

Queensland



Nature Conservation 1992

NATURE CONSERVATION (WILDLIFE) REGULATION 1994

**Reprinted as in force on 8 January 2001
(includes amendments up to SL No. 354 of 2000)**

Reprint No. 2B

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Information about this reprint

This regulation is reprinted as at 8 January 2001. The reprint shows the law as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before that day (Reprints Act 1992 s 5(c)).

The reprint includes a reference to the law by which each amendment was made—see list of legislation and list of annotations in endnotes.

This page is specific to this reprint. See previous reprints for information about earlier changes made under the Reprints Act 1992. A table of earlier reprints is included in the endnotes.

Also see endnotes for information about—

- **when provisions commenced**
- **editorial changes made in earlier reprints.**

Queensland



NATURE CONSERVATION (WILDLIFE) REGULATION 1994

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NATURE CONSERVATION (WILDLIFE) REGULATION 1994

[as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before 8 January 2001]

Short title

- 1.** This regulation may be cited as the *Nature Conservation (Wildlife) Regulation 1994*.

Commencement

- 2.** This regulation commences on 19 December 1994.

Meaning of “recovery plan”

- 3.** A “**recovery plan**” is a document stating the research and management action necessary to stop the decline, support the recovery and enhance the chance of long-term survival in the wild, of a stated species or community of protected wildlife.¹

Presumed extinct wildlife

- 4.(1)** Native wildlife specified in schedule 1, parts 1 and 2 is presumed extinct wildlife.

- (2)** The declared management intent for the wildlife is specified in schedule 1, part 3.

Endangered wildlife

- 5.(1)** Native wildlife specified in schedule 2, parts 1 and 2 is endangered wildlife.

¹ Recovery plans for endangered wildlife may be a plan prepared or adopted by the Commonwealth under the *Endangered Species Protection Act 1992* (Cwlth).

*Nature Conservation (Wildlife) Regulation
1994*

(2) The declared management intent for the wildlife is specified in schedule 2, part 3.

Vulnerable wildlife

6.(1) Native wildlife specified in schedule 3, parts 1 and 2 is vulnerable wildlife.

(2) The declared management intent for the wildlife is specified in schedule 3, part 3.

Rare wildlife

7.(1) Native wildlife specified in schedule 4, parts 1 and 2 is rare wildlife.

(2) The declared management intent for the wildlife is specified in schedule 4, part 3.

Common wildlife

8.(1) Native wildlife specified in schedule 5, parts 1 and 2 is common wildlife.

(2) The declared management intent for the wildlife is specified in schedule 5, part 3.

International wildlife

9.(1) The wildlife specified in schedule 6, parts 1 and 2 is international wildlife.

(2) The declared management intent for the wildlife is specified in schedule 6, part 3.

Prohibited wildlife

10.(1) The wildlife specified in schedule 7, parts 1 and 2 is prohibited wildlife.

*Nature Conservation (Wildlife) Regulation
1994*

(2) The declared management intent for the wildlife is specified in schedule 7, part 3.

SCHEDULE 1

PRESUMED EXTINCT WILDLIFE

section 4

PART 1—PRESUMED EXTINCT ANIMALS

Division 1—Birds

Scientific names

1. The scientific names used for birds in this division follow Simpson and Day, *Field Guide to the Birds of Australia*, (5th Edition 1996), Penguin Books Australia Ltd., Victoria, Australia.

Birds

2. The following birds are presumed extinct birds—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Psephotus pulcherrimus</i>	paradise parrot

Division 2—Mammals

Scientific names

3. The scientific names used for mammals in this division follow Strahan, Ronald, (1995), *Mammals of Australia* (Australian Museum), Reed International Books, Sydney, Australia.

SCHEDULE 1 (continued)

Mammals

4. The following mammals are presumed extinct mammals—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Caloprymnus campestris</i>	desert rat-kangaroo
<i>Conilurus albipes</i>	white-footed tree-rat
<i>Dasyurus geoffroii geoffroii</i>	western quoll
<i>Notomys mordax</i>	Darling Downs hopping-mouse
<i>Pteropus brunneus</i>	dusky flying-fox

PART 2—PRESUMED EXTINCT PLANTS

Scientific names

5. The scientific names for plants used in this part follow the names used by the Queensland Herbarium in the census of Queensland plants. The census is published from time to time under the title ‘Queensland Plants, Names and Distribution’. An extract of the names used in the census is available for inspection at the Queensland Herbarium, Mt Coot-tha Road, Toowong.

Plants

6. The following plants are presumed extinct plants—

Scientific name
<i>Acianthus ledwardii</i>
<i>Amphibromus whitei</i>
<i>Amphineuron immersum</i>
<i>Antrophyum austroqueenslandicum</i>

SCHEDULE 1 (continued)

Argyreia soutteri
Corchorus thozetii
Dimocarpus leichhardtii
Diplocaulobium masonii
Huperzia serrata
Hymenophyllum lobbii
Hymenophyllum whitei
Lemmaphyllum accedens
Lindsaea pulchella var. *blanda*
Lycopodium volubile
Marsdenia araujacea
Monogramma dareicarpa
Musa fitzalanii
Oberonia attenuata
Oldenlandia tenelliflora var.
papuana
Paspalum batianoffii
Persononia prostrata
Prostanthera albohirta
Rhaphidospora cavernarum
Tapeinosperma flueckigeri
Teucrium ajugaceum
Tmesipteris lanceolata
Trichomanes exiguum

SCHEDULE 1 (continued)

Wendlandia psychotrioides

Zieria sp. (Russell River S.Johnson
in 1892)

PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT

Significance

7. Presumed extinct wildlife are an irreplaceable feature of Queensland's biodiversity and a vital component of the national and global ecosystem representing—

- (a) biota of inherent value and potential importance for the maintenance of ecosystem processes; and
- (b) a source of genetic information integral to an understanding of the evolution of the Australian biota; and
- (c) a genetic resource of potential benefit to society.

Proposed management intent

8. The proposed management intent for presumed extinct wildlife is as follows—

- (a) to establish a database of records and information about the wildlife and its habitat;
- (b) to monitor information about Queensland's wildlife resources, particularly about reported sightings of the wildlife;
- (c) to investigate reliable sightings of the wildlife;
- (d) to establish formal communication with the Commonwealth and other State agencies about a national conservation status for the wildlife and its habitat;

SCHEDULE 1 (continued)

- (e) if presumed extinct wildlife is known to survive outside the wild—to consider developing a plan or outline that may lead to re-establishing the wildlife in the wild;
- (f) to start education programs for the community and managers of public land on extinction processes and threatened species conservation and habitat;
- (g) if presumed extinct wildlife is found to still exist in the wild—to treat the wildlife as endangered wildlife until it is included in schedule 2.

Principles for the taking and use of presumed extinct wildlife

9. If presumed extinct wildlife is found to still exist in the wild, the taking and use of the wildlife may be permitted only—

- (a) for putting into effect a recovery plan for the wildlife; and
- (b) if it will not harm the wildlife.

SCHEDULE 2

ENDANGERED WILDLIFE

section 5

PART 1—ENDANGERED ANIMALS

Division 1—Amphibians

Scientific names

1. The scientific names used for amphibians in this division follow Cogger, H.G., Reptiles and Amphibians of Australia, (6th edition 1994), Reed International Books, Chatswood, Australia.

Amphibians

2. The following amphibians are endangered amphibians—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Litoria lorica</i>	
<i>Litoria nannotis</i>	torrent tree frog
<i>Litoria nyakalensis</i>	
<i>Litoria pearsoniana</i>	
<i>Litoria rheocola</i>	
<i>Mixophyes fleayi</i>	
<i>Mixophyes iteratus</i>	giant barred frog
<i>Nyctimystes dayi</i>	
<i>Rheobatrachus silus</i>	southern gastric brooding frog
<i>Rheobatrachus vitellinus</i>	northern gastric brooding frog

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

<i>Taudactylus acutirostris</i>	sharp-snouted torrent frog
<i>Taudactylus diurnus</i>	Mount Glorious torrent frog
<i>Taudactylus eungellensis</i>	Eungella torrent frog
<i>Taudactylus rheophilus</i>	

Division 2—Birds

Scientific names

3. The scientific names used for birds in this division follow Simpson and Day, *Field Guide to the Birds of Australia*, (5th Edition 1996), Penguin Books Australia Ltd., Victoria, Australia.

Birds

4. The following birds are endangered birds—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Casuarius casuarius</i>	southern cassowary (southern population)
<i>Cyclopsitta diophthalma coxeni</i>	double-eyed fig-parrot (Coxen's)
<i>Dasyornis brachypterus</i>	eastern bristlebird
<i>Erythrotriorchis radiatus</i>	red goshawk
<i>Erythrura gouldiae</i>	Gouldian finch
<i>Neochmia ruficauda ruficauda</i>	star finch (eastern subspecies)
<i>Pezoporus occidentalis</i>	night parrot
<i>Psephotus chrysoterygius</i>	golden-shouldered parrot
<i>Pterodroma arminjoniana</i>	Herald petrel
<i>Sterna albifrons</i>	little tern
<i>Xanthomyza phrygia</i>	regent honeyeater

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

Division 3—Butterflies

Scientific names

5. The scientific names used for butterflies in this division follow Common, I.F.B. and Whitehouse, D.F., (1981), *Butterflies of Australia*, Angus & Robertson, Sydney, Australia.

Butterflies

6. The following butterflies are endangered butterflies—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Acrodipsas illidgei</i>	Illidge's ant-blue butterfly
<i>Argyreus hyperbius inconstans</i>	Australian fritillary butterfly
<i>Hypochrysops apollo apollo</i>	apollo jewel butterfly
<i>Hypochrysops piceatus</i>	piceatus jewel butterfly
<i>Nacaduba pactolus cela</i>	
<i>Orsotriaena medus moira</i>	nigger
<i>Philiris diana diana</i>	diana moonbeam butterfly

Division 4—Fish

Scientific names

7. Unless otherwise stated, the scientific names used for fish in this division follow Wager, Rob and Jackson, Peter (1993), *The Action Plan for Australian Freshwater Fishes*, Queensland Department of Primary Industries, the Director of National Parks and Wildlife, Australian Nature Conservation Agency, Canberra, Australia.

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

Fish

8. The following fish are endangered fish—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Chlamydogobius</i> sp. A (A.M. SI 25261-001; P. Coleman & W. Ponder 1984; Elizabeth Springs)	Elizabeth Springs goby
<i>Chlamydogobius</i> sp. B (A.M. SI 25951-001; P. Coleman & W. Ponder 1984; Edgbaston Springs)	Edgbaston goby
<i>Scaturiginichthys vermeilipinnis</i>	red-finned blue-eye

Division 5—Mammals

Scientific names

9. The scientific names used for mammals in this division follow Strahan, Ronald, (1995), Mammals of Australia (Australian Museum), Reed International Books, Sydney, Australia.

