

# LIENS ON CROPS OF SUGAR CANE ACT 1931

Reprinted as in force on 8 May 2002 (includes amendments up to Act No. 13 of 2002)

**Reprint No. 2C** 

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# Information about this reprint

This Act is reprinted as at 8 May 2002. The reprint shows the law as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before that day (Reprints Act 1992 s 5(c)).

The reprint includes a reference to the law by which each amendment was made—see list of legislation and list of annotations in endnotes.

This page is specific to this reprint. See previous reprints for information about earlier changes made under the Reprints Act 1992. A table of earlier reprints is included in the endnotes.

Also see endnotes for information about-

- when provisions commenced
- editorial changes made in earlier reprints.



# LIENS ON CROPS OF SUGAR CANE ACT 1931

## TABLE OF PROVISIONS

Section	n	Page
1	Short title	5
2	Definitions	5
3	Application of s 2 to certain instruments.	6
3A	Act binds all persons	6
4	Charge on crop to be created by instrument	6
5	Register	6
6	Application for registration of lien	7
7	Application for renewal of registration of lien	7
7A	Registration, or renewal of registration, of lien	7
7B	Expiry of registration	8
7C	Inspecting the register	8
7D	Copies of instrument creating lien.	8
7E	Application for registration of assignment of registered lien	9
7F	Registration of assignment of a registered lien	9
7G	Effect of failure to register lien	9
7H	Priority given from time of registration	10
7I	Priority of liens	10
7J	Application for discharge of registered lien	10
7K	Registration of discharge of registered lien	11
7L	Duty after lien fully discharged	11
7M	Lienor may seek registration of discharge or change in particulars	12
7N	Changes to particulars in register	13
70	Correction of errors	13

2 Liens on Crops of Sugar Cane Act 1931

7P	Application of compensation provision	13
7Q	Compensation for loss	14
7R	Chief executive to be satisfied duty has been accounted for	15
8	Power of lienee where lienor neglects to pay off the moneys secured by lien	15
9	Application of proceeds of sugarcane	16
11	Further provisions regarding liens	17
12	Provisions as to priority where 2 or more liens given	18
13	Effect of harvesting crop on lien	18
15	Liens not affected by sale etc. of land	19
16	Application of proceeds of crop to costs of sugarcane protection etc	19
17	Notice of lien to be given to mill owner	20
23	Relationship of other Acts to liens under this Act	21
23A	False or misleading statements	21
23B	False or misleading documents	21
23C	Protection from liability	22
23D	Delegations	22
23E	Arrangements for fees	22
24	Validation.	23
25	Regulations	23
26	Transitional provisions about register—Bills of Sale and Other Securities Amendment Act 1999	23
27	Transitional provision about registered instruments—Bills of Sale and Other Securities Amendment Act 1999	23
28	Transitional provisions about existing liens—Bills of Sale and Other Securities Amendment Act 1999	24
29	Transitional provision about expiry of registered liens—Bills of Sale and Other Securities Amendment Act 1999	24
30	Saving of priority—Bills of Sale and Other Securities Amendment Act 1999	24

### ENDNOTES

1	Index to endnotes	25
2	Date to which amendments incorporated.	25

3	Key	25
4	Table of earlier reprints	26
5	Tables in earlier reprints	26
6	List of legislation	26
7	List of annotations	28

# LIENS ON CROPS OF SUGAR CANE ACT 1931

[as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before 8 May 2002]

### An Act to amend the laws relating to liens upon crops of sugar cane, and for other purposes consequent thereon

### **1** Short title

This Act may be cited as the Liens on Crops of Sugar Cane Act 1931.

### 2 Definitions

In this Act—

"crop" means a crop of sugarcane being grown or to be grown for the purpose of being harvested in any one harvesting season.

### "incorrect information" see section 7P(e)(ii).

- "lien" means the charge (made enforceable under this Act when registered and while subsisting) whereby any crop and the proceeds thereof become security for the discharge of any debt or obligation.
- "lienee" means a person to whom a lienor gives a lien, or to whom a lien is assigned as provided by this Act, or on whom a lien devolves by operation of law.
- "lienor" means any owner of a crop who gives a lien as provided by this Act.
- "official" means the chief executive, or an officer or employee of the department.
- "owner of a crop" means a person growing or intending to grow a crop who has any legal or equitable right or interest therein and includes a person who is entitled to emblements.
- "owner of a mill" means a person owning or having control of a sugar-mill.

"printed search result" see section 7C.

"register" means the register kept under section 5.

"registered" means included in the register.

"unregistered lien" means a lien that—

- (a) is not registered under this Act; or
- (b) has expired.

## 3 Application of s 2 to certain instruments

Section 2 applies to instruments made or executed under this Act, unless the contrary intention appears.

### 3A Act binds all persons

This Act binds all persons, including the State, and, so far as the legislative power of Parliament permits, the Commonwealth and the other States.

### 4 Charge on crop to be created by instrument

(1) An owner of a crop may charge the crop as security for the payment or satisfaction of any debt or liability (whether past or present or future, and whether vested or contingent), by signed instrument.

(2) The instrument—

- (a) must adequately identify the land on which the crop intended to be charged is growing or is about to grow; and
- (b) must be witnessed.

# 5 Register

(1) The chief executive must keep a register of liens.

(2) The register must include the following particulars in relation to each lien included in the register—

- (a) the name and address of the lienee and the lienor;
- (b) the day and time the particulars are included in the register;
- (c) other particulars that may be prescribed under a regulation.

(3) The lien is "registered" when the particulars are included in the register.

### 6 Application for registration of lien

(1) An application for the registration of a lien must be—

- (a) made in the way prescribed under a regulation; and
- (b) accompanied by the fee that may be prescribed under a regulation.

