the Act	23.20
12	(a) if the reply is collected from the referee	11.60
	(b) if the reply is posted to the inquirer	13.90
	(c) if the reply is sent by facsimile to the inquirer	20.60
Pa	rt 3 Fees payable to a body corporate	
		\$
13	Fee for giving information under section 40(1)(a) of the Act	23.20
14	Fee for making documents available for inspection under section 40(1)(b) of the Act—	
	(a) if the applicant is a person mentioned in section 40(5), definition <i>prescribed person</i> , paragraph (a), of	
	the Act	11.60
	40(5), definition <i>prescribed person</i> , paragraph (b), of the Act	23.20

		\$
15	Fee for giving a certificate under section 40(1)(c) of the Act—	
	(a) if the applicant asks to be given the certificate, and is given the certificate, within 24 hours after it is	
	requested	63.50
	(b) otherwise	46.50
16	Additional fee for sending a certificate mentioned in item 15 by facsimile	11.60
17	Fee for giving a copy of the by-laws under section 40(1)(d) of the Act—	
	(a) if the body corporate giving the by-laws has decided a	
	fee of less than \$1.00	the decided fee
	(b) otherwise	1.15

Endnotes

1 Index to endnotes

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2 Date to which amendments incorporated

This is the reprint date mentioned in the Reprints Act 1992, section 5(c). Accordingly, this reprint includes all amendments that commenced operation on or before 1 July 2005. Future amendments of the Building Units and Group Titles Regulation 1998 may be made in accordance with this reprint under the Reprints Act 1992, section 49.

3 Key

Key to abbreviations in list of legislation and annotations

Key		Explanation	Key		Explanation
AIA	=	Acts Interpretation Act 1954	(prev)	=	previously
amd	=	amended	proc	=	proclamation
amdt	=	amendment	prov	=	provision
ch	=	chapter	pt	=	part
def	=	definition	pubd	=	published
div	=	division	R[X]	=	Reprint No.[X]
exp	=	expires/expired	RA	=	Reprints Act 1992
gaz	=	gazette	reloc	=	relocated
hdg	=	heading	renum	=	renumbered
ins	=	inserted	rep	=	repealed
lap	=	lapsed	(retro)	=	retrospectively
notfd	=	notified	rv	=	revised edition
o in c	=	order in council	S	=	section
om	=	omitted	sch	=	schedule
orig	=	original	sdiv	=	subdivision
p	=	page	SIA	=	Statutory Instruments Act 1992
para	=	paragraph	SIR	=	Statutory Instruments Regulation 2002
prec	=	preceding	SL	=	subordinate legislation
pres	=	present	sub	=	substituted
prev	=	previous	unnum	=	unnumbered

4 Table of reprints

Reprints are issued for both future and past effective dates. For the most up-to-date table of reprints, see the reprint with the latest effective date.

If a reprint number includes a letter of the alphabet, the reprint was released in unauthorised, electronic form only.

Reprint No.	Amendments to	Effective	Reprint date
1	none	26 June 1998	30 June 1998
1A	2001 SL No. 147	20 September 2001	21 September 2001
Reprint	Amendments included	Effective	Notes
No.			
1B	2002 SL No. 122	1 July 2002	
1C	2003 SL No. 100	1 July 2003	
1D	2004 SL No. 67	1 July 2004	
	2004 SL No. 103	•	
1E	2005 SL No. 103	1 July 2005	
	2005 SL No. 135	3	

5 List of legislation

Building Units and Group Titles Regulation 1998 SL No. 189

made by the Governor in Council on 23 June 1998

notfd gaz 26 June 1998 pp 1036-7

commenced on date of notification

exp 1 September 2008 (see SIA s 54)

Note—The expiry date may have changed since this reprint was published. See the latest reprint of the SIR for any change.

amending legislation—

Natural Resources Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 2) 2001 SL No. 147 pts 1,

notfd gaz 24 August 2001 pp 1526–9

ss 1-2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 20 September 2001 (see s 2)

Natural Resources and Mines Legislation Amendment and Repeal Regulation (No. 1) 2002 SL No. 122 pts 1, 4

notfd gaz 31 May 2002 pp 482-7

ss 1-2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2002 (see s 2)

Natural Resources and Mines Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2003 SL No. 100 pts 1, 4

notfd gaz 30 May 2003 pp 371-6

ss 1-2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2003 (see s 2)

Natural Resources, Mines and Energy Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2004 SL No. 67 pts 1, 3

notfd gaz 28 May 2004 pp 277–80 ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2004 (see s 2)

Tourism, Fair Trading and Wine Industry Development (Fees) Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2004 SL No. 103

notfd gaz 25 June 2004 pp 573–81 ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2004 (see s 2)

Natural Resources and Mines Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2005 SL No. 103 pts 1, 3

notfd gaz 3 June 2005 pp 415–19 ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2005 (see s 2)

Tourism, Fair Trading and Wine Industry Development (Fees) Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2005 SL No. 135

notfd gaz 24 June 2005 pp 639–45 ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2005 (see s 2)

6 List of annotations

Fees

s 14 amd 2004 SL No. 67 s 6

SCHEDULE 3—FEES

sub 2001 SL No. 147 s 9; 2002 SL No. 122 s 8; 2003 SL No. 100 s 8 amd 2004 SL No. 67 s 7; 2004 SL No. 103 s 3 sch; 2005 SL No. 103 s 6; 2005 SL No. 135 s 3 sch 3