Mammals

10. The following mammals are endangered mammals—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Bettongia tropica</i>	northern bettong
<i>Dasyurus maculatus gracilis</i>	spotted-tailed quoll
<i>Lasiorhinus krefftii</i>	northern hairy-nosed wombat
<i>Macrotis lagotis</i>	bilby
<i>Melomys rubicola</i>	Bramble Cay melomys
<i>Notomys fuscus</i>	dusky hopping-mouse
<i>Onychogalea fraenata</i>	bridled nailtail wallaby

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

<i>Petrogale persephone</i>	Proserpine rock-wallaby
<i>Pseudomys australis</i>	plains rat
<i>Petaurus gracilis</i>	mahogany glider
<i>Sminthopsis douglasi</i>	Julia Creek dunnart
<i>Taphozous troughtoni</i> (Richards & Hall 1994)	Troughton's sheathtail-bat

Division 6—Reptiles

Scientific names

11. The scientific names used for reptiles in this division follow Cogger, H.G., *Reptiles and Amphibians of Australia*, (6th edition 1994), Reed International Books, Chatswood, Australia.

Reptiles

12. The following reptiles are endangered reptiles—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Caretta caretta</i>	loggerhead turtle
<i>Dermochelys coriacea</i>	leathery turtle
<i>Lepidochelys olivacea</i>	Pacific ridley
<i>Lerista allanae</i>	

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

PART 2—ENDANGERED PLANTS

Scientific names

13. The scientific names for plants used in this part follow the names used by the Queensland Herbarium in the census of Queensland plants. The census is published from time to time under the title ‘Queensland Plants, Names and Distribution’. An extract of the names used in the census is available for inspection at the Queensland Herbarium, Mt Coot-tha Road, Toowong.

Plants

14. The following plants are endangered plants—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Acacia porcata</i>	
<i>Acacia ramiflora</i>	
<i>Acacia rubricola</i>	
<i>Acacia saxicola</i>	Mt Maroon wattle
<i>Acacia</i> sp. (Ruined Castle Creek P.I.Forster+ PIF17848)	
<i>Acmena</i> sp. (Cooper Creek P.I.Forster+ PIF15557)	
<i>Acronychia littoralis</i>	scented acronychia
<i>Alectryon ramiflorus</i>	
<i>Alectryon repandodentatus</i>	
<i>Allocasuarina emuina</i>	
<i>Allocasuarina thalassoscopica</i>	
<i>Apatophyllum olsenii</i>	
<i>Aponogeton bullosus</i>	

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

Aponogeton proliferus
Archidendron kanisii
Archontophoenix myolensis
Aristida granitica
Astrotricha roddii
Atalaya collina
Austromyrtus fragrantissima
Austromyrtus gonoclada
Babingtonia granitica
Babingtonia papillosa
Babingtonia silvestris
Bertia sp. (Beeron Holding
P.I.Forster+ PIF5753)
Boea kinnearii
Boronia granitica
Boronia repanda
Brachychiton sp. (Blackwell Range
R.J.Fensham 971)
Bulbophyllum blumei
Cajanus mareebensis
Caladenia atroclavia
Calochilus psednus
Capparis humistrata
Carrionia pedicellata
Chingia australis
Coix gasteenii

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

<i>Corchorus cunninghamii</i>	
<i>Cossinia australiana</i>	
<i>Costus potierae</i>	
<i>Crepidium lawleri</i>	
<i>Crepidomanes aphleboides</i>	filmy fern
<i>Cyathea exilis</i>	
<i>Cyathea felina</i>	
<i>Cycas megacarpa</i>	
<i>Cycas ophiolitica</i>	Marlborough blue
<i>Cyperus cephalotes</i>	
<i>Davidsonia johnsonii</i>	
<i>Decaspermum</i> sp. (Mt Morgan N.Hoy AQ455657)	
<i>Dendrobium antennatum</i>	antelope orchid
<i>Dendrobium lithocola</i>	Cooktown orchid
<i>Dendrobium mirbelianum</i>	mangrove orchid
<i>Dendrobium nindii</i>	blue orchid
<i>Dinosperma longifolium</i>	
<i>Diplazium pallidum</i>	
<i>Diploglottis campbellii</i>	small leaved tamarind
<i>Dipodium pictum</i>	
<i>Endiandra cooperana</i>	
<i>Endiandra floydii</i>	
<i>Eremochloa muricata</i>	
<i>Eriocaulon carsonii</i>	
<i>Eryngium fontanum</i>	

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

<i>Eucalyptus conglomerata</i>	swamp stringybark
<i>Eucalyptus pachycalyx</i> subsp. <i>waaejensis</i>	shiny-barked gum
<i>Eucalyptus</i> sp. (Brovinia A.R.Bean 11911)	
<i>Eucryphia jinksii</i>	
<i>Euphrasia bella</i>	Lamington eyebright
<i>Fimbristylis adjuncta</i>	
<i>Fontainea fugax</i>	
<i>Gardenia actinocarpa</i>	
<i>Genoplesium tectum</i>	
<i>Graptophyllum reticulatum</i>	
<i>Grevillea linsmithii</i>	
<i>Habenaria harroldii</i>	
<i>Habenaria macraithii</i>	
<i>Hedyotis novoguineensis</i>	
<i>Hemigenia clotteniana</i>	
<i>Homopholis belsonii</i>	
<i>Huperzia carinata</i>	
<i>Huperzia dalhousieana</i>	
<i>Huperzia filiformis</i>	
<i>Huperzia squarrosa</i>	
<i>Jasminum jenniae</i>	
<i>Lasiopetalum</i> sp. (Proston J.A.Baker 17)	
<i>Leionema elatius</i> subsp. <i>beckleri</i>	

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

Leucopogon sp. (Coolmunda
D.Halford Q1635)

Leucopogon recurvisepalus

Lilaeopsis brisbanica

Macadamia jansenii

Macrozamia cranei

Macrozamia lomandroides

Macrozamia pauli-guilielmi

Macrozamia platyrhachis

Macrozamia sp. (Marlborough
P.I.Forster+ PIF12269A)

Macrozamia viridis

Microcarpaea agonis

Micromyrtus carinata

Micromyrtus delicata

Micromyrtus patula

Muellerargia timorensis

Mukia sp. (Longreach D.Davidson
AQ279935)

Myriophyllum sp. (Aramac
B.A.Wilson 110)

Nepenthes mirabilis

Bramston Beach population pitcher plant, tropical pitcher plant

Nesaea robertsii

Nicotiana wuttkei

Noahdendron nicholasii

Ochrosia moorei southern ochrosia

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

*Oldenlandia gibsonii**Oldenlandia spathulata**Olearia hygrophila* swamp daisy, water daisy*Olearia* sp. (Glenavon P.I.Forster+
PIF15039)*Parsonsia sankowskyana**Phaius australis**Phaius bernaysii* yellow swamp orchid*Phaius tancarvilleae* swamp orchid*Phalaenopsis rosenstromii* moth orchid*Plesioneuron tuberculatum**Pomaderris clivicola**Pomaderris coomingalensis**Pouteria eerwah**Plectranthus nitidus**Plectranthus omissus**Plectranthus habrophyllus**Plectranthus torrenticola**Prostanthera* sp. (Dinden
P.I.Forster+ PIF17342)*Pterostylis chaetophora**Randia moorei* spiny gardenia*Rhodamnia angustifolia**Rutidosis lanata**Sankowskya stipularis**Sarcochilus fitzgeraldii* ravine orchid

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

Sarcochilus weinthalii blotched sarcochilus
Solanum adenophorum
Solanum papaverifolium
Sporobolus pamelae
Stackhousia sp. (McIvor River
J.R.Clarkson 5201)
Tectaria devexa var. *devexa*
Toechima pterocarpum
Trioncinia retroflexa
Triunia robusta
Tylophora linearis
Tylophora rupicola
Tylophora woollsii
Vrydagzynea paludosa
Xanthostemon formosus
Xerothamnella herbacea
Zieria furfuracea subsp. (Belmont Scrub Unknown AQ152898)
Zieria sp. (Binjour P.I.Forster PIF14134)
Zieria sp. (Brolga Park A.R.Bean 1002)

PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT

Significance

15. Endangered wildlife are a significant component of Queensland's biodiversity and a vital feature of the national and global ecosystem

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

representing—

- (a) biota of inherent value and potential importance for the maintenance of ecosystem processes; and
- (b) a source of genetic information integral to an understanding of the evolution of the Australian biota; and
- (c) a genetic resource of potential benefit to society.

Proposed management intent

16. The proposed management intent for endangered wildlife is as follows—

- (a) to establish a database of records and information about the wildlife;
- (b) as a priority, to put into effect recovery plans or conservation plans for the wildlife and its habitat;
- (c) to seek funding to help achieve the objectives of recovery plans and conservation plans;
- (d) to take action to ensure viable populations of the wildlife in the wild are preserved or re-established;
- (e) to establish formal communications with the Commonwealth and other State agencies about the ongoing management and conservation status of endangered wildlife in Australia;
- (f) to start education programs for the community and managers of public land on extinction processes and threatened species conservation and habitat;
- (g) to regularly monitor and review the status of endangered wildlife and its habitat;
- (h) to encourage scientific research and inventory programs likely to contribute to an understanding of endangered wildlife and its habitat and management requirements;
- (i) to recognise that the habitat of endangered wildlife is likely to be a

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

- critical habitat or area of major interest;
- (j) to monitor and review the adequacy of environmental impact assessment procedures to ensure that they take into account the need to accurately assess the extent of the impact on endangered wildlife and develop effective mitigation measures.

Principles for the taking and use of endangered wildlife

17. The following are the principles for the taking and use of endangered wildlife under a licence, permit or other authority under the Act—

- (a) taking and use of the wildlife for exhibition purposes may be permitted only—
- (i) if it is for a captive breeding program to be conducted under a recovery plan approved by the chief executive; or
- (ii) under a conservation plan;
- (b) taking and use of the wildlife for another purpose may be permitted only if—
- (i) it is consistent with the management principles for the wildlife;² and
- (ii) it will not reduce the ability of the wildlife's population to expand.

² The management principles are in section 73 of the Act.

SCHEDULE 3

VULNERABLE WILDLIFE

section 6

PART 1—VULNERABLE ANIMALS

Division 1—Amphibians

Scientific names

1. The scientific names used for amphibians in this division follow Cogger, H.G., *Reptiles and Amphibians of Australia*, (6th edition 1994), Reed International Books, Chatswood, Australia.

Amphibians

2. The following amphibians are vulnerable amphibians—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Crinia tinnula</i>	wallum froglet
<i>Litoria freycineti</i>	Freycinet's frog
<i>Litoria olongburensis</i>	
<i>Litoria subglandulosa</i>	glandular tree frog
<i>Pseudophryne covacevichae</i>	
<i>Taudactylus pleione</i>	

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Division 2—Birds

Scientific names

3. The scientific names used for birds in this division follow Simpson and Day, *Field Guide to the Birds of Australia*, (5th Edition 1996), Penguin Books Australia Ltd., Victoria, Australia.