(2) The application must include a description of the land to which the lien relates.

(3) The chief executive is not required to inquire into the validity of information supporting the application.

### 7 Application for renewal of registration of lien

(1) An application for the renewal of registration of a lien must—

- (a) be made in the way prescribed under a regulation; and
- (b) nominate the day the lien expires; and
- (c) be accompanied by the fee that may be prescribed under a regulation.

(2) The chief executive is not required to inquire into the validity of information supporting the application.

(3) The registration of a lien must be renewed before the registration expires.

### 7A Registration, or renewal of registration, of lien

(1) If the chief executive is satisfied that an application for the registration, or renewal of the registration, of a lien is properly made, the chief executive must register, or renew the registration of, the lien by including in the register the relevant particulars mentioned in section 5(2).

(2) Applications for registration, or renewal of registration, of liens must be registered in the order of time of lodgment with the chief executive.

### 7B Expiry of registration

(1) A registration of a lien after the commencement of this section expires on the day nominated by the lienee in the application for registration as the day the lien expires.

(2) In this section—

"registration" includes renewal of registration.

### 7C Inspecting the register

(1) On payment of the fee that may be prescribed under a regulation, a person may inspect the register or get a copy of particulars in the register (a "**printed search result**")—

- (a) at an office of the department prescribed under a regulation when the office is open to the public; or
- (b) by using a computer under arrangements approved by the chief executive.

Example—

The chief executive may approve arrangements under which a person is given access to particular information held electronically by the department to allow the person to perform a search from a remote location and print the printed search result on the person's printer.

(2) A printed search result may, on application to the chief executive and payment of the fee that may be prescribed under a regulation, be certified by the chief executive.

(3) A printed search result certified by the chief executive is evidence of the matters stated in it.

(4) In this section—

"**computer**" means a mechanical, electronic or other device that processes data.

### 7D Copies of instrument creating lien

(1) The lience must, at the written request of the lienor, give the lienor a copy of the instrument creating the lien.

Maximum penalty—30 penalty units.

(2) For subsection (1), the copy must be given—

- (a) within 14 days, if the original came into existence 1 year or less before the request is given; or
- (b) within 30 days, if the original came into existence more than 1 year before the request is given.

(3) The copy may be a computer generated facsimile containing the same information contained in the original document.

(4) The lience may charge a reasonable amount for providing the copy, which must not be more than the actual cost of providing the copy.

### 7E Application for registration of assignment of registered lien

(1) An assignment of a registered lien may be registered, but is not required to be registered.

(2) An application for registration of the assignment of a registered lien must be—

- (a) made in the way prescribed under a regulation; and
- (b) accompanied by the fee that may be prescribed under a regulation.

(3) The chief executive is not required to inquire into the validity of information supporting the application.

### 7F Registration of assignment of a registered lien

(1) If the chief executive is satisfied that an application for registration of the assignment of a registered lien is properly made, the chief executive must register the assignment by including in the register particulars of the assignment.

(2) Applications for registration of assignments of registered liens must be registered in the order of time of lodgment with the chief executive.

### 7G Effect of failure to register lien

(1) An unregistered lien has no effect against a person who is not a party to the instrument creating the lien.

(2) Subsection (1) is subject to section 7I(3).

### 7H Priority given from time of registration

A registered lien has priority, for any title to, or right to possession of, crops conferred by the lien, according to the time of its registration.

### 7I Priority of liens

(1) A registered lien over a crop ranks in priority over an unregistered lien over the same crop.

(2) A registered lien over a crop ranks in priority over another registered lien over the same crop according to the order of registration.

(3) An unregistered lien over a crop ranks in priority over a registered lien over the same crop if—

- (a) under the unregistered lien the lienee takes possession of the crop; and
- (b) the taking of possession happens before the registered lien is registered.

(4) Despite the *Property Law Act 1974*, section 82,<sup>1</sup> the priority given to a lien under this section has effect for all amounts, including further advances, owing by the lienor to the lienee under the lien.

(5) Subsections (1), (2), (3) and (4) apply subject to the following—

- (a) section  $12;^2$
- (b) the Corporations Act;
- (c) an agreement between the lienees holding the liens.

(6) It is declared that the priority given to registered liens under this section applies only to liens created after the commencement of this section.

### 7J Application for discharge of registered lien

(1) The lience may apply for the full or partial discharge of a registered lien.

(2) The application must be—

<sup>1</sup> Property Law Act 1974, section 82 (Tacking and further advances)

<sup>2</sup> Section 12 (Provisions as to priority where 2 or more liens given)

- (a) made in the way prescribed under a regulation; and
- (b) accompanied by the fee that may be prescribed under a regulation.

(3) The chief executive is not required to inquire into the validity of information supporting the application.

(4) In this section—

"partial discharge", of a registered lien, means-

- (a) a discharge of a lienor under the lien from the lienor's performance of a stated part of the lienor's obligation under the lien; or
- (b) if the lien relates to a number of crops—a discharge of the lien in relation to any of the crops.

## 7K Registration of discharge of registered lien

If the chief executive is satisfied that an application for a full or partial discharge of a registered lien is properly made, the chief executive must register the discharge by—

- (a) including in the register the particulars that may be prescribed under a regulation; and
- (b) doing anything else that may be prescribed under a regulation.

### 7L Duty after lien fully discharged

The lienee under a registered lien at the time the lien is fully discharged must, within 14 days after the lien is fully discharged—

- (a) file an application under section  $7J^3$  for the full discharge of the lien; and
- (b) do anything else that may be necessary to effect the registration of the discharge.

Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.