Birds

4. The following birds are vulnerable birds—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Atrichornis rufescens</i>	rufous scrub-bird
<i>Cacatua leadbeateri</i>	Major Mitchell's cockatoo (pink cockatoo)
<i>Calyptorhynchus lathami</i>	glossy black-cockatoo
<i>Casuarius casuarius</i>	southern cassowary (northern population)
<i>Cyclopsitta diophthalma macleayana</i>	double-eyed fig-parrot (Macleay's)
<i>Eclectus roratus macgillivrayi</i>	eclectus parrot (Australian subspecies)
<i>Epthianura crocea</i>	yellow chat
<i>Esacus neglectus</i>	beach stone-curlew
<i>Geophaps scripta scripta</i>	squatter pigeon (southern subspecies)
<i>Malurus coronatus</i>	purple-crowned fairy-wren
<i>Neochmia phaeton</i>	crimson finch
<i>Ninox rufa queenslandica</i>	rufous owl (southern subspecies)
<i>Ninox strenua</i>	powerful owl

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

<i>Pedionomus torquatus</i>	plains-wanderer
<i>Pezoporus wallicus</i>	ground parrot
<i>Phaethon rubricauda</i>	red-tailed tropicbird
<i>Podargus ocellatus plumiferus</i>	marbled frogmouth
<i>Poephila cincta cincta</i>	black-throated finch (southern subspecies)
<i>Stipiturus malachurus</i>	southern emu-wren
<i>Turnix melanogaster</i>	black-breasted button-quail
<i>Turnix olivii</i>	buff-breasted button-quail
<i>Tyto novaehollandiae kimberlyi</i>	masked owl (northern subspecies)

Division 3—Butterflies

Scientific names

5. The scientific names used for butterflies in this division follow Common, I.F.B. and Whitehouse, D.F., (1981), *Butterflies of Australia*, Angus & Robertson, Sydney, Australia.

Butterflies

6. The following butterflies are vulnerable butterflies—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Acrodipsas hirtipes</i>	
<i>Acrodipsas melania</i>	
<i>Chaetocneme porphyropis</i>	purple brown-eye butterfly
<i>Danis danis syrius</i>	
<i>Hypochrysops theon</i>	
<i>Jalmenus evagoras eubulus</i>	

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

<i>Libythea geoffroy nicevillei</i>	Australian beak butterfly
<i>Nesolycaena albosericea</i>	satin blue butterfly
<i>Ornithoptera richmondia</i>	Richmond birdwing butterfly
<i>Udara tenella tenella</i> (Nielsen <i>et al.</i> 1996)	Australian hedge blue butterfly

Division 4—Fish

Scientific names

7. Unless otherwise stated, the scientific names used for fish in this division follow Wager, Rob and Jackson, Peter (1993), *The Action Plan for Australian Freshwater Fishes*, Queensland Department of Primary Industries, the Director of National Parks and Wildlife, Australian Nature Conservation Agency, Canberra, Australia.

Fish

8. The following fish are vulnerable fish—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Nannoperca oxleyana</i>	Oxleyan pygmy perch
<i>Pseudomugil mellis</i>	honey blue-eye

Division 5—Mammals

Scientific names

9. The scientific names used for mammals in this division follow Strahan, Ronald, (1995), *Mammals of Australia* (Australian Museum), Reed International Books, Sydney, Australia.

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Mammals

10. The following mammals are vulnerable mammals—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Dasycercus cristicauda</i>	mulgara
<i>Dasyuroides byrnei</i>	kowari
<i>Dasyurus maculatus maculatus</i>	spotted-tailed quoll
<i>Dugong dugon</i>	dugong
<i>Hipposideros cervinus</i>	fawn leafnosed-bat
<i>Hipposideros semoni</i>	Semon's leafnosed-bat
<i>Hipposideros stenotis</i>	northern leafnosed-bat
<i>Macroderma gigas</i>	ghost bat
<i>Megaptera novaeangliae</i>	humpback whale
<i>Murina floriae</i>	tube-nosed insect bat
<i>Notomys aquilo</i>	northern hopping-mouse
<i>Petaurus australis reginae</i>	yellow-bellied glider (northern subspecies)
<i>Petrogale penicillata</i>	brush-tailed rock-wallaby
<i>Potorous tridactylus</i>	long-nosed potoroo
<i>Pseudomys oralis</i>	Hastings River mouse
<i>Pteropus macrotis epularis</i>	large-eared flying-fox
<i>Pteropus</i> sp. nov. (A.N.W.C. CM5012; Richards and Hall 1994)	Torresian flying-fox
<i>Rhinonicteris aurantius</i>	orange leafnosed-bat
<i>Taphozous australis</i>	coastal sheathtail-bat
<i>Xeromys myoides</i>	false water-rat

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Division 6—Reptiles

Scientific names

11. The scientific names used for reptiles in this division follow Cogger, H.G., *Reptiles and Amphibians of Australia*, (6th edition 1994), Reed International Books, Chatswood, Australia.

Reptiles

12. The following reptiles are vulnerable reptiles—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Anomalopus mackayi</i>	
<i>Chelonia mydas</i>	green turtle
<i>Crocodylus porosus</i>	estuarine crocodile
<i>Delma labialis</i>	
<i>Delma torquata</i>	
<i>Denisonia maculata</i>	ornamental snake
<i>Egernia rugosa</i>	yakka skink
<i>Elseya lamarckorum</i>	gulf snapping turtle
<i>Elusor macrurus</i> (Cann & Legler 1994)	Mary River tortoise
<i>Eretmochelys imbricata</i>	hawksbill turtle
<i>Furina dunmalli</i>	Dunmall's snake
<i>Lerista vittata</i>	
<i>Natator depressus</i>	flatback turtle
<i>Paradelma orientalis</i>	
<i>Rheodytes leukops</i>	Fitzroy tortoise

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

PART 2—VULNERABLE PLANTS**Scientific names**

13. The scientific names for plants used in this part follow the names used by the Queensland Herbarium in the census of Queensland plants. The census is published from time to time under the title ‘Queensland Plants, Names and Distribution’. An extract of the names used in the census is available for inspection at the Queensland Herbarium, Mt Coot-tha Road, Toowong.

Plants

14. The following plants are vulnerable plants—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Acacia ammophila</i>	
<i>Acacia attenuata</i>	
<i>Acacia barakulensis</i>	Waajie wattle
<i>Acacia baueri</i> subsp. <i>baueri</i>	
<i>Acacia chinchillensis</i>	
<i>Acacia crombiei</i>	
<i>Acacia curranii</i>	
<i>Acacia deuteroneura</i>	
<i>Acacia eremophiloides</i>	
<i>Acacia guymeri</i>	
<i>Acacia handonis</i>	
<i>Acacia lauta</i>	
<i>Acacia perangusta</i>	
<i>Acacia peuce</i>	waddy

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

*Acacia pubifolia**Acacia purpureopetala**Acacia ruppii**Acacia solenota**Acacia* sp. (Gwambagwine
F.Carter 2)*Acacia tingoorensis**Acacia wardellii**Acalypha lyonsii**Acriopsis javanica**Actephila foetida**Actephila* sp. (Koumala
I.G.Champion 870)*Allocasuarina rigida* subsp. *exsul* Mt Cooroora she-oak*Alloxyton flammeum**Amorphospermum whitei**Archidendron lovelliae* bacon wood*Arenga australasica**Aristida annua**Arthraxon hispidus**Asplenium pellucidum**Asplenium unilaterale**Asplenium wildii**Babingtonia squarrulosa**Babingtonia tozerensis**Baeckea trapeza*

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

<i>Baloghia marmorata</i>	jointed baloghia
<i>Banksia conferta</i> subsp. <i>conferta</i>	
<i>Bertya pinifolia</i>	
<i>Bertya</i> sp. (Mt Ernest G.Leiper AQ507685)	
<i>Bertya</i> sp. (Winneba D.Jermyn 31)	
<i>Boronia keysii</i>	Keys boronia
<i>Boronia</i> sp. (Aranbangga Creek P.Grimshaw+ PG2597)	
<i>Bothriochloa bunyensis</i>	
<i>Bulbophyllum gracillimum</i>	
<i>Bulbophyllum longiflorum</i>	
<i>Bulbophyllum weinthalii</i>	
<i>Bursaria reevesii</i>	
<i>Cadellia pentastylis</i>	ooline
<i>Calamus warburgii</i>	
<i>Callistemon pungens</i>	
<i>Callistemon</i> sp. (Boulia L.Pedley 5297)	
<i>Calophyllum bicolor</i>	
<i>Calytrix gurulmundensis</i>	
<i>Canarium acutifolium</i> var. <i>acutifolium</i>	
<i>Canthium costatum</i>	
<i>Canthium</i> sp. (Thursday Island E.Cowley 10)	
<i>Capparis thozetiana</i>	

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

- Carmona retusa*
- Caustis blakei* subsp. *macrantha* koala fern
- Chamaesyce carissoides*
- Chiloglottis sphyrnoides*
- Cissus aristata*
- Citrus inodora*
- Clematis fawcettii*
- Cliffordiochloa parvispicula*
- Comesperma oblongatum*
- Commersonia* sp. (Beeron
P.I.Forster PIF4658)
- Coopernochloa scabridiuscula*
- Corybas montanus*
- Corymbia clandestina*
- Corymbia leptoloma*
- Corymbia rhodops*
- Corymbia xanthope*
- Croton magneticus*
- Cryptocarya foetida* stinking cryptocarya
- Ctenopteris blechnoides*
- Ctenopteris walleri*
- Cupaniopsis shirleyana*
- Cupaniopsis tomentella*
- Cycas cairnsiana*
- Cycas desolata*
- Cycas platyphylla*

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

<i>Cycas semota</i>	
<i>Cycas silvestris</i>	
<i>Cycas tuckeri</i>	
<i>Cyperus clarus</i>	
<i>Cyperus semifertilis</i>	
<i>Daviesia discolor</i>	
<i>Daviesia quoquoversus</i>	
<i>Dendrobium bigibbum</i>	Cooktown orchid
<i>Dendrobium callitrophilum</i>	
<i>Dendrobium carronii</i>	pink tea-tree orchid
<i>Dendrobium johannis</i>	brown antelope orchid
<i>Dendrobium phalaenopsis</i>	Cooktown orchid
<i>Dendrobium x superbiens</i>	pink orchid or curly pinks
<i>Denhamia parvifolia</i>	small-leaved denhamia
<i>Dichanthium queenslandicum</i>	
<i>Dissiliaria tuckeri</i>	
<i>Dioclea hexandra</i>	
<i>Diplazium cordifolium</i>	
<i>Dischidia littoralis</i>	
<i>Dodonaea rupicola</i>	
<i>Drosera prolifera</i>	
<i>Drosera schizandra</i>	
<i>Drynaria x dumicola</i>	
<i>Dryopteris sparsa</i>	
<i>Dubouzetia saxatilis</i>	
<i>Ectrosia blakei</i>	

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

<i>Eleocharis retroflexa</i>	
<i>Endiandra hayesii</i>	
<i>Eremophila tetraptera</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus argophloia</i>	Chinchilla white gum
<i>Eucalyptus beaniana</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus hallii</i>	Goodwood gum
<i>Eucalyptus infera</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus kabiana</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus magnificata</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus paedoglauca</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus raveretiana</i>	black ironbox
<i>Eucalyptus scoparia</i>	Wallangarra white gum
<i>Eucalyptus taurina</i>	ironbark
<i>Eucalyptus virens</i>	
<i>Eucryphia wilkiei</i>	
<i>Euodia</i> sp. (Oliver Creek L.J.Webb+ 10897)	
<i>Floydia praealta</i>	ball nut, possum nut
<i>Fontainea australis</i>	southern fontainea
<i>Fontainea rostrata</i>	
<i>Fontainea venosa</i>	
<i>Freycinetia marginata</i>	climbing pandanus, giant climbing pandan
<i>Freycinetia percostata</i>	
<i>Gardenia psidoides</i>	
<i>Gaultheria</i> sp. (Mt Merino)	