<sup>3</sup> Section 7J (Application for discharge of registered lien)

### 7M Lienor may seek registration of discharge or change in particulars

(1) A lienor may, in relation to a registered lien, ask the lienee—

- (a) to file an application under section 7J for the full or partial discharge of the lien if the lien has been fully or partially discharged; or
- (b) to join with the lienor to file an application under section 7N to change the particulars in the register.

(2) A lience who receives a request under subsection (1) must, within 30 days after receiving the request—

- (a) file the application or join with the lienor in filing the application; or
- (b) apply to a Magistrates Court for an order maintaining the registration.

(3) If, at the end of the time allowed under subsection (2), the lienee has not complied with subsection (2)(a) or (b), the lienor may ask the chief executive in the approved form to give the lienee a notice under subsection (4).

(4) The notice must state that, unless the lience obtains a court order maintaining the registration before the end of the notice period, at the end of the notice period—

- (a) the discharge will be registered; or
- (b) stated particulars will be changed under section 7N.

(5) If a lience who has been given notice under subsection (4) has not—

- (a) filed an application for the discharge or the change to particulars in accordance with the request under subsection (1); or
- (b) given the chief executive a copy of a court order maintaining the registration;

before the end of the notice period, the chief executive must register the discharge or change the particulars included in the register as requested.

(6) On application by the lienee, the court may make any of the following orders—

- (a) an order that the registration be maintained;
- (b) an order that the discharge be registered;
- (c) an order that the particulars included in the register be changed;

(d) another order, including an order for costs, the court considers appropriate.

(7) In this section—

"notice period" means a period of 30 days after giving a notice under subsection (4).

# 7N Changes to particulars in register

(1) A lience may apply to the chief executive to change stated particulars included in the register relating to the lien.

(2) The application must be—

- (a) made in the way prescribed under a regulation; and
- (b) accompanied by the fee that may be prescribed under a regulation.

(3) The chief executive may change the particulars and must include in the register the date on which the particulars were changed.

(4) If the change is other than a change of a minor and non-controversial nature, the chief executive may require the application to be made jointly by the lienee and lienor.

# 70 Correction of errors

(1) This section applies if the chief executive is satisfied that an error, omission or failure to comply with this Act has happened in relation to—

- (a) a registered lien; or
- (b) the register.

(2) The chief executive must do everything necessary to correct the error, omission or failure.

# 7P Application of compensation provision

Section 7Q applies if a person suffers loss because-

- (a) a lien in relation to which an application for registration had been filed with the chief executive had not been registered; or
- (b) particulars of a lien were incorrectly entered in the register; or

- (c) a lien had been discharged incorrectly under section 7M; or
- (d) a discharge of a lien under section 7M, of which the chief executive has notice, had not been included in the register; or
- (e) the person—
  - (i) searches the register for a lien or particulars of a lien and there is an error in the register because of a negligent act or omission by the chief executive (the "incorrect information"); and
  - (ii) relies on the incorrect information contained in a printed search result.

## 7Q Compensation for loss

(1) A person who suffers loss for a reason stated in section 7P may apply to the accountable officer for payment of compensation to the person.

(2) The accountable officer may make a payment to the applicant under the *Financial Administration and Audit Act 1977*, section 106.<sup>4</sup>

(3) The accountable officer must not make a payment in relation to a loss for a reason mentioned in section 7P(e) if the applicant, at the time of suffering the loss—

- (a) had actual notice of the lien; or
- (b) had been put on inquiry as to the existence of the lien and had abstained from inquiry or further inquiry when the person might reasonably have expected the inquiry or further inquiry to reveal the lien.

(4) Compensation paid under section 7P(a), (b), (c) or (d) must not be more than, after discounting for any GST payable on any supply relating to the payment of the compensation, the lesser of the following, worked out as at the time the loss was suffered—

- (a) the amount of the debt or other pecuniary obligation or the value of any other obligation secured by the lien;
- (b) the value of the crop in which was held the lien in relation to which compensation was applied for.

<sup>4</sup> *Financial Administration and Audit Act 1977*, section 106 (Losses and special payments)

(5) Compensation paid under section 7P(e) must not be more than, after discounting for any GST payable on any supply relating to the payment of the compensation, the actual loss attributable to reliance by the person on the incorrect information, worked out as at the time the loss was suffered.

(6) The accountable officer must give to the person written notice of the decision on the application and the reasons for the decision.

(7) In this section—

"accountable officer" means the accountable officer of the department under the *Financial Administration and Audit Act 1977*.

### 7R Chief executive to be satisfied duty has been accounted for

(1) If an instrument or transaction relating to a lien is imposed with duty under the *Duties Act 2001*, the chief executive may deal with the lien under this Act only if the chief executive is satisfied that duty on the instrument or transaction has been paid or accounted for under that Act.

(2) The chief executive may assume duty on the instrument or transaction has been paid or accounted for if the person asking the chief executive to deal with the lien states, in writing, that the duty has been paid or accounted for under that Act.

# 8 Power of lienee where lienor neglects to pay off the moneys secured by lien

(1) Subject to the *Sugar Industry Act 1999* and any collective agreement mentioned in section 40<sup>5</sup> of that Act and affecting any crop, if a lienor, the lienor's executors, administrators, or assigns shall neglect or refuse either to pay off the whole of the moneys secured by a lien upon such crop with interest as agreed upon as aforesaid, or to give up such crop to such lienee in pursuance of such lien, such lienee, the lienee's executors, administrators, or assigns may himself or herself or by his or her servants or agents, and upon giving notice to the owner of any sugar-mill to which relates any cane production area in which is included the lands described in the lien, enter upon such land and cultivate, gather, carry away, and sell such crop or crops to the owner of such sugar-mill or to any other person in

<sup>5</sup> Sugar Industry Act 1999, section 40 (Collective agreement—nature) was renumbered as section 41 under the Sugar Industry Act 1999, section 227A.

the manner and subject to the same conditions and to the same effect as the lienor could lawfully have sold the same.

(2) However, if such lienor be a tenant then the lienee shall before carrying away any such crop pay to the landlord of the land whereon such crop shall be growing such sum of money as may be due to the landlord for rent at the time of carrying away such crop, provided that the sum so paid shall not exceed 1 year's rent.

(3) In addition, if at the time of the registration of such lien there be in force a mortgage or a contract for the purchase by the lienor of the land whereon such crop shall be growing and the land shall at the time of harvesting be in the occupation of the mortgagee or the vendor, such lienee shall before carrying away and selling any such crop pay to the mortgagee or to the vendor the amount of interest, not, however, exceeding 12 months interest, due upon such mortgage or such contract of sale at the time of carrying away and selling such crop.

(4) In this section—

"cane production area" has the meaning given by the Sugar Industry Act 1999, section 6.6

### 9 Application of proceeds of sugarcane

(1) The purchaser of any sugarcane, whether such purchaser is the owner of a mill or not, shall after production to such purchaser of any duly registered lien given over such sugarcane apply the proceeds so far as they are available of all such sugarcane so purchased in such order, and such proceeds are deemed to be charged to such extent as follows, that is to say—

(a) when an owner of a mill has become entitled under a cane supply and processing agreement entered into under the *Sugar Industry Act 1999* to any costs of harvesting or other expenses incidental thereto, then in repaying such costs to such owner together with any amount which the owner may with the consent of the lienee have advanced to any person or may himself or herself otherwise than as aforesaid have paid or incurred for the purpose of harvesting such crop;

<sup>6</sup> *Sugar Industry Act 1999*, section 6 (Cane production area) was renumbered as section 7 under the *Sugar Industry Act 1999*, section 227A.

- (b) in paying to the lience any sum or sums paid by the lience under section 8 to a landlord or to a mortgagee or to a vendor for rent or interest;
- (c) unless otherwise stated in the instrument creating the lien, in paying to the lienee any amount paid or incurred for wages or otherwise by the lienee in cultivating or harvesting and carrying away the sugarcane covered by the lienee's lien;
- (d) when the purchaser is the owner of a mill, in paying such levies as such owner may lawfully deduct from such proceeds;
- (e) in paying to the lienee any amount due and owing to such lienee for any moneys secured by such lien;
- (f) however, where a lien is given to the extent of a stated percentage of the proceeds of a crop of sugarcane or a stated amount per ton of such crop, then such purchaser shall under this subsection pay to such lienee such stated percentage only of such proceeds as are available from time to time, or such amount on each ton of cane so realised, as the case may be, towards the satisfaction of the principal moneys and interest secured by the said lien;
- (g) in paying to any second or subsequent lienee in like manner as aforesaid, and in order of the priority of the registration of their respective liens any moneys paid by such lienee for rent or interest under this Act and any amount paid or incurred for wages or otherwise for cultivating or harvesting and carrying away such sugarcane, and any moneys secured by such liens.

(2) However, where the sugarcane is harvested by the lienor the purchaser may, if so requested by the lienor, and with the consent of the lienee or the lienee's agent, endorsed upon the instrument creating the lien, advance to the lienor such amount as may reasonably be necessary for payment by the lienor of wages due and payable by the lienor to any employees for harvesting any sugarcane covered by the lien.

(3) Subject to subsections (1) and (2) and subject to any equities affecting such proceeds of which such purchaser shall have had notice, such purchaser shall pay the proceeds of such sugarcane to the lienor.

### **11** Further provisions regarding liens

Where a lien is given to secure the payment with or without interest of purchase money under an agreement of sale of the land upon which the crop or crops given as security is or are growing or to grow, or to secure the payment with or without interest of a debt owing under a mortgage of such land, or to secure any rent or royalty payable under a lease of such land and where such lien shall contain as a schedule thereto or embodied therein a true copy of such agreement for sale or such mortgage or lease, such lien may be given over the crop or crops growing or to grow on the said land in any year or in any year and any subsequent year or years, but such lien shall not continue in force longer than that period specified in the instrument of lien as being the period for which the lien is to continue in force unless renewed under section 7.<sup>7</sup>

### 12 Provisions as to priority where 2 or more liens given

(1) Where 2 or more liens given by way of collateral security to mortgages over the same land shall be renewed they shall take effect as between themselves in the same order of priority as such mortgages and not in the order of the registration of such liens, but no lien given to secure purchase money with or without interest under any agreement of sale, or given as collateral security to a second or subsequent mortgage, or given to secure any rent or royalty payable under a lease shall be renewed after a prior vendor mortgagee or lessor has lawfully entered into possession of such land, unless at the time of the renewal of such lien there shall be filed a written consent thereto signed by such prior vendor or mortgagee or lessor.

(2) However, subsection (1) does not affect the priority of a lien whose registration is renewed because of section 13(1).

### 13 Effect of harvesting crop on lien

(1) A lien over a crop that, when the lien expires, has not been fully harvested, may be renewed under section 7.

(2) However, if the crop covered by a lien is fully harvested when the lien expires under section 7B,<sup>8</sup> it is not necessary to renew the lien for the lien to remain effective against the proceeds of the crop.