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

G.Leiper AQ502686)

Germainia capitata

Gonocarpus urceolatus

Grammitis reinwardtii

Grastidium tozerense

Graptophyllum ilicifolium

Grevillea glossadenia

Grevillea hockingsii

Grevillea hodgei

Grevillea kennedyana

Grevillea quadricauda

Grevillea scortechnii

Grevillea venusta

Gulubia costata

Hakea maconochieana

Hakea trineura

Haloragis exalata

Hexaspora pubescens

Hicksbeachia pinnatifolia

Homoranthus decumbens

Homoranthus montanus

Homoranthus porteri

Huperzia lockyeri

Huperzia marsupiiformis

Huperzia phlegmarioides

Huperzia prolifera square tassel fern

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Hydrocharis dubia

Indigofera oxyrachis

Jedda multicaulis

Lawrenzia buchananensis

Leionema ellipticum

Leionema obtusifolium

Lepiderema sp. (Topaz P.I.Forster+
PIF15478)

Leptospermum venustum

Lepturus sp. (Chillagoe M.Godwin
C2576)

Livistona drudei

Livistona lanuginosa

Logania diffusa

Lychnothamnus barbatus stonewort

Macadamia claudiensis

Macadamia integrifolia Queensland nut, macadamia nut

Macadamia ternifolia

Macadamia tetraphylla macadamia nut

Macropteranthes montana

Macrozamia conferta

Macrozamia crassifolia

Macrozamia farnsidei

Macrozamia machinii

Macrozamia occidua

Macrozamia parcifolia

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

*Marsdenia brevifolia**Marsdenia coronata**Marsdenia longiloba**Marsdenia paludicola**Marsdenia pumila**Marsdenia rara**Marsdenia straminea**Maundia triglochinoides**Medicosma elliptica**Medicosma obovata**Melaleuca kunzeoides**Micromyrtus rotundifolia**Micromyrtus vernicosa**Myriophyllum coronatum**Myrmecodia beccarii* ant plant*Neisosperma kilneri**Neoroepeta buxifolia**Newcastelia velutina**Notelaea lloydii**Ochrosperma obovatum**Omphalea celata**Owenia cepiodora* onion cedar*Ozothamnus eriocephalus**Ozothamnus vagans**Parsonsia bartlensis**Parsonsia kroombitensis*

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Parsonsia larcomensis

Paspalidium grandispiculatum

Paspalidium udum

Persicaria elatior

Phaius pictus

Phebalium glandulosum subsp.
eglandulosum

Phebalium whitei

Philotheca acrolopha

Philotheca sporadica

Picris evae

Plectranthus amoenus

Plectranthus gratus

Plectranthus leiperi

Pomaderris crassifolia

Pomatocalpa marsupiale

Prasophyllum wallum

Prostanthera palustris

Prostanthera sp. (Dunmore
D.M.Gordon 8A)

Prostanthera sp. (Mt Tozer
L.J.Brass 19478)

Pterostylis bicornis

horned greenhood

Pultenaea setulosa

Pultenaea stuartiana

Quassia bidwillii

quassia

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Quassia sp. (Kennedy River
J.R.Clarkson 5645)

Rhaphidospora bonneyana

Rhinorrhiza moorei

Ricinocarpos speciosus

Romnaldia strobilacea

Sarcochilus hartmannii

Sarcochilus hirticalcar

Sarcochilus roseus rosy pink

Sclerolaena blakei

Sclerolaena walkeri

Solanum carduiforme

Solanum dunalianum

Solanum sp. (Dalby R.F.Kelsey 56)

Stylium sp. (Wakooka

J.R.Clarkson 5382)

Sophora fraseri brush sophora

Sowerbaea subtilis

Spathoglottis plicata

Stemmacantha australis

Stemona angusta

Swainsona murrayana slender Darling pea

Symplocos baueuerlenii

Syzygium hodgkinsoniae red lilly pilly

Syzygium moorei Durobby/Robby

Syzygium velarum

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

- Tephrosia leveillei*
Thelepogon australiensis
Thelypteris confluens
Thesium australe toadflax
Tinospora tinosporoides
Trichoglottis australiensis
Trigonostemon inopinatus
Triplarina nitchaga
Trymalium minutiflorum
Vanda hindsii
Westringia parvifolia
Westringia rupicola
Wetria australiensis
Wodyetia bifurcata foxtail palm
Xanthostemon oppositifolius penda
Xerothamnella parvifolia
Zeuxine polygonoides
Zieria aspalathoides var. *ovata*
Zieria collina
Zieria rimulosa
Zieria sp. (Monogorilby P.I.Forster
PIF1004)
Zieria sp. (Mt Larcom N.Gibson
TOI8)

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT

Significance

15. Vulnerable wildlife are considered to be a valuable component of Queensland's biodiversity and an important feature of the national and global ecosystem representing—

- (a) biota of inherent value and potential importance for the maintenance of ecosystem processes; and
- (b) genetic information integral to an understanding of the evolution of the Australian biota; and
- (c) a genetic resource of potential benefit to society.

Proposed management intent

16. The proposed management intent for vulnerable wildlife is as follows—

- (a) to establish a database of records and information about the wildlife and its habitat;
- (b) to put into effect recovery plans or conservation plans for the wildlife and its habitat;
- (c) to seek funding to help achieve the objectives of recovery plans and conservation plans;
- (d) to take action to ensure viable populations of the wildlife in the wild are preserved or established;
- (e) to establish formal communication with the Commonwealth and other State agencies about the ongoing management and conservation status of the wildlife throughout Australia;
- (f) to start education programs for the community and managers of public land on extinction processes and threatened species conservation and habitat;
- (g) to regularly monitor and review the status of the wildlife and its

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

habitat;

- (h) to encourage scientific research programs likely to contribute to an understanding of the wildlife, its habitat and management requirements;
- (i) to recognise that the conservation of the habitat of vulnerable wildlife is critical to ensuring the survival of the wildlife;
- (j) to monitor and review the adequacy of environmental impact assessment procedures to ensure that they take into account the need to accurately assess the extent of the impact on vulnerable wildlife and develop effective mitigation measures.

Principles for the taking and use of vulnerable wildlife

17. The following are the principles for the taking and use of vulnerable wildlife under a licence, permit or other authority under the Act—

- (a) taking and use of the wildlife for exhibition purpose may be permitted only—
 - (i) if it is for an approved captive breeding program and conducted under a recovery plan approved by the chief executive; or
 - (ii) under a conservation plan;
- (b) taking and use of the wildlife for another purpose may be permitted only if—
 - (i) it is consistent with the management principles for the wildlife;³ and
 - (ii) it will not reduce the ability of the wildlife's population to expand.

³ The management principles are in section 73 of the Act.

SCHEDULE 4

RARE WILDLIFE

section 7

PART 1—RARE ANIMALS

Division 1—Amphibians

Scientific names

1. The scientific names used for amphibians in this division follow Cogger, H.G., *Reptiles and Amphibians of Australia*, (6th edition 1994), Reed International Books, Chatswood, Australia.

Amphibians

2. The following amphibians are rare amphibians—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Assa darlingtoni</i>	pouched frog
<i>Cophixalus bombiens</i>	
<i>Cophixalus concinnus</i>	
<i>Cophixalus crepitans</i>	
<i>Cophixalus exiguus</i>	
<i>Cophixalus hosmeri</i>	
<i>Cophixalus infacetus</i>	
<i>Cophixalus mcdonaldi</i>	
<i>Cophixalus monticola</i>	
<i>Cophixalus neglectus</i>	

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Cophixalus peninsularis

Cophixalus saxatilis

Cyclorana manya

Cyclorana verrucosa

Lechriodus fletcheri Fletcher's frog

Philoria kundagungan

Philoria loveridgei Loveridge's frog

Litoria brevipalmata green-thighed frog

Litoria cooloolensis

Litoria genimaculata

Litoria longirostris

Litoria revelata

Sphenophryne fryi

Sphenophryne robusta

Taudactylus liemi

Division 2—Birds

Scientific names

3. The scientific names used for birds in this division follow Simpson and Day, *Field Guide to the Birds of Australia*, (5th Edition 1996), Penguin Books Australia Ltd., Victoria, Australia.

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Birds

4. The following birds are rare birds—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Accipiter novaehollandiae</i>	grey goshawk
<i>Amytornis barbatus</i>	grey grasswren
<i>Amytornis dorotheae</i>	Carpentarian grasswren
<i>Amytornis striatus</i>	striated grasswren
<i>Cisticola juncidis normani</i>	zitting cisticola (Normanton subspecies)
<i>Climacteris erythrops</i>	red-browed treecreeper
<i>Collocalia spodiopygia</i>	white-rumped swiftlet
<i>Cyclopsitta diophthalma marshalli</i>	double-eyed fig-parrot (Marshall's)
<i>Ephippiorhynchus asiaticus</i>	black-necked stork
<i>Erythrura trichroa</i>	blue-faced parrot-finch
<i>Falco hypoleucus</i>	grey falcon
<i>Grantiella picta</i>	painted honeyeater
<i>Haematopus fuliginosus</i>	sooty oystercatcher
<i>Heteromunia pectoralis</i>	pictorella mannikin
<i>Lichenostomus hindwoodi</i>	Eungella honeyeater
<i>Lophoictinia isura</i>	square-tailed kite
<i>Melithreptus gularis</i>	black-chinned honeyeater
<i>Menura novaehollandiae</i>	superb lyrebird
<i>Menura alberti</i>	Albert's lyrebird
<i>Neophema pulchella</i>	turquoise parrot
<i>Nettapus coromandelianus</i>	cotton pygmy-goose
<i>Ninox rufa meesi</i>	rufous owl (Cape York subspecies)

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<i>Numenius madagascariensis</i>	eastern curlew
<i>Pachycephala olivacea</i>	olive whistler
<i>Probosciger aterrimus</i>	palm cockatoo
<i>Pyrrholaemus brunneus</i>	redthroat
<i>Rallus pectoralis</i>	Lewin's rail
<i>Rostratula benghalensis</i>	painted snipe
<i>Stictonetta naevosa</i>	freckled duck
<i>Tadorna radjah</i>	radjah shelduck
<i>Tyto tenebricosa</i>	sooty owl

Division 3—Mammals

Scientific names

5. The scientific names used for mammals in this division follow Strahan, Ronald, (1995), *Mammals of Australia* (Australian Museum), Reed International Books, Sydney, Australia.