<sup>7</sup> Section 7 (Application for renewal of registration of lien)

<sup>8</sup> Section 7B (Expiry of registration)

### 15 Liens not affected by sale etc. of land

No lien given in good faith and for valuable consideration and duly registered shall be extinguished or otherwise prejudicially affected by any sale, assignment, partition, lease, agreement for a lease, mortgage, or encumbrance of or other dealing with the land on which any such crop may be growing or shall be grown, or by the surrender of any lease, or by the death of the lienor, or by any re-entry or foreclosure by any vendor, lessor, mortgagee, or encumbrancee or other person than a lienee entitled thereto under this Act.

# 16 Application of proceeds of crop to costs of sugarcane protection etc.

(1) This Act is subject to the *Industrial Relations Act 1999*, chapter 11, part 2.

(2) Notwithstanding anything in this Act or in any other Act or law to the contrary the proceeds of any sugarcane shall be applied in satisfaction of any sum lawfully payable and not duly paid to a cane protection and productivity board established under the Sugar Industry Act 1999 for the supplying of any fumigant, insecticide, fungicide, poison, or other material, or more than 1 of those materials, for the purpose of the control with respect to that sugarcane of any pest within the meaning of that Act and for any services rendered in connection with the use of that material for that purpose, in priority to all other sums, secured or unsecured, payable from such proceeds including any sum due and owing to any lienee and secured by a lien duly registered under this Act and in force over that sugarcane.

(3) Notice to any person who has in the person's hands the proceeds of any sugarcane of any aforementioned sum so payable and not paid to any Board as aforesaid shall render that person liable, to the extent of such proceeds, for the payment of that sum to that Board and such sum may be recovered from the person as if the person were a debtor to that Board.

(4) Without prejudice to any other mode of proof—

(a) a certificate in writing of the Board concerned certifying that the sum therein specified is then lawfully payable and has not been duly paid to that Board for the supplying of the material therein stated for the purpose of the control with respect to sugarcane grown during the calendar year therein mentioned on the land therein sufficiently described for identification purposes of any pest within the meaning of the *Sugar Industry Act 1999* and for

the services as specified rendered in connection with the use of that material for that purpose, shall be received in evidence and shall be evidence of the facts therein stated, and in the absence of evidence in rebuttal thereof, shall be conclusive evidence of those facts; and

(b) any person shall be deemed to have had notice of any aforementioned sum so payable and not paid to any Board as aforesaid if and when a certificate in writing as referred to in paragraph (a) is delivered to the person.

### 17 Notice of lien to be given to mill owner

(1) This section applies if—

- (a) a lienee holds a lien over a crop that is growing, or will be grown, on land all or part of which is assigned to a mill under the *Sugar Industry Act 1991*; and
- (b) the lien is registered; and
- (c) the lience after the registration, or the renewal, transfer or assignment of the registration, gives to the owner of the mill a certified printed search result relating to the registration, renewal, transfer or assignment.

(2) The lience or the assignee under the lien is entitled to be paid from the proceeds of the crop then next available the amount secured by the lien to the extent the proceeds allow.

(3) If the lien is discharged, the lienee must give to the owner of the mill a certified printed search result relating to the discharge of the registration as soon as possible after the discharge is registered.

(4) The owner of the mill is not affected by the registration, renewal, assignment, transfer or discharge of the lien until a certified printed search result relating to the registration, renewal, assignment, transfer or discharge is given to the owner by the lienee.

(5) In this section—

"assignee" includes a transferee.

### 23 Relationship of other Acts to liens under this Act

(1) To remove any doubt, it is declared that a lien under this Act is not a bill of sale under the *Bills of Sale and Other Instruments Act 1955*.

(2) The provisions of this Act relating to registration do not apply to any lien on crops of sugarcane given by any person to the Crown as defined by the repealed *State Securities Registration Act 1925* and the provisions of the repealed Act relating to those liens continue to have effect.

(3) Also, for deciding priority under this Act between or among liens, a lien registered under the repealed *State Securities Registration Act 1925* is taken to be registered under this Act.

(4) Subsections (2) and (3) and this subsection expire 10 years after the commencement of this subsection.

### 23A False or misleading statements

(1) A person must not state anything to an official the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular.

Maximum penalty—50 penalty units or 1 year's imprisonment.

(2) It is enough for a complaint for an offence against subsection (1) to state the statement made was 'false or misleading' to the person's knowledge, without stating which.

### 23B False or misleading documents

(1) A person must not give an official a document containing information the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular.

Maximum penalty—50 penalty units or 1 year's imprisonment.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a person if the person, when giving the document—

- (a) tells the official, to the best of the person's ability, how it is false, misleading or incomplete; and
- (b) if the person has, or can reasonably obtain, the correct information—gives the correct information.

(3) It is enough for a complaint for an offence against subsection (1) to state the document was 'false or misleading' to the person's knowledge, without stating which.

### 23C Protection from liability

(1) An official does not incur civil liability for an act done, or omission made, honestly and without negligence under this Act.

(2) If subsection (1) prevents a civil liability attaching to an official, liability attaches instead to the State.

### **23D Delegations**

(1) The chief executive may delegate the chief executive's powers under this Act to an appropriately qualified officer or employee of the department.

(2) In this section—

**"appropriately qualified"**, for a person to whom a power under this Act may be delegated, includes having the qualifications, experience or standing appropriate to exercise the power.

Example of 'standing'—

A person's classification level in the public service.

### 23E Arrangements for fees

(1) A person may apply to the chief executive for approval of an arrangement for the payment of fees under this Act.

Example—

An arrangement may be for the payment of fees in advance or in arrears.

(2) The application must be—

- (a) in writing stating the particulars of the proposed arrangement; and
- (b) accompanied by the fee that may be prescribed under a regulation.

(3) If the chief executive approves the proposed arrangement, the person may pay fees under this Act in accordance with the arrangement.