Mammals

6. The following mammals are rare mammals—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Antechinomys laniger</i>	kultarr
<i>Antechinus godmani</i>	Atherton antechinus
<i>Antechinus leo</i>	cinnamon antechinus
<i>Chalinolobus dwyeri</i>	large-eared pied bat
<i>Chalinolobus picatus</i>	little pied bat
<i>Dendrolagus bennettianus</i>	Bennett's tree-kangaroo

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<i>Dendrolagus lumholtzi</i>	Lumholtz's tree-kangaroo
<i>Dobsonia moluccensis</i>	bare-backed fruit-bat
<i>Hemibelideus lemuroides</i>	lemuroid ringtail possum
<i>Hipposideros diadema</i>	diadem leafnosed-bat
<i>Kerivoula papuensis</i>	golden-tipped bat
<i>Nyctimene cephalotes</i>	
<i>Nyctimene vizcaccia</i>	Torresian tube-nosed bat
<i>Nyctophilus timoriensis</i>	greater long-eared bat
<i>Nyctophilus walkeri</i>	pygmy long-eared bat
<i>Orcaella brevirostris</i>	Irrawaddy River dolphin
<i>Petrogale coenensis</i>	Cape York rock-wallaby
<i>Petrogale mareeba</i>	Mareeba rock-wallaby
<i>Petrogale sharmani</i>	Sharman's rock-wallaby
<i>Phalanger intercastellanus</i>	southern common cuscus
<i>Pseudochirulus cinereus</i>	Daintree River ringtail possum
<i>Pseudochirulus herbertensis</i>	Herbert River ringtail possum
<i>Pseudochirops archeri</i>	green ringtail possum
<i>Rhinolophus philippinensis</i>	large-eared horseshoe-bat
<i>Saccolaimus mixtus</i>	Papuan sheathtail-bat
<i>Saccolaimus saccolaimus</i>	bare-rumped sheathtail-bat
<i>Sminthopsis archeri</i>	chestnut dunnart
<i>Sminthopsis leucopus</i>	white-footed dunnart
<i>Sousa chinensis</i>	Indopacific humpback dolphin
<i>Spilocuscus maculatus</i>	common spotted cuscus
<i>Vombatus ursinus</i>	common wombat

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Division 4—Reptiles

Scientific names

7. The scientific names used for reptiles in this division follow Cogger, H.G., *Reptiles and Amphibians of Australia*, (6th edition 1994), Reed International Books, Chatswood, Australia.

Reptiles

8. The following reptiles are rare reptiles—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Acanthophis antarcticus</i>	common death adder
<i>Anomalopus brevicollis</i>	
<i>Anomalopus pluto</i>	
<i>Aspidites ramsayi</i>	woma
<i>Bartleia jigurru</i>	
<i>Calyptotis thorntonensis</i>	
<i>Carlia scirtetis</i>	
<i>Cautula zia</i>	
<i>Chondropython viridis</i>	green python (Australian population)
<i>Coeranoscincus frontalis</i>	
<i>Coeranoscincus reticulatus</i>	
<i>Cryptoblepharus fuhni</i>	
<i>Ctenotus aphrodite</i>	
<i>Ctenotus ariadnae</i>	
<i>Ctenotus capricorni</i>	
<i>Ctenotus hypatia</i>	

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<i>Ctenotus rawlinsoni</i>	
<i>Ctenotus schevilli</i>	
<i>Ctenotus serotinus</i>	
<i>Ctenotus zebrilla</i>	
<i>Delma mitella</i>	
<i>Diplodactylus taenicauda</i>	golden-tailed gecko
<i>Emoia atrocostata</i>	
<i>Emydura subglobosa</i>	
<i>Eroticoscincus graciloides</i>	
<i>Eulamprus amplus</i>	
<i>Eulamprus frerei</i>	
<i>Eulamprus luteilateralis</i>	
<i>Eulamprus tigrinus</i>	
<i>Furina barnardi</i>	yellow-naped snake
<i>Glaphyromorphus mjobergi</i>	
<i>Hoplocephalus stephensii</i>	Stephens' banded snake
<i>Lampropholis colossus</i>	
<i>Lampropholis mirabilis</i>	
<i>Lampropholis robertsi</i>	
<i>Lepidodactylus pumilus</i>	
<i>Lerista ameles</i>	
<i>Lerista cinerea</i>	
<i>Lerista ingrami</i>	
<i>Lerista karlschmidti</i>	
<i>Lerista storreri</i>	
<i>Lerista wilkinsi</i>	

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Lygisaurus rococo

Lygisaurus tanneri

Menetia sadlieri

Nactus galgajuga

Nangura spinosa

Ophioscincus cooloolensis

Ophioscincus truncatus

Oxyuranus microlepidotus fierce snake

Phyllurus caudiannulatus

Phyllurus isis

Pseudechis colletti Collett's snake

Ramphotyphlops broomi

Ramphotyphlops silvia

Rhinoplocephalus incredibilis pink snake

Saltuarius occultus

Saproscincus rosei

Saproscincus spectabilis

Simoselaps warro

Underwoodisaurus sphyrurus

Varanus keithhornei

Varanus prasinus emerald monitor

Varanus semiremex rusty monitor

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

PART 2—RARE PLANTS

Scientific names

9. The scientific names for plants used in this part follow the names used by the Queensland Herbarium in the census of Queensland plants. The census is published from time to time under the title ‘Queensland Plants, Names and Distribution’. An extract of the names used in the census is available for inspection at the Queensland Herbarium, Mt Coot-tha Road, Toowong.

Plants

10. The following plants are rare plants—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Acacia arbiana</i>	
<i>Acacia acrionastes</i>	
<i>Acacia albizioides</i>	
<i>Acacia armillata</i>	
<i>Acacia armitii</i>	
<i>Acacia brunoioides</i>	
<i>Acacia calantha</i>	
<i>Acacia centrinervia</i>	White hairy wattle
<i>Acacia fleckeri</i>	
<i>Acacia gittinsii</i>	
<i>Acacia hockingsii</i>	
<i>Acacia homaloclada</i>	
<i>Acacia hyلونома</i>	
<i>Acacia islana</i>	

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

- Acacia jackesiana*
Acacia latisepala
Acacia longipedunculata
Acacia meiosperma
Acacia ommatosperma
Acacia orites
Acacia pedleyi
Acacia pennata subsp. *kerrii*
Acacia polyadenia
Acacia pubicosta
Acacia spania
Acacia sp. (Castletower N.Gibson
TOI345)
Acacia storyi
Acacia strongylophylla
Acacia tenuinervis
Aceratium ferrugineum
Aceratium sericoleopsis
Acianthus amplexicaulis
Acianthus sublestus
Acmena mackinnoniana
Acmenosperma pringlei
Acomis acoma
Acronychia acuminata
Acronychia baueuerlenii
Acronychia eungellensis

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Acrotriche baileyana

Actephila sessilifolia

Actinotus paddisonii

Agathis microstachya

Aglaia argentea

Aglaia brassii

Albizia retusa

Albizia sp. (Windsor Tableland

B.Gray 2181)

Alectryon semicinereus

Alectryon tropicus

Allocasuarina filidens

Allocasuarina rupicola

Alloxylon pinnatum

Alpinia hylandii

Alyxia magnifolia

Alyxia sharpei

Amomum dallachyi

Amomum queenslandicum

Anacolosa papuana

Angianthus brachypappus

Antrophyum plantagineum ox tongue fern

Antrophyum subfalcatum ox tongue fern

Apatophyllum sp. (Bull Creek

A.R.Bean 2225)

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Apatophyllum sp. (Expedition
Range E.J.Thompson AQ440723)

Aphyllorchis anomala

Aphyllorchis queenslandica

Apluda mutica

Aponogeton elongatus

Aponogeton queenslandicus

Archidendron hirsutum

Archidendron muellerianum

Archidendropsis xanthoxylon

Ardisia bakeri

Ardisia fasciculata

Arenga microcarpa

Argophyllum cryptophlebum

Argophyllum nullumense

Argophyllum verae

Argyreia queenslandica

Argyrodendron sp. (Boonjie
B.P.Hyland RFK2139)

Argyrodendron sp. (Whyanbeel
B.P.Hyland RFK1106)

Aristida burraensis

Aristida forsteri

Aristida thompsonii

Artabotrys sp. (Claudie River
B.Gray 3240)

Arthragrostis clarksoniana

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Arundinella grevilleana

Arundinella montana

Arytera dictyoneura

Asplenium athertonense

Asplenium excisum

Asplenium normale

Astonia australiensis

Atalaya calcicola

Atalaya rigida

Atriplex fissivalvis

Atriplex lobativalvis

Atriplex morrisii

Austrobuxus megacarpus

Austrobuxus swainii

Austromuellera trinervia

Austromuellera valida

Austromyrtus inophloia

Austromyrtus lucida

Austromyrtus sp. (Bamaga
B.P.Hyland 10235)

Austromyrtus sp. (Blackall Range
P.R.Sharpe 5387)

Austromyrtus sp. (McIlwraith
Range B.P.Hyland 11148)

Austromyrtus sp. (Mt Lewis
B.Gray 831)

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Austromyrtus sp. (Upper
Mudgeeraba Creek N.B.Byrnes+
4069)

Babingtonia brachypoda

Bambusa forbesii

Banksia plagiocarpa

Barongia lophandra

Beilschmiedia castrisinensis

Beilschmiedia volckii

Bertia rotundifolia

Bertia glandulosa

Bertia pedicellata

Bertia sharpeana

Bertia sp. (Amiens L.Pedley 1488)

Beyeria sp. (Bull Creek Gorge
B.O'Keeffe 573)

Blandfordia grandiflora Christmas bell

Blechnum ambiguum

Bonamia dietrichiana

Boronia amabilis

Boronia eriantha

Boronia rivularis

Boronia squamipetala

Borya inopinata

Bossiaea arenicola

Brachychiton albidus

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Brachychiton collinus
Brachychiton compactus
Brachychiton grandiflorus
Brachychiton velutinosus
Brachychiton vitifolius
Brachyscome ascendens
Brachyscome eriogona
Brachyscome tesquorum
Brasenia schreberi
Brownlowia argentata
Bubbia queenslandiana
Bubbia whiteana
Buchanania mangoides
Buckinghamia ferruginiflora
Bulbophyllum argyropus
Bulbophyllum boonjee
Bulbophyllum globuliforme
Bulbophyllum grandimesense
Bulbophyllum windsorense
Bulbophyllum wolfei
Cadetia collinsii
Cadetia wariana
Caesalpinia hymenocarpa
Caesalpinia robusta
Cajanus lanuginosus
Calamus aruensis

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Callerya australis
Callerya pilipes
Callicarpa thozetii
Callistemon chisholmii
Callistemon flavovirens
Callistemon formosus
Callistemon pearsonii
Callitris baileyi
Callitris monticola
Calocephalus sonderi
Calocephalus sp. (Eulo
M.E.Ballingall MEB2590)
Calochlaena villosa
Calotis glabrescens
Calotis suffruticosa
Calytrix islensis
Capparis sp. (Gloucester Island
G.N.Batianoff 920912)
Carex breviscapa
Carex cruciata
Cartonema brachyantherum
Cassia brewsteri var. *marksiana*
Cassia sp. (Paluma Range
G.Sankowsky+ 450)
Cassinia collina
Cecarria obtusifolia

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

- Centotheca philippinensis*
Ceratopetalum corymbosum
Ceratopetalum macrophyllum
Cerbera dumicola
Chiloglottis longiclavata
Choricarpia subargentea giant ironwood
Chrysophyllum roxburghii
Cinnamomum propinquum
Citrus garrawayi
Cleistanthus discolor
Cleistanthus myrianthus
Combretum trifoliatum
Comesperma breviflorum
Comesperma praecelsum
Conospermum burgessiorum
Corchorus hygrophilus
Corsia sp. (Herberton Range
B.Gray 3994)
Corybas abellianus nodding helmet orchid
Corybas neocaldonicus
Corymbia gilbertensis
Corymbia petalophylla
Corymbia scabrida
Corynocarpus rupestris subsp.
arborescens
Crepidium fimbriatum

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Crepidium flavovirens
Crepidomanes digitatum
Crepidomanes endlicherianum
Crepidomanes majoriae
Crepidomanes pallidum
Croton brachypus
Croton densivestitus
Croton stockeri
Crudia papuana
Cryptandra lanosiflora
Cryptandra sp. (Gurulmundi
G.W.Althofer 8418)
Cryptandra sp. (Mt Mulligan
J.R.Clarkson 5949)
Cryptandra sp. (Thulimbah
C.Schindler 6)
Cryptocarya burckiana
Cryptocarya claudiana
Cryptocarya floydii
Cryptocarya glaucocarpa
Cryptolepis grayi
Cupaniopsis newmanii
Cyathea baileyana
Cyathea celebica
Cyathea cunninghamii
Cycas brunnea

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

- Cycas couttsiana*
Cycas media subsp. *ensata*
Cyperus rupicola
Dactyliophora novae-guineae
Dallwatsonia felliana
Dansiea elliptica
Dansiea grandiflora
Dendrobium fellowsii
Dendrobium malbrownii
Dendrobium schneiderae var.
schneiderae
Dendromyza reinwardtiana
Derwentia arenaria
Desmodium macrocarpum
Dianella fruticans
Dianella incollata
Dichanthium setosum
Didymoplexis pallens crystal bells
Digitaria porrecta finger panic grass
Diospyros sp. (Bamaga
B.P.Hyland 2517)
Diospyros sp. (Mt Lewis
L.S.Smith 10107)
Diospyros sp. (Mt Spurgeon
C.T.White 10677)
Diploglottis harpullioides
Diploglottis pedleyi

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Dipodium pulchellum
Dipteris conjugata
Discaria pubescens
Diuris oporina
Diuris parvipedala
Dockrillia wassellii
Dodonaea biloba
Dodonaea hirsuta
Dodonaea macroxanii
Dodonaea oxyptera
Dodonaea uncinata
Dolichandrone spathacea
Dracophyllum sayeri
Drosera adelae
Drummondita calida
Dryopteris hasseltii
Durringtonia paludosa
Eidothea zooxylocarya
Elacholoma hornii
Elaeocarpus coorangooloo
Elaeocarpus johnsonii
Elaeocarpus stellaris
Elaeocarpus thelmae
Elaphoglossum callifolium
Eleocharis blakeana
Endiandra anthropophagorum

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

*Endiandra bellendenkerana**Endiandra collinsii**Endiandra dichrophylla**Endiandra globosa**Endiandra grayi**Endiandra introrsa**Endiandra jonesii**Endiandra microneura**Endiandra phaeocarpa**Endiandra sideroxylon**Eremochloa ciliaris**Eremophila alatisepala**Eria dischorensis**Eria irukandjiana**Etlingera australasica**Eucalyptus codonocarpa**Eucalyptus curtisii*

Plunkett mallee

*Eucalyptus decolor**Eucalyptus dunnii**Eucalyptus howittiana**Eucalyptus lockyeri**Eucalyptus mensalis**Eucalyptus michaeliana**Eucalyptus pachycalyx* subsp.
pachycalyx

shiny-barked gum

Eucalyptus quadricostata

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

*Eucalyptus rubiginosa**Eucalyptus sicilifolia**Eucalyptus sphaerocarpa**Eulophia bicallosa**Eulophia zollingeri**Euodia* sp. (Noah Creek
B.P.Hyland 5987)*Euonymus globularis**Euphorbia sarcostemmoides**Euphrasia orthocheila**Fatoua pilosa**Ficus melinocarpa* var. *hololampra**Fimbristylis distincta**Fimbristylis micans**Fimbristylis odontocarpa**Fimbristylis vagans**Firmiana papuana**Flindersia brassii**Flindersia oppositifolia* mountain silkwood*Frankenia scabra**Gahnia insignis**Garcinia brassii**Gardenia rupicola**Gardenia scabrella**Garnotia stricta* var. *longiseta**Gastrodia crebriflora*

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Gastrodia queenslandica

Gastrodia urceolata

Gen.(AQ20546) sp. (Mt Hemmant
L.J.Webb+ 10908)

Gen.(AQ385424) sp. (McDowall
Range J.G.Tracey 14552)

Gen.(AQ95272) sp. (Boonjie
B.P.Hyland 6589)

Genoplesium alticola

Genoplesium pedersonii

Genoplesium sigmoideum

Genoplesium validum

Globba marantina

Glochidion pruinosa

Glochidion pungens

Glossocardia orthochaeta

Glycine argyrea

Gompholobium virgatum var. wallum wedge pea
emarginatum

Gonocarpus effusus

Goodenia angustifolia

Goodenia arenicola

Goodenia heteroptera

Goodenia paludicola

Goodenia stirlingii

Goodyera grandis

Goodyera viridiflora

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Gossypium sturtianum

Gouania australiana

Grammitis albosetosa

Grammitis leonardii

Graptophyllum excelsum

Grevillea cyranostigma

Grevillea singuliflora

Grewia graniticola

Gymnostoma australianum

Habenaria divaricata

Habenaria hymenophylla

Habenaria rumphii

Habenaria xanthantha

Hakea macrorhyncha

Haplostichanthus sp. (Coopers Creek B.Gray 2433)

Haplostichanthus sp. (Mt Finnigan L.W.Jessup 632)

Haplostichanthus sp. (Topaz L.W.Jessup 520)

Hardenbergia sp. (Mt Mulligan J.R.Clarkson 5775)

Harpullia ramiflora

Hedyotis philippensis

Helicia ferruginea

Helicia grayi

Helicia lamingtoniana

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

- Helicia lewisensis*
Helicia recurva
Helmholtzia glaberrima
Hernandia bivalvis grease nut or cudgerie
Heterachne baileyi
Hibbertia cymosa
Hibbertia echinifolia
Hibbertia elata
Hibbertia hexandra
Hibbertia monticola
Hollandaea sayeriana
Hollandaea riparia
Homoranthus decasetus
Homoranthus papillatus
Homoranthus tropicus
Homoranthus zeteticorum
Hoya anulata
Hoya macgillivrayi
Hoya revoluta
Huperzia phlegmaria common tassel fern
Huperzia varia
Hymenophyllum eboracense
Hymenophyllum gracilescens
Hymenophyllum kerianum
Hypserpa smilacifolia
Ichnanthus pallens var. *majus*

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Ilex sp. (Gadgarra B.P.Hyland
RFK2011)

Indigofera baileyi

Ipomoea antonschmidii

Ipomoea saintronanensis

Ipomoea stolonifera

Isotropis foliosa

Jagera javanica subsp. *australiana*

Kohautia australiensis

Kunzea bracteolata

Kunzea calida

Kunzea flavescens

Kunzea sp. (Herbert River
R.J.Cumming 11309)

Kunzea sp. (Dicks Tableland
A.R.Bean 3672)

Labichea brassii

Labichea buettneriana

Lasianthus cyanocarpus

Lastreopsis grayi

Lastreopsis silvestris

Lastreopsis tinarooensis

Lastreopsis walleri

Leionema ambiens

Leionema gracile

Lenbrassia australiana

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Lepidagathis royenii

Lepiderema hirsuta

Lepiderema largiflorens

Lepiderema pulchella

Leptosema chapmanii

Leptospermum luehmannii

Leptospermum oreophilum

Leptospermum pallidum

Leptospermum purpurascens

Lepturus geminatus

Lepturus xerophilus

Leucopogon cicatricatus

Leucopogon grandiflorus

Leucopogon malayanus subsp.
novoguineensis

Lindsaea terrae-reginae

Lindsaea walkerae

Linospadix microcarya

Linospadix palmeriana

Liparis condylobulbon

Liparis simmondsii

Litsea granitica

Litsea macrophylla

Livistona fulva

Livistona nitida

Carnarvon fan palm

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

- Livistona* sp. (Cooktown
A.K.Irvine 2178) Cooktown fan palm
- Livistona* sp. (Eungella A.N.Rodd
3798)
- Lobelia douglasiana*
- Logania cordifolia*
- Lomandra teres*
- Lycopodiella limosa*
- Lysiana filifolia*
- Macadamia grandis*
- Macaranga polyadenia*
- Macarthuria complanata*
- Macarthuria ephedroides*
- Macropteranthes fitzalanii*
- Macropteranthes leiocaulis*
- Macrozamia cardiacaensis*
- Macrozamia longispina*
- Mammea touriga*
- Margaritaria indica*
- Marsdenia hemiptera* thozetia, rusty vine
- Medicosma glandulosa*
- Medicosma riparia*
- Megahertzia amplexicaulis*
- Meiogyne* sp. (Henrietta Creek
L.W.Jessup 512)
- Melaleuca cheelii*

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Melaleuca groveana

Melaleuca tamariscina subsp.
irbyana bush house paperbark

Mesua larnachiana

Microsorum membranifolium

Mirbelia confertiflora

Mischarytera macrobotrys

Mischocarpus albescens

Mitrantia bilocularis

Momordica cochinchinensis

Muellerina myrtifolia

Mukia sp. (Little Annan River
B.Gray 101)

Musa jackeyi

Myriophyllum implicatum

Neosepicaea viticoides

Neostrearia fleckeri

Nervilia crociformis

Notelaea pungens

Nothoalsomitra suberosa

Oberonia carnosa

Oeceoclades pulchra

Oenanthe javanica

Oenotrichia dissecta

Oldenlandia polyclada

Olearia gravis

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

- Olearia heterocarpa*
Omphalea papuana
Operculina brownii
Oreodendron biflorum
Ozothamnus whitei
Pachystoma pubescens
Pandanus gemmifer
Pandanus zea
Panicum chillagoanum
Pandorea baileyana
Papillilabium beckleri
Pararistolochia laheyana
Paramapania parvibractea
Pararistolochia praevenosa
Parsonsia blakeana
Parsonsia largiflorens
Parsonsia lenticellata slender or narrow-leaved parsonsia
Parsonsia tenuis
Parsonsia wildensis
Paspalidium scabrifolium
Paspalidium spartellum
Paspalum multinodium
Peperomia bellendenkerensis
Peripentadenia mearsii
Peripentadenia phelpsii
Peripleura scabra

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Peripleura sericea

Peristylus banfieldii

Persoonia amaliae

Persoonia daphnoides

Persoonia volcanica

Phylacium bracteosum

Phyllanthus brassii

Phyllanthus disticha

Phyllanthus sauropodoides

Phyllanthus sp. (Bulburin
P.I.Forster+ PIF16034)