### 24 Validation

(1) It is declared that anything done between 23 April 1999 and 7 May 1999 that would have been validly done or effectual under this Act, had the amending Act commenced on 23 April 1999, is and always was as valid and effectual as if the amending Act had commenced on 23 April 1999.

(2) In this section—

- "amending Act" means the *Bills of Sale and Other Securities Amendment Act 1999*, part 3.
- "done" includes, made, applied for, registered, discharged, renewed, given, exercised, charged, established, changed and omitted to be done.

### 25 Regulations

(1) The Governor in Council may make regulations for the purposes of this Act.

(2) A regulation may make provision with respect to the prescribing of fees and charges.

### 26 Transitional provisions about register—Bills of Sale and Other Securities Amendment Act 1999

The register of liens on sugarcane kept under this Act immediately before the commencement of this section from the commencement continues as the register of liens kept under section 5.

### 27 Transitional provision about registered instruments—Bills of Sale and Other Securities Amendment Act 1999

(1) Each instrument registered under this Act immediately before the commencement of this section is taken to be a registered lien.

(2) The particulars of each lien registered in the register of liens on sugarcane immediately before the commencement are taken to be included in the register of liens kept under section 5.

### 28 Transitional provisions about existing liens—Bills of Sale and Other Securities Amendment Act 1999

(1) This section applies to each instrument registered under this Act before the commencement of this section ("existing liens").

(2) Each existing lien expires as follows—

- (a) if registered in 1993—5 years after the commencement;
- (b) if registered in 1994—6 years after the commencement;
- (c) if registered in 1995—7 years after the commencement;
- (d) if registered in 1996—8 years after the commencement;
- (e) if registered in 1997—9 years after the commencement;
- (f) if registered after 1997 but before the commencement—10 years after the commencement.

### 29 Transitional provision about expiry of registered liens—Bills of Sale and Other Securities Amendment Act 1999

Section 10(2) of this Act, as in force immediately before the commencement of this section, from the commencement continues to have effect, but only for deciding when the registration of a lien executed before the commencement expires.

### 30 Saving of priority—Bills of Sale and Other Securities Amendment Act 1999

(1) This section applies to registered liens that immediately before the commencement of this section were instruments registered under this Act.

(2) The provisions of this Act for deciding priority, as in force immediately before the commencement, continue to have effect for deciding priority of those registered liens after the commencement.

(3) This section applies despite section 7I.9

s 30

<sup>9</sup> Section 7I (Priority of liens)

# **ENDNOTES**

# **1** Index to endnotes

	Pa	ge
2	Date to which amendments incorporated	25
3	Key	25
4	Table of earlier reprints	26
5	Tables in earlier reprints	26
6	List of legislation	26
7	List of annotations	28

# 2 Date to which amendments incorporated

This is the reprint date mentioned in the Reprints Act 1992, section 5(c). Accordingly, this reprint includes all amendments that commenced operation on or before 8 May 2002. Future amendments of the Liens on Crops of Sugar Cane Act 1931 may be made in accordance with this reprint under the Reprints Act 1992, section 49.

# 3

Key

# Key to abbreviations in list of legislation and annotations

Key		Explanation	Key		Explanation
AIA	=	Acts Interpretation Act 1954	prev	=	previous
amd	=	amended	(prev)	=	previously
amdt	=	amendment	proc	=	proclamation
ch	=	chapter	prov	=	provision
def	=	definition	pt	=	part
div	=	division	pubd	=	published
exp	=	expires/expired	<b>R</b> [X]	=	Reprint No.[X]
gaz	=	gazette	RA	=	Reprints Act 1992
hdg	=	heading	reloc	=	relocated
ins	=	inserted	renum	=	renumbered
lap	=	lapsed	rep	=	repealed
notfd	=	notified	s	=	section
o in c	=	order in council	sch	=	schedule
om	=	omitted	sdiv	=	subdivision
orig	=	original	SIA	=	Statutory Instruments Act 1992
р	=	page	SIR	=	Statutory Instruments Regulation 1992
para	=	paragraph	SL	=	subordinate legislation
prec	=	preceding	sub	=	substituted
pres	=	present	unnum	=	unnumbered

# 4 Table of earlier reprints

### TABLE OF EARLIER REPRINTS

[If a reprint number includes a roman letter, the reprint was released in unauthorised, electronic form only.]

Reprint No.	Amendments included	Reprint date
1	to Act No. 40 of 1992	26 April 1994
1A	to Act No. 57 of 1995	2 July 1996
1B	to Act No. 56 of 1996	18 December 1996
1C	to Act No. 38 of 1997	8 August 1997
1D	to Act No. 63 of 1999	16 June 2000
2	to Act No. 24 of 2000	4 August 2000
2A	to Act No. 46 of 2000	8 November 2000
2B	to Act No. 71 of 2001	1 March 2002

# **5** Tables in earlier reprints

### TABLES IN EARLIER REPRINTS

Reprint No.