Phyllodium pulchellum var.
pulchellum

Picris conyzoides

Pimelea leptospermoides

Pimelea umbratica

Pimelodendron amboinicum

Piper mestonii

Pittosporum oreillyanum

Pouteria xylocarpa

Plectranthus alloplectus native coleus

Plectranthus arenicola

Plectranthus blakei

Plectranthus graniticola

Plectranthus minutus

Plectranthus spectabilis

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Pneumatopteris costata

Pneumatopteris pennigera

Podolepis monticola

Polyalthia sp. (Wyvuri B.P.Hyland
RFK2632)

Polygala pycnophylla

Polyosma rigidiuscula

Polyscias bellendenkerensis

Pomaderris notata

Pothos brassii

Prasophyllum campestre

Prasophyllum exilis

Prasophyllum incompositum

Pratia podenzanae

Prostanthera atroviolacea

Prostanthera sp. (Mt Mulligan
J.R.Clarkson 5838)

Prostanthera sp. (Wallangarra
T.D.Stanley 7876)

Prumnopitys ladei

Pseudanthus sp. (Tyerville
P.I.Forster+ PIF11510)

Pseuduvaria froggattii

Pseuduvaria hylandii

Pseuduvaria mulgraveana

Pseuduvaria villosa

Psychotria lorentzii

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Pteridoblechnum acuminatum

Pterocarpus sp. (Archer River
B.P.Hyland 3078)

Pterostylis longicurva

Pterostylis nigricans

Pterostylis setifera

Pterostylis sp. (Gundiah
W.W.Abell AQ72188)

Pterostylis woollsii

Ptilotus blakeanus

Ptilotus brachyanthus

Ptilotus extenuatus

Ptilotus humifusus

Ptilotus maconochiei

Ptilotus pseudohelipteroides

Ptilotus remotiflorus

Pultenaea pycnocephala

Pultenaea whiteana

Pycnarrhena ozantha

Quassia baileyana

Randia audasii

Remusatia vivipara

Revwattsia fragilis

Rhamphicarpa australiensis

Rhizanthella slateri underground orchid

Rhodamnia glabrescens

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<i>Rhodamnia maideniana</i>	smooth scrub turpentine
<i>Rhodamnia pauciovulata</i>	
<i>Rhodanthe rufescens</i>	
<i>Rhodomyrtus effusa</i>	
<i>Ristantia gouldii</i>	
<i>Ristantia waterhousei</i>	
<i>Robiquetia wassellii</i>	
<i>Rourea brachyandra</i>	
<i>Rulingia hermanniifolia</i>	
<i>Rulingia salviifolia</i>	
<i>Rutidosis crispata</i>	
<i>Rutidosis glandulosa</i>	
<i>Ryparosa javanica</i>	
<i>Ryticaryum longifolium</i>	
<i>Sarcolobus vittatus</i>	
<i>Sarcopteryx acuminata</i>	
<i>Sarcopteryx montana</i>	
<i>Sarcotoechia heterophylla</i>	
<i>Sarcotoechia villosa</i>	
<i>Sauropolis macranthus</i>	
<i>Schefflera bractescens</i>	
<i>Schizomeria whitei</i>	
<i>Schoenorchis sarcophylla</i>	
<i>Schoenus scabripes</i>	
<i>Sclerolaena blackiana</i>	
<i>Sclerolaena everistiana</i>	

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scrotochloa tararaensis
Scrotochloa urceolata
Secamone auriculata
Senna acclinis
Sesbania erubescens
Solanum callium
Solanum dimorphispinum
Solanum hamulosum
Solanum multiglochidiatum
Solanum sporadotrichum
Spathoglottis paulinae
Sphaerantia chartacea
Sphaerantia discolor
Sporobolus partimpatens
Stackhousia tryonii
Steganthera australiana
Stenocarpus cryptocarpus
Stenocarpus davallioides
Sterculia shillinglawii subsp.
shillinglawii
Sticherus milnei
Strongylodon lucidus
Stylium trichopodium
Symplocos ampulliformis
Symplocos crassiramifera
Symplocos graniticola

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Symplocos harroldii

Symplocos sp. (Mt Finnigan
L.J.Brass 20129)

Symplocos stawellii var. *montana*

Syzygium aqueum

Syzygium argyropedicum

Syzygium buettnerianum

Syzygium macilwraithianum

Syzygium malaccense

Syzygium pseudofastigiatum

Syzygium rubrimolle

Taeniophyllum confertum

Taeniophyllum lobatum

Tecomanthe hillii

Tectaria siifolia

Tephrosia baueri

Tephrosia savannicola

Tetramolopium sp. (Mt Bowen
D.G.Fell+ DGF1224)

Tetramolopium vagans

Tetrasynandra sp. (Mt Lewis
B.P.Hyland 1053)

Thaleropia queenslandica

Thelionema grande

Thelasis carinata

Thismia rodwayi

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Thryptomene hexandra

Tiliacora australiana

Tinospora angusta

Torenia polygonoides

Torrenticola queenslandica

Trachymene geraniifolia

Trachymene glandulosa

Trianthema rhynchocalyptra

Trichomanes mindorense

Tristellateia australasiae

Tristiropsis canariooides

Uncaria cordata var. *cordata*

Uromyrtus sp. (McPherson Range
G.P.Guymer 2000)

Vallisneria nana

Vittadinia decora

Wahlenbergia glabra

Wahlenbergia islensis

Wahlenbergia scopolicola

Waterhousea mulgraveana

Wendlandia basistaminea

Wendlandia connata

Westringia amabilis

Westringia blakeana

Westringia grandifolia

Westringia sericea native rosemary

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Whyanbeelia terrae-reginae

Wilkiea wardellii

Wilkiea sp. (Mt Lewis L.J.Webb+
10501)

Xanthophyllum fragrans

Xanthostemon arenarius

Xanthostemon verticillatus

Xanthostemon graniticus

Xanthostemon youngii

Xanthostemon xerophilus

Xylosma ovatum

Xylosma sp. (Mt Lewis
G.Sankowsky+ 1108)

Zieria granulata var. *adenodonta*

Zornia pallida

Zornia pedunculata

PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT

Significance

11. Rare wildlife are an important part of Queensland's biodiversity and an integral component of the national and global ecosystem representing—

- (a) biota of inherent value and potential importance for the maintenance of ecosystem processes; and
- (b) a source of genetic information integral to an understanding of the

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

- evolution of the Australian biota; and
- (c) a genetic resource of potential benefit to society.

Proposed management intent

- 12.** The proposed management intent for rare wildlife is as follows—
- (a) to treat newly described plant species and vertebrate animals, or plant species or vertebrate animals reclassified as an identifiably different species, as rare wildlife until formal appraisal of its conservation status is complete;
 - (b) to collate information about management requirements for the wildlife and its habitat;
 - (c) to regularly monitor and review the wildlife's conservation status and its habitat;
 - (d) to establish formal communication with the Commonwealth and other State agencies about the management and conservation status of the wildlife;
 - (e) to encourage scientific research and inventory programs likely to contribute to the understanding of the wildlife, its habitat and management requirements;
 - (f) if a significant threatening process is affecting the wildlife—to treat the wildlife as endangered or vulnerable wildlife until it is included in schedule 2 or 3;
 - (g) to recognise the habitat of the wildlife as a potentially critical habitat or area of major interest;
 - (h) to monitor and review the adequacy of environmental impact assessment procedures to ensure that they take into account the need to accurately assess the extent of the impact on rare wildlife and develop effective mitigation measures.

SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Principles for the taking and use of rare wildlife

13. The following are the principles for the taking and use of rare wildlife under a licence, permit or other authority under the Act—

- (a) taking and use of the wildlife for exhibition purposes may be permitted only if—
 - (i) it is for an approved captive breeding program; and
 - (ii) the taking and use is likely to result in a benefit to the wildlife in the wild;
- (b) taking and use of the wildlife for another purpose may be permitted only if—
 - (i) it is consistent with the management principles for the wildlife;⁴ and
 - (ii) it will not affect the survival of populations of the wildlife in the wild.

⁴ The management principles are in section 73 of the Act.

SCHEDULE 5

COMMON WILDLIFE

section 8

PART 1—COMMON ANIMALS

Division 1—Amphibians

Amphibians

1. An amphibian indigenous to Australia (other than a presumed extinct, endangered, vulnerable or rare amphibian) is a common amphibian.

Birds

2. A bird indigenous to Australia (other than a presumed extinct, endangered, vulnerable or rare bird) is a common bird.

Butterflies

- 3.(1)** The scientific names used for butterflies in this division follow Common, I.F.B. and Whitehouse, D.F., (1981), *Butterflies of Australia*, Angus & Robertson, Sydney, Australia.

- (2)** The following butterflies are common butterflies—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Allora doleschalli doleschalli</i>	peacock awl butterfly
<i>Chaetocneme critomedia sphinterifera</i>	banded red-eye butterfly
<i>Euschemon rafflesia alba</i>	
<i>Hypochrysops elgneri barnardi</i>	

SCHEDULE 5 (continued)

<i>Liphyra brassolis</i>	moth butterfly
<i>Ornithoptera</i> spp. other than <i>Ornithoptera richmondia</i>	birdwing butterflies (other than the Richmond birdwing butterfly)
<i>Papilio ulysses</i>	ulysses butterfly
<i>Trapezites symmomus sombra</i>	

Mammals

- 4.(1)** A common mammal is a mammal indigenous to Australia other than—
- a presumed extinct, endangered, vulnerable or rare mammal; or
 - a dingo (*Canis familiaris dingo*).
- (2)** The koala (*Phascolarctos cinereus*), echidna (*Tachyglossus aculeatus*) and platypus (*Ornithorynchus anatinus*) are included in common wildlife.

Reptiles

- 5.** A reptile indigenous to Australia (other than a presumed extinct, endangered, vulnerable or rare reptile) is a common reptile.

PART 2—COMMON PLANTS

Plants

- 7.** A plant indigenous to Australia, other than a presumed extinct, endangered, vulnerable or rare plant, is a common plant.

SCHEDULE 5 (continued)

PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT

Significance

8. Common wildlife are a feature of Queensland's biodiversity and are often vital components of the ecosystem they live in, representing—

- (a) a natural and genetic resource that can help in understanding the evolution of Australia's biota; and
- (b) a resource of potential benefit to society.

Proposed management intent

9.(1) The proposed management intent for common wildlife is as follows—

- (a) to monitor and review the conservation status of the wildlife;
- (b) to prepare and put into effect conservation plans for common wildlife—
 - (i) of commercial, recreational, traditional and potential conservation interest; or
 - (ii) the chief executive considers to be potentially vulnerable;
- (c) to encourage genuine research and inventory programs—
 - (i) likely to contribute to an understanding of the wildlife or Australia's biota; or
 - (ii) likely to be of benefit to society;
- (d) to incorporate into educational material and programs information about the wildlife's contribution to Queensland's and Australia's biodiversity.