1

Name of table

Renumbered provisions

# 6 List of legislation

Liens on Crops of Sugar Cane Act 1931 22 Geo 5 No. 37 date of assent 24 December 1931 commenced 11 January 1932 (proc pubd gaz 9 January 1932 p 28)
amending legislation—
Liens on Crops of Sugar Cane Act Amendment Act 1933 24 Geo 5 No. 4 date of assent 11 October 1933 s 3 commenced 14 January 1932 (see s 3) remaining provisions commenced on date of assent
Liens on Crops of Sugar Cane Acts Amendment Act 1951 15 Geo 6 No. 29 date of assent 11 October 1951 commenced on date of assent
Liens on Crops of Sugar Cane Acts Amendment Act 1961 10 Eliz 2 No. 47 date of assent 14 December 1961 commenced on date of assent
Decimal Currency Act 1965 No. 61 s 11 sch 2 date of assent 23 December 1965 commenced 14 February 1966 (see s 1(2))

Bills of Sale and Other Instruments Act and Other Acts Amendment Act 1971 No. 10 pt 3
date of assent 16 April 1971 commenced 29 January 1973 (proc pubd gaz 27 January 1973 p 355)
Liens on Crops of Sugar Cane Act Amendment Act 1975 No. 54 date of assent 4 November 1975 commenced 1 December 1975 (proc pubd gaz 15 November 1975 p 1099)
Sugar Experiment Stations Act and Another Act Amendment Act 1981 No. 7 pt 3 date of assent 30 March 1981 commenced on date of assent
Administration of Commercial Laws Act and Other Acts Amendment Act 1981 No. 57 pt 8 date of assent 12 June 1981
commenced 1 July 1982 (proc pubd gaz 29 June 1982 p 2101)
Corporations (Consequential Amendments) Act 1990 No. 99 s 3.1 sch date of assent 12 December 1990 commenced 1 January 1991 (proc pubd gaz 22 December 1990 p 2270)
Sugar Industry Act 1991 No. 20 pt 14 div 4 date of assent 1 May 1991 commenced 15 July 1991 (1991 SL No. 19)
Justice Legislation (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1992 No. 40 ss 1–2, 163 sch 1 date of assent 14 August 1992 ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent amendments 4–7, 11, 14 commenced 1 April 1994 (1994 SL No. 94) remaining provisions commenced on date of assent
Statute Law Revision Act 1995 No. 57 s 1–2, 4 sch 1 date of assent 28 November 1995 commenced on date of assent
Consumer Law and Other Justice Legislation (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1996 No. 56 pts 1, 13 date of assent 20 November 1996 commenced on date of assent
Courts Reform Amendment Act 1997 No. 38 pt 1 sch date of assent 18 July 1997 ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent remaining provisions commenced 1 August 1997 (1997 SL No. 235)
Bills of Sale and Other Securities Amendment Act 1999 No. 4 pts 1, 3 date of assent 18 March 1999 ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent remaining provisions commenced 7 May 1999 (1999 SL No. 78)
Sugar Industry Act 1999 No. 51 ss 1, 2(2), 228 sch 1 date of assent 18 November 1999 ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent remaining provisions commenced 1 January 2000 (see s 2(2))

Definitions

 prov hdg
 sub 1999 No. 4 s 26(1)

 s 2
 amd 1999 No. 4 s 26(1)

 def "Assistant Commissioner" ins 1971 No. 10 s 20

 om 1981 No. 57 s 27

def "central district" ins 1992 No. 40 s 163 sch 1 sub 1997 No. 38 s 3 sch om 1999 No. 4 s 26(1) def "Commissioner" ins 1971 No. 10 s 20 om 1981 No. 57 s 27 def "far northern district" ins 1997 No. 38 s 3 sch om 1999 No. 4 s 26(2) def "incorrect information" ins 1999 No. 4 s 26(3) def "northern district" ins 1992 No. 40 s 163 sch 1 sub 1997 No. 38 s 3 sch om 1999 No. 4 s 26(2) def "official" ins 1999 No. 4 s 26(3) def "owner of a mill" and 1999 No. 4 s 26(4) def "printed search result" ins 1999 No. 4 s 26(3) def "Register" om 1999 No. 4 s 26(2) def "register" ins 1999 No. 4 s 26(3) def "registered" ins 1999 No. 4 s 26(3) def "Registrar" ins 1981 No. 57 s 27 amd 1990 No. 99 s 3.1(1) sch om 1992 No. 40 s 163 sch 1 def "registrar" ins 1992 No. 40 s 163 sch 1 om 1999 No. 4 s 26(2) def "southern district" ins 1992 No. 40 s 163 sch 1 sub 1997 No. 38 s 3 sch om 1999 No. 4 s 26(2) def "unregistered lien" ins 1999 No. 4 s 26(3)

### Application of s 2 to certain instruments

**s 3** amd 1971 No. 10 s 24 prev s 3 om 1992 No. 40 s 163 sch 1 pres s 3 ins 1999 No. 4 s 27

### Act binds all persons

**s 3A** ins 1999 No. 4 s 27

#### Charge on crop to be created by instrument

**prov hdg** amd 1992 No. 40 s 163 sch 1

**s 4** amd 1971 No. 10 ss 21, 24; 1992 No. 40 s 163 sch 1 sub 1999 No. 4 s 28

#### Register

**s 5** sub 1999 No. 4 s 28

#### Application for registration of lien

**s 6** amd 1971 No. 10 s 24 sub 1992 No. 40 s 163 sch 1; 1999 No. 4 s 28

### Application for renewal of registration of lien

**s 7** amd 1971 No. 10 s 24 sub 1992 No. 40 s 163 sch 1; 1999 No. 4 s 28

### Registration, or renewal of registration, of lien

**s 7A** ins 1999 No. 4 s 28

Expiry of s 7B	registration ins 1999 No. 4 s 28
Inspecting s 7C	<b>the register</b> ins 1999 No. 4 s 28 sub 2002 No. 13 s 49
Copies of a s 7D	instrument creating lien ins 1999 No. 4 s 28
Applicatio	on for registration of assignment of registered lien
s 7E	ins 1999 No. 4 s 28
Registrati	on of assignment of a registered lien
s 7F	ins 1999 No. 4 s 28
Effect of fast of fast of fast of fast of fast of fast of the second sec	ailure to register lien ins 1999 No. 4 s 28
Priority gi	iven from time of registration
s 7H	ins 1999 No. 4 s 28
Priority of s 7I	f liens ins 1999 No. 4 s 28 amd 2001 No. 45 s 29 sch 3
Applicatio	on for discharge of registered lien
s 7J	ins 1999 No. 4 s 28
Registrati	on of discharge of registered lien
s 7K	ins 1999 No. 4 s 28
Duty after	<b>lien fully discharged</b>
s 7L	ins 1999 No. 4 s 28
Lienor ma	<b>ay seek registration of discharge or change in particulars</b>
s 7M	ins 1999 No. 4 s 28
Changes t	o particulars in register
s 7N	ins 1999 No. 4 s 28
Correction	n of errors
s 70	ins 1999 No. 4 s 28
Applicatio s 7P	n of compensation provision ins 1999 No. 4 s 28 amd 2002 No. 13 s 50
Compensa s 7Q	ation for loss ins 1999 No. 4 s 28 amd 2000 No. 20 s 29 sch 3
Chief exec prov hdg s 7R	eutive to be satisfied duty has been accounted for amd 2001 No. 71 s 551 sch 1 ins 1999 No. 4 s 28 amd 2001 No. 71 s 551 sch 1

Power of lience where lienor neglects to pay off the moneys secured by liens 8amd 1991 No. 20 s 14.20; 1999 No. 51 s 228 sch 1				
Application of proceeds of sugarcane           s 9         amd 1991 No. 20 s 14.21; 1999 No. 4 s 29; 1999 No. 51 s 228 sch 1				
Restriction as to continuance of liens 10sub 1981 No. 7 s 6om 1999 No. 4 s 30				
Further provisions regarding lienss 11amd 1981 No. 7 s 7; 1999 No. 4 s 31				
Provisions as to priority where 2 or more liens givens 12amd 1999 No. 4 s 32				
Effect of harvesting crop on liens 13sub 1999 No. 4 s 33				
Provision as to renewal of liens         s 14       amd 1971 No. 10 ss 22, 24         sub 1981 No. 7 s 8       amd 1981 No. 57 s 28; 1992 No. 40 s 163 sch 1         om 1999 No. 4 s 34				
Application of proceeds of crop to costs of sugarcane protection etc.           prov hdg         sub 1999 No. 4 s 35(1)           s 16         amd 1933 24 Geo 5 No. 4 s 2; 1951 15 Geo 6 No. 29 s 2; 1991 No. 20 s 14.22; 1999 No. 4 s 35(2); 1999 No. 51 s 228 sch 1; 2000 No. 46 s 3 sch				
Notice of lien to be given to mill owners 17sub 1999 No. 4 s 36				
Place of registration         s 18       amd 1961 10 Eliz 2 No. 47 s 2; 1971 No. 10 ss 23–24; 1981 No. 57 s 29         sub 1992 No. 40 s 163 sch 1       amd 1997 No. 38 s 3 sch         om 1999 No. 4 s 37				
Assignment or transfer of lien by endorsement s 19 amd 1971 No. 10 s 24 om 1999 No. 4 s 37				
Power of search of register for obtaining copiess 20amd 1971 No. 10 s 24om 1999 No. 4 s 37				
Fees         amd 1961 10 Eliz 2 No. 47 s 4           sub 1965 No. 61 s 11 sch 2; 1975 No. 54 s 3           om 1992 No. 40 s 163 sch 1				
<b>Judge may order extension of time or correction of errors</b> s 22 om 1999 No. 4 s 37				

Relationship of other Acts to liens under this Act s 23 amd 1933 24 Geo 5 No. 4 s 3 sub 1999 No. 4 s 38 (2)-(4) exp 7 May 2009 (see s 23(4)) False or misleading statements s 23A prev s 23A ins 1992 No. 40 s 163 sch 1 om 1999 No. 63 s 76 pres s 23A ins 1999 No. 4 s 38 False or misleading documents ins 1999 No. 4 s 38 s 23B **Protection from liability** s 23C ins 1999 No. 4 s 38 **Delegations** s 23D ins 1999 No. 4 s 38 **Arrangements for fees** s 23E ins 2002 No. 13 s 51 Validation s 24 orig s 24 ins 1933 24 Geo 5 No. 4 s 4 om 1995 No. 57 s 4 sch 1 prev s 24 ins 1996 No. 56 s 128 exp 21 November 1996 (see s 24(2)) prev s 24 purported ins 1999 No. 63 s 77 (amendment could not be given effect) exp 31 December 1999 (see s 24(3)) pres s 24 ins 2000 No. 24 s 40 Regulations s 25 ins 1992 No. 40 s 163 sch 1 Transitional provisions about register—Bills of Sale and Other Securities **Amendment Act 1999** ins 1999 No. 4 s 39 s 26 Transitional provision about registered instruments—Bills of Sale and Other **Securities Amendment Act 1999** ins 1999 No. 4 s 39 s 27 Transitional provisions about existing liens—Bills of Sale and Other Securities **Amendment Act 1999** s 28 ins 1999 No. 4 s 39 Transitional provision about expiry of registered liens-Bills of Sale and Other **Securities Amendment Act 1999** s 29 ins 1999 No. 4 s 39 Saving of priority—Bills of Sale and Other Securities Amendment Act 1999 s 30 ins 1999 No. 4 s 39 SCHEDULE A—FORM OF AGREEMENT om 1992 No. 40 s 163 sch 1

### **SCHEDULE B**

amd 1971 No. 10 s 25; 1981 No. 57 s 29 om 1992 No. 40 s 163 sch 1

### SCHEDULE C

om 1992 No. 40 s 163 sch 1

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