(2) In addition, the proposed management intent for—

- (a) the koala (*Phascolarctos cinereus*), echidna (*Tachyglossus aculeatus*) and platypus (*Ornithorhynchus anatinus*); and

SCHEDULE 5 (continued)

- (b) common birds to which the following apply—
- Agreement between the Government of Australia and the Government of Japan for the Protection of Migratory Birds and Birds in Danger of Extinction and their Environment, signed at Tokyo on 6 February 1974
 - Agreement between the Government of Australia and the Government of the People's Republic of China for the Protection of Migratory Birds and Birds in Danger of Extinction and their Environment, signed at Canberra on 20 October 1986
 - Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals, signed at Bonn on 23 June 1979;

includes ensuring governments have regard to the special cultural significance of the wildlife and the management requirements needed to conserve existing populations of the wildlife.

Principles for the taking and use of common wildlife

10. The taking and use of common wildlife under a licence, permit or other authority under the Act may be permitted only if it is consistent with the management principles for the wildlife.⁵

⁵ The management principles are in section 73 of the Act.

SCHEDULE 6

INTERNATIONAL WILDLIFE

section 9

PART 1—BIRDS

Scientific names

1. The scientific names used in this part for birds follow Howard, R. and Moore, A., (1984) *A Complete Checklist of the Birds of the World* (Revised Edition), PAPERMAC, London WC2P 3LF.

Birds

2. The following birds are international birds—

eclectus parrot	<i>Eclectus roratus</i> (other than the Australian species <i>Eclectus roratus macgillivrayi</i>)
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PART 2—REPTILES

Reptiles

3. The following reptiles are international reptiles—

SCHEDULE 6 (continued)

Family Boidae

Common name	Scientific name
green python	<i>Morelia viridis</i> (other than the Australian species <i>Morelia viridis</i> (Kluge 1993))

PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT

Significance

4. International wildlife is wildlife whose conservation status is of enough global concern for the wildlife to be listed under CITES.

Proposed management intent

5. The proposed management intent for international wildlife is as follows—

- (a) to give active support to the principles and objectives of CITES in consultation with the Commonwealth and other State agencies;
- (b) to monitor trade in, and the use of, the wildlife in Queensland with particular regard to the interference with the natural biodiversity of native wildlife and the introduction of exotic diseases.

Principles for the taking and use of international wildlife

6. Trading in international wildlife, and the keeping and use of international wildlife is to be strictly monitored and is only to be permitted under a licence.

SCHEDULE 7

PROHIBITED WILDLIFE

section 10

PART 1—BIRDS

Scientific names

1. The scientific names used in this part for birds follow Howard, R. and Moore, A., (1984) *A Complete Checklist of the Birds of the World* (Revised Edition), PAPERMAC, London WC2P 3LF.

Birds

2. The following birds are prohibited birds—

Common name	Scientific name
Mexican rose finch	<i>Carpodacus mexicanus</i>
red-vented bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus cafer</i>
red-whiskered bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus jocosus</i>
European bull finch	<i>Pyrrhula pyrrhula</i>
red-billed quelea	<i>Quelea quelea</i>
European blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>
European song thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>

SCHEDULE 7 (continued)

PART 2—MAMMALS

Scientific names

3. The scientific names used in this part for mammals follow MacDonald, Dr. D., (1984), *The Encyclopaedia of Mammals*:2, George Allen and Unwin, London WC1A 1LU.

Mammals

4. The following mammals are prohibited mammals—

gerbils and jirds	Family Cricetidae, all species of the genera <i>Gerbillus</i> , <i>Taterillus</i> and <i>Meriones</i>
hamsters	Family Cricetidae, all species of the genera <i>Mesocricetus</i> and <i>Cricetus</i>
Indian palm squirrels	Family Sciuridae, all species of the genus <i>Funambulus</i>
mongoose	Family Herpestinae, all genera
stoats, weasels and mink, including any form of the ferret	Family Mustelidae, all species of the genus <i>Mustela</i> , including <i>Mustela furo</i>
water buffalo	<i>Bubalus bubalis</i>

SCHEDULE 7 (continued)

PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT

Significance

5. Prohibited wildlife is of no value to Queensland's nature and is likely to be a threatening process to native wildlife and Queensland's natural biodiversity.

Proposed management intent

6. The proposed management intent for prohibited wildlife is as follows—

- (a) to identify, monitor and reduce the wildlife's population;
- (b) to identify habitats and species of native wildlife most likely to be affected by the wildlife;
- (c) to identify and secure captive populations of the wildlife and minimise the risk of the wildlife's introduction to the wild;
- (d) to make appropriate administrative arrangements with other government entities having an interest in management of the wildlife.

Principles for the taking and use of prohibited wildlife

7.(1) The keeping and use of prohibited wildlife is to be strictly monitored and is to be permitted only under a licence.

(2) The development of projects likely to result in, or give effect to, the humane taking and use of the wildlife may be supported.

ENDNOTES

1 Index to endnotes

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2 Date to which amendments incorporated

This is the reprint date mentioned in the Reprints Act 1992, section 5(c). Accordingly, this reprint includes all amendments that commenced operation on or before 8 January 2001. Future amendments of the Nature Conservation (Wildlife) Regulation 1994 may be made in accordance with this reprint under the Reprints Act 1992, section 49.

3 Key

Key to abbreviations in list of legislation and annotations

AIA	=	Acts Interpretation Act 1954	prev	=	previous
amd	=	amended	(prev)	=	previously
amdt	=	amendment	proc	=	proclamation
ch	=	chapter	prov	=	provision
def	=	definition	pt	=	part
div	=	division	pubd	=	published
exp	=	expires/expired	R[X]	=	Reprint No.[X]
gaz	=	gazette	RA	=	Reprints Act 1992
hdg	=	heading	reloc	=	relocated
ins	=	inserted	renum	=	renumbered
lap	=	lapsed	rep	=	repealed
notfd	=	notified	s	=	section
o in c	=	order in council	sch	=	schedule
om	=	omitted	sdiv	=	subdivision
p	=	page	SIA	=	Statutory Instruments Act 1992
para	=	paragraph	SL	=	subordinate legislation
prec	=	preceding	sub	=	substituted
pres	=	present	unnum	=	unnumbered

4 Table of earlier reprints

TABLE OF EARLIER REPRINTS

[If a reprint number includes a roman letter, the reprint was released in unauthorised, electronic form only.]

Reprint No.	Amendments included	Reprint date
1	to SL No. 406 of 1995	11 July 1996
1A	to SL No. 436 of 1997	9 February 1998
2	to SL No. 36 of 1998	3 April 1998
2A	to SL No. 335 of 1999	22 December 1999

5 Tables in earlier reprints

TABLES IN EARLIER REPRINTS

Name of table	Reprint No.
Corrected minor errors	1

6 List of legislation

Nature Conservation (Wildlife) Regulation 1994 SL No. 474

made by the Governor in Council on 15 December 1994
 notfd gaz 16 December 1994 pp 1792–7
 ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification
 remaining provisions commenced 19 December 1994 (see s 2)
exp 1 September 2005 (see SIA s 54)

as amended by—

Nature Conservation Legislation Amendment Regulation 1995 SL No. 352 pts 1, 3

notfd gaz 8 December 1994 pp 1449–53
 commenced on date of notification

Nature Conservation Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 2) 1995 SL No. 406 pts 1, 3

notfd gaz 22 December 1995 pp 1672–6
 commenced on date of notification

Nature Conservation Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 2) 1997 SL No. 436 pts 1, 3

notfd gaz 12 December 1997 pp 1631–4
 commenced on date of notification

Nature Conservation Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 1998 SL No. 36 pts 1, 3

notfd gaz 13 March 1998 pp 1117–18
 commenced on date of notification

Nature Conservation Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 2) 1999 SL No. 335 s 1, pt 3

notfd gaz 17 December 1999 pp 1586–9
 commenced on date of notification

Nature Conservation and Other Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2000 SL No. 354 pts 1, 3

notfd gaz 15 December 2000 pp 1478–83
 ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification
 remaining provisions commenced 1 January 2001 (see s 2)

7 List of annotations

Repeal

s 11 om R1 (see RA s 40)

SCHEDULE 1—PRESUMED EXTINCT WILDLIFE

sch hdg sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

PART 1—PRESUMED EXTINCT ANIMALS**pt hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Division 1—Birds****div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Scientific names****s 1** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Birds****s 2** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Division 2—Mammals****div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Scientific names****s 3** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Mammals****s 4** amd 1995 SL No. 352 s 94
sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**PART 2—PRESUMED EXTINCT PLANTS****pt hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97; 2000 SL No. 354 s 12**Scientific names****s 5** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97; 2000 SL No. 354 s 12**Plants****s 6** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97; 2000 SL No. 354 s 12**PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT****pt 3 (ss 7–9) ins 1998 SL No. 36 s 30****SCHEDULE 2—ENDANGERED WILDLIFE****sch hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**PART 1—ENDANGERED ANIMALS****pt hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Division 1—Amphibians****div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Scientific names****s 1** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Amphibians****s 2** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Division 2—Birds****div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Scientific names****s 3** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Birds****s 4** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

Division 3—Butterflies**div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Scientific names****s 5** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Butterflies****s 6** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Division 4—Fish****div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Scientific names****s 7** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Fish****s 8** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Division 5—Mammals****div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Scientific names****s 9** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Mammals****s 10** amd 1995 SL No. 352 s 95(1)–(2)
sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Division 6—Reptiles****div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Scientific names****s 11** sub 1995 SL No. 352 s 95(3)
sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Reptiles****s 12** amd 1995 SL No. 352 s 95(4)
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amd 1998 SL No. 36 s 32
sub 2000 SL No. 354 s 13**PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT****pt 3 (ss 15–17) ins 1998 SL No. 36 s 31****SCHEDULE 3—VULNERABLE WILDLIFE****sch hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

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sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97
amd 1999 SL No. 335 s 60**Division 6—Reptiles****div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

Scientific names

s 11 sub 1995 SL No. 352 s 96(12)
sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

Reptiles

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PART 2—VULNERABLE PLANTS

pt hdg sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97; 2000 SL No. 354 s 14

Scientific names

s 13 sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97; 2000 SL No. 354 s 14

Plants

s 14 sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97
amd 1998 SL No. 36 s 33(1)–(6)
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sch hdg sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

PART 1—RARE ANIMALS

pt hdg sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

Division 1—Amphibians

div hdg sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

Scientific names

s 1 sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

Amphibians

s 2 sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

Division 2—Birds

div hdg sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

Scientific names

s 3 sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

Birds

s 4 sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

Division 3—Mammals

div hdg sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

Scientific names

s 5 amd 1995 SL No. 352 s 97(1)
sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

Mammals

s 6 amd 1995 SL No. 352 s 97(2)–(12)
sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

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om 2000 SL No. 354 s 16

Plants

- s 7 amd 1995 SL No. 352 s 98; 1995 SL No. 406 s 17
 sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97
 amd 1998 SL No. 36 s 35(2)–(3)
 sub 2000 SL No. 354 s 16

PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT

pt 3 (ss 8–10) ins 1998 SL No. 36 s 35(4)

SCHEDULE 6—INTERNATIONAL WILDLIFE**Reptiles**

- s 3 amd 1995 SL No. 352 s 99

SCHEDULE 7—PROHIBITED WILDLIFE**Mammals**

- s 4 amd 1999 SL No. 335 s 61